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Data Sheet Issue:- A1

# An **IXYS** Company

## Provisional Data High Power Sonic FRD Type E0800QC25C

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	VOLTAGE RATINGS	MAXIMUM LIMITS	
V <sub>RRM</sub>	Repetitive peak reverse voltage, (note 1)	2500	V
V <sub>RSM</sub>	Non-repetitive peak reverse voltage, (note 1)	2600	V
V <sub>R(d.c.)</sub>	Maximum reverse d.c. voltage (note 1)	1500	V

	OTHER RATINGS (note 6)	MAXIMUM LIMITS	UNITS
I <sub>F(AV)M</sub>	Mean forward current, T <sub>sink</sub> =55°C, (note 2)	960	А
I <sub>F(AV)M</sub>	Mean forward current. T <sub>sink</sub> =100°C, (note 2)	632	А
I <sub>F(AV)M</sub>	Mean forward current. T <sub>sink</sub> =100°C, (note 3)	388	А
I <sub>F(RMS)</sub>	Nominal RMS forward current, T <sub>sink</sub> =25°C, (note 2)	1792	А
I <sub>F(d.c.)</sub>	D.C. forward current, T <sub>sink</sub> =25°C, (note 4)	1577	А
I <sub>FSM</sub>	Peak non-repetitive surge t <sub>p</sub> =10ms, V <sub>RM</sub> =60%V <sub>RRM</sub> , (note 5)	10.7	kA
I <sub>FSM2</sub>	Peak non-repetitive surge t <sub>p</sub> =10ms, V <sub>RM</sub> ≤10(V, (note-5)	11.8	kA
l <sup>2</sup> t	$I^{2}t$ capacity for fusing t <sub>p</sub> =10ms, V <sub>RM</sub> =60%V <sub>RRM</sub> , (note 5)	5.75×10⁵	A <sup>2</sup> s
l <sup>2</sup> t	$I^{2}t$ capacity for fusing t <sub>p</sub> =10ms, V <sub>RM</sub> ≤10V, (note-5)	6.96×10 <sup>5</sup>	A <sup>2</sup> s
Prr	Maximum peak reverse recovery power, (note Z)	1.9	MW
T <sub>j op</sub>	Operating temperature range	-40 to +150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	-40 to +150	°C

Notes:-

- 1) De-rating factor of 0.13% per °C is applicable for T<sub>i</sub> below 25°C.
- 2) Double side cooled, single phase; 50Hz, 180° half-sinewave.
- 3) Single side cooled, single phase; 50Hz, 180° half-sinewave.
- 4) Double side cooled.
- 5) Half-sinewave, 150°C T<sub>j</sub> initial.
- 6) Current ( $I_F$ ) ratings have been calculated using  $V_{T0}$  and  $r_T$  (see page 2)
- 7)  $T_j=T_{jop}$ ,  $I_F=800A$ ,  $di/dt=1500A/\mu$ s  $V_F=1250V$  and  $L_s=200$ nH. Test circuit and sample waveform are shown in diagram 1. IGBT type T0850VB25E used as switch.



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#### **Characteristics**

	PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TEST CONDITIONS (Note 1)	UNITS
V <sub>FM</sub>	Maximum peak forward voltage	-	1.92	2.05	I <sub>FM</sub> =800A	V
		-	-	2.81	I <sub>FM</sub> =1600A	V
V <sub>T0</sub>	Threshold voltage	-	-	1.41	Current range 960A - 2880A (Note 2)	X
r <sub>T</sub>	Slope resistance	-	-	0.839		$/m\Omega$
V <sub>T01</sub>	Threshold voltage	-	-	1.34	Current range 800A – 2400A	$(\mathbf{y})$
r <sub>T1</sub>	Slope resistance	-	-	0.883		mΩ
V <sub>frm</sub>	Maximum forward recovery voltage	-	-	140	di/dt = 3000A/µs di/dt = 3000A/µs, Tj=25°C	$\sum_{v}$
		-	-	65		V
I <sub>RRM</sub>	Peak reverse current	-	-	20	Rated V <sub>RRM</sub> Rated V <sub>RRM</sub> , Tj=25°C	
		-	-	5		mA
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Recovered charge	-	1420	1550		μC
Q <sub>ra</sub>	Recovered charge, 50% Chord	-	580	-	I <sub>FM</sub> =800A, t <sub>p</sub> =1ms, di/dt=1500A/µs, V <sub>r</sub> =1250V, 50% and L <sub>s</sub> =200nH. IGBT type	μC
l <sub>rm</sub>	Reverse recovery current	-	720	800	T0850VB25E used as switch./(note 3)	А
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse recovery time, 50% Chord	-	1.6	-		μs
R	Thermel registered, junction to bestainly	-	-	0.029	Double side cooled	K/W
R <sub>thJK</sub>	Thermal resistance, junction to heatsink	-	-	0.058	Single side cooled	K/W
F	Mounting force	12	-	20 /	(Note 4)	kN
W <sub>t</sub>	Weight	-	300	- (	$(  \langle / / \langle \rangle)$	g

#### Notes:-

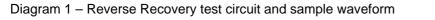
- 1) Unless otherwise indicated  $T_i=150^{\circ}C$ .
- 2)  $V_{T0}$  and  $r_T$  were used to calculate the current ratings illustrated on page one. 3) Figures 3-7 were compiled using these conditions. Test circuit and sample waveform are shown in diagram 1.
- 4) For clamp forces outside these limits, please consult factory.

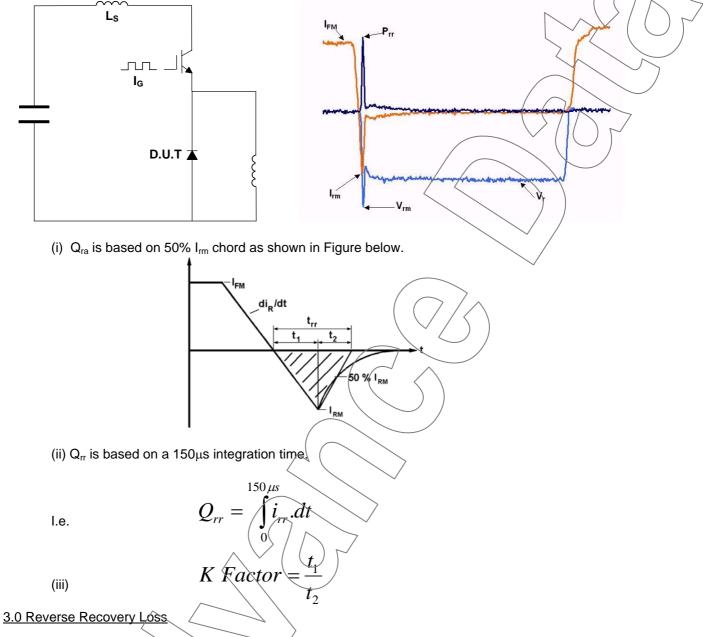
#### Additional information on Ratings and Characteristics

#### 1.0 De-rating Factor

A blocking voltage de-rating factor of 0.13% per °C is applicable to this device for T<sub>i</sub> below 25°C.

#### 2.0 Reverse recovery ratings





The following procedure is recommended for use where it is necessary to include reverse recovery loss.

From waveforms of recovery current obtained from a high frequency shunt (see Note 1) and reverse voltage present during recovery, an instantaneous reverse recovery loss waveform must be constructed. Let the area under this waveform be E joules per pulse. A new sink temperature can then be evaluated from:

 $k \neq f \cdot R_{th(J-Hs)}$  $T_{SINK} = T_{J(MAX)}$ 

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Where 
$$k = 0.2314 (°C/W)/s$$

- E = Area under reverse loss waveform per pulse in joules (W.s.)
- f = Rated frequency in Hz at the original sink temperature.

 $R_{th(J-Hs)}$  = d.c. thermal resistance (°C/W)

The total dissipation is now given by:

$$W_{(tot)} = W_{(original)} + E \cdot f$$

NOTE 1 - Reverse Recovery Loss by Measurement

This device has a low reverse recovered charge and peak reverse recovery current. When measuring the charge, care must be taken to ensure that:

(a) AC coupled devices such as current transformers are not affected by prior passage of high amplitude forward current.

(b) A suitable, polarised, clipping circuit must be connected to the input of the measuring oscilloscope to avoid overloading the internal amplifiers by the relatively high amplitude forward current signal.

(c) Measurement of reverse recovery waveform should be carried out with an appropriate critically damped snubber, connected across diode anode to cathode. The formula used for the calculation of this snubber is shown below:

$$R^2 = 4 \cdot \frac{V_r}{C_s \cdot di/dt}$$

Where:  $V_r$  = Commutating source voltage  $C_S$  = Snubber capacitance R = Snubber resistance

4.0 Computer Modelling Parameters

4.1 Device Dissipation Calculations

$$I_{AV} = \frac{-V_{T0} + \sqrt{V_{T0}^{2} + 4 \cdot ff^{2} \cdot r_{T} \cdot W_{AV}}}{2 \cdot ff^{2} \cdot r_{T}}$$

Where  $V_{T0}$  = 1.41V,  $r_T$  = 0.839m $\Omega$ 

ff = form factor (normally unity for fast diode applications)

$$W_{AV} = \frac{\Delta T}{R_{th}}$$
  

$$\Delta T = T_{j(MAX)} - T_{K}$$
  
4.2 Calculation of  $\forall_{F}$  using ABCD Coefficients

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The forward characteristic  $I_F$  Vs  $V_F$ , on page 6 is represented in two ways;

- (i) the well established  $V_{T0}$  and  $r_T$  tangent used for rating purposes and
- (ii) a set of constants A, B, C, and D forming the coefficients of the representative equation for  $V_F$  in terms of  $I_F$  given below:

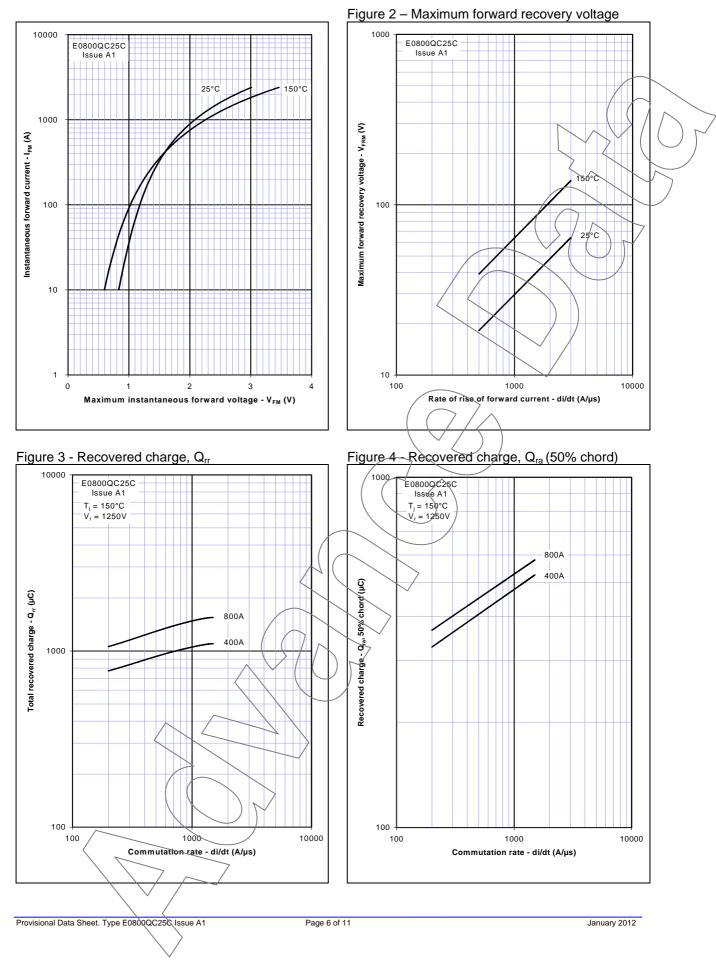
$$V_F = A + B \cdot \ln(I_F) + C \cdot I_F + D \cdot \sqrt{I_F}$$

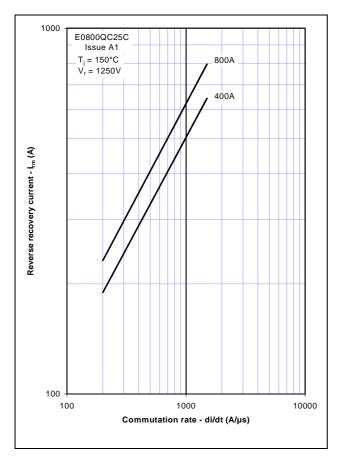
The constants, derived by curve fitting software, are given in this report for both hot and cold characteristics. The resulting values for  $V_F$  agree with the true device characteristic over a current range which is limited to that plotted.

	25°C Coefficients	150°C Coefficients		
А	0.5739639	0.3204817		
В	0.09100716	0.07528192		
С	4.296298×10 <sup>-4</sup>	4.260518×10 <sup>-4</sup>		
D	0.01421828	0.03131615		

#### <u>Curves</u>

Figure 1 – Forward characteristics of limit device





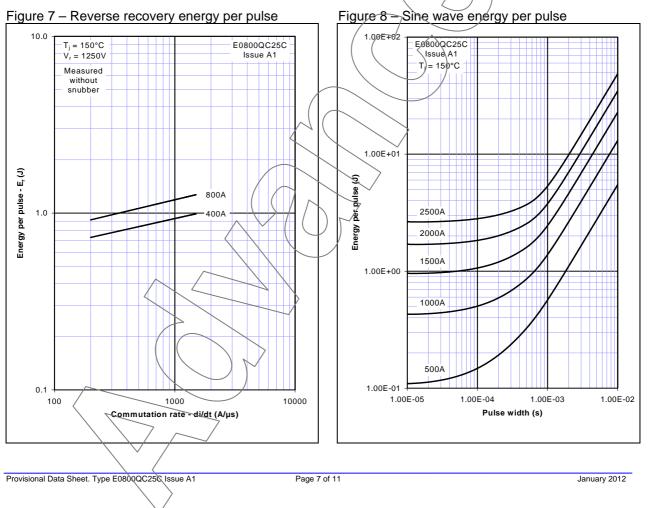
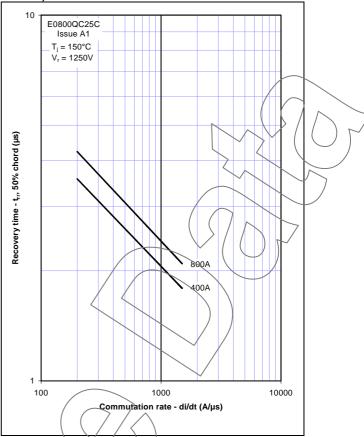


Figure 6 – Maximum recovery time, t<sub>rr</sub> (50% chord)



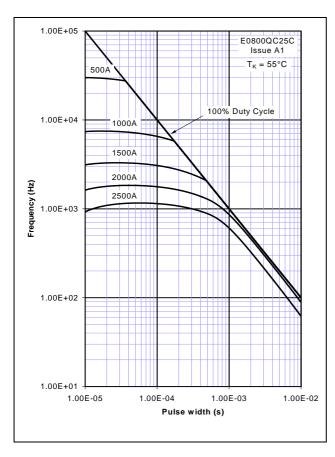


Figure 9 - Sine wave frequency vs. pulse width

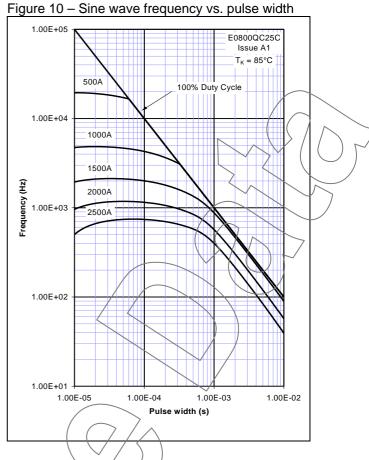
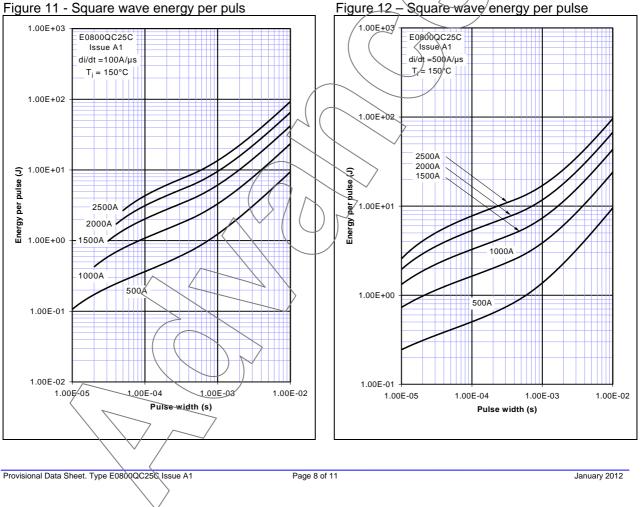
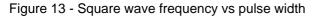
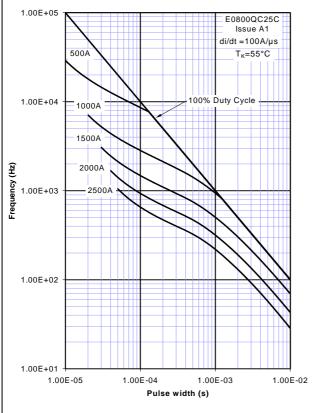
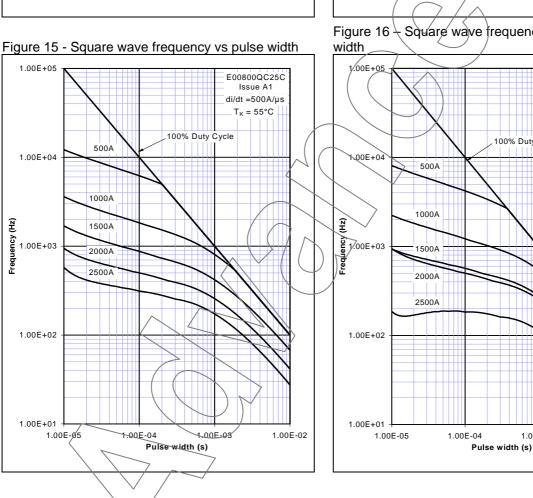


Figure 12 -Square wave energy per pulse









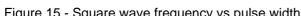
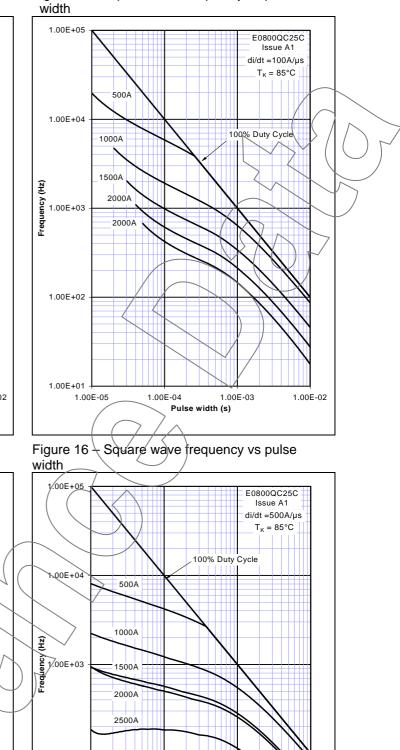


Figure 14 – Square wave frequency vs pulse

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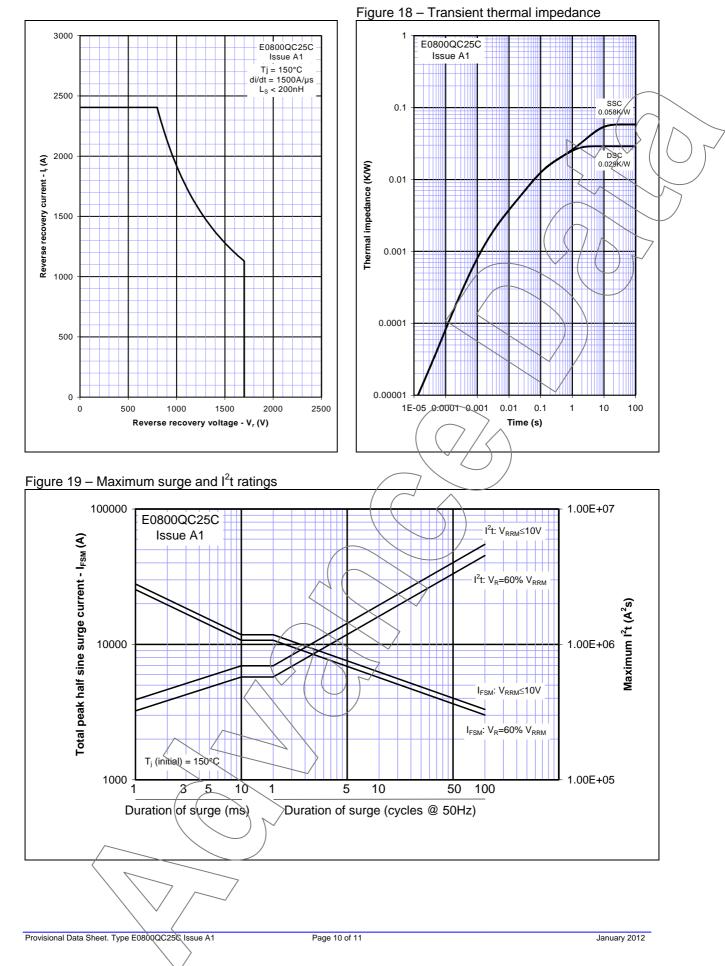


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1.00E-02

1.00E-03

### Figure 17 – Safe operating area



#### **Outline Drawing & Ordering Information**

