

- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

Product Summary



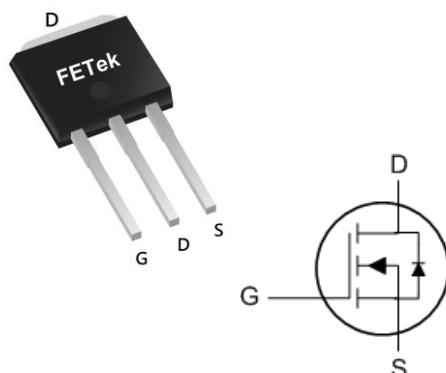
BVDSS	RDS(ON)	ID
30V	4mΩ	93A

Description

The FKR3016 is the high cell density trenched N-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDS(ON) and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The FKR3016 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

TO251 Pin Configuration



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V _{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
V _{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	V
I _D @T _C =25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V ¹	93	A
I _D @T _C =100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V ¹	59	A
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	190	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	140	mJ
I _{AS}	Avalanche Current	53	A
P _D @T _C =25°C	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	62.5	W
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 175	°C
T _J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	°C

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
R _{θJA}	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient ¹	---	62	°C/W
R _{θJC}	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	---	2.4	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	30	---	---	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	BVDSS Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , $I_D=1\text{mA}$	---	0.0213	---	V°C
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=30\text{A}$	---	---	4	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=15\text{A}$	---	---	6	
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=V_{\text{DS}}$, $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.0	---	2.5	V
$\Delta V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	-5.73	---	mV°C
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{DS}}=24\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	uA
		$V_{\text{DS}}=24\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}$, $V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	---	---	± 100	nA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}$, $I_D=30\text{A}$	---	26.5	---	S
R_g	Gate Resistance	$V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$	---	1.4	---	Ω
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=12\text{A}$	---	31.6	---	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	6.07	---	
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	13.8	---	
$T_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{\text{DD}}=12\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$, $R_G=3.3\Omega$	---	11.2	---	ns
T_r	Rise Time		---	49	---	
$T_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	35	---	
T_f	Fall Time		---	7.8	---	
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$	---	3075	---	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	400	---	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	315	---	

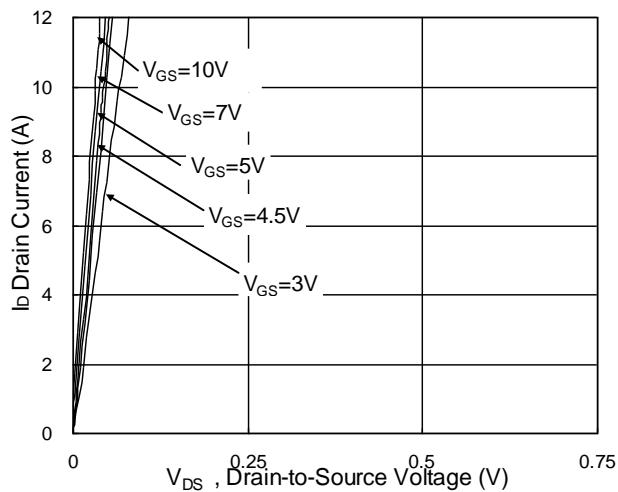
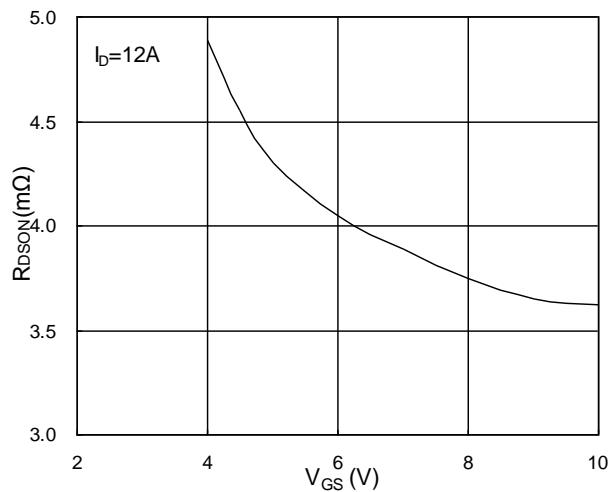
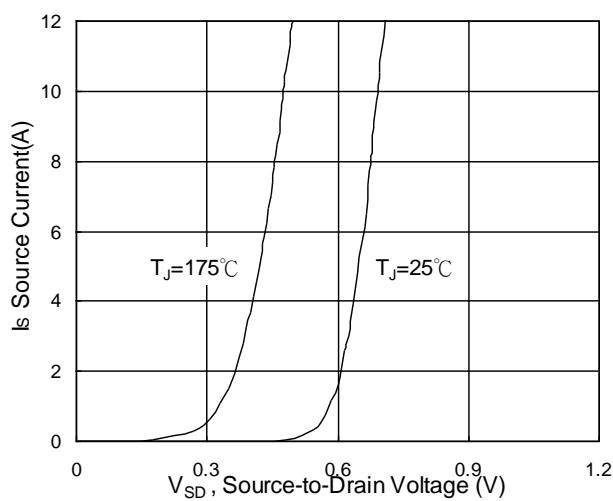
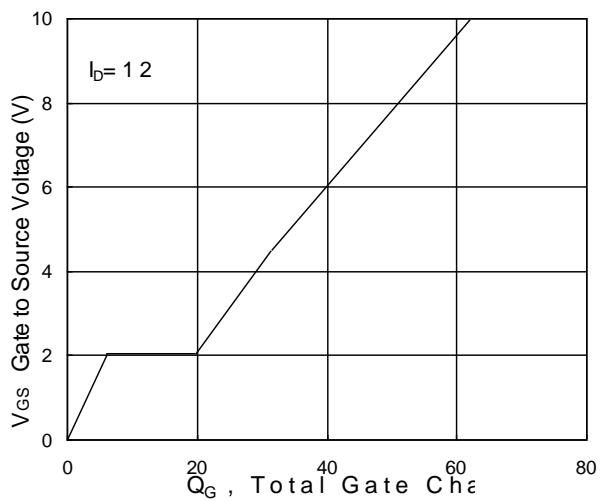
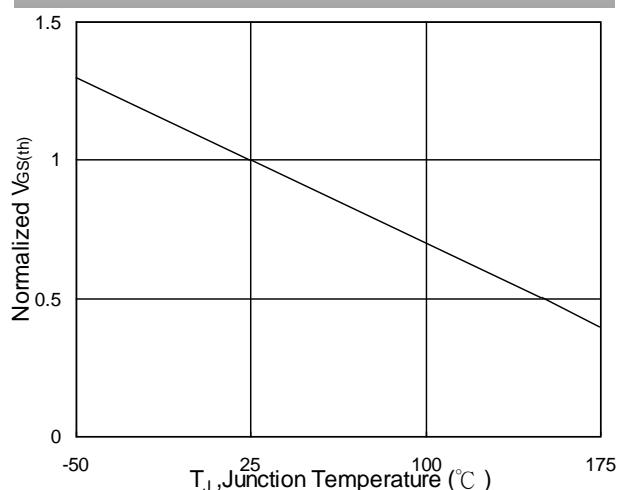
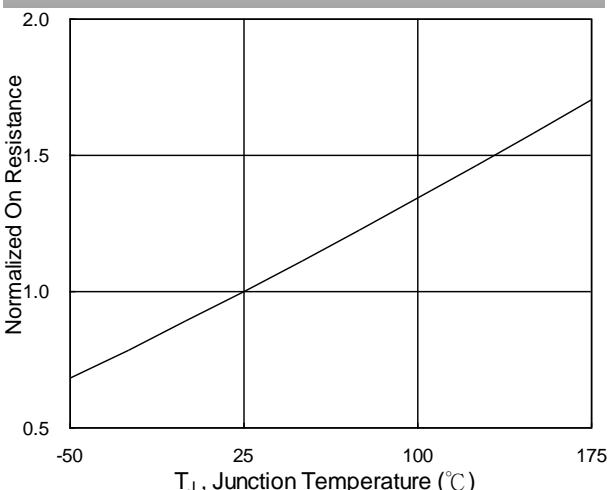
Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_s	Continuous Source Current ^{1,5}	$V_G=V_D=0\text{V}$, Force Current	---	---	93	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,5}		---	---	190	A
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $I_s=1\text{A}$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	V

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
- 3.The EAS data shows Max. rating . The test condition is $V_{\text{DD}}=25\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$, $L=0.1\text{mH}$, $I_{\text{AS}}=53\text{A}$
- 4.The power dissipation is limited by 175°C junction temperature
- 5.The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

Typical Characteristics


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. G-S Voltage

Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse

Fig.4 Gate-charge Characteristics

Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ vs. T_J

Fig.6 Normalized R_{DSON} vs. T_J

