

## HCTS191MS

Radiation Hardened Synchronous 4-Bit Up/Down Counter

FN2250 Rev 2.00 September 1995

#### Features

- 3 Micron Radiation Hardened CMOS SOS
- · Total Dose 200K RAD (Si)
- SEP Effective LET No Upsets: >100 MEV-cm<sup>2</sup>/mg
- Single Event Upset (SEU) Immunity < 2 x 10<sup>-9</sup> Errors/ Bit-Day (Typ)
- Dose Rate Survivability: >1 x 10<sup>12</sup> RAD (Si)/s
- Dose Rate Upset: >10<sup>10</sup> RAD (Si)/s 20ns Pulse
- Cosmic Ray Upset Immunity 2 x 10<sup>-9</sup> Errors/Bit Day
- · Latch-Up Free Under Any Conditions
- Fanout (Over Temperature Range)
  - Standard Outputs 10 LSTTL Loads
- Military Temperature Range: -55°C to +125°C
- Significant Power Reduction Compared to LSTTL ICs
- DC Operating Voltage Range: 4.5V to 5.5V
- · LSTTL Input Compatibility
  - VIL = 0.8V Max
  - VIH = VCC/2 Min
- Input Current Levels Ii ≤ 5μA @ VOL, VOH

## Description

The Intersil HCTS191MS is a Radiation Hardened asynchronously presettable 4 bit binary up/down synchronous counter. Presetting the counter to the number on the preset data inputs (P0 - P3) is accomplished by a low asynchronous parallel load input (PL). Counting occurs when  $\overline{PL}$  is high, Count Enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) is low, and the  $\overline{Up}/Down$  ( $\overline{U}/D$ ) input is either low for up-counting or high for down-counting. The counter is incremented or decremented synchronously with the low-to-high transition of the clock.

When an overflow or underflow of the counter occurs, the Terminal Count output (TC), which is low during counting, goes high and remains high for one clock cycle. This output can be used for look-ahead carry in high speed cascading. The TC output also initiates the Ripple Clock output  $(\overline{RC})$  which, normally high, goes low and remains low for the low-level portion of the clock pulse. These counter can be cascaded using the Ripple Carry output.

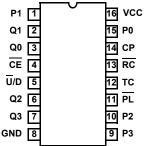
The HCTS191MS utilizes advanced CMOS/SOS technology to achieve high-speed operation. This device is a member of radiation hardened, high-speed, CMOS/SOS Logic Family.

The HCTS191MS is supplied in a 16 lead Ceramic flatpack (K suffix) or a SBDIP Package (D suffix).

#### **Pinouts**

16 LEAD CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE METAL SEAL PACKAGE (SBDIP) MIL-STD-1835 CDIP2-T16

TOP VIEW



#### 16 LEAD CERAMIC METAL SEAL FLATPACK PACKAGE (FLATPACK) MIL-STD-1835 CDFP4-F16

TOP VIEW

			=	
P1	1 •	16		vcc
Q1	2	15		P0
Q0	3	14		СР
CE	4	13		RC
U/D	5	12		TC
Q2	6	11		PL
Q3	7	10		P2
GND	8	9		P3
			<u> </u>	

#### **TRUTH TABLE**

FUNCTION	PL	CE	U/D	СР
Count Up	Н	L	L	
Count Down	Н	L	Н	
Asynchronous Preset	L	Х	Χ	Х
No Change	Н	Н	Х	Х

H = High Level, L = Low Level, X = Immaterial
= Transition from low to high

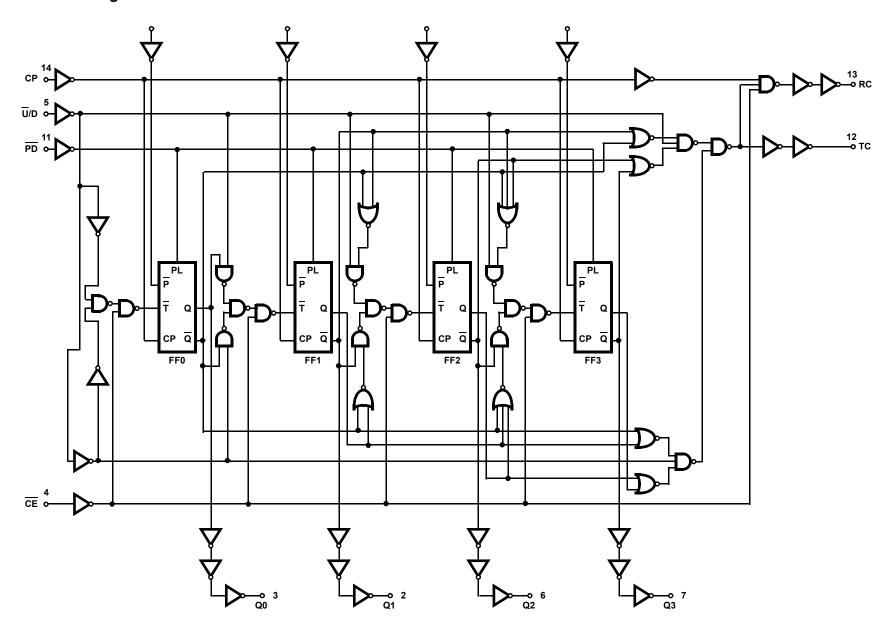
NOTE: U/D or CE should be changed only when CLOCK (CP) is high.

## **Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	SCREENING LEVEL	PACKAGE
HCTS191DMSR	-55°C to +125°C	Intersil Class S Equivalent	16 Lead SBDIP
HCTS191KMSR	-55°C to +125°C	Intersil Class S Equivalent	16 Lead Ceramic Flatpack
HCTS191D/Sample	+25°C	Sample	16 Lead SBDIP
HCTS191K/Sample	+25°C	Sample	16 Lead Ceramic Flatpack
HCTS191HMSR	+25°C	Die	Die



# Functional Diagram



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Supply Voltage (VCC)	0.5V to +7.0V
Input Voltage Range, All Inputs	0.5V to VCC +0.5V
DC Input Current, Any One Input	±10mA
DC Drain Current, Any One Output	±25mA
(All Voltage Reference to the VSS Terminal)	
Storage Temperature Range (TSTG)	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10sec)	+265°C
Junction Temperature (TJ)	+175°C

## **Reliability Information**

Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{JA}$	$\theta_{\text{JC}}$
SBDIP Package	73°C/W	24°C/W
Ceramic Flatpack Package	114°C/W	29°C/W
Maximum Package Power Dissipation at +125	oC Ambien	t
SBDIP Package		0.68W
Ceramic Flatpack Package		0.44W
If device power exceeds package dissipation of	capability, pi	rovide heat
sinking or derate linearly at the following rate:		
SBDIP Package	1	3.7mW/°C
Ceramic Flatpack Package		8.8mW/°C

CAUTION: As with all semiconductors, stress listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may be applied to devices (one at a time) without resulting in permanent damage. This is a stress rating only. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The conditions listed under "Electrical Performance Characteristics" are the only conditions recommended for satisfactory device operation.

## **Operating Conditions**

Supply Voltage (VCC)	Input Low Voltage (VIL)
Input Rise and Fall Times at VCC = 4.5V (TR, TF) 500ns Max	Input High Voltage (VIH)
Operating Temperature Range (T <sub>A</sub> )55°C to +125°C	

#### TABLE 1. DC ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

		(NOTE 1)	GROUP A SUB-		LIM	IITS	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	GROUPS	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Quiescent Current	ICC	VCC = 5.5V, VIN = VCC or GND	1	+25°C	-	40	μА
		VIIV - VCC OI GIVD	2, 3	+125°C, -55°C	-	750	μА
Output Current (Sink)	IOL	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 4.5V, VOUT = 0.4V, VIL = 0V	1	+25°C	4.8	-	mA
(Ollik)		VOOT = 0.4V, VIL = 0V	2, 3	+125°C, -55°C	4.0	-	mA
Output Current (Source)			1	+25°C	-4.8	-	mA
(Godice)		VOUT = VCC -0.4V, VIL = 0V	2, 3	+125°C, -55°C	-4.0	-	mA
Output Voltage Low	VOL	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 2.25V, IOL = 50μA, VIL = 0.8V	1, 2, 3	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	-	0.1	V
		VCC = 5.5V, VIH = 2.75V, IOL = 50μA, VIL = 0.8V	1, 2, 3	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	-	0.1	V
Output Voltage High	VOH	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 2.25V, IOH = -50μA, VIL = 0.8V	1, 2, 3	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	VCC -0.1	-	V
		VCC = 5.5V, VIH = 2.75V, IOH = -50μA, VIL = 0.8V	1, 2, 3	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	VCC -0.1	-	V
Input Leakage Current	IIN	VCC = 5.5V, VIN = VCC or GND	1	+25°C	-	±0.5	μА
Current		GNU	2, 3	+125°C, -55°C	-	±5.0	μА
Noise Immunity Functional Test	FN	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 2.25V, VIL = 0.8V (Note 2)	7, 8A, 8B	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	-	-	-

- 1. All voltages reference to device GND.
- 2. For functional tests  $VO \ge 4.0V$  is recognized as a logic "1", and  $VO \le 0.5V$  is recognized as a logic "0".



TABLE 2. AC ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

			GROUP		LIN	MITS	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	(NOTES 1, 2) CONDITIONS	A SUB- GROUPS	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
PL to Qn	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	34	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	37	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	44	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	49	ns
Pn to Qn	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	27	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	31	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	39	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	45	ns
CP to Qn	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	26	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	30	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	29	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	33	ns
CP to RC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	20	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	23	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	32	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	34	ns
CP to TC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	37	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	42	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	40	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	46	ns
U/D to RC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	42	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	45	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	38	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	43	ns
U/D to TC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	34	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	38	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	42	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	45	ns
CE to RC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	22	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	25	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	35	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	38	ns

- 1. All voltages referenced to device GND.
- 2. AC measurements assume RL =  $500\Omega$ , CL = 50pF, Input TR = TF = 3ns, VIL = GND, VIH = 3V.



**TABLE 3. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS** 

					LIN	NITS	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	NOTES	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Capacitance Power	CPD	VCC = 5.0V, f = 1MHz	1	+25°C	-	54	pF
Dissipation			1	+125°C, -55°C	-	84	pF
Input Capacitance	CIN	VCC = 5.0V, f = 1MHz	1	+25°C	-	10	pF
			1	+125°C	-	10	pF
Output Transition Time	TTHL TTLH	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	-	15	ns
Time	IIILH		1	+125°C, -55°C	-	22	ns
Maximum Operating	FMAX	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	-	30	MHz
Frequency (CPU, CPD)			1	+125°C, -55°C	-	20	MHz
Setup Time	TSU	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	12	-	ns
Pn to PL			1	+125°C, -55°C	18	-	ns
Setup Time CE to CP	TSU	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	12	-	ns
CE to CP			1	+125°C, -55°C	18	-	ns
Setup Time U/D to CP	TSU	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	18	-	ns
U/D to CP			1	+125°C, -55°C	27	-	ns
Hold Time	TH	H VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	2	-	ns
Pn to PL			1	+125°C, -55°C	2	-	ns
Hold Time CE to CP	TH	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	2	-	ns
CE to CP			1	+125°C, -55°C	2	-	ns
Hold Time	TH	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	0	-	ns
Ū/D to CP			1	+125°C, -55°C	0	-	ns
Recovery Time	TREC	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	12	-	ns
			1	+125°C, -55°C	18	-	ns
CP Pulse Width	TW	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	16	-	ns
			1	+125°C, -55°C	24	-	ns
PL Pulse Width	TW	VCC = 4.5V	1	+25°C	20	-	ns
			1	+125°C, -55°C	30	-	ns



<sup>1.</sup> The parameters listed in Table 3 are controlled via design or process parameters. Min and Max Limits are guaranteed but not directly tested. These parameters are characterized upon initial design release and upon design changes which affect these characteristics.

TABLE 4. DC POST RADIATION ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

		(NOTES 1, 2)			RAD IITS	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Quiescent Current	ICC	VCC = 5.5V, VIN = VCC or GND	+25°C	-	0.75	mA
Output Current (Sink)	IOL	VCC = 4.5V, VIN = VCC or GND, VOUT = 0.4V	+25°C	4.0	-	mA
Output Current (Source)	IOH	VCC = 4.5V, VIN = VCC or GND, VOUT = VCC -0.4V	+25°C	-4.0	-	mA
Output Voltage Low	VOL	VCC = 4.5V and 5.5V, VIH = VCC/2, VIL = 0.8V, IOL = 50μA	+25°C	-	0.1	V
Output Voltage High	VOH	VCC = 4.5V and 5.5V, VIH = VCC/2, VIL = 0.8V, IOH = -50μA	+25°C	VCC -0.1	-	V
Input Leakage Current	IIN	VCC = 5.5V, VIN = VCC or GND	+25°C	-	±5	μА
Noise Immunity Functional Test	FN	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 2.25V, VIL = 0.8V, (Note 3)	+25°C	-	-	-
PL to Qn	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	37	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	49	ns
Pn to Qn	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	31	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	45	ns
CP to Qn	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	30	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	33	ns
Cp to RC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	23	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	34	ns
CP to TC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	42	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	46	ns
U/D to RC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	45	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	43	ns
U/D to TC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	38	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	45	ns
CE to RC	TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	25	ns
	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	38	ns

- 1. All voltages referenced to device GND.
- 2. AC measurements assume RL =  $500\Omega$ , CL = 50pF, Input TR = TF = 3ns, VIL = GND, VIH = 3V.
- 3. For functional tests  $VO \ge 4.0V$  is recognized as a logic "1", and  $VO \le 0.5V$  is recognized as a logic "0".

TABLE 5. BURN-IN AND OPERATING LIFE TEST, DELTA PARAMETERS (+25°C)

PARAMETER	GROUP B SUBGROUP	DELTA LIMIT
ICC	5	12μΑ
IOL/IOH	5	-15% of 0 Hour



### **TABLE 6. APPLICABLE SUBGROUPS**

CONFORMANCE GROUPS		METHOD	GROUP A SUBGROUPS	READ AND RECORD
Initial Test (Preburi	n-ln)	100%/5004	1, 7, 9	ICC, IOL/H
Interim Test I (Pos	tburn-In)	100%/5004	1, 7, 9	ICC, IOL/H
Interim Test II (Pos	stburn-In)	100%/5004	1, 7, 9	ICC, IOL/H
PDA		100%/5004	1, 7, 9, Deltas	
Interim Test III (Postburn-In)		100%/5004	1, 7, 9	ICC, IOL/H
PDA		100%/5004	1, 7, 9, Deltas	
Final Test		100%/5004	2, 3, 8A, 8B, 10, 11	
Group A (Note 1)		Sample/5005	1, 2, 3, 7, 8A, 8B, 9, 10, 11	
Group B Subgroup B-5		Sample/5005	1, 2, 3, 7, 8A, 8B, 9, 10, 11, Deltas	Subgroups 1, 2, 3, 9, 10, 11
	Subgroup B-6	Sample/5005	1, 7, 9	
Group D		Sample/5005	1, 7, 9	

#### NOTE:

1. Alternate Group A testing in accordance with method 5005 of MIL-STD-883 may be exercised.

#### **TABLE 7. TOTAL DOSE IRRADIATION**

CONFORMANCE		TEST		READ AND RECORD	
GROUPS	METHOD	PRE RAD	POST RAD	PRE RAD	POST RAD
Group E Subgroup 2	5005	1, 7, 9	Table 4	1,9	Table 4 (Note 1)

#### NOTE:

1. Except FN test which will be performed 100% Go/No-Go.

### TABLE 8. STATIC AND DYNAMIC BURN-IN TEST CONNECTIONS

				OSCILLATOR	
OPEN	GROUND	1/2 VCC = 3V $\pm$ 0.5V	VCC = 6V $\pm$ 0.5V	50kHz	25kHz
STATIC BURN-IN I TEST CONNECTIONS (Note 1)					
2, 3, 6, 7, 12, 13	1, 4, 5, 8 - 11, 14, 15	-	16	-	-
STATIC BURN-IN II TEST CONNECTIONS (Note 1)					
2, 3, 6, 7, 12, 13	8	-	1, 4, 5, 9 - 11, 14 - 16	-	-
DYNAMIC BURN-IN TEST CONNECTIONS (Note 2)					
-	1, 4, 5, 8 - 10, 15	2, 3, 6, 7, 12, 13	11, 16	14	-

#### NOTES:

- 1. Each pin except VCC and GND will have a resistor of  $10k\Omega\pm5\%$  for static burn-in
- 2. Each pin except VCC and GND will have a resistor of 1k $\!\Omega\pm5\%$  for dynamic burn-in

#### **TABLE 9. IRRADIATION TEST CONNECTIONS**

OPEN	GROUND	VCC = 5V $\pm$ 0.5V
2, 3, 6, 7, 12, 13	8	1, 4, 5, 9 - 11, 14 - 16

NOTE: Each pin except VCC and GND will have a resistor of  $47 \text{K}\Omega \pm 5\%$  for irradiation testing. Group E, Subgroup 2, sample size is 4 dice/wafer 0 failures.



## Intersil Space Level Product Flow - 'MS'

Wafer Lot Acceptance (All Lots) Method 5007 (Includes SEM)

GAMMA Radiation Verification (Each Wafer) Method 1019, 4 Samples/Wafer, 0 Rejects

100% Nondestructive Bond Pull, Method 2023

Sample - Wire Bond Pull Monitor, Method 2011

Sample - Die Shear Monitor, Method 2019 or 2027

100% Internal Visual Inspection, Method 2010, Condition A

100% Temperature Cycle, Method 1010, Condition C, 10 Cycles

100% Constant Acceleration, Method 2001, Condition per Method 5004

100% PIND, Method 2020, Condition A

100% External Visual

100% Serialization

100% Initial Electrical Test (T0)

100% Static Burn-In 1, Condition A or B, 24 hrs. min., +125°C min., Method 1015

100% Interim Electrical Test 1 (T1)

100% Delta Calculation (T0-T1)

100% Static Burn-In 2, Condition A or B, 24 hrs. min., +125°C min., Method 1015

100% Interim Electrical Test 2 (T2)

100% Delta Calculation (T0-T2)

100% PDA 1, Method 5004 (Notes 1and 2)

100% Dynamic Burn-In, Condition D, 240 hrs., +125°C or Equivalent, Method 1015

100% Interim Electrical Test 3 (T3)

100% Delta Calculation (T0-T3)

100% PDA 2, Method 5004 (Note 2)

100% Final Electrical Test

100% Fine/Gross Leak, Method 1014

100% Radiographic, Method 2012 (Note 3)

100% External Visual, Method 2009

Sample - Group A, Method 5005 (Note 4)

100% Data Package Generation (Note 5)

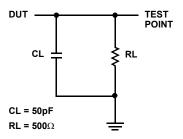
- 1. Failures from Interim electrical test 1 and 2 are combined for determining PDA 1.
- 2. Failures from subgroup 1, 7, 9 and deltas are used for calculating PDA. The maximum allowable PDA = 5% with no more than 3% of the failures from subgroup 7.
- 3. Radiographic (X-Ray) inspection may be performed at any point after serialization as allowed by Method 5004.
- 4. Alternate Group A testing may be performed as allowed by MIL-STD-883, Method 5005.
- 5. Data Package Contents:
  - Cover Sheet (Intersil Name and/or Logo, P.O. Number, Customer Part Number, Lot Date Code, Intersil Part Number, Lot Number, Quantity).
  - · Wafer Lot Acceptance Report (Method 5007). Includes reproductions of SEM photos with percent of step coverage.
  - GAMMA Radiation Report. Contains Cover page, disposition, Rad Dose, Lot Number, Test Package used, Specification Numbers, Test equipment, etc. Radiation Read and Record data on file at Intersil.
  - · X-Ray report and film. Includes penetrometer measurements.
  - Screening, Electrical, and Group A attributes (Screening attributes begin after package seal).
  - · Lot Serial Number Sheet (Good units serial number and lot number).
  - · Variables Data (All Delta operations). Data is identified by serial number. Data header includes lot number and date of test.
  - The Certificate of Conformance is a part of the shipping invoice and is not part of the Data Book. The Certificate of Conformance is signed
    by an authorized Quality Representative.



## **AC Timing Diagrams**

## 

## **AC Load Circuit**



#### **AC VOLTAGE LEVELS**

PARAMETER	нстѕ	UNITS
VCC	4.50	V
VIH	3.00	V
VS	1.30	V
VIL	0	V
GND	0	V

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## Die Characteristics

**DIE DIMENSIONS:** 

104 x 86 mils

**METALLIZATION:** 

Type: AlSi

Metal Thickness:  $11k\mathring{A} \pm 1k\mathring{A}$ 

### **GLASSIVATION:**

Type: SiO<sub>2</sub>

Thickness:  $13k\text{\AA} \pm 2.6k\text{\AA}$ 

## **WORST CASE CURRENT DENSITY:**

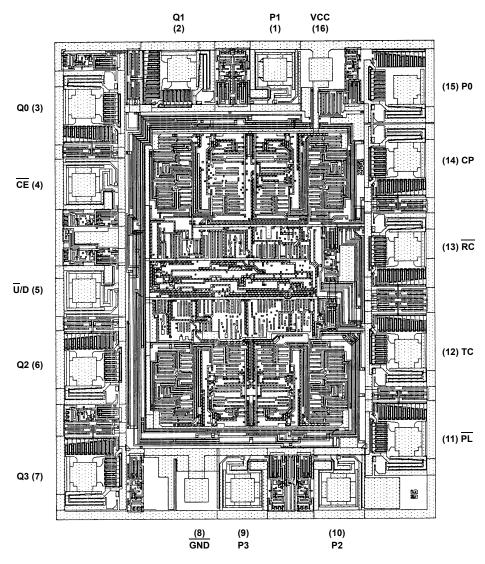
 $< 2.0 \times 10^5 \text{A/cm}^2$ 

## **BOND PAD SIZE:**

 $100 \mu m~x~100 \mu m$  4 x 4 mils

## Metallization Mask Layout

### HCTS191MS



NOTE: The die diagram is a generic plot from a similar HCS device. It is intended to indicate approximate die size and bond pad location. The mask series for the HCTS191 is TA14447A.

