

General Description

ECL2011 is a 1W ($R_L=8\Omega$) Class-D audio power amplifier. ECL2011 uses the filter-less method allowing the Speaker to be directly connected to the output and features low-level distortion and noise characteristics. ECL2011 has non-clip function to control gain automatically and prevent output signal from being clipped at the supply voltage. ECL2011 has over-current and over-temperature protection function, under-voltage locked function, as well as EMI noise and pop noise reduction functions. The ECL2011 is available in MSOP8, SOP8 and SOT23-6 packages.

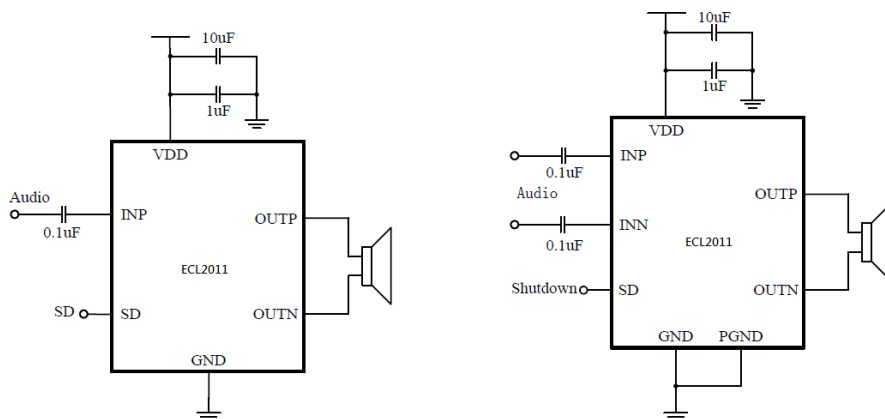
Features

- ◆ 1.0W Output at 1% THD with 8Ω load at 5V Power Supply
- ◆ Filter less, Low Quiescent Current and Low EMI
- ◆ High Efficiency up to 89%
- ◆ Soft Start Function
- ◆ VULO and OCP Protection
- ◆ Thermal Shutdown
- ◆ Pb-Free Package

Applications

- ◆ Wireless or Cellular Handsets and PDAs
- ◆ Personal Navigation devices
- ◆ General Portable Audio devices

Application Information



Ordering Information

ECL2011 N XX R

R : Tape & Reel

Package Type :

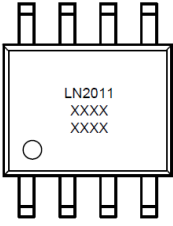
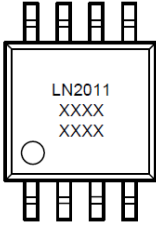
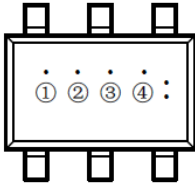
M1 : SOP8

R1 : MSOP8

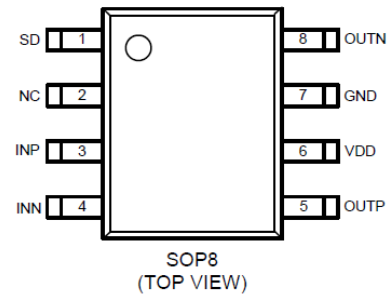
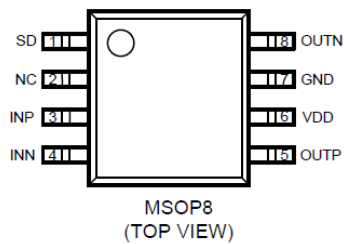
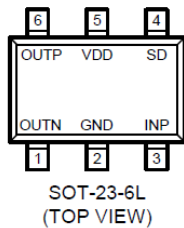
B3 : SOT23-6

N		Device orientation:
	R	Embossed Tape: Standard Feed
	L	Embossed Tape: Reverse Feed

Marking Information

Part No.	Marking	Information
ECL2011NM1R		The second and line the third line stand for the company's quality tracking information.
ECL2011NR1R		
ECL2011NB3R		① D : ECL2011 ② 1 : Output Power 1W ③ A : Single Audio Input B : Full Differential Input ④ 0~9 , A~Z repeated (G , I , J , O , Q , W are excepted) Notes: "•" represents the batch number. "•" says "1", dot not said "0"; For example: dot on the top of the "③", and the top right of the "④", said "010010", used to track the product batch.

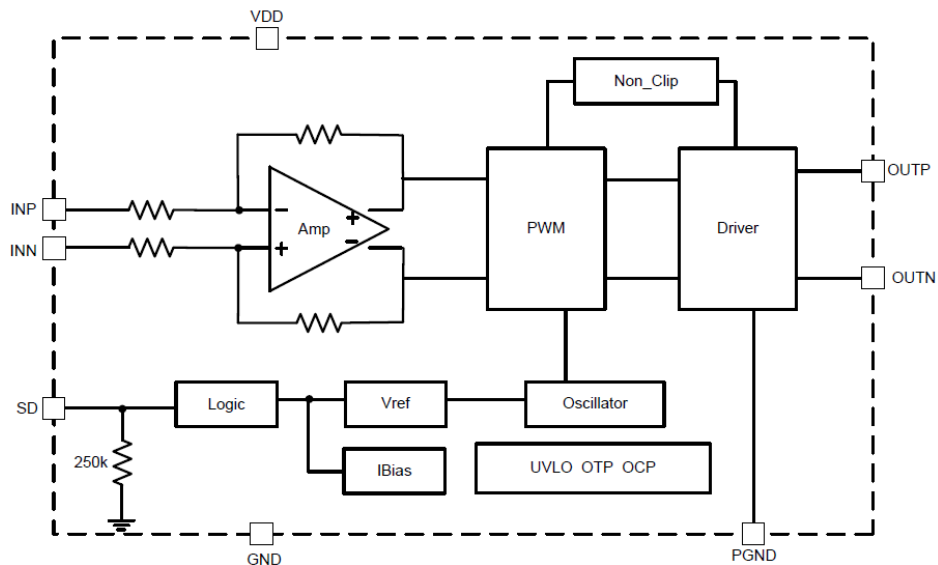
Pin Configuration



Pin Function Description

Pin Number			Pin Name	Function Description
SOT23-6	MSOP8	SOP8		
4	1	1	SD	Chip Enable
-	2	2	NC	Not connected
3	3	3	INP	Positive Input
-	4	4	INN	Negative Input
6	5	5	OUTP	Positive Output
5	6	6	VDD	Power Supply
2	7	7	GND	Ground
1	8	8	OUTN	Negative Output

Function Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD	VSS-0.3~VSS+6	V
Enable Voltage	SD	VSS-0.3~VIN+0.3	
Power Dissipation	PD@TA=25°C SOT-23-6L	-	W
	PD@TA=25°C SOP8	-	
	PD@TA=25°C MSOP8	-	
Package Thermal Resistance	SOT23-6	-	°C/W
	MSOP8	-	
	SOP8	-	
Lead Temperature	-	260	°C
Ambient Temperature	Topa	-40~+85	
Storage Temperature	Tstr	-65~+125	
ESD Susceptibility	HBM	4000	V



Mono 1W Filterless Non-Clip class-D Audio Power Amplifier

ECL2011

Electrical Characteristics

(VEN= VDD =3.6V, Gain=24dB, RL=8Ω, TA=25°C, unless otherwise specification)

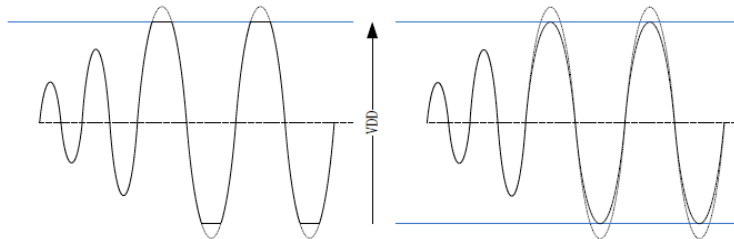
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	VDD	-		2.5	-	5.5	V
Quiescent Current	IQ	VSD=3.6V, No load		-	2.6	8	mA
Shutdown Current	ISHDN	VEN=0V		-	-	1	uA
High-level input voltage	SD	-		1.3	-	-	V
Low-level input voltage	SD	-		-	-	0.4	
Drain-Source On State Resistance	RDS(ON)	IDS=100mA	P MOSFET	-	450	-	mΩ
			N MOSFET	-	300	-	
Output offset voltage	VOS			-	±8	-	mV
Output Power	PO	VDD=3.6V, THD+N=1%, f=1kHz		-	0.65	-	W
		VDD=4.2V, THD+N=1%, f=1kHz		-	0.80	-	
		VDD=5.5V, THD+N=1%, f=1kHz		-	1.1	-	
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	RL=8Ω, PO=200mW		-	0.2	-	%
		RL=8Ω, PO=500mW		-	0.3	-	
Peak Efficiency	η	-		-	89	-	%
AC Power Supply Ripple Rejection Gain	PSRR	No input, f=1kHz, VPP=200mV		-	24	-	dB
Oscillator Frequency	fOSC	-		-	300	-	kHz
UVLO Threshold	VUVLO	Wake up		2.0	2.15	2.3	V
		Hysteresis		-	50	-	mV
Logic Input Leak Current	ILKC_EN	A 250kΩ resistor connected SD from GND		6	-	40	uA
Thermal Shutdown	TSD	Shutdown Temperature		-	160	-	°C
		Hysteresis		-	25	-	°C
Non-Clip Attack Time	TATA	-		-	40	-	ms
Non-Clip Release Time	TRLA	-		-	1.2	-	s
Start Time	TSTUP	-		-	200	-	ms
Power-down Time	TPD	-		-	15	-	ms

Application Information

The ECL2011 is a fully differential amplifier with differential inputs and outputs. The fully differential amplifier consists of a differential amplifier and a common-mode amplifier. The differential amplifier ensures that the amplifier outputs a differential voltage on the output that is equal to the differential input times the gain. The common-mode voltage at the output is biased around VDD/2 regardless of the common-mode voltage at the input.

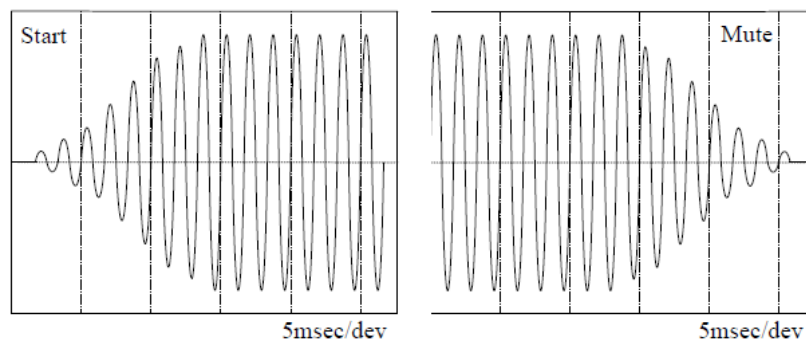
Non-Clip Function

Non-Clip function automatically controls the PWM amplifier gain so as not to clip the output signals even if the speaker output is clipped at the supply voltage.



Quick Start/Quick Mute Function

Pop noise reduction circuit operates at startup or shutdown of the speaker amplifier. This function reduces intermittent sound considerably and eliminates uncomfortable feeling. Quick Start/Quick Mute is a pop noise reduction function with the gain controlling of the first amplifier stage.



Maximum Gain

The ECL2011 has two internal amplifier stages. The first stage's gain is externally configurable, while the second stage's is internally fixed. The gain of the first stage is set by selecting the ratio of RF to RI while the second stage's gain is fixed at 2x. The differential total gain for IC is

$$A_{VD} = 20 * \log \left[\left(\frac{R_F}{R_I} \right) * 2 \right]$$

The ECL2011 sets maximum RF=160kΩ, minimum RI=20kΩ, so the maximum closed-gain is 24dB.

Input Capacitor CI

In typical application, an input capacitor, CI, is required to allow the amplifier to bias input signals to a proper DC level for optimum operation. A high pass filter with a corner frequency determined by CI and the minimum input impedance RI.

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi * R_I * C_I}$$

Further consideration for capacitor is the leakage path from the input source through the input network (RI, RF, CI) to the load. This leakage current creates a DC offset voltage at the input to the amplifier that reduces useful headroom. For this reason, a low leakage tantalum or ceramic capacitor is the best choice.



Power Supply Decoupling CS

The ECL2011 requires adequate power supply decoupling to ensure the THD and PSRR as low as possible. Optimum decoupling is achieved by using two capacitors of different types that target different types of noise on the power supply leads. For higher frequency transients, a low equivalent-series-resistance (ESR) ceramic capacitor (1 μ F) is good, placing it as close as possible to the device VDD terminal. For filtering lower-frequency noise signals, capacitor of 10 μ F or larger, closely located to near the audio power amplifier is recommended.

Shutdown Operation

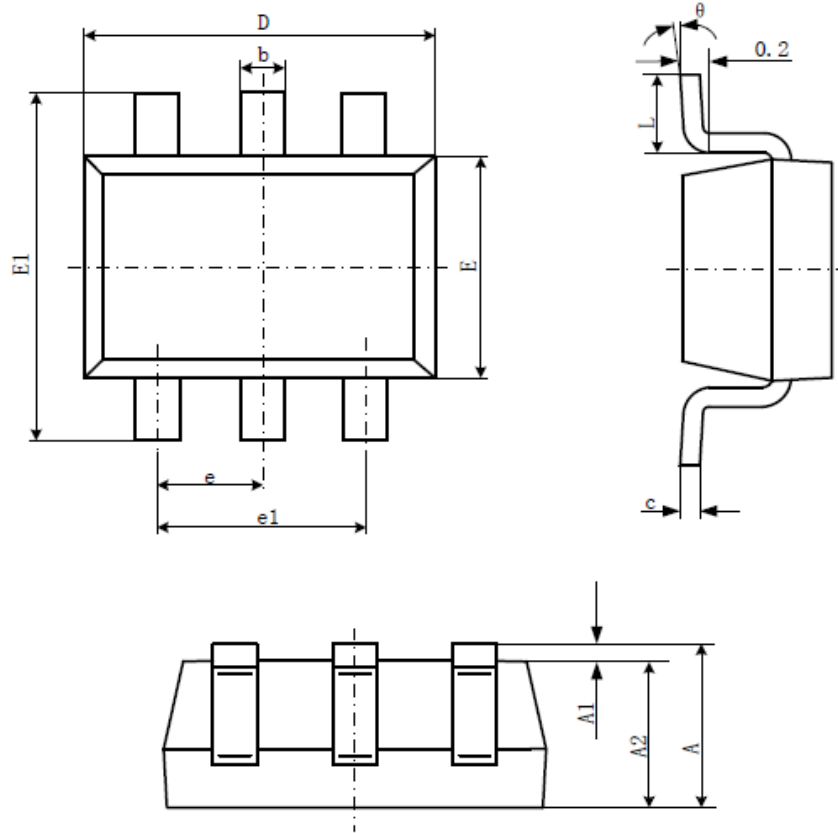
The shutdown feature of the ECL2011 turns the amplifier off when a logic low is applied on the SD pin. A 250k Ω resistor is connected from the SD pin to Pin GND. For the best power on/off pop performance, the amplifier should be set in the shutdown mode prior to power on/off operation.

Under Voltage Lock-Out

The ECL2011 incorporates circuitry to detect low on or off voltage. When the supply voltage drops to 2.1V or below, the ECL2011 goes into a state of shutdown, and the device comes out of its shutdown state and starts to normal operation by reset the power supply or SD pin.

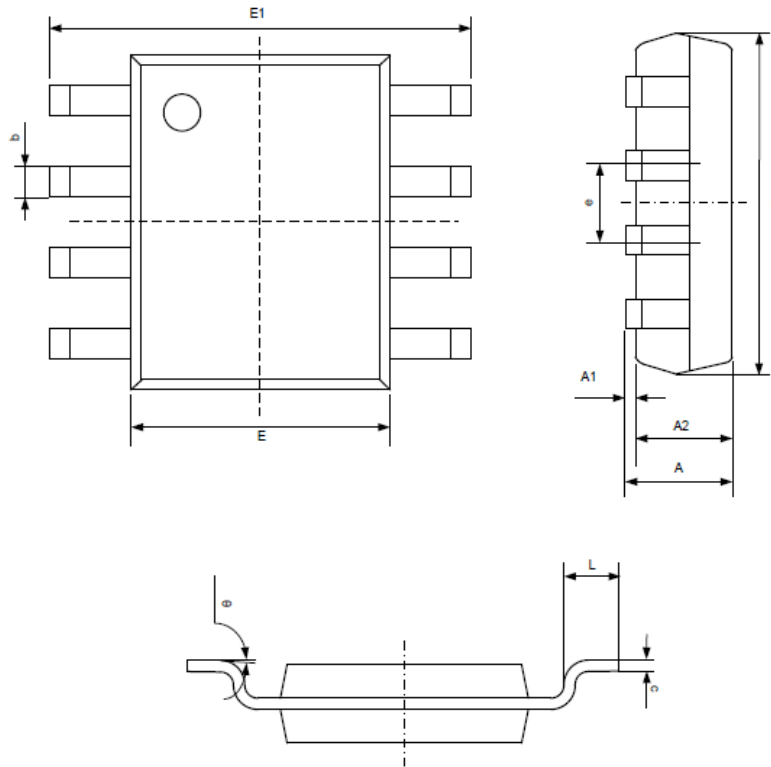
Package Information

SOT23-6



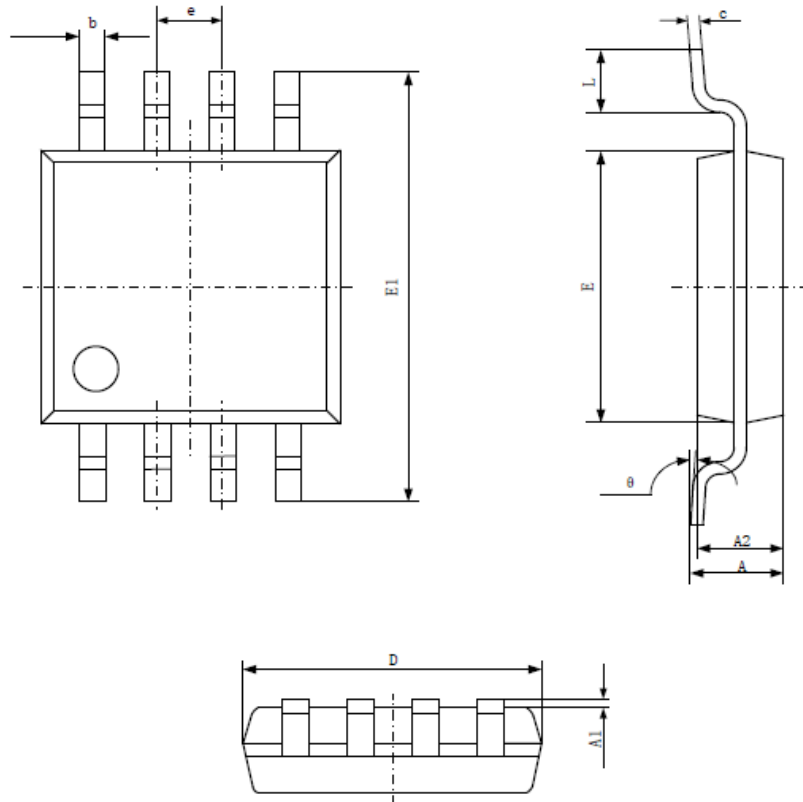
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020
c	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
e	0.950(BSC)		0.037(BSC)	
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

SOP8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
c	0.170	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	1.270(BSC)		0.050(BSC)	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

MSOP8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015
c	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199
e	0.650(BSC)		0.026(BSC)	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°