

# HT7939A High Current and Performance White LED Driver

### Feature

- Input voltage range: 2.6V~5.5V
- High efficiency up to 90%
- Integrated N-ch MOSFET
- Can drive up to 39 WLEDs from a 5V input
- Low standby current: 0.1µA (typ.)
- Built-in OVP, OCP, OTP, UVLO protection
- EN pin dimming frequency up to 200kHz
- 1.2MHz fixed switching frequency
- SOT23-6 package

# Applications

- Display backlighting
  - Automatic
  - DVD player
  - Digital photo frame
  - Handheld computer

# **General Description**

The HT7939A is a high efficiency boost converter for driving multiple White LEDs using current mode operation. The device is designed to drive up to 39 White LEDs from a 5V power supply. The White LED current is setup using an external current setting resistor, which has a low feedback voltage of 0.2V to minimise resistor power losses and thus improving efficiency.

The HT7939A has a dimming frequency of up to 200kHz, which has excellent linear performance over this dimming frequency range. The over voltage function prevents device damage by turning off the converter should the LED load become open circuit. The device also includes over current protection, over temperature protection and under voltage protection preventing damage to the device should the output be overloaded.

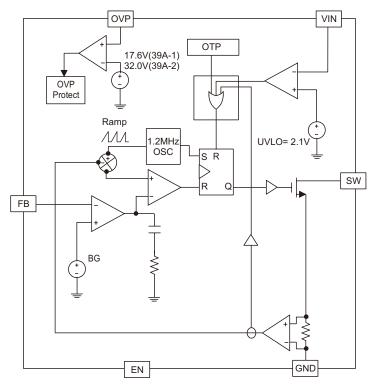
# **Selection Guide**

| Part No. | Package | Marking                                |
|----------|---------|--|
| HT7939A  | SOT23-6 | 39A-1 (OVP=17.6V)<br>39A-2 (OVP=32.0V) |

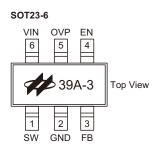
Note: Both lead free and green compound devices are available.



# **Block Diagram**



# **Pin Assignment**



# **Pin Descriptin**

| PIN No. | PIN Name | Description   |  |
|---------|----------|---|--|
| 1       | SW       | Switching pin. Connected to inductor and diode.                                     |  |
| 2       | GND      | Ground.   |  |
| 3       | FB       | Feedback pin. Reference voltage. The HT7939A feedback voltage is 0.2V.              |  |
| 4       | EN       | Shutdown & Dimming control input. Do not allow this pin to float.                   |  |
| 5       | OVP      | Over voltage protection pin which is connected to the output.                       |  |
| 6       | VIN      | The input supply pin for the IC. Connect VIN to a supply voltage between 2.6V~5.5V. |  |



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Input Voltage, FB Voltage, EN | 6.0V  |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| SW Voltage                    | . 36V |
| OVP Voltage                   | . 36V |

| Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C |
|--|
| Storage Temperature Range55°C to +150°C  |
| Maximum Junction Temperature 150°C       |

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

# **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{IN}$  = 5.0V, Ta= 25°C, unless otherwise specified (note 1)

| Symbol               | Parameter                      | Test Conditions                                      | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Input Sup            | oply Voltage and Current       |  |      |      |      |      |
| V <sub>IN</sub>      | Input Voltage                  | _  | 2.6  | _    | 5.5  | V    |
| UVLO                 | Under Voltage Lockout          | _  | 1.8  | 2.1  | 2.4  | V    |
|                      | Quarte Quarte                  | Switching  | _    | 1.0  | 5.0  | mA   |
| I <sub>IN</sub>      | Supply Current                 | V <sub>EN</sub> = 0                                  | _    | 0.1  | 1.0  | μA   |
| Error Am             | plifier                        |  |      |      |      |      |
| V <sub>FB</sub>      | Feedback Voltage               | —  | 190  | 200  | 210  | mV   |
| V                    | Line Regulation                | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.0V~4.3V, I <sub>LED</sub> = 20mA | _    | 1.0  | _    | %    |
| Power Sv             | vitch                          |  |      |      |      |      |
| f <sub>osc</sub>     | Switching Frequency            | Management at CW/ Dia                                | 0.8  | 1.2  | 1.6  | MHz  |
| DC                   | Maximum Duty Cycle             | Measured at SW Pin                                   | 85   | 90   | _    | %    |
| R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>  | SW ON Resistance               | —  | _    | 0.5  | _    | Ω    |
| I <sub>SW(OFF)</sub> | Switch Leakage Current         | —  | _    | 0.1  | 1.0  | μA   |
| Enable               |                                |  |      |      |      |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>      | EN Voltage High                | —  | 2.0  | _    | _    | V    |
| VIL                  | EN Voltage Low                 | —  | _    | _    | 0.8  | V    |
| f <sub>EN</sub>      | Dimming Clock Rate             | Duty= 5%~100%  | 100  | _    | 200  | kHz  |
| OVP and              | OCP                            |  |      |      |      |      |
| V <sub>OVP</sub>     |                                | No Load, for 39A-1 Marking                           | 15.8 | 17.6 | 19.4 | V    |
|                      | OVP Threshold                  | No Load, for 39A-2 Marking                           | 28.8 | 32.0 | 35.2 | V    |
| I <sub>OCP</sub>     | N-channel MOSFET Current limit | —  | 1000 | 1200 | _    | mA   |
| Thermal              | Shutdown                       |  |      |      |      |      |
|                      | Thermal Shutdown Threshold     | _  | _    | 150  | _    | °C   |
| t <sub>sнuт</sub>    | Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis    | _  | _    | 25   | _    | °C   |

Note 1. Specifications are production tested at Ta=25 degree. Specifications over -40°C to 85°C degree operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization.



### **Functional Description**

#### VIN Under-Voltage Lockout -- UVLO

The HT7939A contains an Input Under Voltage Lockout, UVLO, circuit. The purpose of the UVLO circuit is to ensure that the input voltage is high enough for reliable operation. When the Input Voltage is below the UVLO threshold, the internal power MOSFET will remain switched off .The UVLO threshold is set below the minimum input voltage of 2.6V to avoid any transient VIN drops under the UVLO threshold and causing the converter to turn off.

#### **Current Limit Protection**

The HT7939A has a cycle-by-cycle current limit to protect the internal power MOSFET. If the inductor current reaches the current limit threshold, the MOSFET will be turned off. It is important to note that this current limit will not protect the output from excessive current during an output short circuit. If an output short circuit occurs, excessive current can damage both the inductor and the diode.

#### **Over-Voltage Protection -- OVP**

The HT7939A provides an over-voltage function. If the FB pin is shorted to ground or an LED is disconnected from the circuit, the FB pin voltage will be zero and the internal power MOSFET will switch at its fully duty cycle. This may cause the output voltage to exceed its maximum voltage rating, possibly damaging the device and the external components. Internal over voltage protection circuitry turns off the power MOSFET and shuts down the device as soon as the output voltage exceeds the threshold .As a result, the output voltage falls to the level of the input supply voltage. The device remains in this shutdown mode until it is enabled once again to a reset condition by the EN pin or after the power is restarted.

#### **Over-Temperature protection -- OTP**

A thermal shutdown function is implemented to prevent device damage due to excessive heat and power dissipation. Typically the thermal shutdown threshold is 150°C. When the thermal shutdown is triggered the device stops switching until the temperature falls below a typical value of 125°C. After this the device will once again resume switching.

## **Application Information**

#### **Inductor Selection**

There are three important electrical parameters that need to be considered when choosing an inductor. These are the inductor value, the DCR (parasitic serial DC resistance) and the saturation current.

The inductor's value determines the input ripple current. Lower inductor values decrease the physical size of the inductor, but increase the input ripple current. However, larger inductor values decrease the input ripple current, but have higher series resistances and lower saturation currents. A good rule to choose a sutiable inductor value is to allow the peak-to-peak ripple current to be approximately 30~50% of the maximum input current. Calculate the required inductance value using the following equations:

$$L = \frac{V_{IN} \times (V_{OUT} - V_{IN})}{V_{OUT} \times F_{SW} \times \Delta I_{L}}$$
$$I_{IN(MAX)} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT(MAX)}}{V_{IN} \times \eta}$$
$$\Delta I_{L} = (30\% \sim 50\%) \times I_{IN(MAX)}$$
$$I_{L(PEAK)} = I_{IN(MAX)} + \frac{1}{2}\Delta I_{L}$$

In the equations above,  $I_{OUT(MAX)}$  is the maximum load current,  $\Delta I_L$  is the peak-to-peak inductor ripple current,  $\eta$  is the converter efficiency,  $F_{SW}$  is the switching frequency and  $I_{L(PEAK)}$  is the peak inductor current. To prevent inductor core saturation, ensure that the inductor-saturation current is rated higher than the peak inductor current. A 10µH inductor value is recommended for most HT7939A applications.



#### Input and Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor determines the steady state output voltage ripple. The voltage ripple is related to the capacitor's capacitance and its ESR which is the Equivalent Series Resistance. Ceramic capacitors with low ESR values will result in the lowest ripple voltage values and are the recommended type. Due to their low ESR values, the capacitance value can be calculated using the following equation:

$$C_{out} = \frac{(V_{o} - V_{iN}) \times I_{out}}{V_{out} \times F_{SW} \times V_{ripple}}$$

In the equation above,  $V_{ripple}$  = peak to peak output ripple,  $F_{sw}$  is the switching frequency.

The output capacitor is recommended to be in a range of  $1\mu$ F to  $10\mu$ F. The input capacitor is required to be in a range of  $2.2\mu$ F to  $10.0\mu$ F. The output capacitor affects the loop stability of the boost regulator. If the output capacitor is lower than this range, the boost regulator could potentially become unstable.

#### **Schottky Diode Selection**

The output rectifier diode supplies current to the inductor when the internal MOSFET is off. The average and peak current ratings of the diode must be greater than the maximum output current and peak inductor current. The reverse breakdown voltage must be greater than the maximum output voltage. It is recommended to use a schottky diode with a low forward voltage to minimise power dissipation and therefore to maximise the efficiency of the converter. A 1N5819 diode type is recommended for HT7939A applications.

#### **LED Current Selection**

The LED current is controlled by the current sense feedback resistor  $R_{\rm fb}$ , The current sense feedback reference is 200mV. In order to ensure accurate LED currents, precision resistors with a 1% tolerance are the preferred types. The LED current can be calculated using the following formula:

$$I_{LED} = \frac{V_{FB}}{R_{fb}} = \frac{200 \, mV}{R_{fb}}$$

Where  $I_{LED}$  is the output LED current,  $V_{FB}$ =feedback voltage,  $R_{fb}$ =current sense resistor.

#### **Digital and Analog Dimming Control**

The Digital dimming method uses a PWM signal applied to the EN pin and the EN Pin dimming frequency up to 200kHz. This is shown in fig.19. The average LED current increases proportionally with the PWM signal duty cycle. A 0% duty cycle corresponds to zero LED current. A 100% duty cycle corresponds to a full LED current.

There are two methods to control the LED brightness for analog dimming. The first method uses a DC voltage to control the feedback voltage. If the DC voltage range is from 0V to 3.3V, the selection of resistors provided in fig.20 controls the LED current from 20mA to 0mA. Other applications a filtered PWM signal, which is shown in fig.21. The filtered PWM signal application acts the same way as the DC voltage dimming control.



# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

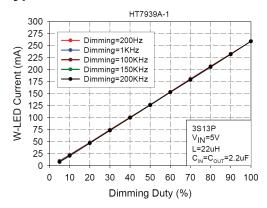


Fig.1 HT7939A-1 W-LED Current V.S. Dimming (3S13P)

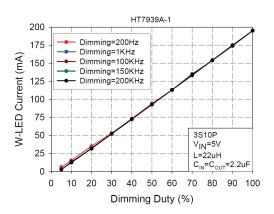
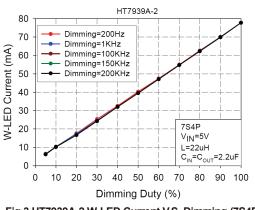


Fig.2 HT7939A-1 W-LED Current V.S. Dimming (3S10P)





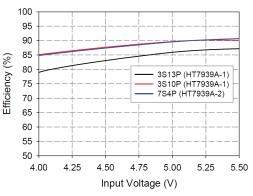


Fig.4 Efficiency V.S. Input Voltage

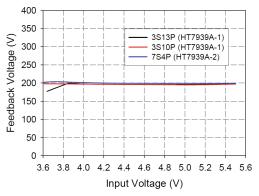
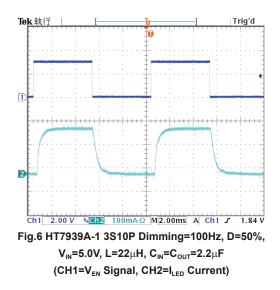
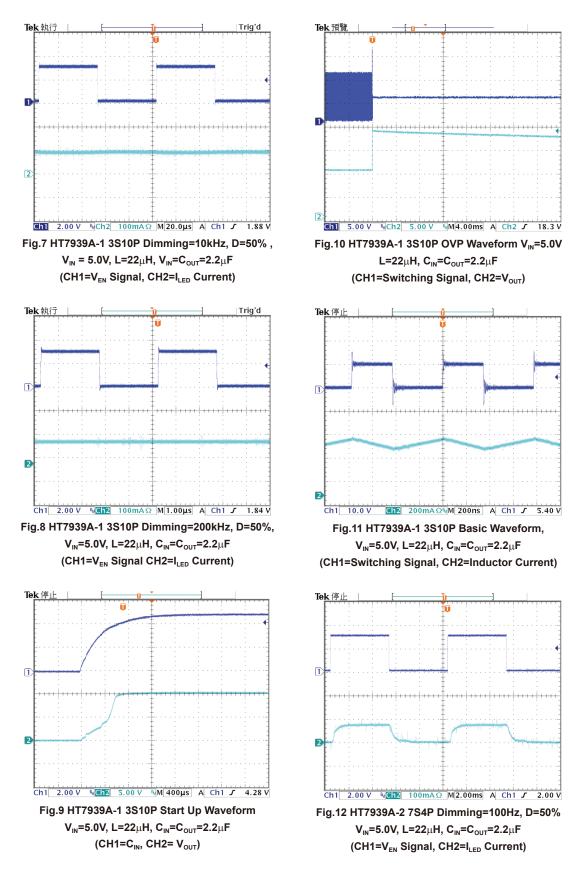


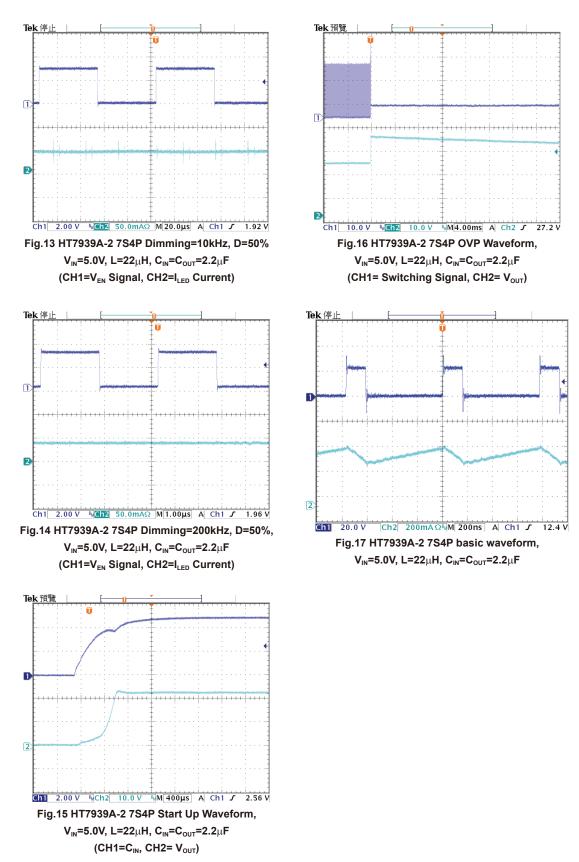
Fig.5 Feedback Voltage V.S. Input Voltage













# **Application Circuits**

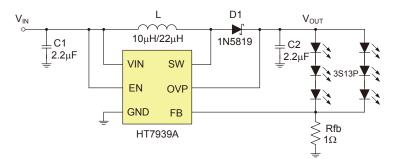


Fig.18 Application for Driving 3S13P WLEDs

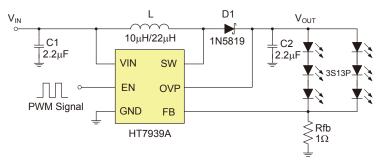
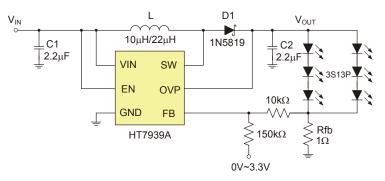


Fig.19 Application for Dimming Control Using A PWM Signal





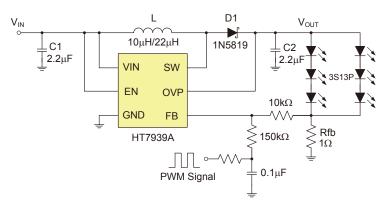


Fig.21 Application for Dimming Control Using a Filtered PWM Signal



# **Package Information**

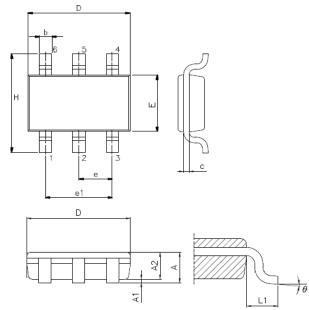
Note that the package information provided here is for consultation purposes only. As this information may be updated at regular intervals users are reminded to consult the <u>Holtek website</u> for the latest version of the <u>Package/</u> <u>Carton Information</u>.

Additional supplementary information with regard to packaging is listed below. Click on the relevant section to be transferred to the relevant website page.

- Further Package Information (include Outline Dimensions, Product Tape and Reel Specifications)
- Packing Meterials Information
- Carton information



### 6-pin SOT23-6 Outline Dimensions



| Symbol | Dimensions in inch |           |       |  |  |
|--------|--------------------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| Symbol | Min.               | Nom.      | Max.  |  |  |
| A      | —                  | —         | 0.057 |  |  |
| A1     | _                  | —         | 0.006 |  |  |
| A2     | 0.035              | 0.045     | 0.051 |  |  |
| b      | 0.012              | —         | 0.020 |  |  |
| С      | 0.003              | —         | 0.009 |  |  |
| D      | _                  | 0.114 BSC | _     |  |  |
| E      | _                  | 0.063 BSC | _     |  |  |
| е      | _                  | 0.037 BSC | _     |  |  |
| e1     | _                  | 0.075 BSC | _     |  |  |
| Н      | _                  | 0.110 BSC | _     |  |  |
| L1     | _                  | 0.024 BSC | _     |  |  |
| θ      | 0°                 | —         | 8°    |  |  |

| Symbol | Dimensions in mm |          |      |  |  |
|--------|------------------|----------|------|--|--|
| Symbol | Min.             | Nom.     | Max. |  |  |
| A      | _                | —        | 1.45 |  |  |
| A1     | —                | —        | 0.15 |  |  |
| A2     | 0.90             | 1.15     | 1.30 |  |  |
| b      | 0.30             | —        | 0.50 |  |  |
| С      | 0.08             | —        | 0.22 |  |  |
| D      | _                | 2.90 BSC | _    |  |  |
| E      | _                | 1.60 BSC | _    |  |  |
| е      | _                | 0.95 BSC | _    |  |  |
| e1     | _                | 1.90 BSC | _    |  |  |
| Н      | _                | 2.80 BSC | _    |  |  |
| L1     | _                | 0.60 BSC | _    |  |  |
| θ      | 0°               | —        | 8°   |  |  |

Copyright<sup>©</sup> 2013 by HOLTEK SEMICONDUCTOR INC.

The information appearing in this Data Sheet is believed to be accurate at the time of publication. However, Holtek assumes no responsibility arising from the use of the specifications described. The applications mentioned herein are used solely for the purpose of illustration and Holtek makes no warranty or representation that such applications will be suitable without further modification, nor recommends the use of its products for application that may present a risk to human life due to malfunction or otherwise. Holtek's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems. Holtek reserves the right to alter its products without prior notification. For the most up-to-date information, please visit our web site at http://www.holtek.com.