

# Rambus<sup>®</sup> XDR<sup>™</sup> Clock Generator

### **Features**

- Meets Rambus<sup>®</sup> Extended Data Rate (XDR<sup>™</sup>) clocking requirements
- 25 ps typical cycle-to-cycle jitter

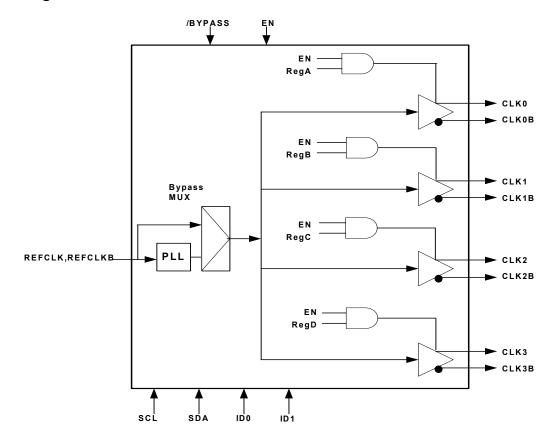
  □ 135 dBc/Hz typical phase noise at 20 MHz offset
- 100 or 133 MHz differential clock input
- 300–800 MHz high speed clock support

- Quad (open drain) differential output drivers
- Supports frequency multipliers: 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9/2, 15/2, and 15/4
- Spread Aware<sup>™</sup>
- 2.5 V operation
- 28-pin TSSOP package

## **Functional Description**

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

## **Logic Block Diagram**





## **Contents**

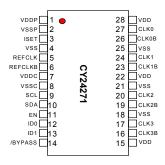
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## **Pinouts**

Figure 1. 28-pin TSSOP pinout



## **Pin Definitions**

28-pin TSSOP

Pin No.	Name	I/O	Description
1	VDDP	PWR	2.5 V power supply for phased lock loop (PLL)
2	VSSP	GND	Ground
3	ISET	I	Set clock driver current (external resistor)
4	VSS	GND	Ground
5	REFCLK	I	Reference clock input (connect to clock source)
6	REFCLKB	I	Complement of reference clock (connect to clock source)
7	VDDC	PWR	2.5 V power supply for core
8	VSSC	GND	Ground
9	SCL	I	SMBus clock (connect to smbus)
10	SDA	I	SMBus data (connect to smbus)
11	EN	I	Output Enable (CMOS signal)
12	ID0	I	Device ID (CMOS signal)
13	ID1	I	Device ID (CMOS signal)
14	/BYPASS	I	REFCLK bypassing PLL (CMOS signal)
15	VDD	PWR	Power supply for outputs
16	CLK3B	0	Complement clock output
17	CLK3	0	Clock output
18	VSS	GND	Ground
19	CLK2B	0	Complement clock output
20	CLK2	0	Clock output
21	VSS	GND	Ground
22	VDD	PWR	Power supply for outputs
23	CLK1B	0	Complement clock output
24	CLK1	0	Clock output
25	VSS	GND	Ground



## Pin Definitions (continued)

### 28-pin TSSOP

Pin No.	Name	I/O	Description
26	CLK0B	0	Complement clock output
27	CLK0	0	Clock output
28	VDD	PWR	Power supply for outputs

## **Functional Overview**

### **PLL Multiplier**

Table 1 shows the frequency multipliers in the PLL, selectable by programming the SMBus registers MULT0, MULT1, and MULT2. Default multiplier at power up is 4.

**Table 1. PLL Multiplier Selection** 

Register		Frequency Multiplier	Output Frequency (MHz)				
MULT2	MULT1	MULT0	r requeries munipher	REFCLK = $100 \text{ MHz}^{[1]}$ , REFSEL = $0$	REFCLK = 133 MHz <sup>[1]</sup> , REFSEL = 1		
0	0	0	3	300	400		
0	0	1	4	400 <sup>[2]</sup>	533 <sup>[3]</sup>		
0	1	0	5	500	667		
0	1	1	6	600	800		
1	0	0	8	800	1067 <sup>[3]</sup>		
1	0	1	9/2	450	600		
1	1	0	15/2	750	1000 <sup>[3]</sup>		
1	1	1	15/4	375	500		

### **Device ID and SMBus Device Address**

The device ID (ID0 and ID1) is a part of the SMBus device 8-bit address. The least significant bit of the address designates a write or read operation. Table 2 shows the addresses for four CY24271 devices on the same SMBus.

Table 2. SMBus Device Addresses for CY24271

XCG		Hex Address	8-bit SMBus Device Address Including Operation							
Device	Operation	nex Address	Five Most Significant Bits				its	ID1	ID0	WR# / RD
0	Write	D8						0	0	0
	Read	D9			0		-	U		1
1	Write	DA	1					0	0	0
'	Read	DB		1		1	1			1
2	Write	DC	'	'		'	'			0
2	Read	DD					_	'		1
3	Write	DE						1	1	0
	Read	DF						'		1

### Notes

- Output frequencies shown in Table 1 are based on nominal input frequencies of 100 MHz and 133.3 MHz. The PLL multipliers are applicable to spread spectrum
  modulated input clock with maximum and minimum input cycle time. The REFSEL bit in SMBus 81h is set correctly as shown.
- 2. Default PLL multiplier at power up.
- Contact the factory if operation at these frequencies is required.



## **Modes of Operation**

The modes of operation are determined by the logic signals applied to the EN and /BYPASS pins and the values in the five SMBus Registers: RegTest, RegA, RegB, RegC, and RegD. Table 3 shows selection from one to all four of the outputs, the Outputs Disabled Mode (EN = low), and Bypass Mode

(EN = high, /BYPASS = low). There is an option reserved for vendor test. Disabled outputs are set to High Z.

At power up, the SMBus registers default to the last entry in Table 3. The value at RegTest is 0. The values at RegA, RegB, RegC, and RegD are all '1'. Thus, all outputs are controlled by the logic applied to EN and /or BYPASS.

Table 3. Modes of Operation for CY24271

EN	/BYPASS	RegTest	RegA	RegB	RegC	RegD	CLK0/CLK0B	CLK1/CLK1B	CLK2/CLK2B	CLK3/CLK3B
L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z
Н	X	1	Х	Х	Х	Х		Reserved for	Vendor Test	
Н	L	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	REFCLK/ REFCLKB <sup>[4]</sup>	REFCLK/ REFCLKB	REFCLK/ REFCLKB	REFCLK/ REFCLKB
Н	Н	0	0	0	0	0	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z
Н	Н	0	0	0	0	1	High Z	High Z	High Z	CLK/CLKB
Н	Н	0	0	0	1	0	High Z	High Z	CLK/CLKB	High Z
Н	Н	0	0	0	1	1	High Z	High Z	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB
Н	Н	0	0	1	0	0	High Z	CLK/CLKB	High Z	High Z
Н	Н	0	0	1	0	1	High Z	CLK/CLKB	High Z	CLK/CLKB
Н	Н	0	0	1	1	0	High Z	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB	High Z
Н	Н	0	0	1	1	1	High Z	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB
Н	Н	0	1	0	0	0	CLK/CLKB	High Z	High Z	High Z
Н	Н	0	1	0	0	1	CLK/CLKB	High Z	High Z	CLK/CLKB
Н	Н	0	1	0	1	0	CLK/CLKB	High Z	CLK/CLKB	High Z
Н	Н	0	1	0	1	1	CLK/CLKB	High Z	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB
Н	Н	0	1	1	0	0	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB	High Z	High Z
Н	Н	0	1	1	0	1	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB	High Z	CLK/CLKB
Н	Н	0	1	1	1	0	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB	High Z
Н	Н	0 <sup>[5]</sup>	1 <sup>[5]</sup>	1 <sup>[5]</sup>	1 <sup>[5]</sup>	1 <sup>[5]</sup>	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB	CLK/CLKB

### Notes

<sup>4.</sup> Bypass Mode: REFCLK bypasses the PLL to the output drivers.

<sup>5.</sup> Default mode of operation is at power up.



### **SMBus Protocol**

The CY24271 is a slave receiver supporting operations in the word and byte modes described in sections 5.5.4 and 5.5.5 of the SMBus Specification 2.0.

DC specifications are modified to RAMBUS standard to support 1.8, 2.5, and 3.3 volt devices. Time-out detection and packet error protocol SMBus features are not supported.

### Input Clock Signal

The XCG receives either a differential (REFCLK/REFCLKB) or a single-ended reference clocking input (REFCLK).

When the reference input clock is from a different clock source, it must meet the voltage levels and timing requirements listed in DC Operating Conditions on page 8 and AC Operating Conditions on page 10.

For a single-ended clock input, an external voltage divider and a supply voltage, as shown in Figure 2 on page 7, provide a reference voltage  $V_{TH}$  at the REFCLKB pin. This determines the proper trip point of REFCLK. For the range of  $V_{TH}$  specified in DC Operating Conditions on page 8, the outputs also meet the DC and AC Operating Conditions tables.

### **SMBus Data Byte Definitions**

Three data bytes are defined for the CY24271. Byte 0 is for programming the PLL multiplier registers and clock output registers.

The definition of Byte 2 is shown in Table 4 on page 6, Table 5 on page 6, and Table 6 on page 7. The upper five bits are the revision numbers of the device and the lower three bits are the ID numbers assigned to the vendor by Rambus.

Table 4. Command Code 80h [6]

Bit	Register	POD	Туре	Description
7	Reserved	0	RW	Reserved (no internal function)
6	MULT2	0	RW	PLL Multiplier Select
5	MULT1	0	RW	
4	MULT0	1	RW	
3	RegA	1	RW	Clock 0 Output Select
2	RegB	1	RW	Clock 1 Output Select
1	RegC	1	RW	Clock 2 Output Select
0	RegD	1	RW	Clock 3 Output Select

Table 5. Command Code 81h [6]

Bit	Register	POD	Type	Description	
7	Reserved	0	RW	Reserved (no internal function)	
6	Reserved	0	RW		
5	Reserved	0	RW		
4	Reserved	0	RW		
3	Reserved	1	RW	Reserved (must be set to '1' for proper operation)	
2	REFSEL	0	RW	Reference Frequency Select (reference Table 1 on page 4)	
1	Reserved	0	RW	Reserved (must be set to '0' for proper operation)	
0	RegTest	0	RW	Reserved (must be set to '0' for proper operation)	

### Note

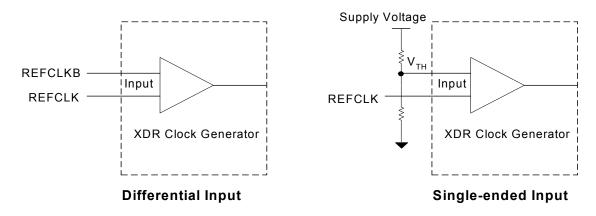
<sup>6.</sup> RW = Read and Write, RO = Read Only, POD = Power on default. See Table 1 on page 4 for PLL multipliers and Table 3 on page 5 for clock output selections.



Table 6. Command Code 82h [7]

Bit	Register	POD	Туре	Description
7	Device	?	RO	Contact factory for Device Revision Number information.
6	Revision Number	?	RO	
5	Number	?	RO	
4		?	RO	
3	?	?	RO	
2	Vendor ID	0	RO	RAMBUS assigned Vendor ID Code
1		1	RO	
0		0	RO	

Figure 2. Differential and Single-Ended Clock Inputs



Note
7. RW = Read and Write, RO = Read Only, POD = Power on default. See Table 1 on page 4 for PLL multipliers and Table 3 on page 5 for clock output selections.



## **Absolute Maximum Conditions**

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Clock Buffer Supply Voltage		-0.5	4.6	V
$V_{DDC}$	Core Supply Voltage		-0.5	4.6	V
$V_{\mathrm{DDP}}$	PLL Supply Voltage		-0.5	4.6	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage (SCL and SDA)	Relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.5	4.6	V
	Input Voltage (REFCLK/REFCLKB)	Relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.5	V <sub>DD</sub> + 1.0	V
	Input Voltage	Relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.5	$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V
T <sub>S</sub>	Temperature, Storage	Non-functional	-65	150	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Temperature, Operating Ambient	Functional	0	70	°C
$T_J$	Temperature, Junction	Functional	_	150	°C
ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	ESD Protection (Human Body Model)	MIL-STD-883, Method 3015	2000	_	V

## **DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{\mathrm{DDP}}$	Supply Voltage for PLL	2.5 V ± 5%	2.375	2.625	V
$V_{DDC}$	Supply Voltage for Core	2.5 V ± 5%	2.375	2.625	V
$V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage for Clock Buffers	2.5 V ± 5%	2.375	2.625	V
V <sub>IHCLK</sub>	Input High Voltage, REFCLK/REFCLKB		0.6	0.95	V
V <sub>ILCLK</sub>	Input Low Voltage, REFCLK/REFCLKB		-0.15	+0.15	V
V <sub>IXCLK</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Crossing Point Voltage, REFCLK/REFCLKB		200	550	mV
ΔV <sub>IXCLK</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Difference in Crossing Point Voltage, REFCLK/REFCLKB		_	150	mV
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input Signal High Voltage at ID0, ID1, EN, and /BYPASS		1.4	2.625	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Signal Low Voltage at ID0, ID1, EN, and /BYPASS		-0.15	0.8	V
$V_{IH,SM}$	Input Signal High Voltage at SCL and SDA <sup>[9]</sup>		1.4	3.465	V
V <sub>IL,SM</sub>	Input Signal Low Voltage at SCL and SDA		-0.15	0.8	V
V <sub>TH</sub> <sup>[10]</sup>	Input Threshold Voltage for single-ended REFCLK		0.35	0.5 × V <sub>DD</sub>	V
V <sub>IH,SE</sub>	Input Signal High Voltage for single-ended REFCLK		V <sub>TH</sub> + 0.3	2.625	V
$V_{IL,SE}$	Input Signal Low Voltage for single-ended REFCLK		-0.15	V <sub>TH</sub> – 0.3	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient Operating Temperature		0	70	°C

Notes

8. Not 100% tested except V<sub>IXCLK</sub> and ΔV<sub>IXCLK</sub>. Parameters guaranteed by design and characterizations, not 100% tested in production.

9. This range of SCL and SDA input high voltage enables the 3.3 V, 2.5 V, or 1.8 V SMBus voltages to use CY24271.

10. Single-ended operation guaranteed only when 0.8 < (V<sub>IH,SE</sub> – V<sub>TH</sub>)/(V<sub>TH</sub> – V<sub>IL·SE</sub>) < 1.2.



## **DC Electrical Specifications**

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>OX</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Differential output crossing point voltage <sup>[12]</sup>	0.9	1.0	1.1	V
V <sub>COS</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Output voltage swing (peak-to-peak single-ended) <sup>[13]</sup>	300	325	350	mV
$V_{OL,ABS}$	Absolute output low voltage at CLK[3:0], CLK[3:0]B <sup>[14]</sup>	0.85	-	-	V
V <sub>ISET</sub>	Reference voltage for swing controlled current, I <sub>REF</sub>	0.98	1.0	1.02	V
I <sub>DD</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Power Supply Current at 2.625 V, f <sub>ref</sub> = 100 MHz, and f <sub>out</sub> = 300 MHz	_	-	85	mA
I <sub>DD</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Power Supply Current at 2.625 V, f <sub>ref</sub> = 133 MHz, and f <sub>out</sub> = 667 MHz	_	-	125	mA
I <sub>DD</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Power Supply Current at 2.625 V, f <sub>ref</sub> = 133 MHz, and f <sub>out</sub> = 800 MHz		-	130	mA
I <sub>OL/</sub> I <sub>REF</sub>	OL/I <sub>REF</sub> Ratio of output low current to reference current <sup>[15]</sup>		7.0	7.2	
I <sub>OL,ABS</sub>	Minimum current at V <sub>OL,ABS</sub> <sup>[16]</sup>	45	-	-	mA
V <sub>OL,SDA</sub>			-	0.4	V
I <sub>OL,SDA</sub>	,SDA SDA output low voltage at test condition of SDA voltage = 0.8 V		-	-	mA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Current during High Z per pin at CLK[3:0], CLK[3:0]B	_	-	10	μА
Z <sub>OUT</sub>	Output dynamic impedance when clock output signal is at $V_{OL}$ = 0.9 V [17]	1000	-	-	Ω

### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter [18]	Description	Test Conditions	28-pin TSSOP	Unit
$\theta_{JA}$	(junction to ambient)	Test conditions follow standard test methods and procedures for measuring thermal impedance, in	78	°C/W
$\theta_{JC}$	Thermal resistance (junction to case)	accordance with EIA/JESD51.	17	°C/W

Notes

11. Not 100% tested except V<sub>IXCLK</sub> and ΔV<sub>IXCLK</sub>. Parameters guaranteed by design and characterizations, not 100% tested in production.

12. V<sub>OX</sub> is measured on external divider network.

13. V<sub>COS</sub> = (clock output high voltage – clock output low voltage), measured on the external divider network.

14. V<sub>OL\_ABS</sub> is measured at the clock output pins of the package.

15. I<sub>REF</sub> is equal to V<sub>ISET</sub>/R<sub>RC</sub>.

16. Minimum I<sub>OL,ABS</sub> is measured at the clock output pin with R<sub>RC</sub> = 148 ohms or less.

17. Z<sub>OUT</sub> is defined at the output pins as (0.94 V – 0.90 V)/(I<sub>0.94</sub> – I<sub>0.90</sub>) under conditions specified for I<sub>OL, ABS</sub>.

18. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.



## **AC Operating Conditions**

The AC operating conditions follow.

Parameter [19]	Description	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>CYCLE,IN</sub>	REFCLK, REFCLKB input cycle	REFSEL = 0, /BYPASS = High	9	11	ns
	time	REFSEL = 1, /BYPASS = High	7	8	ns
		/BYPASS = Low	4	_	ns
t <sub>JIT,IN(cc)</sub>	Input Cycle to Cycle Jitter <sup>[20]</sup>		_	185	ps
t <sub>DCIN</sub> <sup>[21]</sup>	Input Duty Cycle	Over 10,000 cycles	40%	60%	t <sub>CYCLE</sub>
t <sub>RIN</sub> / t <sub>FIN</sub>	Rise and Fall Times	Measured at 20%–80% of input voltage for REFCLK and REFCLKB inputs	175	700	ps
Δt <sub>RIN</sub> / t <sub>FIN</sub>	Rise and Fall Times Difference		-	150	ps
p <sub>MIN</sub> <sup>[22]</sup>	Modulation Index for triangular modulation		-	0.6	%
	Modulation Index for non-triangular modulation		-	0.5 <sup>[23]</sup>	%
f <sub>MIN</sub> <sup>[22]</sup>	Input Frequency Modulation		30	33	kHz
t <sub>SR,IN</sub>	Input Slew Rate (measured at 20%–80% of input voltage) for REFCLK		1	4	V/ns
C <sub>IN,REF</sub>	Capacitance at REFCLK inputs		-	7	pF
C <sub>IN,CMOS</sub>	Capacitance at CMOS inputs		-	10	pF
f <sub>SCL</sub>	SMBus clock frequency input in SCL pin		DC	100	kHz

### Notes

Notes
 Not 100% tested except V<sub>IXCLK</sub> and ΔV<sub>IXCLK</sub>. Parameters guaranteed by design and characterizations, not 100% tested in production.
 Jitter measured at crossing points and is the absolute value of the worst case deviation.
 Measured at crossing points.
 If input modulation is used; input modulation is allowed but not required.
 The amount of allowed spreading for any non-triangular modulation is determined by the induced downstream tracking skew that cannot exceed the skew generated by the specified 0.6% triangular modulation. Typically, the amount of allowed non-triangular modulation is about 0.5%.



## **AC Electrical Specifications**

The AC Electrical specifications follow.

Parameter [24]	Description		Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>CYCLE</sub>	Clock Cycle time <sup>[25]</sup>	1.25	_	3.34	ns
t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	Jitter over 1-6 clock cycles at 400–635 MHz <sup>[26]</sup>	_	25	40	ps
	Jitter over 1-6 clock cycles at 638–800 MHz	_	25	30	ps
L <sub>20</sub>	Phase noise SSB spectral purity L(f) at 20 MHz offset: 400–500 MHz (In addition, device must not exceed L(f) = $10\log[1+(50x10^6/f)^{2.4}] - 138$ for f = 1 MHz to 100 MHz except for the region near f = REFCLK/Q where Q is the value of the internal reference divider.)	-	-135	-128	dBC/Hz
533 MHz and faster output		_	_	TBD	
t <sub>JIT(hper,cc)</sub>	Cycle-to-cycle duty cycle error at 400–635 MHz	_	25	40	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle duty cycle error at 636–800 MHz	_	25	30	ps
Δt <sub>SKEW</sub>	Drift in t <sub>SKEW</sub> when ambient temperature varies between 0 °C and 70 °C and supply voltage varies between 2.375 V and 2.625 V. [27]		-	15	ps
DC	Long term average output duty cycle	45%	50	55%	t <sub>CYCLE</sub>
t <sub>EER,SCC</sub>	PLL output phase error when tracking SSC		_	100	ps
t <sub>CR</sub> ,t <sub>CF</sub>	Output rise and fall times at 400–800 MHz (measured at 20%–80% of output voltage)	120	_	300	ps
t <sub>CR,CF</sub>	Difference between output rise and fall times on the same pin of the single device (20%–80%) of 400–800 MHz <sup>[28]</sup>	_	_	100	ps

<sup>24.</sup> Not 100% tested except V<sub>IXCLK</sub> and ΔV<sub>IXCLK</sub>. Parameters guaranteed by design and characterizations, not 100% tested in production.
25. Max and min output clock cycle times are based on nominal outputs frequency of 300 and 800 MHz, respectively. For spread spectrum modulated differential or single-ended REFCLK, the output clock tracks the modulation of the input.
26. Output short term jitter spec is the absolute value of the worst case deviation.

<sup>27.</sup> t<sub>SKEW</sub> is the timing difference between any two of the four differential clocks and is measured at common mode voltage. Δt<sub>SKEW</sub> is the change in t<sub>SKEW</sub> when the operating temperature and supply voltage change.

<sup>28.</sup> t<sub>CR,CF</sub> applies only when appropriate R<sub>RC</sub> and output resistor network resistor values are selected to match pull up and pull down currents.



## **Test and Measurement Setup**

Figure 3. Clock Outputs

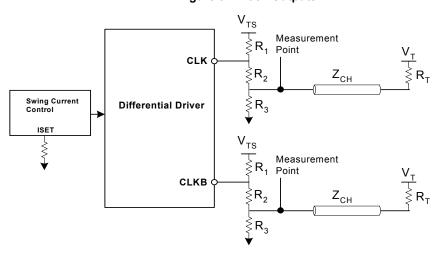


Table 7. Example External Resistor Values and Termination Voltages for a 50  $\Omega$  Channel

Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>1</sub>	39.2	Ω
R <sub>2</sub>	66.5	Ω
R <sub>3</sub>	93.1	Ω

Table 7. Example External Resistor Values and Termination Voltages for a 50  $\Omega$  Channel

Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>T</sub>	49.9	Ω
R <sub>RC</sub>	200	Ω
V <sub>TS</sub>	2.5V	V
V <sub>T</sub>	1.2V	V



## **Signal Waveforms**

A physical signal that appears at the pins of a device is deemed valid or invalid depending on its voltage and timing relations with other signals. Input and output voltage waveforms are defined as shown in Figure 4. Both rise and fall times are defined between the 20% and 80% points of the voltage swing, with the swing defined as  $V_H\!-\!V_L$ .

Figure 5 shows the definition of the output crossing point. The nominal crossing point between the complementary outputs is defined as the 50% point of the DC voltage levels. There are two crossing points defined: Vx+ at the rising edge of CLK and Vx—at the falling edge of CLK. For some waveforms, both Vx+ and Vx— are below Vx,nom (for example, if  $t_{CR}$  is larger than  $t_{CF}$ ).

Figure 4. Input and Output Waveforms

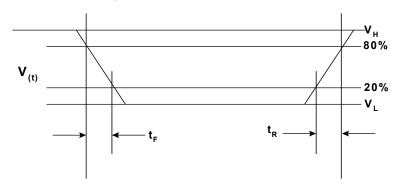


Figure 5. Crossing Point Voltage



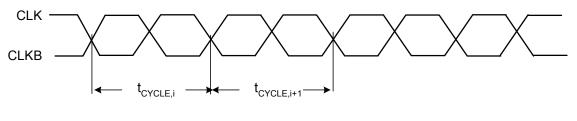


### **Jitter**

This section defines the specifications that relate to timing uncertainty (or jitter) of the input and output waveforms. Figure 6 on page 14 shows the definition of cycle-to-cycle jitter with respect to the falling edge of the CLK signal. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is the difference between cycle times of adjacent cycles. Equal

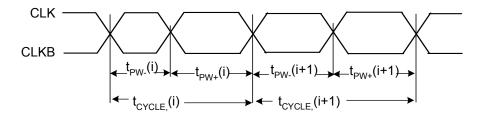
requirements apply rising edges of the CLK signal. Figure 7 on page 14 shows the definition of cycle-to-cycle duty cycle error ( $t_{DC,ERR}$ ). Cycle-to-cycle duty cycle is defined as the difference between  $t_{PW+}$  (high times) of adjacent differential clock cycles. Equal requirements apply to  $t_{PW-}$ , low times of the differential click cycles.

Figure 6. Cycle-to-cycle Jitter



 $t_{J} = t_{CYCLE,i} - t_{CYCLE,i+1 \text{ over } 10,000 \text{ consecutive cycles}}$ 

Figure 7. Cycle-to-cycle Duty-cycle Error



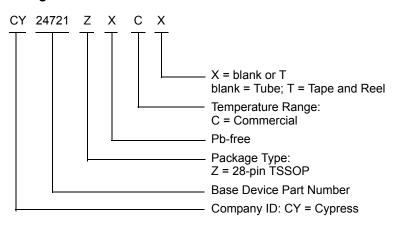
 $t_{DC,ERR} = t_{PW}(i) - t_{PW}(i+1)$  and  $t_{PW}(i+1) - t_{PW}(i+1)$ 



## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Package Type	Product Flow
Pb-free		
CY24271ZXC	28-pin TSSOP	Commercial, 0 °C to 70 °C
CY24271ZXCT	28-pin TSSOP – Tape and Reel	Commercial, 0 °C to 70 °C

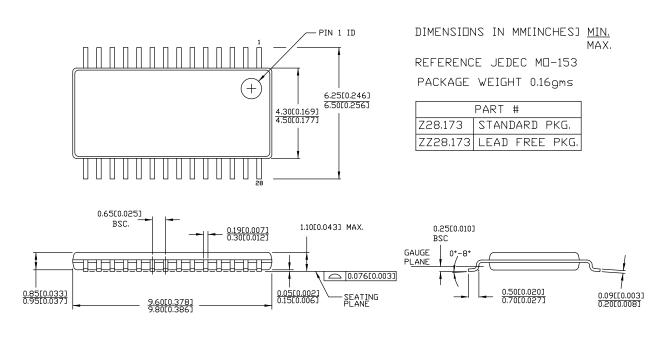
## **Ordering Code Definitions**





## **Package Drawing and Dimension**

Figure 8. 28-pin TSSOP (4.40 mm Body) Z28.173/ZZ28.173 Package Outline, 51-85120



51-85120 \*D



## **Acronyms**

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
ESD Electrostatic Discharge	
PLL Phase Locked Loop	
TSSOP	Thin Shrunk Small Outline Package
XDR Extended Data Rate	

## **Document Conventions**

## **Units of Measure**

Symbol	Unit of Measure		
°C	egree Celsius		
Hz	hertz		
kHz	kilohertz		
MHz	megahertz		
μA	microampere		
mA	milliampere		
ms	nillisecond		
mV	nillivolt		
ns	nanosecond		
Ω	ohm		
%	percent		
pF	picofarad		
ps	picosecond		
V	volt		



## **Document History Page**

Documen	Document Title: CY24271, Rambus <sup>®</sup> XDR™ Clock Generator Document Number: 001-00411				
Rev.	ECN No.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change	
**	378263	See ECN	RGL	New data sheet.	
*A	492065	See ECN	KKVTMP	Replaced VSSC with VSS in all instances across the document. Replaced VSSB with VSSC in all instances across the document. Replaced SCLK with SCL in all instances across the document. Replaced SDATA with SDA in all instances across the document. Replaced BYPASSB with /BYPASS in all instances across the document. Replaced VDDO with VDD in all instances across the document. Replaced VSSO with VSS in all instances across the document. Replaced VSSG with VSS in all instances across the document. Updated Pin Definitions.	
*B	1333483	See ECN	FGA / SFV	Updated DC Electrical Specifications: Added values for I <sub>DD</sub> parameter.	
*C	3162845	02/04/2011	BASH	Added Ordering Code Definitions under Ordering Information. Updated Package Drawing and Dimension. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Updated to new template.	
*D	4292206	02/26/2014	CINM	Updated Package Drawing and Dimension: spec 51-85120 – Changed revision from *B to *C. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.	
*E	4581659	11/27/2014	AJU	Updated Functional Description: Added "For a complete list of related documentation, click here." at the end Updated Package Drawing and Dimension: spec 51-85120 – Changed revision from *C to *D.	
*F	5279278	05/20/2016	PSR	Added Thermal Resistance. Updated to new template.	



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