

3-Vrms Audio Driver with Adjustable Gain

Features

- Voltage Output at 600Ω Load
 2Vrms with 3.3V supply voltage
 3Vrms with 5.0V supply voltage
- Ultra Low noise and THD SNR>112dB Typical Vn<5.1µVrms THD+N>100dB
- No Pop/Clicks Noise when Power ON/OFF
- No Need for Output DC-Blocking Capacitors
- Optimized Frequency Response between 20Hz–20kHz
- Accepting Differential Input
- Featuring external under voltage mute
- HBM ESD protection: Output pin 8kV
- Available in EP-MSOP-10 package

Applications

- Set-Top Boxes
- High Definition DVD Players
- Car Entertainment System
- Medical

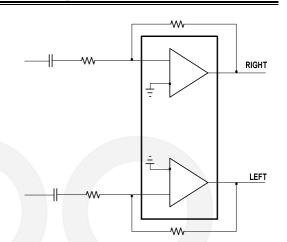
Descriptions

The DIO2128 is an integrated solution for Set-top box and high definition player, and designed to optimize the audio driver circuit performance while reducing the BOM cost by eliminating the peripheral discrete components for noise reduction. DIO2128 features a 3Vrms stereo audio driver that designed to allow for the removal of output AC-coupling capacitors.

Featuring differential input mode, gain range of $\pm 1 \text{V/V}$ to $\pm 10 \text{V/V}$ can be achieved via external gain resistor setting. The DIO2128 is able to offer 3 Vrms output at 600Ω load with 5 V supply.

Meanwhile, the DIO2128 offers built-in shut-down control circuitry for optimal pop-free performance. Under under-voltage condition, DIO2128 is able to detect it and mutes the output.

Block Diagram



Ordering Information

Order Part Number	Top Marking		T _A	Package	
DIO2128XM10	DIO2128	Green/RoHS	-40 to +85°C	EP-MSOP-10	Tape & Reel, 3000



Pin Assignment

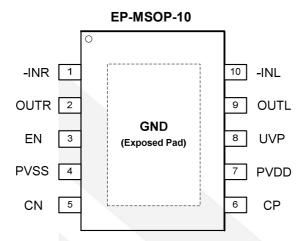


Figure 1 Top View

Pin Descriptions

		1		
PIN		I/O	Description	
Name	NO.		Description	
-INR	1	1	Right-channel negative input	
OUTR	2	0	Right-channel output	
EN	3	1	Enable input, active-high	
PVSS	4	Р	Supply voltage	
CN	5	I/O	Charge-pump flying capacitor negative terminal	
СР	6	I/O	Charge-pump flying capacitor positive terminal	
PVDD	7	Р	Positive supply	
UVP	8	1	Under voltage protection input	
OUTL	9	0	Left-channel output	
-INL	10	1 /	Left-channel negative input	
GND	Exposed Pad	Р	Power ground	

Note: For simplicity, all V_{DD} below stands for PVDD.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Rating" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maxim rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Par	ameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	-0.3		V
Input Voltage		GND-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Minimum load impedance		600	Ω
EN to GND		-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Storage Temperature Range		-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature		-65 to 150	°C
MSOP-10,⊖ _{JA}		190	°C/W
HBM ESD, JESD22-A114	Output Pins	8	kV

Recommend Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended Operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. DIOO does not Recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	3	5	5.5	V	
	EN High level Input Voltage(V _{DD} =5V)	1.2			V	
V _{IH}	EN High level Input Voltage(V _{DD} =3.3V)	1.1			V	
V	EN Low level Input Voltage(V _{DD} =5V)			0.4	V	
V _{IL}	EN Low level Input Voltage(V _{DD} =3.3V)			0.3	V	
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	-40		85	°C	



Electrical Characteristics

Typical value: $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vos	Output Offset Voltage	V _{DD} =3-5V, Input grounded, unity gain	-3.3	0	3.3	mV
OVP	V _{DD} Over Voltage Protection	V _{DD} >5.5V, then IC shut down		5.7		V
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio			90		dB
	High lavel autout valtage	V_{DD} =5V, R_L =2.5k Ω	4.9	4.9		V
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	V_{DD} =3.3 V , R_L =2.5 $k\Omega$	3.2			V
		V_{DD} =5V,R _L =2.5k Ω			-4.80	V
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	V_{DD} =3.3 V , R_L =2.5 $k\Omega$			-3.10	V
I _{IH}	EN High level input current	V_{DD} =5 V , V_I = V_{DD}			1	μA
I _{IL}	EN Low level input current	V _{DD} =5V,V _I =0V			1	μA
		V_{DD} =3.3V, V_{I} = V_{DD} , No load		11		
I _{DD}	Supply current	V _{DD} =5V, V _I = V _{DD} , No load		12		mA
		Shut down mode, V _{DD} =3-5V			1	mA

Operating Characteristics

Typical value: V_{DD} =3.3V, R_L =2.5k Ω , C_{PUMP} =1 μ F, C_{PVSS} =1 μ F, C_{IN} =10 μ F, R_{IN} =10k Ω , R_{fb} =20k Ω , T_A =25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Typical value. VDD-3.3V, NC-2.3K2, GPUMP-1 p1, GPVSS-1 p1, GIN-10 p1, NIN-10 K12, NID-20 K12, IA-23 G, utiless of the wise specified.							
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Vo	Output Voltage	THD=1%, V _{DD} =3.3V, f=1kHz	2.05			V _{RMS}	
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion + noise	V_0 =2 V_{RMS} , f=1kHz, R_L =600 Ω		0.001		%	
X _{TALK}	Channel crosstalk	V _O =2V _{RMS} , f=1kHz		95		dB	
Io	Maximum output current	V _{DD} =3.3V		60		mA	
SNR	Signal noise ratio	V _O =2V _{RMS} , BW=22kHz, A-weighted		112		dB	
SR	Slew rate			12		V/µs	
V _N	Noise output voltage	BW=20Hz to 22kHz,V _{DD} =3.3V		4.5		μV _{RMS}	
G _{BW}	Unity gain bandwidth			7		MHz	
A _{VO}	Open loop voltage gain			140		dB	
V _{UVP}	External under-voltage detection		1.08	1.11	1.14	٧	
I _{Hys}	External under-voltage detection hysteresis current			5		μА	
f _{CP}	Charge pump frequency			310		kHz	
Attenuation @mute	Input-to-output attenuation in shutdown	EN=0V		90		dB	



Operating Characteristics

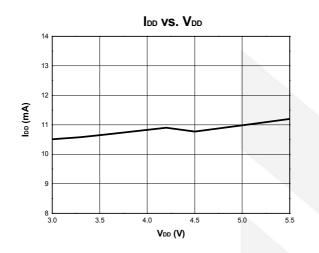
 $Typical\ value:\ V_{DD}=5V,\ R_L=2.5k\Omega,\ C_{PUMP}=1\mu F, C_{PVSS}=1\mu F,\ C_{IN}=10\mu F,\ R_{IN}=10k\Omega,\ R_{fb}=20k\Omega, T_A=25^{\circ}C,\ unless\ otherwise\ specified.$

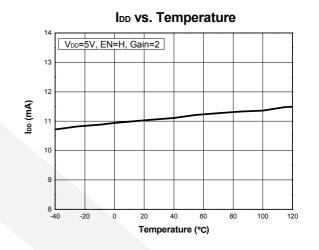
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Output Voltage	THD=1%, V _{DD} =5V, f=1kHz	3.01			
Vo		THD=1%, V_{DD} =5V, f=1kHz, R_L =100k Ω	3.1			V_{RMS}
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion + noise	V_0 =3 V_{RMS} , f=1kHz, R_L =600 Ω		0.001		%
X _{TALK}	Channel crosstalk	V _O =3V _{RMS} , f=1kHz		95		dB
Io	Maximum output current	V _{DD} =5V		60		mA
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G _{BW}	Unity gain bandwidth			7		MHz
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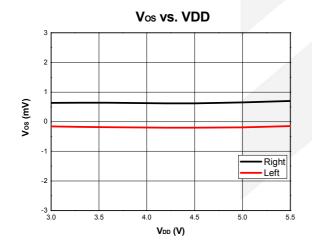


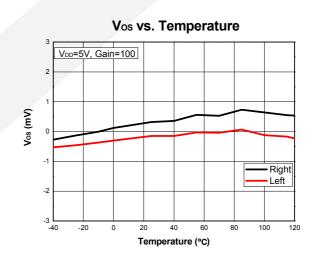
Typical Performance Characteristics

At T_A = +25°C, C_{PUMP} =0.33 μ F, C_{PVSS} =1 μ F,unless otherwise noted.

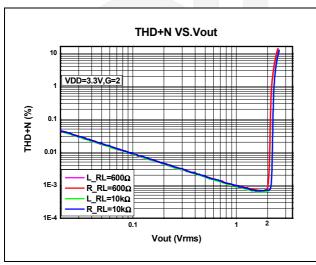




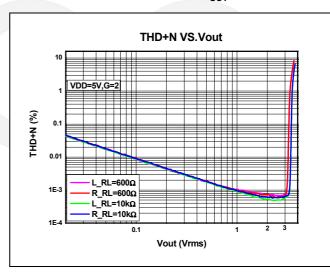






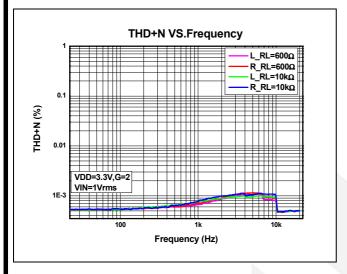




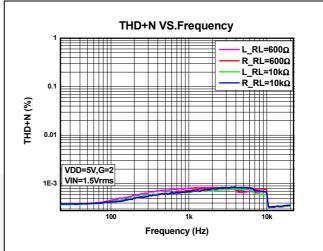




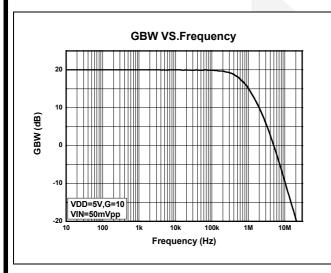
THD+N vs. Frequency



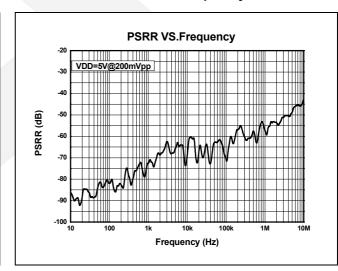
THD+N vs. Frequency



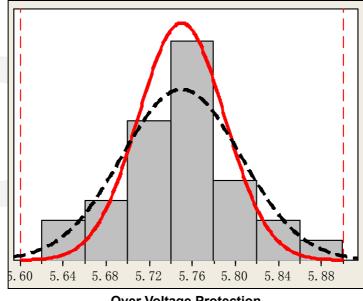
GBW vs. Frequency



PSRR vs. Frequency



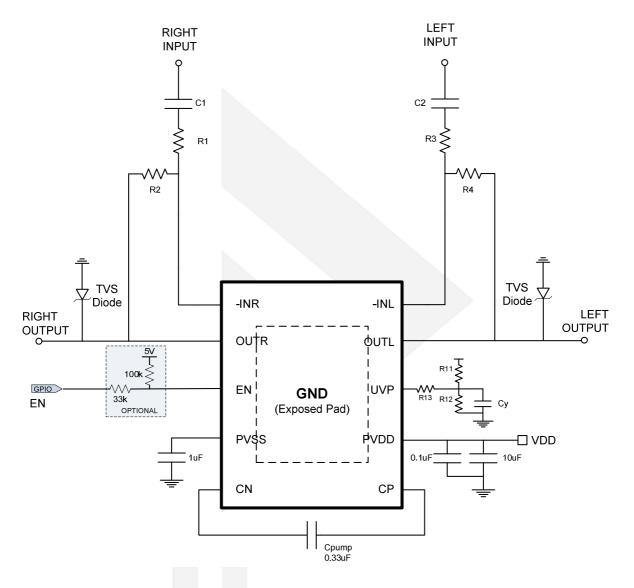




Over Voltage Protection



Application Circuit

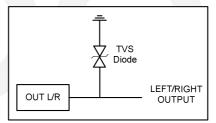


Notes:

1. In some applications, if the power supply noise needs to be filtered, the ferrite bead is recommended in a value of 600ohm@100MHz, instead of RC network. RC network normally will lower the power supply resulting in the degraded the audio performance. If the resistor is not chosen properly, which can trigger the internal UVP detection circuit and shut down the output. As depicted below.



In order to protect the device against the power surge, transient voltage suppressor (TVS) devices are recommended at the output pins OUTL/OUTR.





Application Notes

Gain-SettingResistorsRanges and Input-Blocking Capacitors

The gain-setting resistors, R_{IN} and R_{FB} , must be chosen so that noise, stability, and input capacitor size of the DIO2128 are kept within acceptable limits. Voltage gain is defined as R_{FB} divided by R_{IN} .

Table 1 lists the recommended resistor value for different gain settings. Selecting values that are too low demands a large input ac-coupling capacitor C_{IN} . Selecting values that are too high increases the noise of the amplifier.

The gain-setting resistor must be placed close to the input pins to minimize capacitive loading on these input pins and to ensure maximum stability.

Table 1 Input Capacitor with 2Hz cutoff and Resistor Values Recommended

Input Res.,	Feedback Res.,	Inverting Gain
22 kΩ	22 kΩ	-1 V/V
15 kΩ	30 kΩ	-2 V/V
10 kΩ	100 kΩ	-10 V/V

$$f_{CIN} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{IN}C_{IN}}$$
 or

$$C_{IN} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{IN} f_{CIN}}$$

-IN R_{IN} R_{FB}

Equation 1 Cutoff decision Cutoff

Figure 2 Inverting Gain Configurations

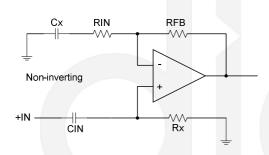


Figure 3 Non-Inverting Gain Configuration

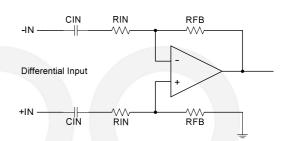


Figure 4 Differential Gain Configuration



INPUT-BLOCKING CAPACITORS

DC input-blocking capacitors are required to be added in series with the audio signal into the input pins of DIO2128. These capacitors block the dc portion of the audio source and allow DIO2128 inputs to be properly biased to provide maximum performance.

These capacitors form a high-pass filter with the input resistor, R_{IN} . The cutoff frequency is calculated using the equation below. For this calculation, the capacitance used is the input-blocking capacitor, and the resistance is the input resistor chosen from Table 1; then the frequency and/or capacitance can be determined when one of the two values is given.

2nd Order Filter Typical Application

Several audio DACs used today require an external low-pass filter to remove out-of-band noise. This is possible with the DIO2128, as it can be used like a standard OPAMP. Several filter topologies can be implemented, both single-ended and differential. In Figure 3, a multi-feedback (MFB) with differential input and single-ended input is shown.

An ac-coupling capacitor to remove dc content from the source is shown; it serves to block any dc content from the source and lowers the dc-gain to 1, helping reducing the output dc-offset to minimum.

The resistor values should have a low value for obtaining low noise, but should also have a high enough value to get a small size ac-coupling capacitor.

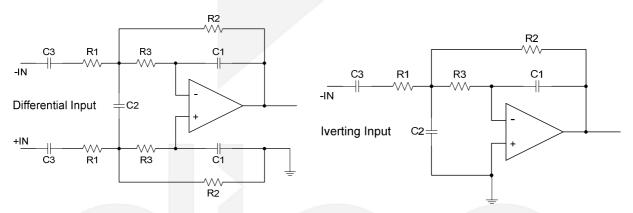


Figure 5 Second-Order Active Low-Pass Filter

Charge Pump Flying Capacitor and PVSS Capacitor

The charge pump flying capacitor serves to transfer charge during the generation of the negative supply voltage. The PVSS capacitor must be at least equal to the charge pump capacitor in order to allow maximum charge transfer. Low ESR X5R or X7R capacitors are recommended selection, a value of typical $0.33\mu F$ is recommended for C_{PUMP} , and a value of typical $1\mu F$ is recommended for P_{VSS} . Capacitor values can be smaller than the value recommended, but the maximum output voltage may be reduced and the device may not operate to specifications.



Decoupling Capacitors

The DIO2128 requires adequate power supply decoupling to ensure that the noise and total harmonic distortion (THD) are low. A good low equivalent-series-resistance (ESR) X5R or X7R ceramic capacitor, typically a combine of paralleled $0.1\mu F$ and $10\mu F$, placed as close as possible to the device V_{DD} lead works best. Placing this decoupling capacitor close to the DIO2128 is important for the performance of the amplifier. For filtering lower-frequency noise signals, a $10\mu F$ or greater capacitor placed near the audio power amplifier would also help but it is not required in most applications because of the high PSRR of this device.

Pop-Free Power-Up

Pop-free power up is ensured by keeping the EN (shut down pin) low during power-supply ramp up and ramp down. The EN pin should be kept low until the input ac-coupling capacitors are fully charged before asserting the EN pin high to achieve pop-less power up. Figure 6 illustrates the preferred sequence.

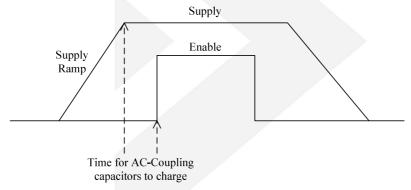
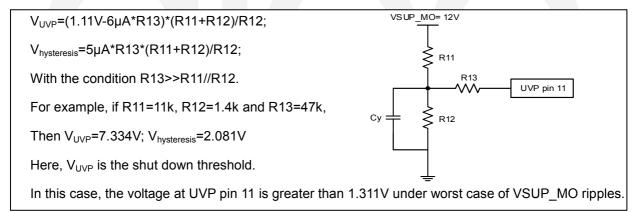


Figure 6 Power-Up Sequences

External Under-voltage Detection

External under-voltage detection can be used to shut down the DIO2128 before an input device can generate a pop noise. Although the shut down voltage is 1.11V, customers need to consider the accuracy of system passive components such as resistors and associated temperature variation. Users often select a resistor divider to obtain the power-on and shut down threshold for the specific application. The typical thresholds can be calculated as follows:

Case 1: VSUP_MO= 12V (Recommended)





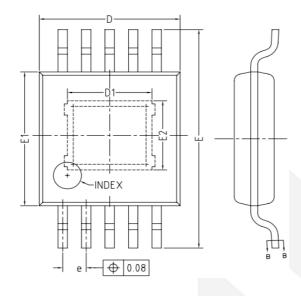
Capacitive Load

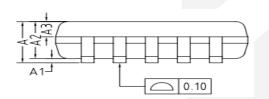
The DIO2128 has the ability to drive a high capacitive load up to 220pF directly. Higher capacitive loads can be accepted by adding a series resistor of 47Ω or larger.

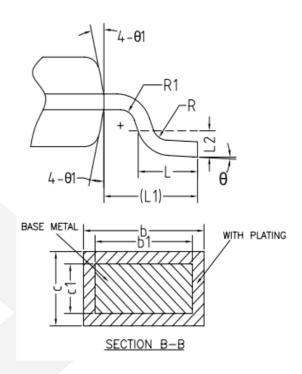
For further assistance, please contact DIOO worldwide sales office to seek technical support. You can find DIOO sales office information at www.dioo.com.



Physical Dimensions: EP-MSOP-10







Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
A	/-	-	1.10
A1	0	_	0.15
A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
A3	0.25	0.35	0.39
b	0.18	-	0.27
b1	0.17	0.20	0.23
C	0.15	-	0.20
c1	0.14	0.15	0.16
D	2.90	3.00	3.10
D1	0.75	1	2.50
E	4.70	4.90	5.10
E1	2.90	3.00	3.10
E2	0.75	-	2.50
е	0.40	0.50	0.60
L	0.40	0.60	0.80
L1		0.95REF	
L2		0.25BSC	
R	0.07	-	-
R1	0.07	-	-
Θ	0°	-	8°
Θ1	9°	12°	15°



CONTACT US

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