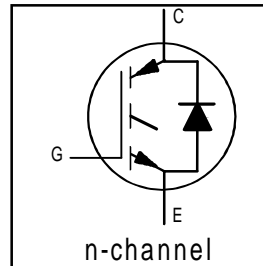


IRG4PSC71UD

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE UltraFast CoPack IGBT

Features

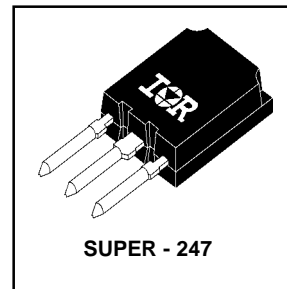
- Generation 4 IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency (minimum switching and conduction losses) than prior generations
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED ultrafast, ultrasoft recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry-benchmark Super-247 package with higher power handling capability compared to same footprint TO-247
- Creepage distance increased to 5.35mm



$V_{CES} = 600V$
 $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.67V$
 @ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 60A$

Benefits

- Generation 4 IGBT's offer highest efficiencies available
- Maximum power density, twice the power handling of TO-247, less space than TO-264
- IGBTs optimized for specific application conditions
- HEXFRED diodes optimized for performance with IGBTs
- Cost and space saving in designs that require multiple, paralleled IGBTs



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	85 ^⑤	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	60	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ^①	200	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ^②	200	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	60	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	350	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	350	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	140	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	

Thermal Resistance\ Mechanical

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	—	—	0.36	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	—	—	0.69	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	—	38	
	Recommended Clip Force	20.0(2.0)	—	—	N (kgf)
	Weight	—	6 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V _{(BR)CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ^③	600	—	—	V	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 250μA
ΔV _{(BR)CES/ΔT_J}	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.39	—	V/°C	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 10mA
V _{CE(on)}	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.67	2.0	V	I _C = 60A, V _{GE} = 15V
		—	1.95	—		I _C = 100A
		—	1.71	—		I _C = 60A, T _J = 150°C
V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 250μA
ΔV _{GE(th)/ΔT_J}	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-13	—	mV/°C	V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 1.5mA
g _{fe}	Forward Transconductance ^④	47	70	—	S	V _{CE} = 50V, I _C = 60A
I _{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	500	μA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 600V
		—	—	13	mA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 600V, T _J = 150°C
V _{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.4	1.7	V	I _C = 60A
		—	1.3	—		I _C = 60A, T _J = 150°C
I _{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	V _{GE} = ±20V

Switching Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q _g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	340	520	nC	I _C = 60A
Q _{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	44	66		V _{CC} = 400V
Q _{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	160	240		V _{GE} = 15V
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	—	90	—	ns	T _J = 25°C
t _r	Rise Time	—	94	—		I _C = 60A, V _{CC} = 480V
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	245	368		V _{GE} = 15V, R _G = 5.0Ω
t _f	Fall Time	—	110	167		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	3.26	—	mJ	See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	2.27	—		
E _{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	5.53	7.2		
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	—	91	—	ns	T _J = 150°C, See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
t _r	Rise Time	—	88	—		I _C = 60A, V _{CC} = 480V
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	353	—		V _{GE} = 15V, R _G = 5.0Ω
t _f	Fall Time	—	150	—		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E _{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	7.1	—	mJ	
L _E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C _{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	7500	—	pF	V _{GE} = 0V
C _{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	720	—		V _{CC} = 30V
C _{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	93	—		f = 1.0MHz
t _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	82	120	ns	T _J = 25°C See Fig. 14
		—	140	210		T _J = 125°C
I _{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	8.2	12	A	T _J = 25°C See Fig. 15
		—	13	20		T _J = 125°C
Q _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	364	546	nC	T _J = 25°C See Fig. 16
		—	1084	1625		T _J = 125°C
di _{(rec)M/dt} During t _b	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery	—	328	—	A/μs	T _J = 25°C See Fig. 17
		—	266	—		T _J = 125°C

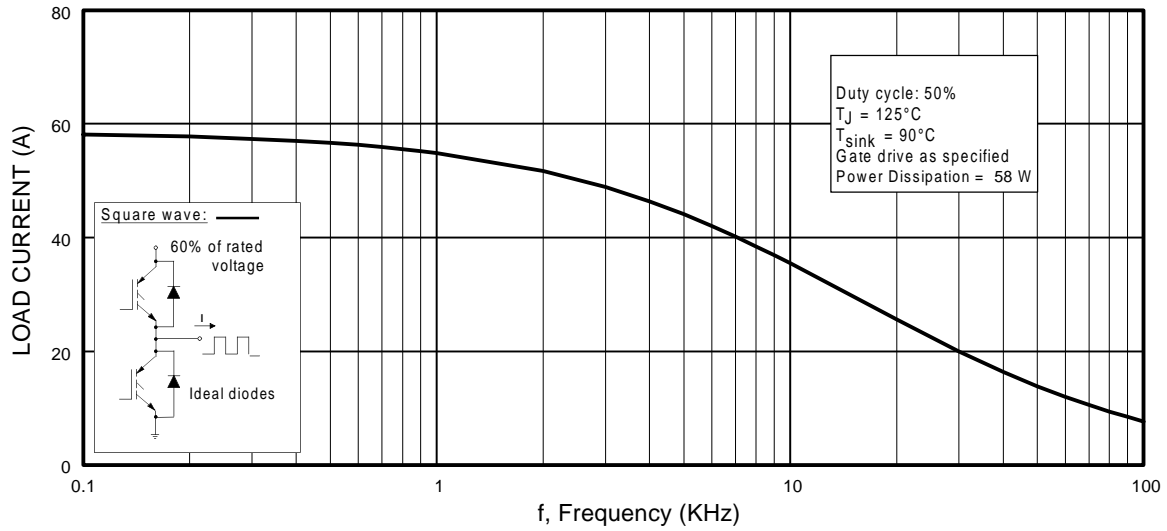


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

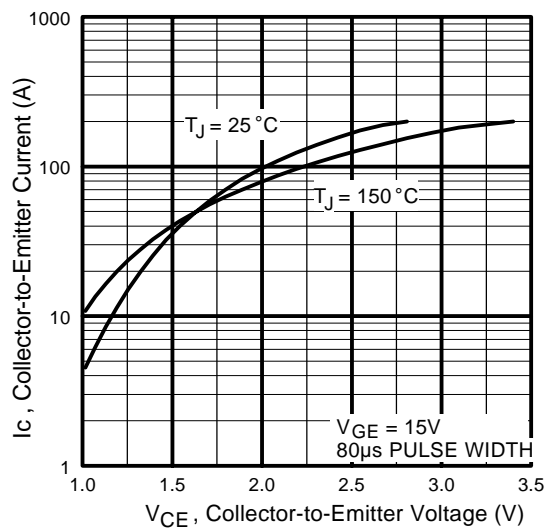


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics
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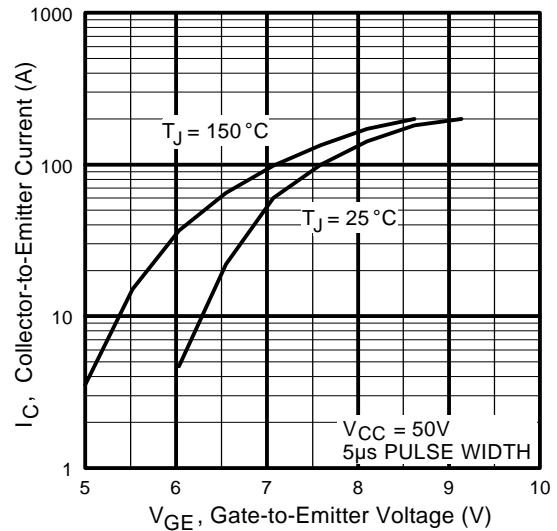


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

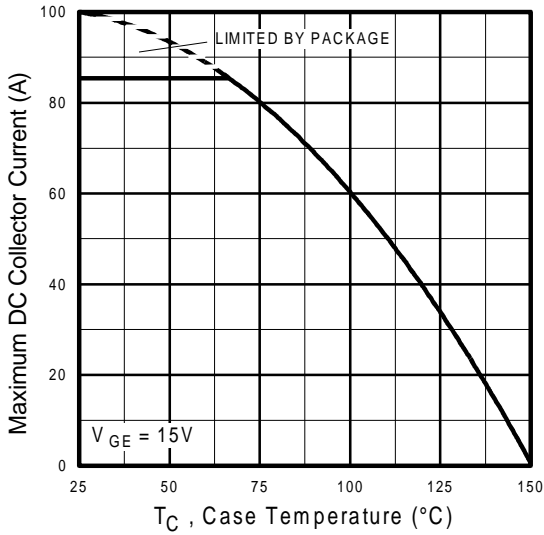


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

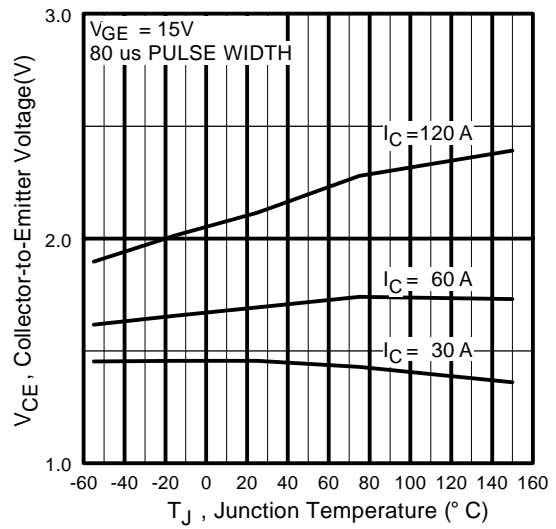


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

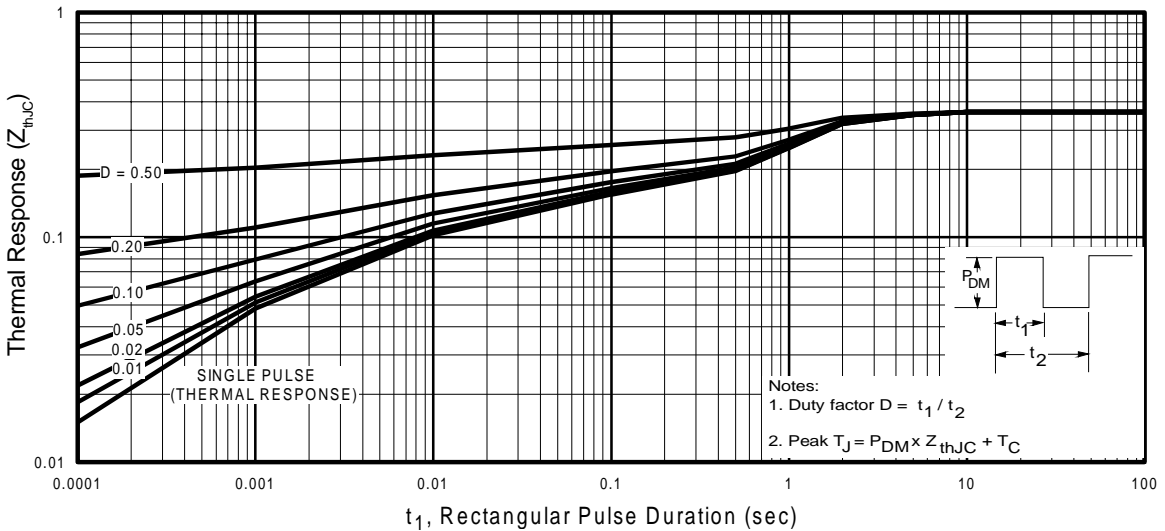


Fig. 6 - Maximum IGBT Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

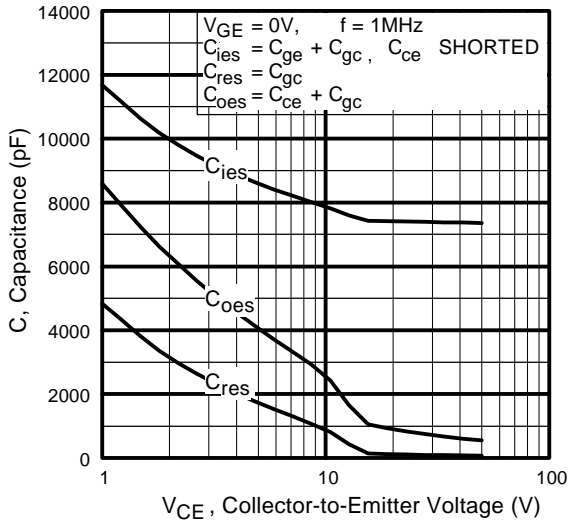


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

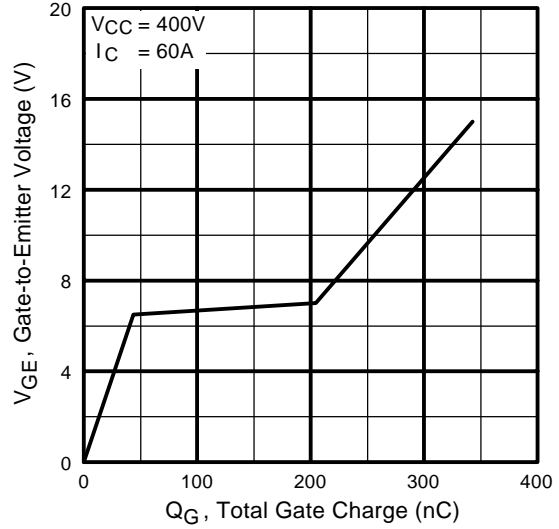


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

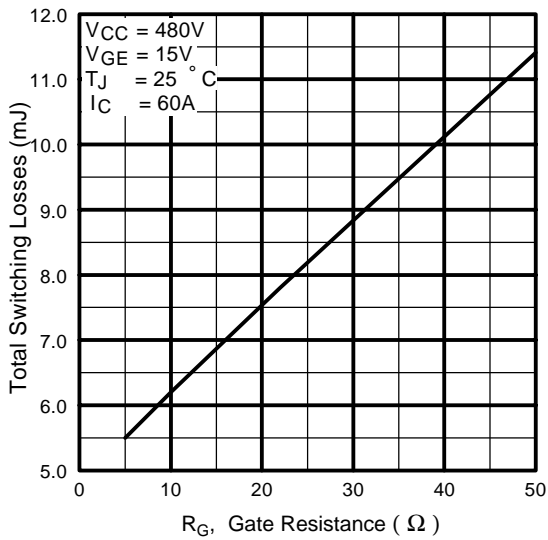


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

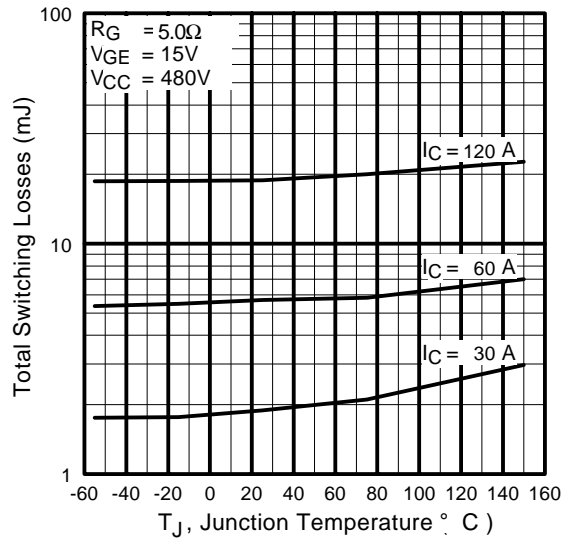


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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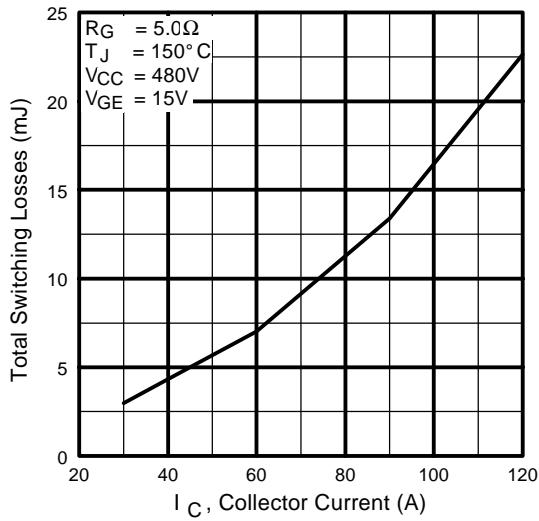


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

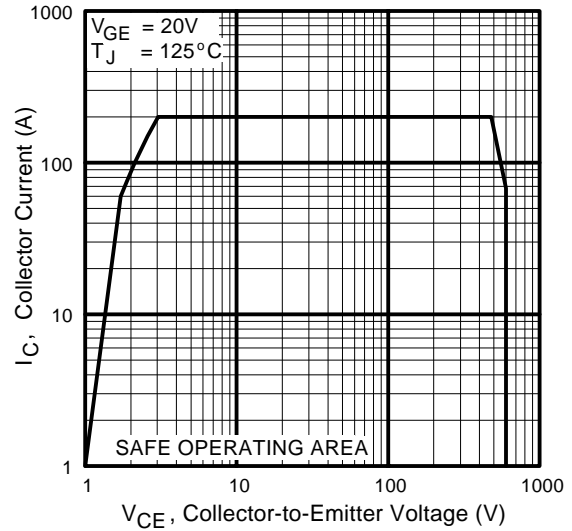


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

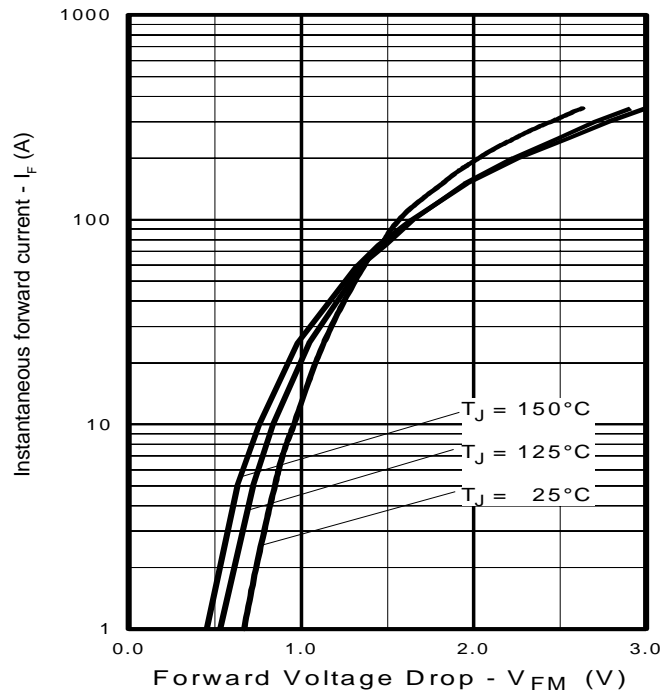


Fig. 13 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

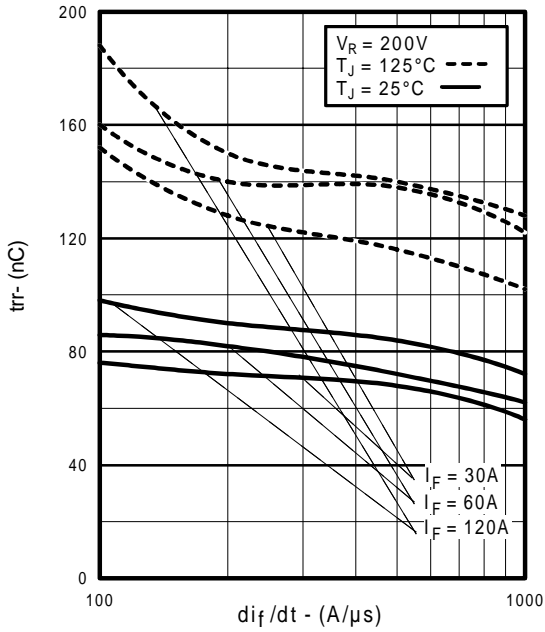


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

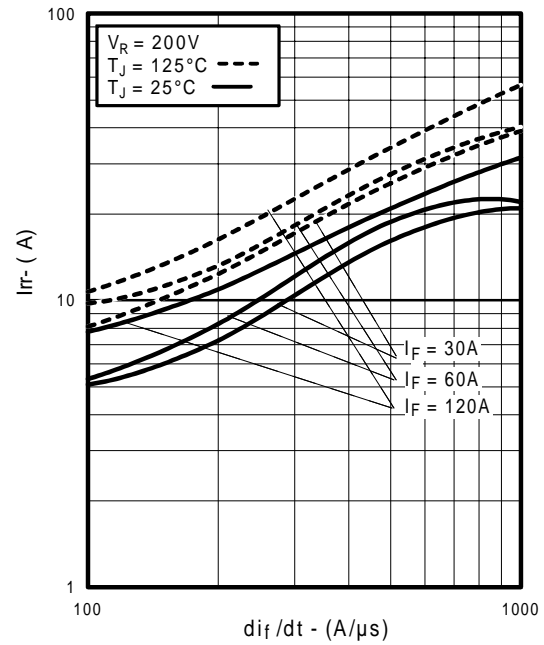


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

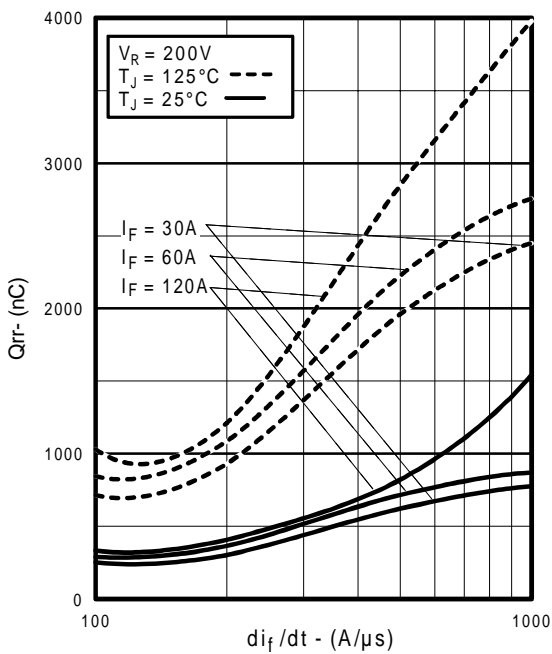


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt
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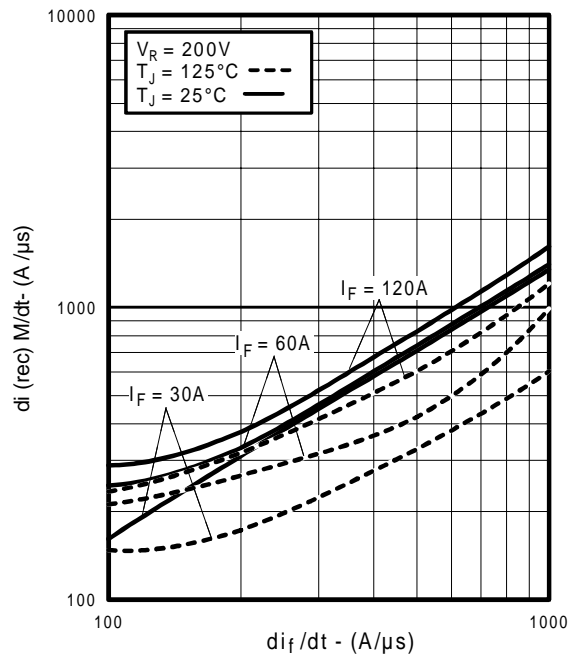


Fig. 17 - Typical $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

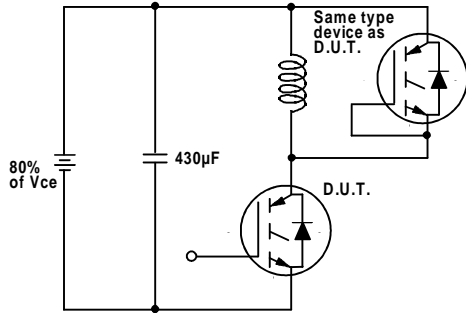


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of I_{LM} , E_{on} , $E_{off(diode)}$, t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

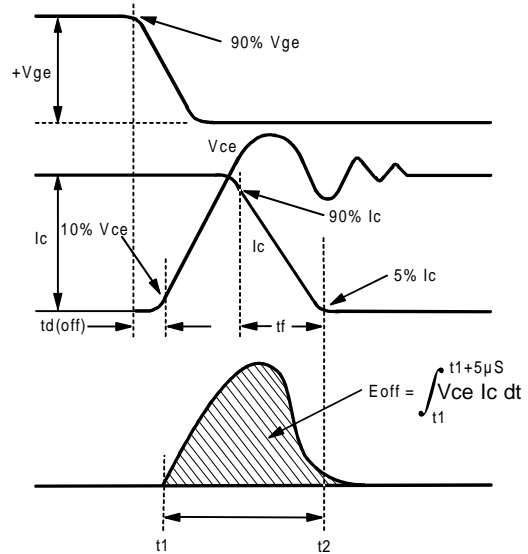


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{off} , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

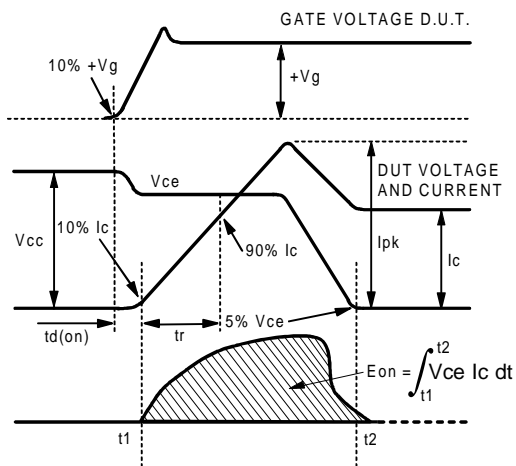


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{on} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r

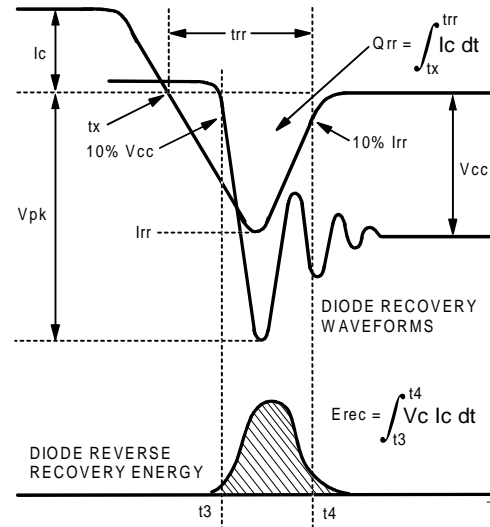


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{rec} , t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr}

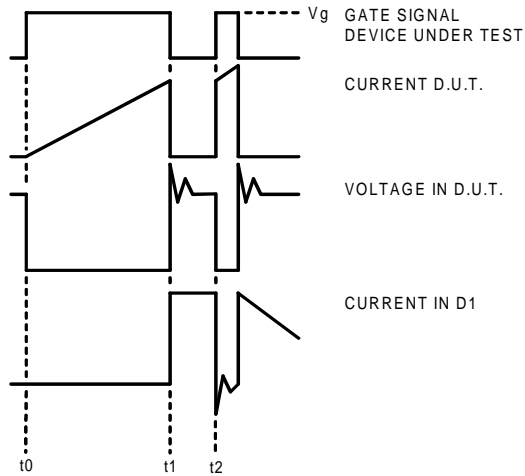


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

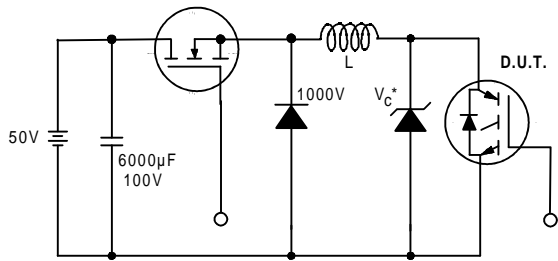


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

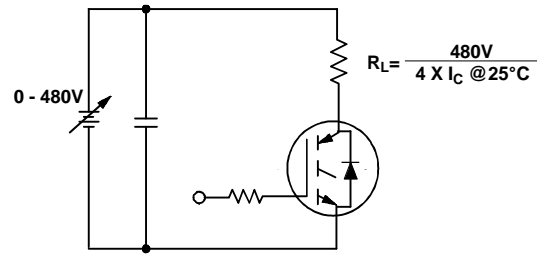


Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

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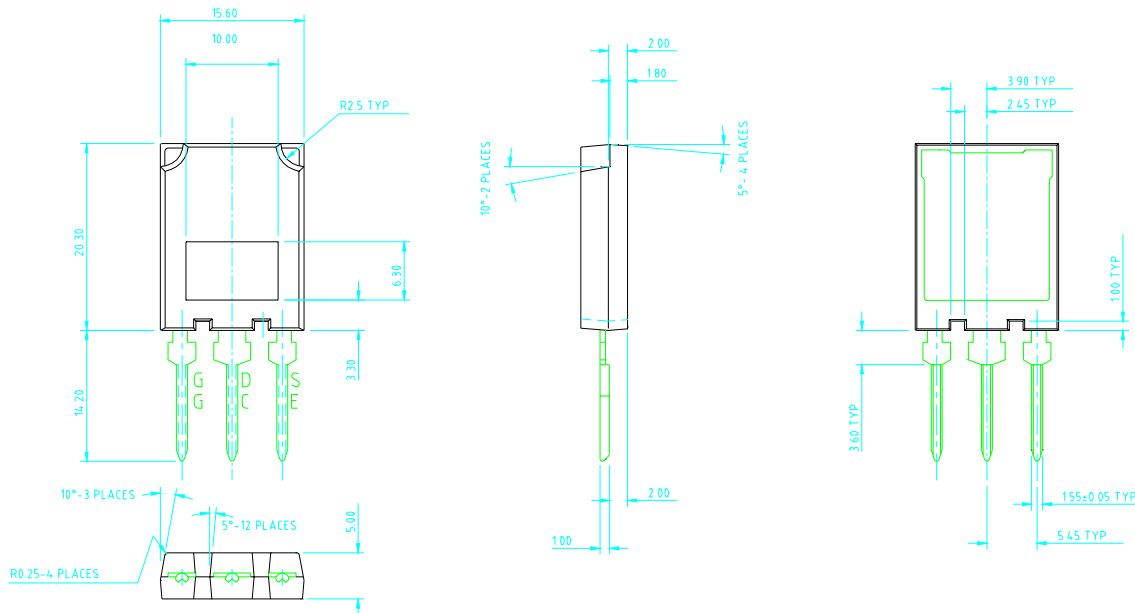
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Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating: $V_{GE}=20V$; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
- ② $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE}=20V$, $L=10\mu H$, $R_G=5.0\Omega$ (figure 19)
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$
- ④ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot
- ⑤ Current limited by the package, (Die current = 100A)

Case Outline and Dimensions — Super-247

Dimensions are shown in millimeters



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