

Precision Low-Voltage, Low-Glitch CMOS Analog Switches

DESCRIPTION

Using BiCMOS wafer fabrication technology allows the DG9421, DG9422 to operate on single and dual supplies.

Designed for optimal performance at single 5 V and dual ± 5 V, the DG9421, DG9422 combine low and flat on-resistance (3 Ω), fast speed (t_{ON} = 38 ns) and is well suited for applications where signal switching accuracy, low noise and low distortion is critical.

The DG9421 and DG9422 respond to opposite control logic as shown in the Truth Table.

FEATURES

- 2.7 V thru 12 V single supply or ± 2.7 V thru ± 6 V dual supply
- Low on-resistance $R_{DS(on)}$: 2 Ω at 12 V
- Fast switching t_{ON}: 22 ns - t_{OFF}: 28 ns
- TTL and low voltage logic
- Low leakage: 10 pA (typ.)
- > 2000 V ESD protection
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

Note

This datasheet provides information about parts that are RoHS-compliant and / or parts that are non-RoHS-compliant. For example, parts with lead (Pb) terminations are not RoHS-compliant. Please see the information / tables in this datasheet for details.

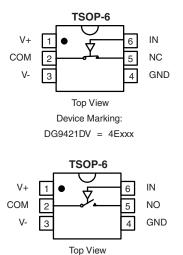
BENEFITS

- High accuracy
- · High speed, low glitch
- · Single and dual supply capability
- Low R_{ON} in small TSOP package
- Low leakage
- Low power consumption

APPLICATIONS

- Automatic test equipment
- Data acquisition
- XDSL and DSLAM
- PBX systems
- Reed relay replacement
- Audio and video signal routing

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM AND PIN CONFIGURATION



Device Marking DG9422DV = 4Fxxx

| TRUTH TABLE | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DG9421 | DG9422 | | | | | | |
| ON | OFF | | | | | | |
| OFF | ON | | | | | | |
| | DG9421 ON | | | | | | |

Notes

- Logic "0" ≤ 0.8 V
- Logic "1" ≥ 2.4 V
- Switches shown for logic "0" input

| ORDERING INFORMATION | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| TEMP. RANGE | PACKAGE | PART NUMBER | | | |
| -40 °C to +85 °C | 85 °C 6 / Pin TSOP | DG9421DV-T1 DG9421DV-T1-E3 | | | |
| -40 C 10 +85 C | 07 FIII 150P | DG9422DV-T1 DG9422DV-T1-E3 | | | |

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FREE



| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--|------|--|--|--|
| PARAMETER | LIMIT | UNIT | | | | |
| V+ to V- | -0.3 to +13 | v | | | | |
| GND to V- | 7 | v | | | | |
| V _{IN} ^a , V _S , V _D | | -0.3 to (V+ + 0.3) or 50 mA, whichever occurs first | V/mA | | | |
| Continuous Current (any terminal) | | 50 | mA | | | |
| Peak Current, S or D (pulsed at 1 ms, 10 % dut | y cycle) | 100 | IIIA | | | |
| Storage Temperature | | -65 to +150 | °C | | | |
| Power Dissipation (Packages) ^b | 6-Pin TSOP ° | 570 | mW | | | |

Notes

a. Signals on S_X, D_X, or IN_X exceeding V+ or V- will be clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current ratings.

b. All leads welded or soldered to PC board.

c. Derate 7 mW/°C above 25 °C.

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED | TEMP. ^b | LIMITS -40 °C to +85°C | | | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------|--------|------|
| | | V+ = 12 V, V- = 0 V, V _{IN} = 2.4 V, 0.8 V $^{\rm f}$ | | MIN. d | TYP. ° | MAX. d | |
| Analog Switch | | | | • | | • | • |
| Analog Signal Range ^a | V _{ANALOG} | | Full | 0 | - | 12 | V |
| Drain-Source | Р | V+ = 10.8 V, V- = 0 V, I _S = 5 mA, V _D = 2 V/9 V | Room | - | 2 | 3 | Ω |
| On-Resistance | R _{DS(on)} | $v + = 10.8 v, v - = 0 v, i_{\rm S} = 5 11 \text{A}, v_{\rm D} = 2 v/9 v$ | Full | - | 2 | 3.4 | 52 |
| | la su | | Room | -1 | - | 1 | |
| Switch Off | I _{S(off)} | V _D = 1/11 V, V _S = 11 V/1 V | Full | -10 | - | 10 | |
| Leakage Current | | $v_{\rm D} = 1/11 v, v_{\rm S} = 11 v/1 v$ | Room | -1 | - | 1 | |
| | I _{D(off)} | | Full | -10 | - | 10 | nA |
| Channel-On | | | Room | -1 | - | 1 | |
| Leakage Current | I _{D(on)} | $V_{\rm S} = V_{\rm D} = 11 \text{ V/1 V}$ | Full | -10 | - | 10 | |
| Digital Control | | | | • | | • | • |
| Input Current, V _{IN} Low | IIL | V _{IN} under test = 0.8 V | Full | -1 | 0.02 | 1 | |
| Input Current, V _{IN} High | I _{IH} | V _{IN} under test = 2.4 V | Full | -1 | 0.02 | 1 | μA |
| Dynamic Characteristics | | | | | | | |
| Turn-On Time ^e | + | | Room | - | 20 | 45 | |
| Tum-On Time | t _{ON} | R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF, V_S = 5 V | Full | - | - | 49 | |
| Turn-Off Time ^e | + | see figure 2 | Room | - | 25 | 47 | ns |
| Tum-On Time * | t _{OFF} | | Full | - | - | 59 | |
| Charge Injection ^e | Q | $V_g = 0 V, R_g = 0 \Omega, C_L = 1 nF$ | Room | - | 43 | - | рС |
| Off-Isolation ^e | OIRR | $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 1 MHz$ | Room | - | -60 | - | dB |
| Source Off Capacitance e | C _{S(off)} | | Room | - | 31 | - | |
| Drain Off Capacitance e | C _{D(off)} | f = 1 MHz | Room | - | 30 | - | pF |
| Channel On Capacitance ^e | C _{D(on)} | | Room | - | 71 | - | |
| Power Supplies | | | | • | | • | • |
| Desitive Supply Current | I+ | | Room | - | 0.020 | 1 | |
| Positive Supply Current | 1+ | | Full | - | - | 5 |] |
| Nagativa Supply Current | I | (-0)/(-10) | Room | -1 | -0.002 | - | |
| Negative Supply Current | I- | V _{IN} = 0 V or 12 V | Full | -5 | - | - | μA |
| Cround Current | | | Room | -1 | -0.002 | - | 1 |
| Ground Current | I _{GND} | | Full | -5 | - | - | 1 |

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DG9421, DG9422

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | $\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$ | TEMP. ^b | LIMITS -40 °C to +85 °C | | | UNIT |
|--|---------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|
| | | | | MIN. d | TYP. ° | MAX. d | ••••• |
| Analog Switch | | | | | | | |
| Analog Signal Range ^e | V _{ANALOG} | | Full | -5 | - | 5 | V |
| Drain-Source | R _{DS(on)} | V+ = 5 V, V- = 5 V | Room | - | 2.2 | 3.2 | Ω |
| On-Resistance | TDS(on) | $I_{S} = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{D} = \pm 3.5 \text{ V}$ | Full | - | - | 3.6 | 32 |
| | la (m | | Room | -1 | - | 1 | |
| Switch Off | I _{S(off)} | V+ = 5.5 V, V- = 5.5 V | Full | -10 | - | 10 | |
| Leakage Current ^g | | $V_D = \pm 4.5 V, V_S = \mp 4.5 V$ | Room | -1 | - | 1 | nA |
| | I _{D(off)} | | Full | -10 | - | 10 | ПА |
| Channel-On | | V+ = 5.5 V, V- = -5.5 V | Room | -1 | - | 1 | |
| Leakage Current ^g | I _{D(on)} | $V_{S} = V_{D} = \pm 4.5 \text{ V}$ | Full | -10 | - | 10 | |
| Digital Control | | | | | | | |
| Input Current, V _{IN} Low ^e | IIL | V_{IN} under test = 0.8 V | Full | -1 | 0.02 | 1 | μA |
| Input Current, V _{IN} High ^e | I _{IH} | V_{IN} under test = 2.4 V | Full | -1 | 0.02 | 1 | μΑ |
| Dynamic Characteristics | | | | | | | |
| Turn-On Time | tau | | Room | - | 38 | 63 | |
| rum-on nine | t _{ON} | R_L = 300 Ω , C_L = 35 pF, V_S = ± 3.5 V | Full | - | - | 68 | ns |
| Turn-Off Time | + | see figure 2 | Room | - | 45 | 83 | 115 |
| | t _{OFF} | | Full | - | - | 97 | |
| Charge Injection ^e | Q | V_g = 0 V, R_g = 0 Ω , C_L = 1 nF | Room | - | 207 | - | рС |
| Off-Isolation ^e | OIRR | R_L = 50 Ω , C_L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz | Room | - | -57 | - | dB |
| Source Off Capacitance ^e | C _{S(off)} | | Room | - | 32 | - | |
| Drain Off Capacitance ^e | C _{D(off)} | f = 1 MHz | Room | - | 31 | - | pF |
| Channel On Capacitance ^e | C _{D(on)} | | Room | - | 71 | - | |
| Power Supplies | | | | | | | |
| Positive Supply Current ^e | I+ | | Room | - | 0.030 | 1 | |
| | 1+ | | Full | - | - | 5 | |
| Negative Supply Current ^e | I- | $V_{IN} = 0 V \text{ or } 5 V$ | Room | -1 | -0.002 | - | |
| Negative Supply Current * | 1- | $v_{\rm IN} = 0$ v or 5 v | Full | -5 | - | - | μA |
| Ground Current ^e | 1 | | Room | -1 | -0.002 | - | |
| | IGND | | Full | -5 | - | - | [|



| SPECIFICATIONS a (S | SPECIFICATIONS ^a (Single Supply 5 V) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|------|--|
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS SYMBOL UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED | | LIMITS -40 °C to +85 °C | | | UNIT | |
| | | V+ = 5 V, V- = 0 V, V _{IN} = 2.4 V, 0.8 V $^{\rm f}$ | | MIN. d | TYP. ° | MAX. d | | |
| Analog Switch | | | | | | | | |
| Analog Signal Range ^e | V _{ANALOG} | | Full | 0 | - | 5 | V | |
| Drain-Source | P | V+ = 4.5 V, I _S = 5 mA, | Room | - | 3.6 | 6 | Ω | |
| On-Resistance | R _{DS(on)} | V _D = 1 V, 3.5 V | Full | - | - | 6.6 | 52 | |
| Dynamic Characteristics | | | | | | | | |
| Turn-On Time ^e | t _{ON} | | Room | - | 43 | 67 | | |
| Turn-On Time - | | $R_L = 300 \ \Omega, C_L = 35 \ pF, V_S = 3.5 \ V,$ | Hot | - | - | 74 | | |
| Turn-Off Time ^e | + | see figure 2 | Room | - | 30 | 67 | ns | |
| | t _{OFF} | | Hot | - | - | 80 | | |
| Charge Injection ^e | Q | $V_{g} = 0 V, R_{g} = 0 \Omega, C_{L} = 1 nF$ | Room | - | 25 | - | рС | |
| Power Supplies | | | | | | | | |
| Desitive Supply Current 6 | 1. | | Room | - | 0.020 | 1 | | |
| Positive Supply Current ^e | l+ | | Hot | - | - | 5 | | |
| Negative Supply Current 6 | | | Room | -1 | -0.002 | - | | |
| Negative Supply Current ^e | I- | $V_{IN} = 0 V \text{ or } 5 V$ | Hot | -5 | - | - | μA | |
| Ground Current ^e | | | Room | -1 | -0.002 | - | | |
| Ground Current ° | I _{GND} | | Hot | -5 | - | - | | |



| SPECIFICATIONS a (S | Single Supply | y 3 V) | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|------|
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED | TEMP. ^b | LIMITS -40 °C to +85 °C | | | UNIT |
| | | V+ = 3 V, V- = 0 V, V _{IN} = 0.4 V $^{\rm f}$ | | MIN. d | TYP. ° | MAX. d | |
| Analog Switch | | | | | | | |
| Analog Signal Range ^e | V _{ANALOG} | | Full | 0 | - | 3 | V |
| Drain-Source | Base | V+ = 2.7 V, V- = 0 V | Room | - | 7.3 | 8.8 | Ω |
| On-Resistance | R _{DS(on)} | $I_{S} = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{D} = 0.5 \text{ V}, 2.2 \text{ V}$ | Full | - | - | 10.1 | 52 |
| | | | Room | -1 | - | 1 | |
| Switch Off | I _{S(off)} | V+ = 3.3 V, V- = 0 V | Full | -10 | - | 10 | |
| Leakage Current ^g | | $V_{\rm S} = 1, 2 {\rm V}, {\rm V}_{\rm D} = 2 {\rm V}, 1 {\rm V}$ | Room | -1 | - | 1 | nA |
| | I _{D(off)} | | Full | -10 | - | 10 | |
| Channel-On | | V+ = 3.3 V, V- = 0 V | Room | -1 | - | 1 | |
| Leakage Current ^g | I _{D(on)} | $V_{D} = V_{S} = 1 V, 2 V$ | Full | -10 | - | 10 | |
| Digital Control | | | | | | | |
| Input Current, V _{IN} Low ^e | IIL | V_{IN} under test = 0.4 V | Full | -1 | 0.02 | 1 | μA |
| Input Current, V _{IN} High ^e | IIH | V_{IN} under test = 2.4 V | Full | -1 | 0.02 | 1 | μΑ |
| Dynamic Characteristics | | | | | | | |
| Turn-On Time | t | | Room | | 90 | 110 | |
| rum-on nine | t _{ON} | R_L = 300 Ω, C_L = 35 pF, V_S = 1.5 V | Full | | | 125 | 20 |
| Turn-Off Time | + | see figure 2 | Room | | 32 | 84 | ns |
| Turn-Off Time t _{OFF} | | | Full | | | 99 | |
| Charge Injection ^e | Q | $V_g = 0 V$, $R_g = 0 \Omega$, $C_L = 1 nF$ | Room | | 31 | | рС |
| Off-Isolation e | OIRR | $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 1 MHz$ | Room | | -60 | | dB |
| Source Off Capacitance ^e | C _{S(off)} | | Room | | 35 | | |
| Drain Off Capacitance ^e | C _{D(off)} | f = 1 MHz | Room | | 34 | | pF |
| Channel On Capacitance e | C _{D(on)} | | Room | | 77 | | |

Notes

a. Refer to PROCESS OPTION FLOWCHART.

b. Room = 25 °C, Full = as determined by the operating temperature suffix.

c. Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.

d. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.

e. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

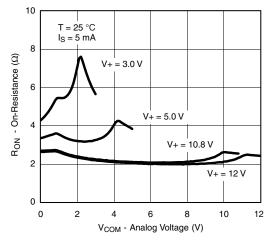
f. V_{IN} = input voltage to perform proper function.

g. Leakage parameters are guaranteed by worst case test conditions and not subject to test.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

nless otherwise noted)

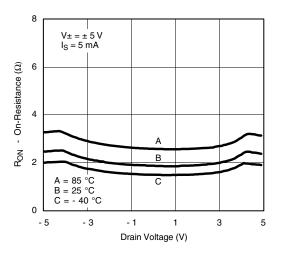
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



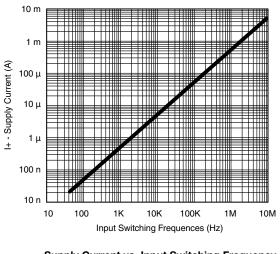
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 R_{ON} vs. V_{COM} and Supply Voltage



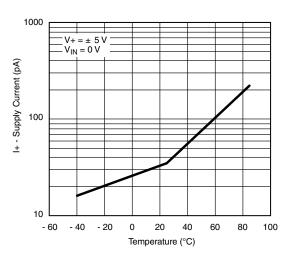
R_{ON} vs. Analog Voltage and Temperature



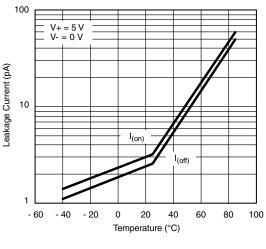
Supply Current vs. Input Switching Frequency

10 $I_S = 5 \text{ mA}$ V+ = 3.0 V 8 R_{ON} - On-Resistance (Ω) 6 = 5.0 V V+ A C В 4 С 2 A = 85 °C B = 25 °C C = - 40 °C 0 2 0 3 4 5 1 V_{COM} - Analog Voltage (V)

R_{ON} vs. Analog Voltage and Temperature



Supply Current vs. Temperature



Leakage Current vs. Temperature

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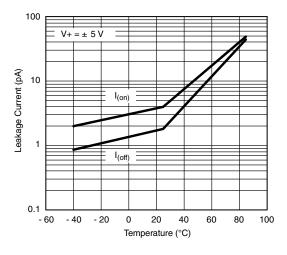
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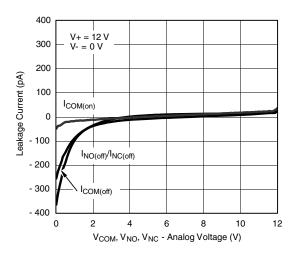




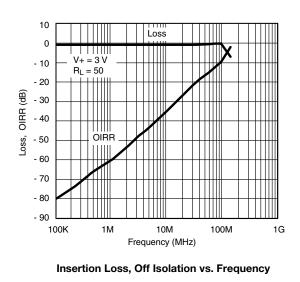
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



Leakage Current vs. Temperature





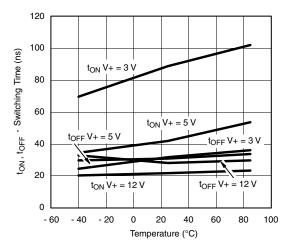


V+ = 5 V V- = 0 V 60 Leakage Current (pA) INO(off)/INC(off) 20 ICOM(off - 20 ICOM(on) - 60 - 100 0 1 2 3 4 5

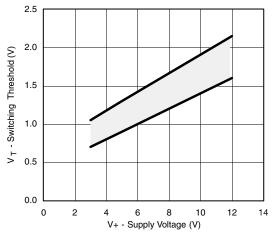
100

 V_{COM} , V_{NO} , V_{NC} - Analog Voltage (V)

Leakage vs. Analog Voltage



Switching Time vs. Temperature and Supply Voltage (DG9421)



Switching Threshold vs. Supply Voltage

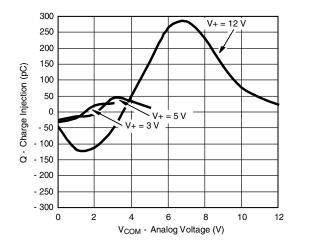
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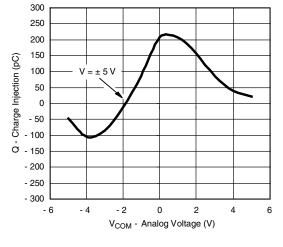
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



Charge Injection vs. Analog Voltage



Charge Injection vs. Analog Voltage



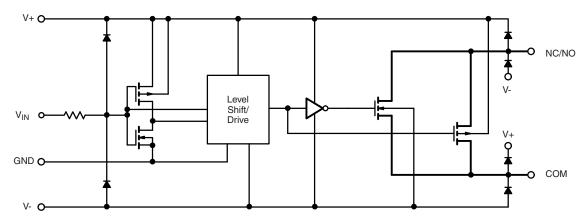
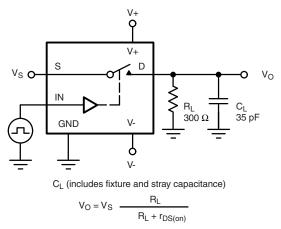
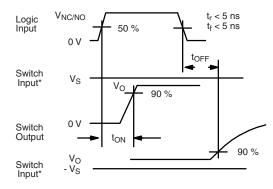


Fig. 1

TEST CIRCUITS





Note: * Logic input waveform is inverted for switches that have the opposite logic sense control

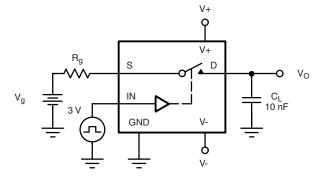
Fig. 2 - Switching Time

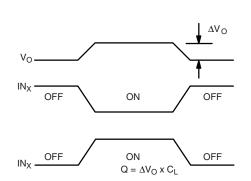
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TEST CIRCUITS





 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IN}_{\mathsf{X}}}$ dependent on switch configuration Input polarity determined by sense of switch.

Fig. 3 - Charge Injection

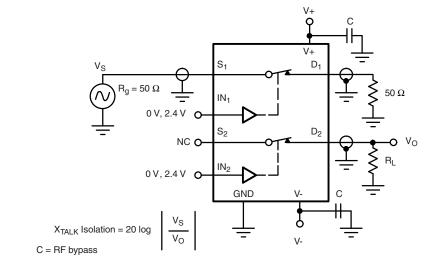
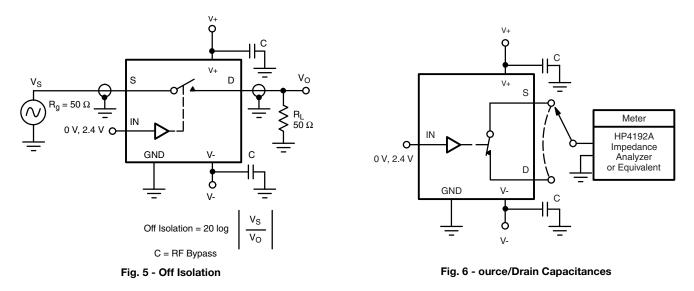


Fig. 4 - Crosstalk



Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see <u>www.vishay.com/ppg?70679</u>.

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DG9421, DG9422



Package Information

Vishay Siliconix

TSOP: 5/6-LEAD JEDEC Part Number: MO-193C







_|

6-LEAD TSOP

e1



| | MIL | LIMETER | RS | I | NCHES | |
|---|------|----------|------|--------|------------|-------|
| Dim | Min | Nom | Max | Min | Nom | Max |
| Α | 0.91 | - | 1.10 | 0.036 | - | 0.043 |
| A ₁ | 0.01 | - | 0.10 | 0.0004 | - | 0.004 |
| A ₂ | 0.90 | - | 1.00 | 0.035 | 0.038 | 0.039 |
| b | 0.30 | 0.32 | 0.45 | 0.012 | 0.013 | 0.018 |
| С | 0.10 | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.008 |
| D | 2.95 | 3.05 | 3.10 | 0.116 | 0.120 | 0.122 |
| Е | 2.70 | 2.85 | 2.98 | 0.106 | 0.112 | 0.117 |
| E ₁ | 1.55 | 1.65 | 1.70 | 0.061 | 0.065 | 0.067 |
| е | | 0.95 BSC | | (| 0.0374 BSC | ; |
| e ₁ | 1.80 | 1.90 | 2.00 | 0.071 | 0.075 | 0.079 |
| L | 0.32 | - | 0.50 | 0.012 | - | 0.020 |
| L ₁ | | 0.60 Ref | | | 0.024 Ref | |
| L ₂ | | 0.25 BSC | | | 0.010 BSC | |
| R | 0.10 | - | - | 0.004 | - | - |
| θ | 0° | 4° | 8° | 0° | 4° | 8° |
| θ_1 | | 7° Nom | | | 7° Nom | |
| ECN: C-06593-Rev. I, 18-Dec-06 DWG: 5540 | | | | | | |





Mounting LITTLE FOOT[®] TSOP-6 Power MOSFETs

Surface mounted power MOSFET packaging has been based on integrated circuit and small signal packages. Those packages have been modified to provide the improvements in heat transfer required by power MOSFETs. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed. What has remained the same is the footprint of the packages.

The basis of the pad design for surface mounted power MOSFET is the basic footprint for the package. For the TSOP-6 package outline drawing see http://www.vishay.com/doc?71200 and see http://www.vishay.com/doc?72610 for the minimum pad footprint. In converting the footprint to the pad set for a power MOSFET, you must remember that not only do you want to make electrical connection to the package, but you must made thermal connection and provide a means to draw heat from the package, and move it away from the package.

In the case of the TSOP-6 package, the electrical connections are very simple. Pins 1, 2, 5, and 6 are the drain of the MOSFET and are connected together. For a small signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the copper spreading recommended footprint for the TSOP-6 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlays the basic pattern on pins 1,2,5, and 6. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. Notice that the planar copper is shaped like a "T" to move heat away from the drain leads in all directions. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.



FIGURE 1. Recommended Copper Spreading Footprint

Since surface mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common form of soldering for surface mount components, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

REFLOW SOLDERING

Vishay Siliconix surface-mount packages meet solder reflow reliability requirements. Devices are subjected to solder reflow as a test preconditioning and are then reliability-tested using temperature cycle, bias humidity, HAST, or pressure pot. The solder reflow temperature profile used, and the temperatures and time duration, are shown in Figures 2 and 3.



| Ramp-Up Rate | +6°C/Second Maximum |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature @ 155 \pm 15°C | 120 Seconds Maximum |
| Temperature Above 180°C | 70 – 180 Seconds |
| Maximum Temperature | 240 +5/-0°C |
| Time at Maximum Temperature | 20 – 40 Seconds |
| Ramp-Down Rate | +6°C/Second Maximum |

FIGURE 2. Solder Reflow Temperature Profile

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THERMAL PERFORMANCE

A basic measure of a device's thermal performance is the junction-to-case thermal resistance, $R\theta_{jc}$, or the junction-to-foot thermal resistance, $R\theta_{jf}$. This parameter is measured for the device mounted to an infinite heat sink and is therefore a characterization of the device only, in other words, independent of the properties of the object to which the device is mounted. Table 1 shows the thermal performance of the TSOP-6.

| TABLE 1. | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Equivalent Steady State Performance | e—TSOP-6 |
| Thermal Resistance $R\theta_{jf}$ | 30°C/W |

SYSTEM AND ELECTRICAL IMPACT OF TSOP-6

In any design, one must take into account the change in MOSFET $r_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$ with temperature (Figure 4).



Application Note 826

Vishay Siliconix



RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR TSOP-6



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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