September 2008

FAN400C — Low-Power, Green-Mode, PWM Flyback Power Controller without Secondary Feedback (CC)

Features

FAIRCHILD

- Linearly Decreasing PWM Frequency
- Green Mode Under Light-Load and Zero-Load Conditions
- Constant Current (CC) without Secondary-Feedback Circuitry
- Low Startup Current: 8µA
- Low Operating Current: 3.6mA
- Leading-Edge Blanking
- Constant Power Limit
- Universal AC Input Range
- Synchronized Slope Compensation
- 140°C OTP Sensor with Hysteresis
- V_{DD} Over-Voltage Protection (Auto Restart)
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
- Fixed PWM Frequency with Hopping
- Gate Output Maximum Voltage Clamped at 17V
- Small SSOT-6 Package

Applications

General-purpose, switching-mode, power supplies and flyback power converters, such as:

- Battery Chargers for Cellular Phones, Cordless Phones, PDAs, Digital Cameras, Power Tools
- Power Adapters for Ink Jet Printers, Video Game Consoles, Portable Audio Players
- Open-Frame SMPS for TV/DVD Standby and Auxiliary Supplies, Home Appliances, Consumer Electronics
- Replacement for Linear Transformers and RCC SMPS
- PC 5V Standby Power

Ordering Information

Description

This highly integrated PWM controller provides several features to enhance the performance of low-power flyback converters. To minimize standby power consumption, a proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to linearly decrease the switching frequency under light-load and zero-load conditions. This green mode enables the power supply to meet international power conservation requirements. Another advantage of the FAN400C is that the typical startup current is only 8µA, while the typical operating current can be as low as 3.6mA. A large startup resistance can be used to achieve higher power conversion efficiency.

FAN400C integrates a frequency-hopping function internally to reduce EMI emissions with minimum line filters. Built-in synchronized slope compensation maintains the stability of peak current-mode control. Proprietary internal compensation ensures constant output power limiting over a universal range of AC input voltages, from $90V_{AC}$ to $264V_{AC}$.

The FAN400C provides many protection functions. Pulse-by-pulse current limiting ensures constant output current, even if a short circuit occurs. The internal protection circuit disables PWM output if V_{DD} exceeds 24.5V. The gate output is clamped at 17V to protect the power MOS from over-voltage damage. The built-in over-temperature protection (OTP) function shuts down the controller at 140°C with a 30°C hysteresis.

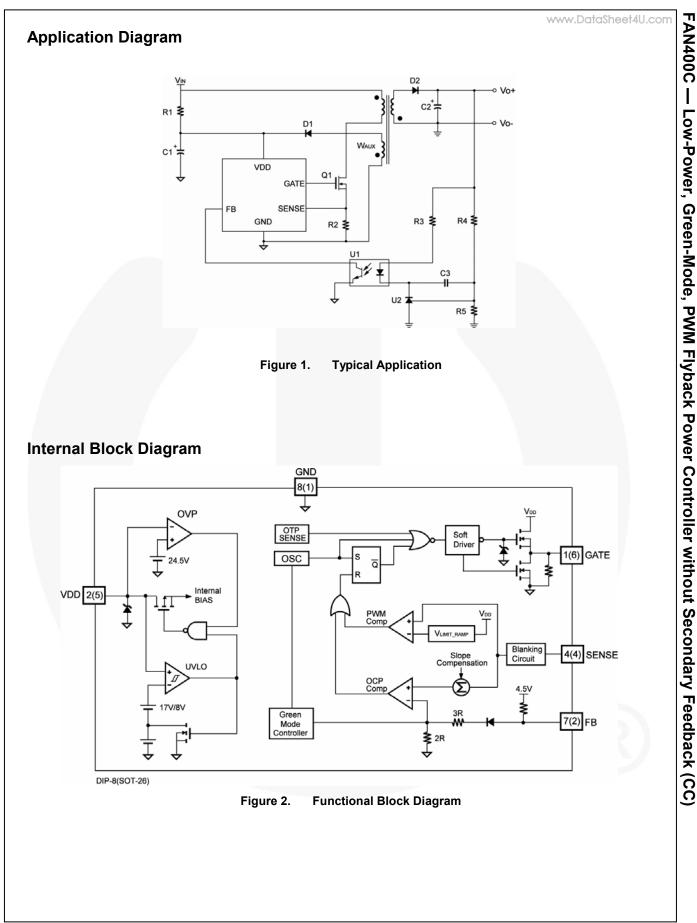
The FAN400C is designed to provide a low-cost total solution for flyback converters. It is available in a small-footprint, 6-pin, SSOT-6 package.

Related Resources

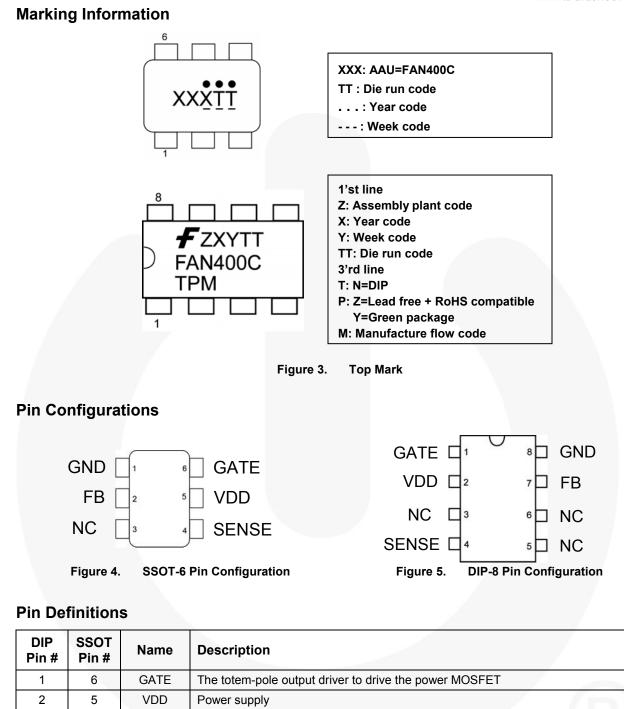
 AN-6072 — Low-Power, Green-Mode, PWM Flyback Power Controller without Secondary Feedback

Part Number	Number Operating Temperature Range P		Eco Status	Packing Method		
FAN400CTY	-40°C to +105°C	SSOT-6	Green	Tape & Reel		
FAN400CNY	-40°C to +105°C	DIP-8	Green	Tube		

Der Fairchild's definition of "green" please visit: <u>http://www.fairchildsemi.com/company/green/rohs_green.html</u>.







	•	0,=	
2	5	VDD	Power supply
3		NC	No connection
4	4	SENSE	Current-sense detects the voltage across a sensed resistor. To provide over- current protection, PWM output is disabled if the voltage exceeds an internal threshold. This pin also provides current information for current-mode control.
5		NC	No connection
6	3	NC	No connection
7	2	FB	The FB pin provides feedback information to the internal PWM comparator. This feedback is used to control the duty cycle.
8	1	GND	Ground
	-		·

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Paramete	Min.	Max.	Unit	
V _{DD}	DC Supply Voltage ^(1,2)			30	V
V _{FB}	Input Voltage to FB Pin		-0.3	7.0	V
V _{SENSE}	Input Voltage to Sense Pin		-0.3	7.0	V
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature			+150	°C
0	Θ _{JA} Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Air)	SOT		263.3	°C/W
ØJA		DIP		135.7	°C/W
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		-55	+150	°C
TL	Lead Temperature (Wave Soldering or IR, 10 Seconds)			+260	°C
ESD I	Electrostatic Discharge Capability	Human Body Model JEDEC: JESD22-A114		4	kV
		Machine Model, JEDEC: JESD22-A115		200	V

Notes:

1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to GND pin.

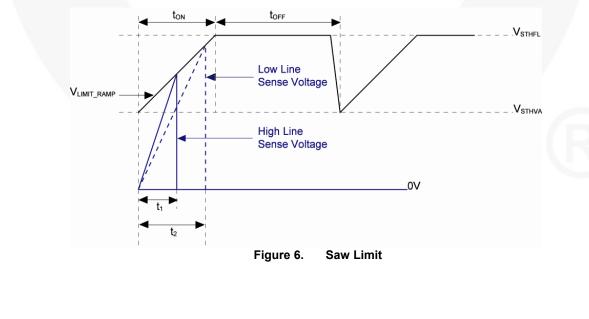
2. Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

FAN400C — Low-Power, Green-Mode, PWM Flyback Power Controller without Secondary Feedback (CC)

Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, V_{DD} =15V and T_A=25°C.

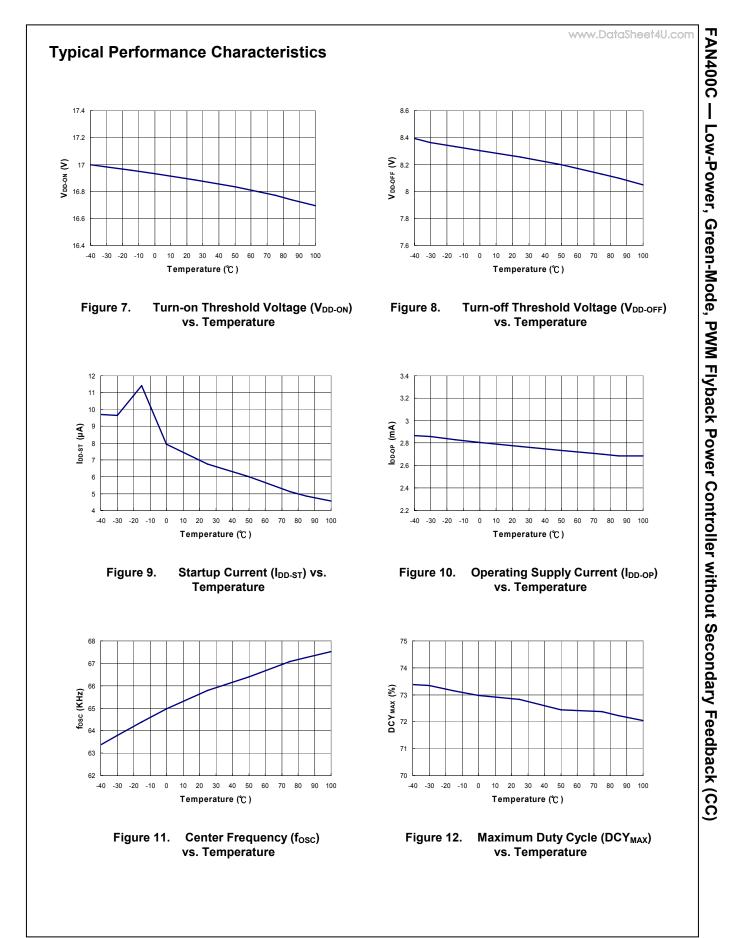
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{DD} Secti	on					
V _{DD-OP}	Continuously Operation Voltage				23.5	V
V _{DD-ON}	Turn-On Threshold Voltage		16	17	18	V
$V_{\text{DD-OFF}}$	Turn-Off Threshold Voltage		7.5	8.0	8.5	V
I _{DD-ST}	Startup Current	$V_{DD}=V_{DD-ON}-0.1V$		8	20	μA
I _{DD-OP}	Operating Supply Current	C _L =1nF		3.6	4.6	mA
$V_{\text{DD-G OFF}}$	V _{DD} Low-threshold Voltage to Exit Green-off Mode			V _{DD-OFF} +1.2		V
$V_{\text{DD-OVP}}$	V _{DD} Over-Voltage Protection		23.5	24.5	25.5	V
t _{D-VDDOVP}	V _{DD} Over-Voltage Protection Debounce Time		70	135	200	μs
Feedbac	k Input Section					
Av	Input-Voltage to Current-Sense Attenuation		1.5/5	2.0/5	2.5/5	V/V
Z _{FB}	Input Impedance	I _{FB} =0.1mA to 0.2mA		4.6		kΩ
V _{FB-OPEN}	Open-Loop Voltage		4.5			V
Current-S	Sense Section					
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay			100	150	ns
		V _{DD} =18V		0.81		V
V _{STHVA}	Current Limit Valley Threshold Voltage	V _{DD} =15V		0.73		V
		V _{DD} =10V		0.58		V
V _{STHFL}		V _{DD} =18V		1.10		V
	Current Limit Flat Threshold Voltage	V _{DD} =15V		1.01		V
		V _{DD} =10V		0.81		V
t _{LEB}	Leading-Edge Blanking Time		250	310	370	ns

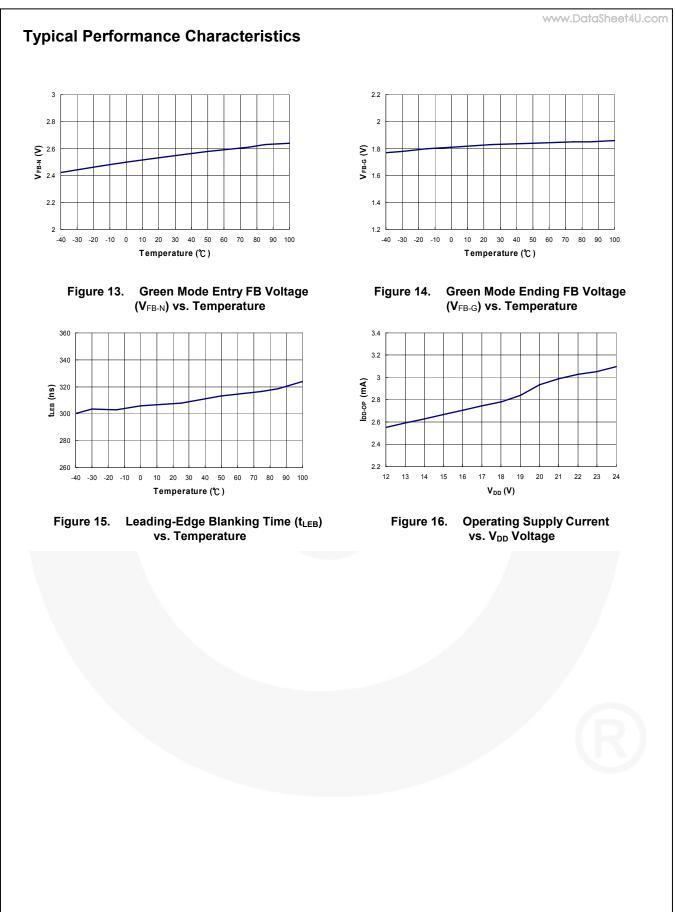


Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Unless otherwise noted, $V_{\text{DD}}\text{=}15V$ and $T_{\text{A}}\text{=}25^{\circ}\text{C}.$

Symbol		Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Oscillato	r Section				I			
£		Center Frequency		60	65	70		
f _{OSC}	Frequency	Hopping Range		±4.0	±4.6	±5.2	±5.2 kHz	
t _{HOP}	Hopping Period				4		ms	
f _{OSC-G}	Green Mode Fre	quency		14.5	17.0	19.5	KHz	
$V_{\text{FB-N}}$	Green Mode Ent	ry FB Voltage		2.3	2.6	2.9	V	
$V_{\text{FB-G}}$	Green Mode End	ling FB Voltage			V _{FB-N} -0.75		V	
$V_{\text{FB-Z}}$	Zero Duty Cycle	FB Voltage			1.45		V	
S_{G}	Green Mode Mod	dulation Slope		40	70	100	Hz/mV	
\mathbf{f}_{DV}	Frequency Varia	tion vs. V _{DD} Deviation	V_{DD} =10 to 22V			2	%	
f _{DT}	Frequency Varia Deviation	tion vs. Temperature	T _A =-20 to 85°C		1.5	5.0	%	
Output S	ection							
DCY _{MAX}	Maximum Duty Cycle			68	73	78	%	
V _{GATE-L}	GATE Low Voltage		I _O =10mA			1.5	V	
V _{GATE-H}	GATE High Volta	age	I ₀ =-10mA	8			V	
tr	GATE Rising Tim	ne	C _L =1nF	150	200	250	ns	
t _f	GATE Falling Time		C _L =1nF	70	90	110	ns	
V _{GATE-} CLAMP	GATE Output Cla	amping Voltage	V _{DD} =20V	16	17	18	V	
Over-Ten	nperature Prote	ction (OTP)						
T _{OTP}	Protection Juncti	on Temperature			+140		°C	
T _{OTP-} RESTART	Restart Junction	Temperature			+110		°C	





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Operation Description

FAN400C devices integrate many useful functions for low-power switch-mode power supplies. The following descriptions highlight the key features of the FAN400C.

Startup Current

The required startup current is only 8mA, which allows a high-resistance, low-wattage startup resistor to supply the controller's startup power. A $1.5M\Omega/0.25W$ startup resistor can be used over a wide input range (100V-240V_{AC}) with very little power loss.

Operating Current

The operating current is normally 3.6mA, which results in higher efficiency and reduces the required V_{DD} hold-up capacitance. A 10μ F/25V V_{DD} hold-up capacitor can be used over a wide input range ($100V-240V_{AC}$) with very little power loss.

Green-Mode Operation

The proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to linearly decrease the switching frequency under light-load and zero-load conditions. The on-time is limited to provide better protection against brownouts and other abnormal conditions. Power supplies using the FAN400C can meet international restrictions regarding standby power-consumption.

Current (CC) without Feedback

The FAN400C can provide over-current protection without requiring secondary-side feedback signals. For improved CV and CC accuracy, the transformer leakage inductance should be reduced as much as possible.

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

The FAN400C has a built-in temperature-sensing circuit to shut down PWM output once the junction temperature exceeds 140°C. While PWM output is shut down, the V_{DD} voltage gradually drops to the UVLO voltage. Some of the internal circuits are shut down and V_{DD} gradually starts increasing again. When V_{DD} reaches 17V, all the internal circuits, including the temperature-sensing circuit, operate normally. If the junction temperature is still higher than 140°C, the PWM controller shuts down immediately. This situation continues until the temperature drops below 110°C. The PWM output is then turned back on. The temperature hysteresis window for the OTP circuit is 30°C.

V_{DD} Over-Voltage Clamping

 V_{DD} over-voltage clamping prevents damage from overvoltage conditions. When V_{DD} exceeds 24.5V, PWM output is shut down. Over-voltage conditions may be caused by an open photo-coupler loop or a short circuit in the output.

Oscillator Operation

The oscillation frequency is fixed at 65KHz.

Leading-Edge Blanking (LEB)

Each time the power MOSFET is switched on, a turn-on spike occurs at the sense-resistor. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, a 310ns leadingedge blanking time is built in. Conventional RC filtering is not necessary. During this blanking period, the current-limit comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the gate drive.

Constant Output Power Limit

When the SENSE voltage across the sense resistor Rs reaches the threshold voltage (around 1.0V), the output GATE drive is turned off following a small propagation delay, tPD. This propagation delay introduces an additional current proportional to tPD.VIN/LP. The propagation delay is nearly constant regardless of the input line voltage V_{IN}. Higher input line voltages result in larger additional currents. Under high input-line voltages, the output power limit is higher than under low input-line voltages. Over a wide range of AC input voltages, the variation can be significant. To compensate for this, the threshold voltage is adjusted by adding a positive ramp (V_{limit_ramp}). This ramp signal can vary from 0.73V to 1.01V and flattens out at 1.01V. A smaller threshold voltage forces the output GATE drive to terminate earlier, reducing total PWM turn-on time and making the output power equal to that of the low-line input. This proprietary internal compensation feature ensures a constant output power limit over a wide range of AC input voltages (90V_{AC} to 264V_{AC}).

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The turn-on/turn-off thresholds are fixed internally at 17V and 8V. To enable the FAN400C during startup, the hold-up capacitor must first be charged to 17V through the startup resistor. The hold-up capacitor continues to supply V_{DD} before energy can be delivered from the auxiliary winding of the main transformer. V_{DD} must not drop below 8V during this startup process. This UVLO hysteresis window ensures that the hold-up capacitor can adequately supply V_{DD} during startup.

Gate Output

The BiCMOS output stage is a fast totem-pole gate driver. Cross-conduction is avoided to minimize heat dissipation, increase efficiency, and enhance reliability. The output driver is clamped by an internal 17V Zener diode to protect the power MOSFET transistors against any harmful over-voltage gate signals.

Operation Description (Continued)

Slope Compensation

The sensed voltage across the current-sense resistor is used for current-mode control and pulse-by-pulse current limiting. The built-in slope compensation improves power supply stability. Furthermore, it prevents sub-harmonic oscillations that normally would occur because of peak-current mode control. A positively sloped, synchronized ramp is activated with every switching cycle. The slope of the ramp is:

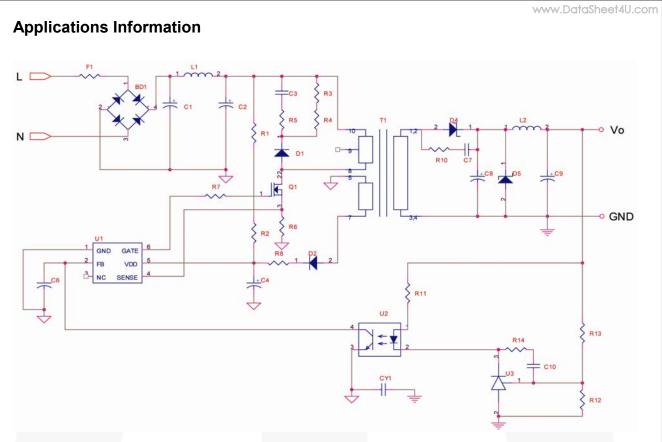
 $0.33 \times Duty$

Duty (max.)

(1)

Noise Immunity

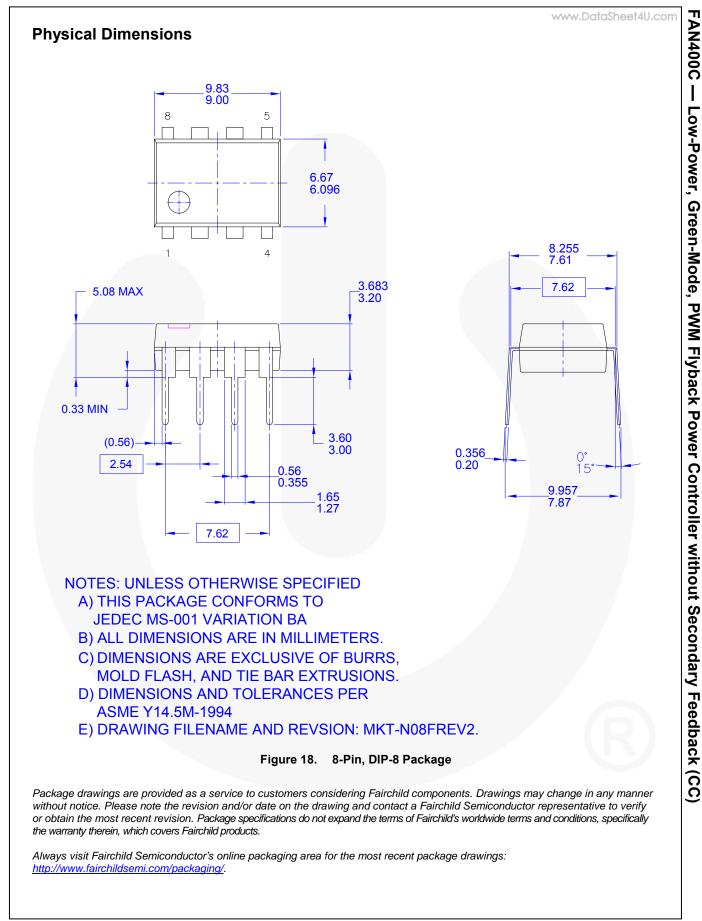
Noise from the current-sense or the control signal may cause significant pulse-width jitter, particularly in continuous-conduction mode. Slope compensation helps alleviate this problem. Good placement and layout practices should be followed. Avoid long PCB traces and component leads. Compensation and filter components should be located near the FAN400C. Increasing the power-MOS gate resistance is advised.

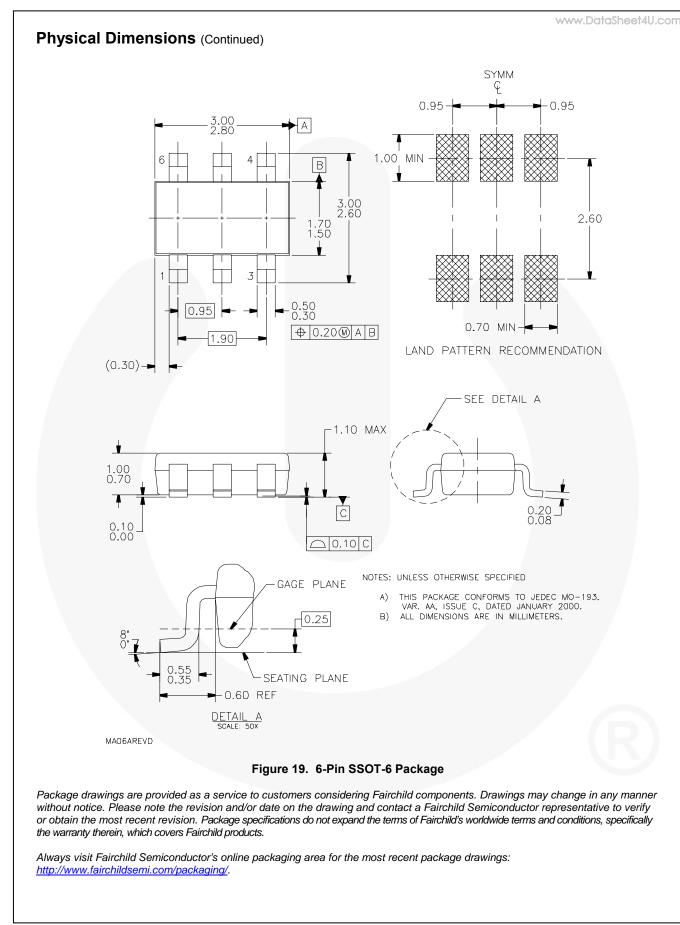


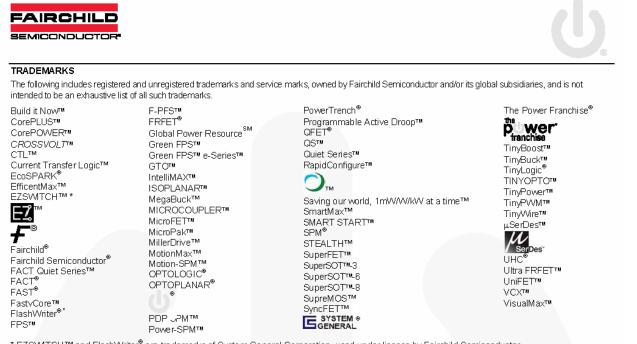


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Reference	Component	Reference	Component
BD1	BD DI106 1A/600V	L2	Inductor 10µH 6mm
CY1 (Option)	YC 2.2nF/250V (Y1)	Q1	MOSFET 1A/600V
C1	EC 4.7µF/400V 105°C	R1,R2	R 750kΩ/1206
C2	EC 4.7µF/400V 105°C	R3,R4	R 47kΩ/1206
C3	CC 1nF/1kV	R5	R 47Ω/1206
C4	EC 10µF/50V	R6	R 4.7Ω/0.5W
C6	CC 4.7nF/0805	R7	R 100Ω/0805
C7 (Option)	CC 1nF/100V 1206	R8	R 10Ω/1206
C8	EC 470µF/10V 105°C	R10	R 10Ω/1206
C9	EC 470µF/10V 105°C	R11	R 100Ω/ 1/8W
C10	CC 2.2nF/0805	R12	R 33kΩ/0805
D1	Diode FRI07	R13	R 33kΩ/ 1/8W
D2	Diode FR102	R14	R 4.7kΩ/0805
D4	Diode SB360	T1	Transformer EE-16
D5 (Option)	ZD 6.8V/0.5W	U1	IC FAN400C (Green PWM IC)
F1	R 1Ω/0.5W	1Ω/0.5W U2 IC PC817	
L1	Inductor 20mH 6*8mm	U3	IC TL431







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Definition of Terms

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Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.			
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Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.			

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