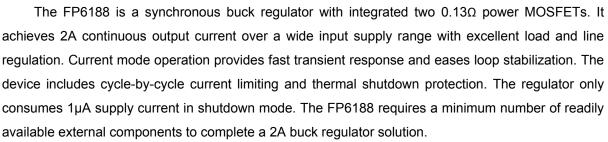
# 

## FP6188

2A, 23V, 340KHz Synchronous Step-Down Converter

## **General Description**



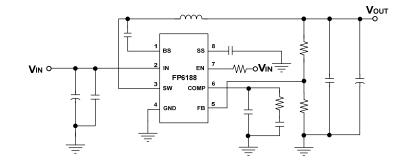
## **Features**

- > 2A Output Current
- > 0.13Ω Internal Power MOSFET Switches
- > Stable with Low ESR Output Ceramic Capacitors Up to 93% Efficiency
- ➢ 1µA Shutdown Mode Current
- Programmable Soft-Start
- Fixed 340KHz Frequency
- Thermal Shutdown
- Cycle-by-Cycle Over Current Protection
- Wide 4.5V to 23V Operating Input Range
- Output Adjustable From 0.923V to 16V
- Available SOP-8L (EP) Package
- Input Under Voltage Lockout

## Applications

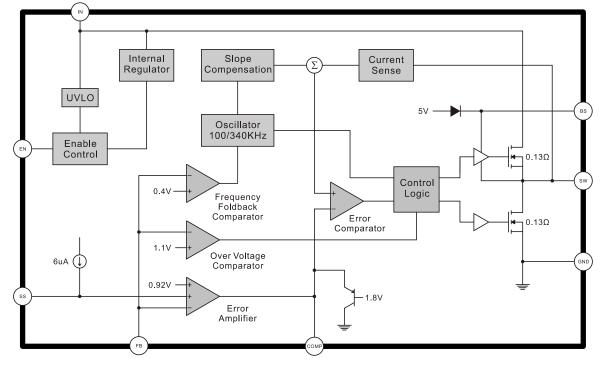
- Distributed Power Systems
- Battery Charger Network Cards
- Pre-Regulator for Linear Regulators
- DSL Modems

# **Typical Application Circuit**





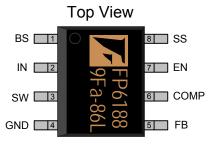
# **Function Block Diagram**





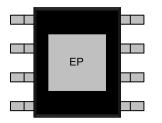
# **Pin Descriptions**

### SOP-8L (EP)



Name	No.	1/0	Description			
BS	1	0	Bootstrap			
IN	2	Р	supply Voltage			
SW	3	0	Switch			
GND	4	Р	Ground			
FB	5	I	Feedback			
COMP	6	0	Compensation			
EN	7	I	Enable / UVLO			
SS	8	0	Soft-Start			
EP	9	Р	Exposed PAD - Must connect to Ground			

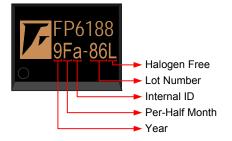
#### **Bottom View**





# **Marking Information**

SOP-8L (EP)



Halogen Free: Halogen free product indicator Lot Number: Wafer lot number's last two digits

For Example: 132386TB → 86

Internal ID: Internal Identification Code

Per-Half Month: Production period indicated in half month time unit

For Example: January  $\rightarrow$  A (Front Half Month), B (Last Half Month)

February  $\rightarrow$  C (Front Half Month), D (Last Half Month)

Year: Production year's last digit

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**FP6188** 



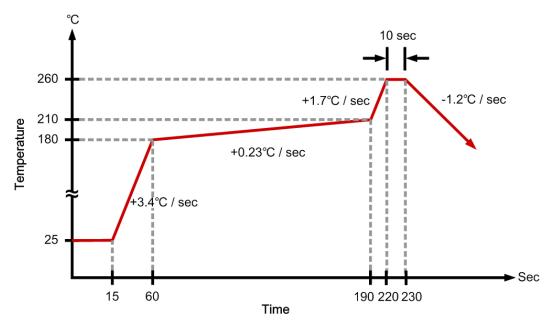
## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	<b>Operating Temperature</b>	Package	MOQ	Description
FP6188XR-G1	-40°C ~ +85°C	SOP-8L (EP)	2500EA	Tape & Reel

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		-0.3		24	V
Supply Voltage	V <sub>sw</sub>		-1		V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	V
Bootstrap Voltage	V <sub>BS</sub>		V <sub>sw</sub> -0.3		V <sub>sw</sub> +6	V
All Other Pins			-0.3		6	V
Junction Temperature	TJ				+150	°C
Storage Temperature	Ts		-65		+150	°C
Allowable Dower Dissignation		SOP-8L			800	mW
Allowable Power Dissipation		SOP-8L (EP)			1500	mW
	θ <sub>JA</sub>	SOP-8L		+156		°C / W
The marked Decision of		SOP-8L (EP)		+83		°C / W
Thermal Resistance		SOP-8L		+55		°C / W
	θ <sub>JC</sub>	SOP-8L (EP)		+10		°C / W
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec)				+260		°C

# **IR Re-flow Soldering Curve**



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## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		4.5		23	V
Operating Temperature		Ambient Temperature	-40		+85	°C

## DC Electrical Characteristics (Ta= 25°C, V<sub>IN</sub>=12V, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Standby Current	I <sub>SB</sub>	$V_{EN} \ge 3V, V_{FB} \ge 1.0V$		1.0	1.5	mA
Shutdown Supply Current	I <sub>ST</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> =0		3		μA
Feedback Voltage	V <sub>FB</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =12V,V <sub>COMP</sub> <2V	0.900	0.923	0.946	V
Feedback Over Voltage Threshold				1.1		V
Error Amplifier Voltage Gain	G <sub>EA</sub>			400		V/V
Error Amplifier Transconductance	T <sub>EA</sub>	_lC=±10μA		830		μA / V
High Side Switch ON Resistance	R <sub>ON-HS</sub>			0.13		Ω
Low Side Switch ON Resistance	R <sub>ON-LS</sub>			0.13		Ω
High Side Switch Leakage Current	IIL	V <sub>EN</sub> =0,V <sub>SW</sub> =0V		0.1	10	μA
High Side Current Limit	I <sub>HCL</sub>		2.4	3.4		А
Low Side Current Limit	I <sub>LCL</sub>	From Drain to Source		1.1		А
COMP to Current Sense Transconductance	T <sub>CS</sub>			2.2		A/V
Oscillation Frequency	Fosc		300	340	380	KHz
Short Circuit Oscillation Frequency	$F_{SC}$	V <sub>FB</sub> =0V		100		KHz
Maximum Duty Cycle	D <sub>MAX</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> =0.8V		90		%
Minimum On Time	T <sub>ON</sub>			220		ns
Input Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	V <sub>UVLO</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> Rising	3.8	4.1	4.4	V
Input Under Voltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis				200		mV
EN Lockout Threshold	V <sub>ENLO</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> Rising	2.2	2.5	2.7	V
EN Lockout Threshold Hysteresis				200		mV
EN Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{EN}}$		1.0	1.5	2.0	V
EN Threshold Voltage Hysteresis				200		mV
Soft-Start Current		V <sub>SS</sub> =0V		6		μA
Thermal Shutdown	T <sub>TS</sub>			+150		°C

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## **Function Description**

The FP6188 is a synchronous current-mode buck regulator. It regulates input voltages from 4.5V to 23V down to an output voltage as low as 0.923V, and is able to supply up to 2A of load current. The FP6188 uses current-mode control to regulate the output voltage. The output voltage is measured at FB through a resistive voltage divider and amplified by the internal error amplifier. The output current of the transconductance error amplifier is presented at COMP where a network compensates the regulation control system. The voltage at COMP is compared to the switch current measured internally to control the output voltage. The converter uses internal n-channel MOSFET switches to step-down the input voltage to the regulated output voltage. Since the MOSFET requires a gate voltage greater than the input voltage, a boost capacitor connected between SW and BS drives the gate. The capacitor is charged from the internal regulator when the SW pin is low.

## **Output Voltage (VOUT)**

The output voltage is set using a resistive voltage divider from the output voltage to FB. The voltage divider divides the output voltage down by the ratio:

$$V_{FB} = V_{OUT} \times \frac{R_4}{R_2 + R_4}$$

Thus the output voltage is:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \frac{R_2 + R_4}{R_4}$$

A typical value for R4 can be as high as  $100K\Omega$ , but a typical value is  $10K\Omega$ .

#### Enable Mode / Shutdown Mode

Drive the EN Pin to ground to shutdown the FP6188. Shutdown forces the internal power MOSFETs off, turns off all internal circuitry, and reduces the  $V_{IN}$  supply current to 1µA (typ). The EN Pin rising threshold is 1.5V (typ), and hysteresis is 200mV. For automatic startup application, pull up the EN pin with 100K $\Omega$  resister.

#### Boost High-Side Gate Drive (BST)

Since the MOSFET requires a gate voltage greater than the input voltage, connect a flying bootstrap capacitor between SW and BS to provide the gate-drive voltage to the high-side n-channel MOSFET switch. The capacitor is alternately charged from the internal regulator. On startup, an internal low-side switch connects SW to ground and charges the BST capacitor to internal regulated voltage. Once the BST capacitor is charged, and the internal low-side switch is turned off, the BST capacitor voltage provides the necessary enhancement voltage to turn on the high-side switch.

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#### **Thermal Shutdown Protection**

The FP6188 features integrated thermal shutdown protection. When the IC junction temperature exceeds  $+150^{\circ}$ C, thermal shutdown protection will be triggered. The internal power MOSFET is then turned off to limit the device power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub>). Once thermal shutdown occurs, this device can go back to normal operation until the junction temperature drops below  $+100^{\circ}$ C approximately.

## **Application Information**

#### **Input Capacitor Selection**

The input current to the step-down converter is discontinuous, therefore a capacitor is required to supply the AC current to the step-down converter while maintaining the DC input voltage. Use low ESR capacitors for the best performance. Ceramic capacitors are preferred, but tantalum or low-ESR electrolytic capacitors may also suffice.

The input capacitor can be electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic. When using electrolytic or tantalum capacitors, a small, high quality ceramic capacitor, i.e.  $0.1\mu$ F, should be placed as close to the IC as possible.

When using ceramic capacitors, make sure that they have enough capacitance to provide sufficient charge to prevent excessive voltage ripple at input. The input voltage ripple caused by capacitance can be estimated by

$$C_{IN} = \frac{I_O}{f \times \Delta V_{IN}} \times D(1-D)$$

#### **Inductor Selection**

The inductor is required to supply constant current to the output load while being driven by the switched input voltage. A larger value inductor will result in less ripple current that will result in lower output ripple voltage. However, the larger value inductor will have a larger physical size, higher series resistance, and / or lower saturation current. A good rule for determining the inductance to use is to allow the peak-to-peak ripple current in the inductor to be approximately 30% of the maximum switch current limit. Also, make sure that the peak inductor current is below the maximum switch current limit. The inductance value can be calculated by

$$L = \frac{V_O + V_D}{I_O \gamma f} (1 - D)$$

Where *r* is the ripple current ratio

$$I_{Lrms} = I_O \sqrt{1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{12}}$$

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RMS current in inductor



#### **Output Capacitor Selection**

The output capacitor is required to maintain the DC output voltage. Ceramic, tantalum, or low ESR electrolytic capacitors are recommended. Low ESR capacitors are preferred to keep the output voltage ripple low. The output voltage ripple can be estimated by:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{f \times L \times V_{IN}} \times \left( ESR + \frac{1}{8 \times f \times C_{OUT}} \right)$$

In the case of ceramic capacitors, the impedance at the switching frequency is dominated by the capacitance. The output voltage ripple is mainly caused by the capacitance. In the case of tantalum or electrolytic capacitors, the ESR dominates the impedance at the switching frequency.

I .In the case of ceramic capacitors

$$C_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{8 \times f^2 \times L \times \Delta V_{OUT}} \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

 ${\rm I\hspace{-1.5pt}I}$  .In the case of tantalum or electrolytic capacitors

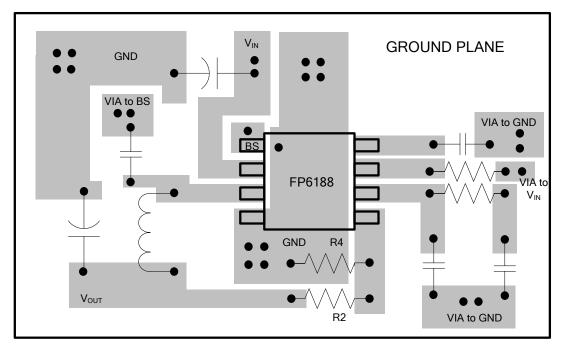
$$\text{ESR} = \frac{\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} \times f \times L \times V_{\text{IN}}}{V_{\text{OUT}} \times \left(V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}}\right)}$$

#### PC Board Layout Checklist

- The power traces, consisting of the GND trace, the SW trace and the V<sub>IN</sub> trace should be kept short, direct and wide.
- 2. Place C<sub>IN</sub> near IN Pin as closely as possible. To maintain input voltage steady and filter out the pulsing input current.
- 3. The resistive divider R<sub>2</sub>and R<sub>4</sub> must be connected to FB pin directly as closely as possible.
- 4. FB is a sensitive node. Please keep it away from switching node, SW. A good approach is to route the feedback trace on another layer and to have a ground plane between the top layer and the layer on which the feedback trace is routed. This reduces EMI radiation on to the DC-DC converter's own voltage feedback trace.

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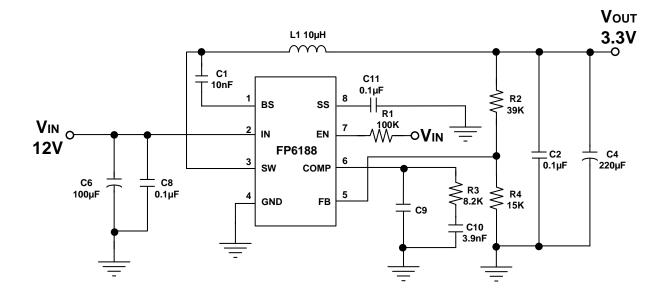




Suggested Layout

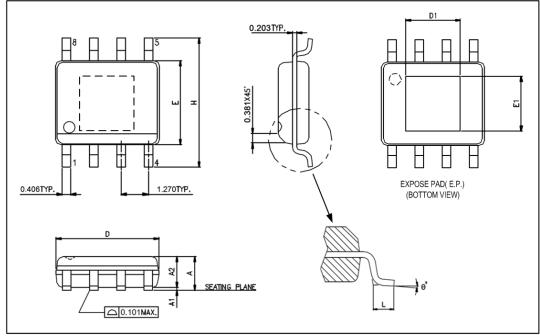


# **Typical Application**





## Package Outline SOP-8L (EP)



Unit: mm

Symbols	Min. (mm)	Max. (mm)
A	1.346	1.752
A1	0.050	0.152
A2		1.498
D	4.800	4.978
E	3.810	3.987
Н	5.791	6.197
L	0.406	1.270
θ°	0°	8°

#### Exposed PAD Dimensions:

Symbols	Min. (mm)	Max. (mm)	
E1	2.184 REF		
D1	2.971 REF		

#### Note:

- 1. Package dimensions are in compliance with JEDEC outline: MS-012 AA.
- 2. Dimension "D" does not include molding flash, protrusions or gate burrs.
- 3. Dimension "E" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.

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