

### HSMBJSAC5.0 thru HSMBJSAC50

## 500 WATT LOW CAPACITANCE TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSOR

#### DESCRIPTION

The HSMBJSAC transient voltage suppressor (TVS) series rated at 500 Watts provides an added rectifier element as shown in Figure 4 to achieve low capacitance in applications for data or signal lines. The low capacitance rating of less than 30 pF may be used for protecting higher frequency applications in inductive switching environments or electrical systems involving secondary lightning effects per IEC61000-4-5 as well as RTCA/DO-160D or ARINC 429 for airborne avionics. If bidirectional protection is needed, two HSMBJSAC devices in anti-parallel configuration are required as shown in Figure 6. With their very fast response time, they also provide ESD and EFT protection per IEC61000-4-2 and IEC61000-4-4 respectively.

## APPEARANCE



See package notes

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com

#### FEATURES

- Unidirectional low-capacitance TVS series (for • bidirectional see Figure 6)
- Suppresses transient up to 500 Watts Peak Pulse Power @ 10/1000 µs
- Improved performance in low capacitance of 30 pF .
- Economical small plastic surface mount with robust . axial subassembly package
- Options for screening in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500 for JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, and JANS are also available by adding MQ, MX, MV, or MSP prefixes respectively to part number, e.g. MXSAC5.0, MVSAC18, etc.
- Also available in surface mount with SMAJ prefix for part numbers (ex. SMAJSAC5.0)
- UL94V-0 Flammability Classification

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

- Peak Pulse Power Dissipation at 25°C: 500 Watts @ 10/1000  $\mu$ s with repetition rate of 0.01% or less\*
- Steady State Power Dissipation\* at T<sub>1</sub> = +75°C: 2.5 Watts.
- Clamping Speed (0 volts to  $V_{\scriptscriptstyle (BR)}\,$  Min.) less than 5 nanoseconds.
- Operating and Storage Temperature: -65°C to +150°C.

#### **APPLICATIONS / BENEFITS**

- Low Capacitance for data-line protection to 70 MHz
- Protection for aircraft fast data rate lines per select level waveforms in RTCA/DO-160D & ARINC 429
- ESD and EFT protection per IEC61000-4-2 and IEC61000-4-4 respectively
- Secondary lightning protection per IEC61000-4-5 with 42 Ohms source impedance:
  - Class 1: HSMBJSAC5.0 to HSMBJSAC50
  - Class 2: HSMBJSAC5.0 to HSMBJSAC45
  - Class 3: HSMBJSAC5.0 to HSMBJSAC22
  - Class 4: HSMBJSAC5.0 to HSMBJSAC10
- Secondary lightning protection per IEC61000-4-5 with 12 Ohms source impedance
  - Class 1: HSMBJSAC5.0 to HSMBJSAC26
  - Class 2: HSMBJSAC5.0 to HSMBJSAC15
  - Class 3: HSMBJSAC5.0 to HSMBJSAC7.0

## **MECHANICAL AND PACKAGING**

- CASE: Void Free Transfer Molded Thermosetting Plastic (see DO-214AA dimensions and notes)
- FINISH: All External Surfaces Are Corrosion Resistant and Leads Solderable
- POLARITY: Cathode (TVS) Marked with Band
- MARKING: Part number without HSMBJ prefix (ie. SAC5.0)
- WEIGHT: 0.1 Grams (Approx.)
- TVS devices are not typically used for dc power dissipation and are instead operated < V<sub>WM</sub> (rated standoff voltage) except for transients that briefly drive the device into avalanche breakdown (V<sub>BR</sub> to V<sub>C</sub> region) of the TVS element. Also see Figures 5 and 6 for further protection details in rated peak pulse power for unidirectional and bidirectional configurations respectively.



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25°C								
REVERSE	BREAKDOWN	MAXIMUM	MAXIMUM	MAXIMUM	CAPACITANCE	WORKING	INVERSE	PEAK
STAND-OFF	VOLTAGE	STANDBY	CLAMPING	PEAK PULSE	@ O Volts	INVERSE	BLOCKING	INVERSE
VOLTAGE	@ I <sub>(BR)</sub> 1.0mA	CURRENT	VOLTAGE	CURRENT*		BLOCKING	LEAKAGE	BLOCKING
(Note 1)	V <sub>(BR)</sub>	@V <sub>WM</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> = 5.0A*	RATING		VOLTAGE	CURRENT	VOLTAGE
V <sub>WM</sub>		ID	Vc	I <sub>PP</sub>		V <sub>WIB</sub>	@ V <sub>WIB</sub>	V <sub>PIB</sub>
	Volts							
Volts	Min.	μA	Volts	Amps	pF	Volts	I <sub>IB</sub> mA	Volts
5.0	7.60	300	10.0	44	30	75	1	100
6.0	7.90	300	11.2	41	30	75	1	100
7.0	8.33	300	12.6	38	30	75	1	100
8.0	8.89	100	13.4	36	30	75	1	100
8.5	9.44	50	14.0	34	30	75	1	100
10	11.10	5.0	16.3	29	30	75	1	100
12	13.30	5.0	19.0	25	30	75	1	100
15	16.70	5.0	23.6	20	30	75	1	100
18	20.00	5.0	28.8	15	30	75	1	100
22	24.40	5.0	35.4	14	30	75	1	100
26	28.90	5.0	42.3	11.1	30	75	1	100
36	40.0	5.0	60.0	8.6	30	75	1	100
45	50.00	5.0	77.0	6.8	30	150	1	200
50	55.50	5.0	88.0	5.8	30	150	1	200
	AL CHAR REVERSE STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Note 1) Vwm Volts 5.0 6.0 7.0 8.0 8.5 10 12 15 18 22 26 36 45 50	Keverse stand-off voltage (Note 1) BREAKDOWN voltage @ I(BR) 1.0mA   Vwm Volts   Volts Min.   5.0 7.60   6.0 7.90   7.0 8.33   8.0 8.89   8.5 9.44   10 11.10   12 13.30   15 16.70   18 20.00   22 24.40   26 28.90   36 40.0   45 50.00   50 55.50	Keverse STAND-OFF VOLTAGE (Note 1) BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE @ I(BR) 1.0mA V(BR) MAXIMUM STANDBY CURRENT @Vwm Ib   Volts Ø I(BR) 1.0mA V(BR) MAXIMUM STANDBY CURRENT @Vwm Ib   Volts Ø I(BR) 1.0mA V(BR) WWM Ib   Volts Min. µA   5.0 7.60 300   6.0 7.90 300   7.0 8.33 300   8.0 8.89 100   8.5 9.44 50   10 11.10 5.0   15 16.70 5.0   15 16.70 5.0   26 28.90 5.0   26 28.90 5.0   36 40.0 5.0   45 50.000 5.0	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

\*See Figure 3

Clamping Factor: The ratio of the numerical value of V<sub>C</sub> to V<sub>(BR)</sub> is typically 1.4 @ full rated power, 1.20 @ 50% rated power. Also see MicroNote 108. Note 1: A transient voltage suppressor is normally selected according to voltage (V<sub>WM</sub>), that should be equal to or greater than the dc or continuous peak operating voltage level.

Note 2: When pulse testing, test in TVS avalanche direction. Do not pulse in "forward" direction. See section for "Schematic Applications" herein.



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### SCHEMATIC APPLICATIONS

The TVS low capacitance device configuration is shown in Figure 4. As a further option for unidirectional applications, an additional low capacitance rectifier diode may be used in parallel in the same polarity direction as the TVS as shown in in Figure 5. In applications where random high voltage transients occur, this will prevent reverse transients from damaging the internal low capacitance rectifier diode and also provide a low voltage conducting direction. The added rectifier diode should be of similar low capacitance and also have a higher reverse voltage rating than the TVS clamping voltage V<sub>c</sub>. Consult factory for recommended rectifier part number. If using two (2) low capacitance TVS devices in anti-parallel for bidirectional applications, this added protective feature for both directions (including the reverse of each rectifier diode) is also provided. The unidirectional and bidirectional configurations in Figure 5 and 6 will both result in twice the capacitance of Figure 4.



FIGURE 4 TVS with internal Low Capacitance Diode



FIGURE 5 Optional Unidirectional configuration (TVS and separate rectifier diode) in parallel)



**FIGURE 6** Optional Bidirectional configuration (two TVS devices in anti-parallel)



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