

- RATED 2-5W OUTPUT
- HIGH POWER DENSITY
- SINGLE&DUAL OUTPUT
- INDUSTRIAL STANDARD PIN-OUT
- NO HEAT SINK REQUIRED
- 1K VDC ISOLATION
- WIDE INPUT: 2: 1
- REGULATED OUTPUT
- PCB MOUNTING
- OVER CURRENT&SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION



The DW2-5 series DC-DC converter offers 2-5 watts regulated power from a 24 PIN international standard DIP package. The series are especially designed for the application of telecommunication, industry control, instrumentation and measurements. With its features, the product can be used where the wider input, regulated output and isolation needed.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

All specifications tested typically @ 25°C, humidity<75%, nominal input and rated output unless otherwise noted.

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Items:	Testing condition	Min	Typ	Max
Output accuracy:	At full load and nominal Vin			±2%
Output power:	Full load	10%	2W-5W	full load 120%
Line regulation:	Input voltage from low to high			0.5%
Load regulation:	From 10% to full load	Single Vout		0.5%
		Dual Vout		2%
Ripple and noise:	20MHz bandwidth			50mVp-p
Temperature drift				0.03 %/°C
Minimum load				10%
Switching frequency			400KHz	
Over load protection	% of FL at nominal input		120	
Short circuit protection		Continuous and automatic recovery		

INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Items:	Testing condition	Min	Typ	Max
Input voltage range	5VDC		4.5-9VDC	
	12VDC		9-18VDC	
	24VDC		18-36VDC	
	48VDC		36-72VDC	
Input filter		Pi		
Start-up time	Nominal Vin and certain load		100mS	

COMMON SPECIFICATIONS				
Items		Min	Typ.	Max
Operating temperature range		-40°C		+85°C
Storage temperature range		-55°C		+125°C
Humidity				<75%
Cooling	Free Air Convection			
Isolation voltage (VDC)	Input to Output		1,000	
Isolation resistance (ohms)			10 ⁹	
Isolation capacitance (pF)				30
Efficiency (%)	See Product List	70		80
Case material	Non-conductive black copper			
Potting material	Epoxy Resin UL94-V0			
Packing material	Tube			
Dimension (mm / inch)	25.40*25.40*10.14 (1.00*1.00*0.40)			
Weight (g)	14			
MTBF (Hrs)		10 ⁶		

PRODUCT LIST							
Part Number	Input Voltage (VDC)		Output		Efficiency (%, Typ.)	Package	
	Range	Nominal	Current (mA)	Voltage (VDC)			
DW5-12S33	9-18	12	1100	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW5-12S05		12	1000	5	78	DIP	Single Output
DW5-12S12		12	417	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW5-12S15		12	333	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW5-12D05		12	±500	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-12D12		12	±208	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-12D15		12	±167	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-24S33	18-36	24	1100	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW5-24S05		24	1000	5	80	DIP	Single Output
DW5-24S12		24	417	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW5-24S15		24	333	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW5-24D05		24	±500	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-24D12		24	±208	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-24D15		24	±167	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-48S3R3	36-72	48	1100	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW5-48S05		48	1000	5	78	DIP	Single Output
DW5-48S12		48	417	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW5-48S15		48	333	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW5-48D24		48	±100	±24	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-48D05		48	±500	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-48D12		48	±208	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW5-48D15		48	±167	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output

PRODUCT LIST							
Part Number	Input Voltage (VDC)		Output		Efficiency (%, Typ.)	Package	
	Range	Nominal	Current (mA)	Voltage (VDC)			
DW2-12S33	9-18	12	667	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW2-12S05		12	400	5	78	DIP	Single Output
DW2-12S12		12	167	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW2-12S15		12	133	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW2-12D05		12	±200	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output
DW2-12D12		12	±84	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW2-12D15		12	±67	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW2-24S33	18-36	24	667	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW2-24S05		24	400	5	80	DIP	Single Output
DW2-24S12		24	167	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW2-24S15		24	133	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW2-24D05		24	±200	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output
DW2-24D12		24	±84	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW2-24D15		24	±67	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW2-48S33	36-72	48	667	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW2-48S05		48	400	5	78	DIP	Single Output
DW2-48S12		48	167	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW2-48S15		48	133	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW2-48D05		48	±200	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output
DW2-48D12		48	±84	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW2-48D15		48	±67	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output

PRODUCT LIST								
Part Number	Input Voltage (VDC)			Output		Efficiency (%, Typ.)	Package	
	Range	Nominal	Max.	Current (mA)	Voltage (VDC)			
DW3-12S33	9-18	12		909	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW3-12S05		12		600	5	78	DIP	Single Output
DW3-12S12		12		250	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW3-12S15		12		200	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW3-12D05		12		±300	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output
DW3-12D12		12		±125	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW3-12D15		12		±100	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW3-24S33	18-36	24		909	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW3-24S05		24		600	5	80	DIP	Single Output
DW3-24S12		24		250	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW3-24S15		24		200	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW3-24D05		24		±300	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output
DW3-24D12		24		±125	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW3-24D15		24		±100	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW3-48S33	36-72	48		909	3.3	70	DIP	Single Output
DW3-48S05		48		600	5	78	DIP	Single Output
DW3-48S12		48		250	12	80	DIP	Single Output
DW3-48S15		48		200	15	80	DIP	Single Output
DW3-48D05		48		±300	±5	78	DIP	Dual Output

DW3-48D12		48	±125	±12	80	DIP	Dual Output
DW3-48D15		48	±200	±15	80	DIP	Dual Output

Note:(1) A minimum 10% load is required on the output to meet the published specifications. Even though working at no load condition will not damage the device, it is not adoptable.

- (2) If the output power needed is smaller than rated, please connect a proper value resistor at output end in parallel to increase the load or contact us for a lower power product.
- (3) For lower noise and ripple, please use a “LC” filter network at the output. The capacitance must be at proper value in case of start-up problems.

CONNECTING DC-DC CONVERTERS IN SERIES

Galvanic isolation of the output allows multiple converters to be connected in series simply by connecting the positive output of one converter to the negative of another (see figure 1). In this way, non-standard voltage rails can be generated, however, the current output of the highest output voltage converter should not be exceeded. When converters are connected in series, additional filtering is strongly recommended as the converters switching circuits are not synchronized. As well as a summation of the ripple voltages, the output could also produce relatively large beat frequencies. A capacitor across the output will help, as will a series inductor.

CONNECTING DC-DC CONVERTERS IN PARALLEL

If the available power output from a single converter is inadequate for the application, then multiple converters can be paralleled to produce a higher output power. However, it is not recommended to parallel converters to generate a higher power output, please select our higher power output modules or contact us for a customized solution.

It should be noted that it is always preferable to parallel multiple converters of the same type. For instance, if a 2.5W converter is required, then either 2pcs AxxxxS-2W should be used or 3 AxxxxS-1W, not an AxxxxS-2W and an AxxxxS-1W. The reason for this is that the output voltages are not sufficiently well matched to guarantee that an AxxxxS-2W would supply twice as much as an AxxxxS-1W and the situation would occur where there was only 1W being drawn from the AxxxxS-2W and 1.5W from AxxxxS-1W. Even with paralleled converters of the same type, loading will be uneven, however, there is only likely to be around a 10% difference in output load when the output voltages are well matched.

When connecting converter outputs, it should be remembered that the switching will not be synchronous, hence some form of coupling should be employed. One possible solution is to use a diode feed, this is suitable mainly for 12V and 15V output types only where the diode voltage drop (typically 0.6V) will not significantly affect the circuit functionality (see figure 2). With 5V and 9V supplies the diode drop is generally too large to consider as a suitable means of connecting paralleled converters. This method also has a beat frequency that will superimpose itself over the ripple of the two converters, this can be reduced by using an external capacitor at the paralleled output. The preferred method of connecting converters in parallel is via series inductors on the output (see figure 3). This configuration not only has a lower loss of voltage than the diode method, but by suitable choice of inductor and an additional external capacitor, the beat frequency can be significantly reduced, as will the ripple from each converter. Suitable values are given in the table below (see table 1), these typically reduce the beat and ripple frequencies by a factor of 10.

ISOLATION

One of the main features of the majority of Sunyuan components DC-DC converters is the high galvanic isolation capability. This allows several variations on circuit topography by using a single DC-DC converter. The basic input to output isolation can be used to provide either a simple isolated output power source, or to generate different voltage rails and /or dual polarity rails. These configurations are most often found in data processing, instrumentation and other noise sensitive circuits where it is necessary to isolate the load and noise presented to the local power supply rails from that of an entire system. Usually local supply noise appears as common mode noise at the converter and does not pollute the main system power supply rails. The isolated positive output can be connected to the input ground rail to generate a negative supply rail if required. Since the output is isolated from the input the choice of reference for the output side can be relatively arbitrary, for example an additional single rail can be generated above the main supply rail or offset by some other DC value.

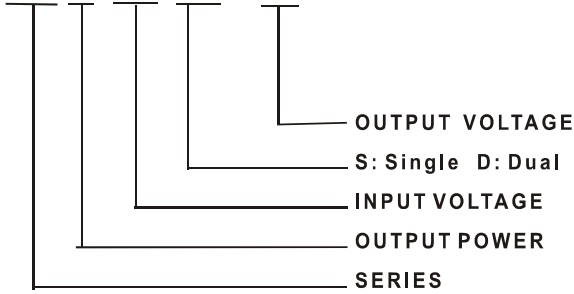
Regulated converters need more consideration than the unregulated type for mixing the reference level. Essentially the single supply rail has a regulator in its positive output rail only, hence referring the isolated ground will only work if all the current return is through the DC-DC and not via other external components, such as diode bias, resistor feed. Have an alternative return path can upset the regulation and the performance of the system may not equal that of the converter. In one word, the isolation features are to generate two completely independent power supply but also united perfectly through the modern technology. This has been widely used in the application of mixed circuits, A/D, D/A and other circuits that are sensitive to noise.

FILTERING

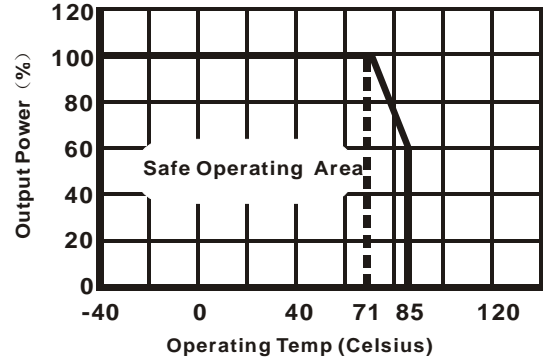
All Sunyuan isolated DC-DC Converters have a fixed characteristic frequency at which the device operates. This fixed frequency allows filtering that is relatively simple compared to pulse-skipping types. In a pulse-skipping converter a large range of frequencies are encountered as the device adjusts the pulse interval for loading conditions.

NOMENCLATURE

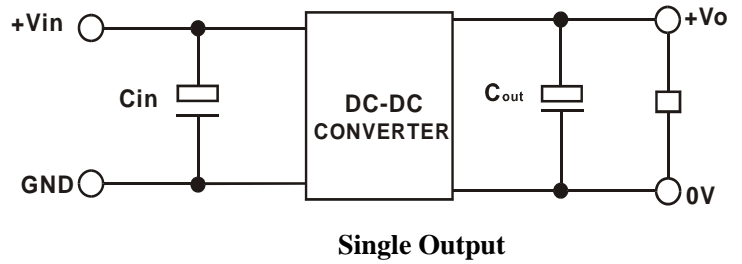
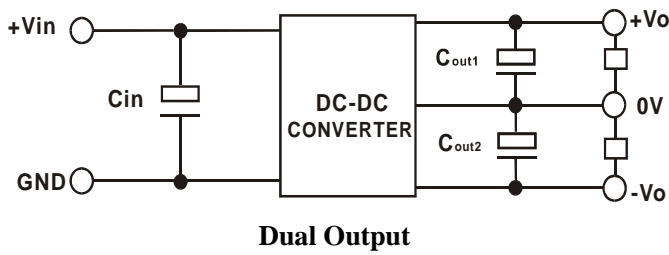
DW3-24 S/D 05



TEMPERATURE DERATING GRAPH

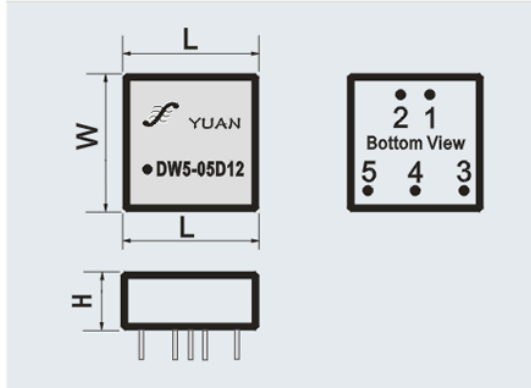


TYPICAL CONNECTION



OUTLINE DIMENSION

SIZE	SIP(LxWxH)	DIP(LxWxH)
DW	—	25.4x25.4x10.14



PKG	Vin	GND	+Vo	0V	-Vo
DW-S	1	2	3	5	-
DW-D	1	2	3	4	5

PINS DESCRIPTION

Single Output	Pin	Dual Output
Vin	1	Vin
GND	2	GND
+Vo	3	+Vo
Omitted	4	0V
0V	5	-Vo

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