

- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

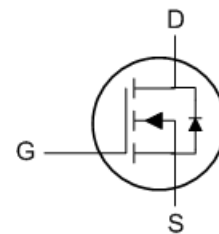

Product Summary

BVDSS	RDSON	ID
30V	2.3mΩ	205A

Description

The FKP3018B is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDSON and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The FKP3018B meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

TO220 Pin Configuration

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$I_D@T_C=25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^{1,6}$	205	A
$I_D@T_C=100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V^{1,6}$	145	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	500	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	246	mJ
I_{AS}	Avalanche Current	70.2	A
$P_D@T_C=25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	187	W
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ C$
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ C$

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient ¹	---	62	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	---	0.8	$^\circ C/W$

**Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25 °C, unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{GS} =0V, I _D =250uA	30	---	---	V
ΔBV _{DSS} /ΔT _J	BV _{DSS} Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C, I _D =1mA	---	0.014	---	V/°C
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	V _{GS} =10V, I _D =30A	---	2.3	2.7	mΩ
		V _{GS} =4.5V, I _D =15A	---	2.8	3.8	
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS} =V _{DS} , I _D =250uA	1.2	---	2.5	V
ΔV _{GS(th)}	V _{GS(th)} Temperature Coefficient		---	-4	---	mV/°C
I _{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	V _{DS} =24V, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =25°C	---	---	1	uA
		V _{DS} =24V, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =55°C	---	---	5	
I _{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	V _{GS} =±20V, V _{DS} =0V	---	---	±100	nA
g _{fs}	Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} =5V, I _D =30A	---	50	---	S
R _g	Gate Resistance	V _{DS} =0V, V _{GS} =0V, f=1MHz	---	1.7	---	Ω
Q _g	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	V _{DS} =15V, V _{GS} =10V, I _D =15A	---	56.9	---	nC
Q _{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	13.8	---	
Q _{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	23.5	---	
T _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	V _{DD} =15V, V _{GS} =10V, R _G =3.3Ω, I _D =1A	---	20.1	---	ns
T _r	Rise Time		---	6.3	---	
T _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	124.6	---	
T _f	Fall Time		---	15.8	---	
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	V _{DS} =15V, V _{GS} =0V, f=1MHz	---	5850	---	pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	720	---	
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	525	---	

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I _S	Continuous Source Current ^{1,5}	V _G =V _D =0V, Force Current	---	---	120	A
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	V _{GS} =0V, I _S =1A, T _J =25°C	---	---	1.2	V

Note :

- The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- The data tested by pulsed, pulse width ≤ 300us, duty cycle ≤ 2%
- The EAS data shows Max. rating. The test condition is V_{DD}=25V, V_{GS}=10V, L=0.1mH, I_{AS}=70.2A
- The power dissipation is limited by 175°C junction temperature
- The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM}, in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.
- Package limitation current is 120A.

Typical Characteristics

change without notice.

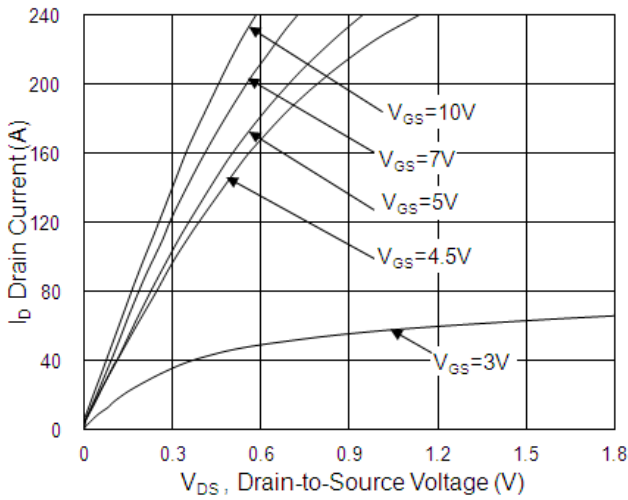


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

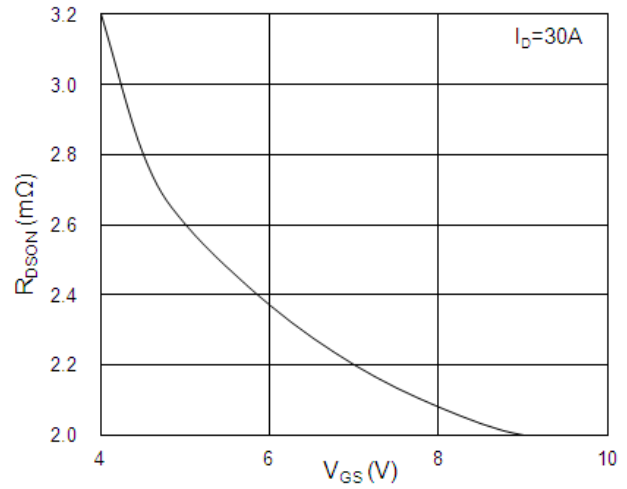


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. G-S Voltage

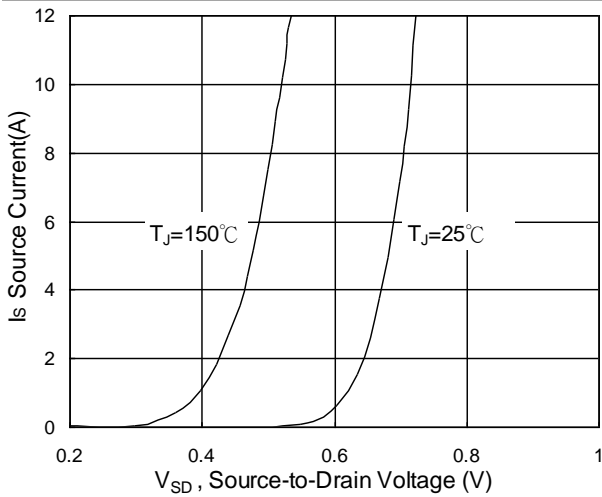


Fig.3 Source Drain Forward Characteristics

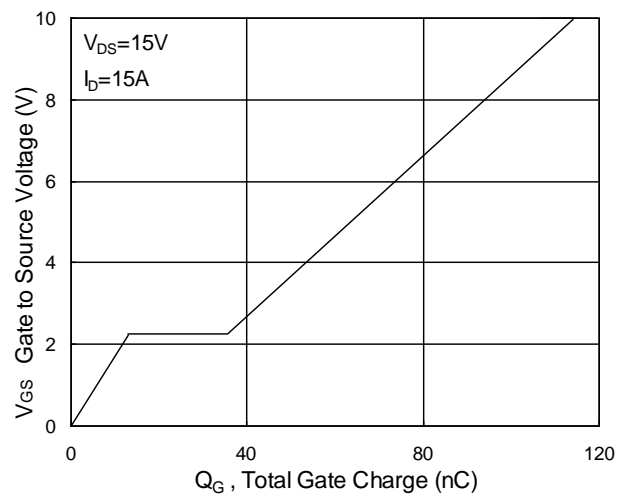


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

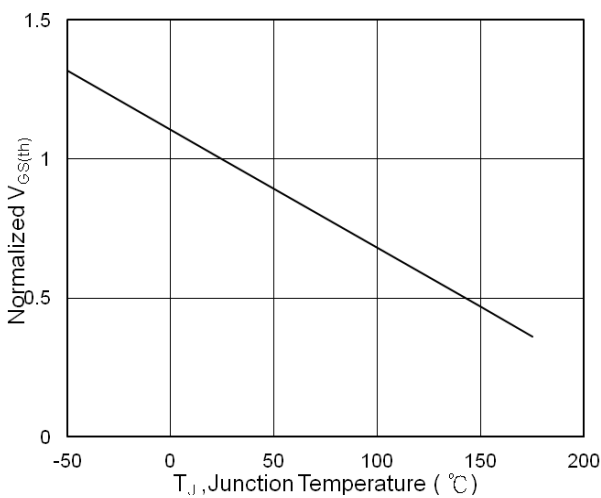


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ vs. T_J

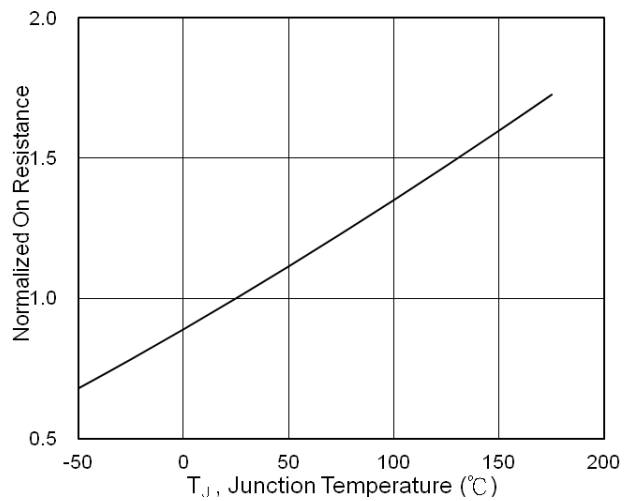


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. T_J

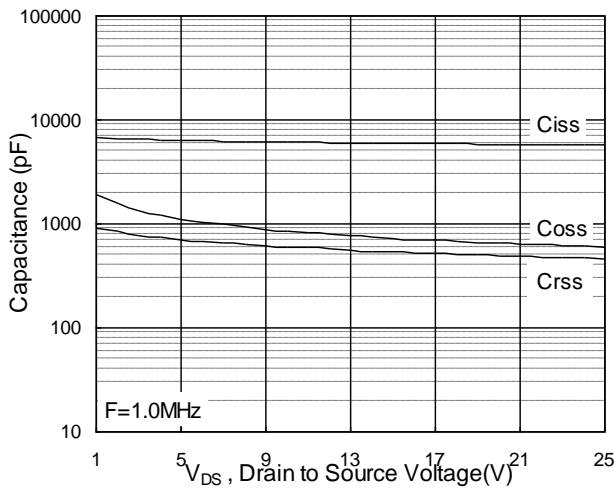


Fig.7 Capacitance

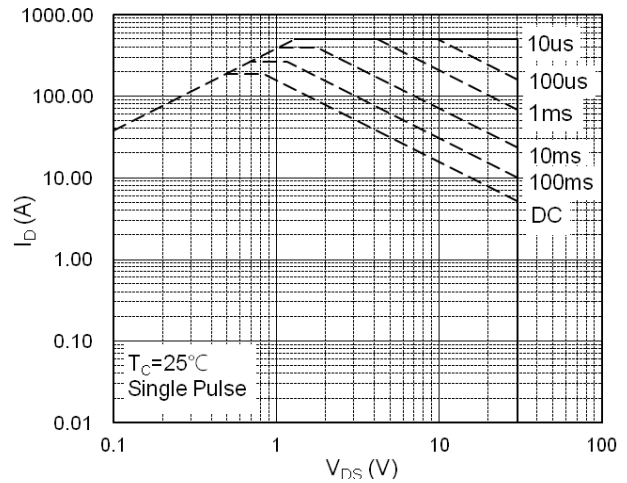


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

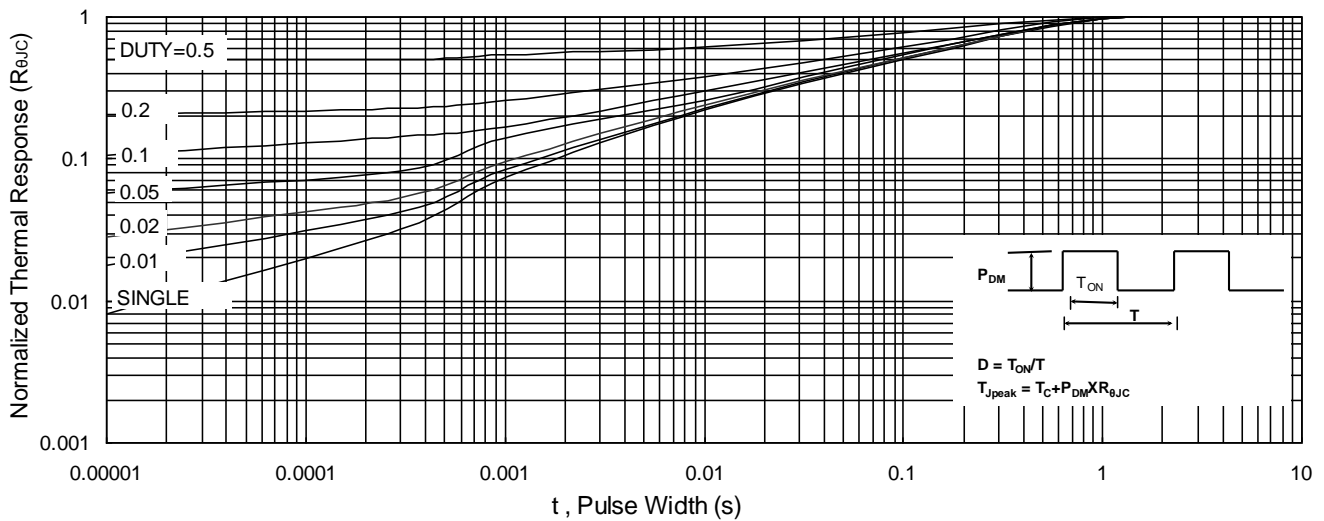


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

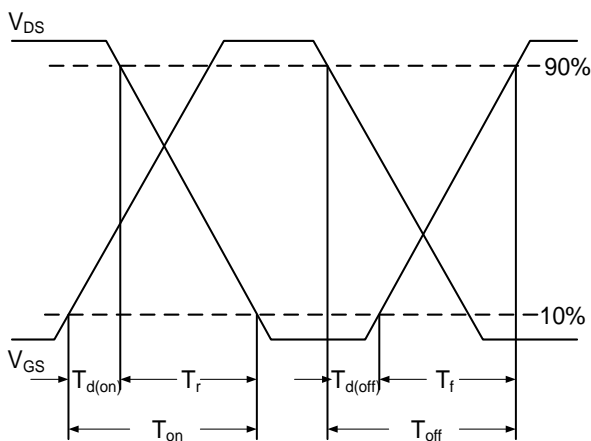


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

$$EAS = \frac{1}{2} L \times I_{AS}^2 \times \frac{BV_{DSS}}{BV_{DSS} - V_{DD}}$$

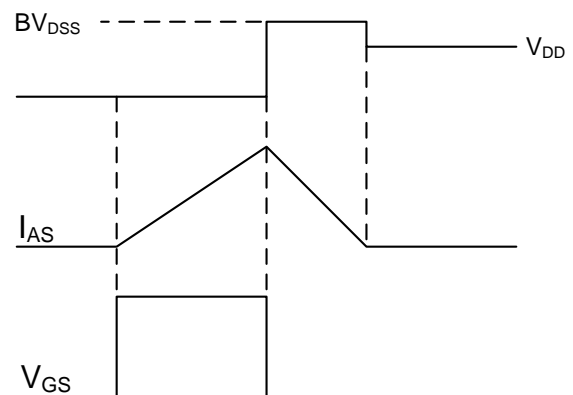


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform