

- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

### Product Summary

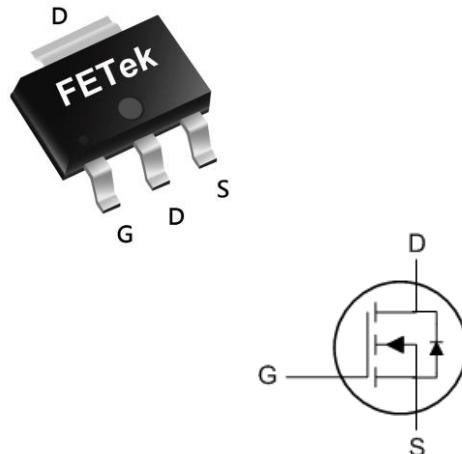


BVDSS	RDS(on)	ID
100V	112mΩ	2.5A

### Description

The FKL0004 is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provides excellent RDS(on) and efficiency for most of the small power switching and load switch applications. The FKL0004 meets the RoHS and Green Product requirement with full function reliability approved.

### SOT223 Pin Configuration



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain-Source Voltage	100	V
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	V
I <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V <sup>1</sup>	2.5	A
I <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V <sup>1</sup>	2	A
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>	10	A
P <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	Total Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>	1.5	W
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient <sup>1</sup>	---	85	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case <sup>1</sup>	---	30	°C/W



FETek Technology Corp.

FKL0004

N-Ch 100V Fast Switching MOSFETs

### Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ , $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	100	---	---	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$ Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=1\text{mA}$	---	0.098	---	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$ , $I_D=2\text{A}$	---	90	112	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$ , $I_D=1\text{A}$	---	95	120	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=V_{\text{DS}}$ , $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.0	1.5	2.5	V
$\Delta V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	-4.57	---	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ , $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	$\text{uA}$
		$V_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ , $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	---	---	$\pm 100$	nA
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}$ , $I_D=2\text{A}$	---	20	---	S
$R_g$	Gate Resistance	$V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$	---	2	4	$\Omega$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$ , $I_D=2\text{A}$	---	26.2	36.7	$\text{nC}$
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge		---	3.8	5.32	
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain Charge		---	4.8	6.7	
$T_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{\text{DD}}=50\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$ , $R_G=3.3\Omega$	---	4.2	8.4	$\text{ns}$
$T_r$	Rise Time		---	7.6	14	
$T_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	41	82	
$T_f$	Fall Time		---	14	28	
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$	---	1535	2149	$\text{pF}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance		---	60	84	
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	37	52	

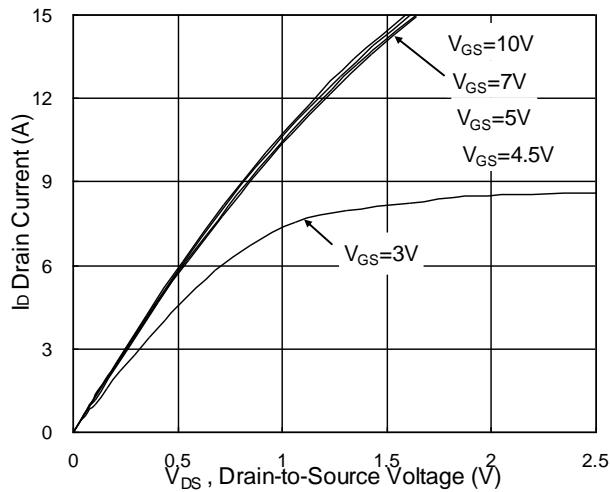
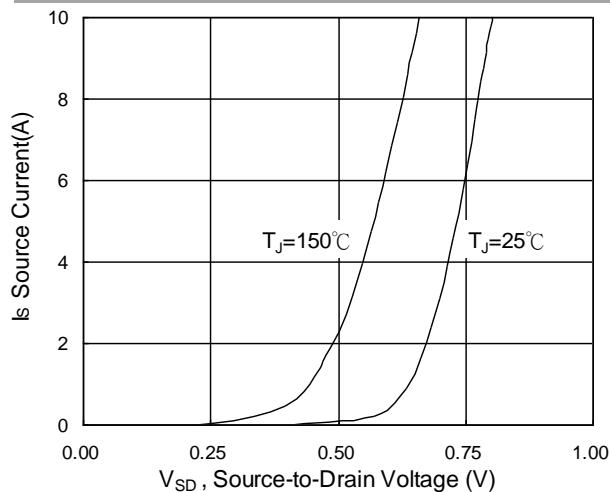
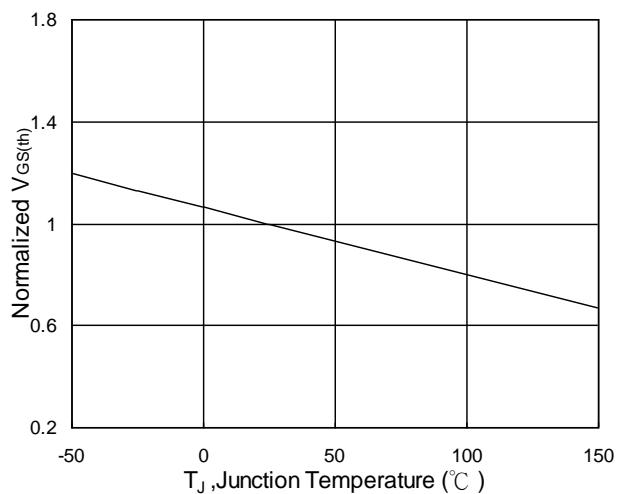
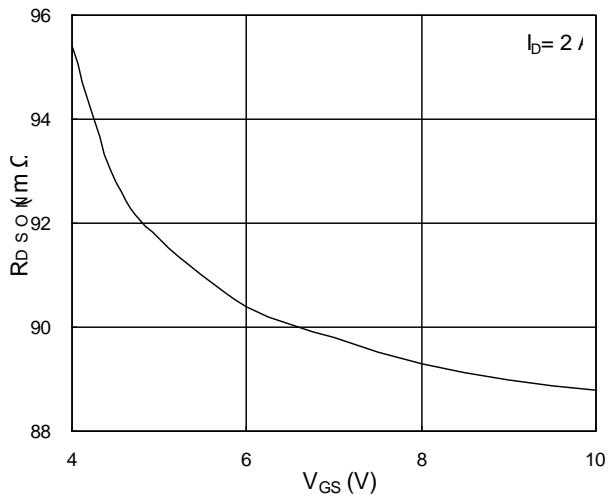
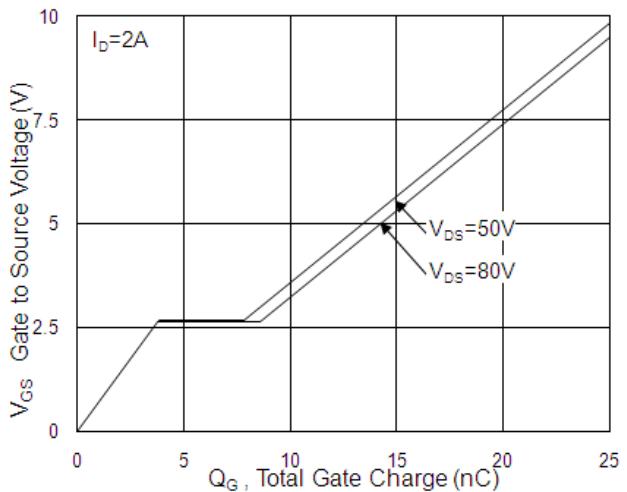
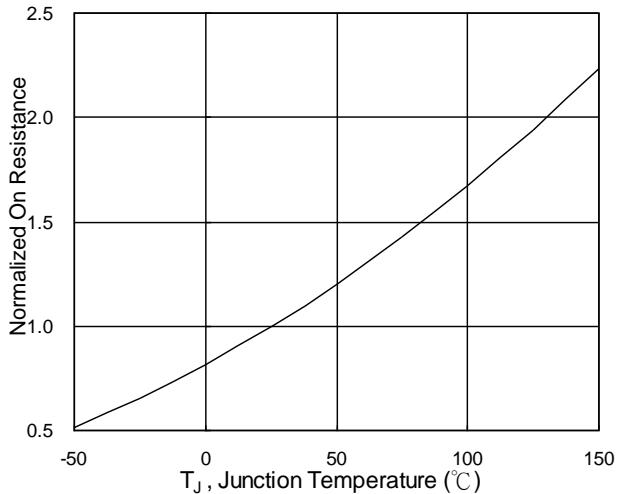
### Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_s$	Continuous Source Current <sup>1,4</sup>	$V_G=V_D=0\text{V}$ , Force Current	---	---	2.5	A
$I_{\text{SM}}$	Pulsed Source Current <sup>2,4</sup>		---	---	10	A
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ , $I_s=1\text{A}$ , $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1.2	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=2\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	35	---	$\text{nS}$
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		---	17	---	$\text{nC}$

Note:

1. The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
2. The data tested by pulsed , pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$  , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$
3. The power dissipation is limited by  $150^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature
4. The data is theoretically the same as  $I_D$  and  $I_{\text{DM}}$  , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

### Typical Characteristics


**Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse**

**Fig.5 Normalized  $V_{GS(th)}$  vs.  $T_J$** 

**Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source**

**Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Fig.6 Normalized  $R_{DSON}$  vs.  $T_J$**

