

- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench technology

Product Summary



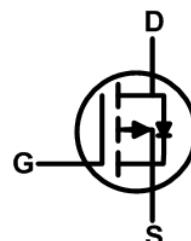
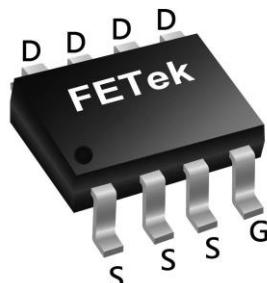
BVDSS	RDS(ON)	ID
-60V	140mΩ	-3A

General Description

The FKS6101 is the high cell density trenched P-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDS(ON) and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The FKS6101 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

SOP8 Pin Configuration



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V _{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	-60	V
V _{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	V
I _D @T _A =25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V ¹	-3	A
I _D @T _A =70°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V ¹	-2.4	A
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	-6	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	20	mJ
I _{AS}	Avalanche Current	-20	A
P _D @T _A =25°C	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	1.5	W
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
T _J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
R _{θJA}	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient ¹	---	85	°C/W
R _{θJC}	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	---	50	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

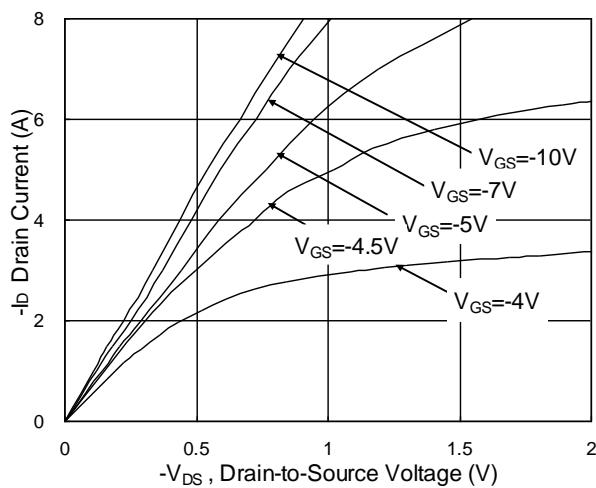
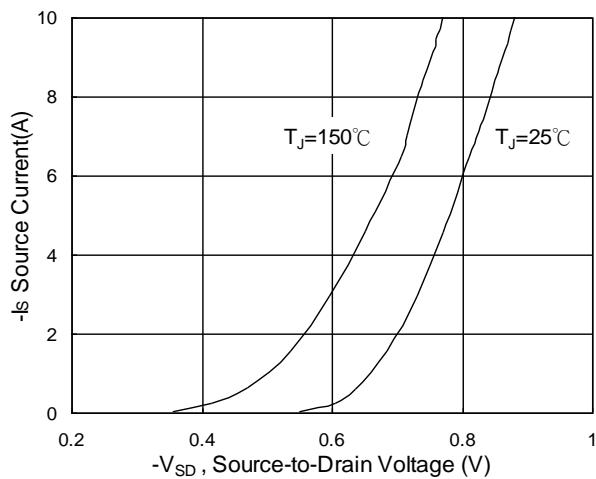
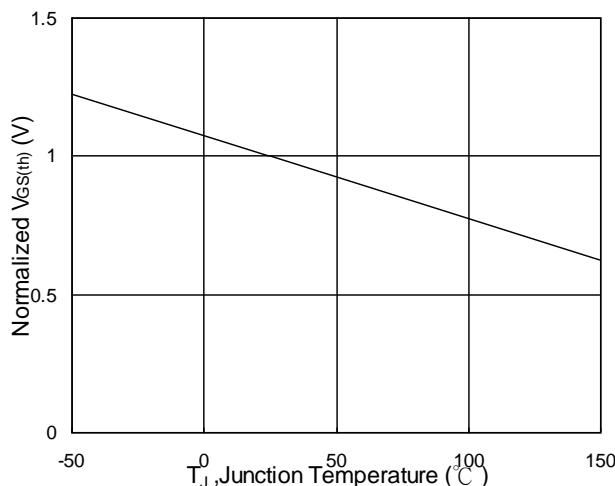
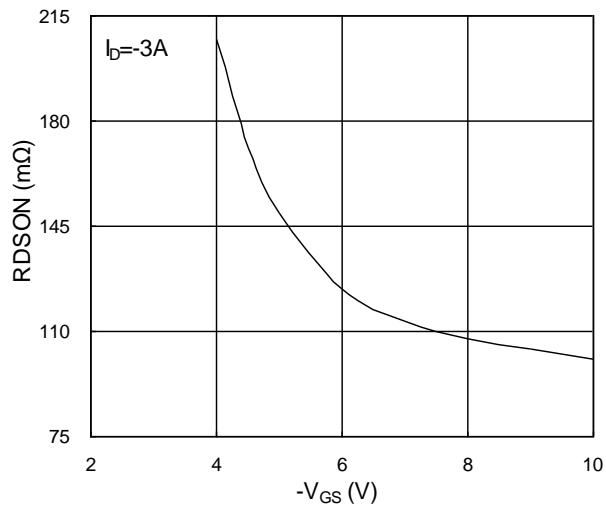
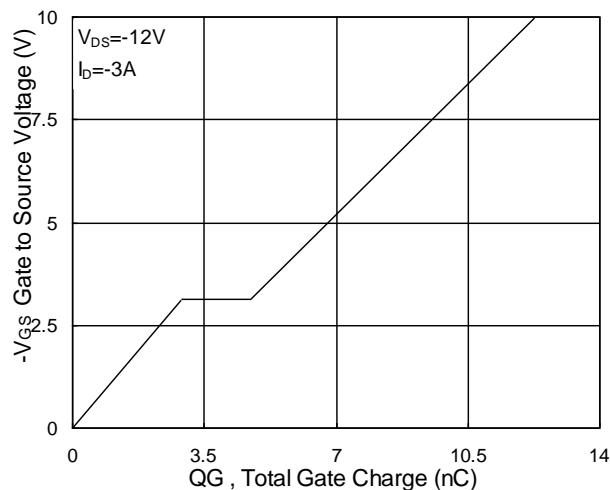
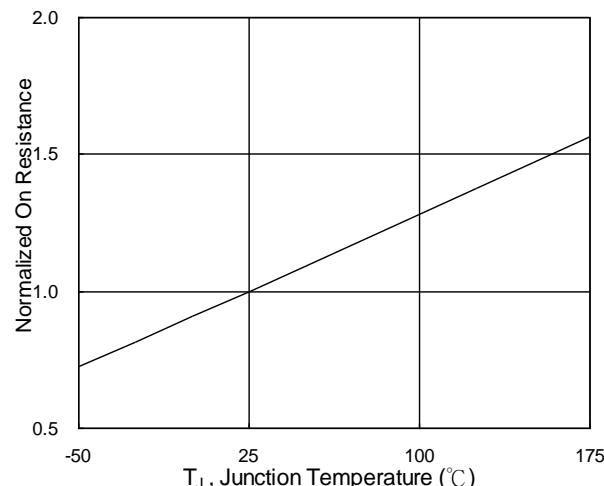
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-60	---	---	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	BV_{DSS} Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , $I_D=-1\text{mA}$	---	-0.049	---	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$, $I_D=-3\text{A}$	---	---	140	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=-2\text{A}$	---	---	190	
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=V_{\text{DS}}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.0	---	-2.5	V
$\Delta V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	5.42	---	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{DS}}=-48\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	1	uA
		$V_{\text{DS}}=-48\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}$, $V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	---	---	± 100	nA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-5\text{V}$, $I_D=-3\text{A}$	---	5.8	---	S
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (-4.5V)	$V_{\text{DS}}=-20\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=-3\text{A}$	---	5.9	---	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	2.9	---	
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	1.8	---	
$T_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{\text{DD}}=-12\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$, $R_G=3.3\Omega$, $I_D=-3\text{A}$	---	10	---	ns
T_r	Rise Time		---	17	---	
$T_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	22	---	
T_f	Fall Time		---	21	---	
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-15\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $F=1\text{MHz}$	---	715	---	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	51	---	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	34	---	

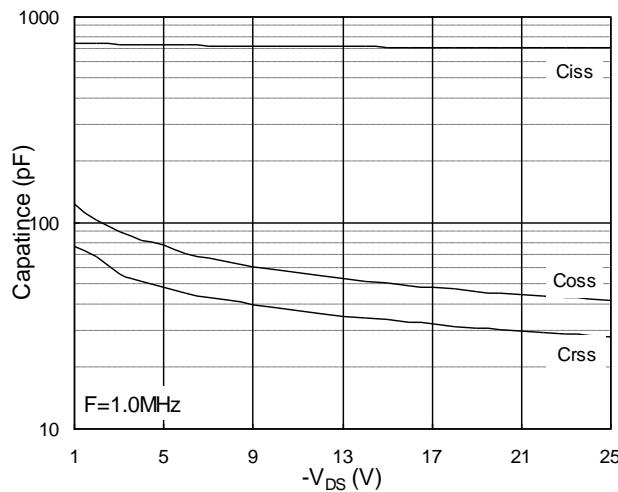
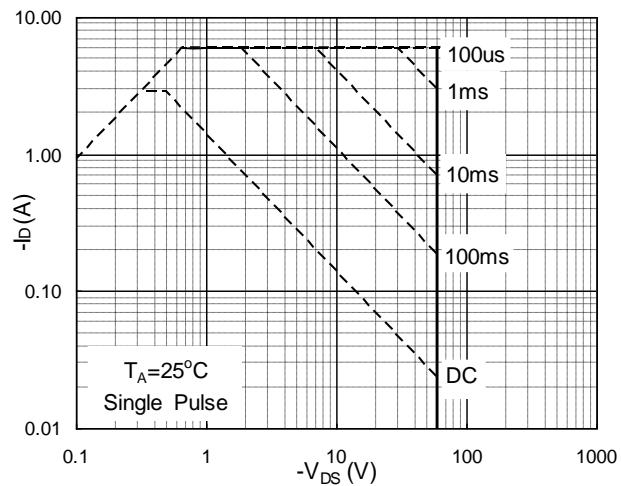
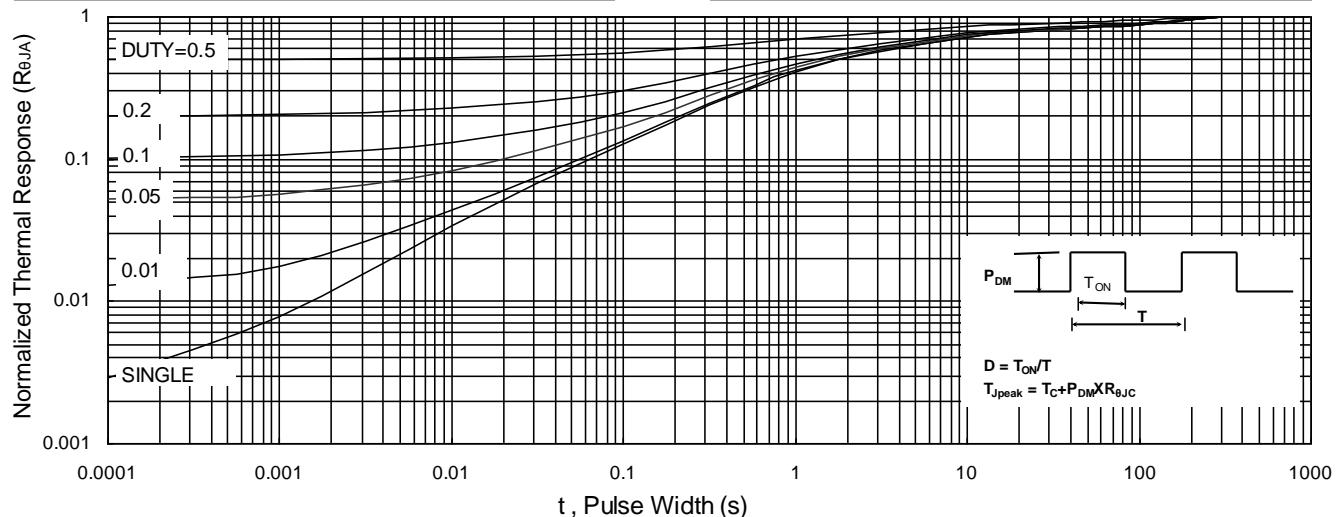
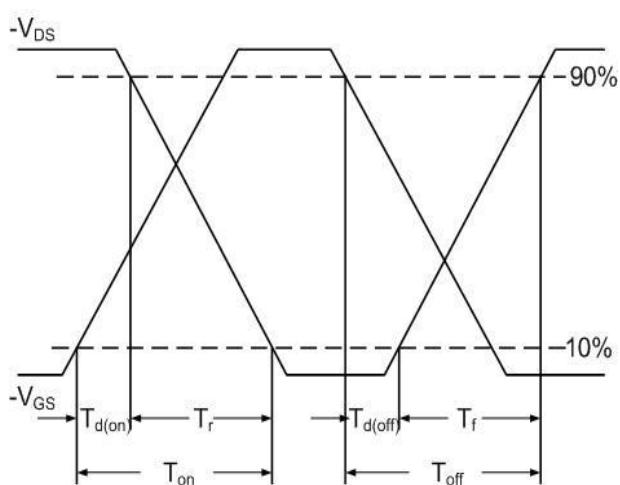
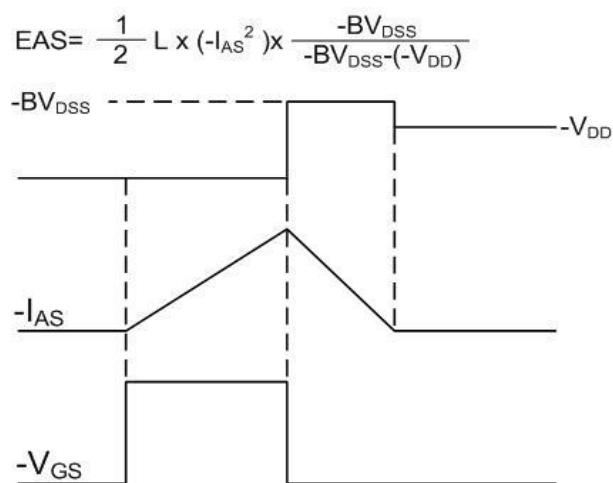
Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_s	Continuous Source Current ^{1,6}	$V_G=V_D=0\text{V}$, Force Current	---	---	-3	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,6}		---	---	-6	A
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $I_s=-1\text{A}$, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	---	---	-1.2	V

Note :

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
- 3.The EAS data shows Max. rating . The test condition is $V_{\text{DD}}=-25\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$, $L=0.1\text{mH}$, $I_{\text{AS}}=-20\text{A}$
- 4.The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature
- 5.The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

P-Channel Typical Characteristics

Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

Fig.3 Forward Characteristics Of Reverse

Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(\text{th})}$ vs. T_J

Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. G-S Voltage

Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

Fig.6 Normalized R_{DSON} vs. T_J


Fig.7 Capacitance

Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Waveform