

DS12W---DS120W

Surface Mount Schottky Barrier Rectifier
Reverse Voltage - 20 to 200 V
Forward Current - 1.0 A

FEATURES

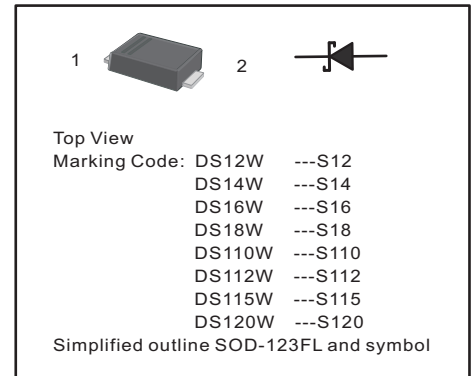
- Metal silicon junction, majority carrier conduction
- For surface mounted applications
- Low power loss, high efficiency
- High forward surge current capability
- For use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free wheeling, and polarity protection applications

MECHANICAL DATA

- Case: SOD-123FL
- Terminals: Solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026
- Approx. Weight: 15mg 0.00048oz

PINNING

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	Cathode
2	Anode



Absolute Maximum Ratings and Electrical characteristics

Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified. Single phase, half wave, 60Hz resistive or inductive load, for capacitive load, derate by 20 %

Parameter	Symbols	DS12W	DS14W	DS16W	DS18W	DS110W	DS112W	DS115W	DS120W	Units	
Maximum Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	20	40	60	80	100	120	150	200	V	
Maximum RMS voltage	V_{RMS}	14	28	42	56	70	84	105	140	V	
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V_{DC}	20	40	60	80	100	120	150	200	V	
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current	$I_{F(AV)}$	1.0								A	
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3ms Single Half Sine-wave Superimposed on Rated Load (JEDEC method)	I_{FSM}	40				30				A	
Max Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 1 A	V_F	0.55	0.70		0.85		0.90		V		
Maximum DC Reverse Current $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ at Rated DC Reverse Voltage $T_a = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_R	0.3 10			0.2 5		0.1 2		mA		
Typical Junction Capacitance ⁽¹⁾	C_j	110		80						pF	
Typical Thermal Resistance ⁽²⁾	$R_{\theta JA}$	85								°C/W	
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_j	-55 ~ +125									°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-55 ~ +150									°C

(1) Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4 V D.C.

(2) P.C.B. mounted with 1.0 X 1.0" (2.54 X 2.54 cm) copper pad areas.

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Fig.1 Forward Current Derating Curve

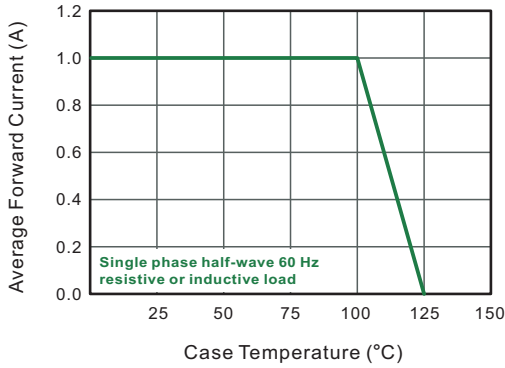


Fig.2 Typical Reverse Characteristics

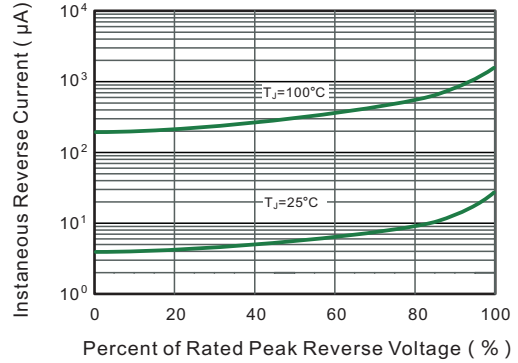


Fig.3 Typical Forward Characteristic

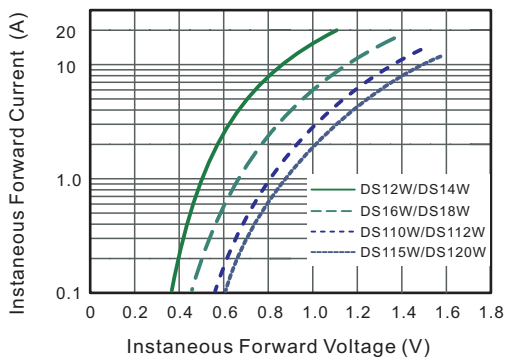


Fig.4 Typical Junction Capacitance

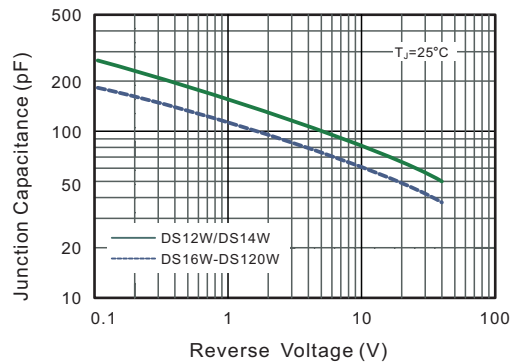


Fig.5 Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current

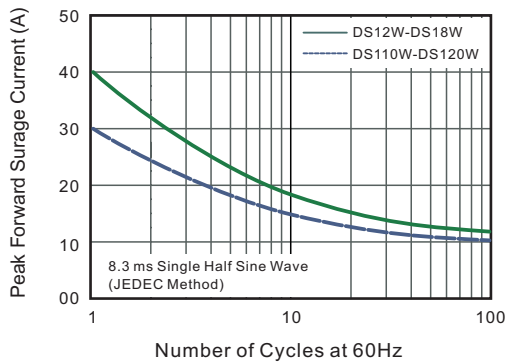


Fig.6- Typical Transient Thermal Impedance

