



DMC1015UPD

#### COMPLEMENTARY PAIR ENHANCEMENT MODE MOSFET **POWERDI**

#### **Product Summary**

Device	BV <sub>DSS</sub>	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C
Q1	12V	$17m\Omega$ @ $V_{GS} = 4.5V$	9.5A
		$25m\Omega$ @ $V_{GS} = 2.5V$	7.8A
Q2	-20V	$35m\Omega$ @ $V_{GS} = -4.5V$	-6.8A
		$55m\Omega$ @ $V_{GS} = -2.5V$	-5.3A

# **Description and Applications**

This new generation Complementary Pair Enhancement Mode MOSFET has been designed to minimize  $R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$  and yet maintain superior switching performance. This device is ideal for use in Notebook battery power management and Load switch.

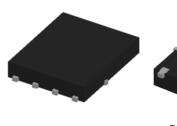
- Notebook Battery Power Management
- DC-DC Converters
- Load Switch

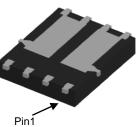
#### **Features and Benefits**

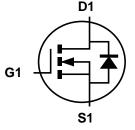
- Thermally Efficient Package Cooler Running Applications
- High Conversion Efficiency
- Low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> Minimizes On State Losses
- Low Input Capacitance
- Fast Switching Speed
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- Qualified to AEC-Q101 Standards for High Reliability

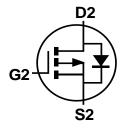
#### Mechanical Data

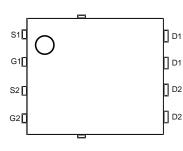
- Case: PowerDI5060-8 (Type C)
- Case Material: Molded Plastic, "Green" Molding Compound. UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-0
- Moisture Sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020
- Terminals: Finish 100% Matte Tin Annealed over Copper Leadframe. Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208 (3)
- Terminal Connections: See Diagram Below
- Weight: 0.097 grams (Approximate)











Top View

**Bottom View** 

Q1 N-Channel MOSFET

Q2 P-Channel MOSFET

Top View Pin Configuration

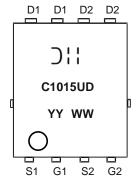
#### Ordering Information (Note 4)

Part Number	Case	Packaging		
DMC1015UPD-13	PowerDI5060-8 (Type C)	2,500 / Tape & Reel		

Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
- 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead\_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
- 4. For packaging details, go to our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/packages.html.

### **Marking Information**



⊃¦¦ = Manufacturer's Marking C1015UD = Product Type Marking Code YYWW = Date Code Marking YY = Year (ex: 16= 2016) WW = Week (01 to 53)



## **Maximum Ratings** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Q1 Value	Q2 Value	Unit		
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DSS</sub>	12	-20	V		
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GSS</sub>	±8	±8	V		
Continuous Drain Current (Note 5) V 4 5V	Steady State	$T_A = +25$ °C $T_A = +70$ °C	I <sub>D</sub>	9.5 7.6	-6.8 -5.4	А
Continuous Drain Current (Note 5) V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5V	t<10s	$T_A = +25$ °C $T_A = +70$ °C	I <sub>D</sub>	13.0 10.4	-9.4 -7.5	А
Maximum Body Diode Forward Current (Note 5)	I <sub>S</sub>	2.4	-2.2	Α		
Pulsed Drain Current (10µs Pulse, Duty Cycle =	I <sub>DM</sub>	65	-35	Α		
Avalanche Current (Note 6) L = 0.1mH	I <sub>AS</sub>	22	-20	Α		
Avalanche Energy (Note 6) L = 0.1mH	E <sub>AS</sub>	25	20	mJ		

## **Thermal Characteristics**

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Total Power Dissipation (Note 5)	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	D-	2.3	- W
Total Fower Dissipation (Note 3)	T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C	$P_{D}$	1.5	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 5)	Steady State	D	56	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 5)	t<10s	$R_{ heta JA}$	29	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{ heta JC}$	5.4		
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to +150	°C	

## Electrical Characteristics Q1 N-Channel (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition
OFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note 7)						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV <sub>DSS</sub>	12	_	_	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	_	_	1	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = 12V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	_	_	±100	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 8V$ , $V_{DS} = 0V$
ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 7)						
Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(TH)</sub>	0.6	0.8	1.5	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu A$
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	D-s/s/	_	9.6	17	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 11.8A$
Static Brain-Source On-Nesistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	_	11	25	11152	$V_{GS} = 2.5V, I_D = 9.8A$
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	_	0.7	1.2	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{S} = 2.9A$
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (Note 8)						
Input Capacitance	Ciss	_	1495	_		$V_{DS} = 6V, V_{GS} = 0V,$ f = 1.0MHz
Output Capacitance	Coss	_	310	_	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>	_	285	_		
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	_	1.6	_	Ω	$V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = 0V, f = 1.0MHz$
Total Gate Charge (V <sub>GS</sub> = 3.3V)	Qg	_	11.5	_		V <sub>DS</sub> = 6V, I <sub>D</sub> = 11.8A
Total Gate Charge (V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5V)	$Q_g$	_	15.6	_	nC	
Gate-Source Charge	Qgs	_	2.3	_	IIC	VDS = 6V, ID = 11.6A
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>	_	4.6	_		
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>D(ON)</sub>	_	5.7	_		
Turn-On Rise Time	t <sub>R</sub>	_	10.1	_	ns	$\begin{split} V_{DD} &= 6V, \ R_L = 6\Omega \\ V_{GS} &= 4.5V, \ R_g = 6\Omega, \ I_D = 1A \end{split}$
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>D(OFF)</sub>	_	40.4	_	115	
Turn-Off Fall Time	t <sub>F</sub>	_	22.5	_		
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>RR</sub>	_	16.4	_	ns	I <sub>F</sub> = 2.9, di/dt = 100A/µs
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>RR</sub>	_	3.2	_	nC	$I_F = 2.9A$ , $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$



## Electrical Characteristics Q2 P-Channel (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C unless otherwise specified.)

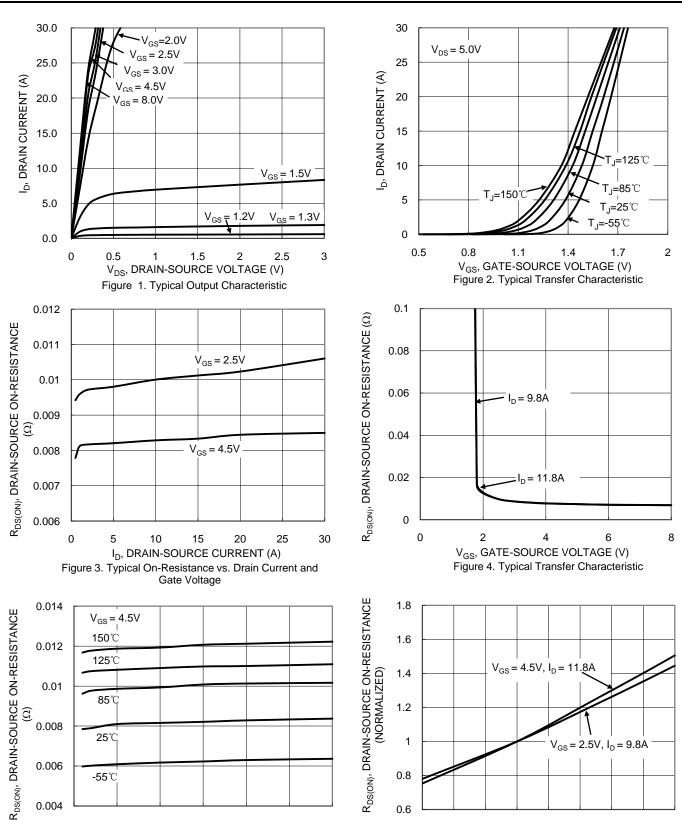
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition	
OFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note7)							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV <sub>DSS</sub>	-20	_	_	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = -250\mu A$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	_	_	-1	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = -20V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V	
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	_	_	±100	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 8V, V_{DS} = 0V$	
ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 7)							
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	-0.6	-0.8	-1.5	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = -250\mu A$	
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	Process	_	25	35	mΩ	$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_{D} = -8.9A$	
Static Brain-Source On-Resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>		34	55	11122	$V_{GS} = -2.5V, I_D = -6.9A$	
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	_	-0.8	-1.2	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{S} = -2.9A$	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (Note 8)							
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>	_	1745	_		V <sub>DS</sub> = -10V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, f = 1.0MHz	
Output Capacitance	Coss	_	146	_	pF		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	_	119	_			
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	_	7.5	_	Ω	$V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = 0V, f = 1.0MHz$	
Total Gate Charge (V <sub>GS</sub> = -3.3V)	Qg	_	11.2	_			
Total Gate Charge (V <sub>GS</sub> = -4.5V)	Qg	_	15.4	_	nC	V 6V 1 8 0 A	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	_	1.9	_	110	$V_{DS} = -6V, I_{D} = -8.9A$	
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$	_	2.9	_			
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>D(ON)</sub>	_	7.4	_			
Turn-On Rise Time	t <sub>R</sub>	_	6.2	_	no	$V_{DD} = -6V, R_g = 6\Omega$	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>D(OFF)</sub>	_	60.1	_	ns	$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_{D} = -1A$	
Turn-Off Fall Time	t <sub>F</sub>	_	16.3	_			
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>RR</sub>	_	9.2	_	ns	I <sub>F</sub> = -2.9A, di/dt = -100A/μs	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{RR}$	_	2.8	_	nC	$I_F = -2.9A$ , $di/dt = -100A/\mu s$	

Notes:

- 5. Device mounted on FR-4 substrate PC board, 2oz copper, with 1inch square copper plate. 6.  $I_{AS}$  and  $E_{AS}$  rating are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep  $T_J$  = +25°C. 7. Short duration pulse test used to minimize self-heating effect. 8. Guaranteed by design. Not subject to product testing.



## **Typical Characteristics - N-CHANNEL**



10

15

 $\label{eq:ld} {\rm I_D,\,DRAIN\,CURRENT\,(A)}$  Figure 5. Typical On-Resistance  $\,$  vs. Drain Current and

20

25

150

Temperature

30

-50

0

5



### **Typical Characteristics - N-CHANNEL (Cont.)**

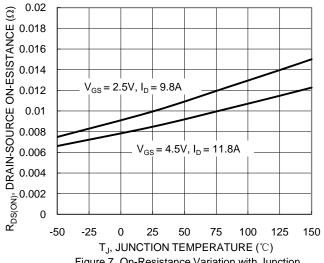
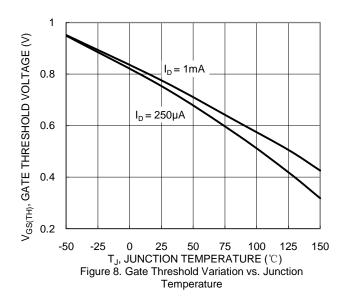
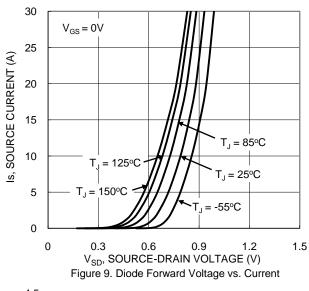
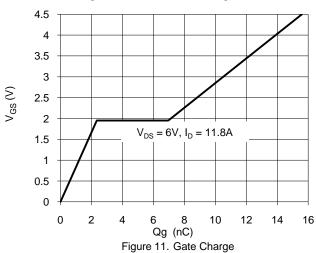
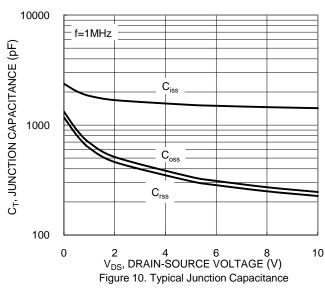


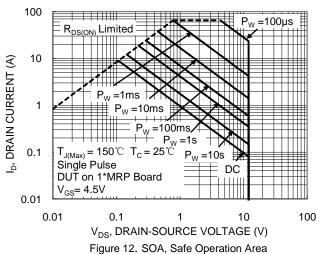
Figure 7. On-Resistance Variation with Junction Temperature





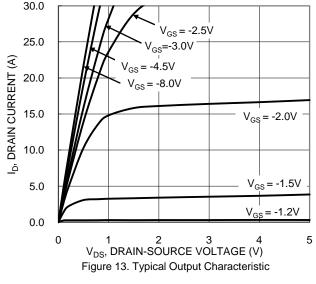








## **Typical Characteristics - P-CHANNEL**



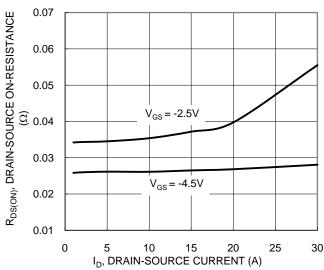


Figure 15. Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

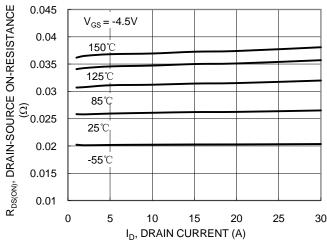
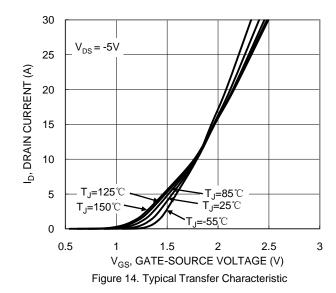
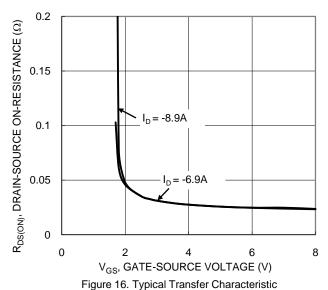
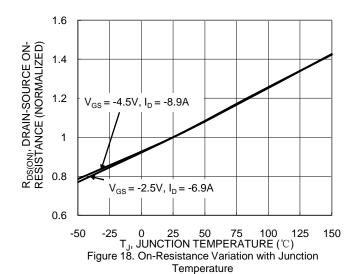


Figure 17. Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Junction Temperature









### **Typical Characteristics - P-CHANNEL** (Cont.)

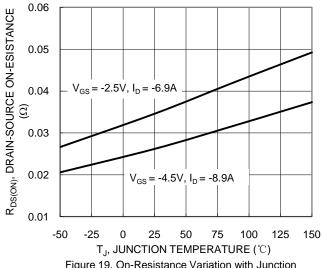


Figure 19. On-Resistance Variation with Junction Temperature

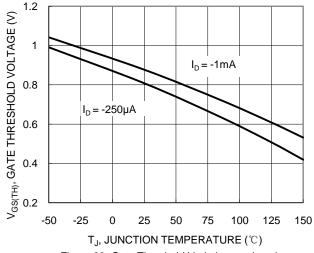
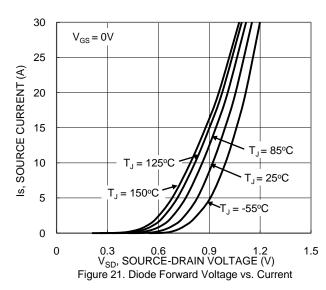
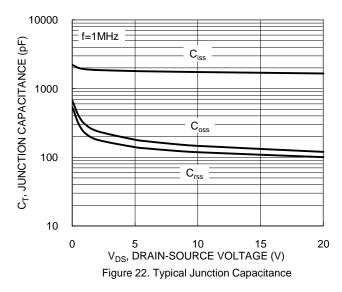
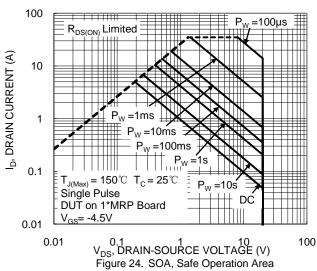


Figure 20. Gate Threshold Variation vs. Junction Temperature



4.5 4 3.5 3  $V_{GS}(V)$ 2.5 2 1.5  $V_{DS} = -6V, I_{D} = -8.9A$ 1 0.5 0 0 2 Qg (nC) 14 16 Figure 23. Gate Charge







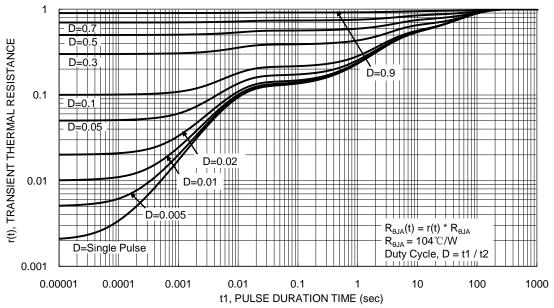


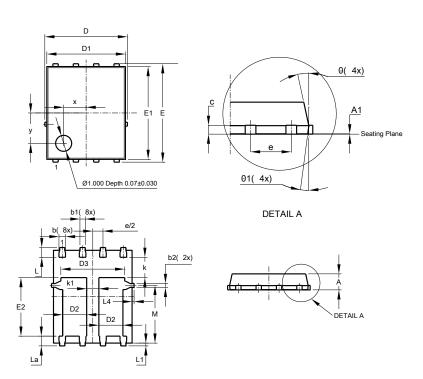
Figure 25. Transient Thermal Resistance



### **Package Outline Dimensions**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

#### PowerDI5060-8 (Type C)

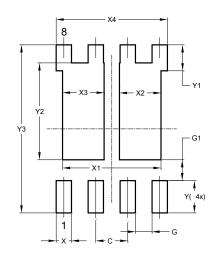


Pow	PowerDI5060-8 (Type C)							
Dim	Min	Max	Тур					
Α	0.90	1.10	1.00					
A1	0	0.05	0.02					
b	0.33	0.51	0.41					
b1	0.300	0.366	0.333					
b2	0.20	0.35	0.25					
С	0.23	0.33	0.277					
D	5	.15 BS0	C					
D1	4.85	4.95	4.90					
D2	1.40	1.60	1.50					
D3	-	-	3.98					
Е	6.15 BSC							
E1	5.75	5.85	5.80					
E2	3.56	3.76	3.66					
е	1.27BSC							
k	-	-	1.27					
k1	0.56	-	-					
L	0.51	0.71	0.61					
La	0.51	0.71	0.61					
L1	0.05	0.20	0.175					
L4	-	-	0.125					
М	3.50	3.71	3.605					
X	-	-	1.400					
у	-	-	1.900					
θ	10°	12°	11°					
θ1	6°	8°	7°					
All Dimensions in mm								

## **Suggested Pad Layout**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

#### PowerDI5060-8 (Type C)



Value (in mm)
1.270
0.660
0.820
0.610
3.910
1.650
1.650
4.420
1.270
1.020
3.810
6.610



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  - 2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
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