

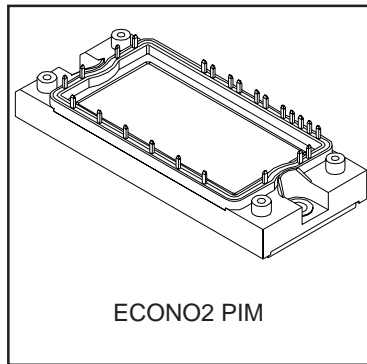
IGBT PIM MODULE

Features

- Low VCE (on) Non Punch Through IGBT Technology
- Low Diode VF
- 10µs Short Circuit Capability
- Square RBSOA
- HEXFRED Antiparallel Diode with Ultrasoft Diode Reverse Recovery Characteristics
- Positive VCE (on) Temperature Coefficient
- Ceramic DBC Substrate
- Low Stray Inductance Design

Benefits

- Benchmark Efficiency for Motor Control
- Rugged Transient Performance
- Low EMI, Requires Less Snubbing
- Direct Mounting to Heatsink
- PCB Solderable Terminals
- Low Junction to Case Thermal Resistance
- UL Listed ①

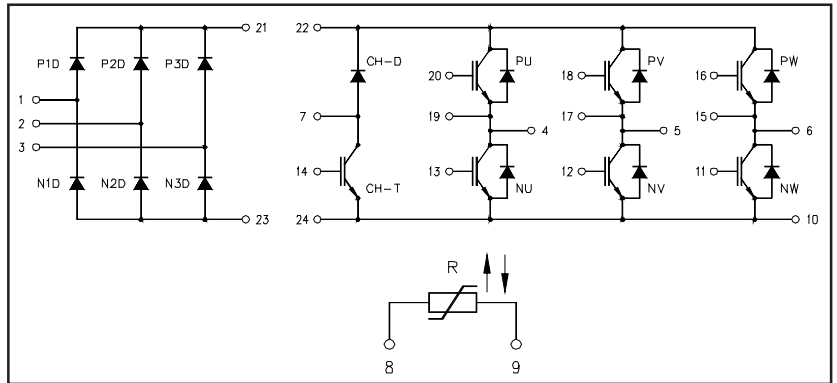


$V_{CES} = 1200V$

$I_C = 15A, T_C=80^{\circ}C$

$t_{sc} > 10\mu s, T_J=150^{\circ}C$

$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.55V$



Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise indicated)

	Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Ratings	Units
Inverter	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}			1200	V
	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	V_{GES}			± 20	
	Collector Current	I_C	Continuous	$25^{\circ}C / 80^{\circ}C$	25 / 15	A
				$25^{\circ}C$	50	
	Diode Maximum Forward Current	$I_{FM} \text{ } \textcircled{\varnothing}$			50	
	Power Dissipation	P_D	1 device	$25^{\circ}C$	125	W
Input Rectifier	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}			1600	V
	Average Output Current	$I_{F(AV)}$	50/60Hz sine pulse	$80^{\circ}C$	15	A
	Surge Current (Non Repetitive)	I_{FSM}	Rated V_{RRM} applied, 10ms, sine pulse		120	
	I^2t (Non Repetitive)	I^2t			72	A ² s
Brake	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}			1200	V
	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	V_{GES}			± 20	
	Collector Current	I_C	Continuous	$25^{\circ}C / 80^{\circ}C$	15 / 7.5	A
				$25^{\circ}C$	30	
	Power Dissipation	P_D	1 device	$25^{\circ}C$	83	W
	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}			1200	V
	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	T_J			150	$^{\circ}C$
	Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}			-40 to +125	
	Isolation Voltage	V_{ISOL}	AC (1min.)		2500	V

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Maximum	Units
Junction-to-Case Inverter IGBT Thermal Resistance	R_{THJC}	—	—	1.0	$^{\circ}C/W$
Junction-to-Case Inverter FRED Thermal Resistance		—	—	1.6	
Junction-to-Case Brake IGBT Thermal Resistance		—	—	1.5	
Junction-to-Case Diode Thermal Resistance		—	—	2.3	
Junction-to-Case Input Rectifier Thermal Resistance		—	—	1.0	
Mounting Torque (M5)		2.7	—	3.3	Nm

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

		Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref. Fig
Inverter IGBT	BV_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 500\mu A$	
	$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	1.1	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1mA (25^\circ\text{C}-125^\circ\text{C})$	
	$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	—	2.55	2.80	V	$I_C = 15A, V_{GE} = 15V$	1,2
			—	3.15	3.50		$I_C = 25A, V_{GE} = 15V$	4,5
			—	3.05	—		$I_C = 15A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
			—	3.85	—		$I_C = 25A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
	$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	4.0	5.0	6.0		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$	3,4,5
	$\Delta V_{GE(th)}$	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-11	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1mA (25^\circ\text{C}-125^\circ\text{C})$	
	I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	8	50	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V$	
			—	370	—		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
	I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 200	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$	
	Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	95	145	nC	$I_C = 15A$	7
	Q_{ge}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	10	15		$V_{CC} = 400V$	CT1
	Q_{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	45	70		$V_{GE} = 15V$	
	E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	1300	2300	μJ	$I_C = 15A, V_{CC} = 600V$	CT4
	E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	900	1550		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 22\Omega, L = 400\mu H$	
	E_{tot}	Total Switching Loss	—	2200	3850		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \textcircled{\text{S}}$	
	E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	1700	2850	μJ	$I_C = 15A, V_{CC} = 600V$	9,11
	E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1250	1900		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 22\Omega, L = 400\mu H$	CT4
	E_{tot}	Total Switching Loss	—	2950	4750		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C} \textcircled{\text{S}}$	WF1,2
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	50	65	ns	$I_C = 15A, V_{CC} = 600V$	10,12	
t_r	Rise time	—	50	70		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 22\Omega, L = 400\mu H$	CT4	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	300	540		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	WF1	
t_f	Fall time	—	220	286			WF2	
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	1285	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$	6	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	280	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$		
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	35	—		$f = 1Mhz$		
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 50A$ $R_G = 22\Omega, V_{GE} = +15V \text{ to } 0V$	CT2	
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	10	—	—	μs	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 900V, V_P = 1200V$ $R_G = 22\Omega, V_{GE} = +15V \text{ to } 0V$	CT3	
Inverter FRED	I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	22	—	A	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 600V, I_F = 15A, L = 400\mu H$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 22\Omega$	13,14,15 CT4
			V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—		2.15	2.55
—	—	2.60	3.05	$I_F = 25A$				
—	—	2.30	—	$I_F = 15A, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$				
—	—	2.90	—	$I_F = 25A, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$				

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

		Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref. Fig
Input Rectifier	V _{FM}	Maximum Forward Voltage Drop	—	—	1.3	V	I _F = 15A	17
	I _{RM}	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current	—	—	0.05	mA	T _J = 25°C, V _R = 1600V	
			—	—	1.0		T _J = 150°C, V _R = 1600V	
	r _T	Forward Slope Resistance	—	—	16.4	mΩ	T _J = 150°C	
V _{F(TO)}	Conduction Threshold Voltage	—	—	0.77	V			
Brake IGBT	BV _{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	—	—	V	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 500μA	
	ΔV _{(BR)CES} /ΔT _J	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	1.5	—	V/°C	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 1mA (25°C-125°C)	
	V _{CE(on)}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	—	2.35	2.50		I _C = 7.5A, V _{GE} = 15V	20,21
			—	3.10	3.30		I _C = 15A, V _{GE} = 15V	23,24
			—	2.75	—		I _C = 7.5A, V _{GE} = 15V, T _J = 125°C	
			—	3.80	—		I _C = 15A, V _{GE} = 15V, T _J = 125°C	
	V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	4.0	5.0	6.0		V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 250μA	22,23,24
	ΔV _{GE(th)}	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-10	—	mV/°C	V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 1mA (25°C-125°C)	
	I _{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	8	50	μA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 1200V	
			—	350	—		V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 1200V, T _J = 125°C	
	I _{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±200	nA	V _{GE} = ±20V	
	Q _g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	55	85	nC	I _C = 7.5A	26
	Q _{ge}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	24	40		V _{CC} = 600V	CT1
	Q _{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	7	15		V _{GE} = 15V	
	E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	700	800	μJ	I _C = 7.5A, V _{CC} = 600V	CT4
	E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	350	450		V _{GE} = 15V, R _G = 47Ω, L = 200μH	
	E _{tot}	Total Switching Loss	—	1050	1250		T _J = 25°C ③	
	E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	975	1150	μJ	I _C = 7.5A, V _{CC} = 600V	28,30
	E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	525	900		V _{GE} = 15V, R _G = 47Ω, L = 200μH	CT4
	E _{tot}	Total Switching Loss	—	1500	2050		T _J = 125°C ③	WF3,4
	t _{d(on)}	Turn-On delay time	—	50	65	ns	I _C = 7.5A, V _{CC} = 600V	29,31
t _r	Rise time	—	45	65	V _{GE} = 15V, R _G = 47Ω, L = 200μH		CT4	
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off delay time	—	365	400	T _J = 125°C		WF3	
t _f	Fall time	—	135	180			WF4	
C _{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	740	—	pF	V _{GE} = 0V	25	
C _{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	95	—		V _{CC} = 30V		
C _{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	20	—		f = 1Mhz		
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				T _J = 150°C, I _C = 30A R _G = 47Ω, V _{GE} = +15V to 0V	CT2	
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	10	—	—	μs	T _J = 150°C V _{CC} = 900V, V _P = 1200V R _G = 47Ω, V _{GE} = +15V to 0V	CT3	
Brake Diode	I _{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	13	—	A	V _{CC} = 600V, I _F = 7.5A, L = 400μH V _{GE} = 15V, R _G = 47Ω, T _J = 125°C	32,33,34 CT4
	V _{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.90	2.10	V	I _F = 7.5A	27
			—	2.40	2.70		I _F = 15A	
			—	2.00	—		I _F = 7.5A, T _J = 125°C	
—			2.65	—	I _F = 15A, T _J = 125°C			
NTC	R	Resistance	4538	5000	5495	Ω	T _J = 25°C	16
			468.6	493.3	518.0		T _J = 100°C	
	B	B Value	3307	3375	3443	K	T _J = 25 / 50 °C	

Note:

- ① For UL Application, T_J is limited to +125°C (See File 78996).
- ② Power dependent on temperature. T_J not to exceed T_{JMAX}
- ③ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.

Inverter

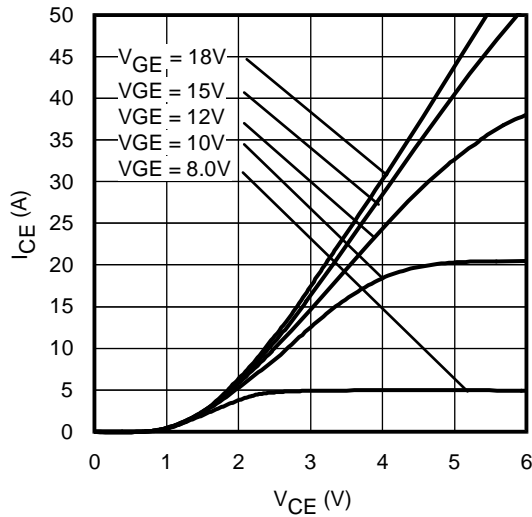


Fig. 1 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

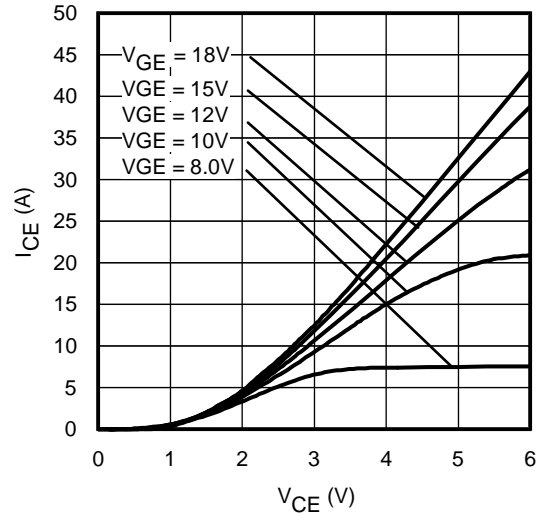


Fig. 2 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

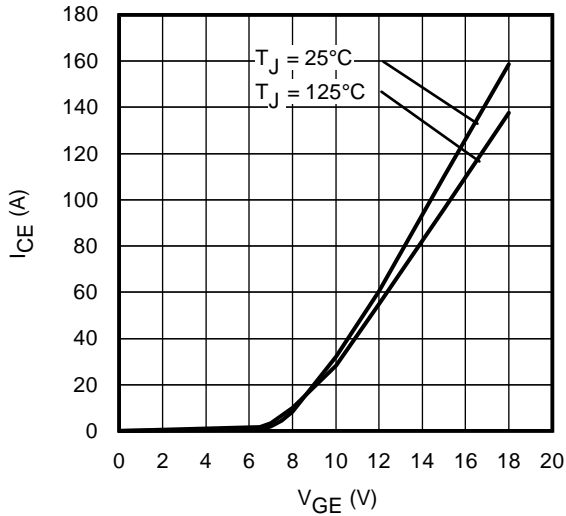


Fig. 3 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$; $t_p = 10\mu\text{s}$

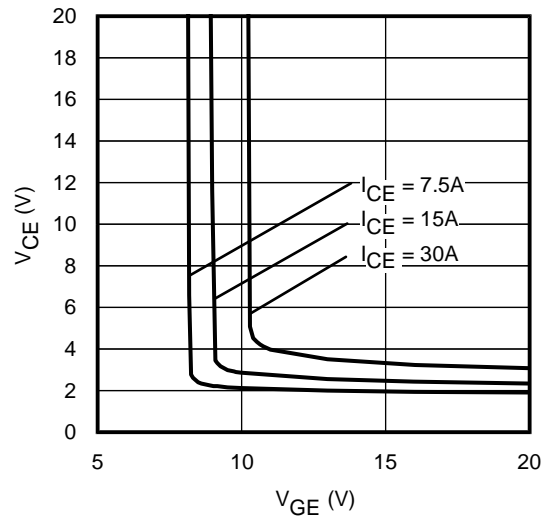


Fig. 4 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

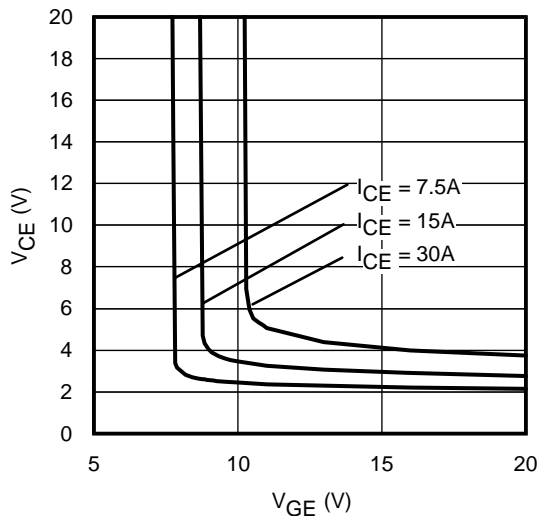


Fig. 5 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

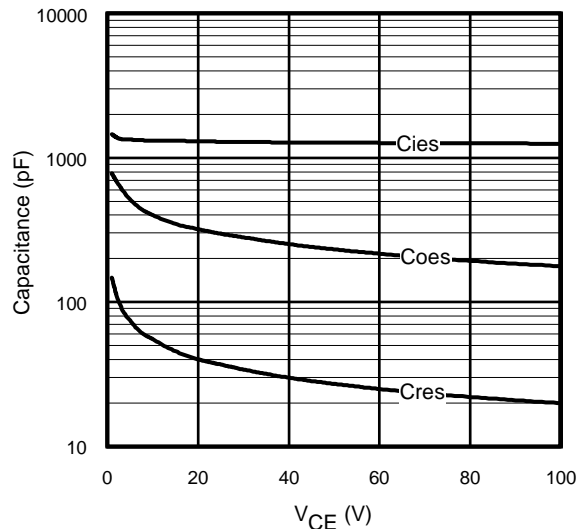


Fig. 6 - Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$; $f = 1\text{MHz}$

Inverter

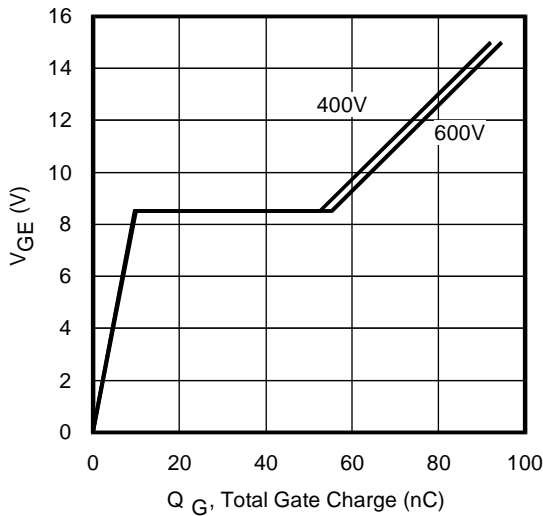


Fig. 7 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE} = 15A$; $L = 1.0mH$

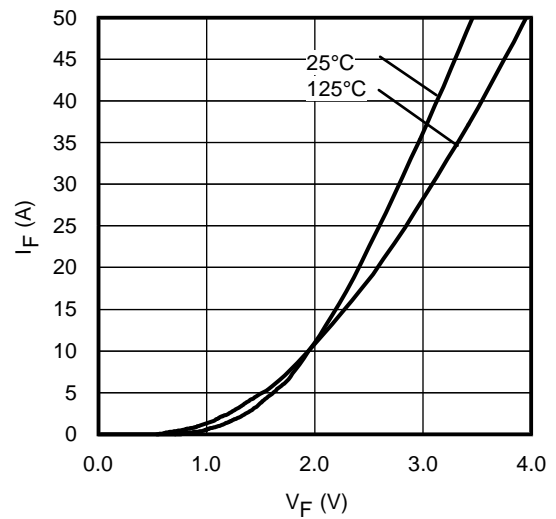


Fig. 8 - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 80\mu s$

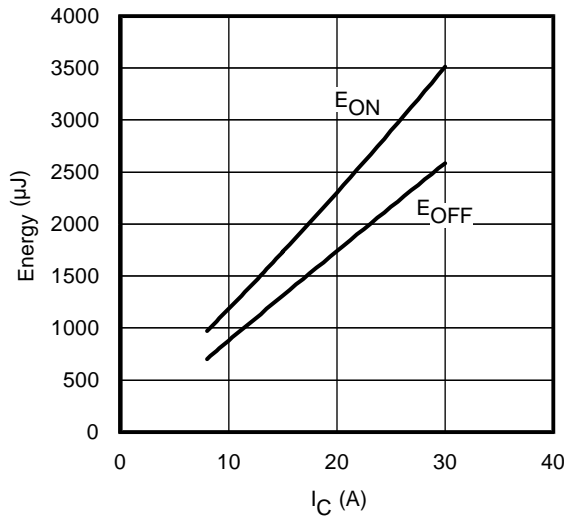


Fig. 9 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C

$T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L=400\mu H$; $V_{CE}= 600V$, $R_G = 22\Omega$; $V_{GE}= 15V$

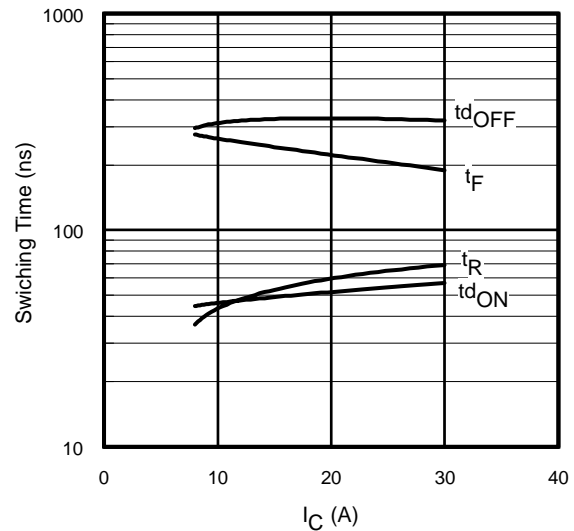


Fig. 10 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C

$T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L=400\mu H$; $V_{CE}= 600V$, $R_G = 22\Omega$; $V_{GE}= 15V$

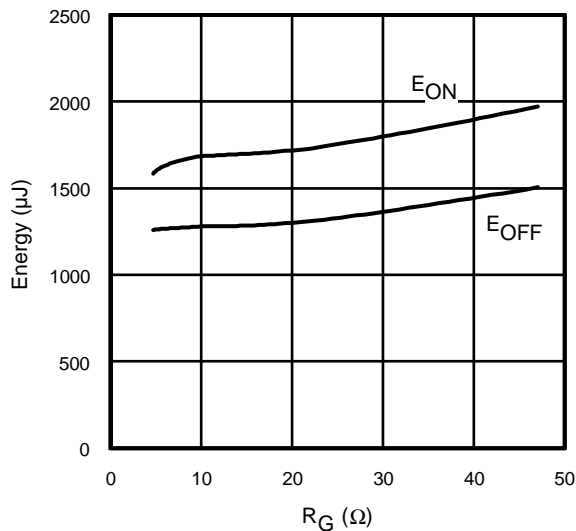


Fig. 11 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G

$T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L=400\mu H$; $V_{CE}= 600V$, $I_{CE}= 15A$; $V_{GE}= 15V$

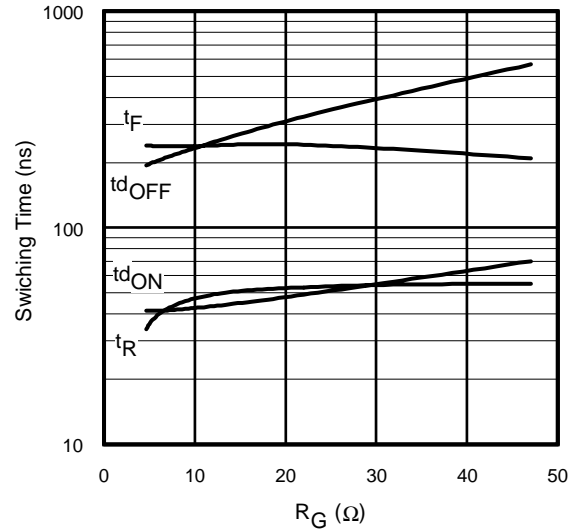


Fig. 12 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G

$T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L=400\mu H$; $V_{CE}= 600V$, $I_{CE}= 15A$; $V_{GE}= 15V$

Inverter

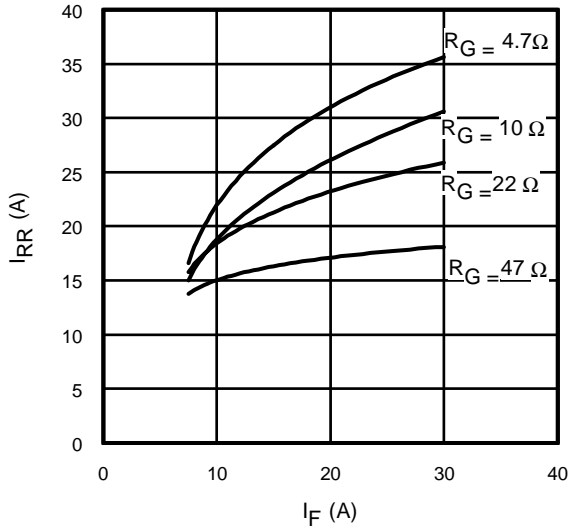


Fig. 13 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

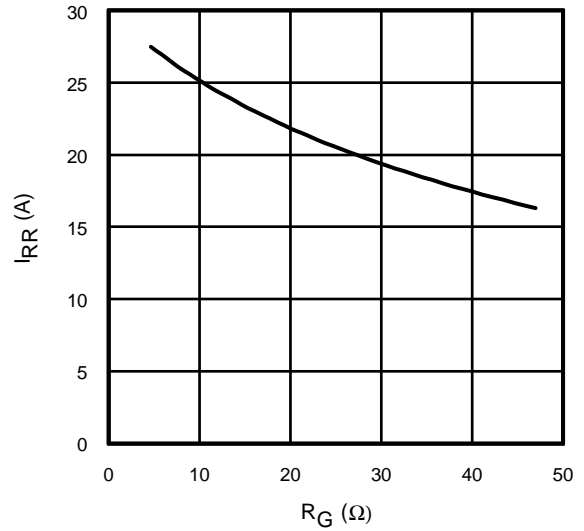


Fig. 14 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 15\text{A}$

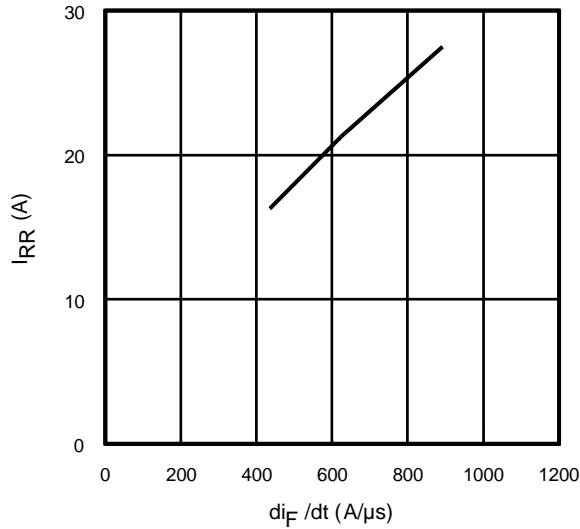


Fig. 15- Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. di_F/dt
 $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}; I_{CE} = 15\text{A}; T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

Thermistor

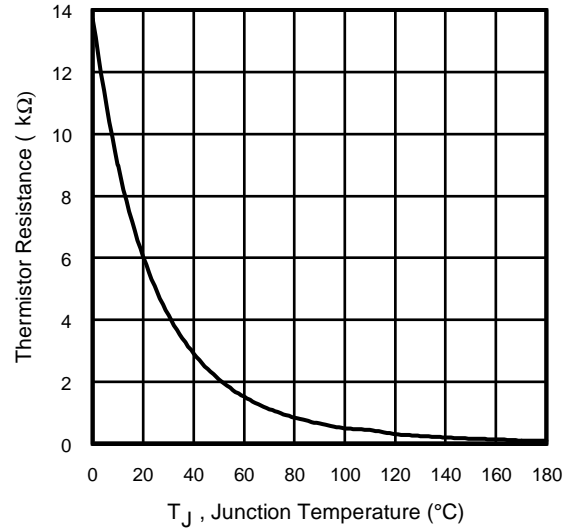


Fig. 16 - Thermistor Resistance vs. Temperature

Input Rectifier

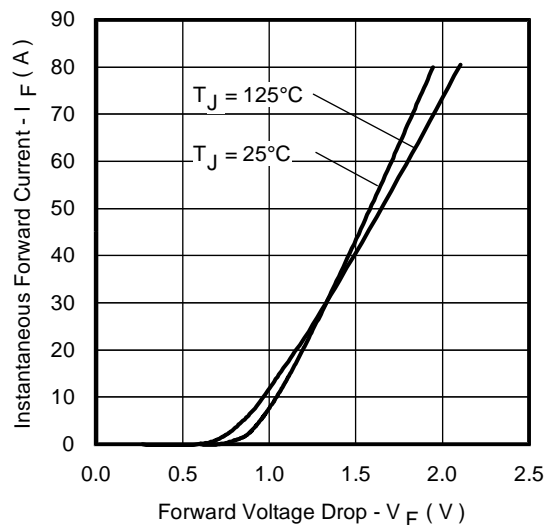


Fig. 17- Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

Inverter

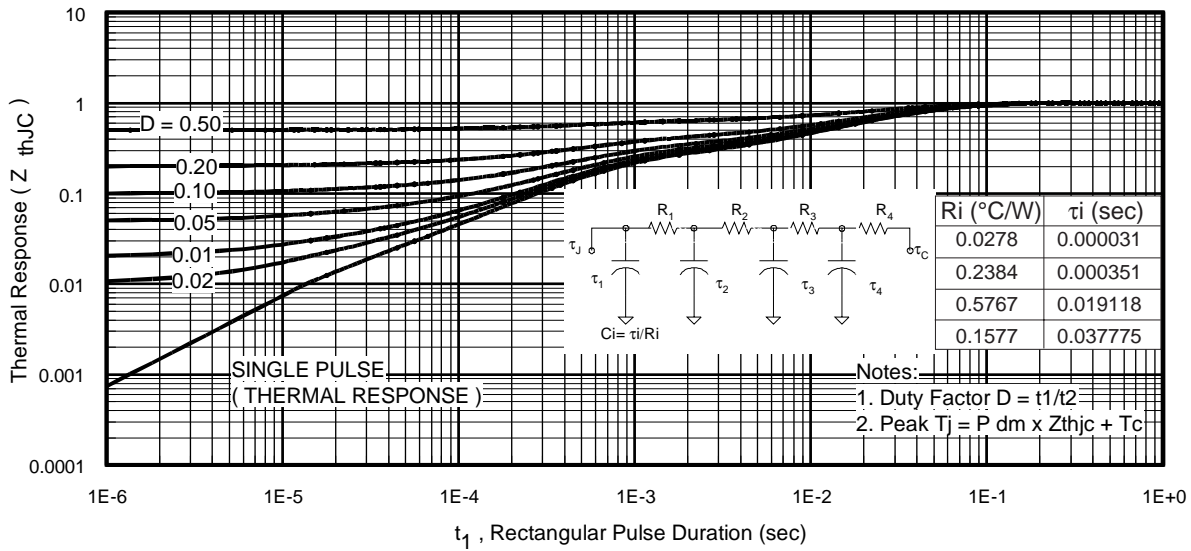


Fig 18. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (Inverter IGBT)

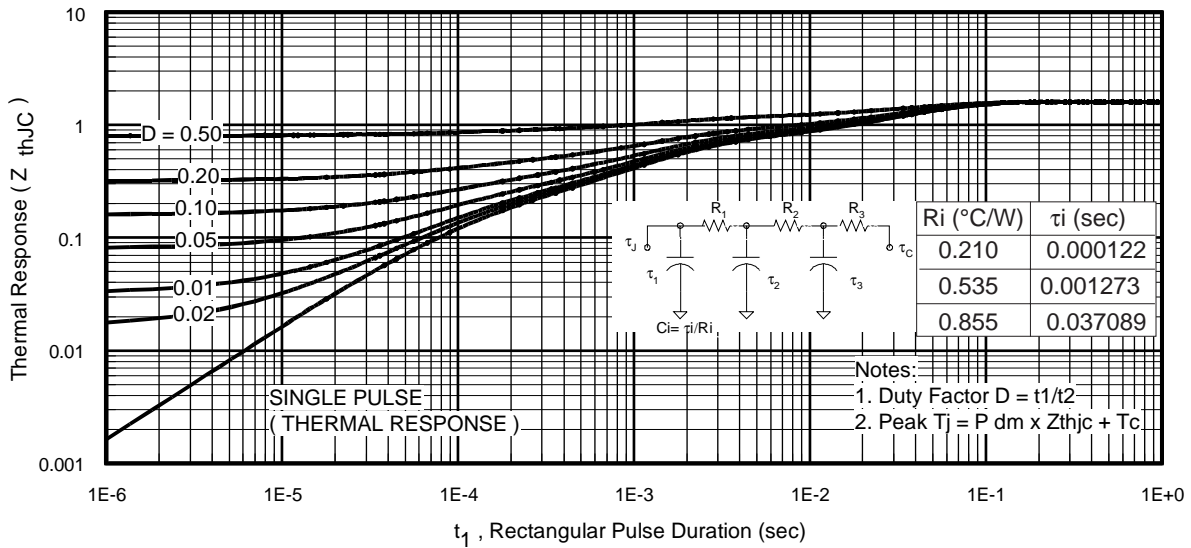


Fig 19. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (Inverter FRED)

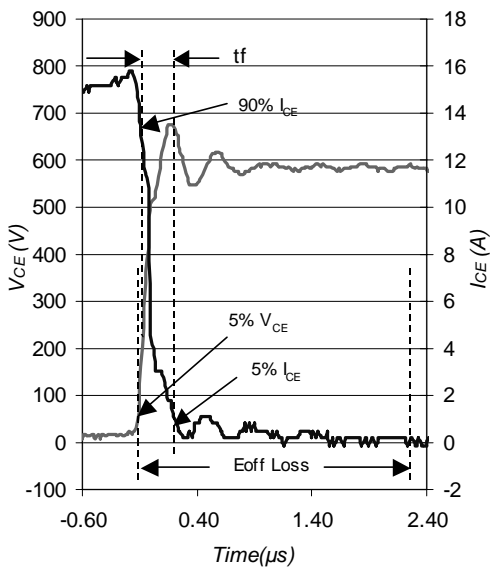


Fig. WF1- Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform @ $Tj = 125^{\circ}C$ using Fig. CT.4

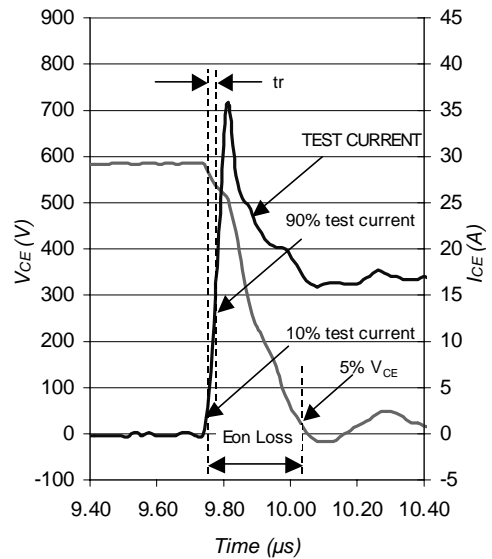


Fig. WF2- Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform @ $Tj = 125^{\circ}C$ using Fig. CT.4

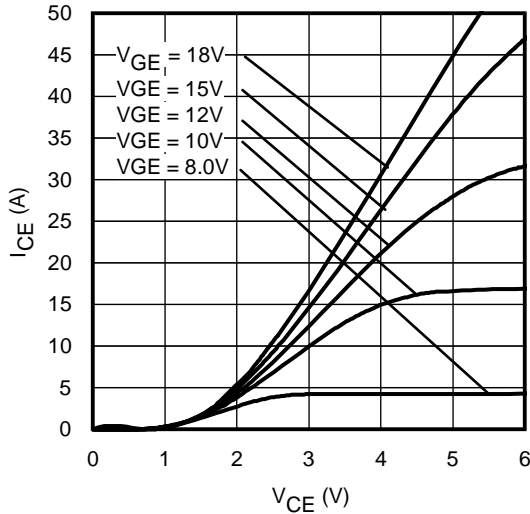


Fig. 20 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

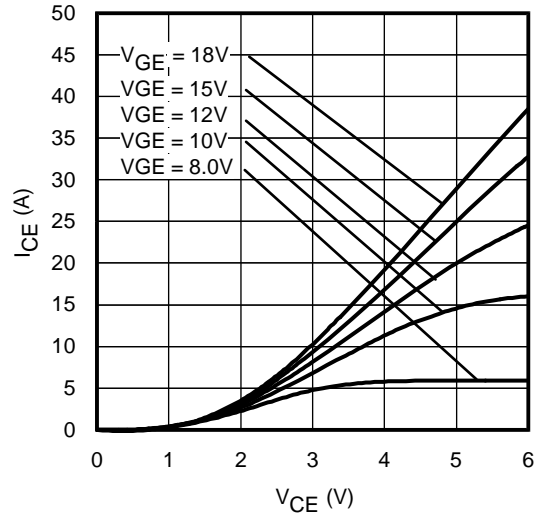


Fig. 21 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

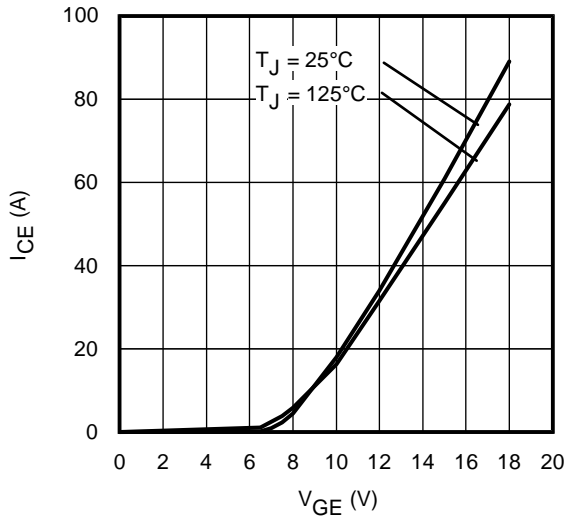


Fig. 22 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$; $t_p = 10\mu\text{s}$

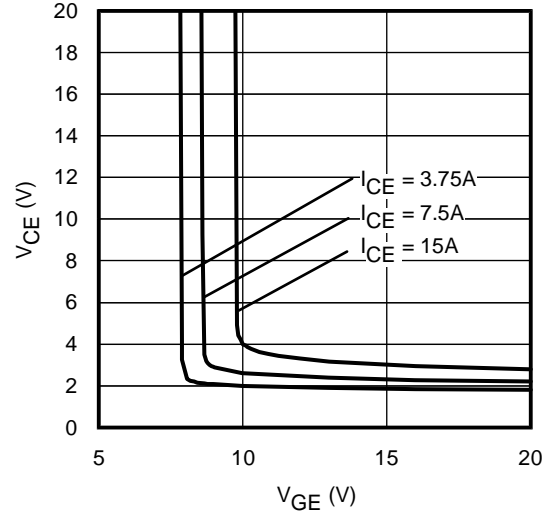


Fig. 23 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

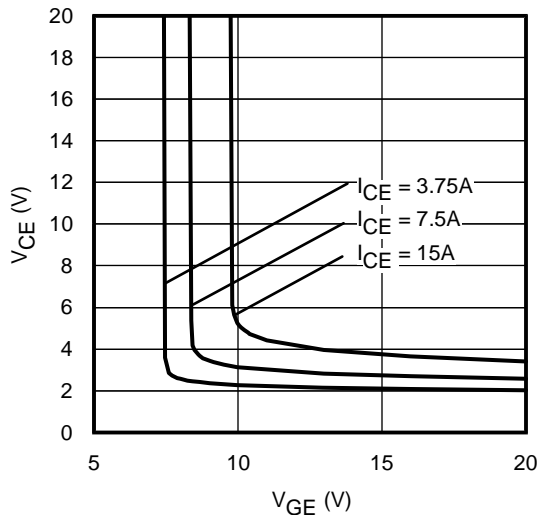


Fig. 24 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

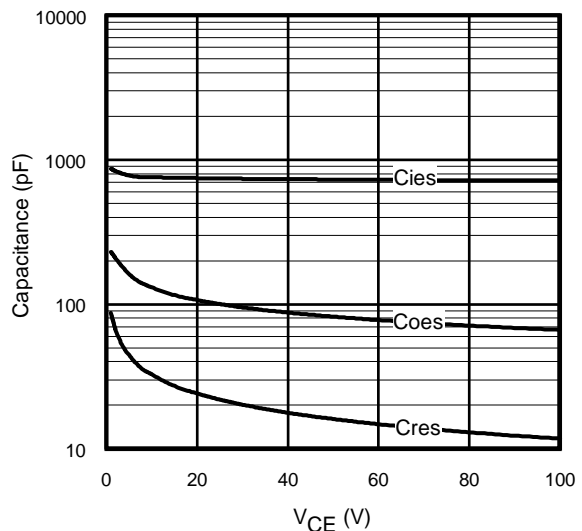


Fig. 25 - Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$; $f = 1\text{MHz}$

Brake

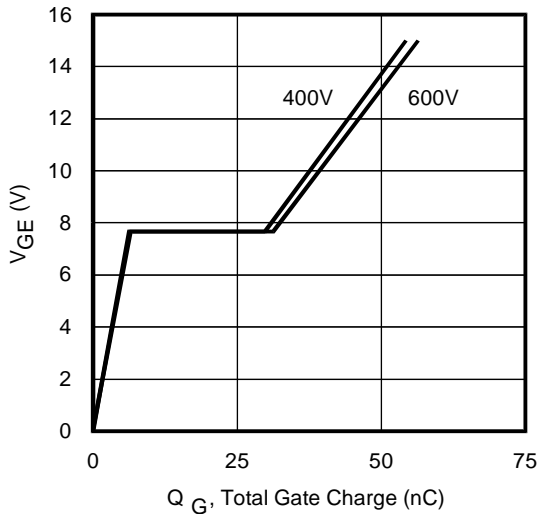


Fig. 26 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE} = 7.5A$; $L = 1.0mH$

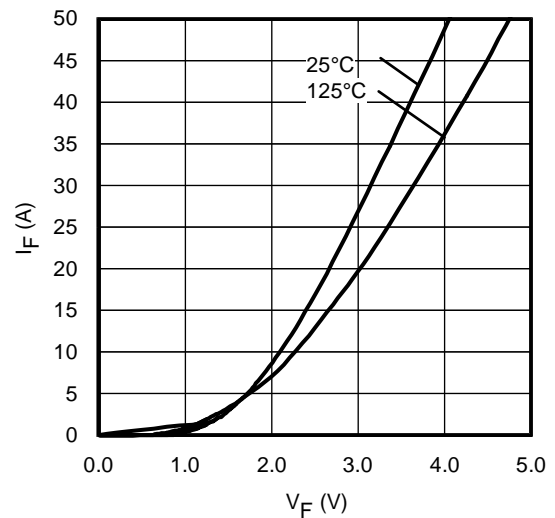


Fig. 27 - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 80\mu s$

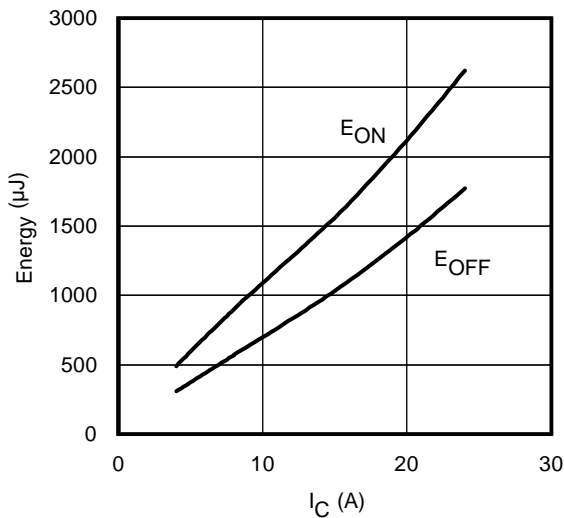


Fig. 28 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L=400\mu H$; $V_{CE}=600V$, $R_G=47\Omega$; $V_{GE}=15V$

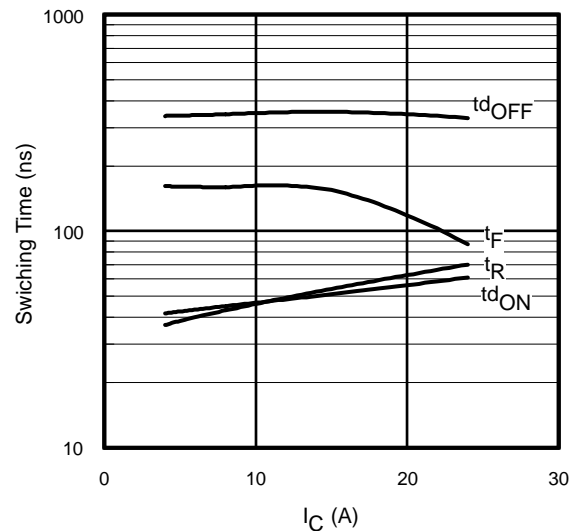


Fig. 29 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L=400\mu H$; $V_{CE}=600V$, $R_G=47\Omega$; $V_{GE}=15V$

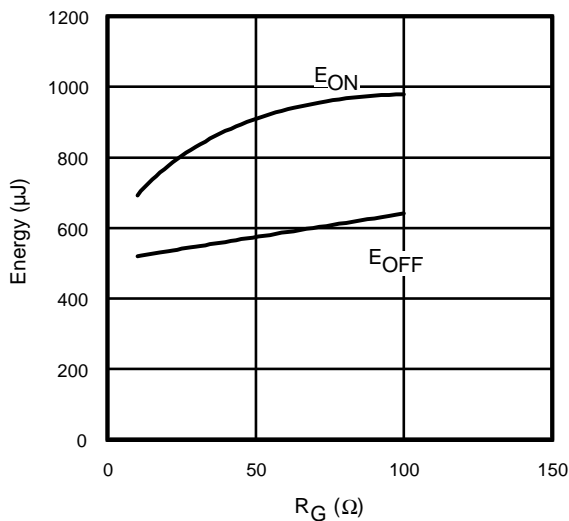


Fig. 30 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L=400\mu H$; $V_{CE}=600V$, $I_{CE}=8.0A$; $V_{GE}=15V$

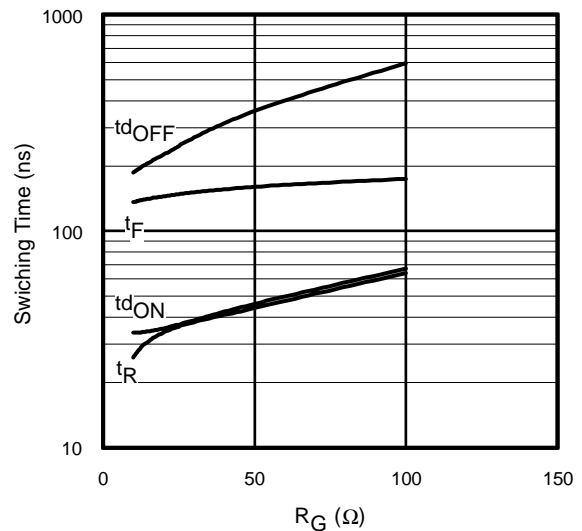


Fig. 31 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L=400\mu H$; $V_{CE}=600V$, $I_{CE}=8.0A$; $V_{GE}=15V$

Brake

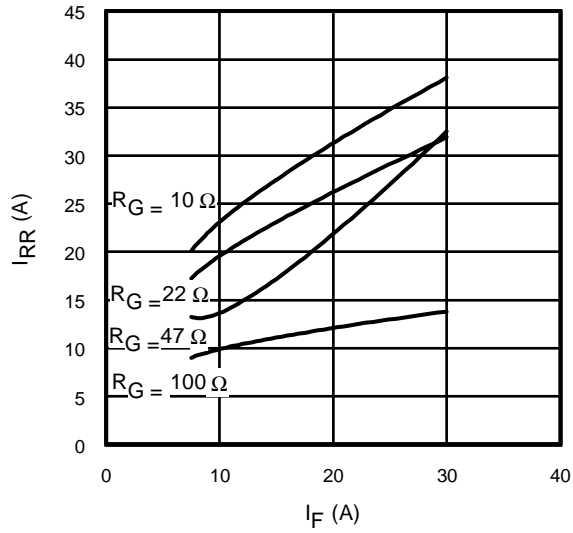


Fig. 32 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

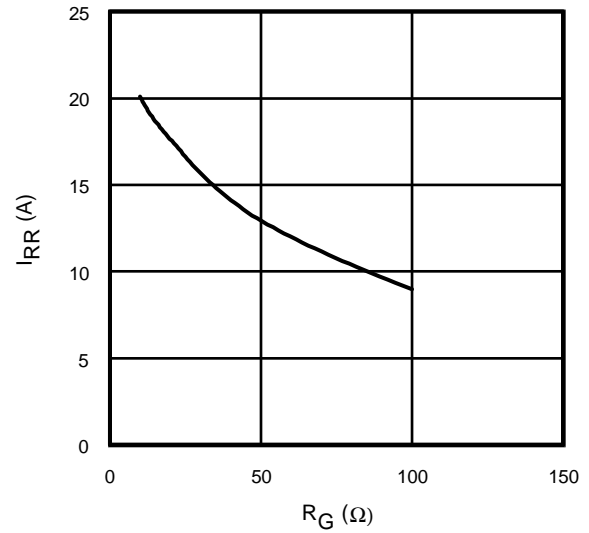


Fig. 33- Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $I_F = 7.5\text{A}$

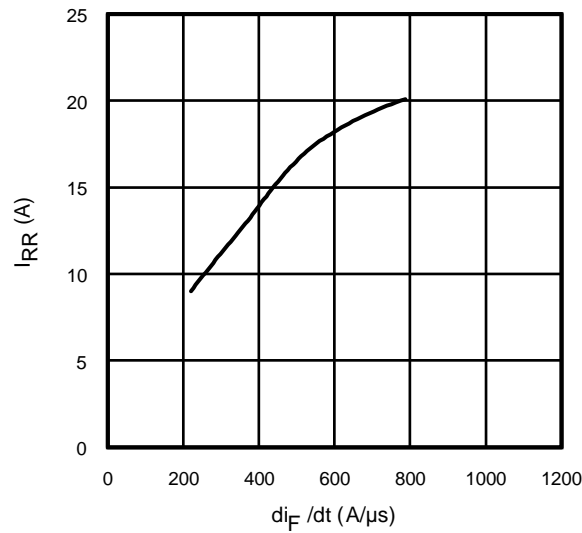


Fig. 34- Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. di_F/dt
 $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 7.5\text{A}$; $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

Brake

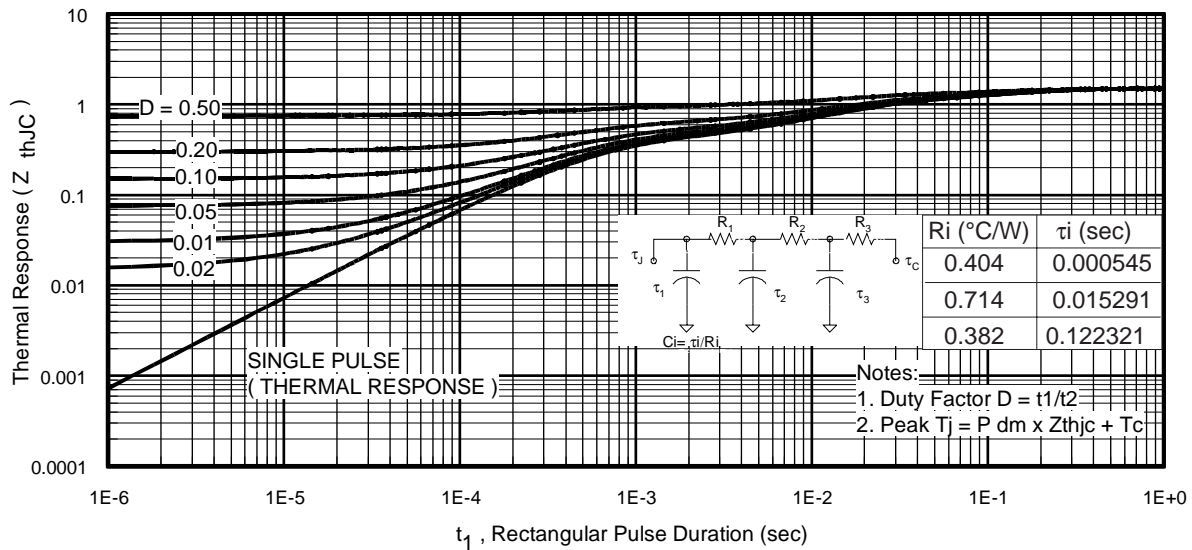


Fig 35. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (Brake IGBT)

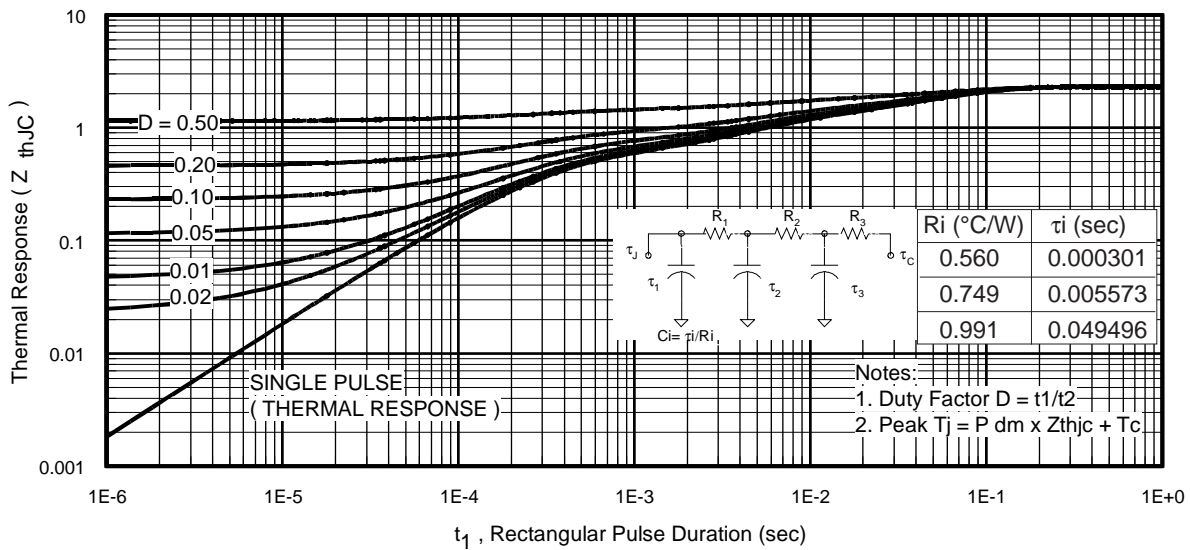


Fig 36. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (Brake Diode)

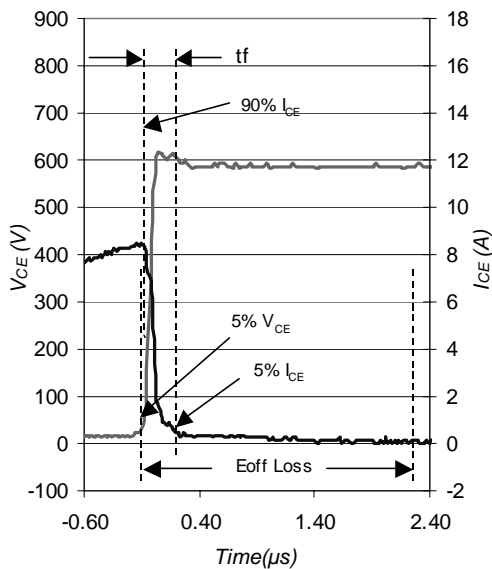


Fig. WF3- Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

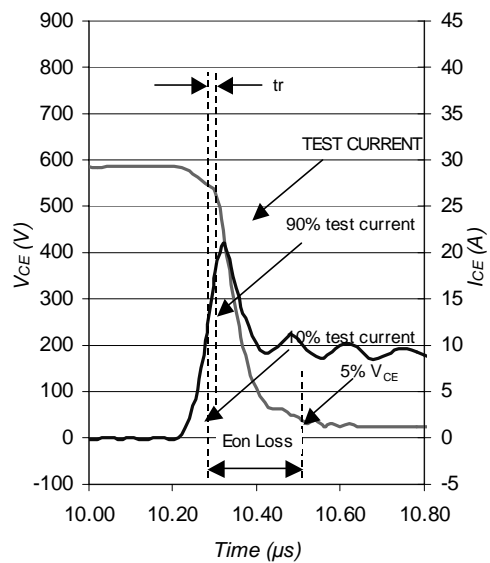


Fig. WF4- Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform
@ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

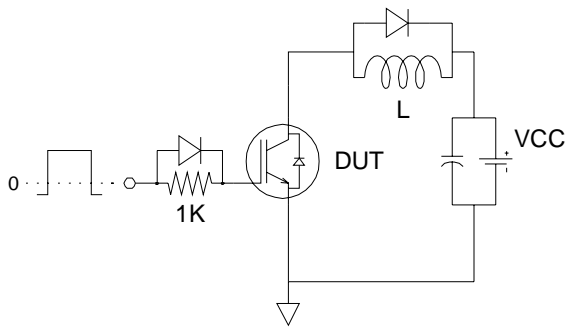


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

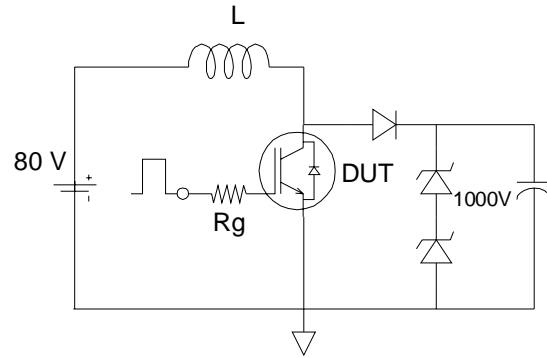


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

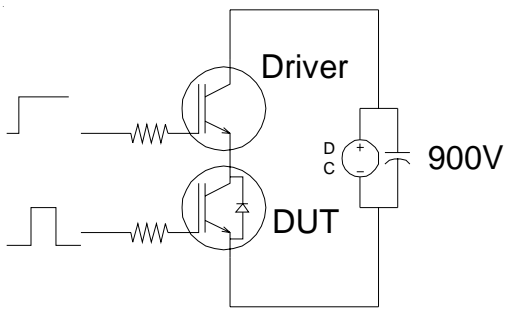


Fig.C.T.3 - S.C. SOA Circuit

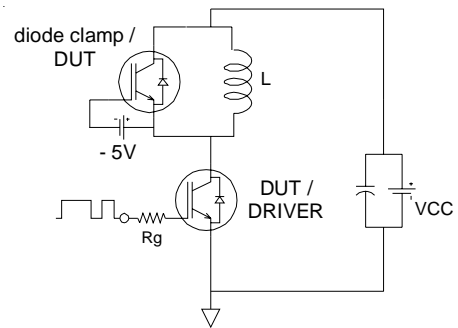


Fig.C.T.4 - Switching Loss Circuit

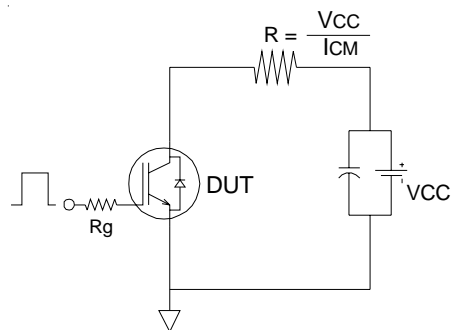


Fig.C.T.5 - Resistive Load Circuit

