CYPRESS

CYK001M16ZCCA
MoBL3™

16-Mbit (1M x 16) Pseudo Static RAM

Features

- **Wide voltage range: 2.70V–3.30V**
- **Access Time: 55 ns, 70 ns**
- **Ultra-low active power**
  - — **Typical active current: 3 mA @ f = 1 MHz**
  - — **Typical active current: 13 mA @ f = f_{max}**
- **Ultra low standby power**
- **Automatic power-down when deselected**
- **CMOS for optimum speed/power**
- **Deep Sleep Mode**
- **Offered in a 48-ball BGA Package**

Functional Description

The CYK001M16ZCCAU is a high-performance CMOS Pseudo static RAM organized as 1M words by 16 bits that supports an asynchronous memory interface. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra-low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL®) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device can be put into standby mode when deselected (CE HIGH or both BHE and BLE are HIGH). The input/output pins

(I/O$_0$ through I/O$_{15}$) are placed in a high-impedance state when: deselected (CE HIGH), outputs are disabled (OE HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH), or during a write operation (CE LOW and WE LOW).

Writing to the device is accomplished by asserting Chip Enable (CE) and Write Enable (WE) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O$_0$ through I/O$_7$), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A$_0$ through A$_{17}$). If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O$_8$ through I/O$_{15}$) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A$_0$ through A$_{17}$).
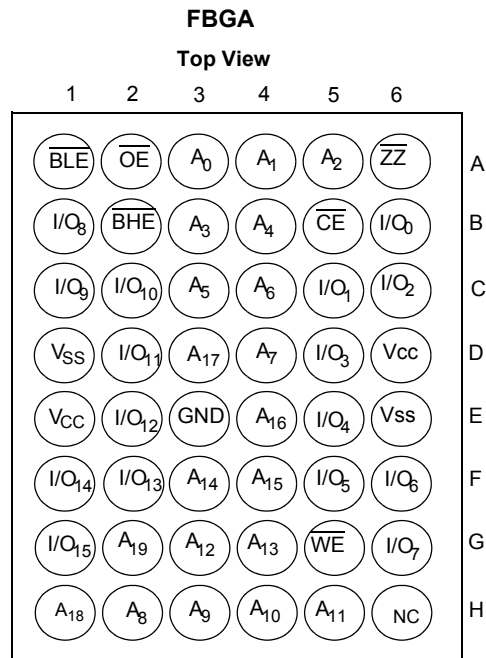
Reading from the device is accomplished by asserting Chip Enable (CE) and Output Enable (OE) inputs LOW while forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on I/O$_0$ to I/O$_7$. If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from memory will appear on I/O$_8$ to I/O$_{15}$. Refer to the truth table for a complete description of read and write modes.

This device incorporates a Low Power mode wherein data integrity is not guaranteed, but Power Consumption reduces to less than 100 μW. This mode (Deep Sleep Mode) is enabled by driving ZZ LOW. See the Truth Table for a complete description of Read, Write, and Deep Sleep mode.

Logic Block Diagram
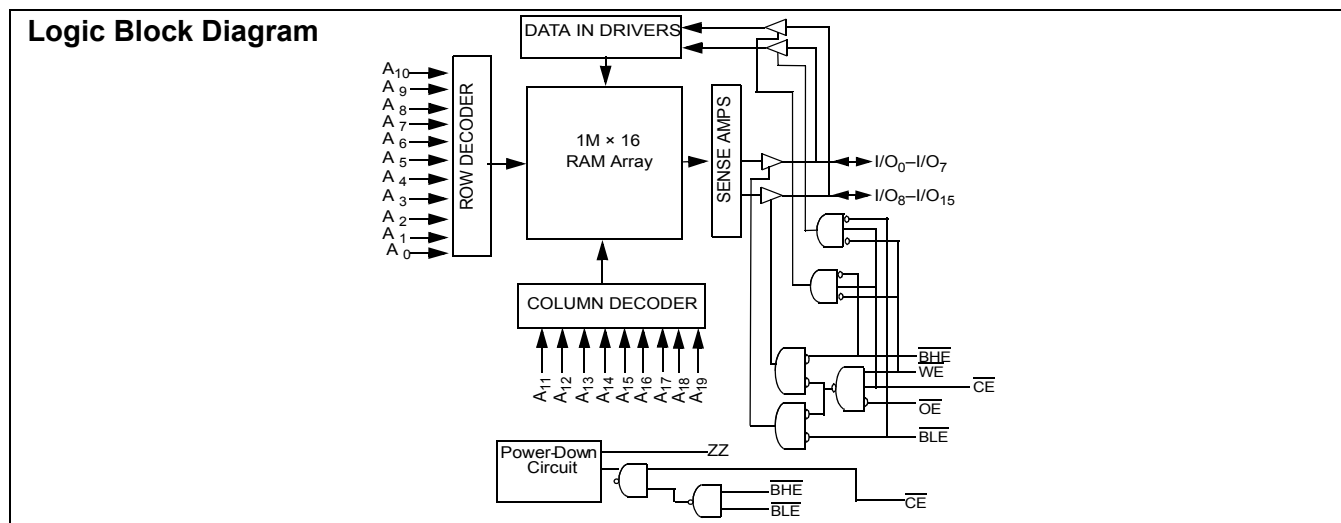
Note:
 1. For best-practice recommendations, please refer to the Cypress application note "System Design Guidelines" on http://www.cypress.com.

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Pin Configuration[2, 3, 4]

FBGA

Top View

	1	2	3	4	5	6	
A	$\overline{BLE}$	$\overline{OE}$	A_0	A_1	A_2	$\overline{ZZ}$	A
B	I/O_8	$\overline{BHE}$	A_3	A_4	$\overline{CE}$	I/O_0	B
C	I/O_9	I/O_{10}	A_5	A_6	I/O_1	I/O_2	C
D	V_{SS}	I/O_{11}	A_{17}	A_7	I/O_3	Vcc	D
E	V_{CC}	I/O_{12}	GND	A_{16}	I/O_4	Vss	E
F	I/O_{14}	I/O_{13}	A_{14}	A_{15}	I/O_5	I/O_6	F
G	I/O_{15}	A_{19}	A_{12}	A_{13}	$\overline{WE}$	I/O_7	G
H	A_{18}	A_8	A_9	A_{10}	A_{11}	NC	H

Product Portfolio[5]

Product	V_{CC} Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
					Operating I_{CC}(mA)				Standby I_{SB2}(μA)	
					f = 1MHz		f = f_{max}			
	Min.	Typ.[5]	Max.		Typ.[5]	Max.	Typ.[5]	Max.	Typ.[5]	Max.
CYK001M16ZCCAU	2.70	3.0	3.30	55	3	5	13	22	80	150
				70				17		

Notes:
2. DNU pins have to be left floating.
3. Ball H6 can be used to upgrade to 32M density.
4. NC "no connect"—not connected internally to the die.
5. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ.)}$, T_A = 25°C.

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Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature ....–65°C to + 150°C

Ambient Temperature with
Power Applied...–55°C to + 125°C

Supply Voltage to Ground Potential .... –0.4V to 4.6V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs
in High Z State[6, 7, 8] ....–0.4V to 3.7V

DC Input Voltage[6, 7, 8] ....–0.4V to 3.7V

Output Current into Outputs (LOW)............................ 20 mA

Static Discharge Voltage... > 2001V
(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

Latch-Up Current .... > 200 mA

Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}
CYK001M16ZCCA	Industrial	–25°C to +85°C	2.70V to 3.30V

DC Electrical Characteristics (Over the Operating Range)

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		CYK001M16ZCCAU-55			CYK001M16ZCCAU-70			Unit
				Min.	Typ.[5]	Max.	Min.	Typ.[5]	Max.	
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage			2.7	3.0	3.3	2.7		3.3	V
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	I_{OH} = –-0.1 mA		V_{CC} – 0.4			V_{CC} – 0.4			V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	I_{OL} = 0.1mA				0.4			0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	V_{CC}= 2.7V to 3.3V		0.8 * V_{CC}		V_{CC}+ 0.4V	0.8 * V_{CC}		V_{CC}+ 0.4V	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage			–0.4		0.4	-0.4		0.4	V
I_{IX}	Input Leakage Current	GND ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{CC}		–1		+1	–1		+1	µA
I_{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	GND ≤ V_{OUT} ≤ V_{CC}, Output Disabled		–1		+1	–1		+1	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} Operating Supply Current	f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}	V_{CC} = V_{CCmax} I_{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels		13	22		13	17	mA
		f = 1 MHz			3	5		3	5	mA
I_{SB1}	Automatic CE Power-Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{CC}–0.2V V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC}–0.2V, V_{IN} ≤ 0.2V) f = f_{MAX} (Address and Data Only), f = 0 ($\overline{OE}$, $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$), V_{CC} = 3.30V	V_{CC} = 3.3V		100	525		100	525	µA
I_{SB2}	Automatic CE Power-Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{CC} – 0.2V V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC} – 0.2V or V_{IN} ≤ 0.2V, f = 0, V_{CC} = 3.30V	V_{CC} = 3.3V		80	150		80	150	µA
I_{ZZ}	Deep Sleep Current	V_{CC} = V_{CCMAX}; ZZ = LOW				50			50	µA

Notes:
6. $V_{IL(MIN)}$ = –0.5V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
7. $V_{IH(Max)}$ = Vcc + 0.5V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
8. Overshoot and undershoot specifications are characterized and are not 100% tested.

Capacitance[9]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25°C$, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	8	pF
C_{OUT}	Output Capacitance		8	pF

Thermal Resistance[9]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	BGA	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Test conditions follow standard test methods and procedures for measuring thermal impedance, per EIA / JESD51.	55	°C/W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		17	°C/W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms
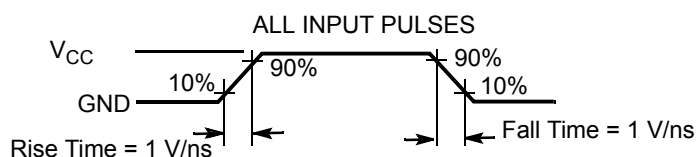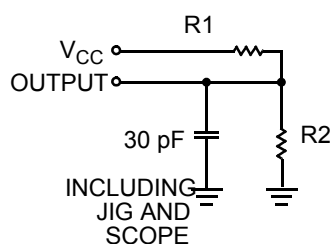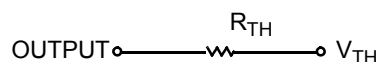
Parameters	3.0V V_{CC}	Unit
R1	22000	Ω
R2	22000	Ω
R_{TH}	11000	Ω
V_{TH}	1.50	V

Note:
9. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

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Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range[10, 11, 12, 13, 14]

Parameter	Description	55 ns[14]		70 ns		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Read Cycle						
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	55[14]		70		ns
t_{AA}	Address to Data Valid		55		70	ns
t_{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	5		5		ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Data Valid		55		70	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		25		35	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to LOW Z[11, 13]	5		5		ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z[11, 13]		25		25	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Low Z[11, 13]	2		5		ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to High Z[11, 13]		25		25	ns
t_{DBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Data Valid		55		70	ns
t_{LZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Low Z[11, 13]	5		5		ns
t_{HZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to HIGH Z[11, 13]		10		25	ns
t_{SK}[14]	Address Skew		0		10	ns
Write Cycle[12]						
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	55		70		ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Write End	45		60		ns
t_{AW}	Address Set-up to Write End	45		60		ns
t_{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t_{SA}	Address Set-up to Write Start	0		0		ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	40		45		ns
t_{BW}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Write End	50		60		ns
t_{SD}	Data Set-up to Write End	25		45		ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High-Z[11, 13]		25		25	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low-Z[11, 13]	5		5		ns

Notes:
10. Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 1 ns/V, timing reference levels of $V_{CC(typ.)}/2$, input pulse levels of 0V to $V_{CC(typ.)}$, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} as shown in the "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" section.
11. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZBE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedence state.
12. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
13. High-Z and Low-Z parameters are characterized and are not 100% tested.
14. To achieve 55-ns performance, the read access should be $\overline{CE}$ controlled. In this case t_{ACE} is the critical parameter and t_{SK} is satisfied when the addresses are stable prior to chip enable going active. For the 70-ns cycle, the addresses must be stable within 10 ns after the start of the read cycle
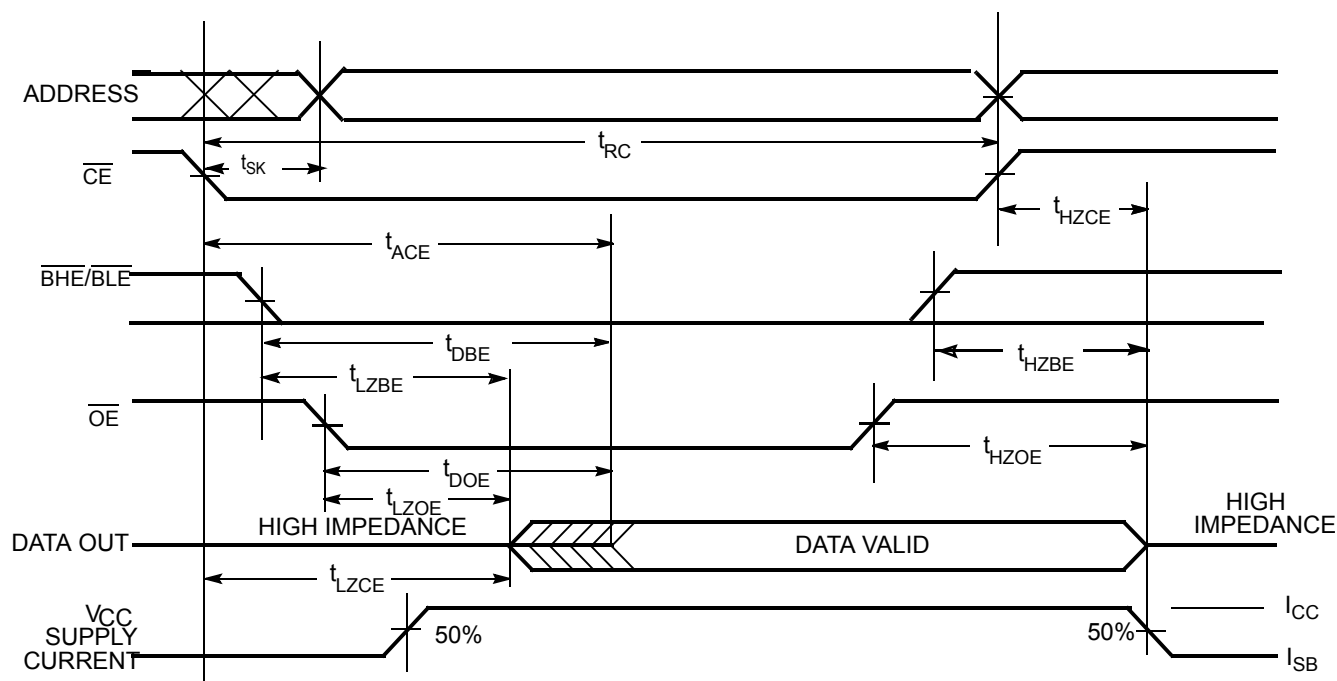
Switching Waveforms

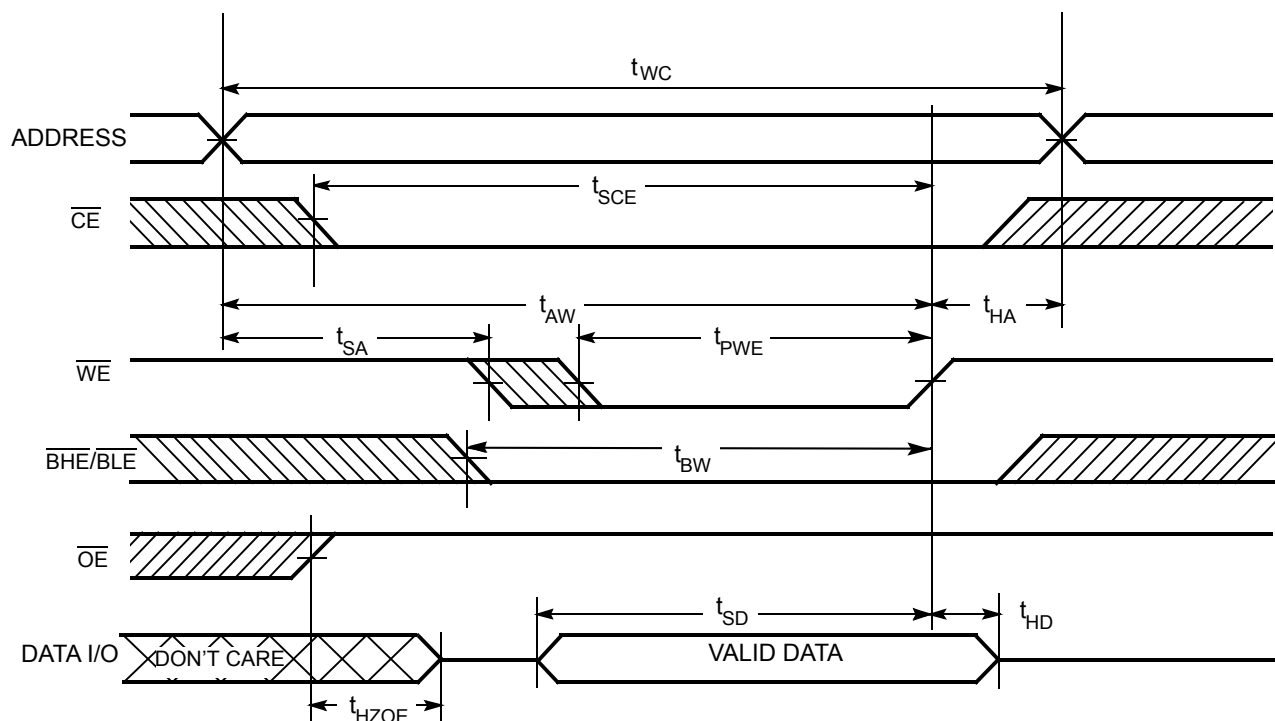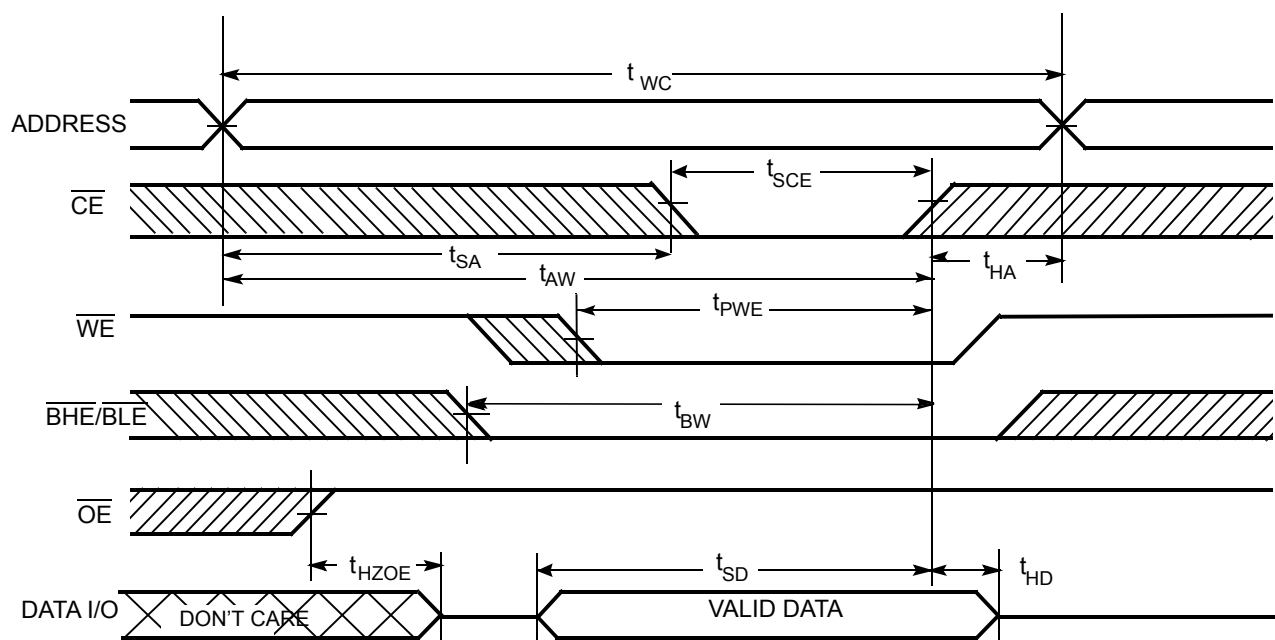### Read Cycle 1 (Address Transition Controlled)[14, 15, 16]
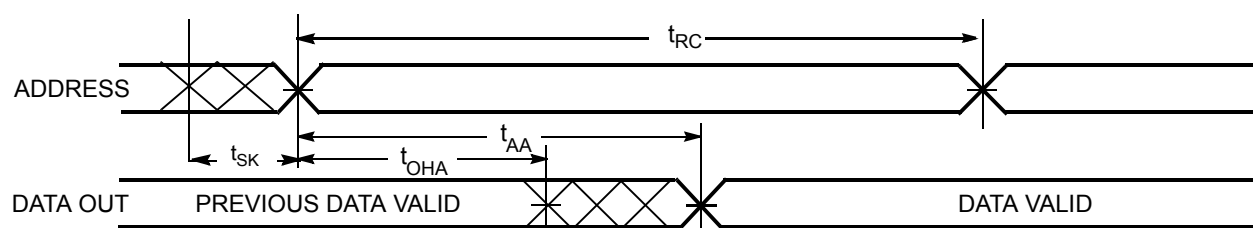

Read Cycle 2 (OE Controlled)[14, 16]

Notes:
15. Device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}.
16. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for Read Cycle.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle 1 (WE Controlled)[12, 13, 17, 18, 19]

Write Cycle 2 (CE Controlled)[12, 13, 17, 18, 19]

Notes:
17. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} \geq V_{IH}$.
18. If Chip Enable goes INACTIVE with $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
19. During the DON'T CARE period in the DATA I/O waveform, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Switching Waveforms (continued)
Write Cycle 3 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW)[18, 19]
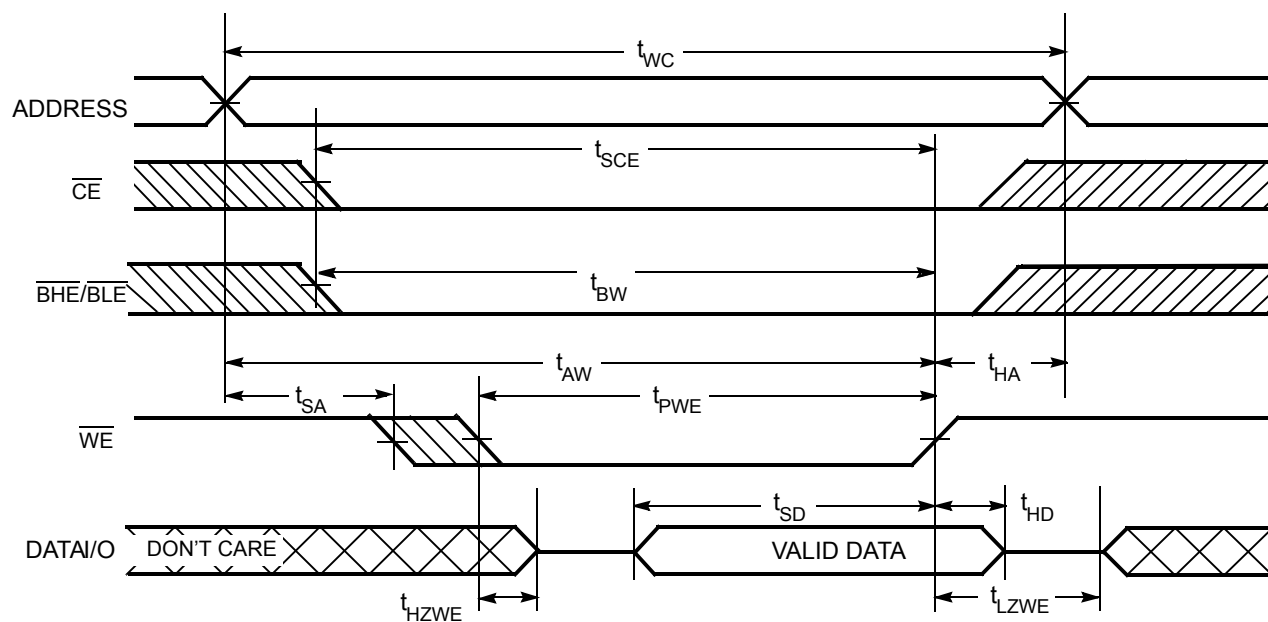
Write Cycle 4 ($\overline{BHE}/\overline{BLE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW)[18, 19]
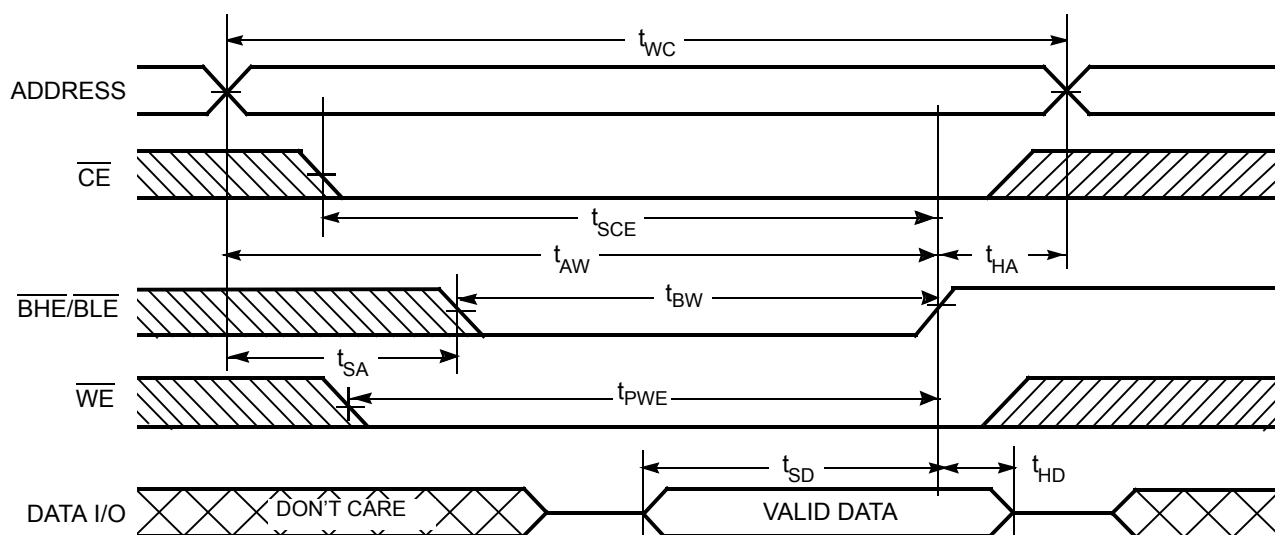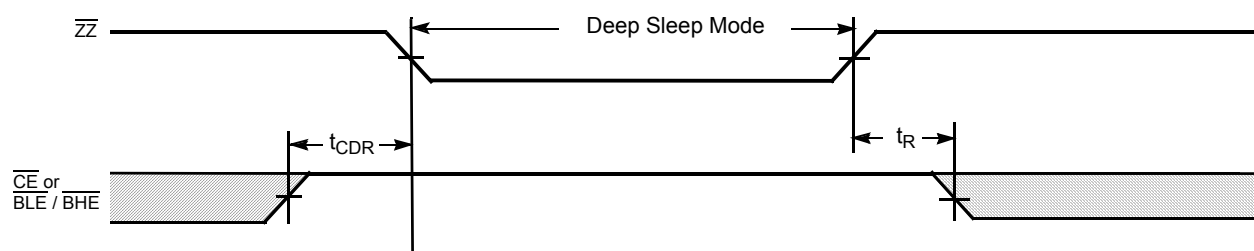
Deep Sleep Mode

This mode can be used to lower the power consumption of the PSRAM in an application. In this mode, the data integrity of the PSRAM is not guaranteed. Deep Sleep Mode can be enabled by driving $\overline{ZZ}$ LOW. The device stays in the deep sleep mode until $\overline{ZZ}$ is driven HIGH.

Deep Sleep Mode—Entry/Exit[20]

Deep Sleep Access Timings[21, 22]

Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
t_{CDR}	Chip Deselect to $\overline{ZZ}$ LOW	0		ns
t_R	Operation Recovery Time		200	μs

Truth Table[23]

$\overline{ZZ}$	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{BHE}$	$\overline{BLE}$	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
H	H	X	X	X	X	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
H	X	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
H	L	H	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O_0–I/O_{15})	Read (Upper Byte and Lower Byte)	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	H	L	H	L	Data Out (I/O_0–I/O_7); I/O_8–I/O_{15} in High Z	Read (Lower Byte only)	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	H	L	L	H	Data Out (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); I/O_0–I/O_7 in High Z	Read (Upper Byte only)	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	H	H	L	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	H	H	H	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	H	H	L	H	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	L	X	L	L	Data In (I/O_0–I/O_{15})	Write (Upper Byte and Lower Byte)	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	L	X	H	L	Data In (I/O_0–I/O_7); I/O_8–I/O_{15} in High Z	Write (Lower Byte Only)	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	L	X	L	H	Data In (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); I/O_0 –I/O_7 in High Z	Write (Upper Byte Only)	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deep Power-down	Deep Sleep (I_{ZZ})

Notes:
20. OE and the data pins are in a "don't care" state while the device is in Deep Sleep Mode.
21. All other timing parameters are as shown in the switching characteristics section.
22. t_R applies only in the Deep Sleep Mode.
23. H = Logic HIGH, L = Logic LOW, X = Don't Care.

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Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CYK001M16ZCCAU-55BAI	BA48K	48-ball Fine Pitch BGA (6 mm × 8mm × 1.2 mm)	Industrial
70	CYK001M16ZCCAU-70BAI	BA48K	48-ball Fine Pitch BGA (6 mm × 8mm × 1.2 mm)	Industrial

Package Diagram

48-Lead FBGA (6 x 8 x 1.2 mm) BA48K

REFERENCE JEDEC MO-207

51-85193-*A
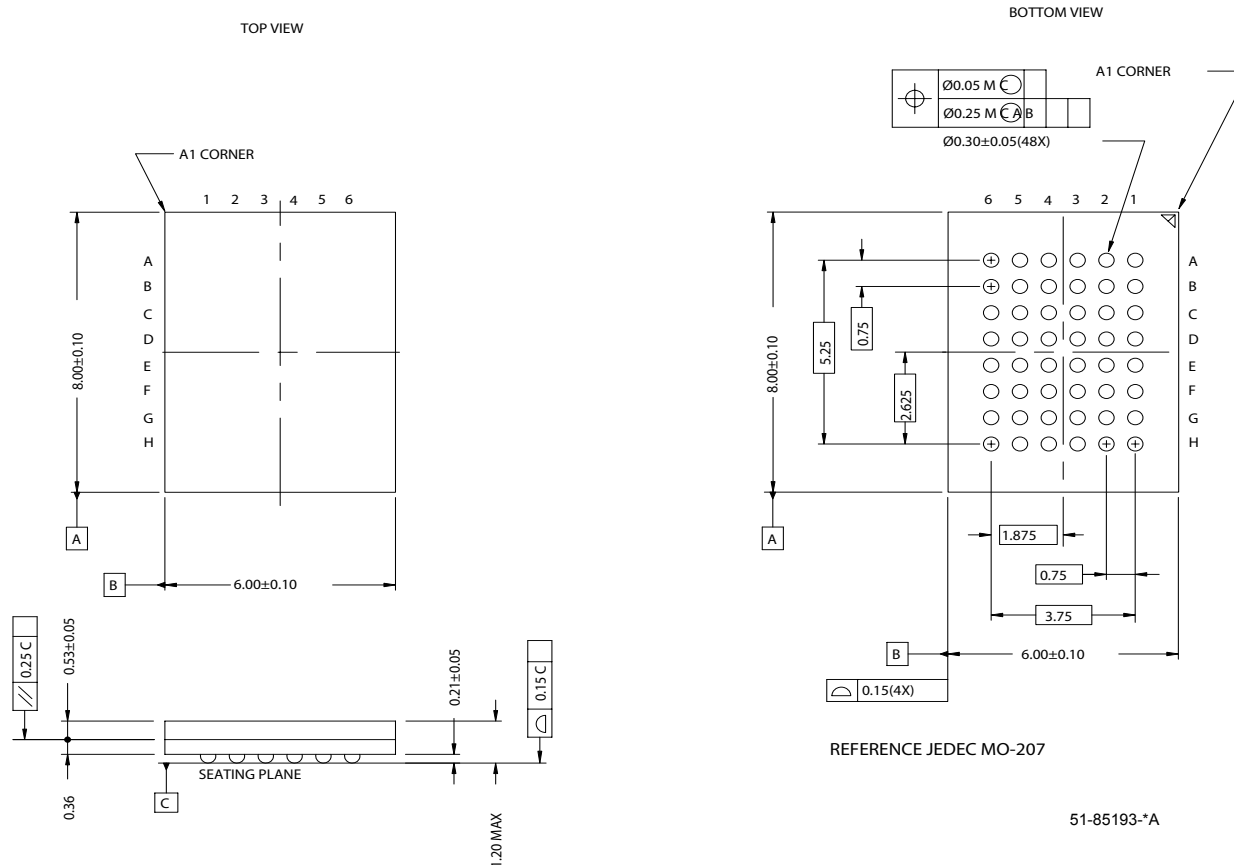
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Document History Page

Document Title: CYK001M16ZCCA MoBL3™ 16-Mbit (1M x 16) Pseudo Static RAM				
Document Number: 38-05454				
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	132407	01/27/04	AWK	New Data Sheet
*A	220121	See ECN	REF	Changed the datasheet from AdvanceInformation to Final Added 55-ns speed bin and address skew restriction for 55-ns speed bin. Changed I_{zz} from 30 µA to 50 µA.
*B	230851	See ECN	AJU	Changed ball A6 from NC to $\overline{ZZ}$ Modified ordering code in "Ordering Information" table on page 10 Replaced package diagram Modified MAX limit on DC Input voltage in 'Maximum Ratings' section