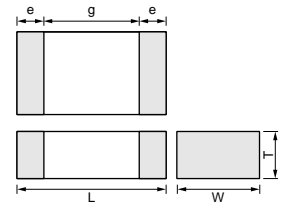


# CHIP MONOLITHIC CERAMIC CAPACITOR

## High-power Type GRM600 Series

### ■ Features

1. Mobile Telecommunication and RF module, mainly.
2. Quality improvement of telephone call, Low power Consumption, yield ratio improvement.



### ■ Application


VCO, PA, Mobile Telecommunication

Part Number	Dimensions (mm)				
	L	W	T	e	g min.
<b>GRM615</b>	1.0 ±0.05	0.5 ±0.05	0.5 ±0.05	0.15 to 0.3	0.4

5

Part Number	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	TC Code	Capacitance (pF)	Length L (mm)	Width W (mm)	Thickness T (mm)
GRM615C0G010B50	50	C0G	1.0 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G010C50	50	C0G	1.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G020B50	50	C0G	2.0 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G020C50	50	C0G	2.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G030B50	50	C0G	3.0 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G030C50	50	C0G	3.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G040B50	50	C0G	4.0 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G040C50	50	C0G	4.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G050B50	50	C0G	5.0 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G050C50	50	C0G	5.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G060C50	50	C0G	6.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G060D50	50	C0G	6.0 -0.5pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G070C50	50	C0G	7.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G070D50	50	C0G	7.0 -0.5pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G080C50	50	C0G	8.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G080D50	50	C0G	8.0 -0.5pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G090C50	50	C0G	9.0 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G090D50	50	C0G	9.0 -0.5pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G0R5B50	50	C0G	0.5 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G0R5C50	50	C0G	0.50 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G100C50	50	C0G	10 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G100D50	50	C0G	10.0 -0.5pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G110G50	50	C0G	11 -2%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G120G50	50	C0G	12 -2%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G120J50	50	C0G	12 -5%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G130G50	50	C0G	13 -2%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G150G50	50	C0G	15 -2%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G150J50	50	C0G	15 -5%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G160G50	50	C0G	16 -2%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G180G50	50	C0G	18 -2%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G180J50	50	C0G	18 -5%	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G1R1B50	50	C0G	1.1 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G1R2B50	50	C0G	1.2 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G1R3B50	50	C0G	1.3 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G1R5B50	50	C0G	1.5 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G1R5C50	50	C0G	1.5 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G1R6B50	50	C0G	1.6 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
GRM615C0G1R8B50	50	C0G	1.8 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50

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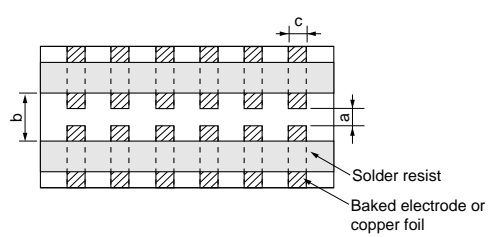
Part Number	Rated Voltage (Vdc)	TC Code	Capacitance (pF)	Length L (mm)	Width W (mm)	Thickness T (mm)
<b>GRM615C0G200G50</b>	50	C0G	20 -2%	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G2R2B50</b>	50	C0G	2.2 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G2R4B50</b>	50	C0G	2.4 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G2R7B50</b>	50	C0G	2.7 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G3R3B50</b>	50	C0G	3.3 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G3R6B50</b>	50	C0G	3.6 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G3R9B50</b>	50	C0G	3.9 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G4R3B50</b>	50	C0G	4.3 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G4R7B50</b>	50	C0G	4.7 -0.1pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G5R1C50</b>	50	C0G	5.1 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G5R6C50</b>	50	C0G	5.6 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G6R2C50</b>	50	C0G	6.2 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G6R8C50</b>	50	C0G	6.8 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G7R5C50</b>	50	C0G	7.5 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G8R2C50</b>	50	C0G	8.2 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50
<b>GRM615C0G9R1C50</b>	50	C0G	9.1 -0.25pF	1.00	0.50	0.50

# Specifications and Test Methods

5

No.	Item	Specification		Test Method									
		Temperature Compensating Type											
1	Operating Temperature Range	-55 to +125°C											
2	Rated Voltage	See the previous pages.		The rated voltage is defined as the maximum voltage which may be applied continuously to the capacitor. When AC voltage is superimposed on DC voltage, $V^{P-P}$ or $V^{O-P}$ , whichever is larger, shall be maintained within the rated voltage range.									
3	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.		Visual inspection.									
4	Dimensions	Within the specified dimensions.		Using calipers.									
5	Dielectric Strength	No defects or abnormalities.		No failure shall be observed when 300% of the rated voltage is applied between the terminations for 1 to 5 seconds, provided the charge/discharge current is less than 50mA.									
6	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	10,000MΩ min. or 500Ω • F min. (Whichever is smaller)		The insulation resistance shall be measured with a DC voltage not exceeding the rated voltage at 25°C and 75%RH max. and within 2 minutes of charging.									
7	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.		The capacitance/Q shall be measured at 25°C at the frequency and voltage shown in the table.									
8	Q	30pF min. : $Q \geq 1,000$ 30pF max. : $Q \geq 400+20C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item</th> <th>Char.</th> <th>C0G(1000pF and below)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Frequency</td> <td></td> <td>1±0.1MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Voltage</td> <td></td> <td>0.5 to 5Vr.m.s.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Item	Char.	C0G(1000pF and below)	Frequency		1±0.1MHz	Voltage		0.5 to 5Vr.m.s.
Item	Char.	C0G(1000pF and below)											
Frequency		1±0.1MHz											
Voltage		0.5 to 5Vr.m.s.											
9	Capacitance Temperature Characteristics	Capacitance Change	Within the specified tolerance. (Table A-1)	The capacitance change shall be measured after 5 min. at each specified temperature stage. Temperature Compensating Type The temperature coefficient is determined using the capacitance measured in step 3 as a reference. When cycling the temperature sequentially from step 1 through 5, (C0G : +25°C to +125°C : other temp. coeffs. : +25°C to 85°C) the capacitance shall be within the specified tolerance for the temperature coefficient and capacitance change as Table A. The capacitance drift is calculated by dividing the differences between the maximum and minimum measured values in the step 1, 3 and 5 by the cap value in step 3.									
		Temperature Coefficient	Within the specified tolerance. (Table A-1)										
		Capacitance Drift	Within ±0.2% or ±0.05pF (Whichever is larger.)										
10	Adhesive Strength of Termination	No removal of the terminations or other defect shall occur.		Solder the capacitor to the test jig (glass epoxy board) shown in Fig.1 using a eutectic solder. Then apply a 5N force in parallel with the test jig for 10±1sec. The soldering shall be done either with an iron or using the reflow method and shall be conducted with care so that the soldering is uniform and free of defects such as heat shock.									

Step	Temperature(°C)
1	25±2
2	-55±3
3	25±2
4	125±3
5	25±2



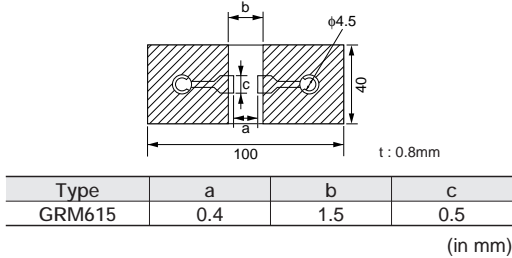
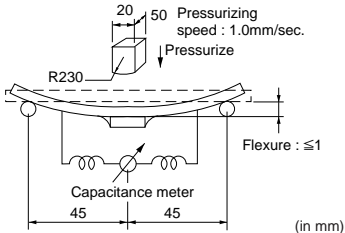
Type	a	b	c
GRM615	0.4	1.5	0.5

Fig.1

Continued on the following page.


## Specifications and Test Methods

Continued from the preceding page.

No.	Item	Specification		Test Method															
		Temperature Compensating Type																	
11	Vibration Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Solder the capacitor to the test jig (glass epoxy board) in the same manner and under the same conditions as (10). The capacitor shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having a total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55Hz. The frequency range, from 10 to 55Hz and return to 10Hz, shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).															
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.																
		Q	30pF min. : $Q \geq 1,000$ 30pF max. : $Q \geq 400+20C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)																
12	Deflection	No cracking or marking defects shall occur.		Solder the capacitor to the test jig (glass epoxy boards) shown in Fig.2 using a eutectic solder. Then apply a force in the direction shown in Fig.3. The soldering shall be done either with an iron or using the reflow method and shall be conducted with care so that the soldering is uniform and free of defects such as heat shock..															
		 <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>GRM615</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">(in mm)</p>			Type	a	b	c	GRM615	0.4	1.5	0.5							
Type	a	b	c																
GRM615	0.4	1.5	0.5																
				 <p style="text-align: center;">(in mm)</p>															
13	Solderability of Termination	75% of the terminations is to be soldered evenly and continuously.		Immerse the capacitor in a solution of ethanol (JIS-K-8101) and rosin (JIS-K-5902) (25% rosin in weight proportion). Preheat at 80 to 120°C for 10 to 30 seconds. After preheating, immerse in eutectic solder solution for $2 \pm 0.5$ seconds at $230 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ .															
14	Resistance to Soldering Heat	The measured and observed characteristics shall satisfy the specifications in the following table.		Preheat the capacitor at 120 to 150°C for 1 minute. Immerse the capacitor in a eutectic solder solution at $270 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ for $10 \pm 0.5$ seconds. Let sit at room temperature for $24 \pm 2$ hours.															
		Appearance	No marking defects.																
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 2.5\%$ or $\pm 0.25\text{pF}$ (Whichever is larger)																
		Q	30pF and over : $Q \geq 1,000$ 30pF and below : $Q \geq 400+20C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)																
		I.R.	More than $10,000\text{M}\Omega$ or $500\Omega \cdot F$ (Whichever is smaller)																
	Dielectric Strength	No failure																	
15	Temperature Cycle	The measured and observed characteristics shall satisfy the specifications in the following table.		Fix the capacitor to the supporting jig in the same manner and under the same conditions as (10). Perform the five cycles according to the four heat treatments listed in the following table. Let sit for $24 \pm 2$ hours at room temperature, then measure.															
		Appearance	No marking defects.																
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 2.5\%$ or $\pm 0.25\text{pF}$ (Whichever is larger)																
		Q	30pF and over : $Q \geq 1,000$ 30pF and below : $Q \geq 400+20C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)																
		I.R.	More than $10,000\text{M}\Omega$ or $500\Omega \cdot F$ (Whichever is smaller)																
	Dielectric Strength	No failure																	
				<table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Temp.(°C)</td> <td>Min. Operating Temp. <math>\pm 3</math></td> <td>Room Temp.</td> <td>Max. Operating Temp. <math>\pm 3</math></td> <td>Room Temp.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Time(min.)</td> <td><math>30 \pm 3</math></td> <td>2 to 3</td> <td><math>30 \pm 3</math></td> <td>2 to 3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Step	1	2	3	4	Temp.(°C)	Min. Operating Temp. $\pm 3$	Room Temp.	Max. Operating Temp. $\pm 3$	Room Temp.	Time(min.)	$30 \pm 3$	2 to 3	$30 \pm 3$	2 to 3
Step	1	2	3	4															
Temp.(°C)	Min. Operating Temp. $\pm 3$	Room Temp.	Max. Operating Temp. $\pm 3$	Room Temp.															
Time(min.)	$30 \pm 3$	2 to 3	$30 \pm 3$	2 to 3															
16	Humidity, Steady State	The measured and observed characteristics shall satisfy the specifications in the following table.		Sit the capacitor at $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ and 90 to 95% humidity for $500 \pm 12$ hours. Remove and let sit for $24 \pm 2$ hours (temperature compensating type) at room temperature, then measure.															
		Appearance	No marking defects.																
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 5\%$ or $\pm 0.5\text{pF}$ (Whichever is larger)																
		Q	30pF and over. : $Q \geq 350$ 10pF and over, 30pF and below : $Q \geq 275 + \frac{C}{2}$ 10pF and below : $Q \geq 200+10C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)																
		I.R.	More than $10,000\text{M}\Omega$ or $500\Omega \cdot F$ (Whichever is smaller)																

Continued on the following page.

## Specifications and Test Methods

 Continued from the preceding page.

No.	Item	Specification		Test Method
		Temperature Compensating Type		
17	Humidity Load	The measured and observed characteristics shall satisfy the specifications in the following table.		Apply the rated voltage at 40±2°C and 90 to 95% humidity for 500±12 hours. Remove and let sit for 24±2 hours at room temperature, then measure. The charge/discharge current is less than 50mA.
		Appearance	No marking defects.	
		Capacitance Change	Within ±7.5% or ±0.75pF (Whichever is larger)	
		Q	30pF and over : $Q \geq 200$ 30pF and below : $Q \geq 100 + \frac{1}{C} C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	
		I.R.	More than 500MΩ or 25Ω • F (Whichever is smaller)	
	Dielectric Strength	No failure		
18	High Temperature Load	The measured and observed characteristics shall satisfy the specifications in the following table.		Apply 200% of the rated voltage for 1000±12 hours at the maximum operating temperature ±3°C. Let sit for 24±2 hours (temperature compensating type) at room temperature, then measure. The charge/discharge current is less than 50mA.
		Appearance	No marking defects.	
		Capacitance Change	Within ±3% or ±0.3pF (Whichever is larger)	
		Q	30pF and over. : $Q \geq 350$ 10pF and over, 30pF and below : $Q \geq 275 + \frac{5}{C} C$ 10pF and below : $Q \geq 200 + 10C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	
		I.R.	More than 1,000MΩ or 50Ω • F (Whichever is smaller)	
	Dielectric Strength	No failure		
19	ESR	0.5pF ≤ C ≤ 1pF : 350MΩ . pF below 1pF < C ≤ 5pF : 300MΩ below 5pF < C ≤ 10pF : 250MΩ below		The ESR shall be measured at room Temp. and frequency 1±0.2GHz with the equivalent of BOONTON Model 34A.
		10pF < C ≤ 20pF : 400MΩ below		The ESR shall be measured at room Temp. and frequency 500±50MHz with the equivalent of HP8753B.

Table A

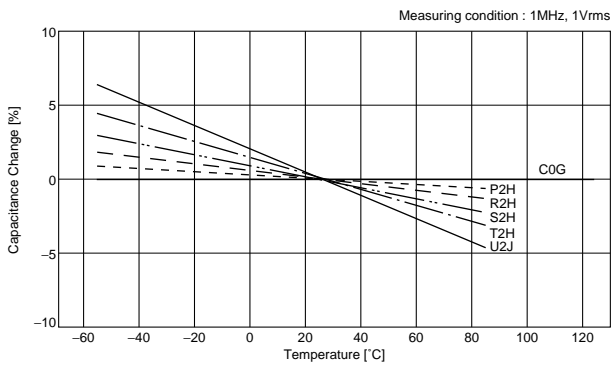
Char.	Temp. Coeff. (ppm/°C) Note 1	Capacitance Change from 25°C Value (%)					
		-55°C		-30°C		-10°C	
		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
COG	0±30	0.58	-0.24	0.40	-0.17	0.25	-0.11

Note 1 : Nominal values denote the temperature coefficient within a range of 25 to 125°C.(for C0Δ)

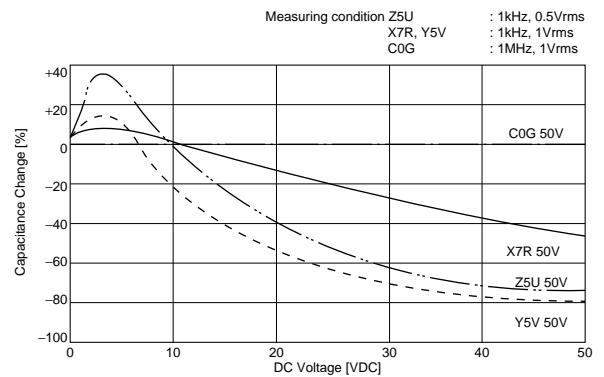
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# GRM Series Data

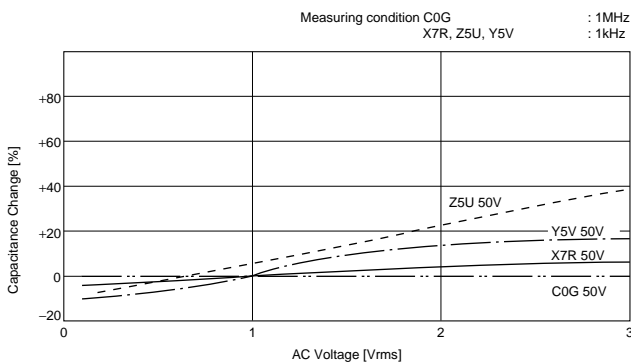
## ■ Capacitance-Temperature Characteristics



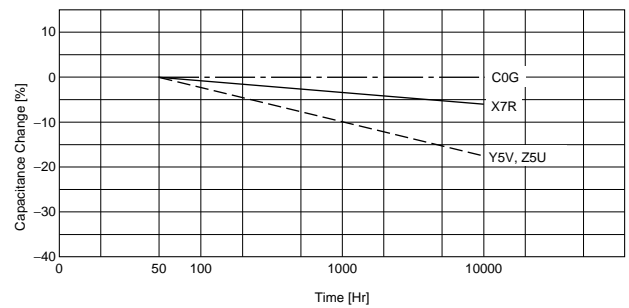
## ■ Capacitance-DC Voltage Characteristics



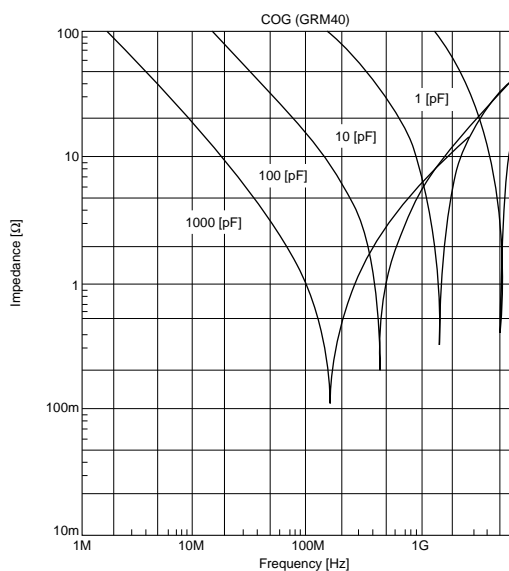
## ■ Capacitance-AC Voltage Characteristics



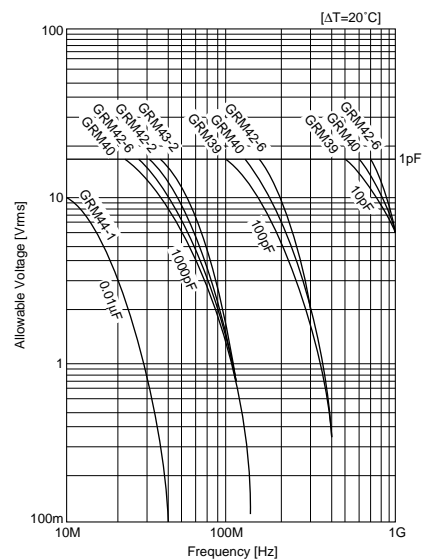
## ■ Capacitance Change-Aging



## ■ Impedance-Frequency Characteristics



## ■ Allowable Voltage-Frequency

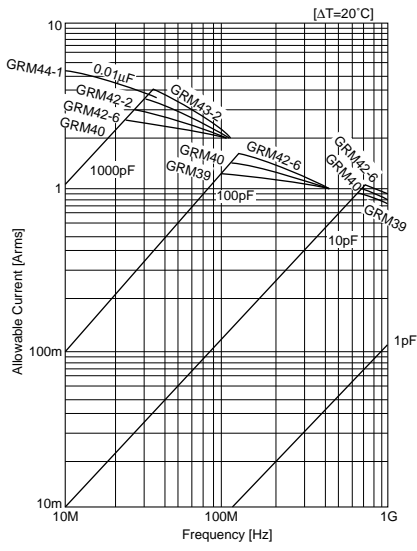


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# GRM Series Data

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## Allowable Current-Frequency



## Allowable Apparent Power

