

Very High-Sensitivity Photo-Darlington

Optoelectronic Products

FPT560 FPT570

General Description

FPT560/FPT570 are nitride passivated silicon photo Darlington. Each device is packaged in a TO-18 style, hermetically sealed package with lens cap. For most applications two pins are used (collector and emitter pins). The availability of the base pin gives wide latitude for flexible circuit design.

Super High Illumination Sensitivity
Exceptionally Stable Characteristics
Excellent For Low Light Level Applications
High Output Current

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Maximum Temperature and Humidity

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +150°C
Pin Temperature (Soldering, 5 s)	260°C
Relative Humidity at 65°C	85%

Maximum Power Dissipation

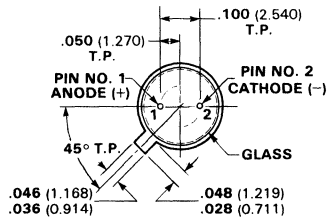
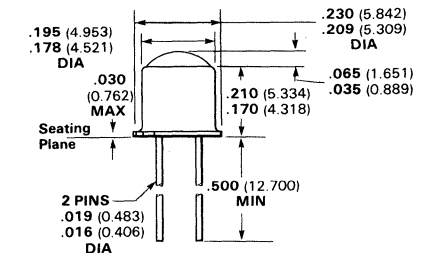
Total Dissipation at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	600 mW
Derate Linearly from 25°C	4.8 mW/°C
Total Dissipation at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	300 mW
Derate Linearly from 25°C	2.4 mW/°C

Maximum Voltages and Currents

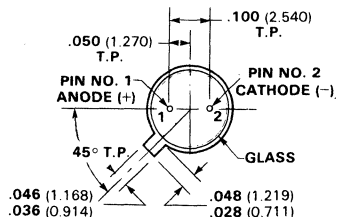
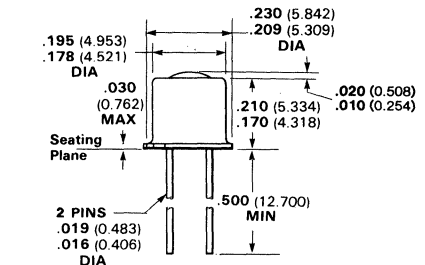
V_{CB} Collector-to-Base Voltage	30 V
V_{CE} Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	30 V
I_C Collector Current	125 mA

Package Outlines

FPT560



FPT570



Notes

All dimensions in inches **bold** and millimeters (parentheses)
Tolerance unless specified = $\pm .015$ ($\pm .381$)

Typical Electrical Characteristics

FPT560 FPT570

Electrical and Radiant Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{CE(sus)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	30	60		V	$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$ (Note 3)
V_{CBO}	Collector-to-Base Voltage	30	60		V	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ (Note 3)
V_{ECO}	Emitter-to-Collector Voltage		10		V	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ (Note 3)
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage		0.9	1.0	V	$I_C = 25\text{ mA}$, $H = 2.0\text{ mW/cm}^2$ (Note 1)
I_{CEO}	Collector Dark Current		10	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$ (Note 3)
$I_{CE(tt)}$	Photo Current (Tungsten) FPT560 FPT570	10	30		mA	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $H = 1.0\text{ mW/cm}^2$ (Notes 1, 5)
		1.0	6.0		mA	
$I_{CE(tt)}$	Photo Current (GaAs) FPT560 FPT570	30	90		mA	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $H = 1.0\text{ mW/cm}^2$ (Notes 2, 5)
		3.0	18		mA	
θ_{50}	50% Response Angle		15		degrees	
t_r	Light Current Rise Time		100		μs	(Note 4)
t_f	Light Current Fall Time		100		μs	(Note 4)

Notes

1. Measured at noted irradiance as emitted from a Tungsten filament lamp at a color temperature of 2854°K. The effective photosensitive area is typically 7 mm².
2. These are values obtained at noted irradiance as emitted from a GaAs source at 900 nm.
3. Measured with radiation flux intensity of less than 0.1 $\mu\text{W/cm}^2$ over the spectrum from 100-1500 nm.
4. Rise time is defined as the time required for I_{CE} to rise from 10% to 90% of peak value. Fall time is defined as the time required for I_{CE} to decrease from 90% to 10% of peak value. Test conditions are: $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_{CC} = 10\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$, GaAs source.
5. No electrical connection to base pin.
6. No electrical connection to emitter pin.