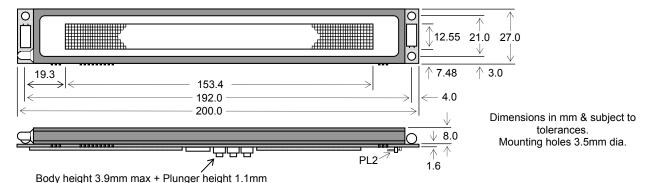
GU96x8M-K611C5

- □ 96 x 8 High Brightness Dot Graphic Display□ Single 12V DC Supply
- ☐ Single 127 DC Supply☐ Large 5x7 ASCII & European Font
- □ RS485 Asynchronous Serial Interface
- □ 64 Selectable Multi Drop Addresses
- Transformerless PSU (patent pending)
- Low Profile Construction

The module includes the VFD glass, VF drivers and microcontroller with refresh RAM, character generation, interface logic and patented transformerless DC/DC converter. The RS485 serial interface accepts 9600 or 19200 baud rates with optional parity bit. The module features a low profile design with numerous custom options available including special fonts and commands. Modules can be connected to a multi drop address system.



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Condition
Supply Voltage	Vcc	12.0VDC -10% +20%	GND=0V
Supply Current	Icc	300 mA typ.	Vcc =12V
RS485 Diff Input	VIL / VIH	-0.2V min / +0.2V max	Vcc =12V

OPTICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Value
Display Area (X xYmm)	153.35 x 12.55
Dot Size/Pitch (XxY mm)	1.35 x 1.35 / 1.6 x 1.6
Luminance	800 cd/m ² Min.
Colour of Illumination	Blue-Green (505nm)
Operating Temperature	-20°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Operating Humidity	20 to 80% RH @ 25°C

Optical filters can provide violet, red, yellow, blue & green output.

SOFTWARE COMMANDS

Hex	Command
10	Software Reset to power on state
11	Write Mode toggles overwrite / scroll
12	Write Direction toggles increment / decrement
13	Display On/Off. Data is retained
14	Display Invert. Toggle negative image
15 + xx	Absolute Column Set from 00H – 7FH
16 + xx	Relative Column Set by 00H - 7FH
17 + len + data	Graphic Data Write 1 bytes per column, D7 top
18	Clear Character Buffer with 16 ASCII spaces
19 + data	Write to Character Buffer for display effect
1A + effect	Display Effect – fade, wipe, scroll, dissolve
1C + macro + len + data	Store Macro E0H – FFH in EEPROM
1D + delay	Delay Macro – pause for up to 3 seconds
1E + 1E + 1E + FE	Clear Macros from EEPROM
1E + 1E + 1E + FF	Stop Macro if in a loop
1E + 1E + 1E + adr	Address Select 00H – 3FH for active module
20 - DF	Character Write ASCII font.
E0 - FF	Run Macro – execute user defined macro
60 + dh + dl	Send Hexadecimal code instead of binary

The user can send non printable command codes 10H-1EH as hexadecimal. Prefix the code using character 60H. Example: $^15^3F = Position column 64$.

Macro E0 is run at power on.
The RS485 input has a 4K7ohm resistor load.
This can be adjusted to suit application requirements.

CHAR	ACTER	SFT -	5X7	Font

		00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	OA	ОВ	ос	OD	0E	OF
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Character 60H is used as a hexadecimal prefix, but can be displayed with a repeat send.

Data is shown in hexadecimal and sent in binary. e.g. FF = 11111111 Bin Address 'adr' = 00 - 3F. Setting 'adr' to 00 activates all modules. Column position X = 00 - 7F.

The communication settings and address can be set using the three switches on the rear of the module. Default communication is 9600,n,8,1. The display effects command allows curtain, dissolve, scroll and fade. Software and font set are copyright Noritake Itron Corporation 2002

PL2

Pin	Signal	Description
1	VCC	12V Supply
2	A In	RS485 Receive
3	VCC	12V output loop
4	B In	RS485 Receive
5	/RST	CMOS 5V level Reset Input. Active low
6	GND	0V Supply

Detailed specification, software commands and interface timing are available on request.

Subject to change without notice. IUK Doc. No. 10746 Iss.5

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SOFTWARE COMMANDS AND CHARACTER CONTROL CODES

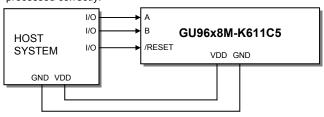
Instruction	Hex	Description
Software Reset BUSY time = 500uS	10H	Resets the VFD module. The display's contents are cleared and the column position is set to 00H. The write mode is set to normal, the write direction is set to increment, the display is turned on, and the display invert is turned off.
Write Mode BUSY time = 300uS	11H	Toggles the write mode from normal write [default] to scroll write, and from scroll write to normal write.
Write Direction BUSY time = 300uS	12H	Toggles the writing direction from increment (left-to-right) to decrement (right-to-left), and from decrement to increment. The default direction is increment.
Display On/Off BUSY time = 300uS	13H	Toggles the display from On [default] to Off, and from Off to On.
Display Invert BUSY time = 300uS	14H	Inverts all data on the display.
Absolute Column Set BUSY time = 300uS	15H + xx	Sets the column position from 00H [default] to FFH. All written data is ignored if the column position is set to 60H-FFH.
Relative Column Set	16H + xx	Moves the current column position by xx amount. The column can be advanced by up to 127 pixels. The column positioning is constrained to a 128 pixel window, this allows the cursor to be moved backwards as well as forward, e.g. 16H + 7EH - moves the column position back by two.
Graphic Data Write BUSY time = 300uS	17H + len + data	Writes graphical data to the display from the current column position. If the write mode is set to scroll, the whole display is shifted one column to the left or right (dependant upon the current write direction). The graphical data length must be sent prior to the actual data. All graphical data should be in a vertical orientation, with bit 7 uppermost.
Character Buffer Clear BUSY time = 300uS	18H	Clears the internal 16-character buffer. This buffer is used in conjunction with the 'Display Effect' commands.
Character Buffer Write BUSY time = 300uS	19H + data	Write 16-characters to the internal buffer.
Display Effect For BUSY times see individual effect descriptions	1AH + effect	Produce a display effect: - 00H – Fade display from 'Off' to maximum brightness. 01H – Fade display from maximum brightness to 'Off'. 02H – Wipe display with the character buffer from left-to-right. 03H – Wipe display with the character buffer from right-to-left. 04H – Wipe display with the character buffer edge-to-center. 05H – Wipe display with the character buffer center-to-edge. 06H – Scroll display with the character buffer. 07H – Dissolve the display with the character buffer. 08H – 0FH Set character delay (08H = No delay [default], 0FH = Maximum delay)
Macro Store BUSY times: - macro number = 10ms data byte = 5ms last data byte = 20ms	1CH+macro+len+data	Store a macro from E0H - FFH into non-volatile EEPROM. The first Macro (E0H), is always executed at power up. The Macro data length must be sent prior to the data itself. Up to 256 command/data bytes can be assigned to each macro, and 800 bytes are available for all Macro definitions. All commands can be used in the Macros with the exception of 'Address Select', 'Macro Store', 'Macro Clear' and 'Macro Stop'. Please note that no provision is made for protecting previously defined Macros.
Delay BUSY time = 300uS	1DH + delay	Halts current processing for up to 3 seconds. Delay can be any value (00H - FFH) 55H = 1 second, AAH = 2 seconds, FFH = 3 seconds. (A value of 00H has no effect.)
Macro Clear BUSY time = 200ms		Clears all previously defined Macros.
Stop Display BUSY time = 300uS	1EH+1EH+1EH+FFH	This command stops any running Macro. All display commands will be ignored if any Macro is running. This command also stops 'Loop Receive Buffer' mode and clears the receive buffer.
Address Select BUSY time = 300us	1EH+1EH+1EH + adr	Activate a display with address 'adr'. All displays have can have a defined address of 00H-1FH. If the display module's address is not the same, all data will be ignored with the exception of any new 'Address Select' commands. To activate all modules, set 'adr' to 00H.
Character Write BUSY time = 300uS	20H - DFH	Writes data direct to the display. The character write position is automatically advanced to the right or the left, depending upon the selected write direction. If the write mode is set to scroll, the display will scroll on the character from the left or right end. In 'WEB' mode, 20H is ignored so to display a SPACE character send 5FH or '20.
Macro Run BUSY time = 300uS	E0H - FFH	Execute the user defined Macro, E0H = Macro 1, FFH = Macro 32.
Send Hex Byte BUSY times :- 1st and 2st bytes = 300uS 3st byte = respective command / data bus	60H + dhH + dlH	Write to the display module using a 2-byte hexadecimal number. dhH = high nibble, dlH = low nibble. E.g. Sending `10 will reset the display.

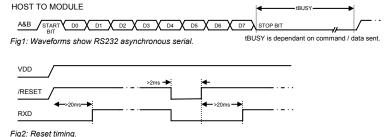
Notes: When storing Macros definitions, the display may flicker. When erasing Macros, the display will momentarily go blank. To send 60H in binary form, the host must send 60H twice, otherwise the module will interpret it as a hexadecimal prefix.

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INTERFACING TO THE GU96x8M-K611C5

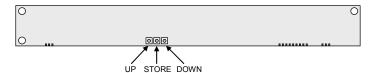
All communication to the VFD module is by the asynchronous serial interface. The factory default baud rate is set to 9600 with no parity. These settings can be changed with the 3 push switches on the back of the module and are retained in EEPROM. All received data is re-transmitted from the module TXD output. All data and command bytes (except macro store and macro clear commands) can be sent with no delay between the stop bit of one byte and the start bit of the following byte. This can sometimes cause display flicker but data and commands will still be received and processed correctly.





COMMUNICATION SETTINGS

To change the communication settings, use the three push button switches on the rear of the module. First press the 'STORE' button to show the current settings, then on each 'UP' / 'DOWN' key press, the settings will change, and the user can fix the selected settings by pressing the 'STORE' button. The parity bit is changed first, 'N' indicates no parity and 'E' indicates even parity. The baud rate will next change, '19200' baud or '9600' baud. The next setting to change is the module 'Mode'. This can be 'STD' (standard) or 'WEB' mode. See details below. The last setting is the display address, this can be changed to one of 32 addresses. The display address is shown in hexadecimal.





MODULE MODE (STANDARD or WEB)

The module can operate in one of two main modes, STD (standard) or WEB. In STD mode all data received are displayed / processed as normal. In WEB mode, the SPACE character (20H) and all codes below 10H are ignored. In this case the SPACE character can be displayed by one of two methods:- either use hexadecimal (`20) or send character 5FH which is blank. The display must be in WEB mode when communication with the display is from a PC via the 'Generic / Text only' WindowsTM printer driver (as used with Noritake Itron Message Creator web software).

DISPLAY ORGANISATION

The display is organized as 96 vertical bytes (00H-5FH). Each character takes up 6 columns. All graphic data is written vertically, with the most significant bit uppermost.



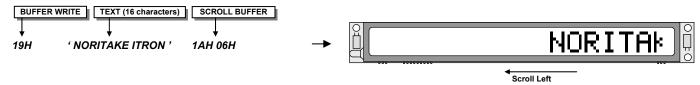
DISPLAYING TEXT

Text can be sent direct to the display module. The column position is automatically advanced after each character is written. Using the 'Absolute Column Set' command (15H), the user can perform more accurate text positioning, allowing text to be placed on any of the 96 columns. Text is written from left to right, but can be reversed using the 'Write Direction' command.



SCROLLING TEXT

Character data can be scrolled onto the display from either the left or right edge. To scroll on a single screens worth of text, use the 'Character Buffer Write' command (19H) to download the text into the display module. Then use the 'Display Effect' command (1AH) to scroll on the text. The scroll direction can be set with the 'Write Direction' command (12H).



Using the 'Write Mode' command, the user can scroll longer text messages. Each character written to the display will scroll on from either the right or left side (depending upon the 'Write Direction').

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DISPLAY EFFECTS

The display provides a number of simple commands to enable a variety of effects to be achieved. Most of these work in conjunction with the internal 16 character buffer where the text is first written to the buffer followed by the required display effect (see the scrolling text example above).

Fade display up (1AH, 00H)

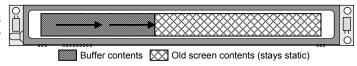
Increases the brightness of the display from OFF to maximum. The time taken for this operation is approx 0.5 sec.

Fade display down (1AH, 01H)

Decreases the brightness of the display from maximum to OFF. The time taken for this operation is approx 0.5 sec.

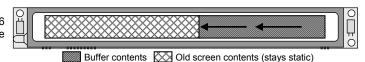
Wipe display with character buffer left to right (1AH, 02H)

Replaces the current contents of the display with the contents of the 16 character buffer one column at a time from the left to the right. The time taken for this operation is approx $0.8~{\rm sec.}$



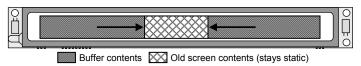
Wipe display with character buffer right to left (1AH, 03H)

Replaces the current contents of the display with the contents of the 16 character buffer one column at a time from the right to the left. The time taken for this operation is approx 0.8 sec.



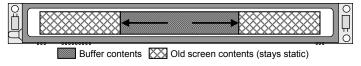
Wipe display with character buffer edge to center (1AH, 04H)

Replaces the current contents of the display with the contents of the 16 character buffer on a column by column basis starting from the edges and ending in the center of the display. This can also be referred to as a 'curtain close' effect. The time taken for this operation is approx 0.8 sec.



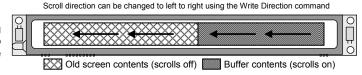
Wipe display with character buffer center to edge (1AH, 05H)

Replaces the current contents of the display with the contents of the 16 character buffer on a column by column basis starting from the center and ending at the ends of the display. This can also be referred to as a 'curtain open' effect. The time taken for this operation is approx 0.8 sec.



Scroll display with character buffer (1AH, 06H)

Scrolls the contents of the 16 character buffer onto the display. The existing contents of the display are scrolled off. The default scroll direction is right to left but this can be toggled between right and left by issuing the 'Write Direction' command. The time taken for this operation is approx 0.8 sec.



Dissolve display with character buffer (1AH, 07H)

Replaces the current contents of the display with the contents of the 16 character buffer by changing just 1 pixel at a time. The position of the pixels changed is pseudo random and the visual effect is a dissolve from the old message to the new. The time taken for this operation is approx 0.8 sec.

Character delay (1AH, 08H – 0FH)

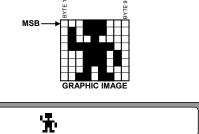
Defines the length of delay after a character is written in normal write mode. The possible values are No delay (08H – [default]), 25ms (09H), 50ms (0AH), 100ms (0BH), 150ms (0CH), 200mS (0DH), 250ms (0EH) and 300ms (0FH). With a character delay set, it is possible to send a string of characters to the display at full speed but the string will be displayed a character at a time with the specified time delay between each character. This frees up processing in the host by achieving the inter-character delay internally. Busy time = 300uS.

SET COLUMN POSITION GRAPHIC DATA

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WRITING GRAPHICAL DATA

A graphical image or icon can be placed in any column position. All graphical data should be in a vertical format, with Bit 7 uppermost. The column position is advanced after each data byte.



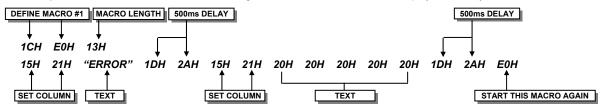


Graphical data can be scrolled onto the display by using the 'Write Mode

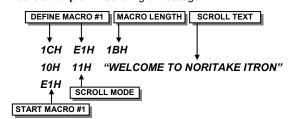
USING MACROS

Commands and data can be stored in internal EEPROM by using the macros. Macro contents are retained in the display module even after power has been removed. There is provision for 32 macro's, one of which (E0H) is treated as a special case in that it is run at power on. Each macro can store up to 255 command / data bytes. There is a maximum of 800 bytes available for all macros. Once a macro has been defined using the Macro Store command, it can be run by sending the macro number (E0H – FFH). A running macro is stopped by sending the Stop Display command. To make a macro repeat indefinitely, ensure that the last byte in the definition is the code of that macro. It is also possible to call a macro from within another macro definition. Nesting can not however go any deeper that 1 level.

Macro example 1:- Define a macro to flash the message 'ERROR' in the center of the display indefinitely at 1Hz. This macro will run at power on.

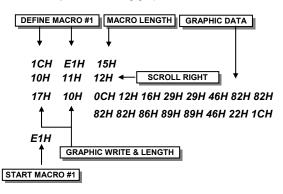


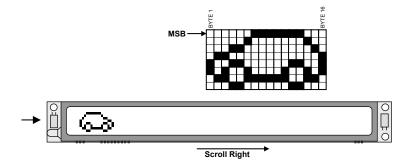
Macro example 2:- Scrolling a message.





Macro example 3:- Scrolling graphical data.





MULTI DROP ADDRESSING

It is possible to connect up to 31 display modules to the same host. Each module can be set to have a unique address (see details in 'Communication Settings' section. Any module set to have address 00H will receive and process all data. In order for a module with an address other than 00H to accept data, the host must first send an 'Address Select' command with 'adr' specifying the address of the module to send the data to. If the 'Address Select' command is sent with 'adr' set to 00H, all modules process the data that follows irrelevant of their address.

Addressing example :- A system comprising 3 display modules connected to one host system.

