



- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

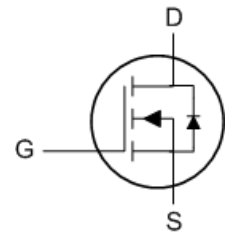
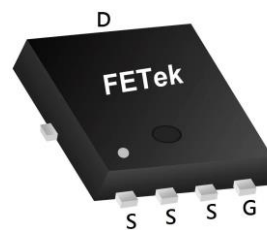
Product Summary

BVDSS	RDSON	ID
60V	5.2mΩ	116A

Description

The FKBA6040 is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDSON and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The FKBA6040 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

PRPAK5X6 Pin Configuration

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	60	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$I_D@T_C=25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^1$	116	A
$I_D@T_C=100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^1$	74	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	250	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	125	mJ
I_{AS}	Avalanche Current	50	A
$P_D@T_C=25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	113	W
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient ¹	---	62	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	---	1.1	$^\circ C/W$

**Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	60	---	---	V
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=15A$	---	4.3	5.2	$m\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=10A$	---	6	7	$m\Omega$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=250\mu A$	1.2	---	2.5	V
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	μA
		$V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$	---	---	± 100	nA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=10V, I_D=30A$	---	75	---	S
R_g	Gate Resistance	$V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1\text{MHz}$	---	0.7	---	Ω
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=10V, I_D=25A$	---	75	---	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	15.5	---	
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	20.3	---	
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD}=30V, V_{GS}=10V, R_G=3.3\Omega, I_D=30A$	---	18.5	---	ns
T_r	Rise Time		---	8.8	---	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	58.8	---	
T_f	Fall Time		---	15.8	---	
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1\text{MHz}$	---	4706	---	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	325	---	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	245	---	

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_S	Continuous Source Current ^{1,5}	$V_G=V_D=0V, \text{Force Current}$	---	---	116	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,5}		---	---	250	A
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=1A, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1.2	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=30A, di/dt=100A/\mu s, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	22.9	---	nS
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		---	11.6	---	nC

Note :

- The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- The data tested by pulsed, pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
- The EAS data shows Max. rating. The test condition is $V_{DD}=50V, V_{GS}=10V, L=0.1mH, I_{AS}=50A$
- The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature
- The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.

Typical Characteristics

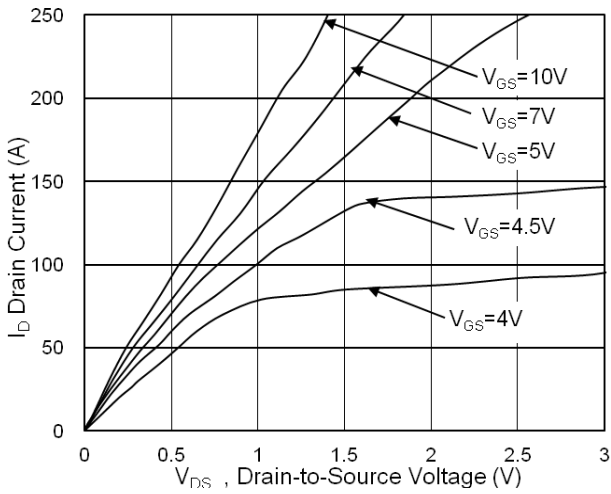


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

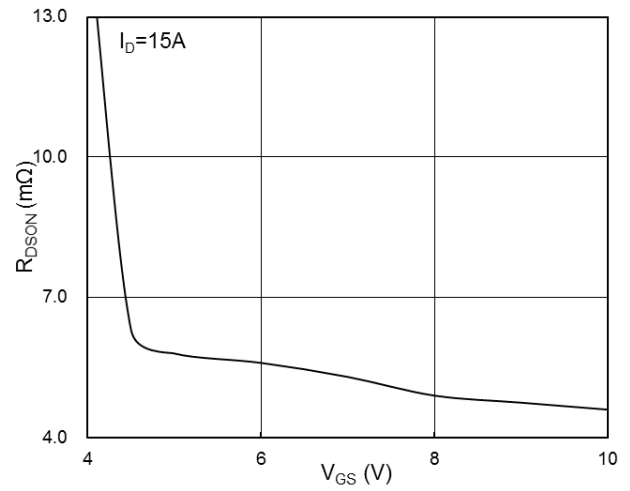


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. G-S Voltage

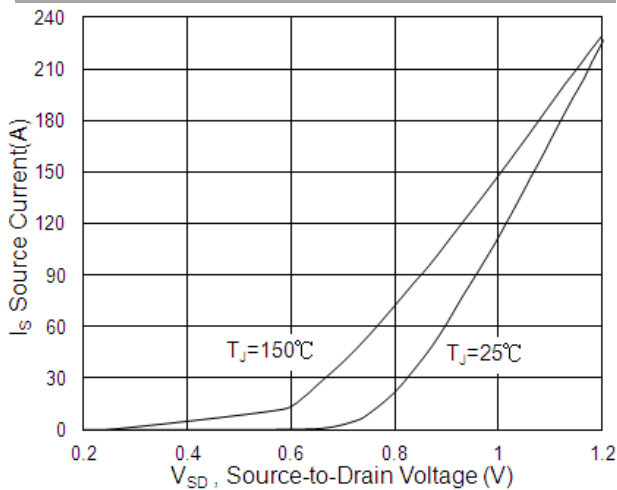


Fig.3 Diode Forward Voltage vs. Current

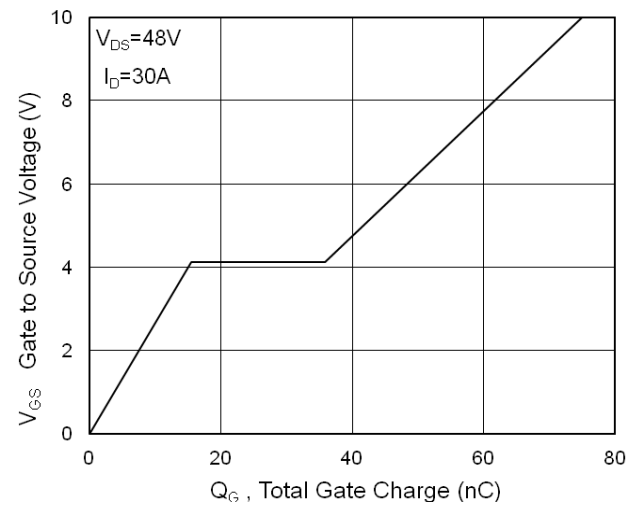


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

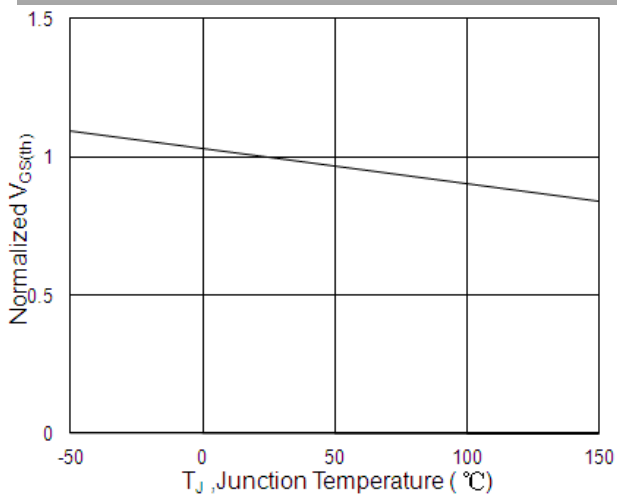


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ vs. T_J

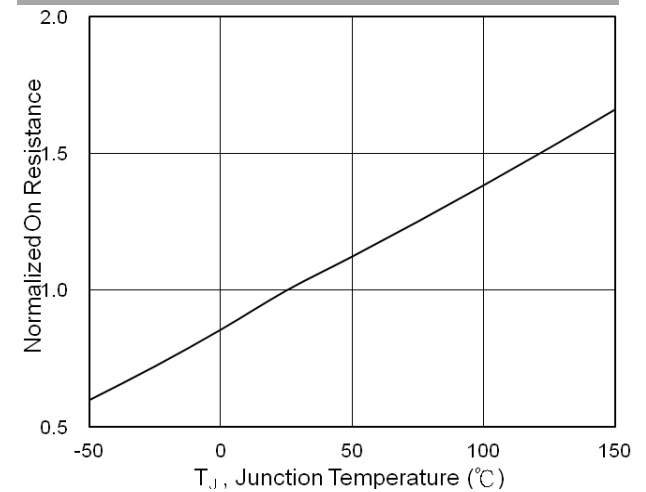


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. T_J

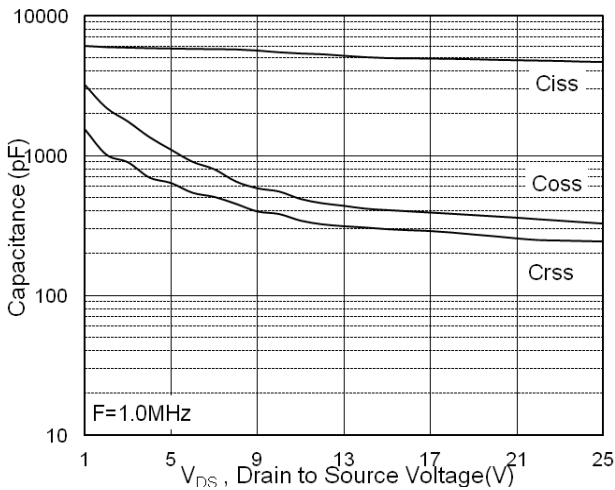


Fig.7 Capacitance

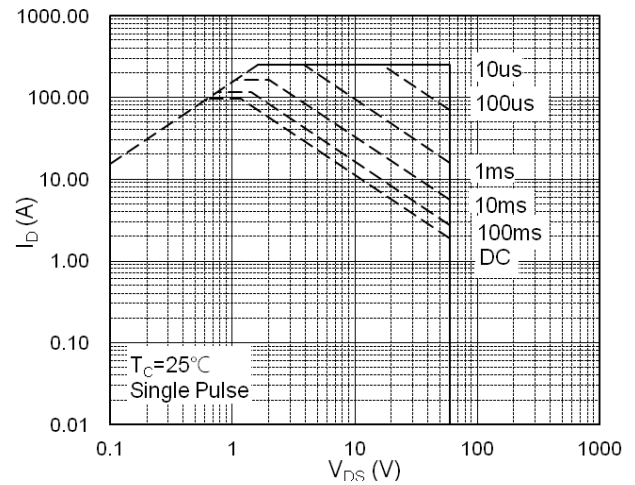


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

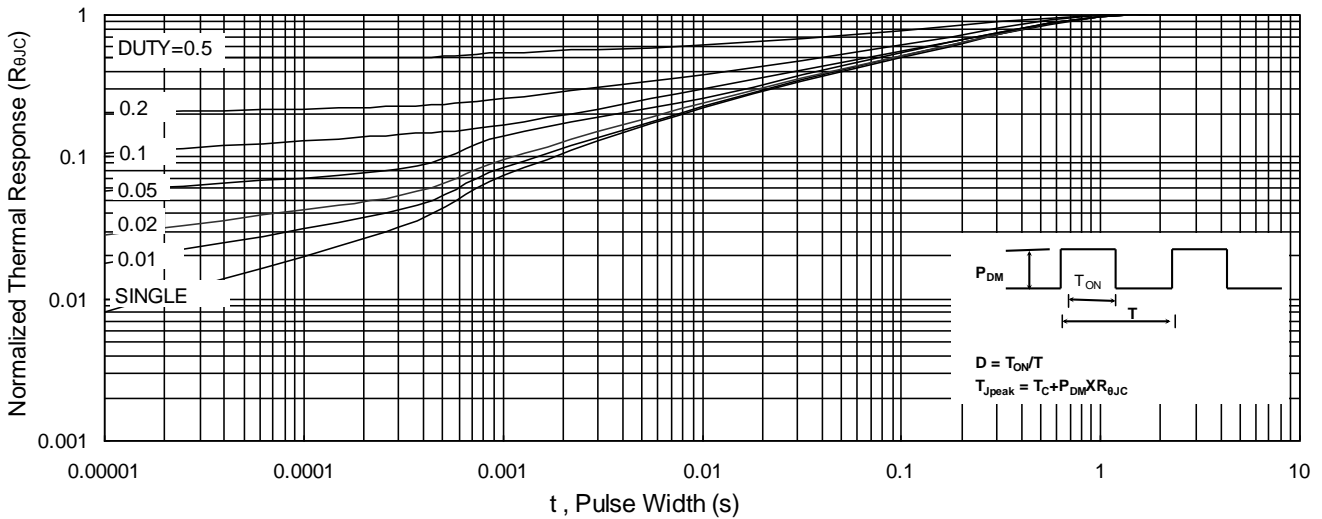


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

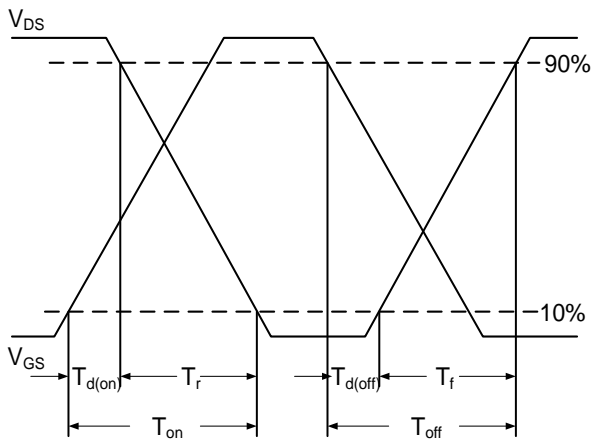


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

$$EAS = \frac{1}{2} L \times I_{AS}^2 \times \frac{BV_{DSS}}{BV_{DSS} - V_{DD}}$$

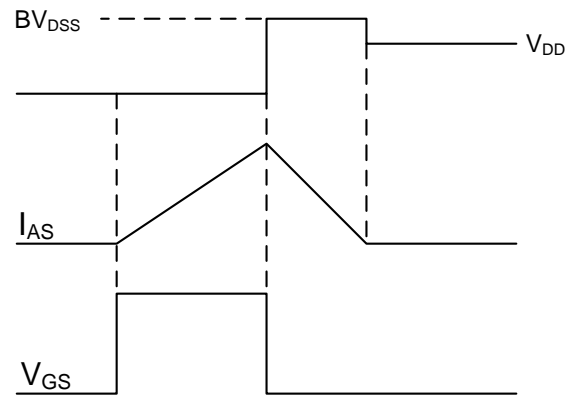


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform