

# Red GaAsP LED Lamps

Optoelectronic Products

# FLV100 FLV101 FLV102

## General Description

The FLV100, FLV101 and FLV102 are red light-emitting diodes encapsulated in plastic. Each light source is contained in a black case, giving excellent contrast when on, yet appearing black when off.

**High Brightness—1500 fL @ 200 mA**  
**Low Power Consumption—IC Compatible**  
**Vibration/Shock Resistant**  
**High On/Off Contrast**  
**FLV100 Is A Highly Intense Point Source**  
**FLV101 Is A Highly Diffused Light Source**  
**Viewable Over A Full 180° Angle**  
**Frosted Surface Eliminates**  
**Glare From Ambient Light**  
**FLV102 Is A Large-Area Light Source**

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

### Maximum Temperature and Humidity

Storage Temperature	-40°C to +100°C
Operating Temperature	-40°C to +100°C
Pin Temperature (Soldering 5 s .1-inch from seating plane)	250°C
Relative Humidity at 65°C	98%

### Maximum Power Dissipation

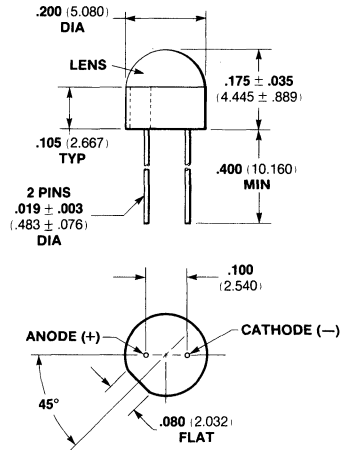
Total Dissipation at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	100 mW
Derate Linearly from 25°C	1.3 mW / °C

### Maximum Voltage and Currents

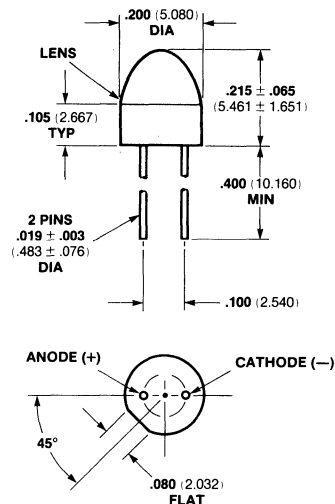
$V_R$ Reverse Voltage	3.0 V
$I_F$ Forward dc Current	50 mA

## Package Outlines

### FLV100/101



### FLV102



## Notes

\*Package height of the FLV102 is .190-.260 (4.826-6.604)  
 All dimensions in inches **bold** and millimeters (parentheses)  
 All pins electrically isolated from case  
 Tolerance unless specified =  $\pm .015$  ( $\pm .381$ )

# Typical Electrical Characteristic Curves

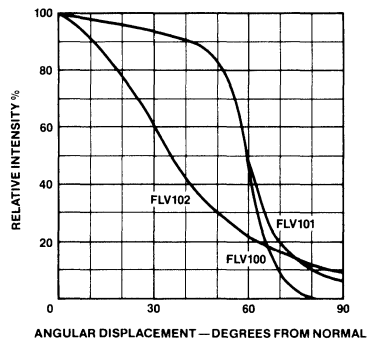
# FLV100 FLV101 FLV102

## Electrical and Radiant Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

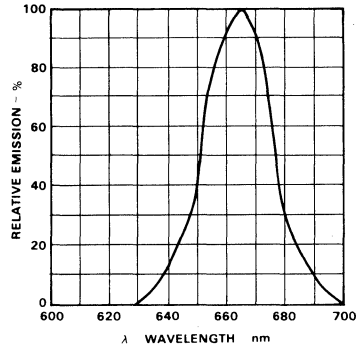
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
$V_F$	Forward Voltage		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
$BV_R$	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	3.0	8.0		V	$I_R = 10\ \mu\text{A}$
$I_O$	Axial Luminous Intensity					
	FLV100	.15	0.5		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
	FLV101	.10	0.45		mcd	
	FLV102	0.3	1.0		mcd	
$\lambda_{pk}$	Peak Wavelength		665			$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
$\theta_{1/2}$	Angle of Half Intensity					
	FLV100		80		degrees	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
	FLV101		80		degrees	
	FLV102		30		degrees	

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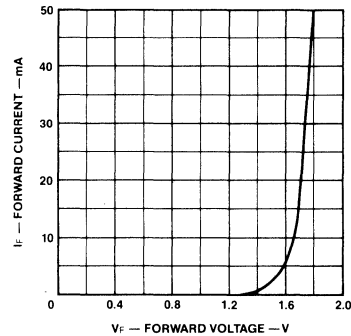
Relative Intensity vs Viewing Angle



Emission Spectrum



Forward Current ( $I_F$ ) vs Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ )



Brightness vs Forward Current ( $I_F$ )

