



DATA SHEET

(DOC No. HX8353-C(N)-DS)

HX8353-C

132RGB x 162 dot, 262K Color,
with Internal GRAM,

TFT Mobile Single Chip Driver

Preliminary version 01, February 2008

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132RGB x 162 dot, 262K Color, with Internal GRAM, TFT Mobile Single Chip Driver



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Preliminary Version 01

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1. General Description

This manual describes the Himax's HX8353-C 132RGB*162 dots resolution driving controller. The HX8353-C(N) is designed to provide a single-chip solution that combined a gate driver, a source driver, power supply circuit, and internal graphics RAM for 262,144 colors to drive a TFT panel with 128RGB*160 dots at maximum.

The HX8353-C can be operated in low-voltage (1.65V) condition to the interface and integrated internal boosters that produce the liquid crystal voltage, breeder resistance and the voltage follower circuit for liquid crystal driver. In addition, The HX8353-C also supports various functions to reduce the power consumption of a LCD system via software control.

The HX8353-C is suitable for any small portable battery-driven product and requiring long-term driving capabilities, such as small PDAs, digital cellular phones and bi-directional pagers.

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2. Features

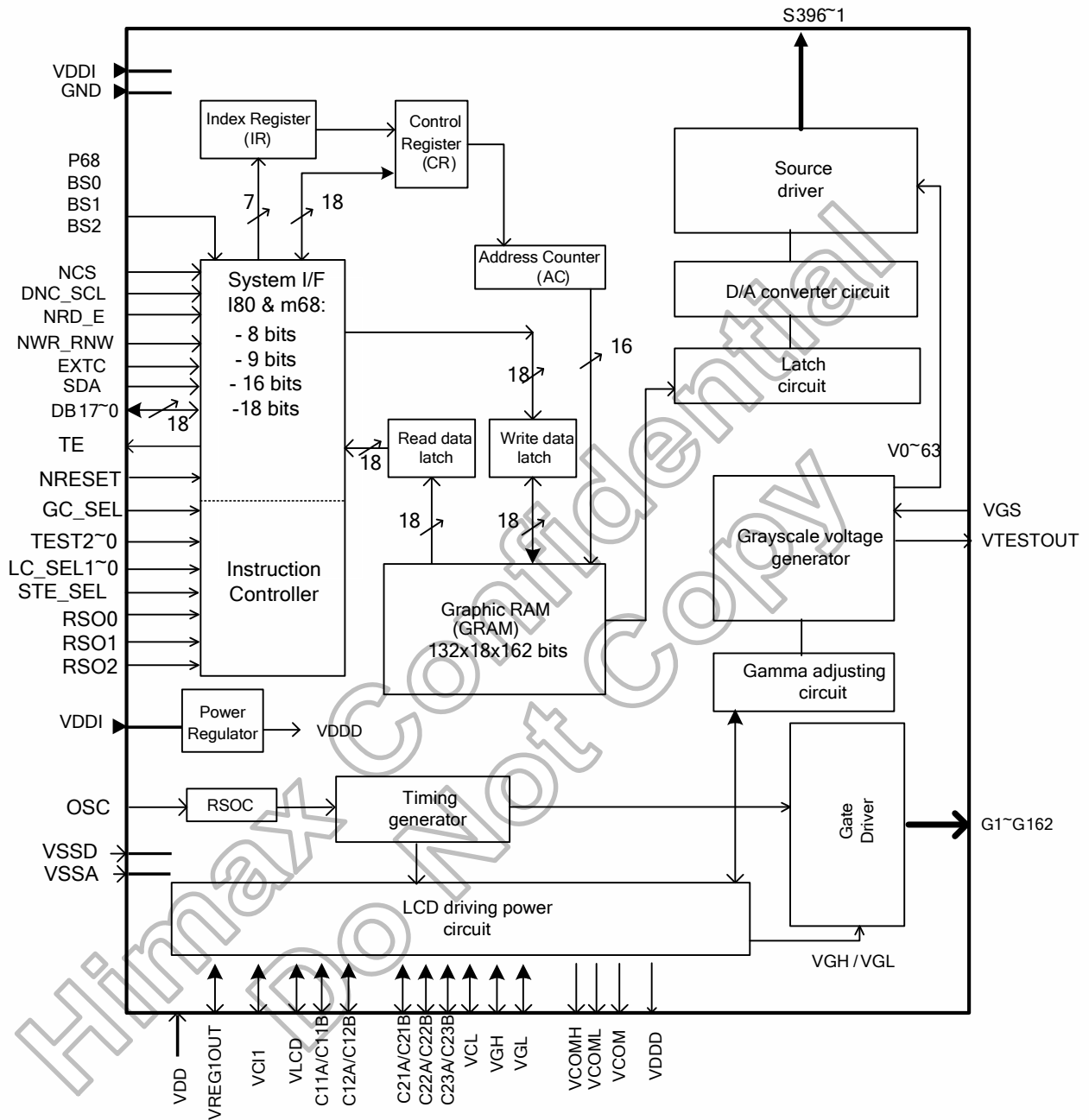
- Single chip solution to drive a TFT panel
- 132RGB x 162-dot graphics display LCD controller/driver and 262,144 TFT colors
- Support resolution:
 - 132RGB x 162-dot: Display with 132 x 18-bits x 162 display RAM (S45AP)
 - 128RGB x 160-dot
 - Type 1: Display with 128 x 18-bits x 160 display RAM (S44AP)
 - Type 2: Display with 132 x 18-bits x 162 display RAM (S43AP)
 - 128RGB x 128-dot
 - 120RGB x 160-dot
 - 96RGB x 68-dot: Display with 96 x 18-bits x 68 display RAM (S31AL)
 - 96RGB x 64-dot
- Internal operation circuit of liquid crystal display:
 - Source channel: 396ch (132RGB)
 - Gate line: 162 Gate output
- Display mode (Color modes):
 - Full colors
 - 262k colours (18bit 6(R):6(G):6(B))
 - Reduce color mode:
 - 65k colours (16bit 5(R):6(G):5(B))
 - 4k colours (12bit 4(R):4(G):4(B))
 - 8 colors (Idle mode on): 8 colors (3 bit binary mode)
- Internal graphics RAM capacity: 132 x 162 x 18-bit = 0.38M bit:
- Support interface mode:
 - I80 System interface: 8-bits / 9-bits / 16-bits / 18bits bus
 - m68 System interface: 8-bits / 9-bits / 16-bits / 18bits bus
 - 3W/4W Serial Data Transfer Interface
- Display features
 - Area scrolling
 - Partial display mode
 - Software programmable color depth mode
- On chip features:
 - DC/DC converter
 - OTP to store initialization register setting
 - Oscillator for display clock generation

- Line inversion, frame inversion
- OTP to store initialization register setting
- Support default value for factory use
- Low-power consumption architecture supports:
 - Logic supply voltage range for VDDI to VSSD: 1.65 to 3.3V
 - Analog supply voltage range for VDD to VSSA: 2.3 to 3.3V
- Output voltage range:
 - VLCD = 4.0 to 5.5V
 - VCL = -2V to -3.3V
 - VREG1OUT = 3.0 to (VLCD-0.5V) (Source output reference voltage range)
 - VCOMH = 2.5V to 4.5V (Common electrode output high voltage)
 - VCOML = -2V to 0V (Common electrode output low voltage)
 - VGH = +9.0 to +16V (Positive Gate output voltage range)
 - VGL = -9.0 to -16V (Negative Gate output voltage range)

(note: $VDD - VCL \leq 6V$, $VGH - VGL \leq 32V$)
- Low power consumption, suitable for battery operated systems
- Suitable for all brand LCM module
 - Command set:
 - 128RGB x 160-dot : DMIF-S43AP-J124 but support LUT table
 - 132RGB x 162-dot : DMIF-S45AP-J12
 - 128RGB x 160-dot : DMIF-S44AP-J12
 - 96RGB x 68-dot : DMIF-S31AL-J124 but support LUT table
 - Himax defined command set
- CMOS compatible inputs
- Optimized layout for COG assembly
- OTP memory to store initialization register settings
- Temperature range: -30 ~ 85°C

Note: (1) Blank display means: Normal White Display = White, Normal Black Display = Black.
(2) Timing and voltage level specification apply for the complete display module including LCD glass, Flex cable (FPC) and driver IC. Signal timings and levels are measured on the host interface connector.

3. Block Diagram



4. Pin Description

4.1 Pin Description

Input Parts									
Signals	I/O	Pin Number	Connected with	Descriptions					
P68, BS2,BS1,BS0	I	4	VSSD/ VDDI	Select the MPU interface mode as listed below					
				P68	BS2	BS1	BS0	Interface mode	DB pins
				0	1	0	0	8-bit bus interface, 80-system,	DB17-DB8:Unused, DB7-DB0: Data
				0	1	0	1	16-bit bus interface, 80-system,	DB17-DB16:Unused, DB15-DB0: Data
				0	1	1	0	9-bit bus interface, 80-system,	DB17-DB9:Unused, DB8-DB0: Data
				0	1	1	1	18-bit bus interface, 80-system,	DB17-DB0: Data
				1	1	0	0	8-bit bus interface, 68-system,	DB17-DB8:Unused, DB7-DB0: Data
				1	1	0	1	16-bit bus interface, 68-system,	DB17-DB16:Unused, DB15-DB0: Data
				1	1	1	0	9-bit bus interface, 68-system,	DB17-DB9:Unused, DB8-DB0: Data
				1	1	1	1	18-bit bus interface, 68-system,	DB17-DB0: Data
x	0	x	x	3W/4W Serial interface	DB17-DB0:Unused SDA: Data input/output				
Note:Must be connected to VSSD or VDDI.(latch type)									
SPI_SEL	I	1	MPU	Interface format select pin (latch type)					
				SPI_SEL	Serial Interface Format Selection				
				0	3W Serial Interface (default)				
1	4W Serial Interface								
NCS	I	1	MPU	Chip select signal. Low: chip can be accessed; High: chip cannot be accessed. Must be connected to VSSD or VDDI if not in use. (latch type)					
DNC_SCL	I	1	MPU	The signal for command or parameter select under parallel mode(i.e. Not serial interface): Low: command. High: parameter. When under serial interface, it servers as SCL. If not used, let it open or connected to VDDI.. (latch type)					
NRD_E	I	1	MPU	I80 system: Serves as a read signal and read data at the low level. M68 system: 0: Read/Write disable, 1: Read/Write enable. Fix it to VDDI or VSSD level when using serial interface. (latch type)					
NWR_RNW	I	1	MPU	I80 system: Serves as a write signal and writes data at the rising edge. M68 system: 0: Write, 1: Read. If not used, let it open or connected to VDDI. (latch type)					
EXTC	I	1	MPU	Extended command set enable. (Only support Command-Parameter Interface mode) Low (VSSD): extended command set is discarded High (VDDI): extended command set is accepted If not used, let it open or connected to VSSD.(weak pull low)					
STE_SEL	I	1	MPU	This Pin is only valid for RSO[2:0]=3'b000. There is a internal pull-high resistor on this pad. (latch type) Low (VSSD): Scrolling function enable and TE lines is meet definition of S45AP (162 lines) → Support document of S45AP. High (VDDI): Scrolling function disable and TE lines is meet definition of S43AP (160 lines) → Support document of S43AP.					
GC_SEL	I	1	MPU	This signal is used to select gamma curve order. (latch type) Low (VSSD): GC0(1.0), GC1(2.5), GC2(2.2), GC3(1.8) High (VDDI): GC0(2.2), GC1(1.8), GC2(2.5), GC3(1.0)					
LC_SEL1-0	I	2	MPU	The selection pins of different liquid crystal type. (latch type)					
				LC_SEL1	LC_SEL0	Different liquid crystal type Selection			
				0	0	LC type 1			
				0	1	LC type 2			
1	0	LC type 3							

Input Parts								
				1	1	LC type 4		
Input Parts								
Signals	I/O	Pin Number	Connected with	Description				
RS00	I	1	MPU	Resolution selection pins. RSO[2:0] is used for selecting resolution. If not used, please let it open. (latch type)				
RS01	I	1	MPU	RSO2	RSO1	RSO0		
				Resolution				
				0	0	0		
				GRAM resolution (Size): 132RGBx162 Display resolution: Type1 :132RGBx162 (S1~S396 and G1~G162)→S45AP Type2 :128RGBx160 (S7~S390 and G2~G161)→S43AP				
				0	0	1		
				GRAM resolution (Size): 128RGBx128 Display resolution: 128RGBx128 (S7~S390 and G2~G129)				
				0	1	0		
				GRAM resolution (Size): 120RGBx160 Display resolution: 120RGBx160 (S7~S366, G2~G161)				
RSO2	I	1	MPU	0	1	1		
				GRAM resolution (Size): 128RGBx160 Display resolution: 128RGBx160 (S7~S390 and G2~G161) →S44AP				
				1	0	0		
				GRAM resolution: 96RGBx68 Display resolution: 96RGBx68 (S55~S342, G1~G68)				
				1	0	1		
				GRAM resolution: 96RGBx64 Display resolution: 96RGBx64 (S55~S342, G1~G64)				
				1	1	0		
				Setting disable				
				1	1	1		
				Setting disable				
NRESET	I	1	MPU or reset circuit	Reset pin. Setting this pin low initializes the LSI. Must be reset after power is supplied. Must be connected to VSSD or VDDB1. (latch type)				
VDC_ENB				Input pin to select the logice power. (latch type) VSSD : Enable internal VDDD generator VDDI : Disable internal VDDD generator, VDDD should connect to external 1.65v~1.95v power				
SS_PANEL	I	1	MPU	Input pin to select the source driver scan direction on panel module. (1: VDDI, 0: VSSD) (latch type)				
				SS_Panel	Module source output direction			
					RSO[2:0] =3b'011	RSO[2:0] =3b'010	RSO[2:0] =3b'001	RSO[2:0] =3b'000
				0	S7 -> S390	S7 -> S366	S7 -> S390	S1 -> S396
				1	S390 -> S7	S366 -> S7	S390 -> S7	S396 -> S1
GS_PANEL	I	1	MPU	Input pin to select the Gate driver scan direction on panel module. (1: VDDI, 0: VSSD) (latch type)				
				GS_Panel	Module Gate output direction			
					RSO[2:0] =3b'011	RSO[2:0] =3b'010	RSO[2:0] =3b'001	RSO[2:0] =3b'000
				0	G2 -> G161	G2 -> G161	G2 -> G129	G1 -> G162
				1	G161 -> G2	G161 -> G2	G129 -> G2	G162 -> G1
REV_PANEL	I	1	MPU	Input pin to select the display reversion (1: VDDI, 0: VSSD) (latch type)				
				REV_Panel	Mapping data			
				0	"0" to minimum pixel voltage for normal white panel			
				1	"0" to maximum pixel voltage for normal black panel			
BGR_PANEL	I	1	MPU	Input pin to select the color mapping. (1: VDDI, 0: VSSD) (latch type)				
				BGR_panel	Color mapping			
				0	R->G->B			
				1	B->G->R			
TEST1	I	1	VSSD	A test pin. Make sure to fix it to the VSSD level. (weak pull low)				
TEST2	I	1	VSSD	A test pin. Make sure to fix it to the VSSD level. (weak pull low)				
TEST3	I	1	VSSD	A test pin. Make sure to fix it to the VSSD level. (weak pull low)				
OSC	I	1	Open or Connect to VSSD	Oscillator input for test purpose. If not used, please let it open or connected to VSSD. (weak pull low)				

Input Parts				
BURN	I	1	MPU	Free Running mode (weak pull low) If BURN=Hi, this can enable free running mode for burn in test. The display data alternates between full black and full white independent of input data in free running mode.

Output Part				
Signals	I/O	Pin Number	Connected with	Description
S1~396	O	396	LCD	Output voltages applied to the liquid crystal. The shift direction of segment signal outputs is changeable with the SS bit. For example, if SS=0, DATA IN THE ram address "0000" is output from S1.If SS=1, the same data in the ram address "0000" is output from S396. S1,S4,S7,...display red (R),S2,S5,S8,...display green (G),and S3,S6,S9,...display blue(B) (SS=0, BGR=0).
G1~162	O	160	LCD	Output signals from gate lines. VGH: the level to select the gate lines VGL: the level not to select the gate lines
VCOM	O	2	TFT common electrode	The power supply of common voltage in TFT driving. The voltage amplitude between VCOMH and VCOML is output. The alternation cycle can be set by the POL pin. Connect this pin to the common electrode in TFT panel.
VCOMH	O	1	Stabilizing capacitor or open	Connect this pin to the capacitor for stabilization. This pin indicates a high level of VCOM amplitude generated in driving the VCOM alternation.
VCOML	O	1	Stabilizing capacitor or open	When the VCOM alternation is driven, this pin indicates a low level of VCOM amplitude. Connect this pin to a capacitor for stabilization. When the VCOMG bit is low, the VCOML output stops and a capacitor for stabilization is not needed.
VREG1OUT	O	1	Stabilizing capacitor or open	Internal generated stable power for source driver unit .VREG1OUT = 3.0 ~ (VLCD - 0.5)V
VLCD	O	1	Stabilizing capacitor	An output from the step-up circuit1, of twice the VDD level. Connect to a stabilizing capacitor 1uF between VLCD and VSSD. VLCD=4.0 to 5.5V, Connect to VLDCD.
VGL	O	1	Stabilizing capacitor	An output from the step-up circuit2.or -3~-5 time the VDD level. The step-up rate is determined with BT3-0 bits. Connect to a stabilizing capacitor 1uF between VSSD and VGL. Min. VGL = -16V
VCL	O	1	Stabilizing capacitor	A power supply for the VCOML level. Connect to a stabilizing capacitor 1uF between VSSD and VCL. VCL=-2V ~ -3.3V
TE	O	1	MPU or open	A frame start pulse output (amplitude: VDDI-VSSD). Use when writing data to RAM in synchronization with FLM. When FLM is not used, disconnect it
VTESTOUT	O	1	Open	A test pin. Disconnect it.
VDDD	O	4	Stabilizing capacitor	A stabilizing capacitor for logic power. Connect with the capacitor 1uF.
VREF	0	1	Open	Reference voltage for power circuit Please open this pads.
VGH	O	1	Stabilizing capacitor	An output from the step-up circuit2.or 4-6 time the VDD level. The step-up rate is determined with BT3-0 bits. Connect to a stabilizing capacitor 1uF between VGH and VSSD. Place a Schottky barrier diode between VDD and VGH. (See "configuration of the power supply"). Max. VGH=16V.

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Input/Output Part				
Signals	I/O	Pin Number	Connected with	Description
C11A,C11B	I/O	2	Step-up Capacitor	Connect to the step-up capacitors according to the step-up factor. Leave this pin open if the internal step-up circuit is not used.
C12A, C12B C23A, C23B	I/O	2	Open	Dummy pads. Please open this pin.
C21A, C21B C22A, C22B	I/O	8	Step-up Capacitor	Connect these pins to the capacitors for the step-up circuit 2. According to the step-up rate. When not using the step-up circuit2, disconnect them.
DB0_SDA	I/O	1	MPU	When it Operates in system interface mode, This pin (DB0) is used on bi-directional data bus. For serial interface, this pin (SDA) is for serial data pin when operate on serial data transfer interface mode of Command-parameter Interface mode. Data would be latched on the rising edge of the SCL signal. Let it open if this pin is not used.
DB0~17	I/O	18	MPU	When Operates in system interface mode, it is used liked an 18-bit bi-directional data bus. 8-bit bus: use DB7-DB0 9-bit bus: use DB8-DB0 16-bit bus: use DB15-DB0 18-bit bus: use DB17-DB0 Let unused data pins open.
DUMMY	-	16	Open	Dummy pads. Disconnect them.
DUMMYR1~R2	-	2	-	Dummy pads. Available for measuring the COG contact resistance. DUMMYR1 and DUMMYR2 are short-circuited within the chip.

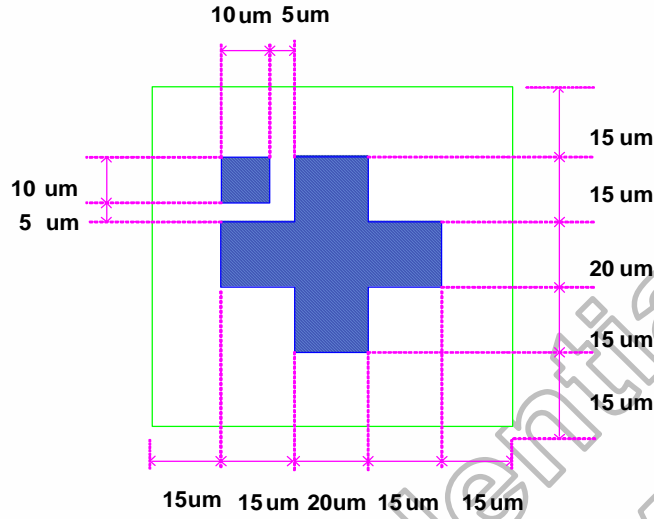
Power Part				
Signals	I/O	Pin Number	Connected with	Description
VDDI	P	1	Power supply	Power supply for interface pin. VDDI = 1.65 ~3.3 V.
VSSD	P	1	Power supply	Ground for the logic side. VSSD = 0V
VSSA	P	1	Power supply	Analog ground. VSSA = 0V. When using the COG method, connect to VSSD on the FPC to prevent noise.
VDD	P	1	Power supply	A power supply for the analog circuit. VDD = 2.3 ~ 3.3V

4.3 PAD Coordinate

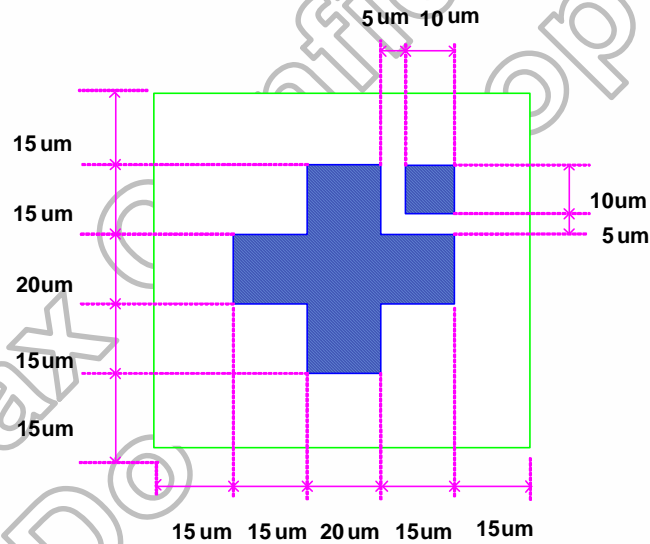
Table with 4 columns: No., PAD NAME, X, Y, Bump Size, I/O Pad. It lists 210 pins with their respective coordinates and functions.

4.4 Alignment mark

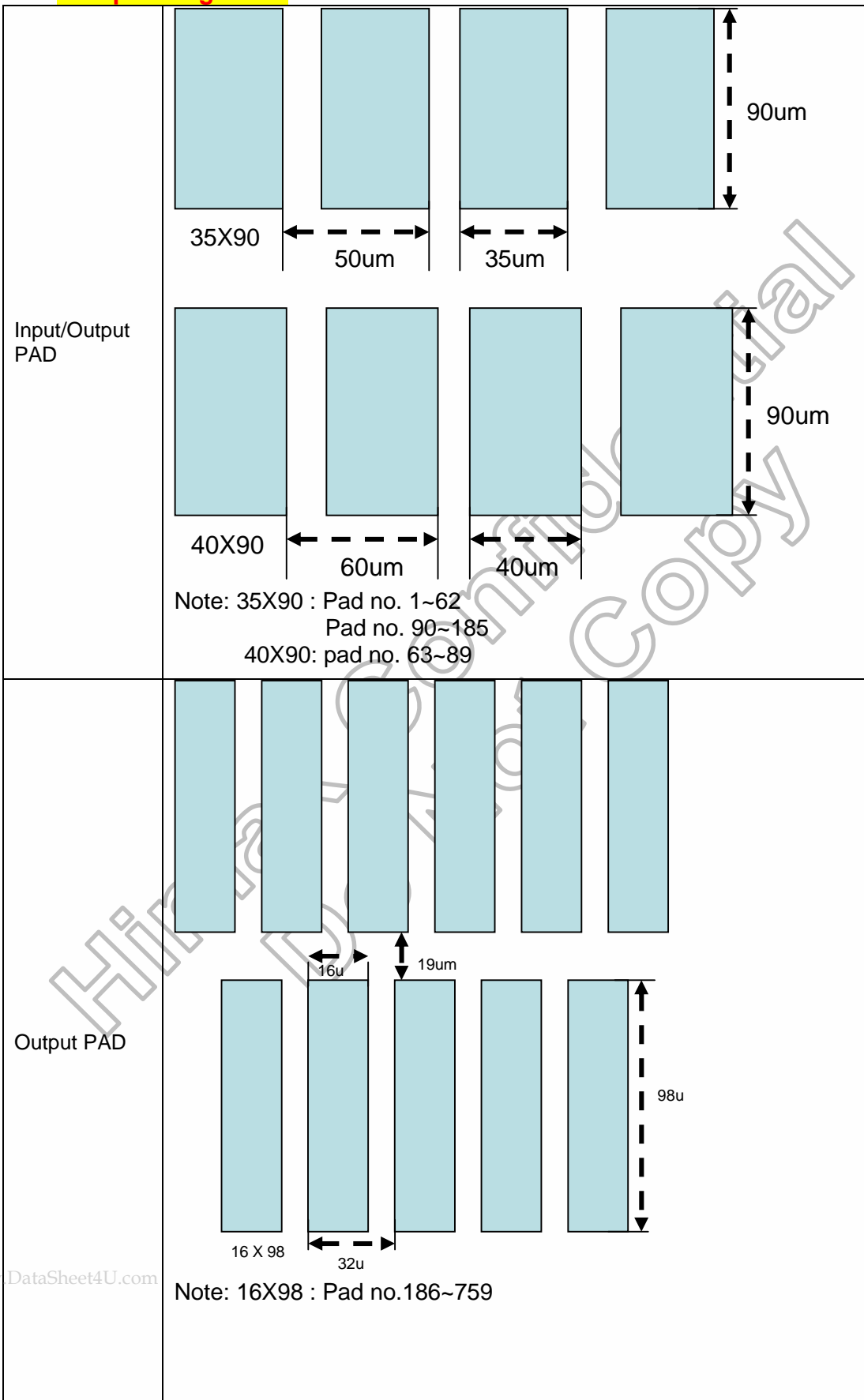
A_MARK (A1)



A_MARK (A2)



4.5 Bump arrangement



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5. Function Description

5.1 System Interface

The HX8353-C supports parallel 80-system and 68-system 18-/16-/9-/8-bits bus interface mode and 3W/4W serial interface mode. When NCS = “L”, the parallel and serial bus system interface of the HX8353-C become active and data transfer through the interface circuit is available. The DNC_ SCL pin specifies whether the system interface circuit access is to the register command or to the GRAM. The input bus width format of system interface circuit is selected by external pins BS(2-0). For selecting the format of input bus, please refer to Table 5.1 and Table 5.2.

HX8353-C includes command code and the following parameter and GRAM data. The command code can be written through data bus by setting DNC_ SCL=0. Then the command or GRAM data can be written to register at which that index pointer pointed by setting DNC_ SCL=1.

Furthermore, there are two 18-bit bus control registers used to temporarily store the data written to or read from the GRAM. When the data is written into the GRAM from the MPU, it is first written into the write-data latch and then automatically written into the GRAM by internal operation. Data is read through the read-data latch when reading from the GRAM. Therefore, the first read data operation is invalid and the following read data operations are valid.

SPI_SEL	P68	BS2	BS1	BS0	Interface
x	0	1	0	0	80-system 8-bit Parallel
x	0	1	0	1	80-system 16-bit Parallel
x	0	1	1	0	80-system 9-bit Parallel
x	0	1	1	1	80-system 18-bit Parallel
x	1	1	0	0	68-system 8-bit Parallel
x	1	1	0	1	68-system 16-bit Parallel
x	1	1	1	0	68-system 9-bit Parallel
x	1	1	1	1	68-system 18-bit Parallel
0	x	0	x	x	3 wire serial Interface only
1	x	0	x	x	4 wire serial Interface only

Table 5. 1 Interface selection

Interface	E_NRD	RW_NWR	DNC_SCL	SDA	DB17 – DB0
80-system 8-bit Parallel	NRD	NWR	DNC	Unused	DB17-DB8: Unused, DB7-DB0: 8 bit data bus
80-system 9-bit Parallel	NRD	NWR	DNC	Unused	DB17-DB9: Unused, DB8-DB0: 9 bit data bus
80-system 16-bit Parallel	NRD	NWR	DNC	Unused	DB17-DB16: Unused, DB15-DB0: 16 bit data bus
80-system 18-bit Parallel	NRD	NWR	DNC	Unused	DB17-DB0: 18 bit data bus
3 wire serial Interface	Unused	--	SCL	SDA	Unused
68-system 8-bit Parallel	E	RW	DNC	Unused	DB17-DB8: Unused, DB7-DB0: 8 bit data bus
68-system 9-bit Parallel	E	RW	DNC	Unused	DB17-DB9: Unused, DB8-DB0: 9 bit data bus
68-system 16-bit Parallel	E	RW	DNC	Unused	DB17-DB16: Unused, DB15-DB0: 16 bit data bus
68-system 18-bit Parallel	E	RW	DNC	Unused	DB17-DB0: 18 bit data bus
4 wire serial Interface	Unused	DNC	SCL	SDA	Unused

Table 5. 2 Interface Mode Selection

5.1.1 Parallel Bus System Interface

The input / output data from data pins (DB17-0) and signal operation of the I80/M68 series parallel bus interface as listed in Table 5.3 and Table 5.4.

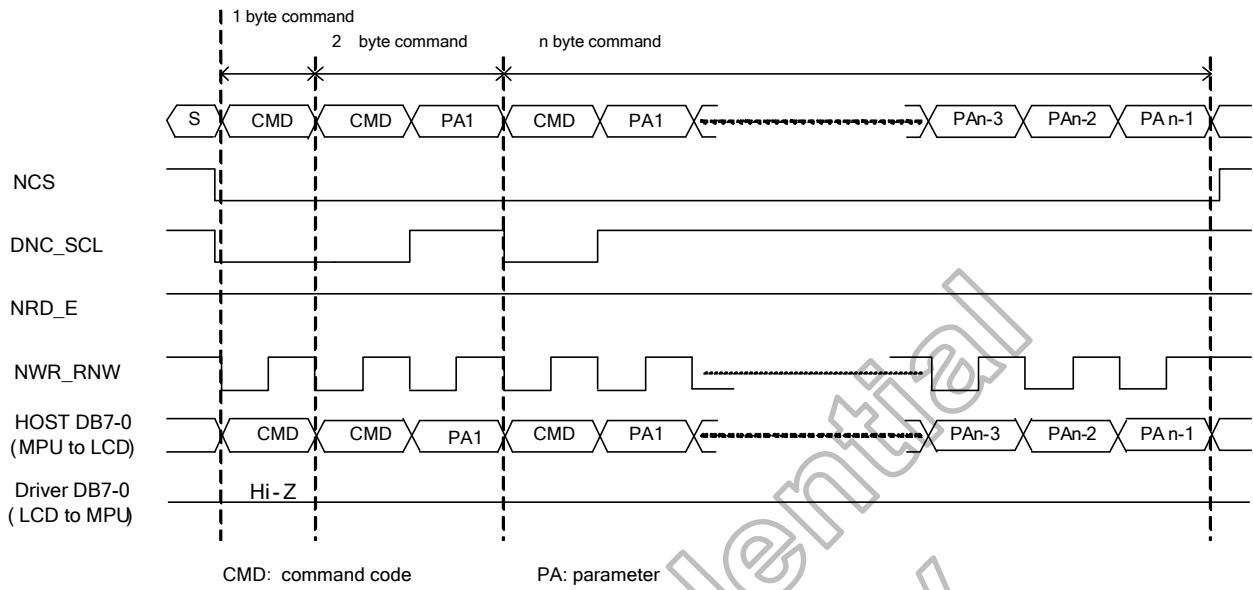
Operations	NWR_RNW	NRD_E	DNC_SCL
Writes command code	0	1	0
Reads internal status	1	0	0
Writes parameter into command or data into GRAM	0	1	1
Reads parameter from command or data from GRAM	1	0	1

Table 5. 3 Data Pin Function for I80 Series CPU

Operations	NWR_RNW	NRD_E	DNC_SCL
Writes command code	1	0	0
Reads internal status	1	1	0
Writes parameter into command or data into GRAM	1	0	1
Reads parameter from command or data from GRAM	1	1	1

Table 5. 4 Data Pin Function for M68 Series CPU

Write to register



Read from register

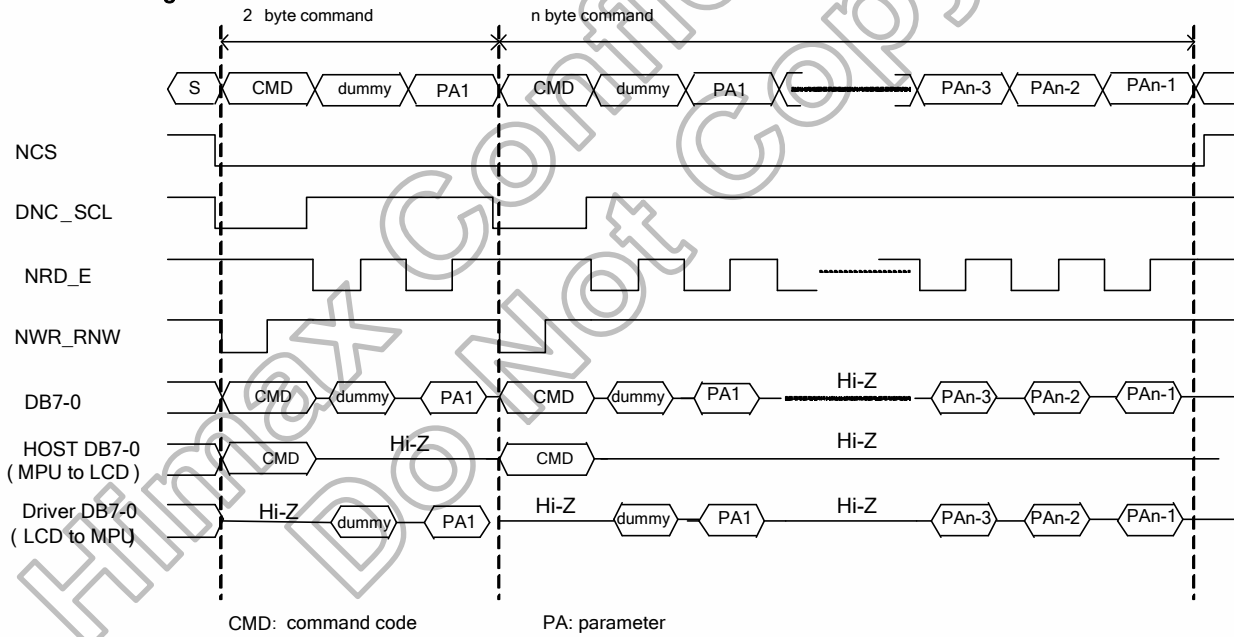
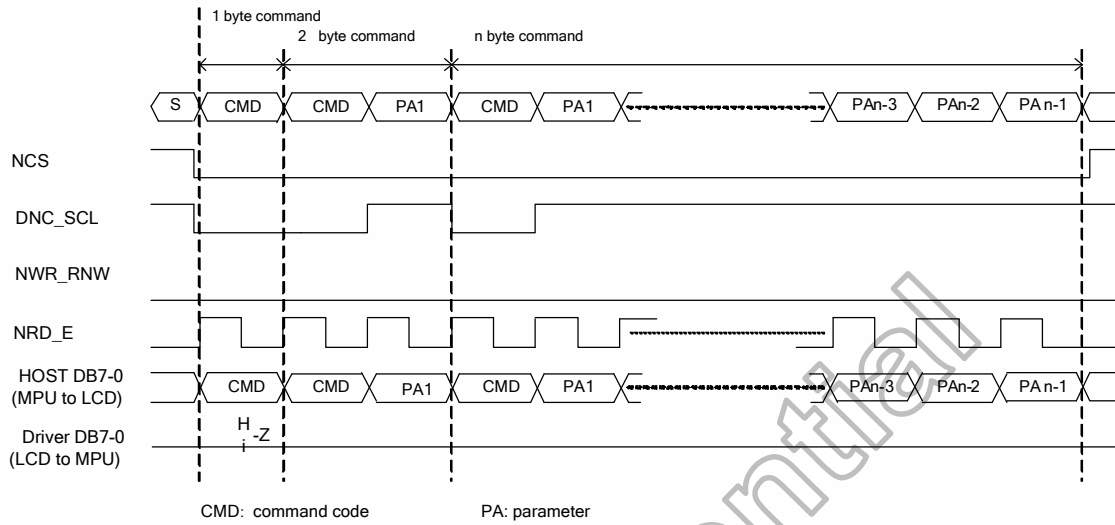


Figure 5. 1 Register Read/Write Timing in Parallel Bus System Interface (for I80 series MPU)

Write to register



Read from register

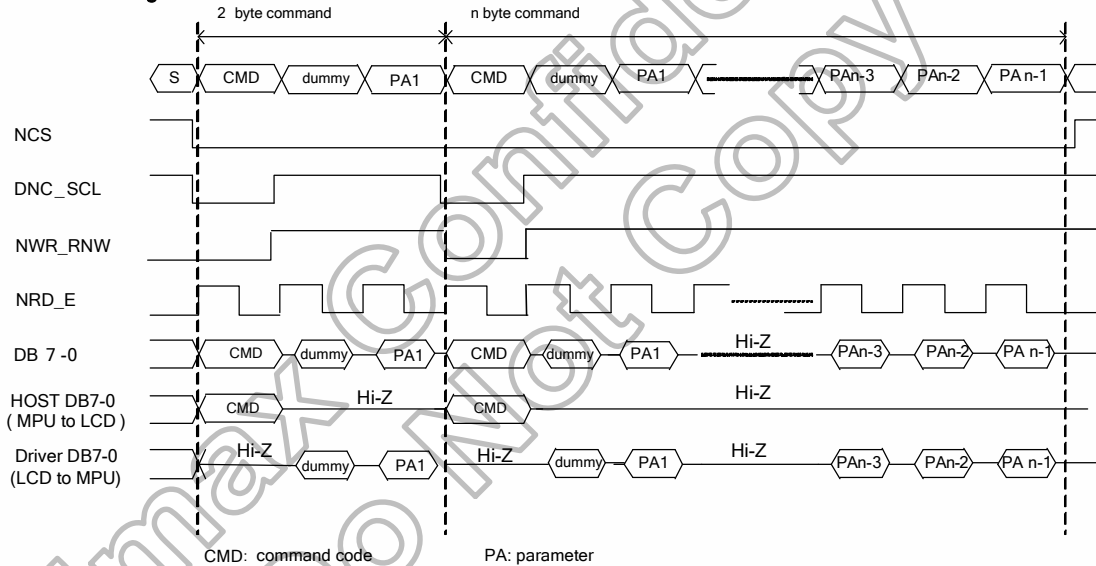
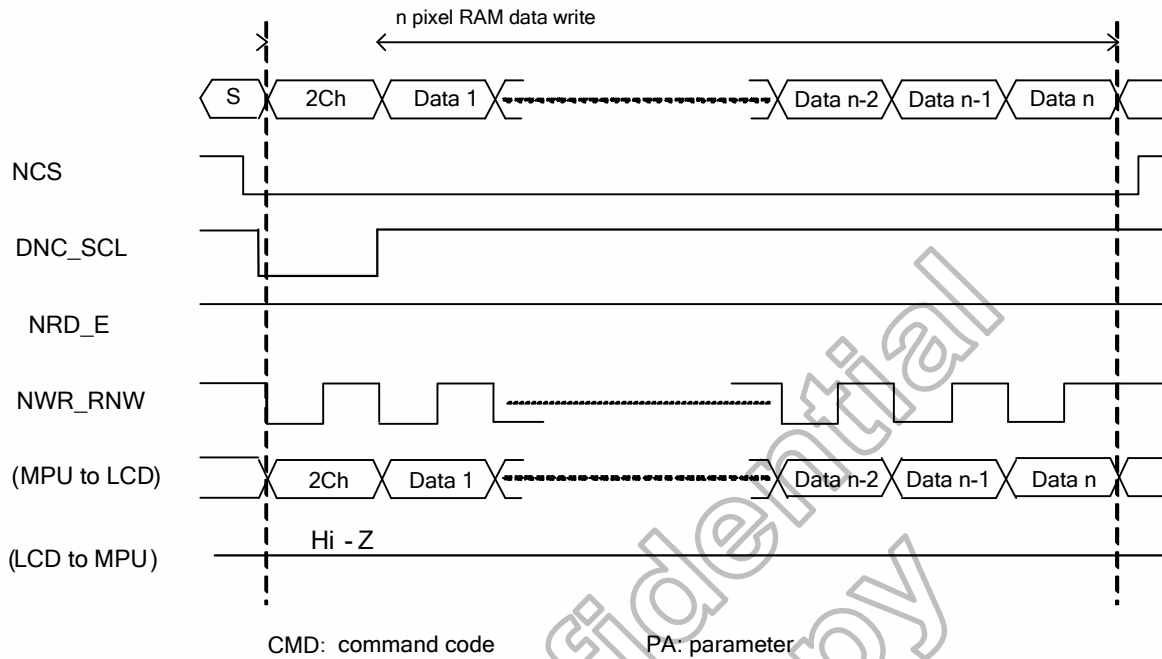


Figure 5. 2 Register Read/Write Timing in Parallel Bus System Interface (for M68 series MPU)

Write to GRAM



Read from GRAM

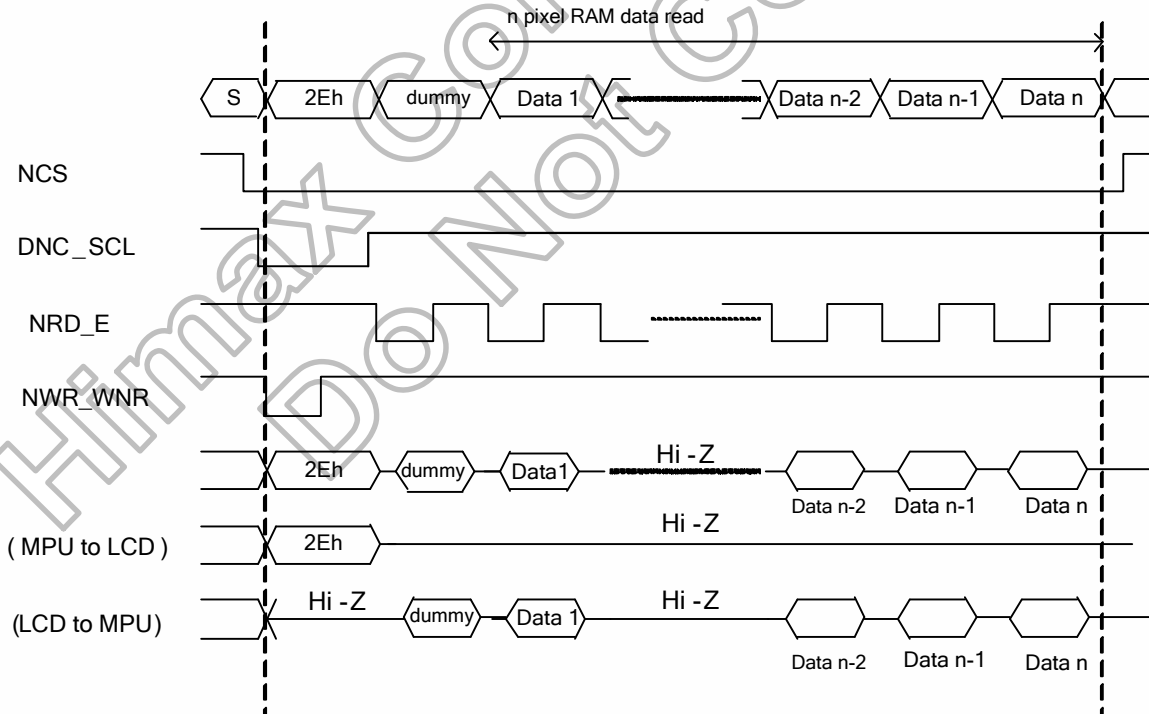
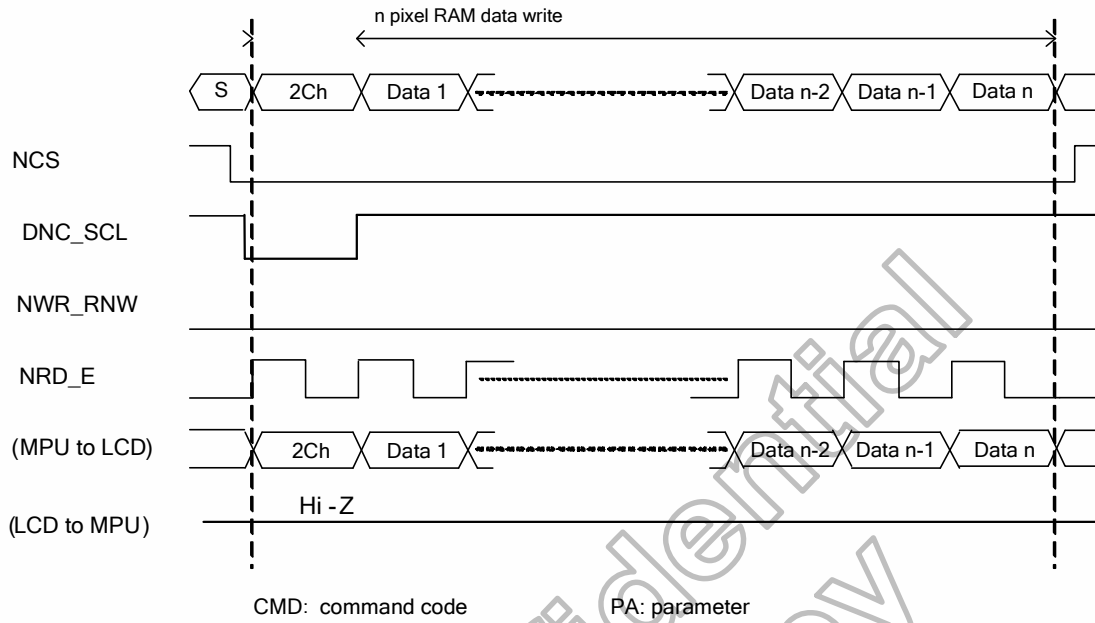


Figure 5. 3 GRAM Read/Write Timing in Parallel Bus System Interface (for I80 series MPU)

Write to GRAM



Read from GRAM

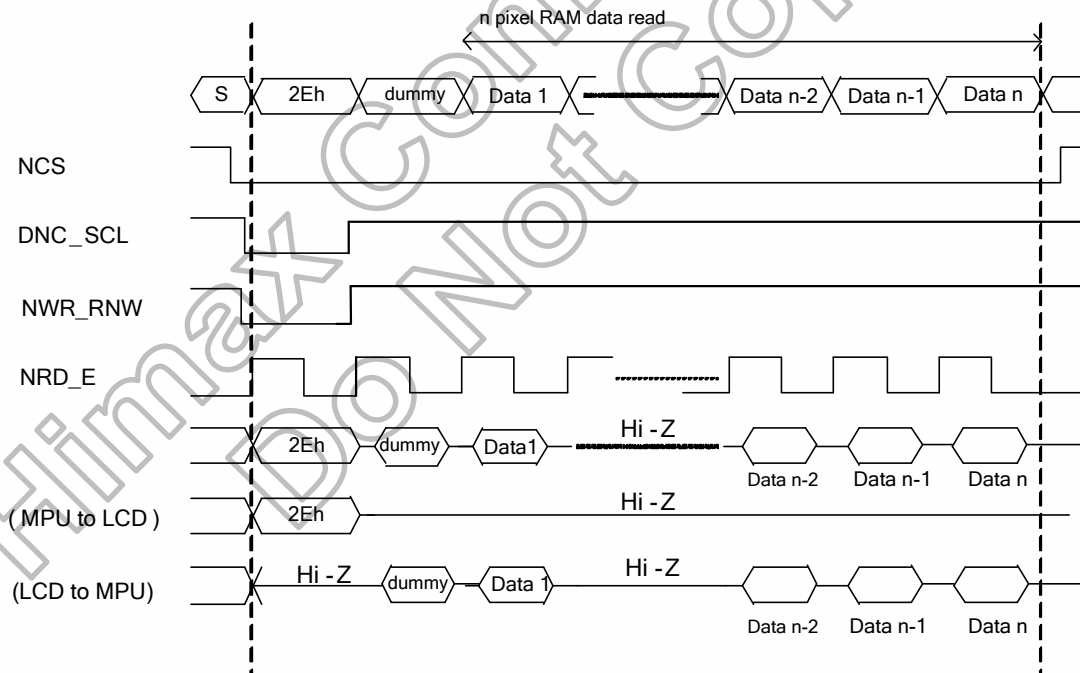


Figure 5. 4 GRAM Read/Write Timing in Parallel Bus System Interface (for M68 series MPU)

8-bit bus Interface

The I80-system 8-bit parallel bus interface can be used by setting external pins “P68, BS2, BS1, BS0” pins to “0100”. And the M68-system 8-bit parallel bus interface can be used by setting “P68, BS2, BS1, and BS0” pins to “1100”. Figure 5.5 is the example of interface with I80/M68 microcomputer system interface and Figure 5.6 ~Figure 5.9 is bit format per pixel color order.

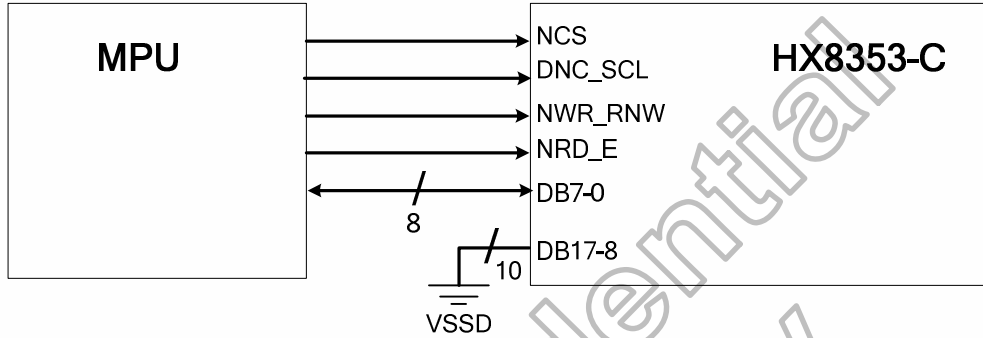


Figure 5. 5 Example of 80- / 68- System 8-bit bus Interface

The data format of write display data at 8-bit bus Interface. See Figure 5.6 ~Figure 5.9.

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262k Color Data	DNC/RS	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code								-
1st write	1	R15	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	x	x	-
2nd write	1	G15	G14	G13	G12	G11	G10	x	x	-
3rd write	1	B15	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	x	x	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
4th write	1	R25	R24	R23	R22	R21	R20	x	x	-
5th write	1	G25	G24	G23	G22	G21	G20	x	x	-
6th write	1	B25	B24	B23	B22	B21	B20	x	x	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

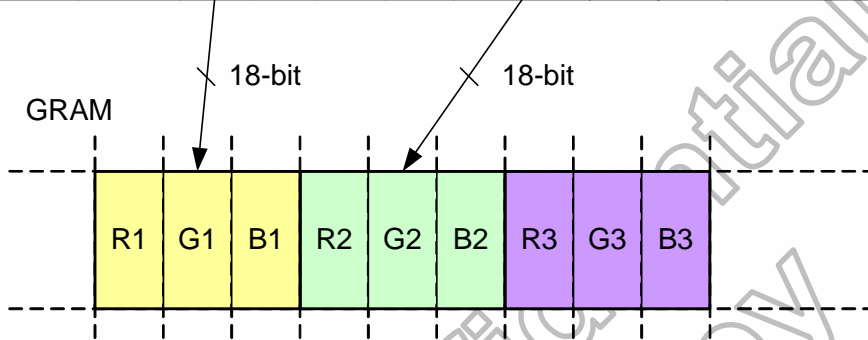
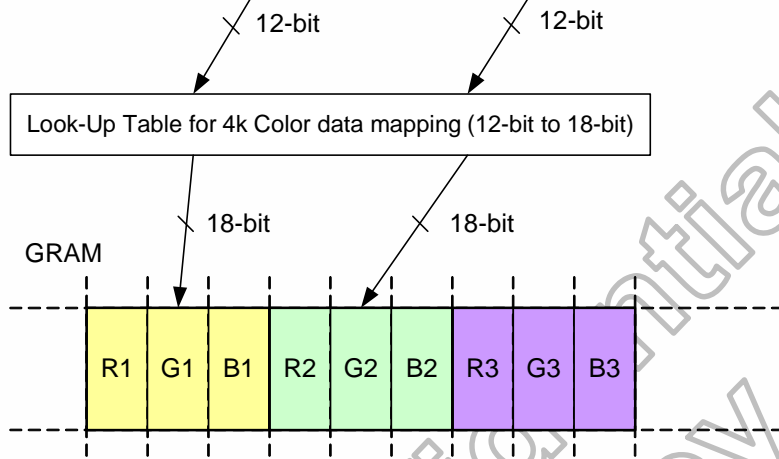


Figure 5. 6 Write data for RGB 6-6-6-bits input (support DMIF-S43AP-J124 and LUT_EN=1)

4k Color Data	DNC/RS	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code								-
1st write	1	R13	R12	R11	R10	G13	G12	G11	G10	-
2nd write	1	B13	B12	B11	B10	R23	R22	R21	R20	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
3rd write	1	G23	G22	G21	G20	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)



4k Color Data	DNC/RS	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code								-
1st write	1	R13	R12	R11	R10	G13	G12	G11	G10	-
2nd write	1	B13	B12	B11	B10	R23	R22	R21	R20	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
MEMWR	0	The other command								-
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code								-
1st write	1	R23	R22	R21	R20	G23	G22	G21	G20	-
2nd write	1	B23	B22	B21	B20	R33	R32	R31	R30	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)
3rd write	1	G33	G32	G31	G30	B33	B32	B31	B30	3rd pixel (R3/G3/B3)

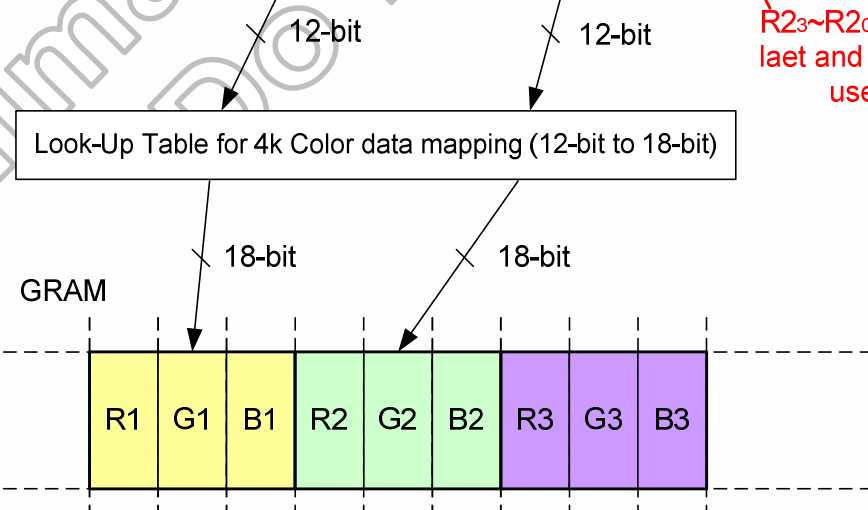


Figure 5. 7 Write data for RGB 4-4-4-bits input (support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

65k Color Data	DNC/RS	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code								-
1st write	1	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	G15	G14	G13	-
2nd write	1	G12	G11	G10	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
3rd write	1	R24	R23	R22	R21	R20	G25	G24	G23	-
4th write	1	G22	G21	G20	B24	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

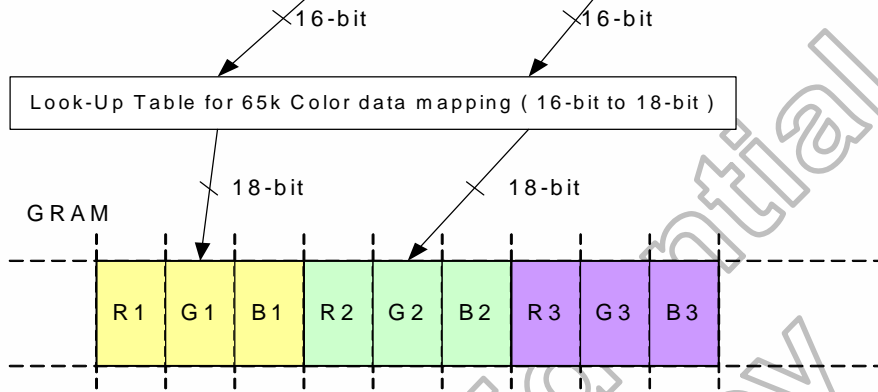


Figure 5. 8 Write data for RGB 5-6-5-bits input (support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

16-bit Parallel Bus System Interface

The I80-system 16-bit parallel bus interface in command-parameter interface mode can be used by setting external pins “P68, BS2, BS1, BS0” pins to “0101”. And the M68-system 16-bit parallel bus interface in MPU interface mode can be used by setting “P68, BS2, BS1” pins to “1101”. The Figure 5.9 is the example of interface with I80/M68 microcomputer system interface. There are three types of data format to write display data at 18-bit bus Interface. See Figure 5.10 Figure 5.12.

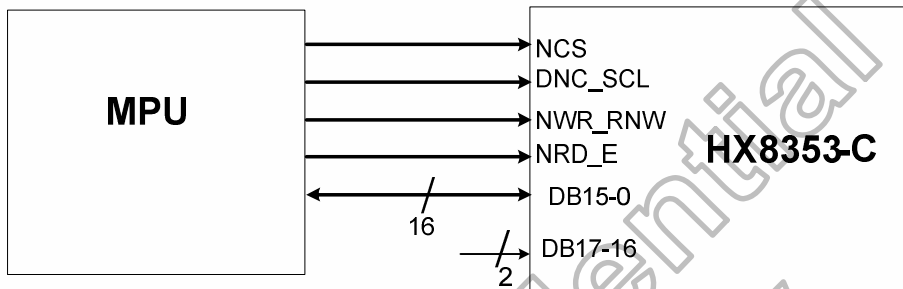


Figure 5. 9 Example of I80- / M68- System 16-bit Parallel Bus Interface

	DNC_SCL	DB15	DB14	DB13	DB12	DB11	DB10	DB9	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	GRAM Write command code (2Ch)								-
1 st write	1	R15	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	x	x	G15	G14	G13	G12	G11	G10	x	x	-
2 nd write	1	B15	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	x	x	R25	R24	R23	R22	R21	R20	x	x	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
3 rd write	1	G25	G24	G23	G22	G21	G20	x	x	B25	B24	B23	B22	B21	B20	x	x	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

X : Don't care

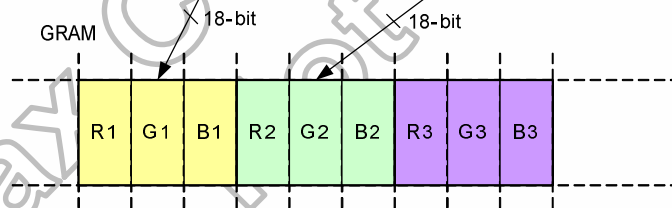


Figure 5. 10 GRAM Write Data for RGB 6-6-6-(262k colours) bits input (LUT_EN=1)

4k Color Data	DNC/R S	DB15	DB14	DB13	DB12	DB11	DB10	DB9	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code																-
1st write	1	x	x	x	x	R13	R12	R11	R10	G13	G12	G11	G10	B13	B12	B11	B10	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
2nd write	1	x	x	x	x	R23	R22	R21	R20	G23	G22	G21	G20	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

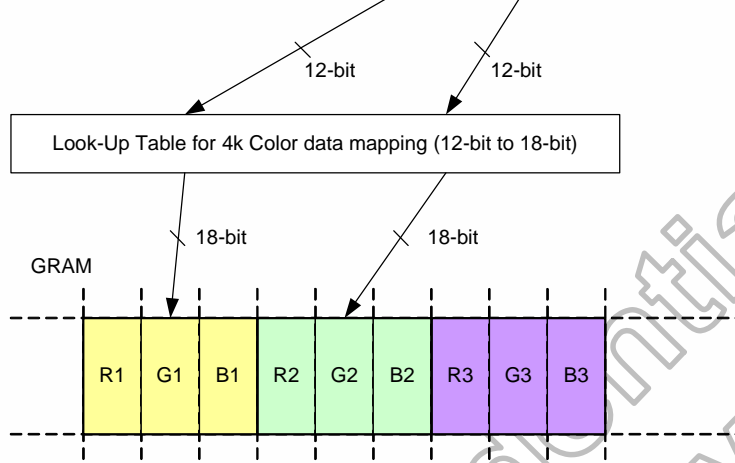


Figure 5. 11 Write data for RGB 4-4-4 (4k colours) bits input on 16-bit parallel Interface (when support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

65k Color Data	DNC/R S	DB15	DB14	DB13	DB12	DB11	DB10	DB9	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	GRAM Write command code								-
1st write	1	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	G15	G14	G13	G12	G11	G10	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
2nd write	1	R24	R23	R22	R21	R20	G25	G24	G23	G22	G21	G20	B24	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

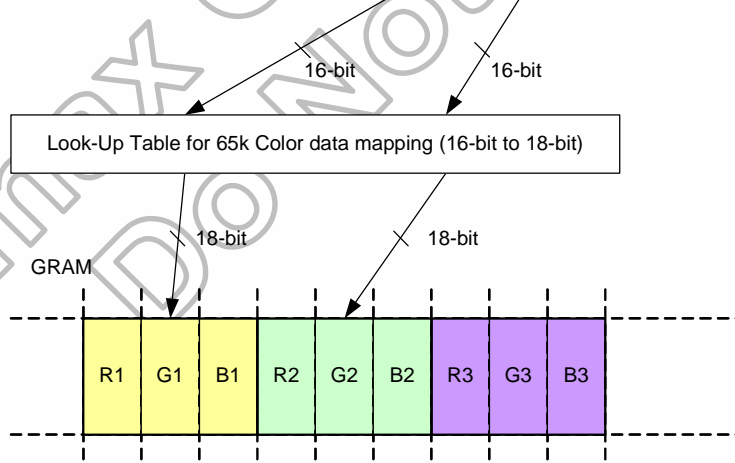


Figure 5. 12 Write data for RGB 5-6-5 (65k colours) bits input on 16-bit parallel Interface (when support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

18-bit Parallel Bus System Interface

The I80-system 18-bit parallel bus interface in MPU interface mode can be used by setting external pins “P68, BS2, BS1, BS0” pins to “0111”. And the M68-system 18-bit parallel bus interface in MPU interface mode can be used by setting “P68, BS2, BS1, BS0” pins to “1111”. The Figure5.13 is the example of interface with I80/M68 microcomputer system interface.

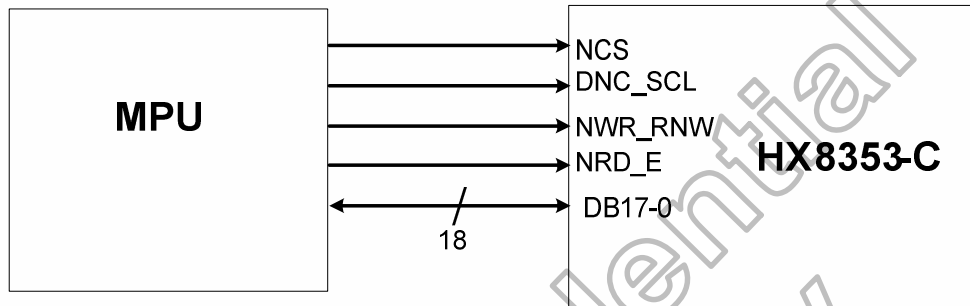


Figure 5. 13 Example of I80- / M68- System 18-bit Parallel Bus Interface

There are three types of data format to write display data at 18-bit bus Interface. See Figure 5.14 ~ Figure 5. 16.

4k Color Data	DNC/RS	DB17	DB16	DB15	DB14	DB13	DB12	DB11	DB10	DB9	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write	
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code																		-	
1st write	1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	R13	R12	R11	R10	G13	G12	G11	G10	B13	B12	B11	B10	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
2nd write	1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	R23	R22	R21	R20	G23	G22	G21	G20	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

Look-Up Table for 4k Color data mapping (12-bit to 18-bit)

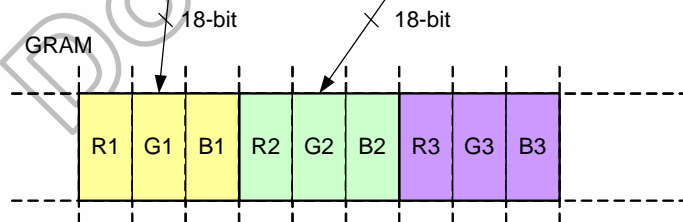


Figure 5. 14 Write data for RGB 4-4-4 (4k colours) bits input in 18-bit parallel Interface (when support Look-up table and LUTENB=0)

65k Color Data	DNC/RS	DB17	DB16	DB15	DB14	DB13	DB12	DB11	DB10	DB9	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code																		-
1st write	1	x	x	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	G15	G14	G13	G12	G11	G10	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
2nd write	1	x	x	R24	R23	R22	R21	R20	G25	G24	G23	G22	G21	G20	B24	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

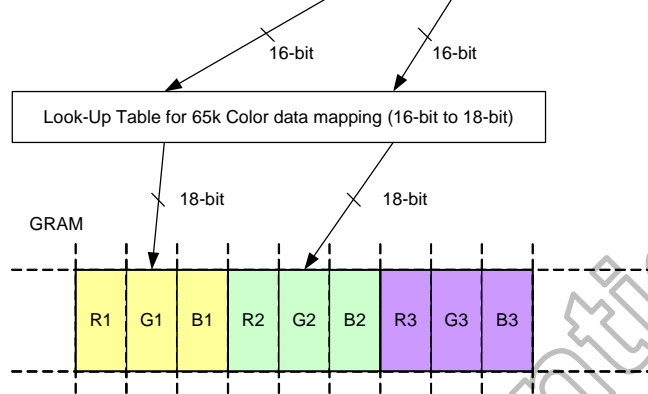


Figure 5. 15 Write data for RGB 5-6-5 (65k colours) bits input in 18-bit parallel Interface (when support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

262k Color Data	DNC/RS	DB17	DB16	DB15	DB14	DB13	DB12	DB11	DB10	DB9	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code																		-
1st write	1	R15	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	G15	G14	G13	G12	G11	G10	B15	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
2nd write	1	R25	R24	R23	R22	R21	R20	G25	G24	G23	G22	G21	G20	B25	B24	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

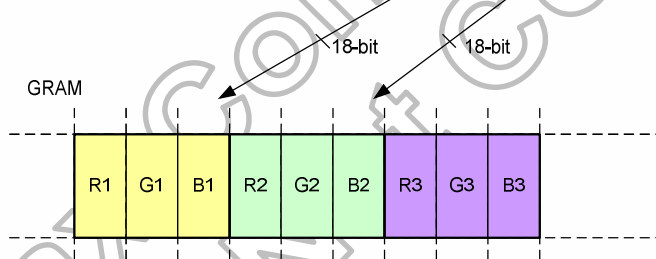


Figure 5. 16 Write data for RGB 6-6-6(262k colours) bits input in 18-bit parallel Interface (LUT_EN=1)

9-bit Bus Interface

The I80-system 9-bit parallel bus interface in MPU interface mode can be used by setting external pins “P68, BS2, BS1, BS0” pins to “0110”. And the M68-system 9-bit parallel bus interface in MPU interface mode can be used by setting “P68, BS2, BS1, BS0” pins to “1110”. The Figure5.13 is the example of interface with I80/M68 microcomputer system interface.

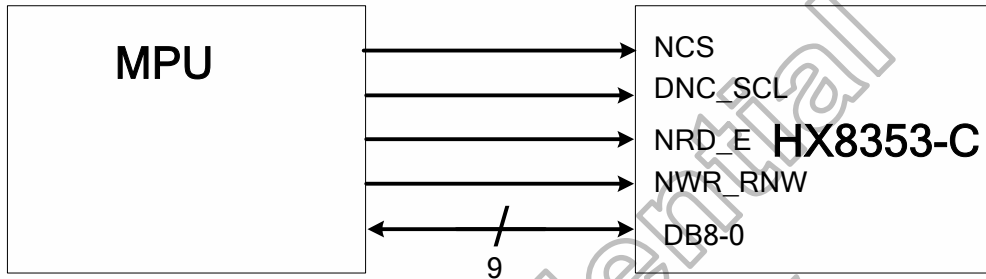


Figure 5. 17 Example of 80- / 68- System 9-bit bus Interface

There are five types data format to write display data at 9-bit bus Interface. See Figure 5. 18 ~ Figure 5. 22

4k Color Data	DNC	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code									-
1st write	1	x	R13	R12	R11	R10	G13	G12	G11	G10	-
2nd write	1	x	B13	B12	B11	B10	R23	R22	R21	R20	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
3rd write	1	x	G23	G22	G21	G20	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

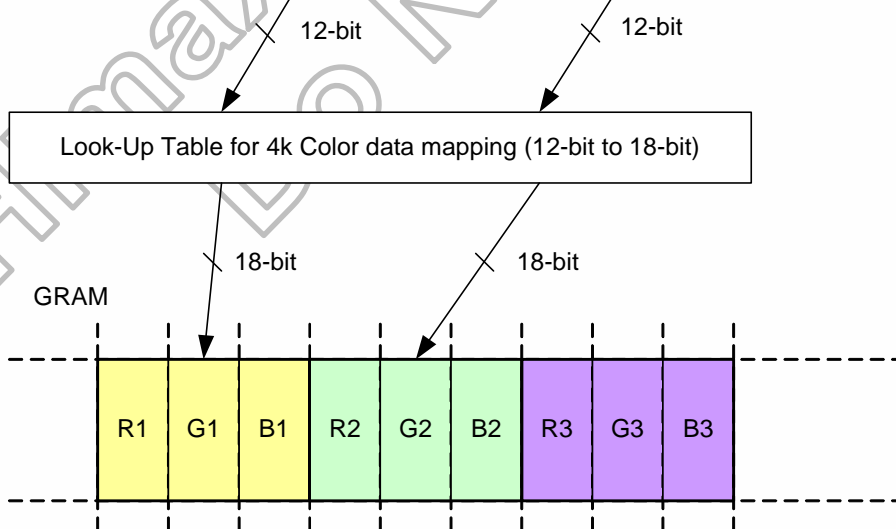


Figure 5. 18 Write data for RGB 4-4-4 (4k colours) bits input in 9-bit parallel Interface (when support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

65k Color Data	DNC	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code									-
1st write	1	x	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	G15	G14	G13	-
2nd write	1	x	G12	G11	G10	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
3rd write	1	x	R24	R23	R22	R21	R20	G25	G24	G23	-
4th write	1	x	G22	G21	G20	B24	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

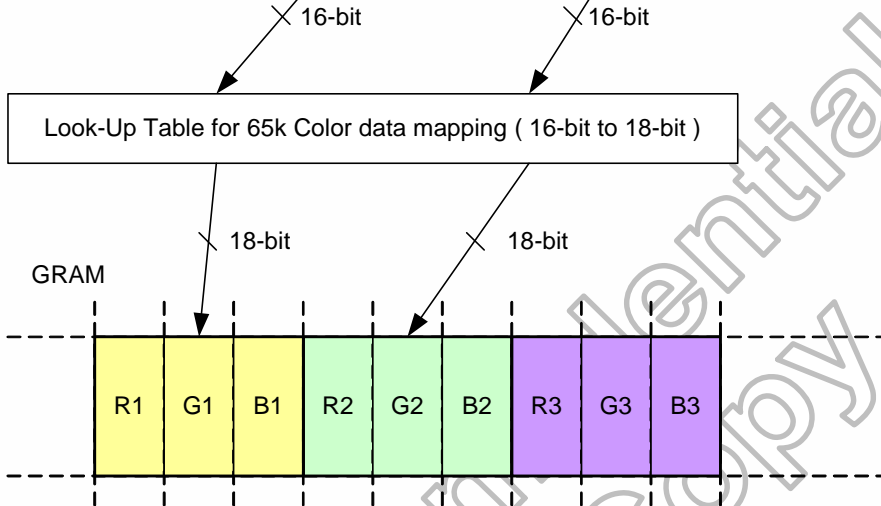


Figure 5. 19 Write data for RGB 5-6-5(65k colours) bits input in 9-bit parallel Interface (when support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

262k Color Data	DNC	DB8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	GRAM Write
MEMWR	0	GRAM Write command code									-
1st write	1	R15	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	G15	G14	G13	-
2nd write	1	G12	G11	G10	B15	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	1st pixel (R1/G1/B1)
3rd write	1	R25	R24	R23	R22	R21	R20	G25	G24	G23	-
4th write	1	G22	G21	G20	B25	B24	B23	B22	B21	B20	2nd pixel (R2/G2/B2)

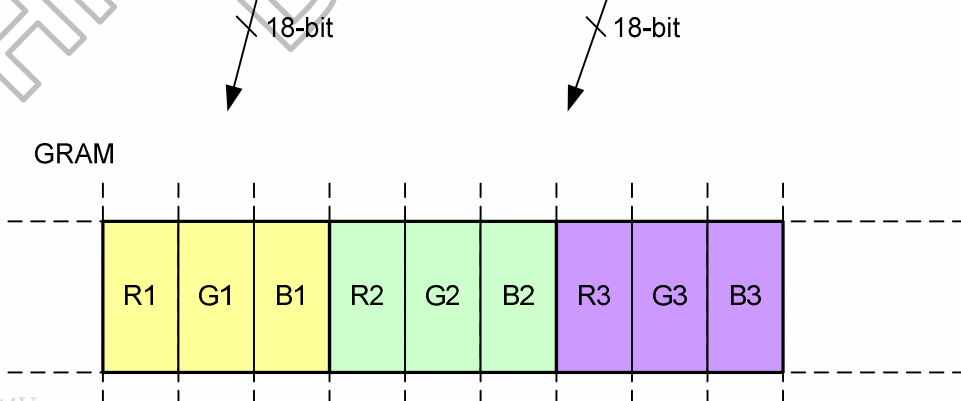


Figure 5. 20 Write data for RGB 6-6-6-bits (262kcolours) input in 9-bit parallel Interface (LUT_EN=1)

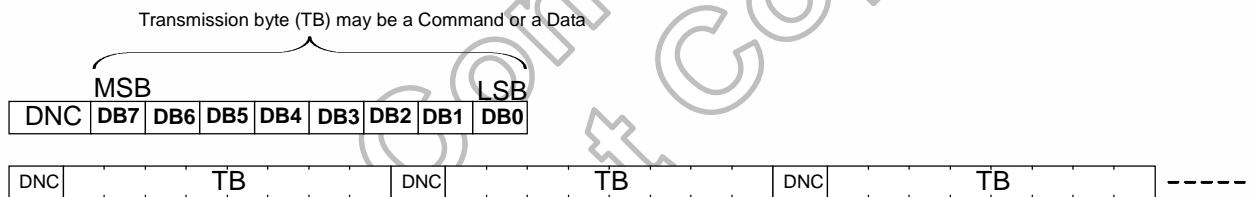
5.1.2 Serial Interface

The HX8353-C supports serial data transfer interface. The interface selection by setting BS2=0 for serial interface mode. The 3 wires serial bus and 4 wires serial bus is select by SPI_SEL pin. When SPI_SEL pin is low (VSSD), it is selected by 3 wires serial bus and use: chip select line (NCS), serial input/output data (SDA), and the serial transfer clock line (DNC _SCL). When SPI_SEL pin is high (VDDI), it is selected by 4 wires serial bus and use: chip select line (NCS), serial input/output data (SDA), and the serial transfer clock line (DNC _SCL) and NWR_RNW.

Serial data write mode

The 3-Pin serial data packet contains a control bit DNC and a transmission byte and in 4-pin serial case, data packet contains just transmission byte and control bit DNC is transferred by NWR_RNW pin. If NWR_RNW is low, the transmission byte is command byte. If NWR_RNW is high, the transmission byte is stored to command register or GRAM. The MSB is transmitted first. The serial interface is initialized when NCS is high. In this state, DNC_SCL clock pulse or SDA data have no effect. A falling edge on NCS enables the serial interface and indicates the start of data transmission.

3 wire Serial Data Stream Format



4 wire Serial Data Stream Format

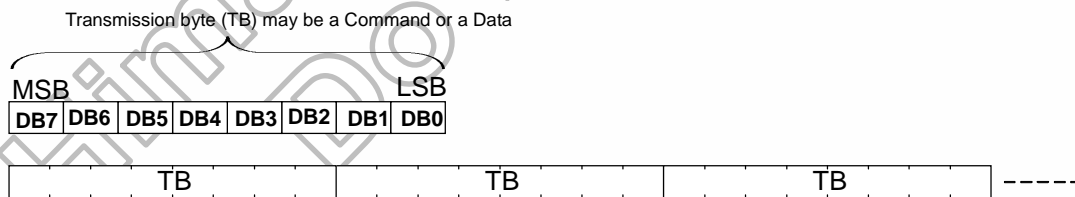
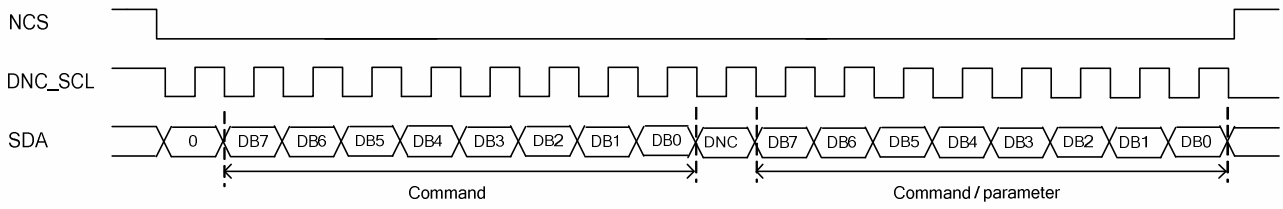


Figure 5. 21 Serial Interface protocol data stream format

3 wire Serial Interface Protocol



4 wire Serial Interface Protocol

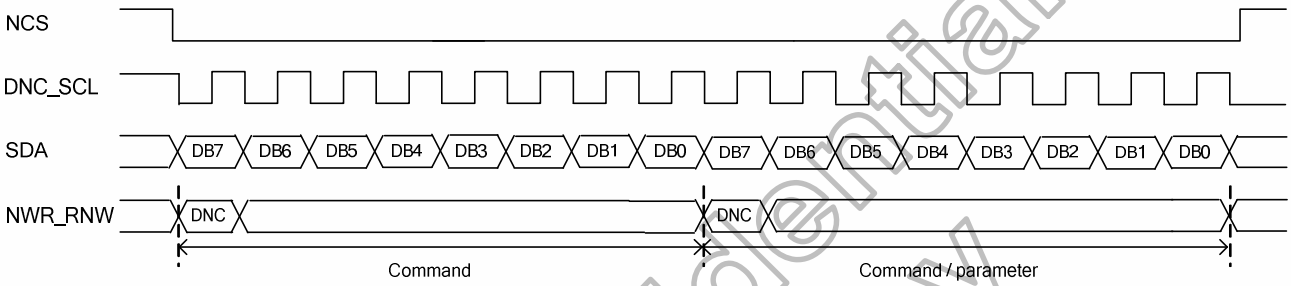


Figure 5. 22 Serial Interface protocol 3 wire/4 wire, write mode

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Serial data read mode

The micro controller first has to send a command and then the following byte is transmitted in the opposite direction. The read mode has three type command data transmitted (8- / 24- / 32-bit) is according command code.

3 Wires Serial Interface Protocol

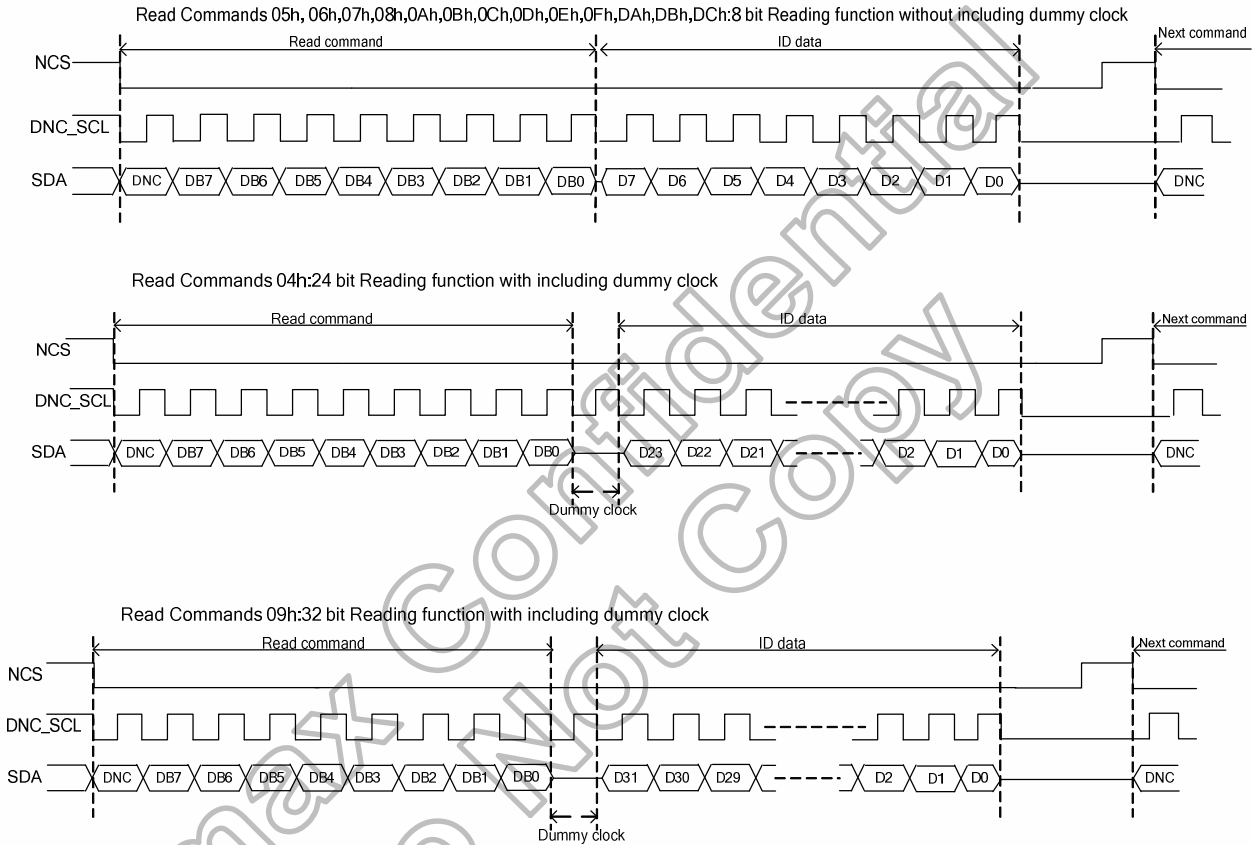


Figure 5. 23 3 Wires Serial Interface protocol, read mode

4 Wires Serial Interface Protocol

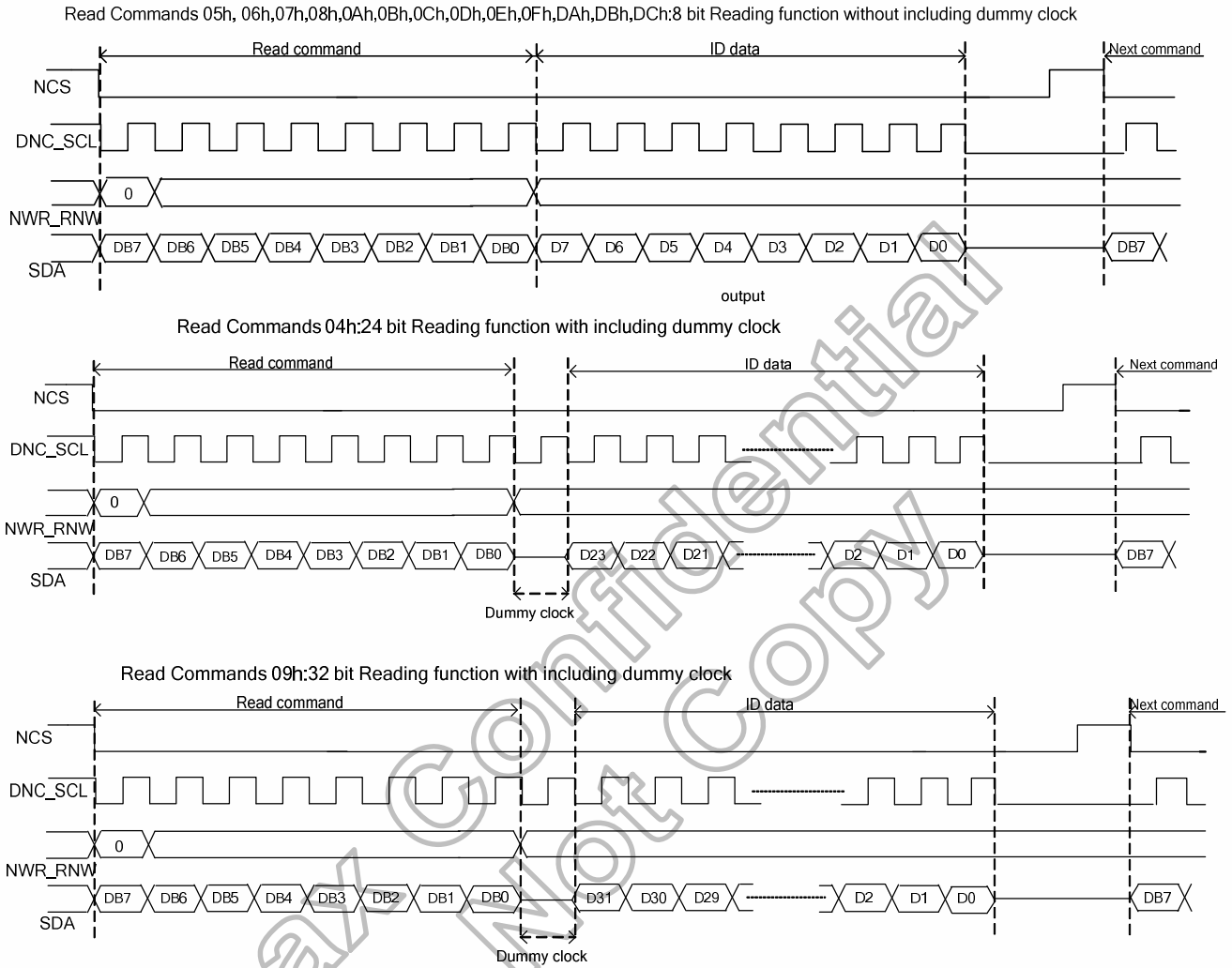


Figure 5. 24 4 wire Serial Interface protocol, read mode

There are four types of data format to write display data at Serial data bus Interface and it is the same as 8-bit bus Interface.

The data format that write display data to SRAM at Serial data bus Interface is shown as Figure5. 25 ~ Figure5. 30.

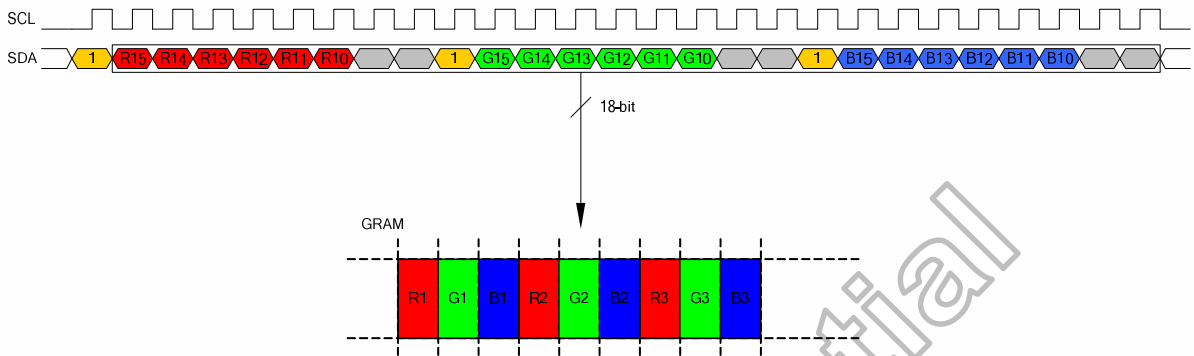


Figure 5. 25 3W Serial write data for RGB (6-6-6) bits input (LUT_EN=1)

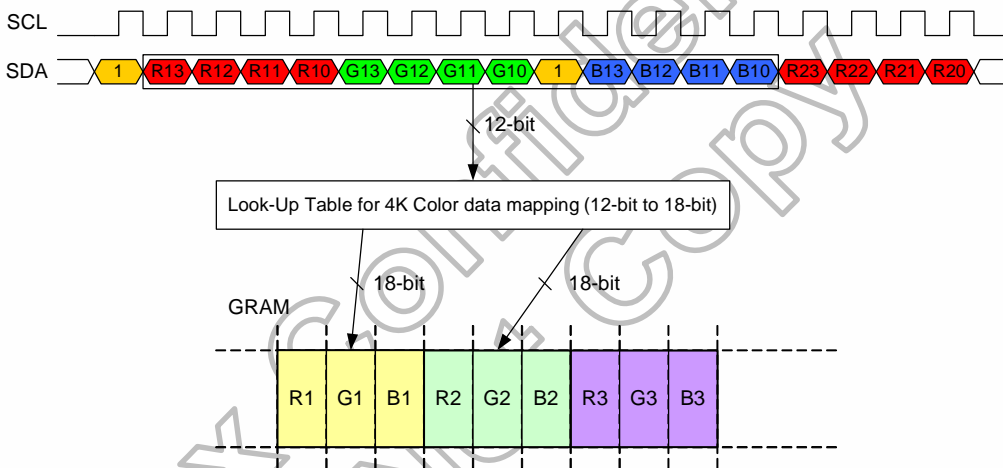


Figure 5. 26 3W Serial write data for RGB 4-4-4-bits input (support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

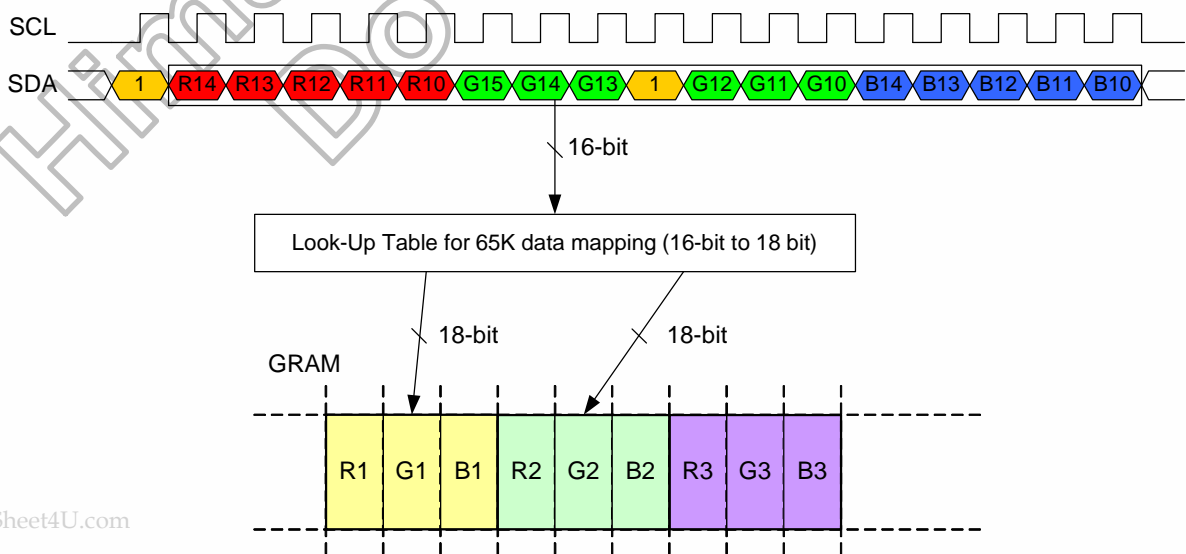


Figure 5. 27 3W Serial write data for RGB 5-6-5-bits input (support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

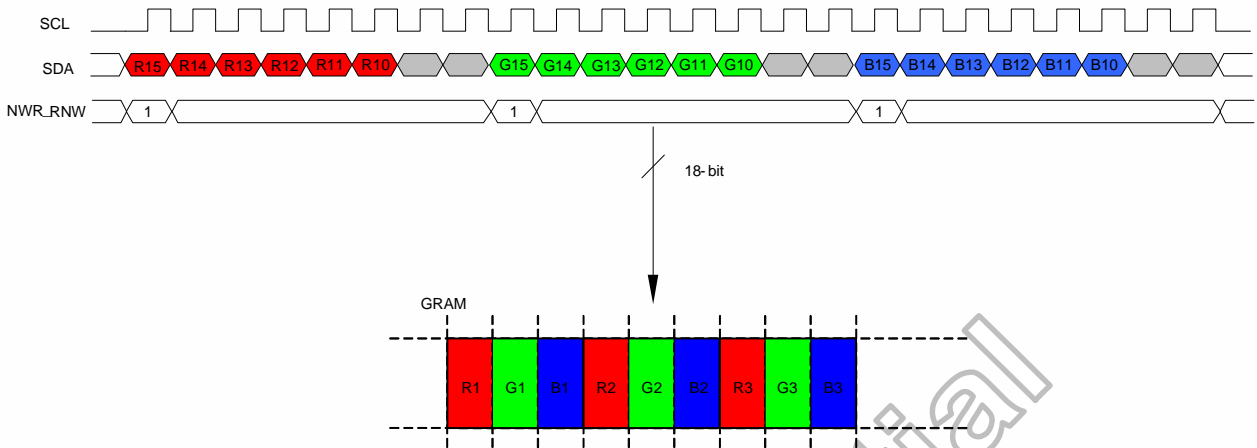


Figure 5. 28 4W Serial write data for RGB (6-6-6) bits input (LUT_EN=1)

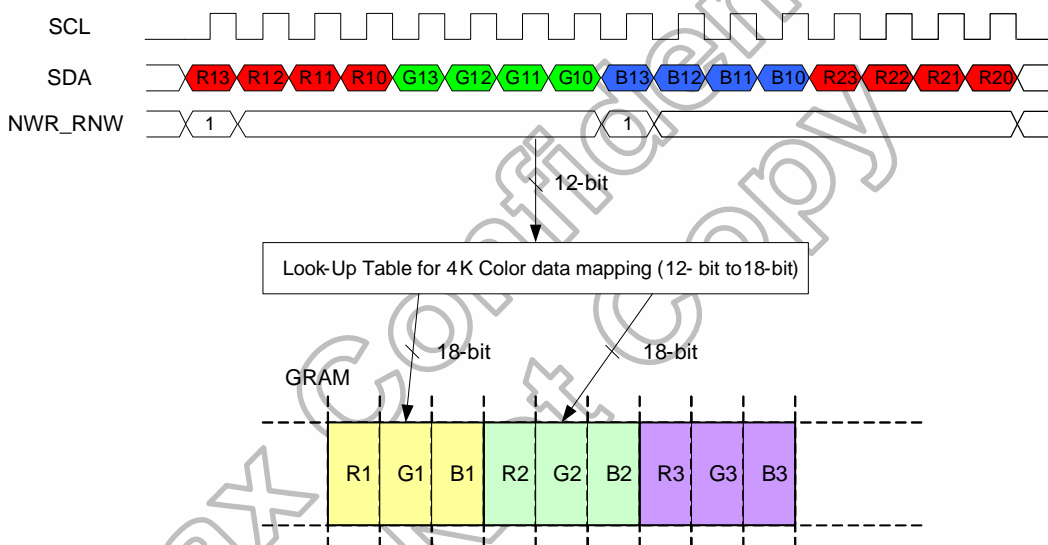


Figure 5. 29 4W Serial write data for RGB 4-4-4-bits input (support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

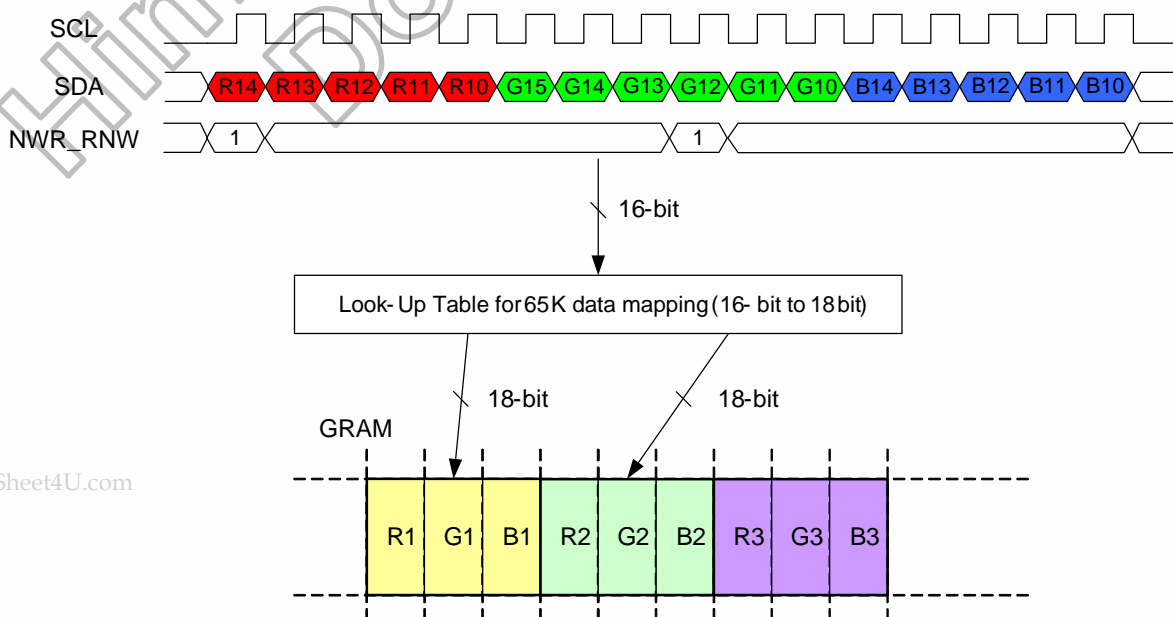


Figure 5. 30 4W Serial write data for RGB 5-6-5-bits input (support Look-up table and LUT_EN=0)

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5.1.3 Display Module Data Transfer Recovery

If there is a break on data transmission when transmitting a command before a whole byte has been completed, then the display module will reset the interface so that it will be ready to receive the same byte re-transmitted when the chip select line (NCS) is next activated. See the following figure.

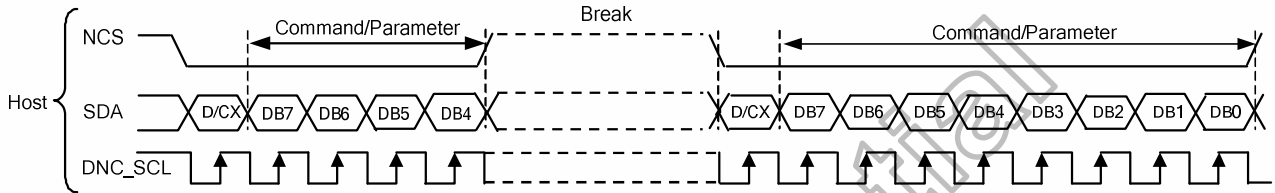
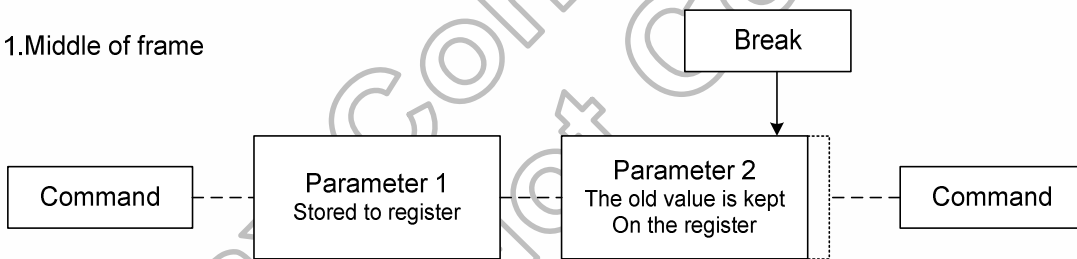


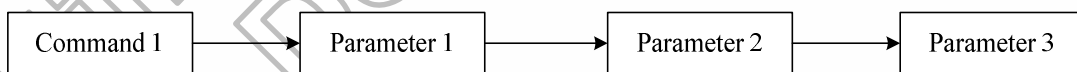
Figure 5. 31 Display Module Data Transfer Recovery

If 1 or more parameter command is being sent and a break occurs while sending any parameter before the last one and if the host then sends a new command rather than re-transmitting the parameter that was interrupted, then the parameters that were successfully sent are stored and the parameter where the break occurred is rejected. The interface is ready to receive next byte as shown:

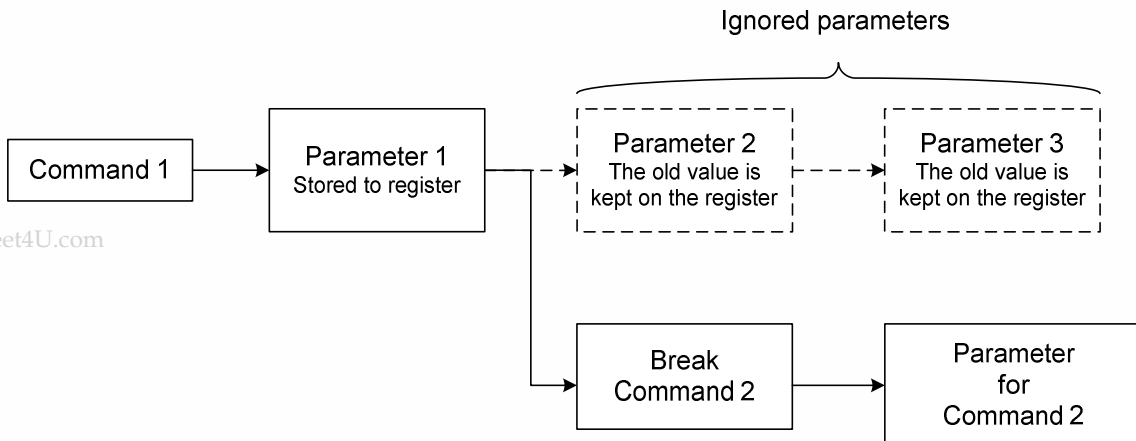
1. Middle of frame



2. Between frames Without break



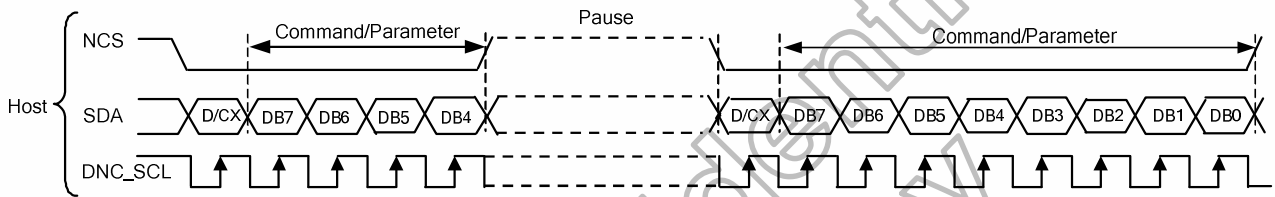
With Break



5.1.4 Display Module Data Transfer Pause

It will be possible when transferring a Command, Frame Memory Data or Multiple Parameter Data to invoke a pause in the data transmission. If the Chip Select Line is released after a whole byte of a Frame Memory Data or Multiple Parameter Data has been completed, then the Display Module will wait and continue the Frame Memory Data or Parameter Data Transmission from the point where it was paused. If the Chip Select Line is released after a whole byte of a command has been completed, then the Display Module will receive either the command's parameters (if appropriate) or a new command when the Chip Select Line is next enabled as shown below:

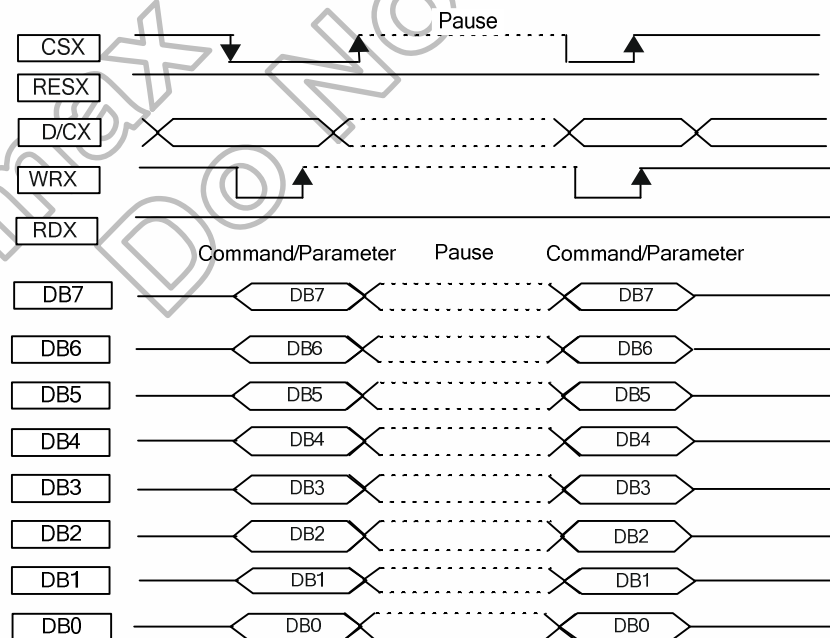
Serial Interface Pause



This applies to the following 4 conditions:

- a. Command-Pause-Command
- b. Command-Pause-Parameter
- c. Parameter-Pause-Command
- d. Parameter-Pause-Parameter

Parallel Interface Pause



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This applies to the following 4 conditions:

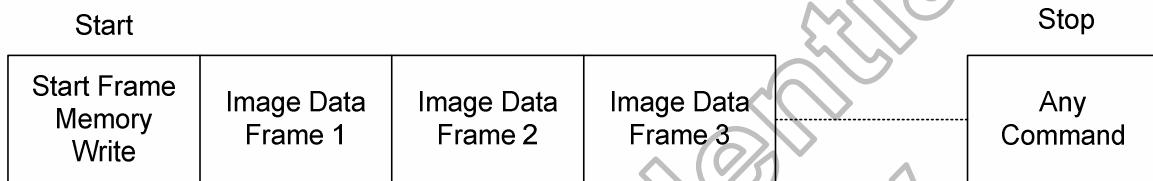
- a. Command-Pause-Command
- b. Command-Pause-Parameter
- c. Parameter-Pause-Command
- d. Parameter-Pause-Parameter

5.1.5 Display Module Data Transfer Modes

The Module has three colour modes for transferring data to the display RAM. These are 12-bit colour per pixel, 16-bit colour per pixel and 18-bit colour per pixel. The data format is described for each interface. Data can be downloaded to the Frame Memory by 2 methods.

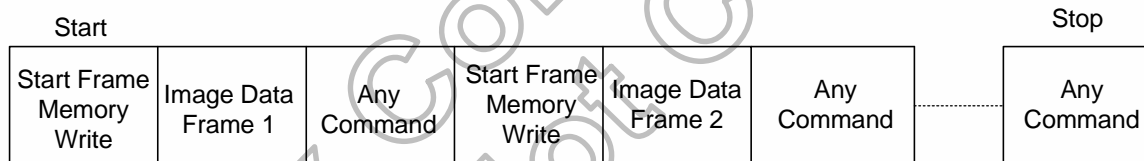
Method 1:

The Image data is sent to the Frame Memory in successive Frame writes, each time the Frame Memory is filled, the Frame Memory pointer is reset to the start point and the next Frame is written.



Method 2:

Image Data is sent and at the end of each Frame Memory download, a command is sent to stop Frame Memory Write. Then Start Memory Write command is sent, and a new Frame is downloaded.



- Note:** (1) These apply to all Data Transfer Colour modes on both Serial and Parallel interfaces.
 (2) The Frame Memory can contain both odd and even number of pixels for both Methods. Only complete pixel data will be stored in the Frame Memory.

5.2 Address Counter (AC)

The HX8353-C contains an address counter (AC) which assigns address for writing/reading pixel data to/from GRAM. The address pointers set the position of GRAM whose addresses range X=0~131d (0~83h) and Y=0~161d (0~A1h).

Every time when a pixel data is written/read the GRAM, the X address or Y address of AC will be automatically increased by 1 (or decreased by 1), which is decided by the register (MV, MX and MY bit) setting.

To simplify the address control of GRAM access, the window address function allows for writing data only to a window area of GRAM specified by registers. After data being written to the GRAM, the AC will be increased or decreased within setting window address-range which is specified by the horizontal address register (start: SC, end: EC) or the vertical address register (start: SP, end: EP). Therefore, the data can be written consecutively without thinking a data wrap by those bit function.

5.2.1 MCU to memory write/read direction

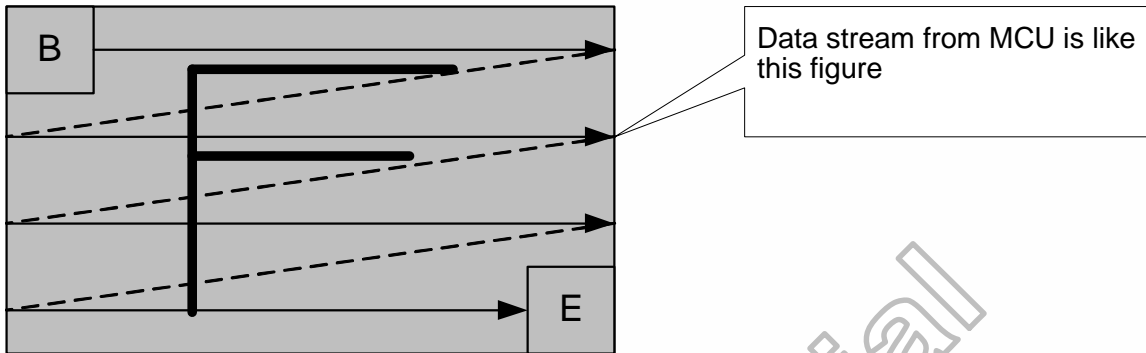


Figure 5.32 MCU to memory write/read direction

The data is written in the order illustrated above. The Counter which dictates where in the physical memory the data is to be written is controlled by “Memory Data Access Control” Command, Bits MY, MX, MV as described below.

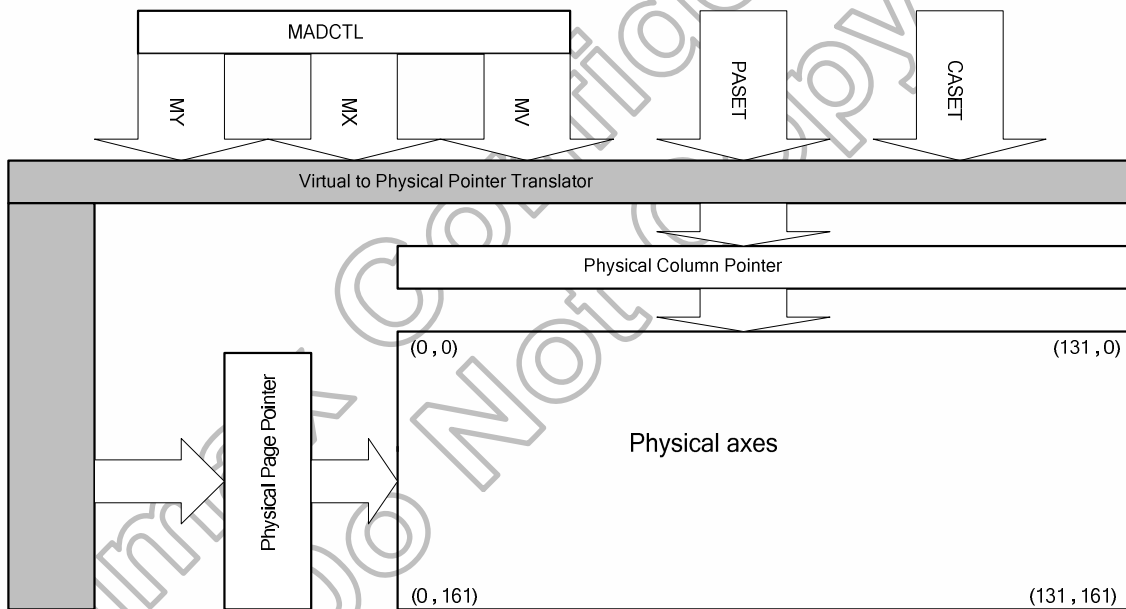


Figure 5.33 MY, MX, MV Setting

MV	MX	MY	CASET	PASET
0	0	0	Direct to Physical Column Pointer	Direct to Physical Page Pointer
0	0	1	Direct to Physical Column Pointer	Direct to (161-Physical Page Pointer) Direct to (131-Physical Page Pointer)
0	1	0	Direct to (131-Physical Column Pointer)	Direct to Physical Page Pointer
0	1	1	Direct to (131-Physical Column Pointer)	Direct to (161-Physical Page Pointer) Direct to (131-Physical Page Pointer)
1	0	0	Direct to Physical Page Pointer	Direct to Physical Column Pointer
1	0	1	Direct to (161-Physical Page Pointer) Direct to (131-Physical Page Pointer)	Direct to Physical Column Pointer
1	1	0	Direct to Physical Page Pointer	Direct to (131-Physical Column Pointer)
1	1	1	Direct to (161-Physical Page Pointer) Direct to (131-Physical Page Pointer)	Direct to (131-Physical Column Pointer)

Table 5.5 MY, MX, MV Setting

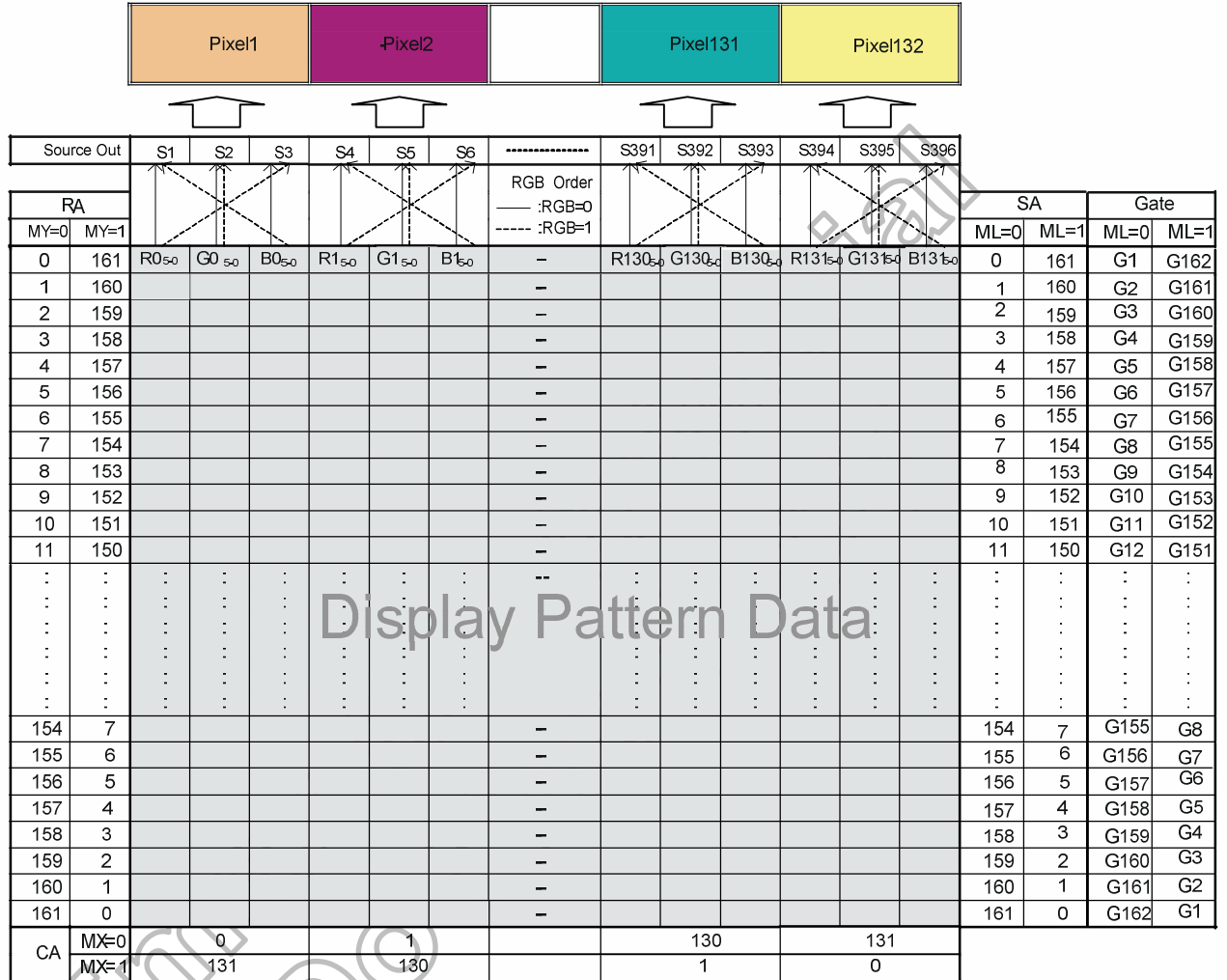
The following figure depicts the update method with MV, MX and MY bit

Display Data Direction	MADCTR parameter			Image in the Host	Image in the Driver (GRAM)
	MV	MX	MY		
Normal	0	0	0		
Y-Mirror	0	0	1		
X-Mirror	0	1	0		
X-Mirror Y-Mirror	0	1	1		
X-Y Exchange	1	0	0		
X-Y Exchange Y-Mirror	1	0	1		
X-Y Exchange X-Mirror	1	1	0		
X-Y Exchange X-Mirror Y-Mirror	1	1	1		

Figure 5. 34 Address Direction Settings

5.3 Source, Gate and Memory Map

5.3.1 When using 132 x 162 GRAM resolution, display resolution 132RGB x 162 and support S45AP spec (RSO[2:0]=3'b000 & STE_SEL=0)



Note: RA = Row Address,
 CA = Column Address,
 SA = Scan Address,
 MX = Mirror X-axis (Column address direction parameter), DB6 parameter of MADCTL command
 MY = Mirror Y-axis (Row address direction parameter), DB7 parameter of MADCTL command
 ML = Scan direction parameter, DB4 parameter of MADCTL command
 RGB= Red, Green and Blue pixel position change, DB3 parameter of MADCTL command

Figure 5. 35 Memory Map, 132 x 162 GRAM resolution, display resolution 132RGB x 162

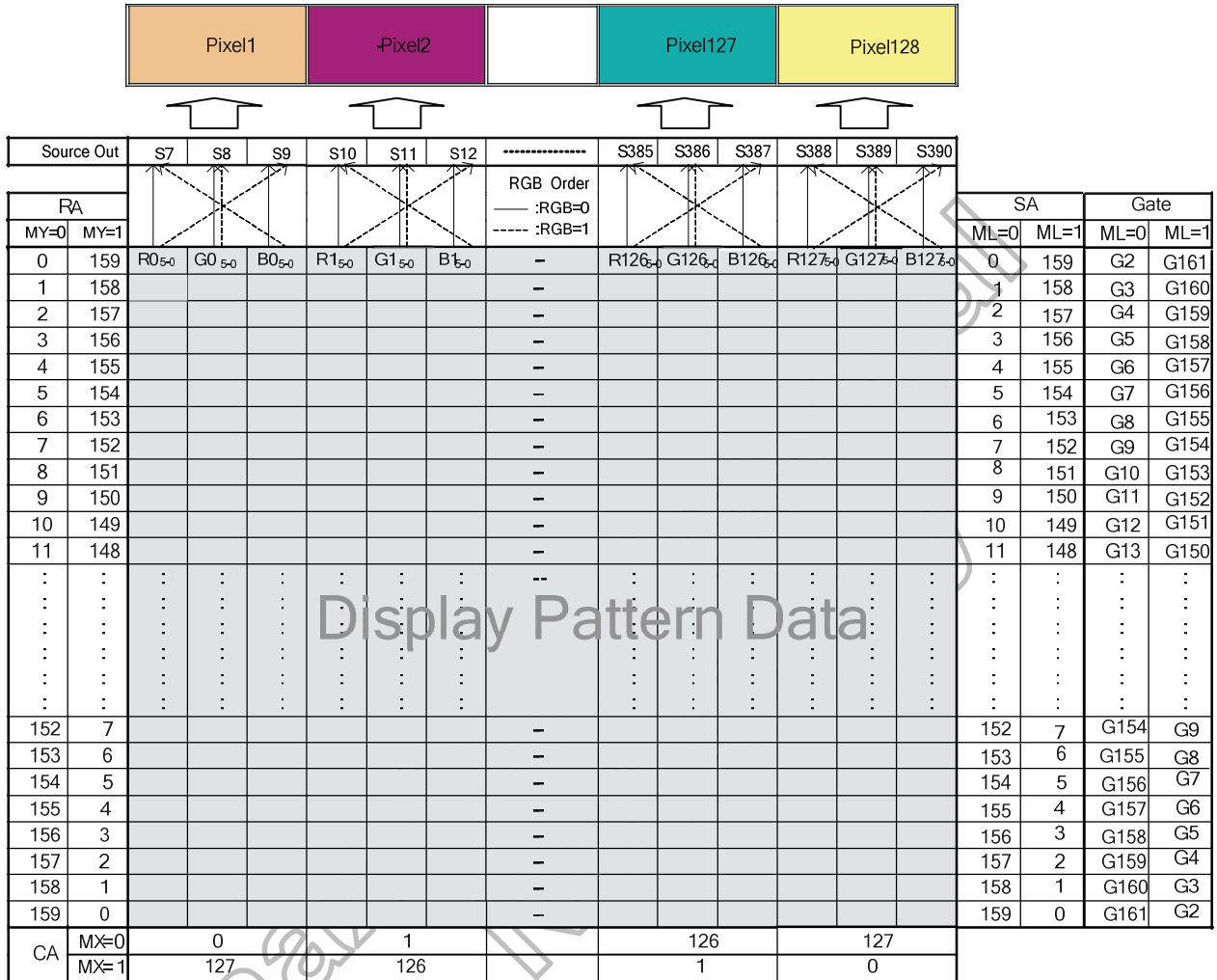
5.3.2 When using 132 x 162 GRAM resolution, display resolution 128RGB x 160 and support S43AP spec (RSO[2:0]=3'b000 & STE_SEL=1)

Source Out		S7	S8	S9	S10	S11	S12	-----	S385	S386	S387	S388	S389	S390	SA		Gate	
RA		RGB Order												ML=0	ML=1	ML=0	ML=1	
MY=0	MY=1	R0 ₅₀	G0 ₅₀	B0 ₅₀	R1 ₅₀	G1 ₅₀	B1 ₅₀	---	R126 ₅₀	G126 ₅₀	B126 ₅₀	R127 ₅₀	G127 ₅₀	B127 ₅₀				
0	161							-							0	161	G2	G161
1	160							-							1	160	G3	G160
2	159							-							2	159	G4	G159
3	158							-							3	158	G5	G158
4	157							-							4	157	G6	G157
5	156							-							5	156	G7	G156
6	155							-							6	155	G8	G155
7	154							-							7	154	G9	G154
8	153							-							8	153	G10	G153
9	152							-							9	152	G11	G152
10	151							-							10	151	G12	G151
11	150							-							11	150	G13	G150
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
154	7							-							154	7	G154	G9
155	6							-							155	6	G155	G8
156	5							-							156	5	G156	G7
157	4							-							157	4	G157	G6
158	3							-							158	3	G158	G5
159	2							-							159	2	G159	G4
160	1							-							160	1	G160	G3
161	0							-							161	0	G161	G2
CA	MX=0	0			1				126			127						
	MX=1	127			126				1			0						

Note: RA = Row Address,
 CA = Column Address,
 SA = Scan Address,
 MX = Mirror X-axis (Column address direction parameter), DB6 parameter of MADCTL command
 MY = Mirror Y-axis (Row address direction parameter), DB7 parameter of MADCTL command
 ML = Scan direction parameter, DB4 parameter of MADCTL command
 RGB= Red, Green and Blue pixel position change, DB3 parameter of MADCTL command

Figure 5. 36 Memory Map, 132 x 162 GRAM resolution ,display resolution 128RGB x 160

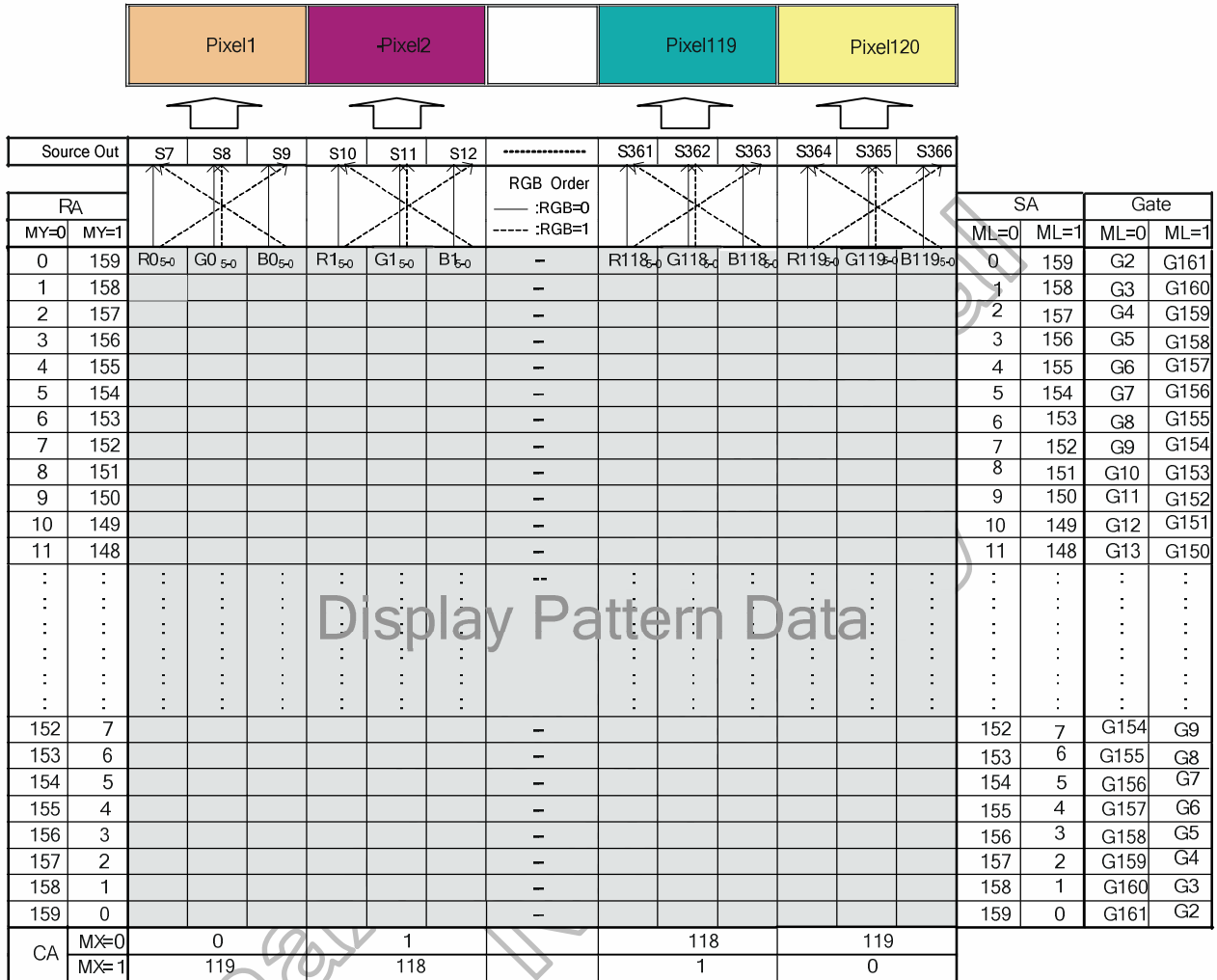
5.3.3 When using 128 x 160 GRAM resolution, display resolution 128RGB x 160 and support S44AP spec (RSO[2:0]=3'b011)



Note: RA = Row Address,
 CA = Column Address,
 SA = Scan Address,
 MX = Mirror X-axis (Column address direction parameter), DB6 parameter of MADCTL command
 MY = Mirror Y-axis (Row address direction parameter), DB7 parameter of MADCTL command
 ML = Scan direction parameter, DB4 parameter of MADCTL command
 RGB= Red, Green and Blue pixel position change, DB3 parameter of MADCTL command

Figure 5. 37 Memory Map, 128 x 160 GRAM resolution, display resolution 128RGB x 160

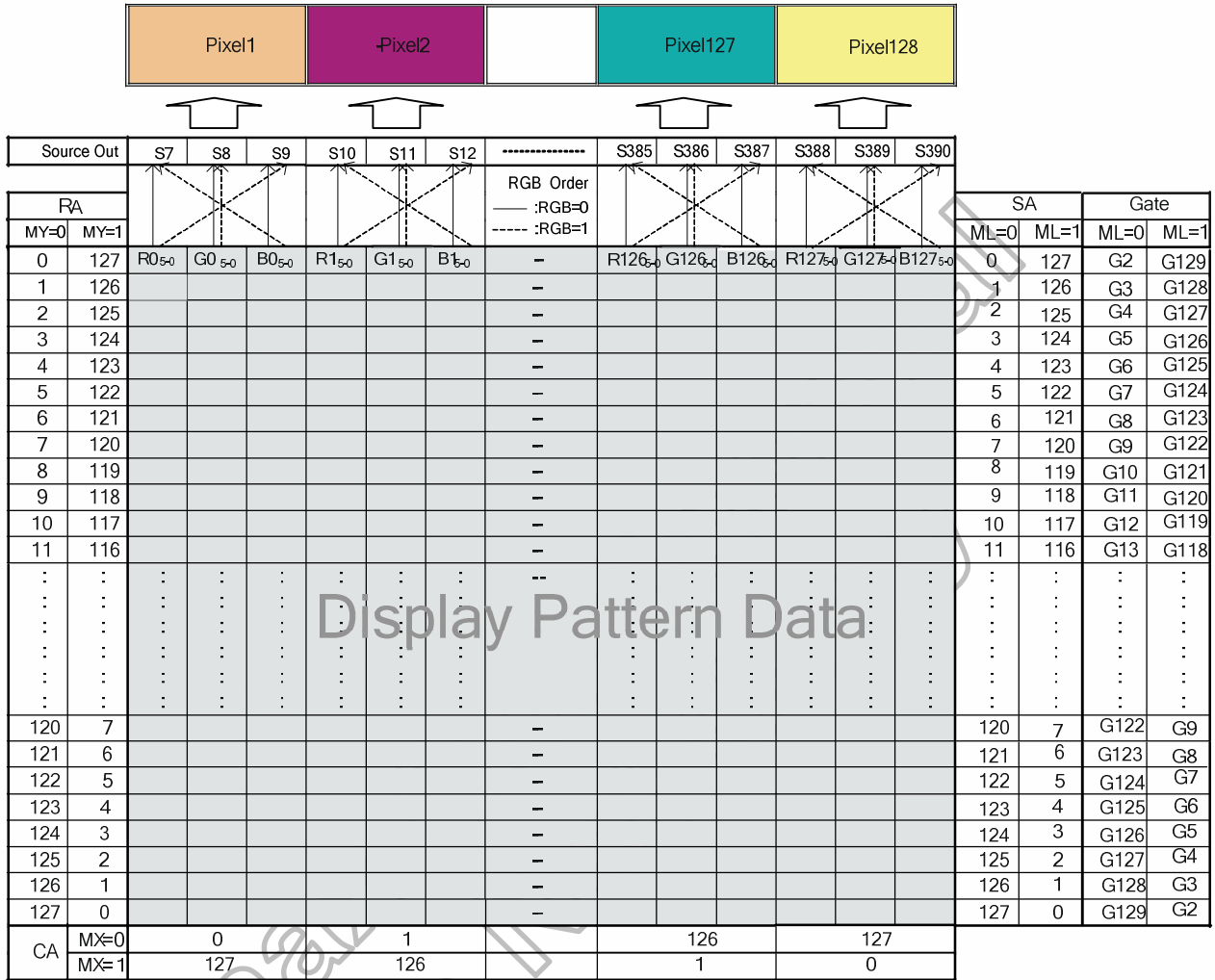
5.3.4 When using 120 x 160 GRAM resolution, display resolution 120RGB x 160 (RSO[2:0]=3'b010)



Note: RA = Row Address,
 CA = Column Address,
 SA = Scan Address,
 MX = Mirror X-axis (Column address direction parameter), DB6 parameter of MADCTL command
 MY = Mirror Y-axis (Row address direction parameter), DB7 parameter of MADCTL command
 ML = Scan direction parameter, DB4 parameter of MADCTL command
 RGB= Red, Green and Blue pixel position change, DB3 parameter of MADCTL command

Figure 5. 38 Memory Map, 120 x 160 GRAM resolution, display resolution 120RGB x 160

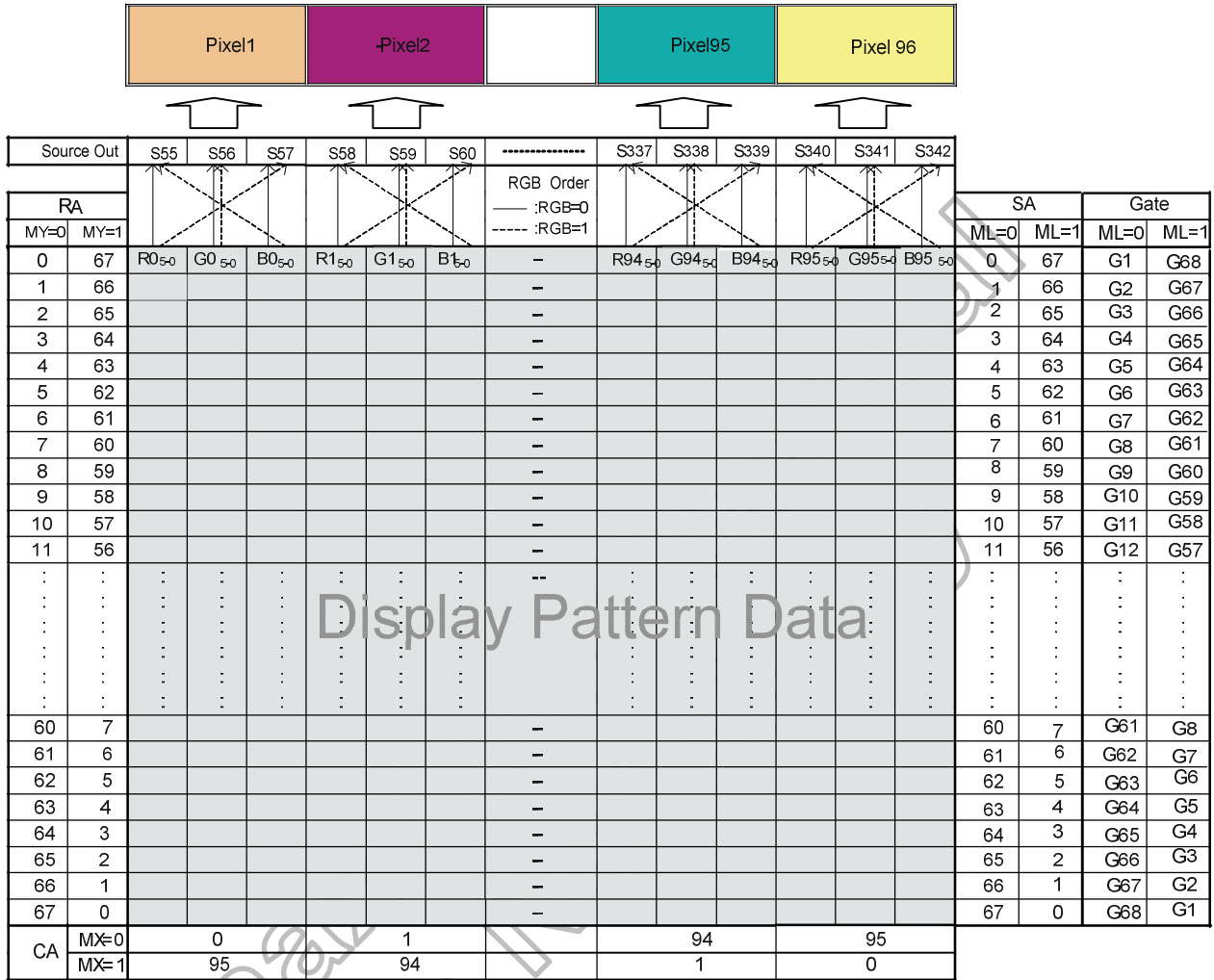
5.3.5 When using 128 x 128 GRAM resolution, display resolution 128RGB x 128 (RSO[2:0]=3'b001)



Note: RA = Row Address,
 CA = Column Address,
 SA = Scan Address,
 MX = Mirror X-axis (Column address direction parameter), DB6 parameter of MADCTL command
 MY = Mirror Y-axis (Row address direction parameter), DB7 parameter of MADCTL command
 ML = Scan direction parameter, DB4 parameter of MADCTL command
 RGB= Red, Green and Blue pixel position change, DB3 parameter of MADCTL command

Figure 5. 39 Memory Map, 128 x 128 GRAM resolution, display resolution 128RGB x 128

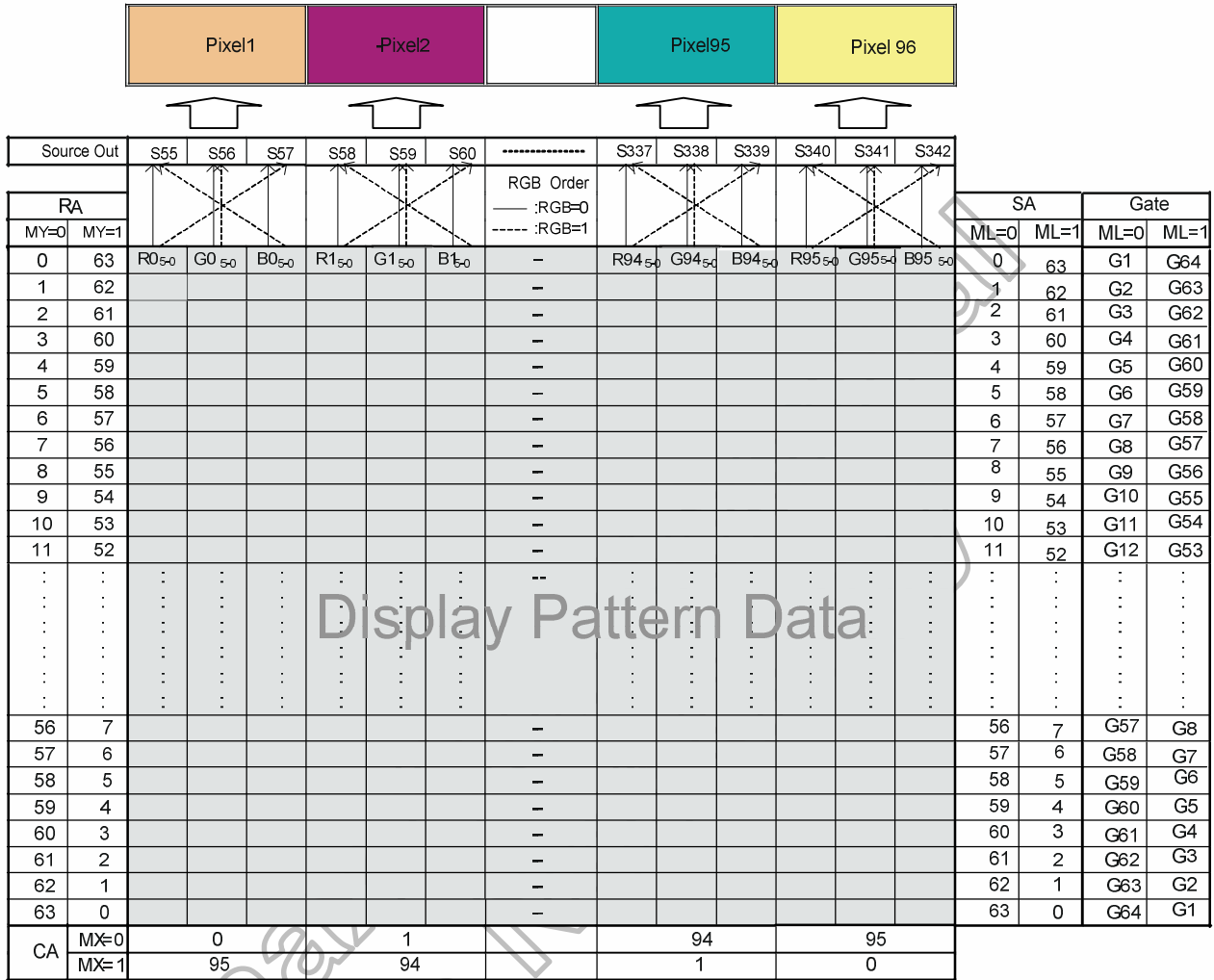
5.3.6 When using 96 x 68 GRAM resolution, display resolution 96RGB x 68 (RSO[2:0]=3'b100)



Note: RA = Row Address,
 CA = Column Address,
 SA = Scan Address,
 MX = Mirror X-axis (Column address direction parameter), DB6 parameter of MADCTL command
 MY = Mirror Y-axis (Row address direction parameter), DB7 parameter of MADCTL command
 ML = Scan direction parameter, DB4 parameter of MADCTL command
 RGB= Red, Green and Blue pixel position change, DB3 parameter of MADCTL command

Figure 5. 40 Memory Map, 96 x 68 GRAM resolution, display resolution 96RGB x 68

5.3.7 When using 96 x 64 GRAM resolution, display resolution 96RGB x 64 (RSO[2:0]=3'b101)



Note: RA = Row Address,
 CA = Column Address,
 SA = Scan Address,
 MX = Mirror X-axis (Column address direction parameter), DB6 parameter of MADCTL command
 MY = Mirror Y-axis (Row address direction parameter), DB7 parameter of MADCTL command
 ML = Scan direction parameter, DB4 parameter of MADCTL command
 RGB= Red, Green and Blue pixel position change, DB3 parameter of MADCTL command

Figure 5. 41 Memory Map, 96 x 64 GRAM resolution, display resolution 96RGB x 64

5.3.8 Normal Display On or Partial Display On

The HX8353-C has an internal GRAM that store 48,114 bytes bit pattern data, where one pixel is expressed by 18 bits.

5.3.8.1 132X162 GRAM resolution (Size) (display resolution 132RGB x 162 and support S45AP spec (RSO[2:0]=3'b000 & STE_SEL=0)

(a) Normal Display On

In this mode, contents of the frame memory within an area where column pointer is 00h to 83h and page pointer is 00h to A1h is displayed. To display a dot on leftmost top corner, store the dot data at (column pointer, row pointer) = (0, 0).

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00H	9DB01H	9DB02H	9DB03H	-----	9DB80H	9DB81H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S1	S2	S3	-----	S394	S395	S396
	G1	0000H			-----		
G2	0100H			-----			0183H
G3	0200H			-----			0283H
G4	0300H			-----			0383H
G5	0400H			-----			0483H
G6	0500H			-----			0583H
⋮	⋮			-----			⋮
G157	9C00H			-----			9C83H
G158	9DB00H			-----			9DB83H
G159	9E00H			-----			9E83H
G160	9F00H			-----			9F83H
G161	A000H			-----			A083H
G162	A100H			-----			A183H

Table 5. 6

(b) Partial Display On

PSL[15:0]=02h, PEL[15:0]=9Fh, ML=0.

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00H	9DB01H	9DB02H	9DB03H	-----	9DB80H	9DB81H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S1	S2	S3	-----	S394	S395	S396
	non-display area 2 lines	G1	0000H	-----	-----	0083H	
	G2	0100H	-----	-----	0183H		
	G3	0200H	-----	-----	0283H		
	G4	0300H	-----	-----	0383H		
	G5	0400H	-----	-----	0483H		
	G6	0500H	-----	-----	0583H		
Display area 158 lines	⋮	⋮	-----	-----	⋮		
	G157	9C00H	-----	-----	9C83H		
	G158	9DB00 H	-----	-----	9DB83H		
Non-display area 2 lines	G159	9E00H	-----	-----	9E83H		
	G160	9F00H	-----	-----	9F83H		
	G161	A000H	-----	-----	A083H		
	G162	A100H	-----	-----	A183H		

Table 5. 7

5.3.8.2 132X162 GRAM resolution (Size) (display resolution 128RGB x 160 and support S43AP spec (RSO[2:0]=3'b000 & STE_SEL=1)

(a)Normal Display On

In this mode, contents of the frame memory within an area where column pointer is 00h to 83h and page pointer is 00h to A1h is displayed. To display a dot on leftmost top corner, store the dot data at (column pointer, row pointer) = (0, 0).

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00H	9DB01H	9DB02H	9DB03H	-----	9DB80H	9DB81H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S7	S8	S9	-----	S388	S389	S390
	G2	0000H			-----		
G3	0100H			-----			0281H
G4	0200H			-----			0381H
G5	0300H			-----			0481H
G6	0400H			-----			0581H
G7	0500H			-----			0681H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮
G158	9C00H			-----			9DB81H
G159	9DB00H			-----			9E81H
G160	9E00H			-----			9F81H
G161	9F00H			-----			A081H

Table 5. 8

(b)Partial Display On

PSL[15:0]=03h, PEL[15:0]=9Eh, ML=0.

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00H	9DB01H	9DB02H	9DB03H	-----	9DB80H	9DB81H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S7	S8	S9	-----	S388	S389	S390
	non-display area 2 lines	G2	0102H	-----	-----	0181H	
G3		0202H	-----	-----	0281H		
Display area 156 lines	G4	0302H	-----	-----	0381H		
	G5	0402H	-----	-----	0481H		
	G6	0502H	-----	-----	0581H		
	G7	0602H	-----	-----	0681H		
	⋮	⋮	-----	-----	⋮		
Non-display area 2 lines	G158	9DB02 H	-----	-----	9DB81H		
	G159	9E02H	-----	-----	9E81H		
	G160	9F02H	-----	-----	9F81H		
	G161	A002H	-----	-----	A081H		

Table 5. 9

5.3.8.3 128X160 GRAM resolution (Size) (display resolution 128RGB x 160 and support S44AP spec (RSO[2:0]=3'b011))

(a)Normal Display On

In this mode, contents of the frame memory within an area where column pointer is 00h to 7Fh and page pointer is 00h to 9Fh is displayed. To display a dot on leftmost top corner, store the dot data at (column pointer, row pointer) = (0, 0).

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	7Fh	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	007FH	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	017FH	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	027FH	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	037FH	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	047FH	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	057FH	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C7FH	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00 H	9DB01 H	9DB02 H	9DB03H	-----	9DB7FH	9DB80 H	9DB81 H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E7FH	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F7FH	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A07FH	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A17FH	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S7	S8	S9	-----	S388	S389	S390
	G2		0000H		-----		
G3		0100H		-----			017FH
G4		0200H		-----			027FH
G5		0300H		-----			037FH
G6		0400H		-----			047FH
G7		0500H		-----			057FH
⋮		⋮		-----			⋮
G158		9C00H		-----			9C7FH
G159		9DB00 H		-----			9DB7FH
G160		9E00H		-----			9E7FH
G161		9F00H		-----			9F7FH

Table 5. 10

(b)Partial Display On

PSL[15:0]=02h, PEL[15:0]=9Dh, ML=0.

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	7Fh	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	007FH	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	017FH	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	027FH	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	037FH	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	047FH	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	057FH	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C7FH	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00 H	9DB01 H	9DB02 H	9DB03H	-----	9DB7FH	9DB80 H	9DB81 H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E7FH	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F7FH	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A07FH	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A17FH	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

	LCD panel S/G pins	S7	S8	S9	-----	S388	S389	S390
		non-display area 2 lines	G2	0000H	-----	007FH	G3	0100H
Display area 156 lines	G4	0200H	-----	027FH	G5	0300H	-----	037FH
	G6	0400H	-----	047FH	G7	0500H	-----	057FH
	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮
	G158	9C00H	-----	9C7FH	G159	9DB00 H	-----	9DB7FH
	G160	9E00H	-----	9E7FH	G161	9F00H	-----	9F7FH
Non-display area 2 lines								

Table 5. 11

5.3.8.4 120X160 GRAM resolution (Size) (display resolution 120RGB x 160 → RSO[2:0]=3'b001)

(a)Normal Display On

In this mode, contents of the frame memory within an area where column pointer is 00h to 77h and page pointer is 00h to 9Fh is displayed. To display a dot on leftmost top corner, store the dot data at (column pointer, row pointer) = (0, 0).

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	77h	-----	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	0077H	-----	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	0177H	-----	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	0277H	-----	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	0377H	-----	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	0477H	-----	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	0577H	-----	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C77H	-----	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00 H	9DB01 H	9DB02 H	9DB03H	-----	9DB77H	-----	9DB81 H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E77H	-----	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F77H	-----	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A077H	-----	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A177H	-----	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S7	S8	S9	-----	S364	S365	S366
	G2	0000H			-----		
G3	0100H			-----			0177H
G4	0200H			-----			0277H
G5	0300H			-----			0377H
G6	0400H			-----			0477H
G7	0500H			-----			0577H
⋮	⋮			-----			⋮
G158	9C00H			-----			9C77H
G159	9DB00 H			-----			9DB77H
G160	9E00H			-----			9E77H
G161	9F00H			-----			9F77H

Table 5. 12

(b)Partial Display On

PSL[15:0]=02h, PEL[15:0]=9Dh, ML=0.

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	77h	-----	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	0077H	-----	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	0177H	-----	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	0277H	-----	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	0377H	-----	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	0477H	-----	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	0577H	-----	0581H	0582H	0583H
...	-----	...	-----
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C77H	-----	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00 H	9DB01 H	9DB02 H	9DB03H	-----	9DB77H	-----	9DB81 H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E77H	-----	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F77H	-----	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A077H	-----	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A177H	-----	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S7	S8	S9	-----	S364	S365	S366
	non-display area 2 lines	G2	0000H	-----	0077H		
Display area 156 lines	G3	0100H	-----	0177H			
	G4	0200H	-----	0277H			
	G5	0300H	-----	0377H			
	G6	0400H	-----	0477H			
	G7	0500H	-----	0577H			
	-----	...			
	G158	9C00H	-----	9C77H			
Non-display area 2 lines	G159	9DB00 H	-----	9DB77H			
G160	9E00H	-----	9E77H				
G161	9F00H	-----	9F77H				

Table 5. 13

5.3.7.5 128X128 GRAM resolution (Size) (display resolution 128RGB x 128 → RSO[2:0]=3'b010)

(a) Normal Display On

In this mode, contents of the frame memory within an area where column pointer is 00h to 7Fh and page pointer is 00h to 7Fh is displayed. To display a dot on leftmost top corner, store the dot data at (column pointer, row pointer) = (0, 0).

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	7Fh	-----	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	007FH	-----	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	017FH	-----	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	027FH	-----	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	037FH	-----	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	047FH	-----	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	057FH	-----	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮
7Eh	7E00H	7E01H	7E02H	7E03H	-----	7E7FH	-----	7E81H	7E82H	7E83H
7Fh	7F00H	7F01H	7F02H	7F03H	-----	7E7FH	-----	7F81H	7F82H	7F83H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C7FH	-----	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB0 H	9DB0 H	9DB0 H	9DB03H	-----	9DB7FH	-----	9DB8 H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E7FH	-----	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F7FH	-----	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A07FH	-----	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A17FH	-----	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S7	S8	S9	-----	S388	S389	S390
	G2	0000H			-----		
G3	0100H			-----			017FH
G4	0200H			-----			027FH
G5	0300H			-----			037FH
G6	0400H			-----			047FH
G7	0500H			-----			057FH
⋮	⋮			-----			⋮
G126	9C00H			-----			9C7FH
G127	9DB00H			-----			9DB7FH
G128	9E00H			-----			9E7FH
G129	9F00H			-----			9F7FH

Table 5. 14

(b)Partial Display On

PSL[15:0]=02h, PEL[15:0]=7Dh, ML=0.

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	-----	7Fh	-----	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	-----	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	-----	007FH	-----	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	-----	017FH	-----	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	-----	027FH	-----	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	-----	037FH	-----	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	-----	047FH	-----	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	-----	057FH	-----	0581H	0582H	0583H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮
7Eh	7E00H	7E01H	7E02H	7E03H	-----	7E7FH	-----	7E81H	7E82H	7E83H
7Fh	7F00H	7F01H	7F02H	7F03H	-----	7F7FH	-----	7F81H	7F82H	7F83H
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	-----	⋮	-----	⋮	⋮	⋮
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	-----	9C7FH	-----	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00 H	9DB01 H	9DB02 H	9DB03H	-----	9DB7FH	-----	9DB81 H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	-----	9E7FH	-----	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	-----	9F7FH	-----	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	-----	A07FH	-----	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	-----	A17FH	-----	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S7	S8	S9	-----	S387	S389	S390
	non-display area 2 lines	G2	0000H	-----	-----	007FH	
G3		0100H	-----	-----	017FH		
Display area 124 lines	G4	0200H	-----	-----	027FH		
	G5	0300H	-----	-----	037FH		
	G6	0400H	-----	-----	047FH		
	G7	0500H	-----	-----	057FH		
	⋮	⋮	-----	-----	⋮		
Non-display area 2 lines	G158	7C00H	-----	-----	7C7FH		
	G159	7DB00 H	-----	-----	7DB7FH		
	G160	7E00H	-----	-----	7E7FH		
	G161	7F00H	-----	-----	7F7FH		

Table 5. 15

5.3.8.6 96x68 resolution (RSO[2:0]=3'b100)

(a)Normal Display On

In this mode, contents of the frame memory within an area where column pointer is 00h to 5Fh and page pointer is 00h to 43h is displayed. To display a dot on leftmost top corner, store the dot data at (column pointer, row pointer) = (0, 0).

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	...	5Dh	5Eh	5Fh	...	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	---	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	---	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	---	005DH	005EH	005FH	---	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	---	015DH	015EH	015FH	---	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	---	025DH	025EH	025FH	---	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	---	035DH	035EH	035FH	---	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	---	045DH	045EH	045FH	---	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	---	055DH	055EH	055FH	---	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
...	---	---
41h	4100H	4101H	4102H	4103H	---	415DH	415EH	415FH	---	4180H	4181H	4182H	4183H
42h	4200H	4201H	4202H	4203H	---	425DH	425EH	425FH	---	4280H	4281H	4282H	4283H
43h	4300H	4301H	4302H	4303H	---	435DH	435EH	435FH	---	4380H	4381H	4382H	4383H
...	---	---
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	---	9C5DH	9C5EH	9C5FH	---	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00H	9DB01H	9DB02H	9DB03H	---	9DB5DH	9DB5EH	9DB5FH	---	9DB80H	9DB81H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	---	9E5DH	9E5EH	9E5FH	---	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	---	9F5DH	9F5EH	9F5FH	---	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	---	A05DH	A05EH	A05FH	---	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	---	A15DH	A15EH	A15FH	---	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S55	S56	S57	S340	S341	S342
	G1		0000H	-----		005FH
G2		0100H	-----		015FH	
G3		0200H	-----		025FH	
G4		0300H	-----		035FH	
G5		0400H	-----		045FH	
G6		0500H	-----		055FH	
...		
G67		4200H	-----		425FH	
G68		4300H	-----		435FH	

Table 5. 16

(b)Partial Display On

PSL[15:0]=02, PEL[15:0]=41, ML=0.

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	---	5Dh	5Eh	5Fh	---	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	---	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	---	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	---	005DH	005EH	005FH	---	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	---	015DH	015EH	015FH	---	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	---	025DH	025EH	025FH	---	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	---	035DH	035EH	035FH	---	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	---	045DH	045EH	045FH	---	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	---	055DH	055EH	055FH	---	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
...	---	---
41h	4100H	4101H	4102H	4103H	---	415DH	415EH	415FH	---	4180H	4181H	4182H	4183H
42h	4200H	4201H	4202H	4203H	---	425DH	425EH	425FH	---	4280H	4281H	4282H	4283H
43h	4300H	4301H	4302H	4303H	---	435DH	435EH	435FH	---	4380H	4381H	4382H	4383H
...	---	---
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	---	9C5DH	9C5EH	9C5FH	---	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00H	9DB01H	9DB02H	9DB03H	---	9DB5DH	9DB5EH	9DB5FH	---	9DB80H	9DB81H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	---	9E5DH	9E5EH	9E5FH	---	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	---	9F5DH	9F5EH	9F5FH	---	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	---	A05DH	A05EH	A05FH	---	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	---	A15DH	A15EH	A15FH	---	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S55	S56	S57	S340	S341	S342
	Non-display area 2 lines	G1	0000H	-----	005FH	
	G2	0100H	-----	015FH		
	G3	0200H	-----	025FH		
	G4	0300H	-----	035FH		
	G5	0400H	-----	045FH		
Display area 64 lines	G6	0500H	-----	055FH		
	-----	...		
	G66	4100H	-----	415FH		
	G67	4200H	-----	425FH		
Non-display area 2 lines	G68	4300H	-----	435FH		

Table 5. 17

5.3.8.7 96x64 resolution (RSO[2:0]=3'b101)

(a)Normal Display On

In this mode, contents of the frame memory within an area where column pointer is 00h to 5Fh and page pointer is 00h to 43h is displayed. To display a dot on leftmost top corner, store the dot data at (column pointer, row pointer) = (0, 0).

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	...	5Dh	5Eh	5Fh	...	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	---	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	---	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	---	005DH	005EH	005FH	---	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	---	015DH	015EH	015FH	---	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	---	025DH	025EH	025FH	---	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	---	035DH	035EH	035FH	---	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	---	045DH	045EH	045FH	---	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	---	055DH	055EH	055FH	---	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
...	---	---
3Fh	3F00H	3F01H	3F02H	3F03H	---	3F5DH	3F5EH	3F5FH	---	3F80H	3F81H	3F82H	3F83H
40h	4000H	4001H	4002H	4003H	---	405DH	405EH	405FH	---	4080H	4081H	4082H	4083H
41h	4100H	4101H	4102H	4103H	---	415DH	415EH	415FH	---	4180H	4181H	4182H	4183H
...	---	---
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	---	9C5DH	9C5EH	9C5FH	---	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00H	9DB01H	9DB02H	9DB03H	---	9DB5DH	9DB5EH	9DB5FH	---	9DB80H	9DB81H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	---	9E5DH	9E5EH	9E5FH	---	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	---	9F5DH	9F5EH	9F5FH	---	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	---	A05DH	A05EH	A05FH	---	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	---	A15DH	A15EH	A15FH	---	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

LCD panel S/G pins	S55	S56	S57	S340	S341	S342
	G1	0000H	-----	-----	005FH	-----
G2	0100H	-----	-----	015FH	-----	-----
G3	0200H	-----	-----	025FH	-----	-----
G4	0300H	-----	-----	035FH	-----	-----
G5	0400H	-----	-----	045FH	-----	-----
G6	0500H	-----	-----	055FH	-----	-----
...
G63	3E00H	-----	-----	3E5FH	-----	-----
G64	3F00H	-----	-----	3F5FH	-----	-----

Table 5. 18

(b)Partial Display On

PSL[15:0]=02, PEL[15:0]=3D, ML=0.

GRAM	00h	01h	02h	03h	---	5Dh	5Eh	5Fh	---	80h	81h	82h	83h
	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	---	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	---	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0	DB---DB 17 ---0
00h	0000H	0001H	0002H	0003H	---	005DH	005EH	005FH	---	0080H	0081H	0082H	0083H
01h	0100H	0101H	0102H	0103H	---	015DH	015EH	015FH	---	0180H	0181H	0182H	0183H
02h	0200H	0201H	0202H	0203H	---	025DH	025EH	025FH	---	0280H	0281H	0282H	0283H
03h	0300H	0301H	0302H	0303H	---	035DH	035EH	035FH	---	0380H	0381H	0382H	0383H
04h	0400H	0401H	0402H	0403H	---	045DH	045EH	045FH	---	0480H	0481H	0482H	0483H
05h	0500H	0501H	0502H	0503H	---	055DH	055EH	055FH	---	0580H	0581H	0582H	0583H
...	---	---
3Fh	3F00H	3F01H	3F02H	3F03H	---	3F5DH	3F5EH	3F5FH	---	3F80H	3F81H	3F82H	3F83H
40h	4000H	4001H	4002H	4003H	---	405DH	405EH	405FH	---	4080H	4081H	4082H	4083H
41h	4100H	4101H	4102H	4103H	---	415DH	415EH	415FH	---	4180H	4181H	4182H	4183H
...	---	---
9Ch	9C00H	9C01H	9C02H	9C03H	---	9C5DH	9C5EH	9C5FH	---	9C80H	9C81H	9C82H	9C83H
9Dh	9DB00H	9DB01H	9DB02H	9DB03H	---	9DB5DH	9DB5EH	9DB5FH	---	9DB80H	9DB81H	9DB82H	9DB83H
9Eh	9E00H	9E01H	9E02H	9E03H	---	9E5DH	9E5EH	9E5FH	---	9E80H	9E81H	9E82H	9E83H
9Fh	9F00H	9F01H	9F02H	9F03H	---	9F5DH	9F5EH	9F5FH	---	9F80H	9F81H	9F82H	9F83H
A0h	A000H	A001H	A002H	A003H	---	A05DH	A05EH	A05FH	---	A080H	A081H	A082H	A083H
A1h	A100H	A101H	A102H	A103H	---	A15DH	A15EH	A15FH	---	A180H	A181H	A182H	A183H

	LCD panel S/G pins	S55	S56	S57	---	S340	S341	S342
		Non-display area 2 lines	G1	0000H	-----	-----	-----	005FH
Display area 60 lines	G2	0100H	-----	-----	-----	015FH	-----	-----
	G3	0200H	-----	-----	-----	025FH	-----	-----
	G4	0300H	-----	-----	-----	035FH	-----	-----
	G5	0400H	-----	-----	-----	045FH	-----	-----
	G6	0500H	-----	-----	-----	055FH	-----	-----

Non-display area 2 lines	G63	3E00H	-----	-----	-----	3E5FH	-----	-----
	G64	3F00H	-----	-----	-----	3F5FH	-----	-----

Table 5. 19

5.4 Vertical Scrolling Display

The vertical scrolling display is specified by SCRLAR instruction (R33h) and VSCSAD instruction (R37h). The Vertical scrolling is only enable when using 132 x 162 GRAM resolution, display resolution 132RGB x 162 and support S45AP spec (RSO[2:0]=3'b000 & STE_SEL=0)

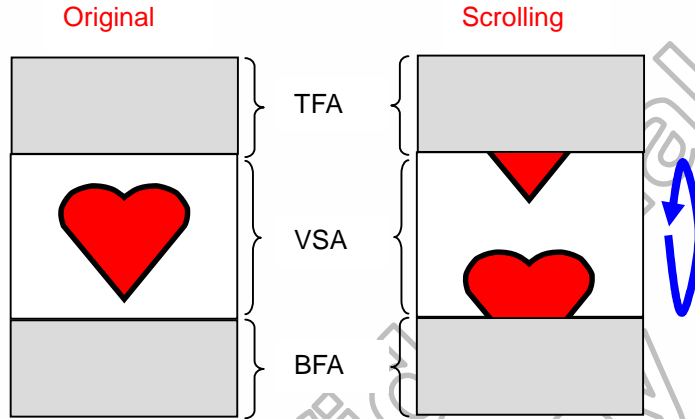


Figure 5. 42

RSO[2:0]=3'b000 (132RGBx162)

When RSO[2:0]=3'b000(132RGB x 162) and Vertical Scrolling Definition Parameters (TFA+VSA+BFA)=162 (other setting is prohibited). In this case, scrolling is applied as shown below.

Example 1: RSO=2'b00(132RGB x 162), TFA =3, VSA=157, BFA=2, VSP=4, MADCTR(ML)=0: Scrolling

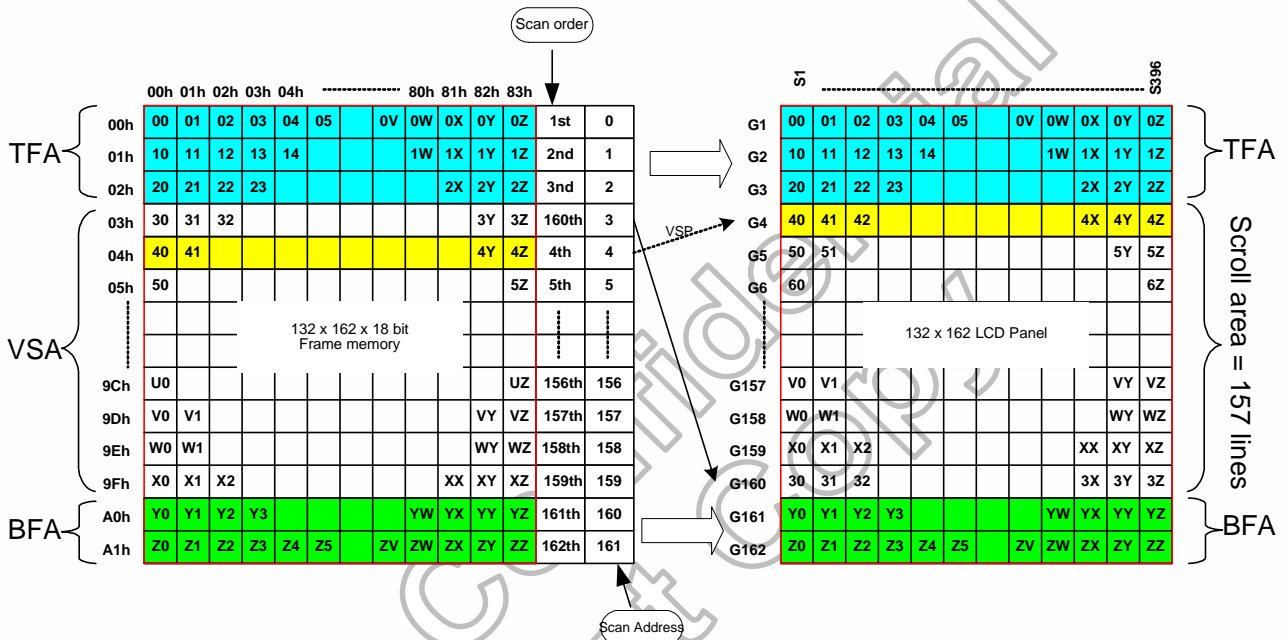


Figure 5. 43

Example 2: RSO=2'b00(132RGB x 162), TFA =3, VSA=157, BFA=2, SSA=4, MADCTR (ML)=1: Scrolling (TFA and BFA are exchanged)

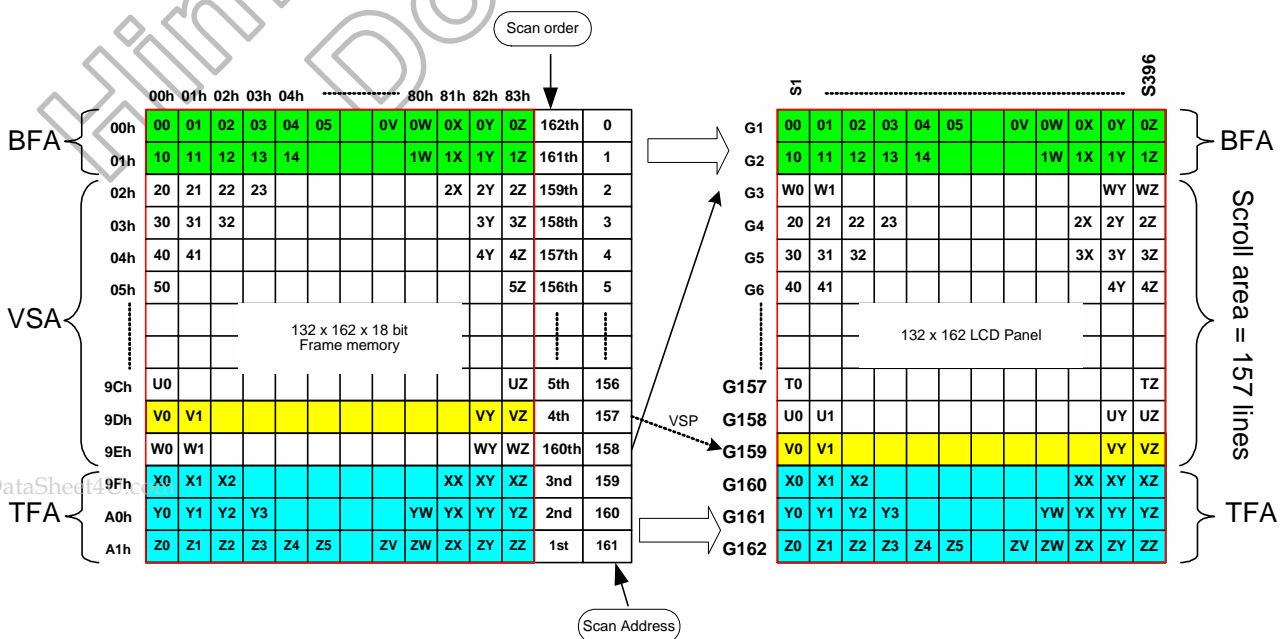


Figure 5. 44

5.5 Tearing Effect Output Line

The Tearing Effect output line supplies to the MPU a Panel synchronization signal. This signal can be enabled or disabled by the Tearing Effect Line Off & On commands. The mode of the Tearing Effect signal is defined by the parameter of the Tearing Effect Line On command. The signal can be used by the MPU to synchronize Frame Memory Writing when displaying video images.

5.5.1 Tearing Effect Line Modes

Mode 1, the Tearing Effect Output signal consists of V-Blanking Information only:

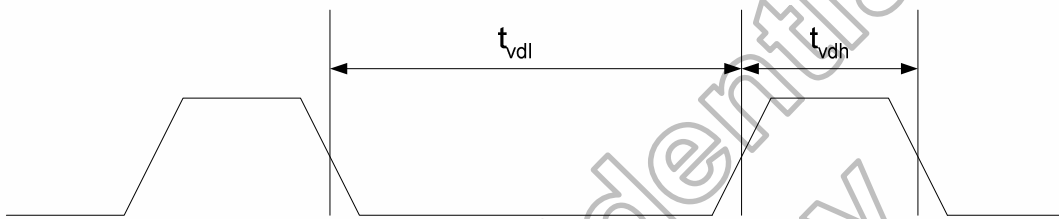


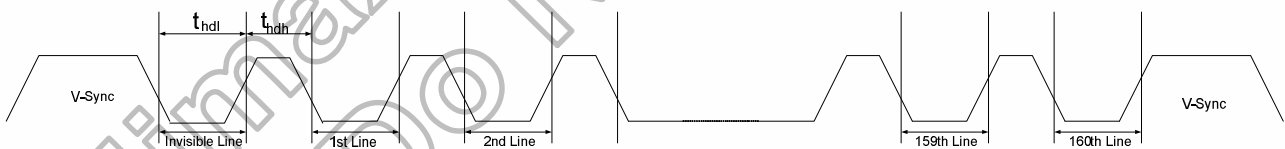
Figure 5. 45

t_{VREG1} = The LCD display is not updated from the Frame Memory

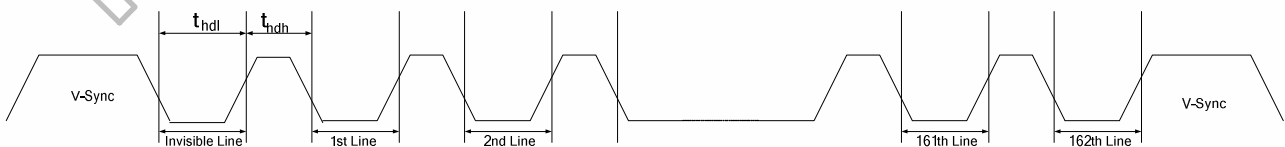
t_{vdl} = The LCD display is updated from the Frame Memory (except Invisible Line – see below)

Mode 2, The Tearing Effect Output signal consists of V-Blanking and H-Blanking Information, there is one V-sync and N H-sync pulses per field on different resolution.

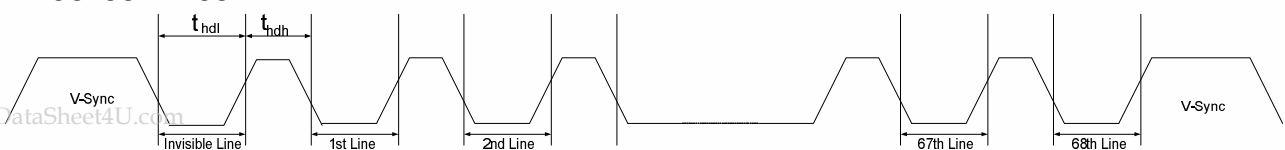
128RGBx160 (Support S43AP and S44AP): N=160



132RGBx162 (Support S45AP): N=162



96x68: N=68



96x64: N=64

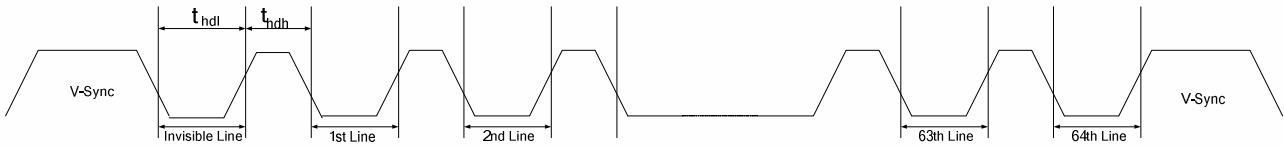
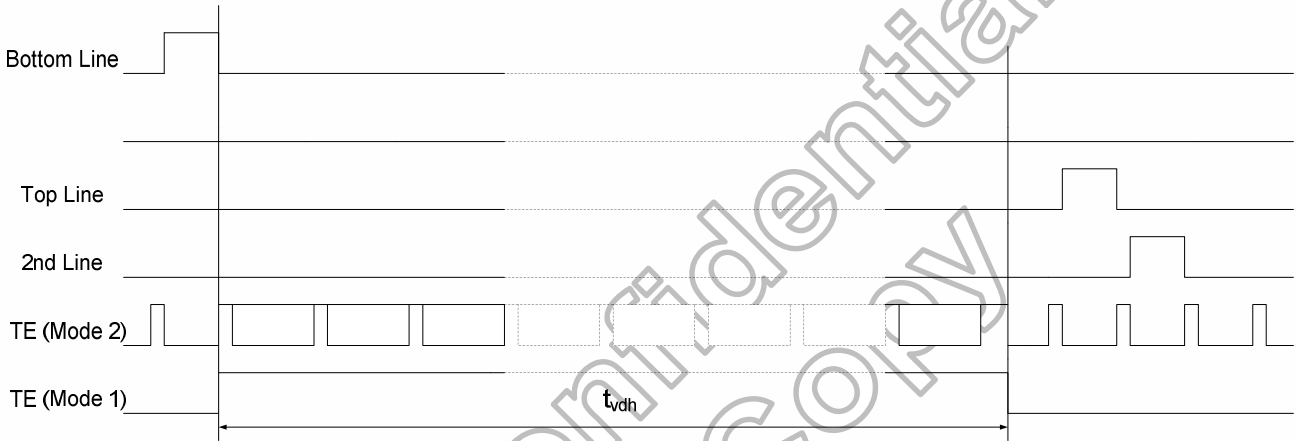


Figure 5. 46

t_{hdh} = The LCD display is not updated from the Frame Memory

t_{hdi} = The LCD display is updated from the Frame Memory (except Invisible Line – see above.)



Note: During Sleep In Mode, the Tearing Output Pin is active Low

Figure 5. 47

5.5.2 Tearing Effect Line Timing

The Tearing Effect signal is described below.

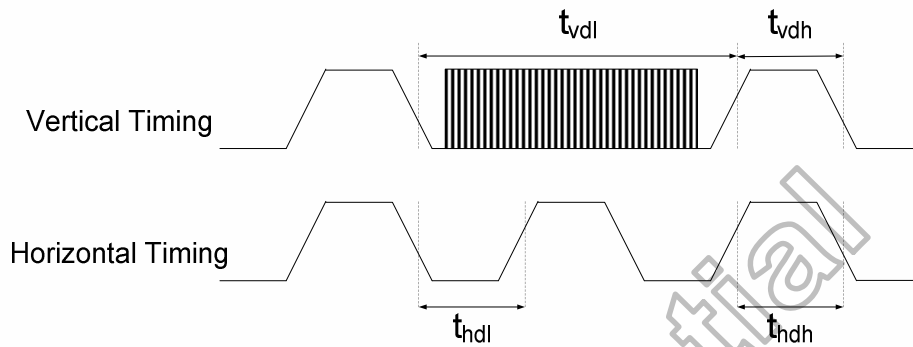


Figure 5. 48

Idle Mode Off (Frame Rate = TBDHz)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Description
t _{vdl}	Vertical Timing Low Duration	TBD	-	ms	-
t _{VREG1}	Vertical Timing High Duration	1000	-	us	-
t _{hdl}	Horizontal Timing Low Duration	TBD	-	us	-
t _{hdh}	Horizontal Timing High Duration	TBD	500	us	-

Note: The timings in Table 5.12 apply when MADCTL ML=0 and ML=1

Table 5. 20 AC characteristics of Tearing Effect Signal

The signal's rise and fall times (t_f, t_r) are stipulated to be equal to or less than 15ns.

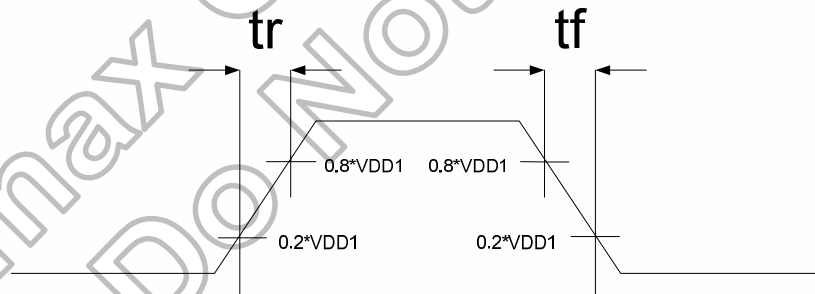


Figure 5. 49

The Tearing Effect Output Line is fed back to the MPU and should be used as shown below to avoid Tearing Effect:

5.5.3 Example 1: MPU Write is faster than Panel Read

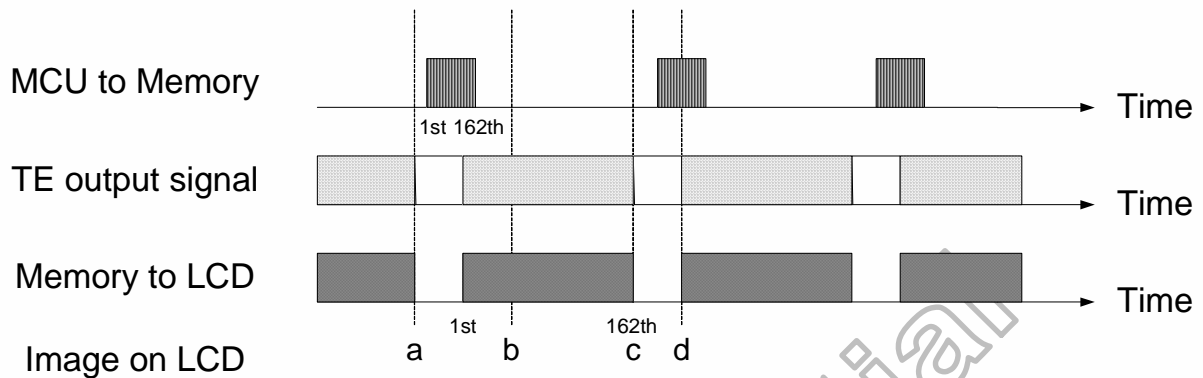


Figure 5. 50

Data write to Frame Memory is now synchronized to the Panel Scan. It should be written during the vertical sync pulse of the Tearing Effect Output Line. This ensures that data is always written ahead of the panel scan and each Panel Frame refresh has a complete new image:

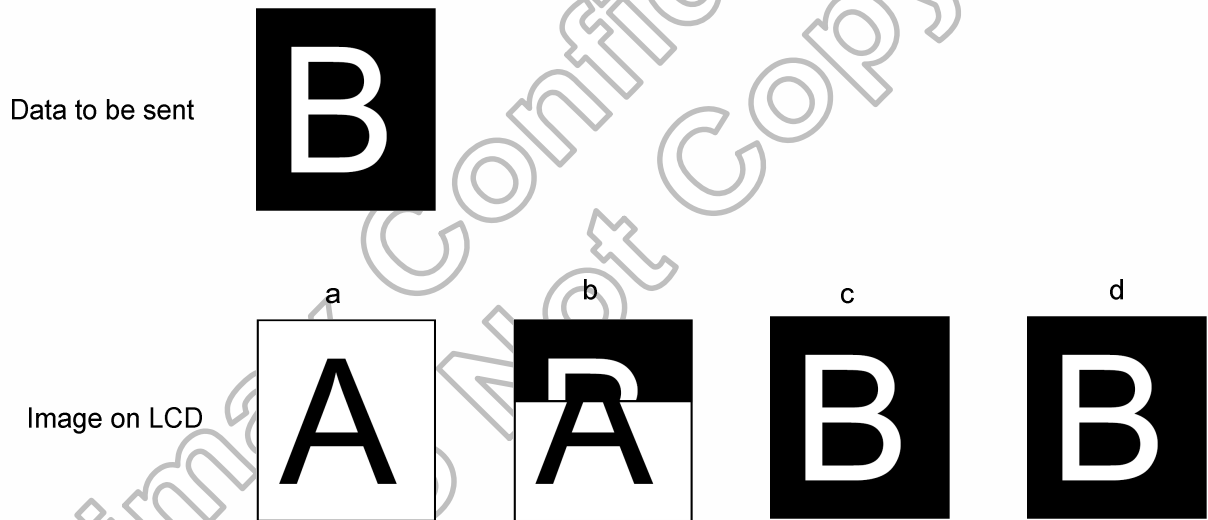


Figure 5. 51

5.5.4 Example 2: MPU Write is slower than Panel Read

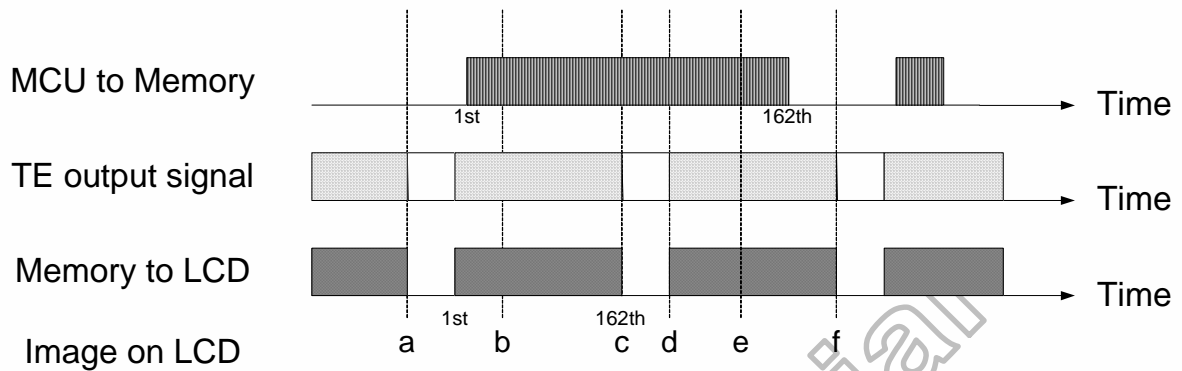
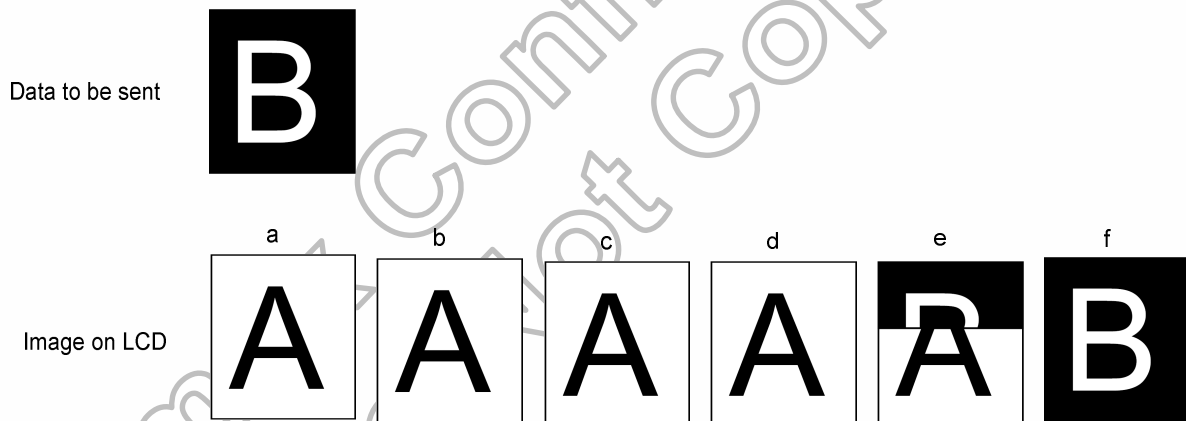


Figure 5. 52

The MPU to Frame Memory write begins just after Panel Read has commenced i.e. after one horizontal sync pulse of the Tearing Effect Output Line. This allows time for the image to download behind the Panel Read pointer and finishing download during the subsequent Frame before the Read Pointer “catches” the MPU to Frame memory write position.



5.6 Color Depth Conversion Look-up Tables

R input (4bit) 12 bit/pixel -mode 4,096 colours	R input (5 bit) 16 bit/pixel -mode 65,536 colours	R output (6bit) 18 bit/pixel -mode 262,144 colours	RGBSET Parameter
0000	00000	R005R004 R003 R002 R001 R000	1
0001	00001	R015R014 R013 R012 R011 R010	2
0010	00010	R025R024 R023 R022 R021 R020	3
0011	00011	R035R034 R033 R032 R031 R030	4
0100	00100	R045R044 R043 R042 R041 R040	5
0101	00101	R055R054 R053 R052 R051 R050	6
0110	00110	R065R064 R063 R062 R061 R060	7
0111	00111	R075R074 R073 R072 R071 R070	8
1000	01000	R085R084 R083 R082 R081 R080	9
1001	01001	R095R094 R093 R092 R091 R090	10
1010	01010	R105R104 R103 R102 R101 R100	11
1011	01011	R115R114 R113 R112 R111 R110	12
1100	01100	R125R124 R123 R122 R121 R120	13
1101	01101	R135R134 R133 R132 R131 R130	14
1110	01110	R145R144 R143 R142 R141 R140	15
1111	01111	R155R154 R153 R152 R151 R150	16
No Input	10000	R165R164 R163 R162 R161 R160	17
No Input	10001	R175R174 R173 R172 R171 R170	18
No Input	10010	R185R184 R183 R182 R181 R180	19
No Input	10011	R195R194 R193 R192 R191 R190	20
No Input	10100	R205R204 R203 R202 R201 R200	21
No Input	10101	R215R214 R213 R212 R211 R210	22
No Input	10110	R225R224 R223 R222 R221 R220	23
No Input	10111	R235R234 R233 R232 R231 R230	24
No Input	11000	R245R244 R243 R242 R241 R240	25
No Input	11001	R255R254 R253 R252 R251 R250	26
No Input	11010	R265R264 R263 R262 R261 R260	27
No Input	11011	R275R274 R273 R272 R271 R270	28
No Input	11100	R285R284 R283 R282 R281 R280	29
No Input	11101	R295R294 R293 R292 R291 R290	30
No Input	11110	R305R304 R303 R302 R301 R300	31
No Input	11111	R315R314 R313 R312 R311 R310	32

G input (4bit) 12 bit/pixel -mode 4,096 colours	G input (6 bit) 16 bit/pixel -mode 65,536 colours	G output (6bit) 18 bit/pixel -mode 262,144 colours	RGBSET Parameter
0000	000000	G005G004 G003 G002 G001 G000	33
0001	000001	G015G014 G013 G012 G011 G010	34
0010	000010	G025G024 G023 G022 G021 G020	35
0011	000011	G035G034 G033 G032 G031 G030	36
0100	000100	G045G044 G043 G042 G041 G040	37
0101	000101	G055G054 G053 G052 G051 G050	38
0110	000110	G065G064 G063 G062 G061 G060	39
0111	000111	G075G074 G073 G072 G071 G070	40
1000	001000	G085G084 G083 G082 G081 G080	41
1001	001001	G095G094 G093 G092 G091 G090	42
1010	001010	G105G104 G103 G102 G101 G100	43
1011	001011	G115G114 G113 G112 G111 G110	44
1100	001100	G125G124 G123 G122 G121 G120	45
1101	001101	G135G134 G133 G132 G131 G130	46
1110	001110	G145G144 G143 G142 G141 G140	47
1111	001111	G155G154 G153 G152 G151 G150	48
No Input	010000	G165G164 G163 G162 G161 G160	49
No Input	010001	G175G174 G173 G172 G171 G170	50
No Input	010010	G185G184 G183 G182 G181 G180	51
No Input	010011	G195G194 G193 G192 G191 G190	52
No Input	010100	G205G204 G203 G202 G201 G200	53
No Input	010101	G215G214 G213 G212 G211 G210	54
No Input	010110	G225G224 G223 G222 G221 G220	55
No Input	010111	G235G234 G233 G232 G231 G230	56
No Input	011000	G245G244 G243 G242 G241 G240	57
No Input	011001	G255G254 G253 G252 G251 G250	58
No Input	011010	G265G264 G263 G262 G261 G260	59
No Input	011011	G275G274 G273 G272 G271 G270	60
No Input	011100	G285G284 G283 G282 G281 G280	61
No Input	011101	G295G294 G293 G292 G291 G290	62
No Input	011110	G305G304 G303 G302 G301 G300	63
No Input	011111	G315G314 G313 G312 G311 G310	64

G input (4bit) 12 bit/pixel -mode 4,096 colours	G input (6 bit) 16 bit/pixel -mode 65,536 colours	G output (6bit) 18 bit/pixel -mode 262,144 colours	RGBSET Parameter
No Input	100000	G325 G324 G323 G322 G321 G320	65
No Input	100001	G335 G334 G333 G332 G331 G330	66
No Input	100010	G345 G344 G343 G342 G341 G340	67
No Input	100011	G355 G354 G353 G352 G351 G350	68
No Input	100100	G365 G364 G363 G362 G361 G360	69
No Input	100101	G375 G374 G373 G372 G371 G370	70
No Input	100110	G385 G384 G383 G382 G381 G380	71
No Input	100111	G395 G394 G393 G392 G391 G390	72
No Input	101000	G405 G404 G403 G402 G401 G400	73
No Input	101001	G415 G414 G413 G412 G411 G410	74
No Input	101010	G425 G424 G423 G422 G421 G420	75
No Input	101011	G435 G434 G433 G432 G431 G430	76
No Input	101100	G445 G444 G443 G442 G441 G440	77
No Input	101101	G455 G454 G453 G452 G451 G450	78
No Input	101110	G465 G464 G463 G462 G461 G460	79
No Input	101111	G475 G474 G473 G472 G471 G470	80
No Input	110000	G485 G484 G483 G482 G481 G480	81
No Input	110001	G495 G494 G493 G492 G491 G490	82
No Input	110010	G505 G504 G503 G502 G501 G500	83
No Input	110011	G515 G514 G513 G512 G511 G510	84
No Input	110100	G525 G524 G523 G522 G521 G520	85
No Input	110101	G535 G534 G533 G532 G531 G530	86
No Input	110110	G545 G544 G543 G542 G541 G540	87
No Input	110111	G555 G554 G553 G552 G551 G550	88
No Input	111000	G565 G564 G563 G562 G561 G560	89
No Input	111001	G575 G574 G573 G572 G571 G570	90
No Input	111010	G585 G584 G583 G582 G581 G580	91
No Input	111011	G595 G594 G593 G592 G591 G590	92
No Input	111100	G605 G604 G603 G602 G601 G600	93
No Input	111101	G615 G614 G613 G612 G611 G610	94
No Input	111110	G625 G624 G623 G622 G621 G620	95
No Input	111111	G635 G634 G633 G632 G631 G630	96

B input (4bit) 12 bit/pixel -mode 4,096 colours	B input (5 bit) 16 bit/pixel -mode 65,536 colours	B output (6bit) 18 bit/pixel -mode 262,144 colours	RGBSET Parameter
0000	00000	B005B004 B003 B002 B001 B000	97
0001	00001	B015B014 B013 B012 B011 B010	98
0010	00010	B025B024 B023 B022 B021 B020	99
0011	00011	B035B034 B033 B032 B031 B030	100
0100	00100	B045B044 B043 B042 B041 B040	101
0101	00101	B055B054 B053 B052 B051 B050	102
0110	00110	B065B064 B063 B062 B061 B060	103
0111	00111	B075B074 B073 B072 B071 B070	104
1000	01000	B085B084 B083 B082 B081 B080	105
1001	01001	B095B094 B093 B092 B091 B090	106
1010	01010	B105B104 B103 B102 B101 B100	107
1011	01011	B115B114 B113 B112 B111 B110	108
1100	01100	B125B124 B123 B122 B121 B120	109
1101	01101	B135B134 B133 B132 B131 B130	110
1110	01110	B145B144 B143 B142 B141 B140	111
1111	01111	B155B154 B153 B152 B151 B150	112
No Input	10000	B165B164 B163 B162 B161 B160	113
No Input	10001	B175B174 B173 B172 B171 B170	114
No Input	10010	B185B184 B183 B182 B181 B180	115
No Input	10011	B195B194 B193 B192 B191 B190	116
No Input	10100	B205B204 B203 B202 B201 B200	117
No Input	10101	B215B214 B213 B212 B211 B210	118
No Input	10110	B225B224 B223 B222 B221 B220	119
No Input	10111	B235B234 B233 B232 B231 B230	120
No Input	11000	B245B244 B243 B242 B241 B240	121
No Input	11001	B255B254 B253 B252 B251 B250	122
No Input	11010	B265B264 B263 B262 B261 B260	123
No Input	11011	B275B274 B273 B272 B271 B270	124
No Input	11100	B285B284 B283 B282 B281 B280	125
No Input	11101	B295B294 B293 B292 B291 B290	126
No Input	11110	B305B304 B303 B302 B301 B300	127
No Input	11111	B315B314 B313 B312 B311 B310	128

5.7 Oscillator

The HX8353-C has an internal oscillator without extra external components that provide a source for system clock generator.

5.8 Source Driver

The HX8353-C contains a 396 channels of source driver (S1~S396) which is used for driving the source line of TFT LCD panel. The source driver converts the digital data from GRAM into the analog voltage for 396 channels and generates corresponding gray scale voltage output, which can realize a 262,144 colors display simultaneously. Since the output circuit of this source driver incorporates an operational amplifier, a positive and a negative voltage can be alternately output from each channel.

5.9 Gate Driver

The HX8353-C contains a 160 gate channels of gate driver (G1~G160) which is used for driving the gate. The gate driver level is VGH when scan some line, VGL the other lines.

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5.10 LCD POWER GENERATION CIRCUIT

5.10.1 LCD Power Generation Scheme

The boost voltage generated is shown as below.

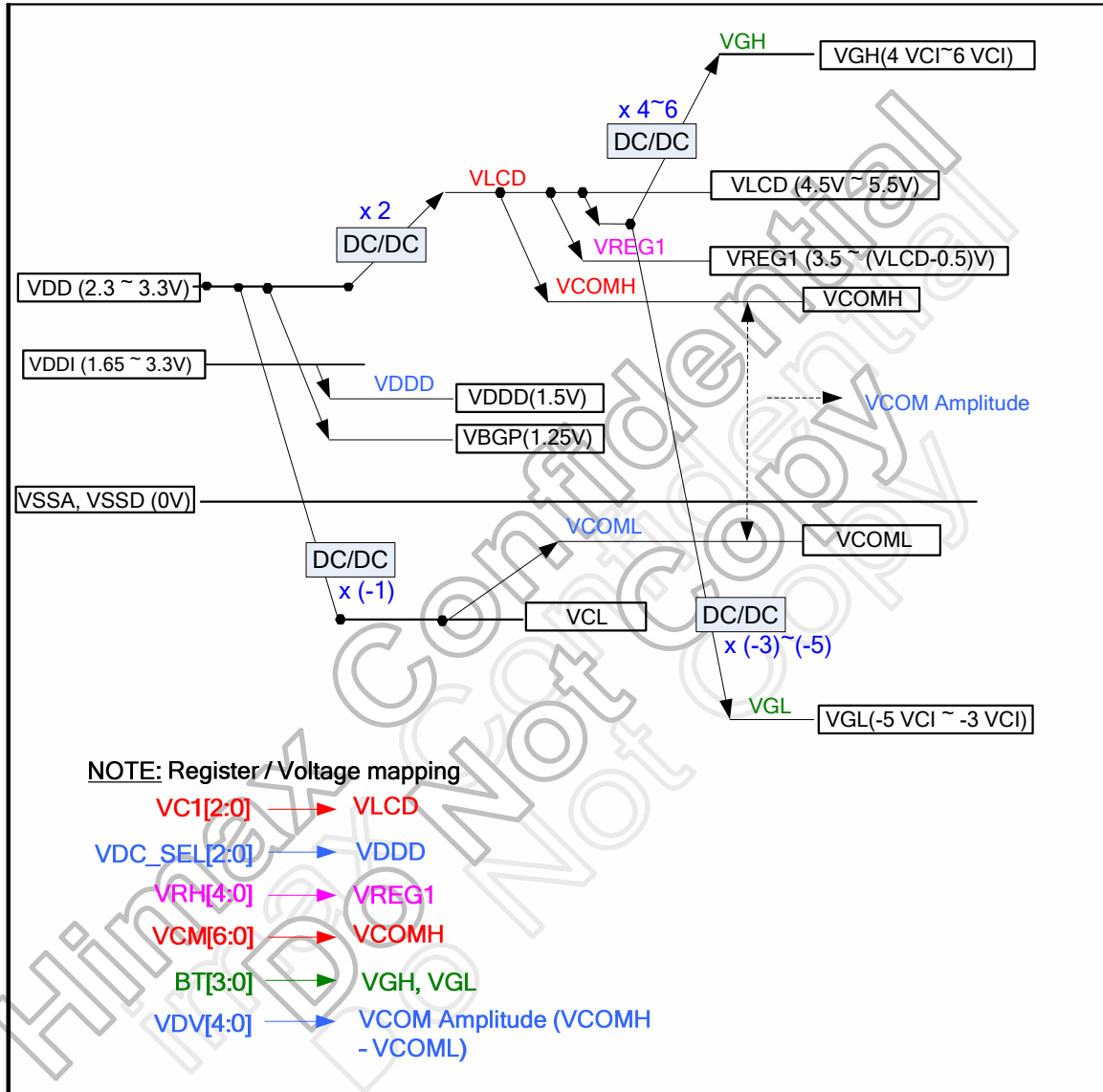


Figure 5. 53 LCD power generation scheme

5.10.2 Various Boosting Steps

The boost steps of each boosting voltage are selected according to how the external capacitors are connected. Different booster applications are shown as below.

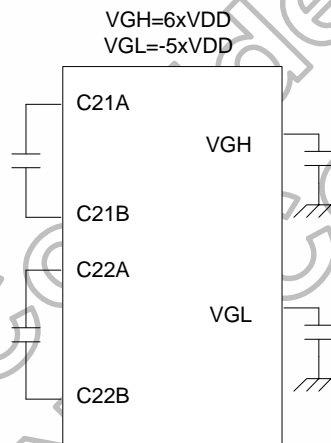
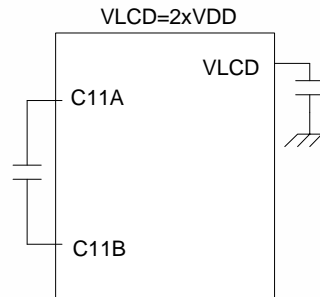


Figure 5. 54 Block Diagram of Power Supply Circuit

5.11 Gray Voltage Generator for Source Driver

The HX8353-C incorporates gamma adjustment function for the 262,144-color display (64 grayscale for each R, G, B color). Gamma adjustment operation is implemented by deciding the 8 grayscale levels firstly in gamma adjustment control registers to match the LCD panel. These registers are available for both polarities.

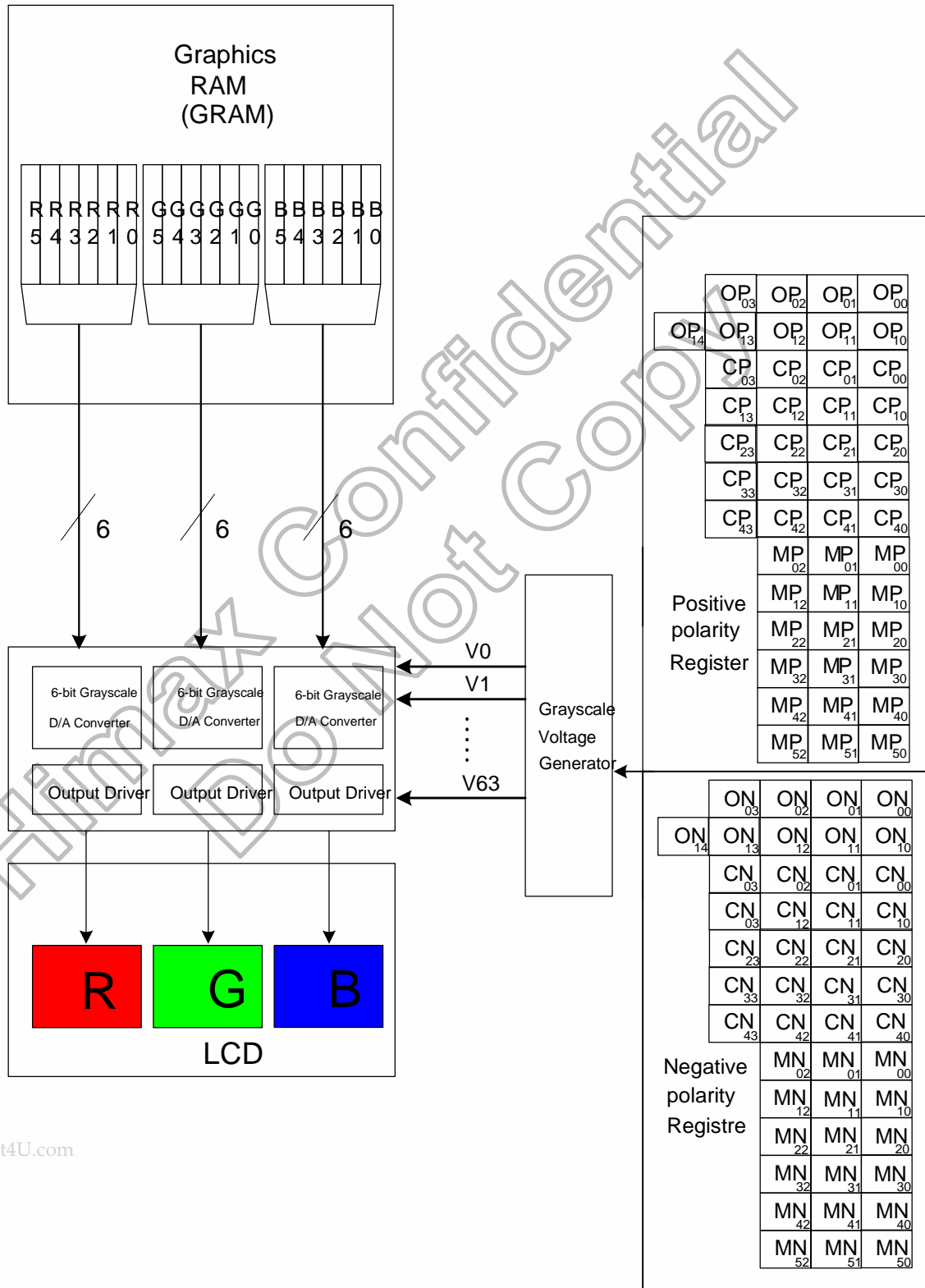
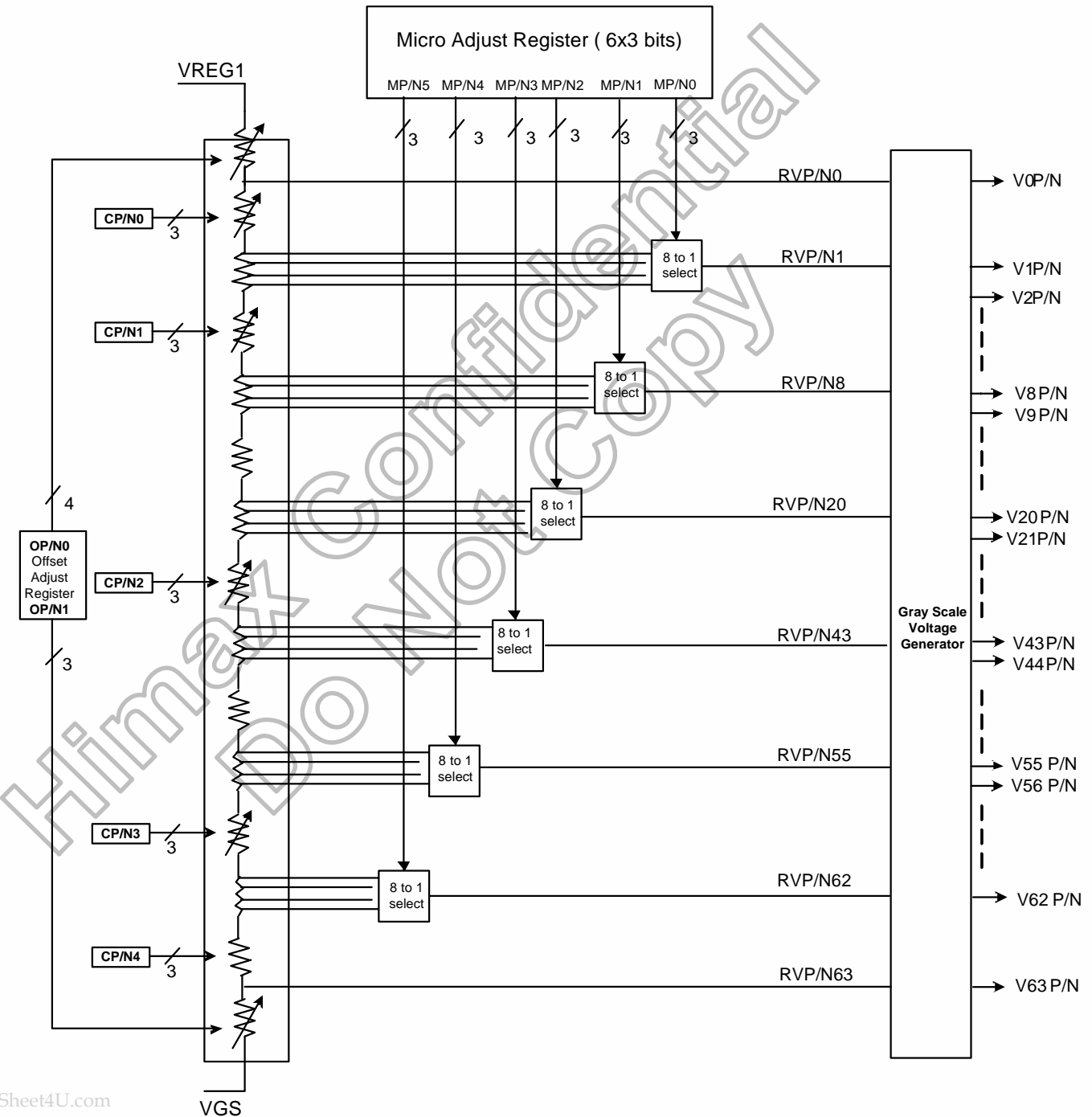


Figure 5. 55 Grayscale Control

5.11.1 Structure of Grayscale Voltage Generator

Eight reference gamma voltages $V_{gP/N}(0, 1, 8, 20, 43, 55, 62, 63)$ for positive and negative polarity are specified by the center adjustment, the micro adjustment and the offset adjustment registers firstly. With those eight voltage injected into specified node of grayscale voltage generator, totally 64 grayscale voltages (V_0-V_{63}) can be generated from grayscale amplifier for LCD panel.



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Figure 5. 56 Structure of Grayscale Voltage Generator

5.11.2 Gamma-Characteristics Adjustment Register

This HX8353-C has register groups for specifying a series grayscale voltage that meets the Gamma-characteristics for the LCD panel. These registers are divided into two groups, which correspond to the gradient, amplitude, and macro adjustment of the voltage for the grayscale characteristics. The polarity of each register can be specified independently. (R, G, and B are common.)

5.11.2.1 Offset Adjustment Registers 0/1

The offset adjustment variable registers are used to adjust the amplitude of the grayscale voltage. This function is implemented by controlling these variable resistors in the top and bottom of the gamma resistor stream for reference gamma voltage generation. These registers are available for both positive and negative polarities.

5.11.2.2 Gamma Center Adjustment Registers

The gamma center adjustment registers are used to adjust the reference gamma voltage in the middle level of grayscale without changing the dynamic range. This function is implemented by choosing one input of 8 to 1 selector in the gamma resistor stream for reference gamma voltage generation. These registers are available for both positive and negative polarities.

5.11.3 Gamma Macro Adjustment Registers

The gamma macro adjustment registers can be used for fine adjustment of the reference gamma voltage. This function is implemented by controlling the 8-to-1 selectors (MP/N0~5), each of which has 8 inputs and generate one reference voltage output (RVP/N 0, 1, 8, 20, 44, 56, 63, 64). These registers are available for both positive and negative polarities.

Register Groups	Positive Polarity	Description
Center Adjustment	CP/N0 3-0	Variable resistor (VRTP/N) for center adjustment
	CP/N1 3-0	Variable resistor (VRCP/N0)for center adjustment
	CP/N2 3-0	Variable resistor (VRMP/N) for center adjustment
	CP/N3 3-0	Variable resistor (VRCP/N1)for center adjustment
	CP/N4 3-0	Variable resistor (VRBP/N)for center adjustment
Macro Adjustment	MP/N0 2-0	8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 1)
	MP/N1 2-0	8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 8)
	MP/N2 2-0	8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 20)
	MP/N3 2-0	8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 43)
	MP/N4 2-0	8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 55)
Offset Adjustment	OP/N0 3-0	Variable resistor (VRP/N0)for offset adjustment
	OP/N1 4-0	Variable resistor (VRP/N1)for offset adjustment

Table 5. 21 Gamma-Adjustment Registers

5.11.4 Gamma Resister Stream and 8 to 1 Selector

The block consists of two gamma resister streams, one is for positive polarity and the other is for negative polarity, each one includes eight gamma reference voltages (Vg(P/N)0, 1, 8, 20, 43, 55, 62, 63). Furthermore, the block has a pin (VGS) to connect a variable resistor outside the chip for the variation between panels, if needed.

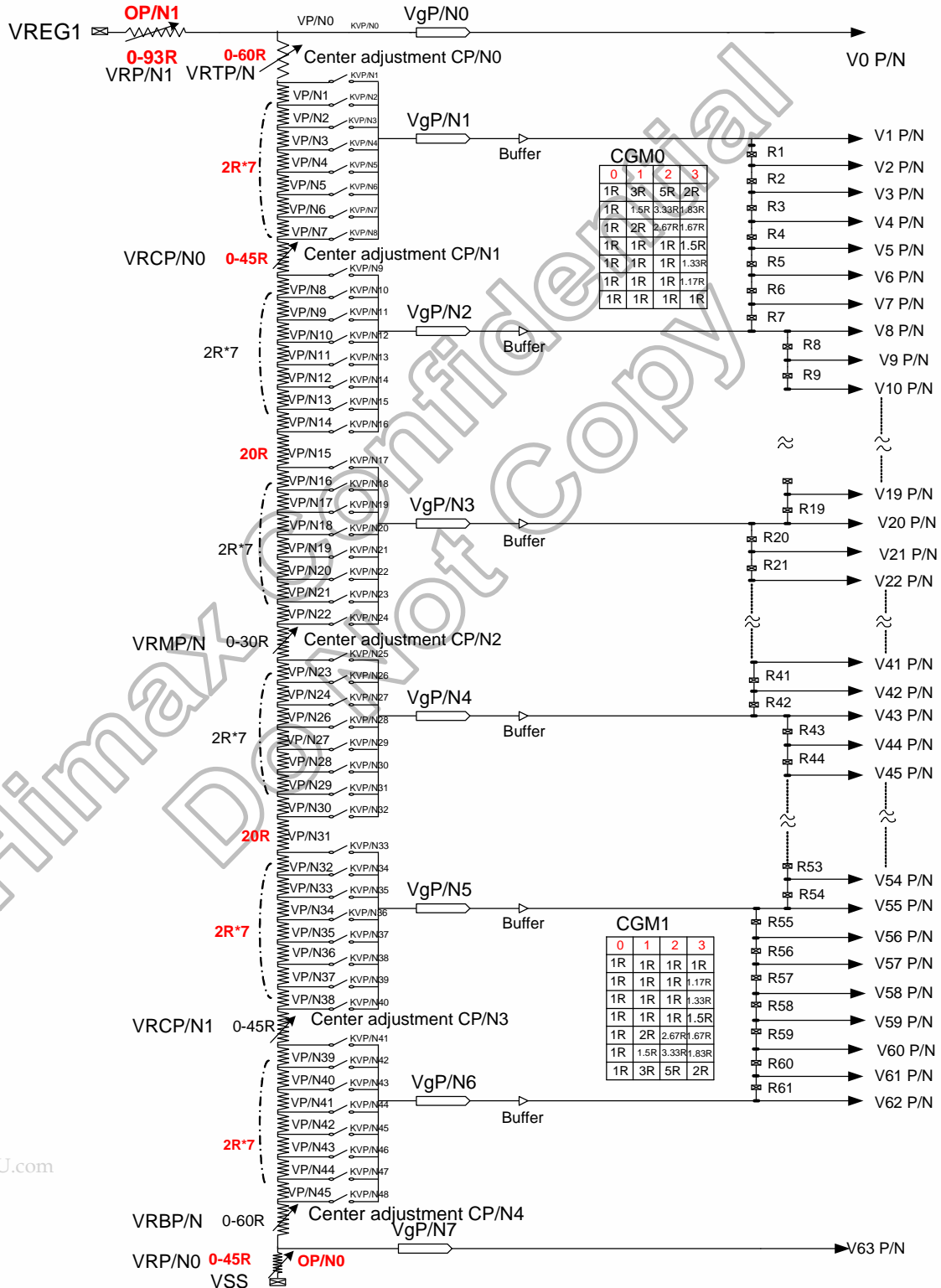


Figure 5. 57 Gamma Resister Stream and Gamma Reference Voltage

5.11.5 Variable Resister

There are two types of variable resistors, one is for center adjustment and the other is for offset adjustment. The resistances are decided by setting values in the center adjustment, offset adjustment registers. Their relationship is shown as below.

Value in Register OP/N0 3-0	Resistance VRP/N0
0000	0R
0001	3R
0010	6R
•	•
•	•
1101	39R
1110	42R
1111	45R

Table 5. 22 Offset Adjustment 0

Value in Register OP/N1 4-0	Resistance VRP/N1
00000	0R
00001	3R
00010	6R
•	•
•	•
11101	87R
11110	90R
11111	93R

Table 5. 23 Offset Adjustment 1

Value in Register CP/N0 3-0	Resistance VRTP/N	Value in Register CP/N4 3-0	Resistance VRBP/N	Value in Register CP/N2 3-0	Resistance VRMP/N0
0000	0R	0000	0R	0000	0R
0001	4R	0001	4R	0001	2R
0010	8R	0010	8R	0010	4R
•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•
1100	•	1100	48R	1100	24R
1101	52R	1101	52R	1101	26R
1110	56R	1110	56R	1110	28R
1111	60R	1111	60R	1111	30R

Value in Register CP/N3 3-0	Resistance VRCP/N1
0000	0R
0001	3R
0010	6R
•	•
•	•
1100	36R
1101	39R
1110	42R
1111	45R

Value in Register CP/N1 3-0	Resistance VRCP/N0
0000	0R
0001	3R
0010	6R
•	•
•	•
1100	36R
1101	39R
1110	42R
1111	45R

Table 5. 24 Center Adjustment

8 to 1 Selector

The 8 to 1 selector has eight input voltages generated by gamma resistor stream, and outputs one reference voltages selected from inputs for gamma reference voltage generation by setting value in macro adjustment register. There are six 8 to 1 selectors and the relationship is shown as below.

Value in Register M(P/N) 2-0	Voltage level					
	Vg(P/N) 1	Vg(P/N) 2	Vg(P/N) 3	Vg(P/N) 4	Vg(P/N) 5	Vg(P/N) 6
000	VP(N)1	VP(N)9	VP(N)17	VP(N)25	VP(N)33	VP(N)41
001	VP(N)2	VP(N)10	VP(N)18	VP(N)26	VP(N)34	VP(N)42
010	VP(N)3	VP(N)11	VP(N)19	VP(N)27	VP(N)35	VP(N)43
011	VP(N)4	VP(N)12	VP(N)20	VP(N)28	VP(N)36	VP(N)44
100	VP(N)5	VP(N)13	VP(N)21	VP(N)29	VP(N)37	VP(N)45
101	VP(N)6	VP(N)14	VP(N)22	VP(N)30	VP(N)38	VP(N)46
110	VP(N)7	VP(N)15	VP(N)23	VP(N)31	VP(N)39	VP(N)47
111	VP(N)8	VP(N)16	VP(N)24	VP(N)32	VP(N)40	VP(N)48

Table 5. 25 Output Voltage of 8 to 1 Selector

The grayscale levels are determined by the following formulas.

Reference Voltage	Formula		Pin
VgP/N0	----	$VREG1 - VD \cdot VRP/N0 / \text{sumRP/N}$	KVP0/KVN49
VgP1/VgN7	MP/N0 2-0=000	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP1/KVN48
	MP/N0 2-0=001	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 2R) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP2/ KVN47
	MP/N0 2-0=010	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 4R) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP3/ KVN46
	MP/N0 2-0=011	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 6R) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP4/ KVN45
	MP/N0 2-0=100	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 8R) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP5/ KVN44
	MP/N0 2-0=101	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 10R) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP6/ KVN43
	MP/N0 2-0=110	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 12R) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP7/ KVN42
	MP/N0 2-0=111	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 14R) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP8/ KVN41
VgP2/VgN2	MP/N1 2-0=000	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 14R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP9/ KVN40
	MP/N1 2-0=001	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 16R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP10/ KVN39
	MP/N1 2-0=010	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 18R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP11/ KVN38
	MP/N1 2-0=011	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 20R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP12/ KVN37
	MP/N1 2-0=100	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 22R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP13/ KVN36
	MP/N1 2-0=101	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 24R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP14/ KVN35
	MP/N1 2-0=110	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 26R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP15/ KVN34
	MP/N1 2-0=111	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 28R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP16/ KVN33
VgP3/VgN3	MP/N2 2-0=000	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 48R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP17/ KVN32
	MP/N2 2-0=001	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 50R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP18/ KVN31
	MP/N2 2-0=010	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 52R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP19/ KVN30
	MP/N2 2-0=011	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 54R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP20/ KVN29
	MP/N2 2-0=100	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 56R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP21/ KVN28
	MP/N2 2-0=101	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 58R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP22/ KVN27
	MP/N2 2-0=110	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 60R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP23/ KVN26
	MP/N2 2-0=111	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + 62R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP24/ KVN25
VgP4/VgN4	MP/N3 2-0=000	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 62R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP25/ KVN24
	MP/N3 2-0=001	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 64R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP26/ KVN23
	MP/N3 2-0=010	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 66R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP27/ KVN22
	MP/N3 2-0=011	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 68R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP28/ KVN21
	MP/N3 2-0=100	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 70R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP29/ KVN20
	MP/N3 2-0=101	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 72R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP30/ KVN19
	MP/N3 2-0=110	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 74R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP31/ KVN18
	MP/N3 2-0=111	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 76R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP32/ KVN17
VgP5/VgN5	MP/N4 2-0=000	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 96R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP33/ KVN16
	MP/N4 2-0=001	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 98R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP34/ KVN15
	MP/N4 2-0=010	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 100R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP35/ KVN14
	MP/N4 2-0=011	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 102R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP36/ KVN13
	MP/N4 2-0=100	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 104R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP37/ KVN12
	MP/N4 2-0=101	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 106R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP38/ KVN11
	MP/N4 2-0=110	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 108R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP39/ KVN10
	MP/N4 2-0=111	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 110R + VRCP/N0) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP40/ KVN9
VgP6/VgN6	MP/N5 2-0=000	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 110R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP41/ KVN8
	MP/N5 2-0=001	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 112R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP42/ KVN7
	MP/N5 2-0=010	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 114R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP43/ KVN6
	MP/N5 2-0=011	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 116R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP44/ KVN5
	MP/N5 2-0=100	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 118R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP45/ KVN4
	MP/N5 2-0=101	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 120R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP46/ KVN3
	MP/N5 2-0=110	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 122R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP47/ KVN2
	MP/N5 2-0=111	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 124R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP48/ KVN1
VgP7/VgN7	----	$VREG1 - VD \cdot ((VRP/N0 + VRBP/N + VRTP/N + VRMP/N + 104R + VRCP/N0 + VRCP/N1) / \text{sumRP/N})$	KVP49/ KVN0

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 SumRP=124R+VRP0+ VRP1+ VRTP+ VRCP0+VRMP+VRCP1+VRBP
 SumRN=124R+ VRP0+ VRP1+ VRTP+ VRCP0+VRMP+VRCP1+VRBP
 VD=(VREG1-VSS)

Table 5. 26 Voltage Calculation Formula

Grayscale Voltage	Formula	Grayscale Voltage	Formula
V0P/V63N	VgP/N0	V32P/V31N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(11/23)$
V1P/V62N	VgP/N1	V33P/V30N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(10/23)$
V2P/V61N	$VgP/N2+(VgP/N1-VgP/N2)*CT1$	V34P/V29N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(9/23)$
V3P/V60N	$VgP/N2+(VgP/N1-VgP/N2)*CT2$	V35P/V28N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(8/23)$
V4P/V59N	$VgP/N2+(VgP/N1-VgP/N2)*CT3$	V36P/V27N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(7/23)$
V5P/V58N	$VgP/N2+(VgP/N1-VgP/N2)*CT4$	V37P/V26N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(6/23)$
V6P/V57N	$VgP/N2+(VgP/N1-VgP/N2)*CT5$	V38P/V25N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(5/23)$
V7P/V56N	$VgP/N2+(VgP/N1-VgP/N2)*CT6$	V39P/V24N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(4/23)$
V8P/V55N	VgP/N2	V40P/V23N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(3/23)$
V9P/V54N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(22/24)$	V41P/V22N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(2/23)$
V10P/V53N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(20/24)$	V42P/V21N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(1/23)$
V11P/V52N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(18/24)$	V43P/V20N	VgP/N4
V12P/V51N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(16/24)$	V44P/V19N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(22/24)$
V13P/V50N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(14/24)$	V45P/V18N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(20/24)$
V14P/V49N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(12/24)$	V46P/V17N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(18/24)$
V15P/V48N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(10/24)$	V47P/V16N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(16/24)$
V16P/V47N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(8/24)$	V48P/V15N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(14/24)$
V17P/V46N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(6/24)$	V49P/V14N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(12/24)$
V18P/V45N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(4/24)$	V50P/V13N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(10/24)$
V19P/V44N	$VgP/N3+(VgP/N2-VgP/N3)*(2/24)$	V51P/V12N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(8/24)$
V20P/V43N	VgP/N3	V52P/V11N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(6/24)$
V21P/V42N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(22/23)$	V53P/V10N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(4/24)$
V22P/V41N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(21/23)$	V54P/V9N	$VgP/N5+(VgP/N4-VgP/N5)*(2/24)$
V23P/V40N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(20/23)$	V55P/V8N	VgP/N5
V24P/V39N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(19/23)$	V56P/V7N	$VgP/N6+(VgP/N5-VgP/N6)*CB1$
V25P/V38N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(18/23)$	V57P/V6N	$VgP/N6+(VgP/N5-VgP/N6)*CB2$
V26P/V37N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(17/23)$	V58P/V5N	$VgP/N6+(VgP/N5-VgP/N6)*CB3$
V27P/V36N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(16/23)$	V59P/V4N	$VgP/N6+(VgP/N5-VgP/N6)*CB4$
V28P/V35N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(15/23)$	V60P/V3N	$VgP/N6+(VgP/N5-VgP/N6)*CB5$
V29P/V34N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(14/23)$	V61P/V2N	$VgP/N6+(VgP/N5-VgP/N6)*CB6$
V30P/V33N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(13/23)$	V62P/V1N	VgP/N6
V31P/V32N	$VgP/N4+(VgP/N3-VgP/N4)*(12/23)$	V63P/V0N	VgP/N7

Table 5. 27 Voltage Calculation Formula of Grayscale Voltage

CGM0[1:0]	"00"	"01"	"10"	"11"
CT1	6/7	7.5/10.5	10/15	8.5/10.5
CT2	5/7	6/10.5	6.67/15	6.67/10.5
CT3	4/7	4/10.5	4/15	5.0/10.5
CT4	3/7	3/10.5	3/15	3.5/10.5
CT5	2/7	2/10.5	2/15	2.17/10.5
CT6	1/7	1/10.5	1/15	1/10.5

CGM1[1:0]	"00"	"01"	"10"	"11"
CB1	6/7	9.5/10.5	14/15	9.5/10.5
CB2	5/7	8.5/10.5	13/15	8.33/10.5
CB3	4/7	7.5/10.5	12/15	7.0/10.5
CB4	3/7	6.5/10.5	11/15	5.5/10.5
CB5	2/7	4.5/10.5	8.33/15	3.83/10.5
CB6	1/7	3.0/10.5	5/15	2.0/10.5

Note: Negative gamma don't have CGM0/CGM1 setting, the ratio V2~V7 and V56~V61 is automatically mapping from positive side.

Table 5. 28 Voltage Calculation Formula of Grayscale Voltage V2~V7 and V56~V61

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Relationship between GRAM Data and Output Level (REV = "0")

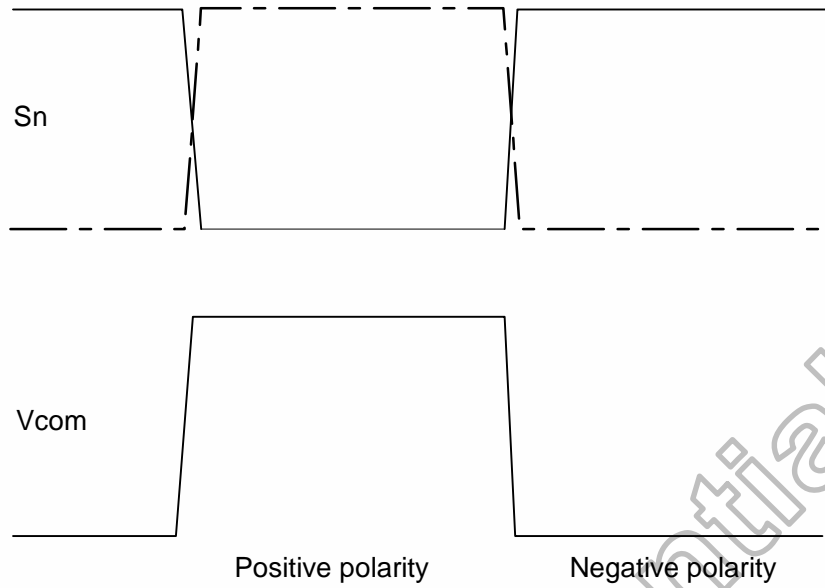
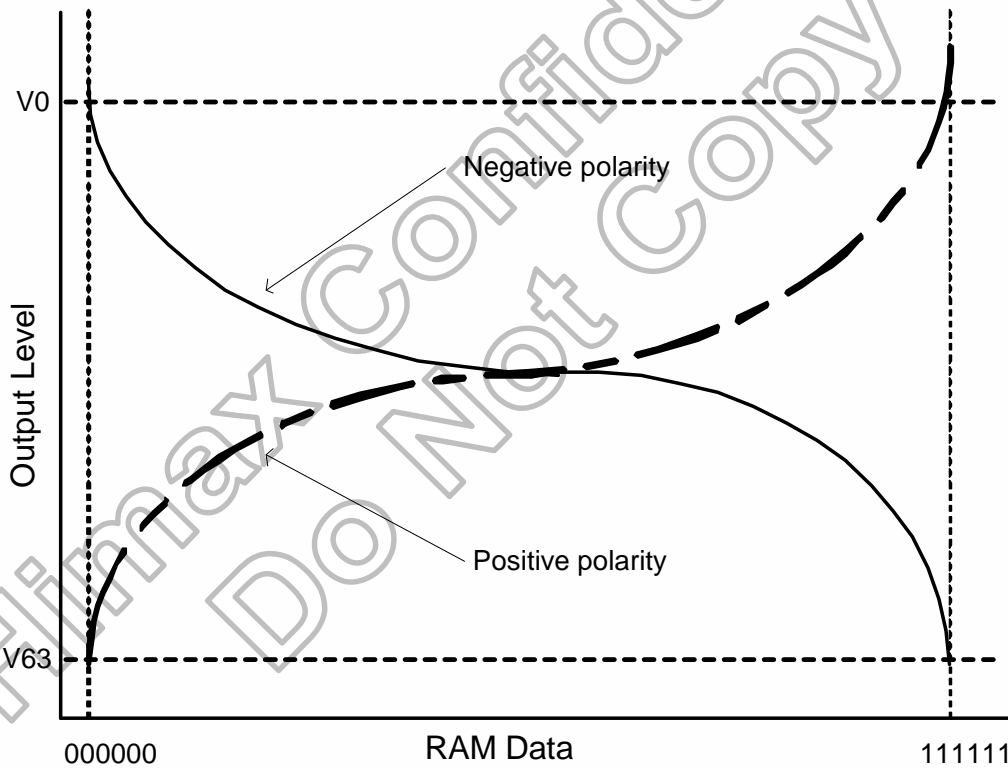


Figure 5. 58 Relationship between Source Output and Vcom



(Same characteristic for each RGB)

Figure 5. 59 Relationship between GRAM Data and Output Level

5.11.6 Gamma Curve Control

There are four kind of Gamma Curve is selected by GAMSET command. The parameter GC[7:0] is stored in internal register and used to select one set of gamma correction register.

GC_SEL= Low(VSSD):

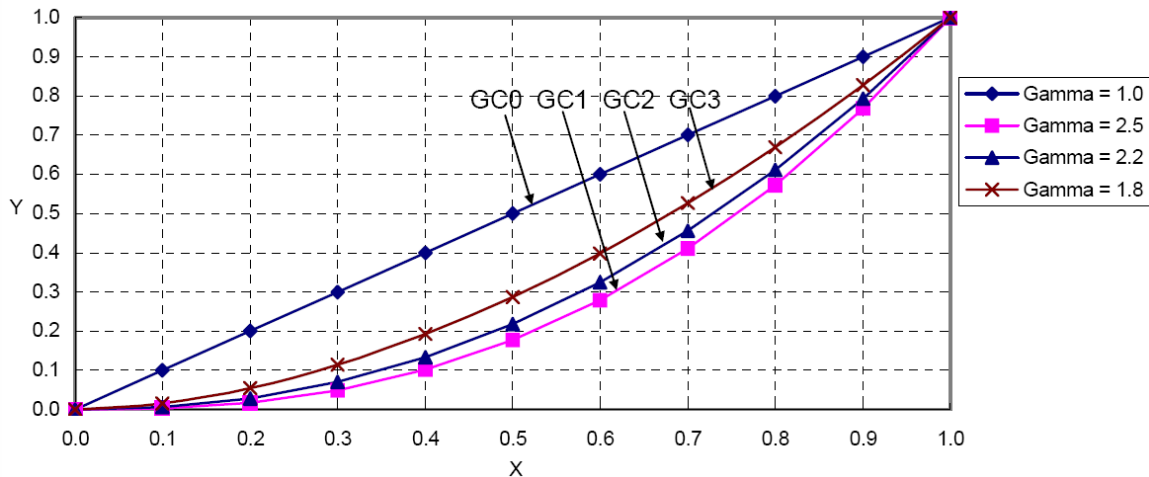
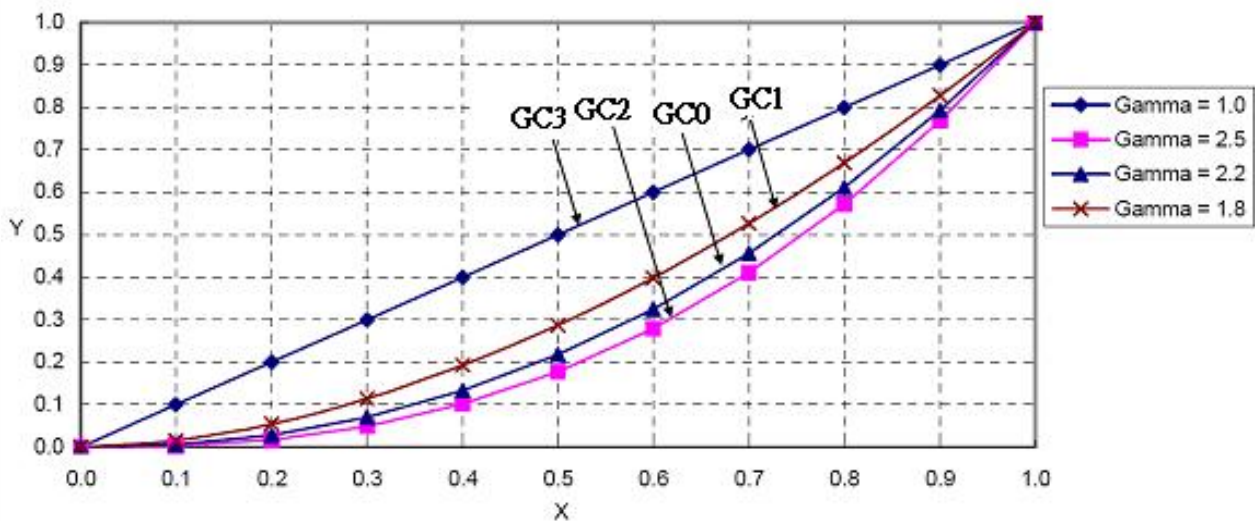


Figure 5.60 Gamma Curve according to the GC0 to GC3 bit (GC_SEL=low)

GC_SEL= high (VDDI):



5.12 Oscillator

The HX8353-C can oscillate an internal R-C oscillator with an internal oscillation resistor (Rf). The oscillation frequency is changed according to the CADJ[3:0] and RADJ[2:0] internal register. Please refer to extended command set B0h. The default frequency is 1.5MHz.

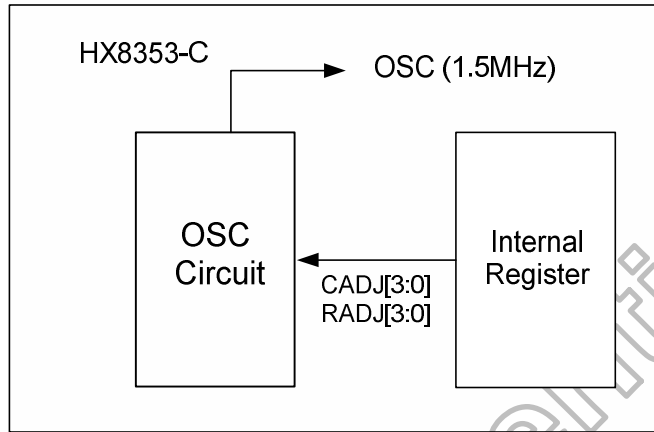


Figure 5. 61 Oscillation Circuit

5.13 Power On/Off Sequence

VDDI, VDD can be applied in any order. VDDI and VDD can be powered down in any order. During power off, if LCD is in the Sleep Out mode, VDDI and VDD must be powered down minimum 120msec after NRESET has been released. During power off, if LCD is in the Sleep In mode, VDDI or VDD can be powered down minimum 0msec after NRESET has been released. NCS can be applied at any timing or can be permanently grounded. NRESET has priority over NCS. There will be no damage to the display module if the power sequences are not met. There will be no abnormal visible effects on the display panel during the Power On/Off Sequences. There will be no abnormal visible effects on the display between end of Power On Sequence and before receiving Sleep Out command. Also between receiving Sleep In command and Power Off Sequence. If NRESET line is not held stable by host during Power On Sequence as defined in Sections 5.16.1 and 5.16.2, then it will be necessary to apply a Hardware Reset (NRESET) after Host Power On Sequence is complete to ensure correct operation. Otherwise function is not guaranteed. The power on/off sequence is illustrated below:

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5.13.1 Case 1 – NRESET line is hold High or Unstable by Host at Power On

If NRESET line is held high or unstable by the host during Power On, then a Hardware Reset must be applied after both VDD and VDDI have been applied - otherwise correct functionality is not guaranteed. There is no timing restriction upon this hardware reset.

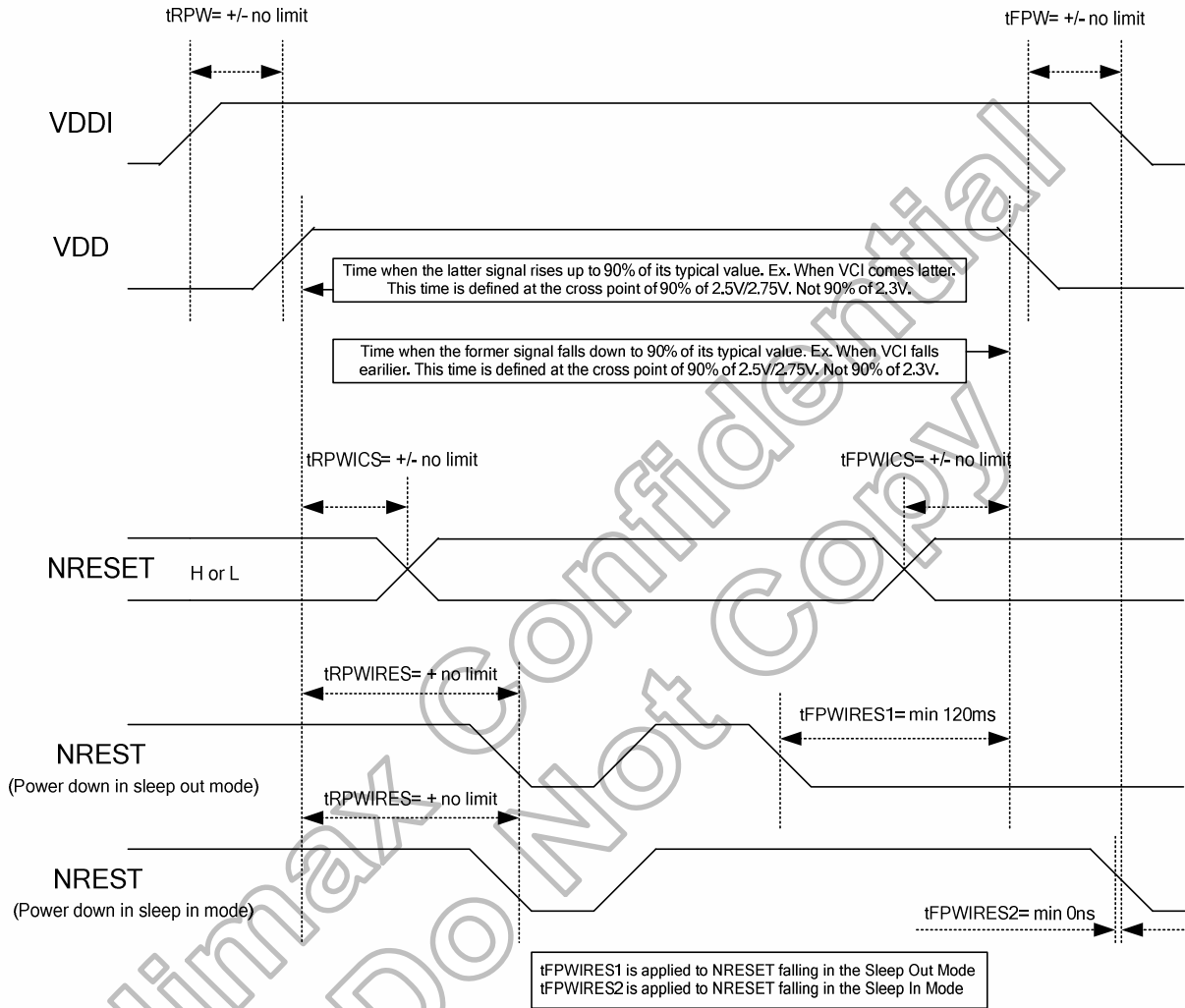


Figure 5. 62 Case 1 – NRESET line is hold High or Unstable by Host at Power On

5.13.2 Case 2 – NRESET line is held Low by host at Power On

If NRESET line is held Low (and stable) by the host during Power On, then the NRESET must be held low for minimum 10µsec after both VDD and VDDI have been applied.

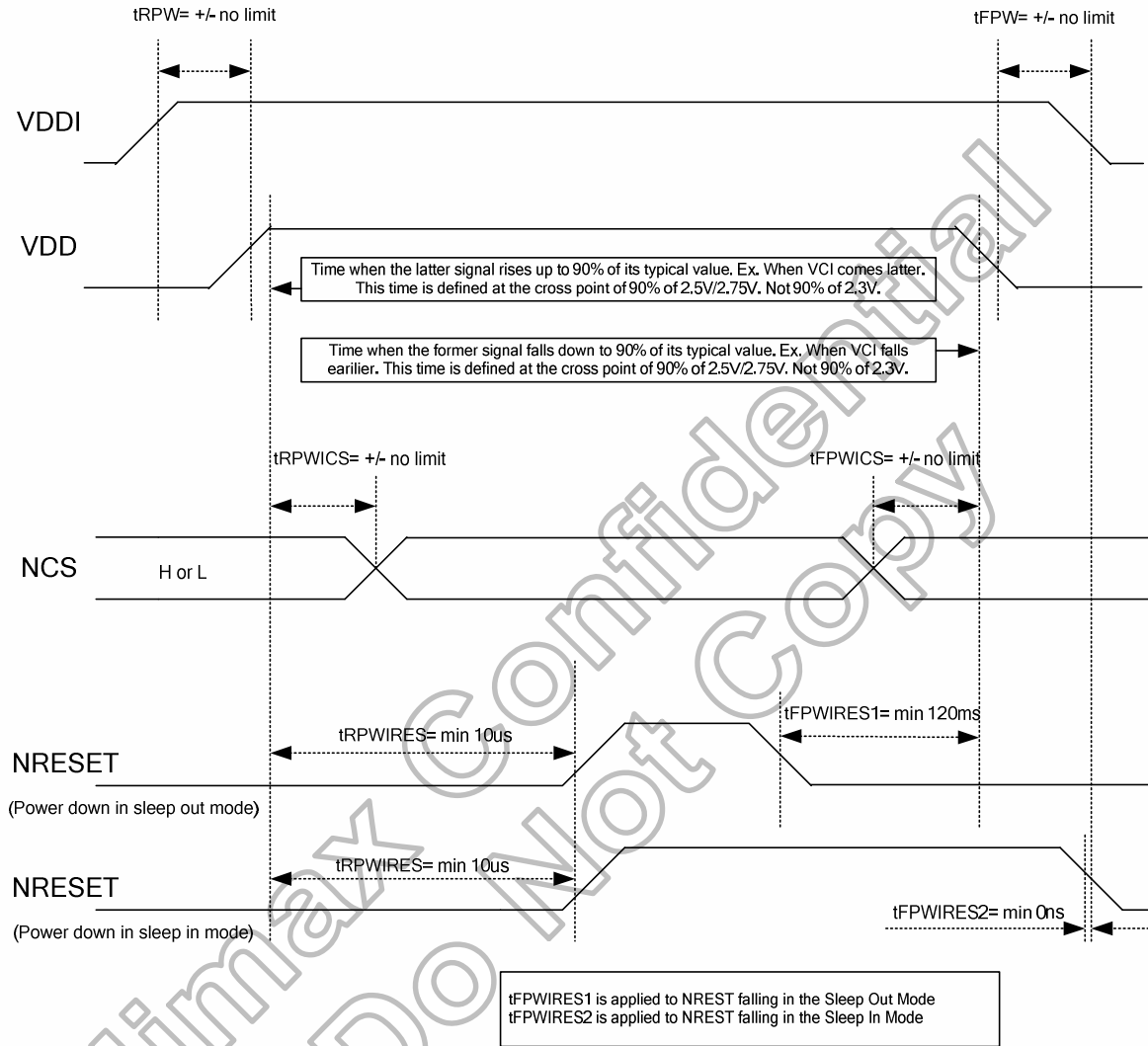


Figure 5. 63 NRESET line is held Low by host at Power On

5.14 Uncontrolled Power Off

The uncontrolled power off means a situation when e.g. there is removed a battery without the controlled power off sequence. There will not be any damages for the display module or the display module will not cause any damages for the host or lines of the interface. At an uncontrolled power off the display will go blank and there will not be any visible effects within 1 second on the display (blank display) and remains blank until "Power On Sequence" powers it up.

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5.15 Power Flow Chart for Different Power Mode

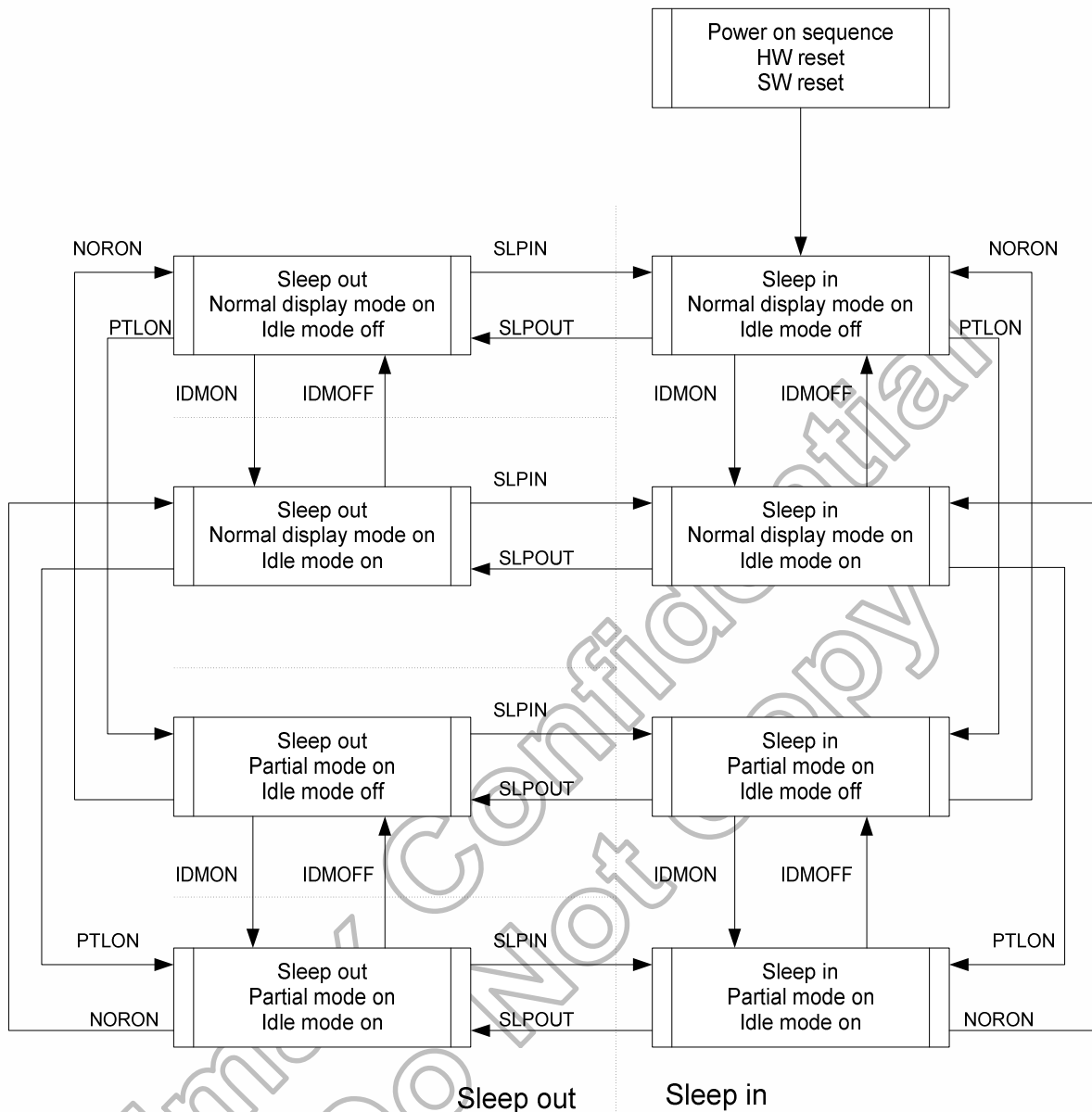


Figure 5. 64 Power Flow Chart for Different Power Modes

5.16 Input/Output Pin State

5.16.1 Output or Bi-directional (I/O) Pins

Output or Bi-directional pins	After Power On	After Hardware Reset	After Software Reset
TE	Low	Low	Low
DB17 to DB0 (Output driver)	High-Z (Inactive)	High-Z (Inactive)	High-Z (Inactive)
VTESTOUT	Low	Low	Low

Note: There will be no output from DB17-DB0 during Power On/Off sequence, Hardware Reset and Software Reset.

Table 5. 29 The State of Output or Bi-directional (I/O) Pins

5.16.2 Input Pins

Input pins	During Power On Process	After Power On	After Hardware Reset	After Software Reset	During Power Off Process
NRESET	See Section 5.17	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	See Section 5.17
NCS	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
SPI_SEL	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
GC_SEL	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
LC_SEL0, LC_SEL1	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
DNC_SCL	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
NWR_RNW	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
NRD_E	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
DB17 to DB0	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
OSC,P68,BS1,BS2,BS0	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
EXTC	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
TEST1	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
TEST2	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
TEST3	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
RSO0	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
RSO1	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid
RSO2	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid	Input valid

Table 5. 30 The State of Input Pins

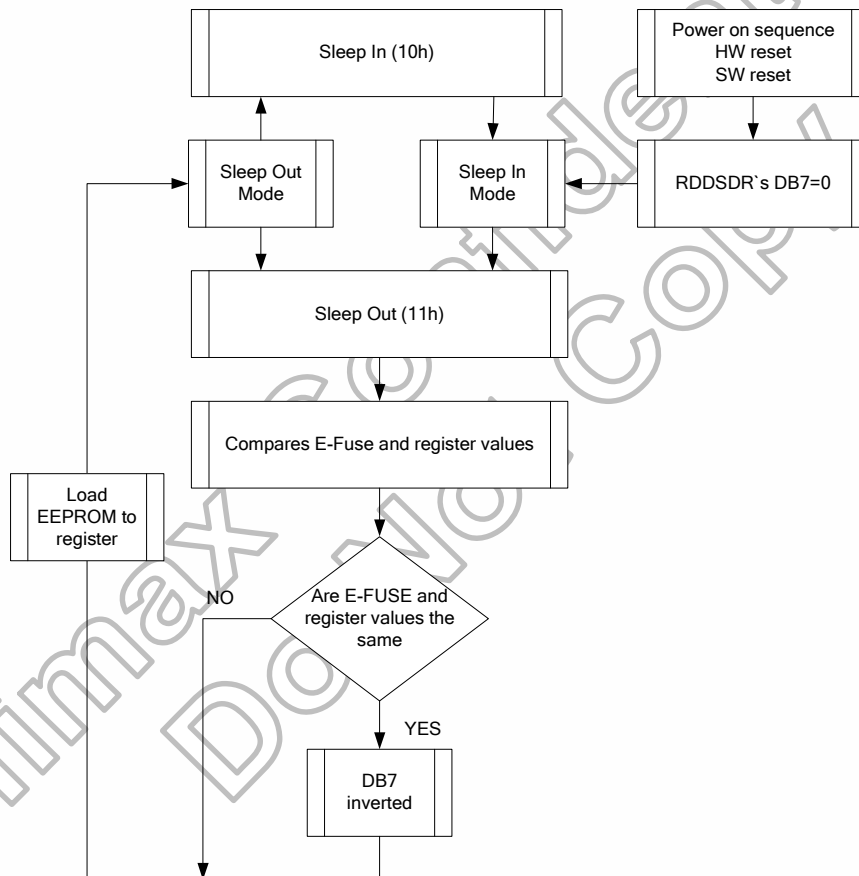
5.17 Sleep Out – Command and Self-Diagnostic Functions of the Display Module

5.17.1 Register loading Detection

Sleep Out-command (See section 6.2.12 “Sleep Out (11h)”) is a trigger for an internal function of the display module, which indicates, if the display module loading function of factory default values from OTP (or similar device) to registers of the display controller is working properly.

There are compared factory values of the OTP and register values of the display controller by the display controller. If those both values (OTP and register values) are same, there is inverted (=increased by 1) a bit, which is defined in command 6.2.10 “Read Display Self-Diagnostic Result (0Fh)” (=RDDSDR) (The used bit of this command is DB7). If those both values are not same, this bit (DB7) is not inverted (= increased by 1).

The flow chart for this internal function is following:



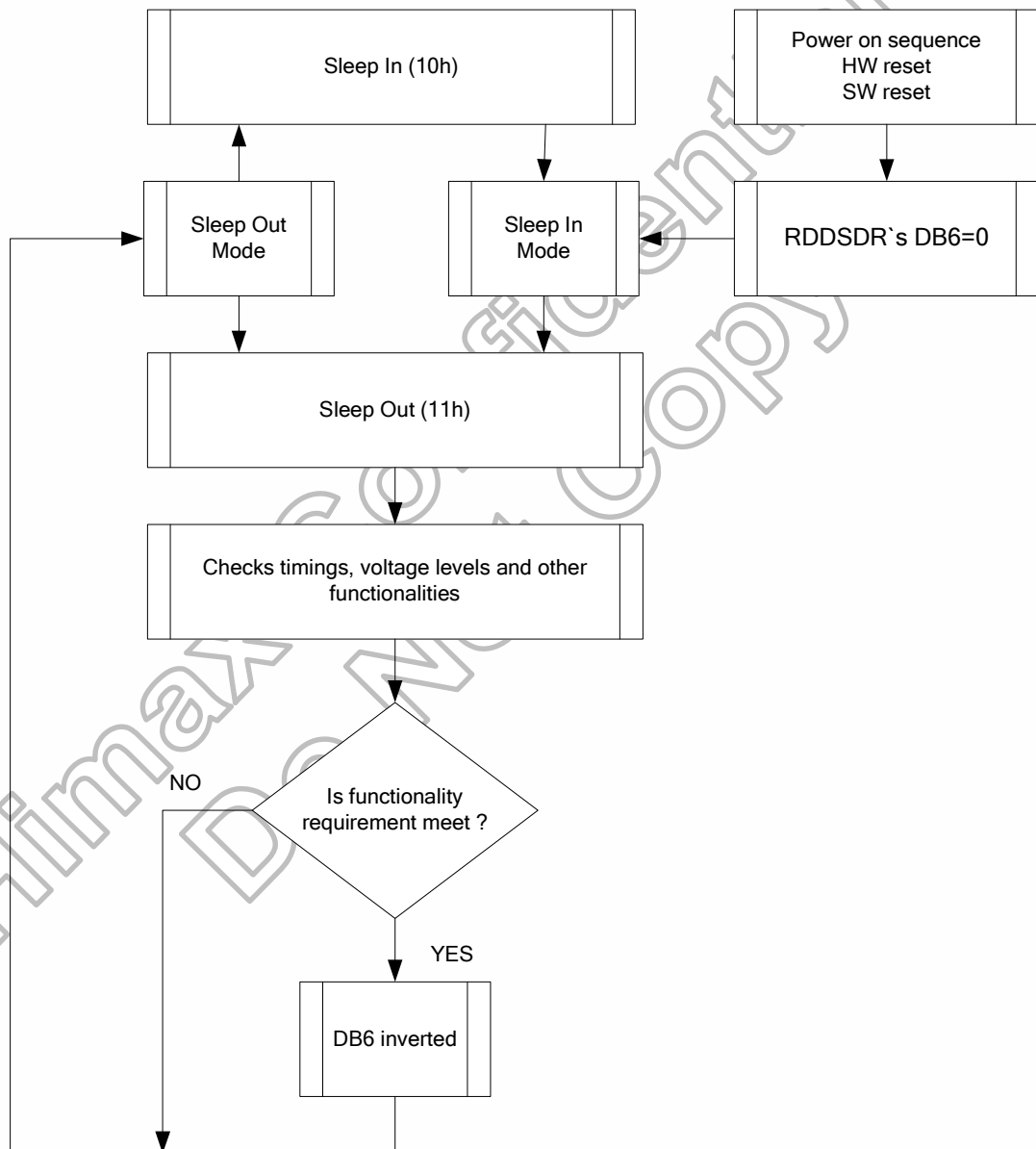
Note: There is not compared and loaded register values, which can be changed by User (User area commands: 00h to AFh and DAh to DDh), by the display module.

Figure 5. 65 Register loading Detection Flow

5.17.2 Functionality Detection

Sleep Out-command (See section 6.2.12 “Sleep Out (11h)”) is a trigger for an internal function of the display module, which indicates, if the display module is still running and meets functionality requirements.

The internal function (= the display controller) is comparing, if the display module is still meeting functionality requirements (e.g. booster voltage levels, timings, etc.). If functionality requirement is met, there is inverted (= increased by 1) a bit, which defined in command 6.2.10 “Read Display Self- Diagnostic Result (0Fh)” (= RDDSDR) (The used bit of this command is DB6). If functionality requirement is not same, this bit (DB6) is not inverted (= increased by 1). The flow chart for this internal function is following:



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Note: There is needed 120msec after Sleep Out -command, when there is changing from Sleep In -mode to Sleep Out -mode, before there is possible to check if User's functionality requirements are met and a value of RDDSDR's DB6 is valid. Otherwise, there is 5msec delay for DB6's value, when Sleep Out -command is sent in Sleep Out -mode.

Figure 5. 66 Functionality Detection Flow

5.18 OTP Programming

OTP index	[7:0]							
0	CADJ[3]	CADJ[2]	CADJ[1]	CADJ[0]	BGP[3]	BGP[2]	BGP[1]	BGP[0]
1	IDB1[7]	IDB1[6]	IDB1[5]	IDB1[4]	IDB1[3]	IDB1[2]	IDB1[1]	IDB1[0]
2	NVALID_VCM0	VCM0[6]	VCM0[5]	VCM0[4]	VCM0[3]	VCM0[2]	VCM0[1]	VCM0[0]
3	NVALID_VCM1	VCM1[6]	VCM1[5]	VCM1[4]	VCM1[3]	VCM1[2]	VCM1[1]	VCM1[0]
4	NVALID_VCM2	VCM2[6]	VCM2[5]	VCM2[4]	VCM2[3]	VCM2[2]	VCM2[1]	VCM2[0]
5	LUT_EN	RADJ[1]	RADJ[0]	VDV[4]	VDV[3]	VDV[2]	VDV[1]	VDV[0]
6	NVALIDB1	IDB2[6]	IDB2[5]	IDB2[4]	IDB2[3]	IDB2[2]	IDB2[1]	IDB2[0]
7	IDB3[7]	IDB3[6]	IDB3[5]	IDB3[4]	IDB3[3]	IDB3[2]	IDB3[1]	IDB3[0]

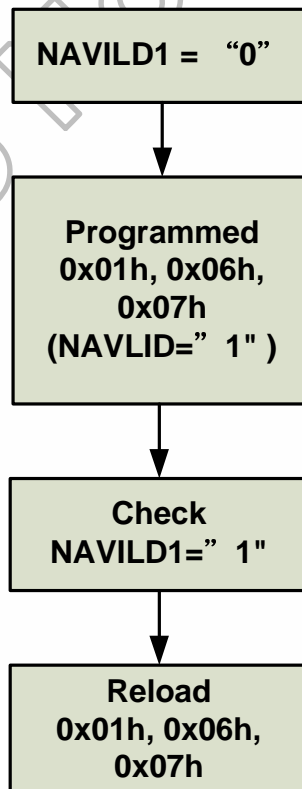
Table 5. 31 OTP memory table

	For OSC adjust and BGAP voltage adjust are valid only Himax provide)
	For Module supplier program
	For Module supplier program
	For Module supplier program
	For Module supplier program

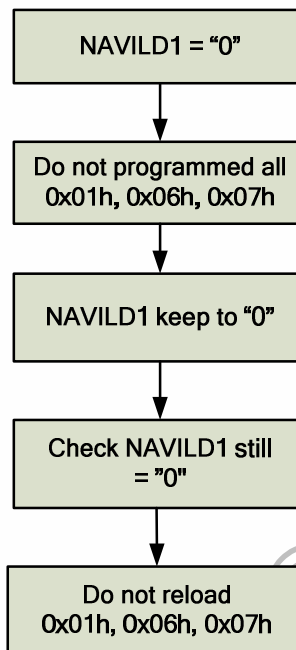
Note: (1) The default value of OTP memory bits are all "0".
 (2) NAVLIDB1, NVALID_VCM[2:0] bit decide the OPT reload Enable/Disable, the default value is "0". If the own OTP area of NAVILD bit had been programmed, the NAVILD bit will be changed to "1" automatically and execute the OTP reload.

For example:

Condition 1: Programmed all index of 0X01h, 0X06h and 0X07h



Condition 2: Do not program all index of 0X01h, 0X06h and 0X07h



(3) There are some conditions that HX8353-C can reload OTP.

1. Hardware reset
2. Software reset
3. SLPOUT command.

(4) User can use GETOTP command to read back the OTP values. Similarly, the user also can use GETOTP to read the index 0x02h, 0x03h and 0x04h that is defined the NVALID bit for VCM0, VCM1 and VCM2 (NVALID_VCM0, NAVLID_VCM1 and NAVLID_VCM2). User can read back the NVALID_VCM0, NAVLID_VCM1 and NAVLID_VCM2 (use GETOTP command to know how many times of VCM had programmed on OTP).

	NVALID_VCM2	NVALID_VCM1	NVALID_VCM0
Programed 0 time	0	0	0
Programed 1 time	0	0	1
Programed 2 times	0	1	1
Programed 3 times	1	1	1

Programming Flow

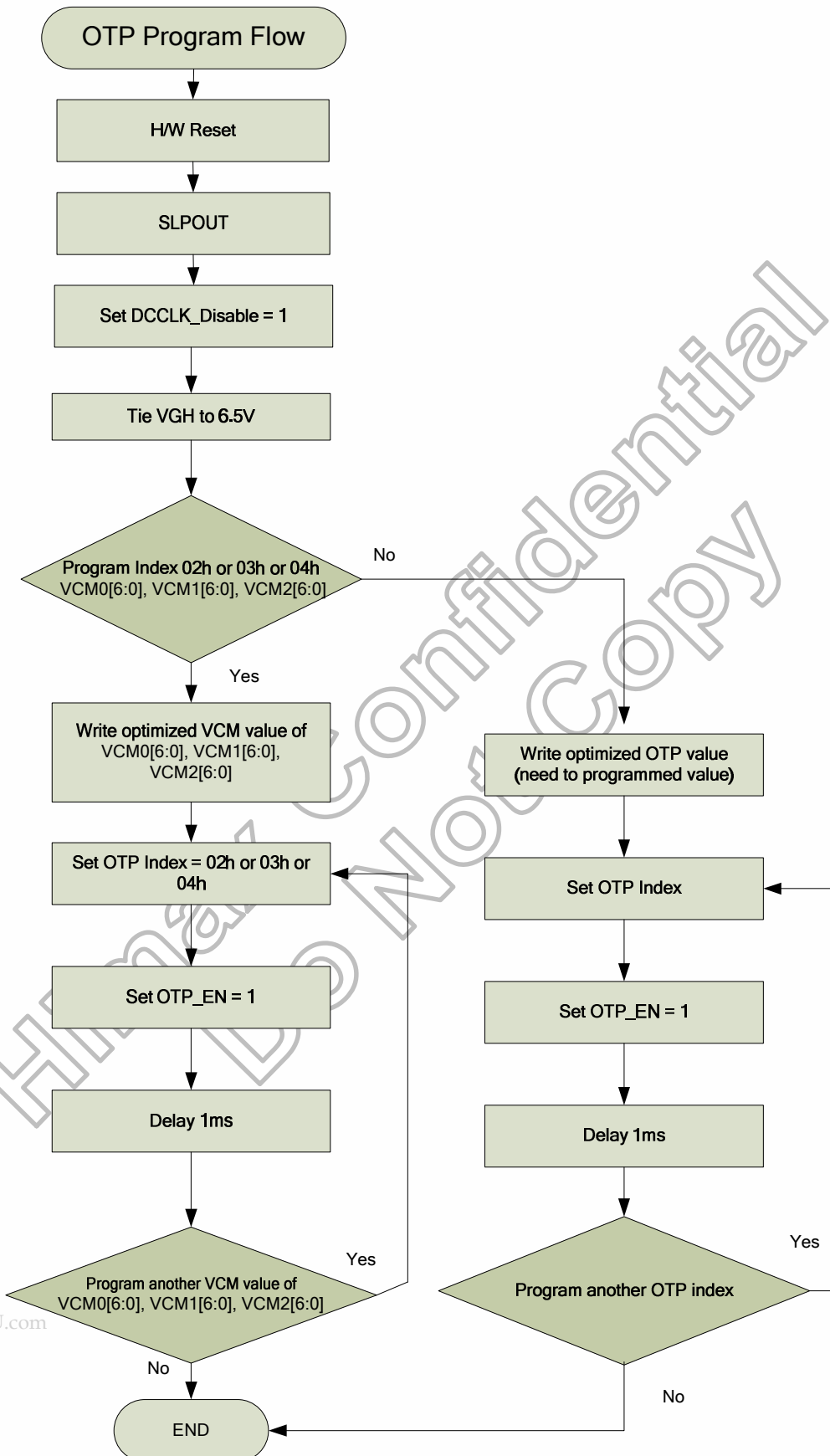
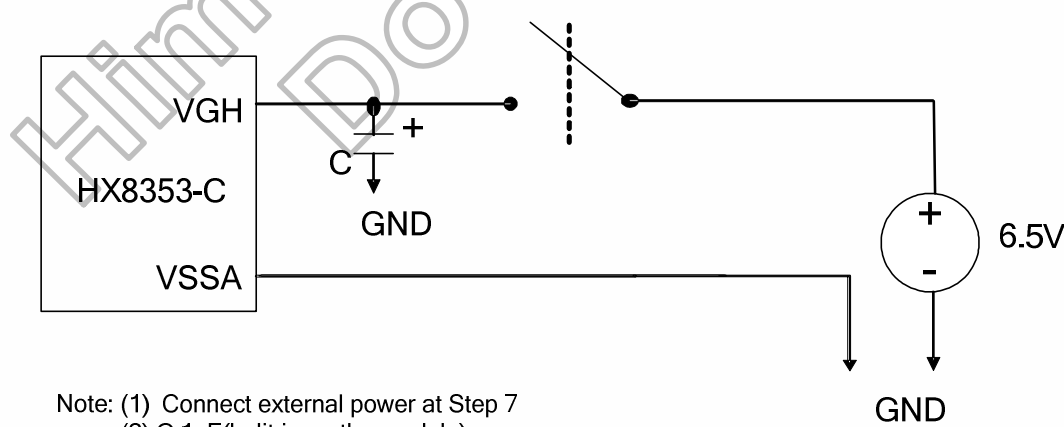


Figure 5. 67 OTP Programming Flow

Programming sequence

Step	Operation																								
1	Power on and reset the module																								
2	Set OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=1, disable the auto-loading function.																								
3	SLPOUT command (11h)																								
4	Wait 120ms																								
5	Write optimized value to related register																								
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Command</th> <th>Register</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">SETVCOM (B6h)</td> <td>VCM[6:0]</td> <td>VcomH voltage for normal mode, Idle mode and Partial Idle mode (High level voltage of VCOM)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VDV[4:0]</td> <td>Vcom amplitude (VcomL = VcomH - Vcom amplitude, VcomL ≥ VCL+0.5V)</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3">SETID (C4h)</td> <td>IDB1[7:0]</td> <td>LCD module/driver version</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IDB2[6:0]</td> <td>LCD module/driver version</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IDB3[7:0]</td> <td>Identifies the LCD module/driver</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Command	Register	Description	SETVCOM (B6h)	VCM[6:0]	VcomH voltage for normal mode, Idle mode and Partial Idle mode (High level voltage of VCOM)	VDV[4:0]	Vcom amplitude (VcomL = VcomH - Vcom amplitude, VcomL ≥ VCL+0.5V)	SETID (C4h)	IDB1[7:0]	LCD module/driver version	IDB2[6:0]	LCD module/driver version	IDB3[7:0]	Identifies the LCD module/driver									
	Command	Register	Description																						
	SETVCOM (B6h)	VCM[6:0]	VcomH voltage for normal mode, Idle mode and Partial Idle mode (High level voltage of VCOM)																						
VDV[4:0]		Vcom amplitude (VcomL = VcomH - Vcom amplitude, VcomL ≥ VCL+0.5V)																							
SETID (C4h)	IDB1[7:0]	LCD module/driver version																							
	IDB2[6:0]	LCD module/driver version																							
	IDB3[7:0]	Identifies the LCD module/driver																							
6	Set OTP_DCCLK_DISABLE=1, disable internal pumping clock.																								
7	Connect external power 6.5V to VGH pin																								
8	Wait 100ms for external power 6.5V to stabilize.																								
9	Specify OTP_index																								
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>OTP_index (Write – For Program)</th> <th>OTP_index (Read – For get OTP value)</th> <th>Parameter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0x05h</td> <td>0x05h</td> <td>VDV[4:0],</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x06h</td> <td>0x06h</td> <td>IDB2[6:0]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x07h</td> <td>0x07h</td> <td>IDB3[7:0]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x01h</td> <td>0x01h</td> <td>IDB1[7:0]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x02h</td> <td>0x02h</td> <td>VCM0[6:0]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x03h</td> <td>0x03h</td> <td>VCM1[6:0]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0x04h</td> <td>0x04h</td> <td>VCM2[6:0]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	OTP_index (Write – For Program)	OTP_index (Read – For get OTP value)	Parameter	0x05h	0x05h	VDV[4:0],	0x06h	0x06h	IDB2[6:0]	0x07h	0x07h	IDB3[7:0]	0x01h	0x01h	IDB1[7:0]	0x02h	0x02h	VCM0[6:0]	0x03h	0x03h	VCM1[6:0]	0x04h	0x04h	VCM2[6:0]
	OTP_index (Write – For Program)	OTP_index (Read – For get OTP value)	Parameter																						
	0x05h	0x05h	VDV[4:0],																						
	0x06h	0x06h	IDB2[6:0]																						
	0x07h	0x07h	IDB3[7:0]																						
	0x01h	0x01h	IDB1[7:0]																						
	0x02h	0x02h	VCM0[6:0]																						
0x03h	0x03h	VCM1[6:0]																							
0x04h	0x04h	VCM2[6:0]																							
10	Set OTP_Mask=0x00h, programming the entire bit of one parameter.																								
11	Set OTP_EN=1, Internal register begin write to OTP according to OTP_index.																								
12	Wait 1 ms																								
13	Complete programming one parameter to OTP. If continue to programming other parameter, return to step (9). Otherwise, power off the module and remove the external power on VGH pin.																								

Programming circuitry



Note: (1) Connect external power at Step 7
 (2) C:1uF(built-in on the module)

5.19 Free Running Mode Specification

Burn-in of TFT displays consists of driving each module for 10hr at a temperature of 60°C. In order to drive the modules, it requires extra electronics. To reduce the burn-in cost, it is requested that the driver IC will generate the required display image without requiring extra electronics. We term this a free running mode (FR-mode). For burn-in, it is sufficient that the display is powered up with a plane saturated black or saturated white pattern. Black should be used for burn-in, since this result in a larger pixel voltage. White is used to verify if the free running mode is properly functioning. Please note that the black and the white pattern are reversed in case of a normally black display.

Parameter	Symbol	Description
Power supply pins	VDDI, VDD	All power supply pins
Free running mode	BURN	BURN=1, FR-mode is enabled.
Reset	NRESET	Active low pulse in order to start the FR-mode.
Chip select ⁽¹⁾	NCS	This pin will be left open during FRM mode.
Reads/not write ⁽¹⁾	NWR_RNW	This pin will be left open during FRM mode.
Data/not command ⁽¹⁾	DNC_SCL	This pin will be left open during FRM mode.
SPI I/F select ⁽¹⁾	SPI_SEL	This pin will be left open during FRM mode.
TE select	STE_SEL	This pin will be left open during FRM mode.
CPU I/F Data ⁽¹⁾	D[0..17]	This pin will be left open during FRM mode.
SPI I/F	SCL	This pin will be left open during FRM mode.

Note: (1) As a general rule, all control pins of the interfaces like chip-select, data-enable, etc, must be disabled, all modes select pins like data-not-command, interface-select etc and all data-bus pins must be set to either logic high or logic low during the FR-mode.

Table 5. 32 Pin Information

Power-on Sequence of Free Running Mode

The FR-mode starts automatically after the power supply is switched on and a reset pulse is applied to the Reset-pin, if the BURN pin is set to logical high. In case of separate supply pins for the analogue supply and digital supply, both supply pins will be connected together, if it is supported by the driver specification. Otherwise, each supply voltage will be switched on separately according to the requested power-on sequence. The BURN and all other digital I/F pins, which will be set to logic high during the free running mode, can be switched to logic high together with the digital supply pin. The FR-mode will be restarted if the reset pulse is applied a second time. The OTP starts to load when Reset leaves low to high.

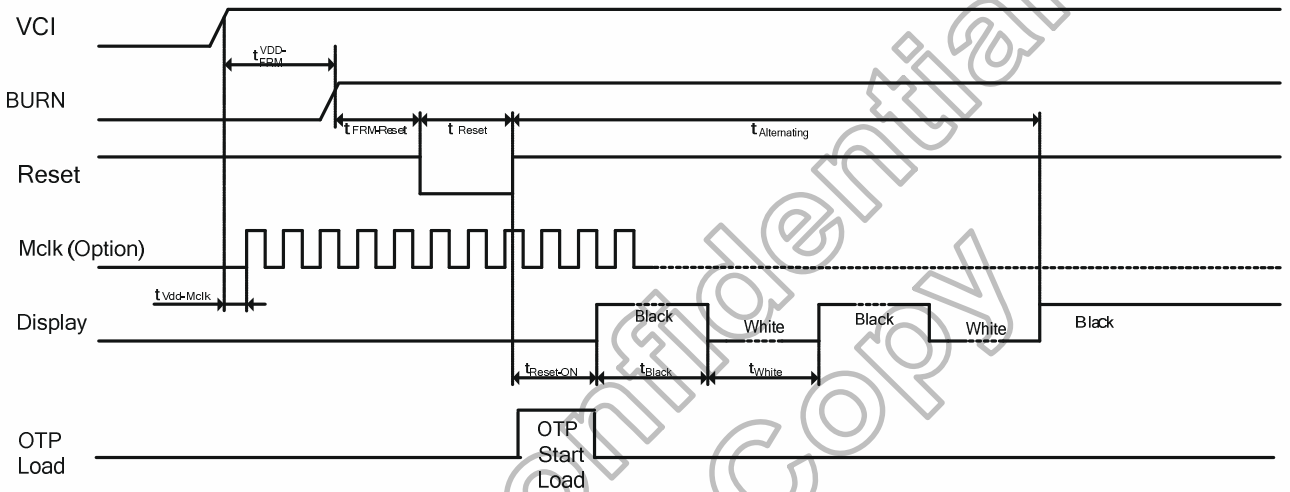


Figure 5. 68 Power On Sequence of FR-mode (for Normally-White Panel)

Power off Sequence of Free Running Mode

The power supply can be switched off any time.

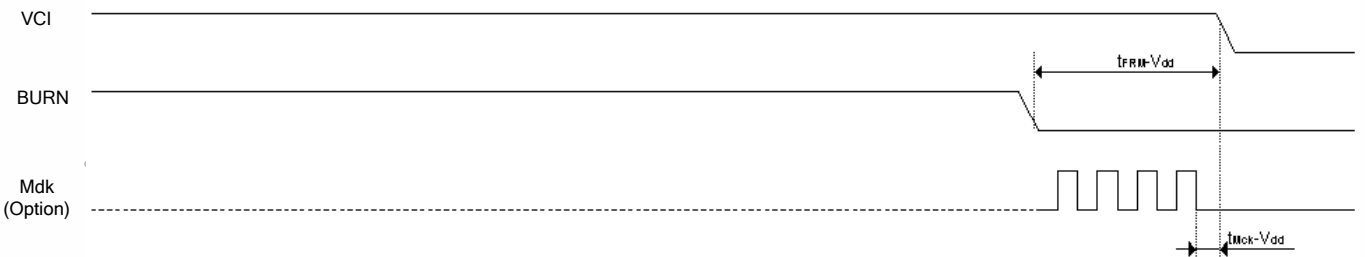


Figure 5. 69 Power Off Sequence of FR-mode

Free Running Mode Display

The display will show an alternating black and white picture for about the first 5 minutes. The black to white ratio shall be 50%/50%. The time of the black and white pattern shall be around 1 second in order to avoid a too long waiting time to verify that the FR-mode is functioning properly. The display is switched to a static black pattern after the alternating mode is finished. Thus, most efficient burn-in stress is ensured. The display shall work in idle-mode. There is no special restriction for the frame frequency. The frame frequency will be set according to the parameter in the OTP.

Alternating Black and White Pattern	$t_{\text{Alternating}}$	-	5	-	min
Master Clock Frequency	f_{Mclk}	-	-	1.5	MHz

Table 5. 33 Frequency Definition of Free Running Mode Display

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6. Command

6.1 Command Compare Table

Table 6. 1 MPU Interface Command Set

(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function	
00	NOP	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	No Operation	
01	SWRESET	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Software reset	
04	RDDIDIF	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Read Display Identification Information	
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read	
		1	1	↑	-	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	IDB1 read
		1	1	↑	-	1	V6	V5	V4	V3	V2	V1	V0		IDB2 read
1	1	↑	-	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	IDB3 read		
09	RDDST	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	Read Display Status	
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read	
		1	1	↑	-	D[31:24]									
		1	1	↑	-	D[23:16]									
		1	1	↑	-	D[15:8]									
1	1	↑	-	D[7:0]											
0A	RDDPM	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	Read Display Power Mode	
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read	
		1	1	↑	-	D[7:0]									
0B	RDDMADCTL	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	Read Display MADCTL	
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read	
		1	1	↑	-	D[7:0]									
0C	RDDCOLM OD	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	Read Display Pixel Format	
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read	
		1	1	↑	-	D[7:0]									
0D	RDDIM	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	Read Display Image Mode	
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read	
		1	1	↑	-	D[7:0]									
0E	RDDSM	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	Read Display Signal Mode	
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read	
		1	1	↑	-	D[7:0]									
0F	RDDSDR	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	Read Display Self-Diagnostic Result	
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read	
		1	1	↑	-	D[7:0]									

(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function
10	SLPIN	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	Sleep in and charge-pump off
11	SLPOUT	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	Sleep out and charge-pump on
12	PTLON	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	Partial Mode On
13	NORON	0	↑	1	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	Normal Display Mode On
20	INVOFF	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	Display Inversion Off
21	INVON	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	Display Inversion On
26	GAMSET	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	Gamma Set
		1	↑	1	-	GC[7:0]								
28	DISPOFF	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	Display off
29	DISPON	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	Display on
2A	CASET	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	Read Display Status
		1	↑	1	-	SC[15:8]								Column address start
		1	↑	1	-	SC[7:0]								Column address start
		1	↑	1	-	EC[15:8]								Column address end
2B	PASET	1	↑	1	-	EC[7:0]								Column address end
		0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	Row address set
		1	↑	1	-	SP[15:8]								Row address start
		1	↑	1	-	SP[7:0]								Row address start
		1	↑	1	-	EP[15:8]								Row address end
2C	RAMWR	1	↑	1	-	EP[7:0]								Row address end
		0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	Memory write
2D	Colour set	1	↑	1	-	D[15:0]								Write data
		0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	Colour set
		1	↑	1	-	X	X	R005	R004	R003	R002	R001	R000	Total 128 parameters
		1	↑	1	-	X	X	Rnn5	Rnn4	Rnn3	Rnn2	Rnn1	Rnn0	
		1	↑	1	-	X	X	R315	R314	R313	R312	R311	R310	
		1	↑	1	-	X	X	G005	G004	G003	G002	G001	G000	
		1	↑	1	-	X	X	Gnn5	Gnn4	Gnn3	Gnn2	Gnn1	Gnn0	
		1	↑	1	-	X	X	G635	G634	G633	G632	G631	G630	
		1	↑	1	-	X	X	B005	B004	B003	B002	B001	B000	
2E	RAMRD	1	↑	1	-	X	X	B315	B314	B313	B312	B311	B310	
		0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	Memory read
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read
30	PLTAR	1	1	↑	D[15:0]								Read data	
		0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	Partial start end address set
		1	↑	1	-	SR[15:8]								Start row
		1	↑	1	-	SR[7:0]								Start row
		1	↑	1	-	ER[15:8]								End row
33	VSCRDEF	1	↑	1	-	ER[7:0]								End row
		0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	Vertical Scrolling Definition
		1	↑	1	-	TFA15	TFA14	TFA13	TFA12	TFA11	TFA10	TFA9	TFA8	
		1	↑	1	-	TFA7	TFA6	TFA5	TFA4	TFA3	TFA2	TFA1	TFA0	
1	↑	1	-	VSA15	VSA14	VSA13	VSA12	VSA11	VSA10	VSA9	VSA8			

		1	↑	1	-	VSA7	VSA6	VSA5	VSA4	VSA3	VSA2	VSA1	VSA0	
		1	↑	1	-	BFA15	BFA14	BFA13	BFA12	BFA11	BFA10	BFA9	BFA8	
		1	↑	1	-	BFA7	BFA6	BFA5	BFA4	BFA3	BFA2	BFA1	BFA0	
34	TEOFF	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	Tear Effect On/Off
35	TEON	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	Tear Effect Mode
		1	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	M(0)	
36	MADCTL	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	Memory Access Control
		0	↑	1	-	MY(0)	MX(0)	MV(0)	ML(0)	BGR(0)	SS(0)	0	0	
37	VSCRSADD	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	Vertical Scrolling Start Address
		1	↑	1	-	VSP15	VSP14	VSP13	VSP12	VSP11	VSP10	VSP9	VSP8	
		1	↑	1	-	VSP7	VSP6	VSP5	VSP4	VSP3	VSP2	VSP1	VSP0	
38	IDMOFF	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	Idle Mode off
39	IDMON	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	Idle Mode on
3A	COLMOD	0	↑	1	-	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	Interface Pixel Format
		1	↑	1	-	-	CSEL_RGB[2:0]			-	CSEL[2:0]			
DA	RDIDB1	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	Read IDB1
		0	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read
		1	1	↑	-	module's manufacturer[7:0]								
DB	RDIDB2	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	Read IDB2
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read
		1	1	↑	-	1	V6	V5	V4	V3	V2	V1	V0	
DC	RDIDB3	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	Read IDB3
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dummy read
		1	1	↑	-	LCD module/driver ID[7:0]								

6.2 User Define Command List Table

User define command list is available only under “EXTC=1” or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low), if EXTC=0 (No enable PASSWDEN command)all user define write command is seen as “NOP”, of Hi-Z data bus if any user defined read command.

6.2.1 Command List

Table 6. 2 User Command Set

(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function
B0	SETOSC	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	Set Internal Oscillator
		1	↑	1	-	CADJ[3:0](1000)				UADJ[2:0](001)		-		
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	RADJ[1:0](01)		
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	OSC_EN_ON(0)	-	-	OSC_EN(0)	-	
B1	SETPOWER	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	Set power
		1	↑	1	-	GASE_NB(0)	-	-	PON(0)	DK(1)	-	-	STB(0)	
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	AP[2:0](000)			
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	VC1[2:0](011)			
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	VRH[3:0](0100)			
		1	↑	1	-	BT[3:0](0011)				-	-	-	-	
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	FS1[1:0](01)	-	-	FS0[1:0](00)			
		1	↑	1	-	N_DC[7:0](0100_1010)								
1	↑	1	-	E_DC[7:0](0100_1010)										
1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DCCLK_SYNC(1)		
B2	SETDISP	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	Set display related register
		1	↑	1	-	PT[1:0](00)	GON(1)	DTE(0)	D[1:0](00)	-	-	-	-	
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	N_BP[3:0](1101)				
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	N_FP[3:0](1010)				
		1	↑	1	-	SAP[7:0]								
		1	↑	1	-	EQS[7:0]								
		1	↑	1	-	EQP[7:0]								
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	GEN_OFF[3:0]				
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	PTG[1:0](10)	ISC[3:0](0010)					
		1	↑	1	-	SAP_I[7:0]								
1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	OPTION_DISP(0)			
B3	SETLUT	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	(P/H default)
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	LUT_ENB(0)	-	-	-	-	-	
B4	SETCYC	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	Set Display cycles
		1	↑	1	-	N_RTN[3:0](1101)				-	N_NW[2:0](001)			
		1	↑	1	-	E_RTN[3:0](1101)				-	E_NW[2:0](000)			
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	DIV_E[1:0](00)	-	-	-	-	-	
		1	↑	1	-	SON[7:0](0001_1001)								
		1	↑	1	-	GDON[7:0](0001_1110)								
1	↑	1	-	GDOF[7:0](0111_1000)										
B5	SETBGP	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	Set BGP Voltage
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	BGP[3:0](1000)				
B6	SETVCOM	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	Set VCOM Voltage
		1	↑	1	-	VCO_MG(0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	VCMN[6:0](100_0100)						
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	VDV[4:0](0_1101)						

(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function
B7	SETGAMMA	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	Set Gamma
		1	↑	1	-	--	MP1[2:0](101)			--	MP0[2:0](000)			
		1	↑	1	-	--	MP3[2:0](101)			--	MP2[2:0](101)			
		1	↑	1	-	--	MP5[2:0](000)			--	MP4[2:0](101)			
		1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	CP0[3:0](0010)				
		1	↑	1	-	--	CP2[3:0](1001)			CP1[3:0](1111)				
		1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	CP3[3:0](0101)				
		1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	CP4[3:0](0010)				
		1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	OP0[3:0](0010)				
		1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	OP1[4:0](0_0110)				
		1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	CGM1[1:0](10)	CGM0[1:0](10)			
		1	↑	1	-	--	MN1[2:0](111)			--	MN0[2:0](101)			
		1	↑	1	-	--	MN3[2:0](001)			--	MN2[2:0](000)			
		1	↑	1	-	--	MN5[2:0](100)			--	MN4[2:0](000)			
		1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	CN0[3:0](0011)				
		1	↑	1	-	--	CN2[3:0](1000)			CN1[3:0](0011)				
		1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	CN3[3:0](1111)				
1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	CN4[3:0](0000)						
1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	ON0[3:0](0001)						
1	↑	1	-	--	--	--	--	ON1[4:0](1_0111)						
B9	PASSWDEN	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	Pass word enable command
		1	↑	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	04H
		1	↑	1	-	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	17H
BA	PASSWDDIS AB	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	Pass word disable command

(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function	
BB	SETOTP	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	Set OTP	
		1	↑	1	-	OTP_MASK[7:0] (0000_0000)									
		1	↑	1	-	OTP_INDEX[7:0] (1111_1111)									
		1	↑	1	-	OTP_L OAD_ DISAB LE (0)	DCCLK DISABL E (0)	OTP_P POR (0)	OTP_P WE (0)	OTP_E N (0)	OTPTEST _EN(0)	VPP_SE L(0)	OTP_PRO G(0)		
1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	OTP_PTM[1:0](0_0)	OTP_VRADJ[1:0](00)					
BC	SETVDC	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	Set internal digital and GRAM voltage	
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	VDC_SEL[2:0] (010)					
BD	SETSPULSE	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	Set SRAM Arbiter pulse	
		1	↑	1	-	RTBA[13:8](000000)									
1	↑	1	-	RTBA[7:0](1101_1011)											
BE	SETPROBE	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0		
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	TEST_ MODE(0)	TEST_ OE(0)		
1	↑	1	-	PROB[7:0] (8'b0)											
BF	SETPTBA	0	↑	1	-	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1		
		1	↑	1	-	PTBA[15:8] (00100100)									
1	↑	1	-	PTBA[7:0] (00000100)											
C0	SETSTBA	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		0	↑	1	-	STBA[8](1)									
		1	↑	1	-	STBA[7:0] (1000_1011)									
1	↑	1	-	VTESTSEL[3:0] (0000)					STESTOE[1:0](00_)			-	-		
C1	SETPFUSE	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1		
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PFUSE(0)		
0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0			
C4	SETID	1	↑	1	-	IDB1[7:0] (0100_0111)									
		1	↑	1	-	IDB2[6:0] (000_0001)									
		1	↑	1	-	IDB3[7:0] (0000_0000)									
C6	SETECO	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0		
		1	↑	1	-	ECO0[7:0] (0000_0000)									
1	↑	1	-	ECO1[7:0] (0000_0000)											

>> HX8353-C

162RGB x 132 dot, 262K color, TFT Mobile Single Chip Driver



DATA SHEET Preliminary V01

(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function
CA	SETMREV	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	
		1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SFULL(0)	-
CB	SETIOOPT	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	
		1	↑	1	-	IO_OPT[7:0] (0101_0101)								
		1	↑	1	-	IO_OPT2[7:0] (0000_0000)								IO_OPT2[7:6]=> SDI
CC	SETPANEL	0	↑	1	-	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
		1	↑	1	-				SM_PA NEL(0)	SS_PA NEL(0)	-	-	-	-

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(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function	
E0	GETOSC	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	Get Internal Oscillator	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	CADJ[3:0] (1000)				UADJ[2:0] (011)			-		
		1	1	↑	-	RADJ[2:0]									
E1	GETPOWER	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	Get power	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	GASEB(0)	-	-	PON(0)	DK(1)	--	--	STB(0)		
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	AP[2:0] (000)				
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	VC1[2:0] (011)				
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	VRH[3:0] (0010)					
		1	1	↑	-	BT[3:0] (0011)			-	-	-	-			
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	FS1[1:0]	-	-	FS0[1:0] (00)				
		1	1	↑	-	N_DC[7:0] (0011 0111)							E_DC[7:0] (0011 0111)		
E2	GETDISP	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	Get display related register	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	PT[1:0](00)	GON(1)	DTE(0)	D[1:0](00)	0	0				
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	N_BP[3:0](1101)					
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	N_FP[3:0] (1010)					
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	SAP [7:0]					
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	EQS[7:0]					
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	EQP[7:0]					
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	GEN_OFF[3:0]					
		1	1	↑	-	PTG[1:0](10)			ISC[3:0] (0010)						
		1	1	↑	-	SAP_I[7:0]									
E3	GETLUT	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	Get LUT interface related register	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	LUT_EN(0)	-	-	-	-	-		
E4	GETCYC	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	Get Display waveform cycle	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	N_RTN[3:0](1101)				-	N_NW[2:0] (001)				
		1	1	↑	-	E_RTN[3:0] (1101)				-	E_NW[2:0] (000)				
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	DIV_E[1:0]							
		1	1	↑	-	SON[7:0](0001 1001)									
1	1	↑	-	GDON[7:0] (0001 1110)											
1	1	↑	-	GDOF[7:0] (0111 1000)											

(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function	
E5	GETBGP	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	Get BGP Voltage	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	BGP[3:0](1000)									
E6	GETVCOM	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	Get VCOM Voltage	
		1	1	↑	-	VCO MG(0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		1	1	↑	-	VCM PN[6:0](101_0101)									
E7	GETGAMMA	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	Get Gamma	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	-	MP12	MP11	MP10	--	MP02	MP01	MP00		
		1	1	↑	-	-	MP32	MP31	MP30	--	MP22	MP21	MP20		
		1	1	↑	-	-	MP52	MP51	MP50	--	MP42	MP41	MP40		
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	CP03	CP02	CP01	CP00		
		1	1	↑	-	CP23	CP22	CP21	CP20	CP13	CP12	CP11	CP10		
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	CP33	CP32	CP31	CP30		
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	CP43	CP42	CP41	CP40		
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	OP03	OP02	OP01	OP00		
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	OP14	OP13	OP12	OP11	OP10	
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	CGM1[1:0]		CGM0[1:0]			
		1	1	↑	-	-	MN12	MN11	MN10	--	MN02	MN01	MN00		
		1	1	↑	-	-	MN32	MN31	MN30	--	MN22	MN21	MN20		
		1	1	↑	-	-	MN52	MN51	MN50	--	MN42	MN41	MN40		
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	CN03	CN02	CN01	CN00		
		1	1	↑	-	CN23	CN22	CN21	CN20	CN13	CN12	CN11	CN10		
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	CN32	CN31	CN30			
1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	CN43	CN42	CN41	CN40				
1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	ON03	ON02	ON01	ON00				
1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	ON14	ON13	ON12	ON11	ON10			
E8	GETCPCRC	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	Get CPCRC	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	CPCRC[7:0]									
EB	GETOTP	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	Get OTP	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	OTP_MASK[7:0]									
		1	1	↑	-	OTP_INDEX[7:0]									
		1	1	↑	-	OTP_L OAD_DISABLE	DCCLK_DISABLE	OTP_POR	OTP_PWE	OTP_EN	OTPEST_ENB	VPP_SEL	OTP_PROG		
		1	1	↑	-	-	--	--	--	OTP_PTM[1:0](00)	OTP_VRADJ[1:0](00)				
EC	GETVDC	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	Get internal digital and GRAM voltage	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	VDC_SEL[2:0]									
ED	GETSPULSE	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	Get SRAM Arbiter pulse	
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	RTBA[15:8]									
EE	GETPROBE	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0		
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	TEST_MODE(0)	TEST_OE(0)		
EF	GETPTBA	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1		
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock									
		1	1	↑	-	PTBA[15:8](0010_0100)									
1	1	↑	-	PTBA[7:0](0000_0100)											

(Hex)	Operation Code	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function		
F0	GETSTBA	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	Get Source option		
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock										
		1	1	↑	-	STBA[7:0](1000_1011)								STBA[8]		
		1	1	↑	-	VTESTSEL[3:0](0000)				STESTOE[1:0](00)						
		1	1	↑	-											
F1	GETPFUSE	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1			
		1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PFUSE(0)	Get internal OTP	
F4	GETHXID	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	Get Himax ID		
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock										
		1	1	↑	-	ID_version[7:0](53h)										
		1	1	↑	-	IDB2_version [7:0](0Ch)										
F6	GETECO	1	1	↑	-	VersionID[7:0](00h)										
		0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0			
		1	↑	1	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock										
		1	↑	1	-	ECO0[7:0](8'b0)										
		1	↑	1	-	ECO1[7:0] (8'b0)										
FA	GETMREV	0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0			
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock										
FB	GETIOOPT	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SFULL(0)	-	For Free Running Mode	
		0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1			
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock										
FC	GETIPANEL	1	1	↑	-	IO_OPT[7:0] (0101_0101)										
		1	1	↑	-	IO_OPT2[7:0] (0000_0000)								IO_OPT2[7:6]=>SDI		
		0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	GET_PANEL		
FE	GETWINDOW	1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock										
		1	↑	1	-	SM_PA NEL								SS_PA NEL	-	-
		1	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
		1	↑	1	-	SC[7:0]								It is for internal use, not open.		
		1	↑	1	-	EC[7:0]										
		1	↑	1	-	SP[7:0]										
		1	↑	1	-	EP[7:0]										
		1	↑	1	-	PSL[7:0]										
		1	↑	1	-	PEL[7:0]										
		1	↑	1	-	TFA[7:0]										
FF	GETTS	1	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
		0	↑	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
		1	1	↑	-	Dummy Read or Dummy Clock										
					-	TS[6:0]								It is for internal use, not open.		

- Note:** (1) Undefined commands are treated as NOP (00H) command.
 (2) B0 to DB9 and DE to FF are for factory use of display module supplier. User can decide if these commands are available or they are treated as NOP (00H) commands before shipped to User. Default value is NOP(00H). If pin EXTC is tied to high, B0 to DB9 and DE to FF extended command sets are accepted, other extended command sets are discarded.
 (3) Commands 10H, 12H, 13H, 20H, 21H, 26H, 28H, 29H, 30H, 36H (Bit B4 only), 38H and 39H are updated during V-sync when Module is in Sleep Out Mode to avoid abnormal visual effects. During Sleep In mode, these commands are updated immediately. Read status (09H), Read Display Power Mode (0AH), Read Display MADCTL (0BH), Read Display Pixel Format (0CH), Read Display Image Mode (0DH), Read Display Signal Mode (0EH) and Read Display Self Diagnostic Result (0FH) of these commands is updated immediately both in Sleep In Mode and Sleep Out Mode.
 (4) SETGAMMA and GETGAMMA can't be set at the same time.

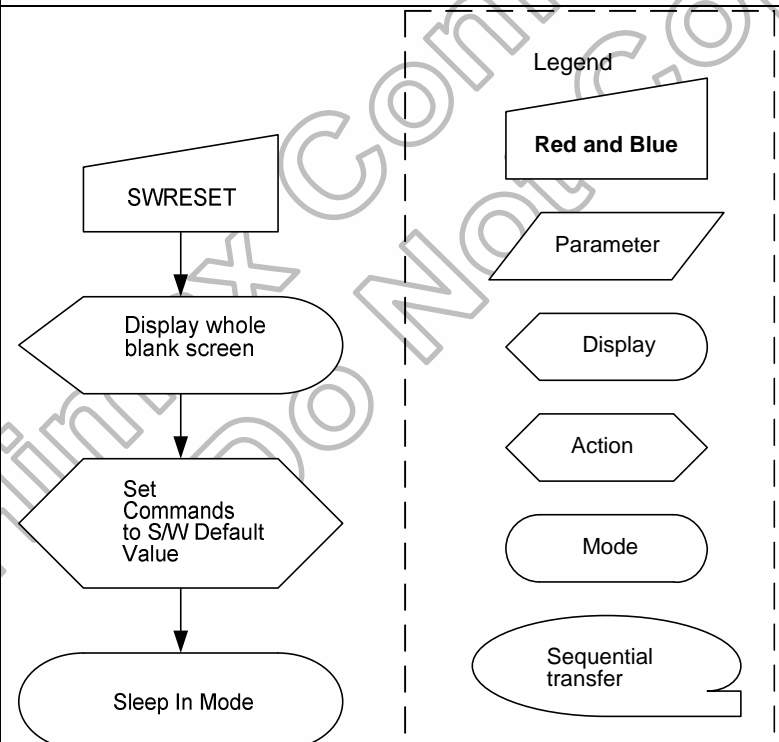
6.3 Command Description

6.3.1 NOP

00 H	NOP (No Operation)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00
Parameter	NO PARAMETER											
	This command is an empty command; it does not have any effect on the display module.											
Description	However it can be used to terminate Frame Memory Write or Read as described in RAMWR (Memory Write) and RAMRD (Memory Read) Commands.											
Restriction												
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes					
	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						N/A					
	S/W Reset						N/A					
Flow Chart	H/W Reset						N/A					

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6.3.2 Software Reset (01h)

01 H	SWRESET (Software Reset)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX	
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01
Parameter	NO PARAMETER												
Description	When the Software Reset command is written, it causes a software reset. It resets the commands and parameters to their S/W Reset default values. (See default tables in each command description.) Note: The Frame Memory contents are unaffected by this command. It will be necessary to wait 5msec before sending new command following software reset.												
Restriction	The display module loads all display supplier's factory default values to the registers during this 5msec. If Software Reset is applied during Sleep Out mode, it will be necessary to wait 120msec before sending Sleep out command. Software Reset Command cannot be sent during Sleep Out sequence.												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						N/A						
	S/W Reset						N/A						
	H/W Reset						N/A						
Flow Chart													

6.3.3 Read Display Identification Information (04h)

04 H	RDDIDIF (Read Display Identification Information)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	04
1st parameter	1	1	↑	ID17	ID16	ID15	ID14	ID13	ID12	ID11	ID10	-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	ID27	ID26	ID25	ID24	ID23	ID22	ID21	ID20	-
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	ID37	ID36	ID35	ID34	ID33	ID32	ID31	ID30	-
Description	This read byte returns 24-bit display identification information. The 1st Parameter is dummy read. The 2nd Parameter identifies the LCD module's manufacturer. It is specified by Nokia and for xx is defined as xxHEX. The 3rd Parameter has 2 purposes. Bit7 (MSB) defines the type of panel. 0=Driver (STN B/W), 1=Module (Color). Bits 6...0 are used to track the LCD module/driver version. It is defined by display supplier (with Nokia's agreement) and it changes each time a revision is made to the display, material or construction specifications. See Table:											
	ID Byte Value V[7:0]			Version			Changes					
	80h											
	81h											
	82h											
	83h											
84h												
85h												
The 4th parameter identifies the LCD module/driver. It is specified by Nokia and for this LCD project module is defined as xxHEX.												
Restriction												
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						See Description					
	S/W Reset						See Description					
Flow Chart	Serial I/F Mode						Parallel I/F Mode					
	RDDID (04h)						RDDID (09h)					
	Dummy Clock						Dummy Read					
	Send ID1[7:0]						Send ID1[7:0]					
	Send ID2[7:0]						Send ID2[7:0]					
	Send ID3[7:0]						Send ID3[7:0]					

6.3.4 Read Display Status (09h)

09 H	RDDST (Read Display Status)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	09
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	D31	D30	D29	D28	D27	D26	D25	D24	-
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	D23	D22	D21	D20	D19	D18	D17	D16	-
4 th parameter	1	1	↑	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	-
5 th parameter	1	1	↑	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	-

This command indicates the current status of the display as described in the table below:

Bit	Description	Comment
D31	Booster Voltage Status	
D30	Page Address Order	
D29	Column Address Order	
D28	Page/Column Order	
D27	Vertical Order	
D26	RGB/BGR Order	
D25	Horizontal Order	
D24	Switching between Segment outputs and RAM	Set to '0'
D23	Switching between Common outputs and RAM	Set to '0'
D22	Interface Color Pixel Format Definition	Set to '1'
D21		Set to '1'
D20		Set to '0'
D19	Idle Mode On/Off	
D18	Partial Mode On/Off	
D17	Sleep In/Out	
D16	Display Normal Mode On/Off	
D15	Vertical Scrolling Status	
D14	Horizontal Scrolling Status	Set to '0'
D13	Inversion Status	
D12	All Pixels On	Set to '0'
D11	All Pixels Off	Set to '0'
D10	Display On/Off	
D9	Tearing Effect Line On/Off	
D8	Gamma Curve Selection	
D7		
D6		
D5	Tearing Effect Output Line Mode	
D4	For Future Use	Set to '0'
D3	For Future Use	Set to '0'
D2	For Future Use	Set to '0'
D1	For Future Use	Set to '0'
D0	For Future Use	Set to '0'

Description

Bit Values are explained overleaf.

Bit D31 – Booster Voltage Status

'0' = Booster Off.

'1' = Booster On.

Bit D30 – Page Address Order

'0' = Top to Bottom (When MADCTL DB7='0').

'1' = Bottom to Top (When MADCTL DB7='1').

'0' = Left to Right (When MADCTL DB6='0').
 '1' = Right to Left (When MADCTL DB6='1').
 Bit D28 - Page/Column Order
 '0' = Normal Mode (When MADCTL B5='0').
 '1' = Reverse Mode (When MADCTL B5='1').
 Bit D27 - Line Address Order
 '0' = LCD Refresh Top to Bottom (When MADCTL B4='0').
 '1' = LCD Refresh Bottom to Top (When MADCTL B4='1').
 Bit D26 - RGB/BGR Order
 '0' = RGB (When MADCTL B3='0').
 '1' = BGR (When MADCTL B3='1').
 Note: For Bits DB27, DB26, also refer to Section 9.3.23.
 Bit D25 - Display Data Latch Data Order (if this bit is not available, so it is set to '0')
 '0' = LCD Refresh Left to Right (When MADCTL B2='0').
 '1' = LCD Refresh Right to Left (When MADCTL B2='1').
 Bit D24 - Switching Between Segment Outputs and RAM
 This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'
 Bit D23 - Switching Between Common Outputs and RAM
 This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'
 Bits D22, DB21, DB20 - Interface Color Pixel Format Definition
 Bit D19 - Idle Mode On/Off
 '0' = Idle Mode Off.
 '1' = Idle Mode On.
 Bit D18 - Partial Mode On/Off
 '0' = Partial Mode Off.
 '1' = Partial Mode On.
 Bit D17 - Sleep In/Out
 '0' = Sleep In Mode.
 '1' = Sleep Out Mode.
 Bit D16 - Display Normal Mode On/Off
 '0' = Display Normal Mode Off.
 '1' = Display Normal Mode On.
 Bit D15 - Vertical Scrolling On/Off
 '0' = Vertical Scrolling is Off.
 '1' = Vertical Scrolling is On.
 Bit D14 - Horizontal Scrolling Status
 This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'
 Bit D13 - Inversion On/Off
 '0' = Inversion is Off.
 '1' = Inversion is On.
 Bit D12 - All Pixels On
 This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'
 Bit D11 - All Pixels Off
 This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'
 Bit D10 - Display On/Off
 '0' = Display is Off.
 '1' = Display is On.
 Bit D9 - Tearing Effect Line On/Off
 '0' = Tearing Effect Line Off.
 '1' = Tearing Effect On.
 Bits D8, D7, D6 - Gamma Curve Selection

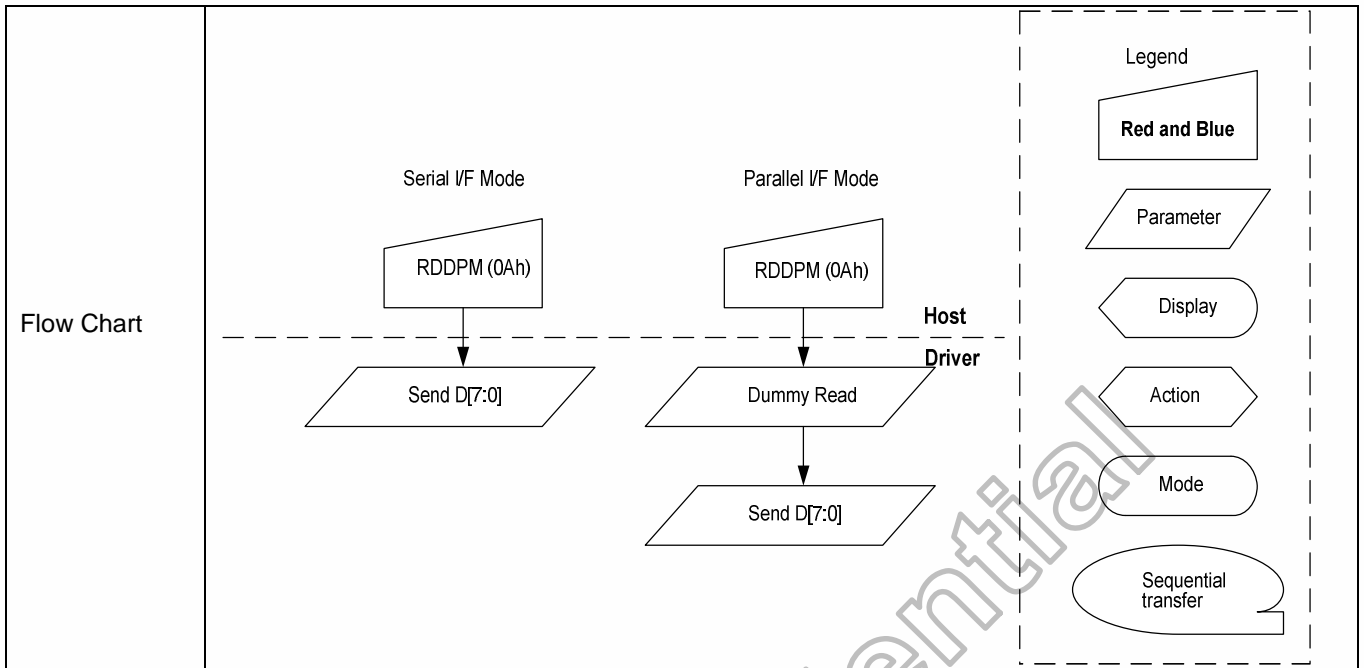
Gamma Curve Selected	D8	D7	D6	Gamma Set (26h) Parameter
Gamma Curve 1	0	0	0	GC0
Gamma Curve 2	0	0	1	GC1
Gamma Curve 3	0	1	0	GC2
Gamma Curve 4	0	1	1	GC3
Not Defined	1	0	0	Not Defined
Not Defined	1	0	1	Not Defined
Not Defined	1	1	0	Not Defined
Not Defined	1	1	1	Not Defined

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	Bit D5 – Tearing Effect Line Output Mode. '0' = Mode 1, V-Blanking only. '1' = Mode 2, both H-Blanking and V-Blanking. Bits D4, D3, D2, D1, D0 are for future use and are set to '0'.	
Restriction		
Register Availability	Status	Availability
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
Default	Status	Default Value
	Power On Sequence	See Description
	S/W Reset	See Description
Flow Chart	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Serial VF Mode</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Parallel VF Mode</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Red and Blue Parameter Display Action Mode Sequential transfer </div> </div>	

6.3.5 Read Display Power Mode (0Ah)

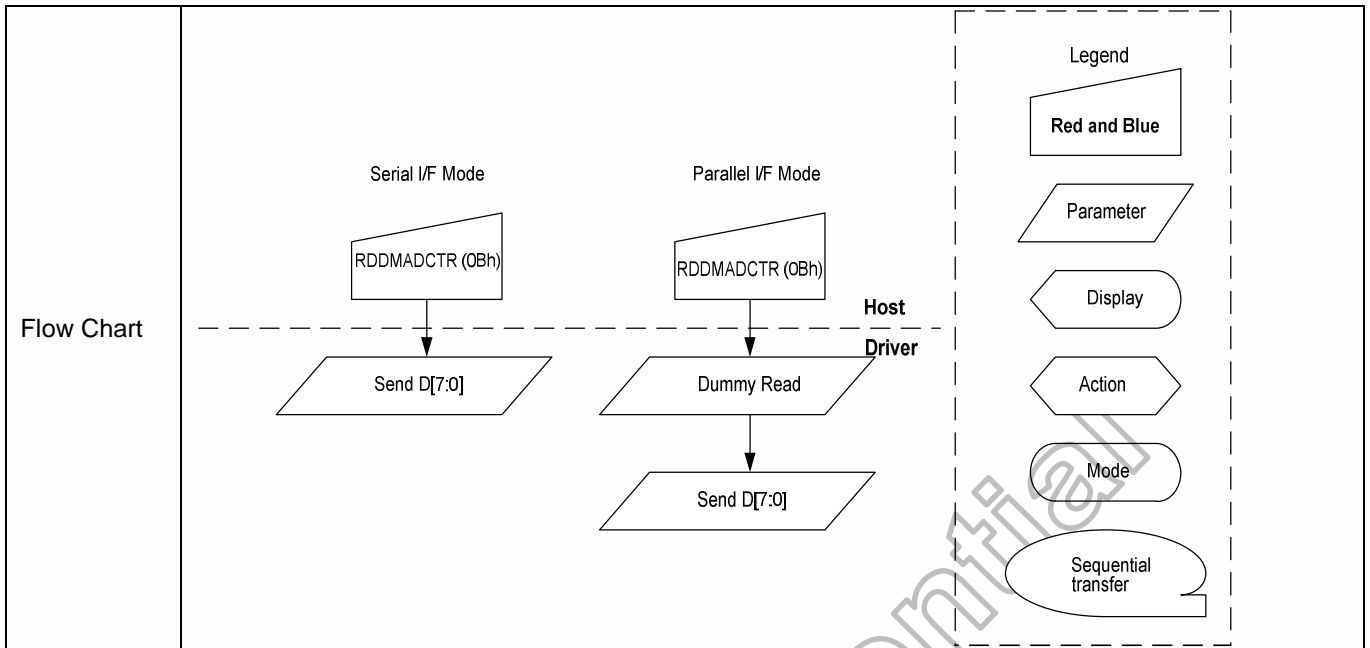
0A H	RDDPM (Read Display Power Mode)											HEX
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0A
1st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	-
Description	This command indicates the current status of the display as described in the table below:											
	Bit		Description							Comment		
	DB7		Booster Voltage Status									
	DB6		Idle Mode On/Off									
	DB5		Partial Mode On/Off									
	DB4		Sleep In/Out									
	DB 3		Display Normal Mode On/Off									
	DB2		Display On/Off									
	DB1		Not Defined							Set to '0'		
	DB0		Not Defined							Set to '0'		
	Bit DB7 – Booster Voltage Status '0' = Booster Off or has a fault. '1' = Booster On and working OK (Meets Nokia's optical requirements).											
	Bit DB6 - Idle Mode On/Off '0' = Idle Mode Off. '1' = Idle Mode On.											
	Bit DB5 – Partial Mode On/Off '0' = Partial Mode Off. '1' = Partial Mode On.											
	Bit DB4 – Sleep In/Out '0' = Sleep In Mode. '1' = Sleep Out Mode.											
	Bit DB3 – Display Normal Mode On/Off '0' = Display Normal Mode Off. '1' = Display Normal Mode On.											
Bit DB2 – Display On/Off '0' = Display is Off. '1' = Display is On.												
Restrictions												
Register Availability	Status		Availability									
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes									
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes									
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes									
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes									
Sleep In or Booster Off		Yes										
Default	Status		Default Value									
	Power On Sequence		08HEX									
	S/W Reset		08HEX									
	H/W Reset		08HEX									



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6.3.6 Read Display MADCTL (0Bh)

0B H	RDDMADCTL (Read Display MADCTL)																																						
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX																											
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0B																											
1st parameter	1	1	↑	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx																											
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	0	0	xx																											
Description	This command indicates the current status of the display as described in the table below:																																						
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Comment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>DB7</td> <td>Page Address Order</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DB6</td> <td>Column Address Order</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DB5</td> <td>Page/Column Order</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DB4</td> <td>Line Address Order</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DB3</td> <td>RGB/BGR Order</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DB2</td> <td>Display Data Latch Order</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>DB1</td> <td>Switching between Segment outputs and RAM</td> <td>Set to '0'</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DB0</td> <td>Switching between Common outputs and RAM</td> <td>Set to '0'</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Bit	Description	Comment	DB7	Page Address Order		DB6	Column Address Order		DB5	Page/Column Order		DB4	Line Address Order		DB3	RGB/BGR Order		DB2	Display Data Latch Order		DB1	Switching between Segment outputs and RAM	Set to '0'	DB0	Switching between Common outputs and RAM	Set to '0'
	Bit	Description	Comment																																				
	DB7	Page Address Order																																					
	DB6	Column Address Order																																					
	DB5	Page/Column Order																																					
	DB4	Line Address Order																																					
	DB3	RGB/BGR Order																																					
	DB2	Display Data Latch Order																																					
	DB1	Switching between Segment outputs and RAM	Set to '0'																																				
DB0	Switching between Common outputs and RAM	Set to '0'																																					
Bit DB7 – Page Address Order '0' = Top to Bottom (When MADCTL B7='0'). '1' = Bottom to Top (When MADCTL B7='1').																																							
Bit DB6 – Column Address Order '0' = Left to Right (When MADCTL B6='0'). '1' = Right to Left (When MADCTL B6='1').																																							
Bit DB5 - Page/Column Order '0' = Normal Mode (When MADCTL B5='0'). '1' = Reverse Mode (When MADCTL B5='1').																																							
Note: For Bits DB7 to DB5, also refer to Section 8.2.3 MCU to memory write/read direction.																																							
Bit DB4 – Line Address Order '0' = LCD Refresh Top to Bottom (When MADCTL B4='0'). '1' = LCD Refresh Bottom to Top (When MADCTL B4='1').																																							
Bit DB3 – RGB/BGR Order '0' = RGB (When MADCTL B3='0'). '1' = BGR (When MADCTL B3='1').																																							
Note: For Bits DB4 and DB3 also refer to 9.2.29 Memory Access Control (36h).																																							
Bit DB2 – Display Data Latch Data Order '0' = LCD Refresh Left to Right (When MADCTL B2='0'). '1' = LCD Refresh Right to Left (When MADCTL B2='1').																																							
Bit DB1 – Switching Between Segment Outputs and RAM This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'																																							
Bit DB0 – Switching Between Common Outputs and RAM																																							
Restrictions																																							
Register Availability	Status		Availability																																				
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes																																				
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes																																				
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes																																				
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes																																				
Default	Status		Default Value																																				
	Power On Sequence		00HEX																																				
	S/W Reset		No Change																																				
	H/W Reset		00HEX																																				



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6.3.7 Read Display Pixel Format (0Ch)

0C H	RDDCOLMOD (Read Display COLMOD)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0C
1st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	-
Description	This command indicates the current status of the display as described in the table below:											
	Bit	Description										Comment
	DB7	RGB Interface Colour Format										Set to '0'
	DB6											Set to '0'
	DB5											Set to '0'
	DB4											Set to '0'
	DB3	Control Interface Colour Format										
	DB2											
	DB1											
	DB0											
Bit DB7 – RGB Interface Colour Format Selection This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'. Bits DB6, DB5, DB4 – RGB Interface Colour Pixel Format Definition These bits are not applicable for this project, so they are set to '0's. Bit DB3 – Control Interface Colour Format Selection This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'. Bit DB2, DB1, DB0 – Control Interface Colour Pixel Format Definition. These bits are not applicable for this project, so they are set to '110'.												
Restrictions												
Register Availability	Status											Availability
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out											Yes
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out											Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out											Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out											Yes
Default	Status											Default Value
	Power On Sequence											16 bit/pixel
	S/W Reset											No Change
Flow Chart												<p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Red and Blue Parameter Display Action Mode Sequential transfer

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6.3.8 Read Display Image Mode (0Dh)

0D H	RDDIM (Read Display Image Mode)																																																			
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX																																								
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0D																																								
1st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-																																								
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	-																																								
Description	This command indicates the current status of the display as described in the table below: Bit DB7 – Vertical Scrolling On/Off ‘0’ = Vertical Scrolling is Off. ‘1’ = Vertical Scrolling is On. Bit DB6 – Horizontal Scrolling Status This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to ‘0’ Bit DB5 – Inversion On/Off ‘0’ = Inversion is Off. ‘1’ = Inversion is On. Bit DB4 – All Pixels On This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to ‘0’ Bit DB3 – All Pixels Off This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to ‘0’ Bits DB2, DB1, DB0 – Gamma Curve Selection																																																			
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Gamma Curve Selected</th> <th>DB 2</th> <th>DB 1</th> <th>DB 0</th> <th>Gamma Set (26h) Parameter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Gamma Curve 1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>GC0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gamma Curve 2</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>GC1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gamma Curve 3</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>GC2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gamma Curve 4</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>GC3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Not Defined</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>Not Defined</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Not Defined</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>Not Defined</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Not Defined</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>Not Defined</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Gamma Curve Selected	DB 2	DB 1	DB 0	Gamma Set (26h) Parameter	Gamma Curve 1	0	0	0	GC0	Gamma Curve 2	0	0	1	GC1	Gamma Curve 3	0	1	0	GC2	Gamma Curve 4	0	1	1	GC3	Not Defined	1	0	0	Not Defined	Not Defined	1	0	1	Not Defined	Not Defined	1	1	0	Not Defined
	Gamma Curve Selected	DB 2	DB 1	DB 0	Gamma Set (26h) Parameter																																															
	Gamma Curve 1	0	0	0	GC0																																															
	Gamma Curve 2	0	0	1	GC1																																															
	Gamma Curve 3	0	1	0	GC2																																															
	Gamma Curve 4	0	1	1	GC3																																															
	Not Defined	1	0	0	Not Defined																																															
	Not Defined	1	0	1	Not Defined																																															
	Not Defined	1	1	0	Not Defined																																															
Restrictions																																																				
Register Availability	Status						Availability																																													
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes																																													
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes																																													
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes																																													
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes																																													
Default	Status						Default Value																																													
	Power On Sequence						00HEX																																													
	S/W Reset						00HEX																																													
Flow Chart																																																				
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Legend</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>Red and Blue</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Parameter</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Display</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Action</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Mode</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Sequential transfer</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Legend			Red and Blue		Parameter		Display		Action		Mode		Sequential transfer																										
Legend																																																				
	Red and Blue																																																			
	Parameter																																																			
	Display																																																			
	Action																																																			
	Mode																																																			
	Sequential transfer																																																			

6.3.9 Read Display Signal Mode (0Eh)

0E H	RDDSM (Read Display Signal Mode)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0E
1st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	-
Description	<p>This command indicates the current status of the display as described in the table below:</p> <p>Bit DB7 – Tearing Effect Line On/Off '0' = Tearing Effect Line Off. '1' = Tearing Effect On.</p> <p>Bit DB6 – Tearing Effect Line Output Mode, see section 8.3 for mode definitions. '0' = Mode 1. '1' = Mode 2.</p> <p>Bit DB5 – Horizontal Sync. (RGB I/F) On/Off This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'</p> <p>Bit DB4 – Vertical Sync. (RGB I/F) On/Off This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'</p> <p>Bit DB3 – Pixel Clock (PCLK, RGB I/F) On/Off This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'</p> <p>Bit DB2 – Data Enable (DE, RGB I/F) On/Off This bit is not applicable for this project, so it is set to '0'</p> <p>DB1 are DB0 - are for future use and are set to '0'.</p>											
Restrictions												
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						00HEX					
	S/W Reset						00HEX					
Flow Chart	<pre> graph TD subgraph Serial_I/F_Mode [Serial I/F Mode] A[RDDSM (0Eh)] --> B[/Send D[7:0]/] end subgraph Parallel_I/F_Mode [Parallel I/F Mode] C[RDDSM (0Eh)] --> D[/Dummy Read/] D --> E[/Send D[7:0]/] end subgraph Host_Driver [Host Driver] D end </pre>											
<div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Red and Blue Parameter Display Action Mode Sequential transfer </div>												

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6.3.10 Read Display Self-Diagnostic Result (0Fh)

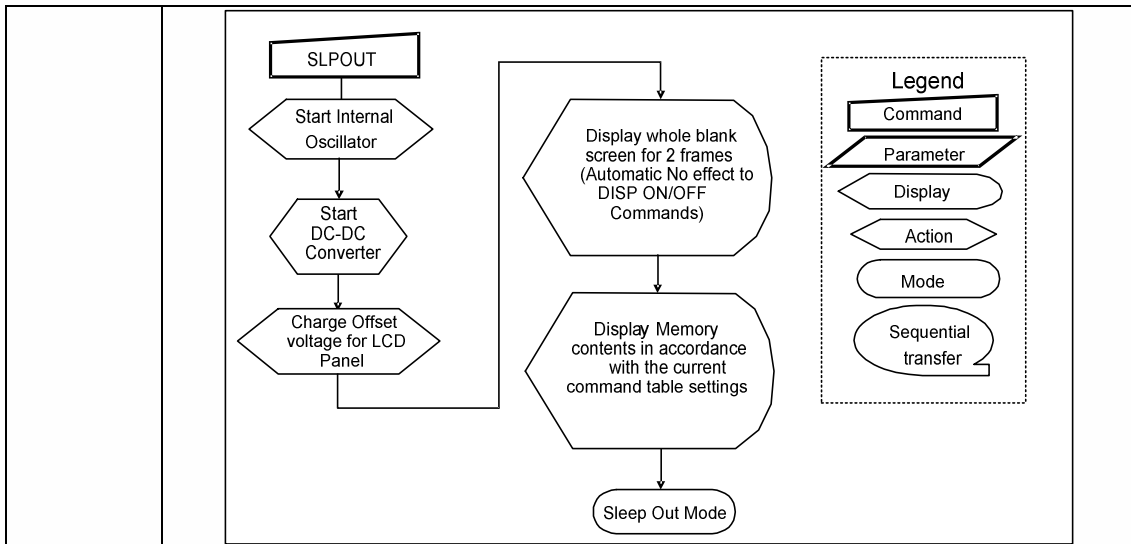
0F H	RDDSDR (Read Display Self-Diagnostic Result)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	1	↑	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0F
1st parameter	1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	-
	This command indicates the status of the display self-diagnostic results after Sleep Out -command as described in the table below:											
Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bit DB7 – Register Loading Detection See section 5.17.1 ■ Bit DB6 – Functionality Detection See section 5.17.2. ■ Bit DB5 – Chip Attachment Detection Set bit DB5 to '0', if this function is not implemented. ■ Bit DB4 – Display Glass Break Detection. Set bit DB4 to '0', if this function is not implemented. ■ Bits DB3, DB2, DB1 and DB0 are for future use and are set to '0'. 											
Restrictions												
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						00HEX					
	S/W Reset						00HEX					
	H/W Reset						00HEX					
Flow Chart												

6.3.11 Sleep In (10h)

10 H	SLPIN (Sleep In)																							
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX												
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10												
Parameter	NO PARAMETER																							
Description	<p>This command causes the LCD module to enter the minimum power consumption mode. In this mode the DC/DC converter is stopped, Internal oscillator is stopped, and panel scanning is stopped.</p> <p>MCU interface and memory are still working and the memory keeps its contents. See also section 5.13.</p>																							
Restriction	<p>This command has no effect when module is already in sleep in mode. Sleep In Mode can only be left by the Sleep Out Command (11h). It will be necessary to wait 5msec before sending next command, this is to allow time for the supply voltages and clock circuits to stabilize. It will be necessary to wait 120msec after sending Sleep Out command (when in Sleep In Mode) before Sleep In command can be sent.</p>																							
Register Availability	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Availability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sleep In or Booster Off</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>						Status	Availability	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Sleep In or Booster Off	Yes						
Status	Availability																							
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Sleep In or Booster Off	Yes																							
Default	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Default Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power On Sequence</td> <td>Sleep in mode</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S/W Reset</td> <td>Sleep in mode</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H/W Reset</td> <td>Sleep in mode</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>						Status	Default Value	Power On Sequence	Sleep in mode	S/W Reset	Sleep in mode	H/W Reset	Sleep in mode										
Status	Default Value																							
Power On Sequence	Sleep in mode																							
S/W Reset	Sleep in mode																							
H/W Reset	Sleep in mode																							
Flow Chart	<p>It takes 120msec to get into Sleep In mode after SLPIN command issued.</p>																							

6.3.12 Sleep Out (11h)

11 H	SLPOUT (Sleep Out)																							
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX												
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	11												
Parameter	NO PARAMETER																							
Description	<p>This command turns off sleep mode. In this mode the DC/DC converter is enabled, Internal oscillator is started, and panel scanning is started.</p> <p>See also section 5.13</p>																							
Restriction	<p>This command has no effect when module is already in sleep out mode. Sleep Out Mode can only be left by the Sleep In Command (10h). It will be necessary to wait 5msec before sending next command, this is to allow time for the supply voltages and clock circuits to stabilize. The display module loads all display supplier's factory default values to the registers during this 5msec and there cannot be any abnormal visual effect on the display image if factory default and register values are same when this load is done and when the display module is already Sleep Out –mode. The display module is doing self-diagnostic functions during this 5msec. See also section 8.10. It will be necessary to wait 120msec after sending Sleep In command (when in Sleep Out mode) before Sleep Out command can be sent.</p>																							
Register Availability	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Availability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sleep In or Booster Off</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Status	Availability	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Sleep In or Booster Off	Yes
Status	Availability																							
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Sleep In or Booster Off	Yes																							
Default	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Default Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power On Sequence</td> <td>Sleep In Mode</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S/W Reset</td> <td>Sleep In Mode</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Status	Default Value	Power On Sequence	Sleep In Mode	S/W Reset	Sleep In Mode						
Status	Default Value																							
Power On Sequence	Sleep In Mode																							
S/W Reset	Sleep In Mode																							
Flow Chart	It takes 120msec to become Sleep Out mode after SLPOUT command issued.																							



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6.3.13 Partial Mode On (12h)

12 H	PTLON (Partial Mode On)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12
Parameter	NO PARAMETER											
Description	This command turns on partial mode The partial mode window is described by the Partial Area command (30H). To leave Partial mode, the Normal Display Mode On command (13H) should be written. See also section 8.6.2.											
Restrictions	This command has no effect when Partial mode is active.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						Normal Mode On					
	S/W Reset						Normal Mode On					
Flow Chart	See Partial Area (30h)											

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6.3.14 Normal Display Mode On (13h)

13 H	NORON (Normal Display Mode On)											
Command	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Parameter	0	↑	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	13
Parameter	NO PARAMETER											
Description	This command returns the display to normal mode. Normal display mode on means Partial mode off, Scroll mode Off.											
Restriction	This command has no effect when Normal Display mode is active.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						Normal Mode On					
	S/W Reset						Normal Mode On					
Flow Chart	See Partial Area and Vertical Scrolling Definition Descriptions for details of when to use this command.											

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6.3.15 Display Inversion Off (20h)

20 H	INVOFF (Display Inversion Off)											
	DNC	NRD	NWR	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	1	↑	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20
Parameter	NO PARAMETER											
Description	<p>This command is used to recover from display inversion mode. This command makes no change of contents of frame memory. This command does not change any other status.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Example)</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Memory</p> </div> <div style="font-size: 2em;">→</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Display</p> </div> </div>											
Restriction	This command has no effect when module is already in inversion off mode.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes						
Default	Status			Default Value								
	Power On Sequence			Display Inversion off								
	S/W Reset			Display Inversion off								
	H/W Reset			Display Inversion off								
Flow Chart	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 60%;"> <pre> graph TD A([Display Inversion On Mode]) --> B[INVOFF] B --> C([Display Inversion OFF Mode]) </pre> </div> <div style="width: 35%; border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command: [Rectangle] Parameter: [Trapezoid] Display: [Hexagon] Action: [Arrow] Mode: [Oval] Sequential transfer: [Callout] </div> </div> </div>											

6.3.16 Display Inversion On (21h)

21 H	INVON (Display Inversion On)																							
	DNC	NRD	NWR	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX												
Command	0	1	↑	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	21												
Parameter	NO PARAMETER																							
Description	<p>This command is used to enter into display inversion mode. This command makes no change of contents of frame memory. Every bit is inverted from the frame memory to the display. This command does not change any other status.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Memory</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>(Example)</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Display</p> </div> </div>																							
Restriction	This command has no effect when module is already in inversion on mode.																							
Register Availability	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Availability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sleep In or Booster Off</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Status	Availability	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Sleep In or Booster Off	Yes
Status	Availability																							
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																							
Sleep In or Booster Off	Yes																							
Default	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Default Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power On Sequence</td> <td>Display Inversion off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S/W Reset</td> <td>Display Inversion off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H/W Reset</td> <td>Display Inversion off</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Status	Default Value	Power On Sequence	Display Inversion off	S/W Reset	Display Inversion off	H/W Reset	Display Inversion off				
Status	Default Value																							
Power On Sequence	Display Inversion off																							
S/W Reset	Display Inversion off																							
H/W Reset	Display Inversion off																							
Flow Chart	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="flex: 1;"> </div> <div style="flex: 1; border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command Parameter Display Action Mode Sequential transfer </div> </div>																							

6.3.17 Gamma Set (26h)

26 H	GAMSET (Gamma Set)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	26
Parameter	1	↑	1	GC7	GC6	GC5	GC4	GC3	GC2	GC1	GC0	-
Description	This command is used to select the desired Gamma curve for the current display. A maximum of 4 fixed gamma curves can be selected. The curve is selected by setting the appropriate bit in the parameter as described in the Table:											
	GC[7..0]		Parameter		Curve Selected							
	01h		GC0		Gamma Curve 1							
	02h		GC1		Gamma Curve 2							
	04h		GC2		Gamma Curve 3							
08h		GC3		Gamma Curve 4								
Restriction	Values of GC[7..0] not shown in table above are invalid and will not change the current selected Gamma curve until valid value is received.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						01h					
	S/W Reset						01h					
Flow Chart	<pre> graph TD A[GAMSET] --> B[/GC [7:0]/] B --> C{{New Gamma Curve Loaded}} </pre> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command: Rectangle Parameter: Parallelogram Display: Oval Action: Arrowhead Mode: Oval Sequential transfer: Oval with tail 											

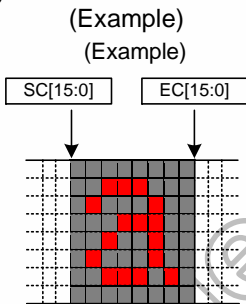
6.3.18 Display Off(28h)

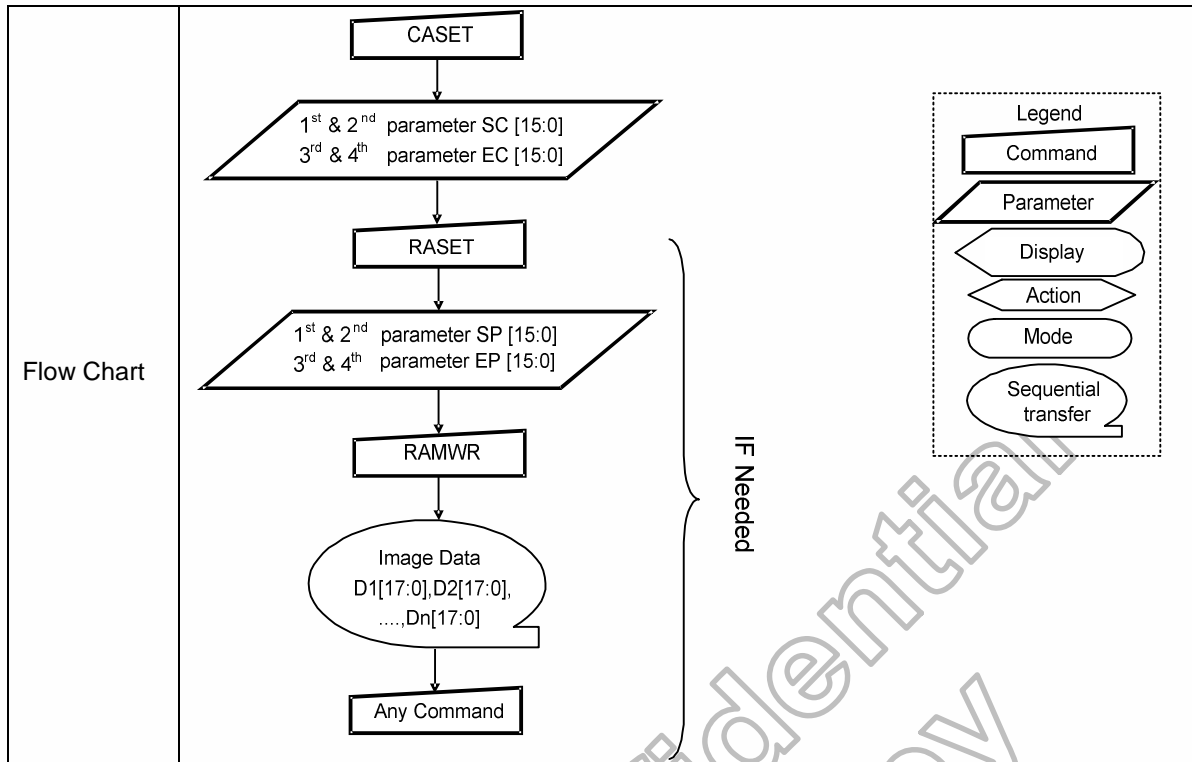
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	28
Parameter	NO PARAMETER											
Description	<p>This command is used to enter into DISPLAY OFF mode. In this mode, the output from Frame Memory is disabled and blank page inserted. This command makes no change of contents of frame memory. This command does not change any other status. There will be no abnormal visible effect on the display.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Example</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Memory</p> </div> <div style="font-size: 2em;">→</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Display</p> </div> </div>											
Restriction	This command has no effect when module is already in display off mode.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						Display off					
	S/W Reset						Display off					
	H/W Reset						Display off					
Flow Chart	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 60%;"> <pre> graph TD A{{Display On Mode}} --> B[DISPOFF] B --> C{{Display Off Mode}} </pre> </div> <div style="width: 35%; border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command Parameter Display Action Mode Sequential transfer </div> </div>											

6.3.19 Display On (29h)

29 H	DISPON (Display On)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	29
Parameter	NO PARAMETER											
Description	<p>This command is used to recover from DISPLAY OFF mode. Output from the Frame Memory is enabled. This command makes no change of contents of frame memory. This command does not change any other status.</p> <p>(Example)</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Memory</p> </div> <div style="margin: 0 20px;">→</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Display</p> </div> </div>											
Restriction	This command has no effect when module is already in display on mode.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						Display off					
	S/W Reset						Display off					
	H/W Reset						Display off					
Flow Chart	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 60%;"> </div> <div style="width: 35%; border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command: [Rectangle] Parameter: [Hexagon] Display: [Oval] Action: [Arrow] Mode: [Oval] Sequential transfer: [Curved arrow] </div> </div>											

6.3.20 Column Address Set (2Ah)

2A H	CASET (Column Address Set)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2A
parameter 1st	1	↑	1	SC15	SC14	SC13	SC12	SC11	SC10	SC9	SC8	-
parameter 2nd	1	↑	1	SC7	SC6	SC5	SC4	SC3	SC2	SC1	SC0	-
parameter 3rd	1	↑	1	EC15	EC14	EC13	EC12	EC11	EC10	EC9	EC8	-
parameter 4th	1	↑	1	EC7	EC6	EC5	EC4	EC3	EC2	EC1	EC0	-
Description	<p>This command is used to define area of frame memory where MCU can access. This command makes no change on the other driver status. The values of SC[15:0] and EC[15:0] are referred when RAMWR command comes. Each value represents one column line in the Frame Memory.</p> <p>(Example) (Example)</p> 											
Restriction	<p>SC[15:0] always must be equal to or less than EC[15:0] Note 1: When SC[15:0] or EC[15:0] is greater than 83h (when MADCTL's B5=0) or A1h (when MADCTL's B5=1), data of out of range will be ignored</p>											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						SC[15:0]=0000			EC[15:0]=0083		
	S/W Reset						When MADCTL's B5=0:			When MADCTL's B5=0:		
							SC[15:0]=0000			EC[15:0]=0083		
							When MADCTL's B5=1:			When MADCTL's B5=1:		
							SC[15:0]=0000			EC[15:0]=00A1		
H/W Reset						SC[15:0]=0000			EC[15:0]=0083			



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6.3.21 Page Address Set (2Bh)

2B H	PASET (Page Address Set)											HEX										
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0											
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	2B										
parameter 1st	1	↑	1	SP15	SP14	SP13	SP12	SP11	SP10	SP9	SP8	00..										
parameter 2nd	1	↑	1	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	Note 1										
parameter 3rd	1	↑	1	EP15	EP14	EP13	EP12	EP11	EP10	EP9	EP8	00.. Note 1										
parameter 4th	1	↑	1	EP7	EP6	EP5	EP4	EP3	EP2	EP1	EP0											
Description	<p>This command is used to define area of frame memory where MCU can access. This command makes no change on the other driver status. The values of SP[15:0] and EP[15:0] are referred when RAMWR command comes. Each value represents one Page line in the Frame Memory.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Example)</p>																					
Restriction	<p>SP[15:0] always must be equal to or less than EP[15:0] Note 1: When SP[15:0] or EP[15:0] is greater than A1h (When MADCTL's B5=0) or 83h (When MADCTL's B5=1), data of out of range will be ignored.</p>																					
Register Availability	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Availability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>						Status	Availability	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes						
Status	Availability																					
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																					
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																					
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																					
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																					
Default	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Default Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power On Sequence</td> <td>SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">S/W Reset</td> <td>When MADCTL's B5=0: SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>When MADCTL's B5=1: SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=0083</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H/W Reset</td> <td>SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Status	Default Value	Power On Sequence	SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1	S/W Reset	When MADCTL's B5=0: SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1	When MADCTL's B5=1: SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=0083	H/W Reset	SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1											
Status	Default Value																					
Power On Sequence	SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1																					
S/W Reset	When MADCTL's B5=0: SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1																					
	When MADCTL's B5=1: SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=0083																					
H/W Reset	SP[15:0]=0000 EP[15:0]=00A1																					
Flow Chart																						

6.3.22 Memory Write (2Ch)

2C H	RAMWR (Memory Write)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2C
1st parameter	1	↑	1	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	00..FF
Description	This command is used to transfer data from MCU to frame memory. This command makes no change to the other driver status. When this command is accepted, the column register and the page register are reset to the Start Column/Start Page positions. The Start Column/Start Page positions are different in accordance with MADCTL setting. (See follow table) Then DB[7:0] is stored in frame memory and the column register and the page register incremented as follow table.											
	Condition			Column Counter				Page Counter				
	When RAMWR/RAMRD command is accepted			Return to "Start Column"				Return to "Start Page"				
	Complete Pixel Read/Write action			Increment by 1				No change				
	The Column counter value is larger than "End column"			Return to "Start Column"				Increment by 1				
The Page counter value is larger than "End page"			Return to "Start Column"				Return to "Start Page"					
Restriction	In all color modes, there is no restriction on length of parameters.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						Contents of memory is set randomly					
	S/W Reset						Contents of memory is not cleared					
Flow Chart	<pre> graph TD A[RAMWR] --> B((Image Data D1[17:0], D2[17:0], ..., Dn[17:0])) B --> C[Any Command] </pre>											

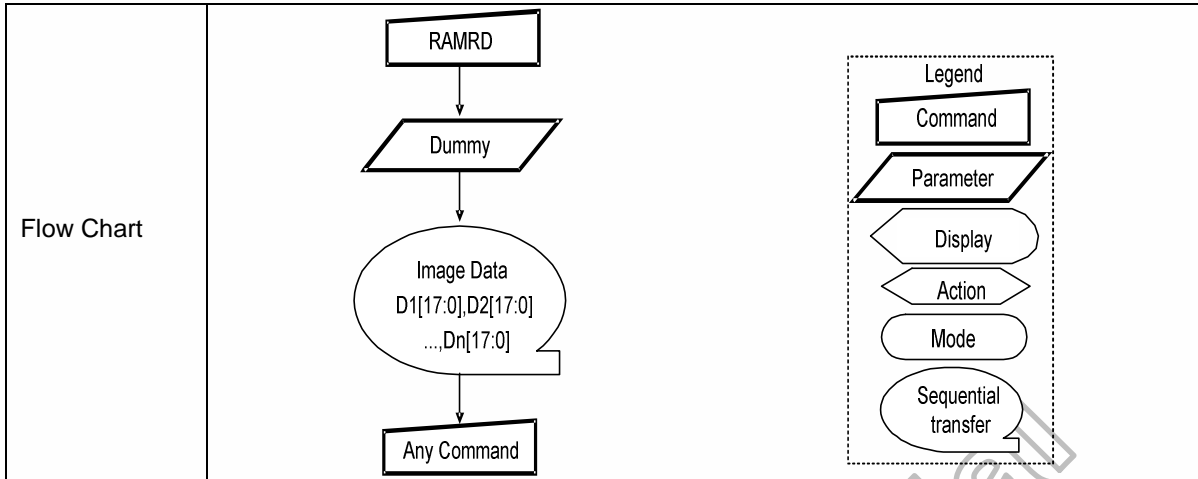
6.3.23 Colour Set (2Dh)

2D H	RGBSET (Color Set)																					
	DNC	NRD	NWR	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX										
Command	DNC	NRD	NWR	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX										
1st parameter	0	1	↑	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2D										
:	1	1	↑	X	X	R005	R004	R003	R002	R001	R000	00..FF										
16th parameter	1	1	↑	X	X	Rnn5	Rnn4	Rnn3	Rnn2	Rnn1	Rnn0	00..FF										
17th parameter	1	1	↑	X	X	R315	R314	R313	R312	R311	R310	00..FF										
33rd parameter	1	1	↑	X	X	G005	G004	G003	G002	G001	G000	00..FF										
..	1	1	↑	X	X	Gnn5	Gnn4	Gnn3	Gnn2	Gnn1	Gnn0	00..FF										
96th parameter	1	1	↑	X	X	G635	G634	G633	G632	G631	G630	00..FF										
97th parameter	1	1	↑	X	X	B005	B004	B003	B002	B001	B000	00..FF										
128th parameter	1	1	↑	X	X	B315	B314	B313	B312	B311	B310	00..FF										
Description	This command is used to define the LUT for 12bit-to-18bit/16bit-to-18bit color depth conversions. (See also section 8.9) 128 bytes must be written to the LUT regardless of the color mode. Only the values in Section 8.9 are referred. This command has no effect on other commands/parameters and Contents of frame memory. Visible change takes effect next time the Frame Memory is written to.																					
Restriction																						
Register Availability	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Availability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Status	Availability	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
Status	Availability																					
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																					
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																					
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																					
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																					
Default	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Default Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power On Sequence</td> <td>Random values</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S/W Reset</td> <td>Contents of the look-up table protected</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H/W Reset</td> <td>Random values</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Status	Default Value	Power On Sequence	Random values	S/W Reset	Contents of the look-up table protected	H/W Reset	Random values		
Status	Default Value																					
Power On Sequence	Random values																					
S/W Reset	Contents of the look-up table protected																					
H/W Reset	Random values																					
Flow Chart																						

6.3.24 Memory Read (2Eh)

2E H	RAMRD (Memory Read)																										
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB 7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX															
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	2E															
1st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-															
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	-															
Description	<p>This command is used to transfer data from frame memory to MCU. See section 9.1 This command makes no change to the other driver status. When this command is accepted, the column register and the page register are reset to the Start Column/Start Page positions. The Start Column/Start Page positions are different in accordance with MADCTL setting. (See follow table) Then DB[7:0] is read back from the frame memory and the column register and the page register incremented as follow table.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Condition</th> <th>Column Counter</th> <th>Page Counter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>When RAMWR/RAMRD command is accepted</td> <td>Return to "Start Column"</td> <td>Return to "Start Page"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Complete Pixel Read/Write action</td> <td>Increment by 1</td> <td>No change</td> </tr> <tr> <td>The Column counter value is larger than "End column"</td> <td>Return to "Start Column"</td> <td>Increment by 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>The Page counter value is larger than "End page"</td> <td>Return to "Start Column"</td> <td>Return to "Start Page"</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Condition	Column Counter	Page Counter	When RAMWR/RAMRD command is accepted	Return to "Start Column"	Return to "Start Page"	Complete Pixel Read/Write action	Increment by 1	No change	The Column counter value is larger than "End column"	Return to "Start Column"	Increment by 1	The Page counter value is larger than "End page"	Return to "Start Column"	Return to "Start Page"
	Condition	Column Counter	Page Counter																								
	When RAMWR/RAMRD command is accepted	Return to "Start Column"	Return to "Start Page"																								
	Complete Pixel Read/Write action	Increment by 1	No change																								
	The Column counter value is larger than "End column"	Return to "Start Column"	Increment by 1																								
	The Page counter value is larger than "End page"	Return to "Start Column"	Return to "Start Page"																								
Frame Read can be stopped by sending any other command.																											
Restriction	<p>In all color modes, the Frame Read is always like figure below. There is no restriction on length of parameters. Note – Memory Read is only possible via the Parallel Interface.</p>																										
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Availability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Status	Availability	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes					
Status	Availability																										
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																										
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																										
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																										
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																										
Register Availability	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Default Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power On Sequence</td> <td>Contents of memory is set randomly</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S/W Reset</td> <td>Contents of memory is not cleared</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Status	Default Value	Power On Sequence	Contents of memory is set randomly	S/W Reset	Contents of memory is not cleared									
	Status	Default Value																									
	Power On Sequence	Contents of memory is set randomly																									
S/W Reset	Contents of memory is not cleared																										
Default																											

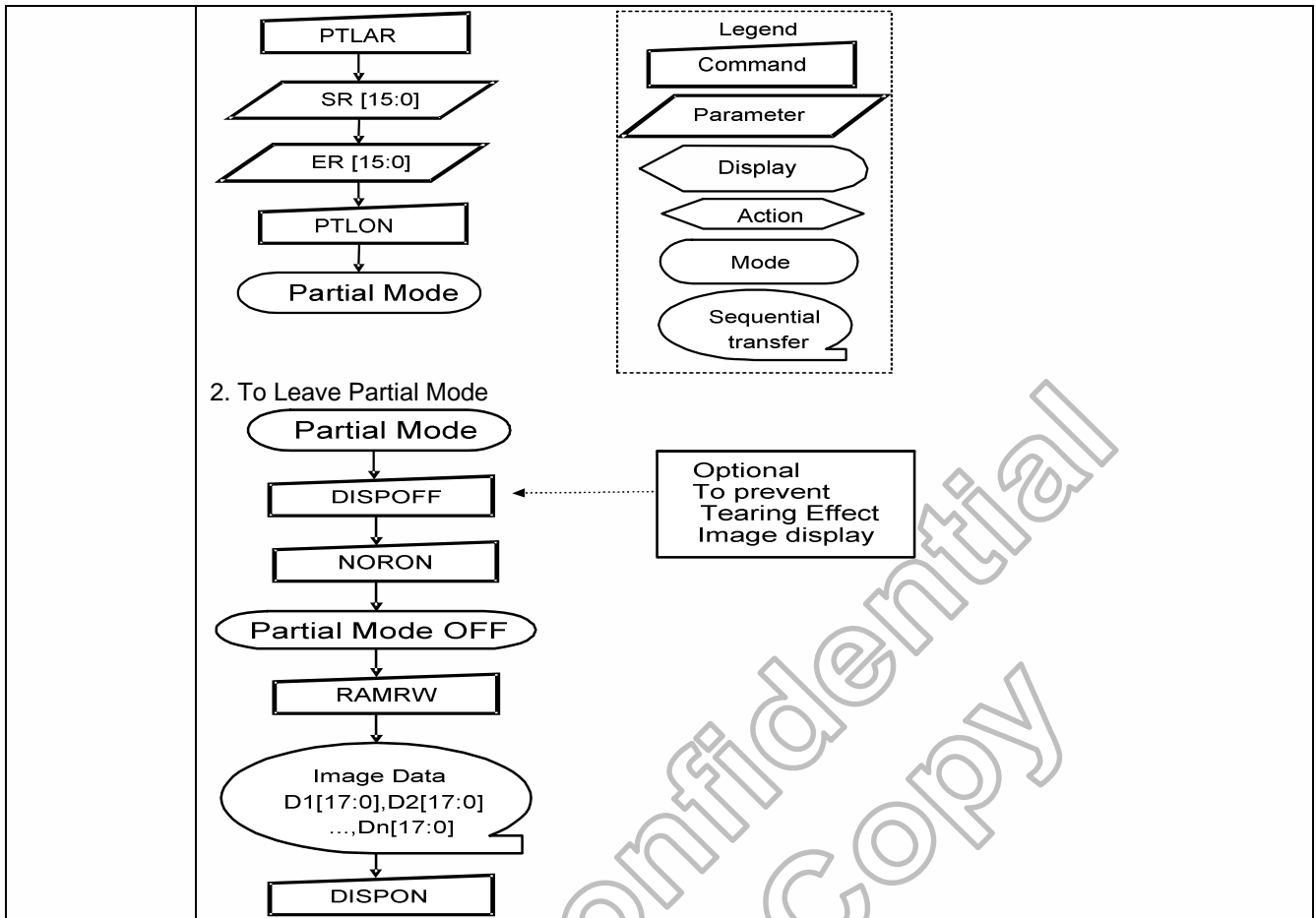
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6.3.25 Partial Area (30h)

30 H	PLTAR (Partial Area)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX	
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30	
1st Parameter	1	↑	1	PSL15	PSL14	PSL13	PSL12	PSL11	PSL10	PSL9	PSL8	00 ...A1	
2nd Parameter	1	↑	1	PSL7	PSL6	PSL5	PSL4	PSL3	PSL2	PSL1	PSL0		
3rd Parameter	1	↑	1	PEL15	PEL14	PEL13	PEL12	PEL11	PEL10	PEL9	PEL8	00 ...A1	
4th Parameter	1	↑	1	PEL7	PEL6	PEL5	PEL4	PEL3	PEL2	PEL1	PEL0		
Description	<p>This command defines the partial mode's display area. There are 4 parameters associated with this command, the first defines the Start Row (SR) and the second the End Row (ER), as illustrated in the figures below. SR and ER refer to the Frame Memory Line Pointer.</p> <p>If End Row > Start Row when MADCTL B4=0:-</p> <p>If End Row > Start Row when MADCTL B4=1:-</p> <p>If End Row < Start Row when MADCTL B4=0:-</p> <p>If End Row = Start Row then the Partial Area will be one row deep.</p>												
	Restriction	SR[15...0] and ER[15...0] cannot be greater than A1h.											
	Register Availability	Status		Availability									
		Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes									
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes											
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes											
Default	Status		Default Value										
	Power On Sequence		SR[15..0]=00			ER[15..0]=A1							
	S/W Reset		SR[15..0]=00			ER[15..0]=A1							
Flow Chart	1. To Enter Partial Mode:-												



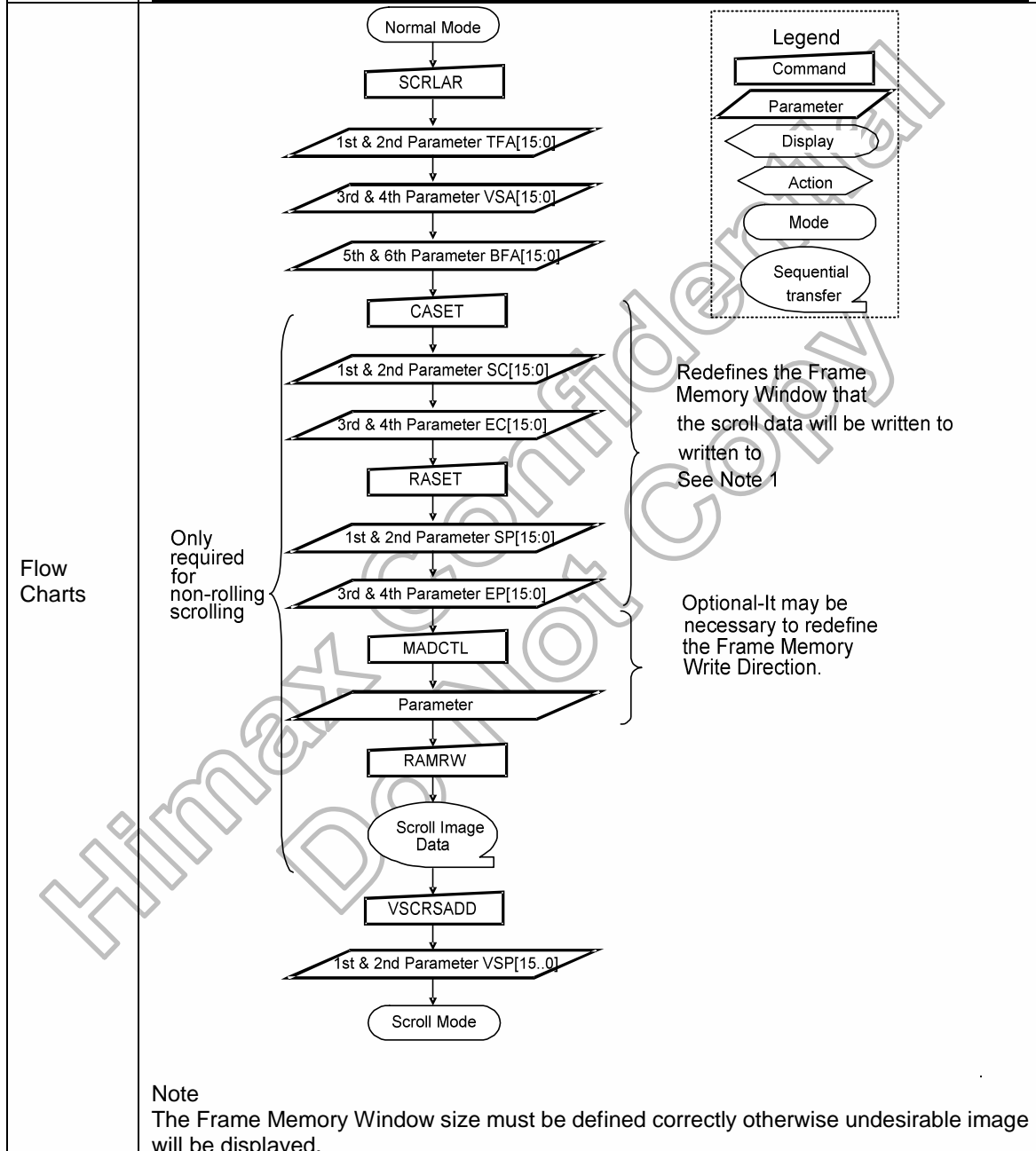
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6.3.26 Vertical Scrolling Definition (33h)

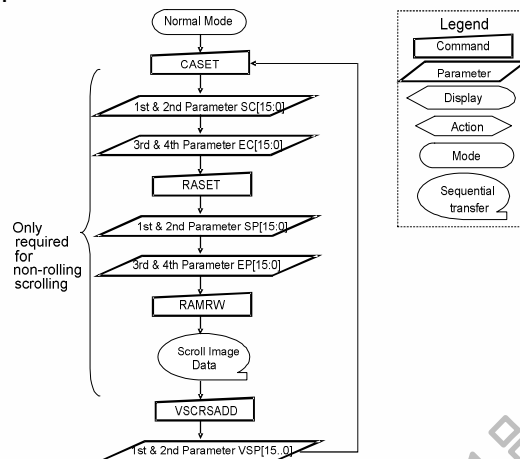
33 H	VSCRDEF (Vertical Scrolling Definition)											HEX
	DNC	NRD	NWR	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	
Command	0	1	↑	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	33
1st parameter	1	1	↑	TFA 15	TFA 14	TFA 13	TFA 12	TFA 11	TFA 10	TFA 9	TFA 8	00..A2
2nd parameter	1	1	↑	TFA 7	TFA 6	TFA 5	TFA 4	TFA 3	TFA 2	TFA 1	TFA 0	
3rd parameter	1	1	↑	VSA 15	VSA 14	VSA 13	VSA 12	VSA 11	VSA 10	VSA 9	VSA 8	00..A2
4th parameter	1	1	↑	VSA 7	VSA 6	VSA 5	VSA 4	VSA 3	VSA 2	VSA 1	VSA 0	
5th parameter	1	1	↑	BFA 15	BFA 14	BFA 13	BFA 12	BFA 11	BFA 10	BFA 9	BFA 8	00..A2
6th parameter	1	1	↑	BFA 7	BFA 6	BFA 5	BFA 4	BFA 3	BFA 2	BFA 1	BFA 0	
Description	<p>This command defines the Vertical Scrolling Area of the display. When MADCTL B4=0 The 1st & 2nd parameter TFA[15..0] describes the Top Fixed Area (in No. of lines from Top of the Frame Memory and Display). The 3rd & 4th parameter VSA[15..0] describes the height of the Vertical Scrolling Area (in No. of lines of the Frame Memory [not the display] from the Vertical Scrolling Start Address). The first line read from Frame Memory appears immediately after the bottom most line of the Top Fixed Area. The 5th & 6th parameter BFA[15..0] describes the Bottom Fixed Area (in No. of lines from Bottom of the Frame Memory and Display). TFA, VSA and BFA refer to the Frame Memory Line Pointer.</p> <p>When MADCTL B4=1 The 1st & 2nd parameter TFA[15..0] describes the Top Fixed Area (in No. of lines from Bottom of the Frame Memory and Display). The 3rd & 4th parameter VSA[15..0] describes the height of the Vertical Scrolling Area (in No. of lines of the Frame Memory [not the display] from the Vertical Scrolling Start Address). The first line read from Frame Memory appears immediately after the top most line of the Top Fixed Area. The 5th & 6th parameter BFA[15..0] describes the Bottom Fixed Area (in No. of lines from Top of the Frame Memory and Display).</p> <p>See also Section 8.2.2.2 for details of the Memory to Display mappings.</p>											
Restriction	<p>The condition is (TFA+VSA+BFA)=162, otherwise Scrolling mode is undefined. In Vertical Scroll Mode, MADCTL B5 should be set to '0' – this only affects the Frame Memory Write.</p>											

Register Availability	Status	Availability
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
	Sleep In or Booster Off	Yes

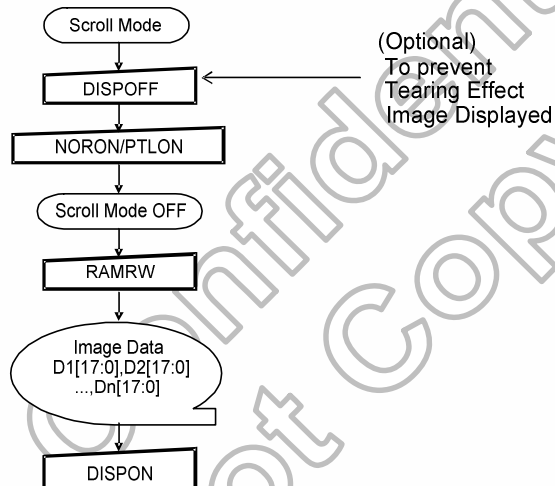
Default	Status	Default Value		
	Power On Sequence	TFA[15..0]=0000	VSA[15..0]=00A2	BFA[15..0]=0000
	S/W Reset	TFA[15..0]=0000	VSA[15..0]=00A2	BFA[15..0]=0000
	H/W Reset	TFA[15..0]=0000	VSA[15..0]=00A2	BFA[15..0]=0000



2. Continuous Scroll:



3. To Leave Vertical Scroll Mode:



6.3.27 Tearing Effect Line Off (34h)

34 H	TEOFF (Tearing Effect Line OFF)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	34
Description	This command is used to turn OFF (Active Low) the Tearing Effect output signal from the TE signal line.											
Restriction	This command has no effect when Tearing Effect output is already OFF.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						Off					
	S/W Reset						Off					
Flow Chart	<pre> graph TD A([TE Line Output ON]) --> B[TEOFF] B --> C([TE Line Output OFF]) </pre>											

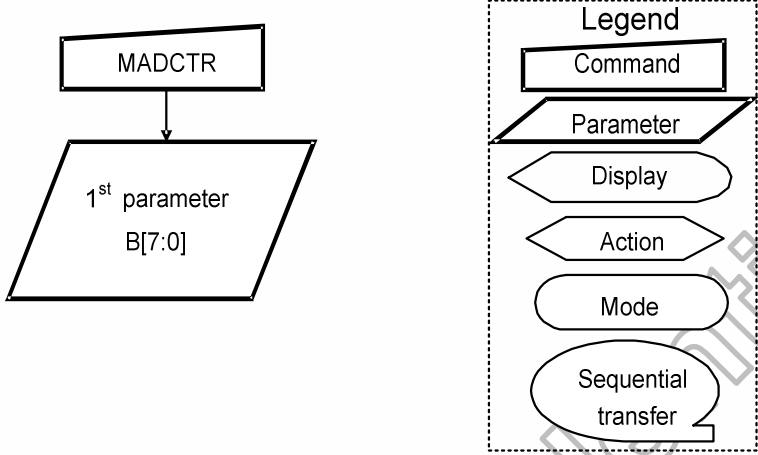
6.3.28 Tearing Effect Line On (35h)

35 H	TEON (Tearing Effect Line ON)																				
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX									
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	35									
Parameter	1	↑	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	M	-									
Description	<p>This command is used to turn ON the Tearing Effect output signal from the TE signal line. This output is not affected by changing MADCTL bit B4. The Tearing Effect Line On has one parameter which describes the mode of the Tearing Effect Output Line. (X=Don't Care).</p> <p>When M=0: The Tearing Effect Output line consists of V-Blanking information only:</p> <p>When M=1: The Tearing Effect Output Line consists of both V-Blanking and H-Blanking information:</p> <p>Note: During Sleep In Mode with Tearing Effect Line On, Tearing Effect Output pin will be active Low.</p>																				
Restriction	This command has no effect when Tearing Effect output is already ON.																				
Register Availability	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Availability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>											Status	Availability	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
Status	Availability																				
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																				
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																				
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																				
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																				
Default	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Default Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power On Sequence</td> <td>Off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S/W Reset</td> <td>Off</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>											Status	Default Value	Power On Sequence	Off	S/W Reset	Off				
Status	Default Value																				
Power On Sequence	Off																				
S/W Reset	Off																				
Flow Chart																					

6.3.29 Memory Access Control (36h)

36 H	MADCTL (Memory Access Control)																														
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX																			
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	36																			
1st parameter	1	↑	1	MY	MX	MV	ML	BGR	SS	-	-	XX																			
Description	<p>This command defines read/write scanning direction of frame memory. This command makes no change on the other driver status.</p> <p>Bit Assignment</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>BIT</th> <th>NAME</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>MY</td> <td>PAGE ADDRESS ORDER</td> <td rowspan="3">These 3 bits controls MCU to memory write/read direction.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MX</td> <td>COLUMN ADDRESS ORDER</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MV</td> <td>PAGE/COLUMN SELECTION</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ML</td> <td>Vertical ORDER</td> <td>LCD vertical refresh direction control</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BGR</td> <td>RGB-BGR ORDER</td> <td>Color selector switch control (0=RGB color filter panel, 1=BGR color filter panel)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SS</td> <td>Horizontal ORDER</td> <td>LCD horizontal refresh direction control</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	MY	PAGE ADDRESS ORDER	These 3 bits controls MCU to memory write/read direction.	MX	COLUMN ADDRESS ORDER	MV	PAGE/COLUMN SELECTION	ML	Vertical ORDER	LCD vertical refresh direction control	BGR	RGB-BGR ORDER	Color selector switch control (0=RGB color filter panel, 1=BGR color filter panel)	SS	Horizontal ORDER	LCD horizontal refresh direction control
	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION																												
	MY	PAGE ADDRESS ORDER	These 3 bits controls MCU to memory write/read direction.																												
	MX	COLUMN ADDRESS ORDER																													
	MV	PAGE/COLUMN SELECTION																													
	ML	Vertical ORDER	LCD vertical refresh direction control																												
	BGR	RGB-BGR ORDER	Color selector switch control (0=RGB color filter panel, 1=BGR color filter panel)																												
	SS	Horizontal ORDER	LCD horizontal refresh direction control																												
	<p>ML - Vertical Updating order</p> <p>ML="0" Top-Left (0,0) Memory (Example) Display Sent First (1) Sent 2nd Sent 3rd ... Sent last (160)</p> <p>ML="1" Top-Left (0,0) Memory (Example) Display Sent last (160) Sent 3rd Sent 2nd Sent First (1)</p>																														
	<p>BGR-RGB-RBG Order</p> <p>BGR="0" Driver IC: RGB SIG1 SIG2 ... SIG128 LCD Panel: RGB RGB ... RGB</p> <p>BGR="1" Driver IC: RGB SIG1 SIG2 ... SIG128 LCD Panel: BGR BGR ... BGR</p>																														
<p>SS - Horizontal Updating order</p> <p>SS="0" Top-Left (0,0) Display Sent First (1) Sent 2nd Sent 3rd ... Sent last (128)</p> <p>SS="1" Top-Left (0,0) Display Sent last (128) Sent 2nd Sent 3rd Sent First (1)</p>																															
Restriction	DB1 and DB0 are set to '00' internally. DB2 is implemented if the LCD is updating pixel-by-pixel. DB2 is set to '0' internally if the LCD is updating line-by-line.																														
Register Availability	Status		Availability																												
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes																												
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes																												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes																												

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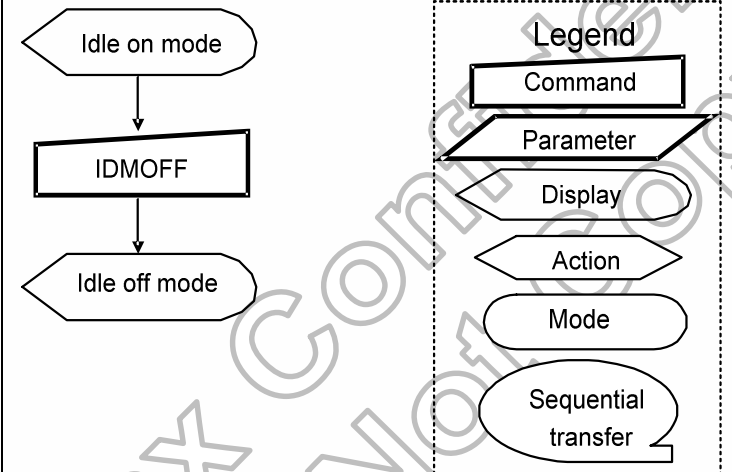
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
	Sleep In or Booster Off	Yes
Default	Status	Default Value
	Power On Sequence	MY=0,MX=0,MV=0,ML=0,BGR=0,SS=0,B1=0,B0=0
	S/W Reset	No Change
Flow Chart		

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6.3.30 Vertical Scrolling Start Address (37h)

37 H	VSCRSADD (Vertical Scrolling Start Address)										
	NRD DNC	NW R	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	10	↑	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	37
1 st parameter	11	↑	VSP 15	VSP 14	VSP 13	VSP 12	VSP 11	VSP 10	VSP 9	VSP 8	00 .. A1
2 nd parameter	11	↑	VSP 7	VSP 6	VSP 5	VSP 4	VSP 3	VSP 2	VSP 1	VSP 0	
Description	<p>This command is used together with Vertical Scrolling Definition (33h). These two commands describe the scrolling area and the scrolling mode.</p> <p>The Vertical Scrolling Start Address command has one parameter which describes the address of the line in the Frame Memory that will be written as the first line after the last line of the Top Fixed Area on the display as illustrated below:-</p> <p>When MADCTL B4=0</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>When Top Fixed Area = Bottom Fixed Area = 00, Vertical Scrolling Area = 162 and VSP='3'</p> <p>(Example)</p> <p>When MADCTL B4=1</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>When Top Fixed Area = Bottom Fixed Area = 00, Vertical Scrolling Area = 162 and VSP='3'</p> <p>(Example)</p> <p>. When new Pointer position and Picture Data are sent, the result on the display will happen at the next Panel Scan to avoid tearing effect.</p> <p>. VSP refers to the Frame Memory line Pointer.</p>										
	Restriction	<p>Since the value of the Vertical Scrolling Start Address is absolute (with reference to the Frame Memory), it must not enter the fixed area (defined by Vertical Scrolling Definition (33h) – otherwise undesirable image will be displayed on the Panel.</p>									
Register Availability	Status		Availability								
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes								
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes								
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		No								
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		No								
Sleep In or Booster Off		Yes									
Default	Status		Default Value								
	Power On Sequence		0000								
	S/W Reset		0000								
	H/W Reset		0000								
Flow Chart	See Vertical Scrolling Definition (33h) description.										

6.3.31 Idle Mode Off (38h)

38 H	IDMOFF (Idle mode off)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38
Parameter	NO PARAMETER											
	This command is used to recover from Idle mode on.											
Description	In the idle off mode, LCD can display maximum 262,144 colors. See also section 8.6.2.											
Restriction	This command has no effect when module is already in idle off mode.											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						Idle off mode					
	S/W Reset						Idle off mode					
Flow Chart	 <pre> graph TD A([Idle on mode]) --> B[IDMOFF] B --> C([Idle off mode]) </pre> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command: Rectangle Parameter: Trapezoid Display: Oval Action: Arrowhead Mode: Rounded rectangle Sequential transfer: Oval with tail 											

6.3.32 Idle Mode On (39h)

39 H	IDMON (Idle mode on)																																																																																																																																																																				
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX																																																																																																																																																									
Command	0	↑	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	39																																																																																																																																																									
Parameter	NO PARAMETER																																																																																																																																																																				
Description	<p>This command is used to enter into Idle mode on. In the idle on mode, color expression is reduced. The primary and the secondary colors using MSB of each R, G and B in the Frame Memory, 8 color depth data is displayed.</p> <p>(Example)</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Memory</p> </div> <div style="font-size: 2em;">→</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Display</p> </div> </div> <p>Memory contents vs. Display Color</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>R4</th> <th>R3</th> <th>R2</th> <th>R1</th> <th>R0</th> <th>G5</th> <th>G4</th> <th>G3</th> <th>G2</th> <th>G1</th> <th>G0</th> <th>B4</th> <th>B3</th> <th>B2</th> <th>B1</th> <th>B0</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Black</td> <td colspan="5">0XXXX</td> <td colspan="6">0XXXXX</td> <td colspan="5">0XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Blue</td> <td colspan="5">0XXXX</td> <td colspan="6">0XXXXX</td> <td colspan="5">1XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Red</td> <td colspan="5">1XXXX</td> <td colspan="6">0XXXXX</td> <td colspan="5">0XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Magenta</td> <td colspan="5">1XXXX</td> <td colspan="6">0XXXXX</td> <td colspan="5">1XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Green</td> <td colspan="5">0XXXX</td> <td colspan="6">1XXXXX</td> <td colspan="5">0XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cyan</td> <td colspan="5">0XXXX</td> <td colspan="6">1XXXXX</td> <td colspan="5">1XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Yellow</td> <td colspan="5">1XXXX</td> <td colspan="6">1XXXXX</td> <td colspan="5">0XXXX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>White</td> <td colspan="5">1XXXX</td> <td colspan="6">1XXXXX</td> <td colspan="5">1XXXX</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>X=don't care See also section 8.6.2.</p>													R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	Black	0XXXX					0XXXXX						0XXXX					Blue	0XXXX					0XXXXX						1XXXX					Red	1XXXX					0XXXXX						0XXXX					Magenta	1XXXX					0XXXXX						1XXXX					Green	0XXXX					1XXXXX						0XXXX					Cyan	0XXXX					1XXXXX						1XXXX					Yellow	1XXXX					1XXXXX						0XXXX					White	1XXXX					1XXXXX						1XXXX				
		R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0																																																																																																																																																				
Black	0XXXX					0XXXXX						0XXXX																																																																																																																																																									
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White	1XXXX					1XXXXX						1XXXX																																																																																																																																																									
Restriction	This command has no effect when module is already in idle on mode.																																																																																																																																																																				
Register Availability	Status						Availability																																																																																																																																																														
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes																																																																																																																																																														
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes																																																																																																																																																														
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes																																																																																																																																																														
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes																																																																																																																																																														
	Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes																																																																																																																																																														
Default	Status						Default Value																																																																																																																																																														
	Power On Sequence						Idle off mode																																																																																																																																																														
	S/W Reset						Idle off mode																																																																																																																																																														
	H/W Reset						Idle off mode																																																																																																																																																														
Flow Chart	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="text-align: center; margin-right: 20px;"> <p>Idle off mode</p> <p>↓</p> <p>IDMON</p> <p>↓</p> <p>Idle on mode</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Legend</p> <p>Command: [Rectangle]</p> <p>Parameter: [Trapezoid]</p> <p>Display: [Oval]</p> <p>Action: [Arrow]</p> <p>Mode: [Rounded Rectangle]</p> <p>Sequential transfer: [Speech Bubble]</p> </div> </div>																																																																																																																																																																				

6.3.33 Interface Pixel Format (3Ah)

3A H		COLMOD (Interface Pixel Format)										
	DNC	NRD	NWR	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	1	↑	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	3A
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	CSEL2	CSEL1	CSEL0	011,101
Description	This command is used to define the format of RGB picture data, which is to be transferred via the MCU Interface. The formats are shown in the table:-											
	Interface Format (system interface)			CSEL2	CSEL1	CSEL0						
	Not Defined			0	0	0						
	Not Defined			0	0	1						
	Not Defined			0	1	0						
	12 Bit/Pixel			0	1	1						
	Not Defined			1	0	0						
	16 Bit/Pixel			1	0	1						
	18 Bit/Pixel			1	1	0						
Not Defined			1	1	1							
Note: In 8, 12, 16 & 18 Bit/Pixel mode, the LUT is applied to transfer data into the Frame Memory.												
Restriction	There is no visible effect until the Frame Memory is written to.											
Register Availability	Status			Availability								
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out			Yes								
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out			Yes								
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out			Yes								
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out			Yes								
Default	Status			Default Value								
	Power On Sequence			18 Bit/Pixel								
	S/W Reset			No Change								
	H/W Reset			18 Bit/Pixel								
Flow Chart	Example:											
	<pre> graph TD A([16Bit/Pixel Mode]) --> B[COLMOD] B --> C[/011/] C --> D([12Bit/Pixel Mode]) </pre>											

6.3.34 Read IDB1 (DAh)

DA H	RDIDB1 (Read IDB1)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	DA
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	Module's manufacturer[7:0]							xx	
Description	This read byte identifies the LCD module's manufacturer. It is specified by Nokia and for xx is defined as xxHEX.											
Restriction												
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						xxHEX					
	S/W Reset						xxHEX					
Flow Chart	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Serial I/F Mode (P/SX=Low)</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Parallel I/F Mode (P/SX=High)</p> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command: [Rectangle] Parameter: [Parallelogram] Display: [Oval] Action: [Arrow] Mode: [Oval] Sequential transfer: [Loop arrow] </div>											

6.3.35 Read IDB2 (DBh)

DB H	RDIDB2 (Read IDB2)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	DB
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	-	V6	V5	V4	V3	V2	V1	V0	-
Description	This read byte is used to track the LCD module/driver version. It is defined by display supplier (with Nokia's agreement) and changes each time a revision is made to the display, material or construction specifications. See Table:											
	ID Byte Value V[7:0]			Version			Changes					
	80h											
	81h											
	82h											
	83h											
	84h											
85h												
Restrictions												
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						See Description					
	S/W Reset						See Description					
Flow Chart	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Serial I/F Mode (P/SX=Low)</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Parallel I/F Mode (P/SX=High)</p> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Host Display</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command Parameter Display Action Mode Sequential transfer </div>											

6.3.36 Read IDB3 (DCh)

DC H	RDIDB3 (Read IDB3)											
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	DC
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	LCD module/driver ID [7:0]							-	
Description	This read byte identifies the LCD module/driver. It is specified by Nokia and for this LCD project module is defined as xxHEX.											
Restrictions												
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						TBDHEX					
	S/W Reset						TBDHEX					
Flow Chart	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Serial I/F Mode (P/SX=Low)</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Parallel I/F Mode (P/SX=High)</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Command: [Rectangle] Parameter: [Parallelogram] Display: [Oval] Action: [Arrow] Mode: [Oval] Sequential transfer: [Curved Arrow] </div> </div>											

6.4 Himax Command

6.4.1 SETOSC: Set Internal Oscillator (B0h)

B0 H	SETOSC(Set Internal Oscillator)												HEX																																				
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0																																					
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	B0																																				
1st parameter	1	↑	1	--	CADJ[3:0]			UADJ[2:0]			-	--																																					
2nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	RADJ[1:0]		--																																				
3 rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	OSC_EN_CON(0)	--	--	OSC_EN(1)	--	--																																				
Description	This command is used to set internal oscillator related setting. OSC_EN : Enable internal oscillator, High active CADJ[3:0], RADJ[3:0] : for Internal test. UADJ[2:0] : Internal oscillator frequency, default is 1.5MHz.																																																
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>UADJ2</th> <th>UADJ1</th> <th>UADJ0</th> <th>frequency</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>128%</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>119%</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>110%</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>100%</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>91%</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>81%</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>71%</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>61%</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				UADJ2	UADJ1	UADJ0	frequency	0	0	0	128%	0	0	1	119%	0	1	0	110%	0	1	1	100%	1	0	0	91%	1	0	1	81%	1	1	0	71%	1	1	1	61%	OSC_EN_CON : OSC_EN status control bit,1: OSC_EN in fix state,0: OSC_EN in changed state								
	UADJ2	UADJ1	UADJ0	frequency																																													
	0	0	0	128%																																													
	0	0	1	119%																																													
	0	1	0	110%																																													
	0	1	1	100%																																													
	1	0	0	91%																																													
	1	0	1	81%																																													
	1	1	0	71%																																													
1	1	1	61%																																														
Restrictions																																																	
If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command																																																	
Register Availability	Status						Availability																																										
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes																																										
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes																																										
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes																																										
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes																																										
	Sleep In						Yes																																										
Default	Status						Default Value																																										
	Power On Sequence						OSC_TEST=0; OSC_EN=0, CADJ[3:0]=OTP value, RADJ=OTP value, UADJ[2:0]=3'b011.																																										
	S/W Reset						OSC_EN=0h, if OPT is programmed, CADJ[3:0] =OTP value, RADJ=OTP value, else no change																																										
	H/W Reset						OSC_TEST=0; OSC_EN=0, CADJ[3:0] =OTP value, RADJ=OTP value, UADJ[2:0]=3'b011																																										
Flow Chart																																																	

6.4.2 SETPOWER: Set Power (B1h)

B1 H	SETPOWER(Set power related setting)																																								
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX																												
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	B1																												
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	GASENB(0)	--	--	PON(0)	DK(1)	--	--	STB(0)	--																												
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	AP[2:0](000)			--																												
3 rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	VC1[2:0](110)			--																												
4 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	VRH[3:0](0100)			--																													
5 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	BT[3:0](0011)				--	--	--	--	--																												
6 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	FS11	FS10	--	--	FS01	FS00	--																												
7 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	N_DC[7:0]								--																												
8 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	E_DC[7:0]								--																												
9 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	DCCLK_Sync(1)	--																												
Description	<p>GA SENB: This stands for abnormal power-off supervise function when the power is off. It's for monitoring power status by NISD pad when GASENB is set to 0.</p> <p>PON: Specify on/off control of step-up circuit 2 for VGH, VGL voltage generation. For detail, see the Power Supply Setting Sequence.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>PON</th> <th>Operation of step-up circuit 2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ON</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>DK: Specify on/off control of step-up circuit 1 for VLCD voltage generation. For detail, see the Power Supply Setting Sequence.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>DK</th> <th>Operation of step-up circuit 1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>ON</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>OFF</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>STB: When STB = "1", the HX8353-C into the standby mode, where all display operation stops, suspend all the internal operations including the internal R-C oscillator. During the standby mode, only the following process can be executed.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Exit the Standby mode (STB = "0") , Start the oscillation <p>In the standby mode, the GRAM data and register content may be lost. For preventing this, they have to reset again after the standby mode cancel.</p> <p>AP(2-0): Adjust the amount of current driving for the operational amplifier in the power supply circuit. When the amount of fixed current is increased, the LCD driving capacity and the display quality are high, but the current consumption is increased. This is a tradeoff, Adjust the fixed current by considering both the display quality and the current consumption. AP(2-0) can be set as "000" when display is off, the current consumption can be reduced by stopping the operations of operational amplifier and step-up circuit.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>AP2</th> <th>AP1</th> <th>AP0</th> <th>Constant Current of Operational Amplifier</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>Power Circuit Off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>Ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>Ignore</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>													PON	Operation of step-up circuit 2	0	OFF	1	ON	DK	Operation of step-up circuit 1	0	ON	1	OFF	AP2	AP1	AP0	Constant Current of Operational Amplifier	0	0	0	Power Circuit Off	0	0	1	Ignore	0	1	0	Ignore
PON	Operation of step-up circuit 2																																								
0	OFF																																								
1	ON																																								
DK	Operation of step-up circuit 1																																								
0	ON																																								
1	OFF																																								
AP2	AP1	AP0	Constant Current of Operational Amplifier																																						
0	0	0	Power Circuit Off																																						
0	0	1	Ignore																																						
0	1	0	Ignore																																						

0	1	1	Ignore
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1.25
1	1	0	1.5
1	1	1	Ignore

VC1(2-0):

Specify the ratio for VLCD voltage adjusting.

VC12	VC11	VC10	VLCD
0	0	0	5.47
0	0	1	5.29
0	1	0	5.12
0	1	1	4.95
1	0	0	4.76
1	0	1	4.59
1	1	0	4.46
1	1	1	4.23

VRH(3-0):

Set the magnification of amplification for VREG1 voltage for gamma voltage setting. It allows magnify the amplification of VREF from 2.8 to 4.8 times.

VRH3	VRH2	VRH1	VRH0	VREG1
0	0	0	0	VREF x 1.87
0	0	0	1	VREF x 2.00
0	0	1	0	VREF x 2.13
0	0	1	1	VREF x 2.20
0	1	0	0	VREF x 2.27
0	1	0	1	VREF x 2.33
0	1	1	0	VREF x 2.4
0	1	1	1	VREF x 2.47
1	0	0	0	VREF x 2.53
1	0	0	1	VREF x 2.6
1	0	1	0	VREF x 2.67
1	0	1	1	VREF x 2.8
1	1	0	0	VREF x 2.93
1	1	0	1	VREF x 3.07
1	1	1	0	VREF x 3.2
1	1	1	1	Inhibited

Note: VREF is the internal reference voltage equals to 1.8V.

BT(3-0):

Switch the output factor of step-up circuit 2 for VGH and VGL voltage generation. The LCD drive voltage level can be selected according to the characteristic of liquid crystal which panel used. Lower amplification of the step-up circuit consumes less current and then the power consumption can be reduced.

BT3	BT2	BT1	BT0	VCL	VGH	VGL		Capacitor Connection Pins
						VCOMG=1	VCOMG=0	
0	0	0	0	-1x VDD	VLCD x 3 [x 6]	-(VLCDx2)+VCL [x -5]	-(VLCDx2) [x -4]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B, C22A/B
0	0	0	1	-1x VDD	VLCD x 3 [x 6]	-(VLCDx2) [x -4]	-(VLCDx2) [x -4]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B, C22A/B
0	0	1	0	-1x VDD	VLCD x 3 [x 6]	-(VLCDx2)+VDD [x -3]	-(VLCDx2)+VDD [x -3]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B, C22A/B

0	0	1	1	-1x VDD	VLCD x 2+VDD [x 5]	-(VLCDX2)+VCL [x -5]	-(VLCDX2) [x -4]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B, C22A/B
0	1	0	0	-1x VDD	VLCD x 2+VDD [x 5]	-(VLCDX2) [x -4]	-(VLCDX2) [x -4]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B, C22A/B
0	1	0	1	-1x VDD	VLCD x 2+VDD [x 5]	-(VLCDx2)+VDD [x -3]	-(VLCDx2)+VDD [x -3]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B, C22A/B
0	1	1	0	-1x VDD	VLCD X 2 [x 4]	-(VLCDX2) [x -4]	-(VLCDX2) [x -4]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B, C22A/B
0	1	1	1	-1x VDD	Inhibited			
1	0	0	0	-1x VDD	VLCD X 2 [x 4]	-(VLCDX1)+VCL [x-3]	-(VLCDX1) [x-2]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B,
1	0	0	1	-1x VDD	VLCD X 2 [x 4]	-(VLCDX1) [x-2]	-(VLCDX1) [x-2]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B,
1	0	1	0	-1x VDD	VLCD X 2 [x 4]	-(VLCDX1)+VDD [x-1]	-(VLCDX1)+VDD [x-1]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B,
1	0	1	1	-1x VDD	VLCD X 1 +VDD [x3]	-(VLCDX1)+VCL [x-3]	-(VLCDX1) [x-2]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B,
1	1	0	0	-1x VDD	VLCD X1 + VDD [x3]	-(VLCDX1) [x-2]	-(VLCDX1) [x-2]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B,
1	1	0	1	-1x VDD	VLCDX1+ VDD [x3]	-(VLCDX1)+VDD [x-1]	-(VLCDX1)+VDD [x-1]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B,
1	1	1	0	-1x VDD	VLCDX1 [x2]	-(VLCDX1) [x-2]	-(VLCDX1) [x-2]	VCL, VGH, VGL C11 A/B, C21 A/B,
1	1	1	1		Inhibited			

Note: 1. The conditions of VLCD ≤ 6V, VCL ≤ -3.3V, VGH-VGL ≤ 32V must be satisfied.
 2. If VCOMG=0, VCL output is floating.
 3. C22 option : VGH and VGL can share the same pump capacitor when operate on special pumping condition →BT[3:0]=1XXX (On this condition, C22 can be removed).

FS0(1-0):

Set the operating frequency of the step-up circuit 1 and extra step-up circuit 1 for VLCD voltage generation. When using the higher frequency, the driving ability of the step-up circuit and the display quality are high, but the current consumption is increased. The tradeoff is between the display quality and the current consumption.

DCDCf = DC / DC converter operating frequency

FS01	FS0	Operation Frequency of Step-up Circuit 1 and Extra Step-up circuit 1
0	0	DCDCf / 1
0	1	DCDCf / 2
1	0	DCDCf / 4
1	1	DCDCf / 8

FS1(1-0):

Set the operating frequency of the step-up circuit 2 and 3 for VGH, VGL and VCL voltage generation. When using the higher frequency, the driving ability of the step-up circuit and the display quality are high, but the current consumption is increased. The tradeoff is between the display quality and the current consumption.

DCDCf = DC / DC converter operating frequency

FS11	FS10	Operation Frequency of Step-up Circuit 2 , Step-up Circuit 3
0	0	DCDCf / 1
0	1	DCDCf / 2
1	0	DCDCf / 4
1	1	DCDCf / 8

Note: Ensure that the operation frequency of step-up circuit 1 ≥ step-up circuit 2

N_DC: Normal mode

E_DC: Idle mode

DCCLK_SYNC: Internal use, not open.

Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command	
Register Availability	Status	Availability
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
	Sleep In	Yes
Default	Status	Default Value
	Power On Sequence	GASENB=1'b0, PON=1'b0, XDK=1'b0, VLCD_TRI=1'b0, STB=1'b1, AP[2:0]=3'b000, VC1[2:0]=3'b110, VC3[2:0]=3'b110, VRH[3:0]=4'b0010, BT[3:0]=4'b0011, FS1[1:0]=2'b01, FS0[1:0]=2'b00, N_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, PE_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, E_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, PI_PRE_REFRESH[1:0]=2'b00, BLANK_DIV[3:0]=4'b0000, DCCLK_SYNC=1'b1
	S/W Reset	GASENB=1'b0, PON=1'b0, XDK=1'b0, VLCD_TRI=1'b0, STB=1'b1, AP[2:0]=3'b000, VC1[2:0]=3'b110, VC3[2:0]=3'b110, VRH[3:0]=4'b0010, BT[3:0]=4'b0011, FS1[1:0]=2'b01, FS0[1:0]=2'b00, N_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, PE_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, E_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, PI_PRE_REFRESH[1:0]=2'b00, BLANK_DIV[3:0]=4'b0000, DCCLK_SYNC=1'b1
	H/W Reset	GASENB=1'b0, PON=1'b0, XDK=1'b0, VLCD_TRI=1'b0, STB=1'b1, AP[2:0]=3'b000, VC1[2:0]=3'b110, VC3[2:0]=3'b110, VRH[3:0]=4'b0010, BT[3:0]=4'b0011, FS1[1:0]=2'b01, FS0[1:0]=2'b00, N_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, PE_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, E_DC[7:0]=8'b0110_1110, PI_PRE_REFRESH[1:0]=2'b00, BLANK_DIV[3:0]=4'b0000, DCCLK_SYNC=1'b1
Flow Chart		

6.4.3 SETDISP: Set Display Related Register (B2h)

B2 H	SETDISP(Set display related register)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	B2
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	PT[1:0]		GON	DTE	D[1:0]		--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	N_BP[3:0]			--	
3 rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	N_FP[3:0]			--	
4 th parameter	1	↑	1	SAP[7:0]							--		
5 th parameter	1	↑	1	EQS[7:0]							--		
6 th parameter	1	↑	1	EQP[7:0]							--		
7 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	GEN_OFF[3:0]			--	
8 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	PTG[1:0]		ISC[3:0]			--	
9 th parameter	1	↑	1	SAP_I[7:0]							--		
10 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	OPTIO N_DIS P(0)	--

This command is used to set display related register

DB1-0: When DB1 = 1, display is on; when DB1 = 0, display is off. When display is off, the display data is retained in the GRAM, and can be instantly displayed by setting DB1 = 1. When DB1= 0, the display is off with the entire source outputs are set to the VSSD level. Because of this, the HX8353-C can control the charging current for the LCD with AC driving. Control the display on/off while control GON and DTE. When DB1-0 = 01, the internal display of the HX8353-C is performed although the actual display is off. When DB1-0 = 00, the internal display operation halts and the display is off.

DB 1	DB 0	Source Output	HX8353-C Internal Display Operations	Gate-Driver Control Signals (CPV, FLM, M)
0	0	VSSD	Halt	Halt
0	1	VSSD	Operate	Operate
1	0	Non-lit display	Operate	Operate
1	1	Display	Operate	Operate

Description

GON, DTE:

GON	DTE	Gate Output
0	X	VGH
1	0	VGL
1	1	VGH/VGL

PT[1:0] : Non-display area source output control

Source Output Level					
REV	GRAM Data	Display area	Non-display Area		
			PT1-0=(0,*)	PT1-0=(1,0)	PT1-0=(1,1)

		VCOM = "L"	VCOM = "H"	VCOM = "L"	VCOM = "H"	VCOM = "L"	VCOM = "H"	VCOM = "L"	VCOM = "H"
0	18'h00000	V63	V0	V63	V0	VSSD	VSSD	Hi-z	Hi-z
	18'h3FFFF	V0	V63						
1	18'h00000	V0	V63	V63	V0	VSSD	VSSD	Hi-z	Hi-z
	18'h3FFFF	V63	V0						

FP[3:0]: Specify the amount of scan line for front porch (FP).

BP[3:0]: Specify the amount of scan line for back porch(BP).

N_FP[3:0], N_BP[3:0]: Normal mode

FP3	FP2	FP1	FP0	Number of FP Line	Number of BP Line
BP3	BP2	BP1	BP0		
0	0	0	0	Ignore	
0	0	0	1	Ignore	
0	0	1	0	2 lines	
0	0	1	1	3 lines	
0	1	0	0	4 lines	
0	1	0	1	5 lines	
0	1	1	0	6 lines	
0	1	1	1	7 lines	
1	0	0	0	8 lines	
1	0	0	1	9 lines	
1	0	1	0	10 lines	
1	0	1	1	11 lines	
1	1	0	0	12 lines	
1	1	0	1	13 lines	
1	1	1	0	14 lines	
1	1	1	1	Ignore	

Operation Mode	BP	FP
System Interface	≥2 lines	≥2 lines

EQS[7:0]: Internal use, not open.

EQP[7:0]: Internal use, not open.

GEN_OFF: Internal use, not open.

PTG[1:0]: Specify the scan mode of gate driver in non-display area.

PTG1	PTG0	Gate Outputs in Non-display Area
0	0	Normal Drive
0	1	Fixed VGL
1	0	Interval scan
1	1	Ignore

ISC[3:0]: Specify the scan cycle of gate driver when PTG1-0=10 in non-display area. Then scan cycle is set to an odd number from 0~31. The polarity is inverted every scan cycle.

ISC3	ISC2	ISC1	ISC0	Scan Cycle	f _{FLM} = 60Hz
0	0	0	0	0 frame	-
0	0	0	1	3 frames	50 ms
0	0	1	0	5 frames	84 ms

	<table border="1"> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>7 frames</td><td>117 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>9 frames</td><td>150 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>11 frames</td><td>184 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>13 frames</td><td>217 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>15 frames</td><td>251 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>17 frames</td><td>284 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>19 frames</td><td>317 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>21 frames</td><td>351 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>23 frames</td><td>384 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>25 frames</td><td>418 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>27 frames</td><td>451 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>29 frames</td><td>484 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>31 frames</td><td>518 ms</td></tr> </table>	0	0	1	1	7 frames	117 ms	0	1	0	0	9 frames	150 ms	0	1	0	1	11 frames	184 ms	0	1	1	0	13 frames	217 ms	0	1	1	1	15 frames	251 ms	1	0	0	0	17 frames	284 ms	1	0	0	1	19 frames	317 ms	1	0	1	0	21 frames	351 ms	1	0	1	1	23 frames	384 ms	1	1	0	0	25 frames	418 ms	1	1	0	1	27 frames	451 ms	1	1	1	0	29 frames	484 ms	1	1	1	1	31 frames	518 ms
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Power On Sequence	PT[1:0]=2'b00, GON=1, DTE=0, DB1-0=2'b00, N_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, N_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, PE_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, PE_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, E_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, E_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, SAP[7:0]=8'b0001_0100, EQS=8'b0001_1001, EQP=8'b0001_1001, GEN_OFF=8'b0001_0100, PTG[1:0]=2'b10, ISC[3:0]=4'b010, SAP_I[7:0]= 8'b0000_1010,, PTG[1:0]=2'b10																																																																														
S/W Reset	PT[1:0]=2'b00, GON=1, DTE=0, DB1-0=2'b00, N_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, N_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, PE_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, PE_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, E_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, E_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, SAP[7:0]=8'b0001_0100, EQS=8'b0001_1001, EQP=8'b0001_1001, GEN_OFF=8'b0001_0100, PTG[1:0]=2'b10, ISC[3:0]=4'b010, SAP_I[7:0]= 8'b0000_1010,, PTG[1:0]=2'b10																																																																														
H/W Reset	PT[1:0]=2'b00, GON=1, DTE=0, DB1-0=2'b00, N_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, N_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, PE_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, PE_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, E_FP[3:0]=4'b1101, E_BP[3:0]=4'b1010, SAP[7:0]=8'b0001_0100, EQS=8'b0001_1001, EQP=8'b0001_1001, GEN_OFF=8'b0001_0100, PTG[1:0]=2'b10, ISC[3:0]=4'b010, SAP_I[7:0]= 8'b0000_1010,, PTG[1:0]=2'b10																																																																														
Flow Chart																																																																															

6.4.4 SETLUT: Set LUT Enable Related Register (B3h)

B3 H	SETLUT(Set LUT Enable Related Register)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	B3
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	LUT_EN B	--	--	--	--	--	--
Description	This command is used to set LUTenable related register LUT_ENB: Enable/Disable the look up table. 0: Enable the look up table. 1: Disable the look up table.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						LUT_EN=OTP value,						
	S/W Reset						LUT_EN= No change ,						
	H/W Reset						LUT_EN=OTP value,						
Flow Chart													

6.4.5 SETCYC: Set Display Waveform Cycles (B4h)

B4H	SETCYC(Set display waveform cycles)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	B4
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	N_RTN[3:0]			--	N_NW[2:0]			--	
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	E_RTN[3:0]			--	E_NW[2:0]			--	
3 rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	DIV_E[1:0]		--	--	--	--	--
4 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	SON[7:0]							--	
5 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	GDON[7:0]							--	
6 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	GDOF[7:0]							--	

This command is used to set display waveform cycles

NW[2:0]: Frame Inversion and N-line inversion control

NW[2:0]	Inversion Type
0	Frame inversion
1	1-line inversion
2	2-line inversion
3	3-line inversion
..	..
7	7-line inversion

RTN[3:0]: Set the 1-line period in a clock unit.
Clock cycles=1/internal operation clock frequency

RTN[3:0]	Clock Cycles per Line
4'b0000	138
4'b0001	139
4'b0010	140
4'b0011	141
....
4'b1110	153
4'b1111	154

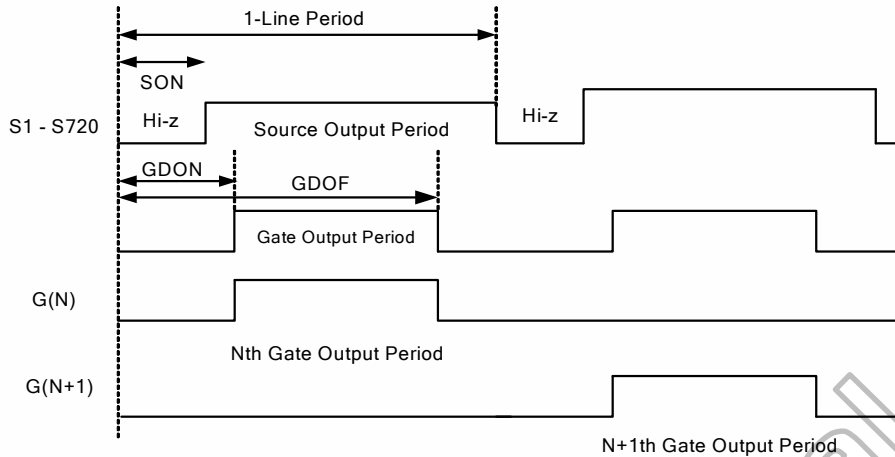
DIV_E: only use in Idle mode
DIV_E[1:0]:The division ratio of clocks for internal operation (DIV1-0). Internal operations are base on the clocks which are frequency divided according to the value of DIV1-0. Frame frequency can be adjusted along with the 1H period (RTN3-0). When the drive line count is changed, the frame frequency must be also adjusted.

fosc = R-C oscillation frequency

DIV_E1	DIV_E0	Division Ratio	Internal Operation Clock Frequency
0	0	1	fosc / 1
0	1	2	fosc / 2
1	0	4	fosc / 4
1	1	8	fosc / 8

Formula for the Frame Frequency:
 Frame frequency = fosc/(RTN × DIV × (NL+BP+FP)) [HZ]
 fosc: RC oscillation frequency
 RTN bit: Clocks per line
 DIV bit: Division ratio
 NL: The number of lines
 FP: Number of lines for front porch
 BP: Number of lines for back porch
 BP+FP ≤ 16

The HX8353-C can control the display operation period time for LCD panel driving as follow:



SON7-0: Specify the valid source output start time in 1-line driving period. The period time is defined as SYSCLK clock number. (Please note that the setting "00h" and "01h" is inhibited).

GDON7-0: Specify the valid gate output start time in 1-line driving period. The period time is defined as SYSCLK clock number in internal clock display mode. The period time is defined as setting value x 8 DOTCLK clock number in external clock display mode. (Please note that the setting "00h", "01h", "02h" is inhibited).

GDOF7-0: Specify the gate output end time in 1-line driving period. The period time is defined as SYSCLK clock number in internal clock display mode. The period time is defined as setting value x 8 DOTCLK clock number in external clock display mode. (Please note that the $GDOF7-0 \leq HCK-1$).

Restrictions If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command

Status	Availability
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
Sleep In	Yes

Status	Default Value
Power On Sequence	N_NW[3:0]=3'b001, N_RTIN[3:0]=4'b1101, PE_NW[3:0]=3'b000, E_NW[3:0]=3'b000, E_RTIN[3:0]=4'b1101, DIV_E[1:0]=OTP Value, DIV_PE[1:0]=OTP Value, DIV_N[1:0]=OTP Value, SON[7:0]=8'h19, GDON[7:0]=8'h1E, GDOF[7:0]=8'h78.
S/W Reset	N_NW[3:0]=3'b001, N_RTIN[3:0]=4'b1101, PE_NW[3:0]=3'b000, E_NW[3:0]=3'b000, E_RTIN[3:0]=4'b1101, DIV_E[1:0]= No change, DIV_PE[1:0]= No change, DIV_N[1:0]=No change, SON[7:0]=8'h19, GDON[7:0]=8'h1E, GDOF[7:0]=8'h78.
H/W Reset	N_NW[3:0]=3'b001, N_RTIN[3:0]=4'b1101, PE_NW[3:0]=3'b000, E_NW[3:0]=3'b000, E_RTIN[3:0]=4'b1101, DIV_E[1:0]=OTP Value, DIV_PE[1:0]=OTP Value, DIV_N[1:0]=OTP Value, SON[7:0]=8'h19, GDON[7:0]=8'h1E, GDOF[7:0]=8'h78.

Flow Chart

6.4.6 SETBGP: Set BGP Voltage (B5h)

B5 H	SETBGP(Set Band Gap Voltage)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15 -8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	B5
1st parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	BGP[3:0]			-	
Description	This command is used to set BandGap Voltage												
	BGP[3:0]: band gap voltage control												
	BGP[3:0]		VREF output										
	4'b0000		X 0.936										
	4'b0001		X 0.944										
	4'b0010		X 0.952										
	4'b0011		X 0.96										
	4'b0100		X 0.968										
	4'b0101		X 0.976										
	4'b0110		X 0.984										
	4'b0111		X 0.992										
	4'b1000		X 1.000										
	4'b1001		X 1.008										
	4'b1010		X 1.016										
	4'b1011		X 1.024										
	4'b1100		X 1.032										
	4'b1101		X 1.040										
4'b1110		X 1.048											
4'b1111		X 1.056											
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status		Availability										
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes										
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes										
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes										
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes										
	Sleep In		Yes										
Default	Status		Default Value										
	Power On Sequence		BGP[3:0]=OTP value										
	S/W Reset		BGP[3:0]=No Change										
	H/W Reset		BGP[3:0]=OTP value										
Flow Chart													

6.4.7 SETVCOM: Set VCOM Voltage (B6h)

B6 H	SETVCOM(Set VCOM Voltage)																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	B6																																																																																																																																																																																																														
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	VCOMG	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--																																																																																																																																																																																																														
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	VCMN[6:0]						--																																																																																																																																																																																																															
3 rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	VDV[4:0]				--																																																																																																																																																																																																															
Description	This command is used to set VCOM Voltage include VCOM Low and VCOM High Voltage																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
	<p>VCOMG: When VCOMG = 1, VCOML voltage can output to negative voltage (1.0V ~ -VDD +0.5V). When VCOMG = 0, VCOML voltage becomes VSSD and stops the amplifier of the negative voltage. Therefore, low power consumption is accomplished.</p> <p>VDV(4-0): Specify the VCOM amplitude factors for panel common driving (VCOML = VCOMH – VCOM amplitude). It is possible to setup from 0.6 to 1.23 times of VREG1. When VCOMG0 = 0, the VDV(4-0) setup is invalid and VCOML is output VSSA.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>VDV4</th> <th>VDV3</th> <th>VDV2</th> <th>VDV1</th> <th>VDV0</th> <th>VCOM Amplitude</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*0.6</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*0.63</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*0.66</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*0.69</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*0.72</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*0.75</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*0.78</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*0.81</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*0.84</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*0.87</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*0.9</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*0.93</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*0.96</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*0.99</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*1.02</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*1.05</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*1.08</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*1.11</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*1.14</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*1.17</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>VREG1*1.2</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>VREG1*1.23</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>Inhibit</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: VCOML >= (VCL + 0.3), VCOMH <= (VLCD - 0.3) when set VDV[4:0]</p> <p>VCMN(6-0): Set the VCOMH voltage on normal mode. It is possible to amplify from 0.4 to 0.98 times of VREG1 voltage.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>VCMN6</th> <th>VCMN5</th> <th>VCMN4</th> <th>VCMN3</th> <th>VCMN2</th> <th>VCMN1</th> <th>VCMN0</th> <th>VCOMH</th> </tr> </thead> </table>													VDV4	VDV3	VDV2	VDV1	VDV0	VCOM Amplitude	0	0	0	0	0	VREG1*0.6	0	0	0	0	1	VREG1*0.63	0	0	0	1	0	VREG1*0.66	0	0	0	1	1	VREG1*0.69	0	0	1	0	0	VREG1*0.72	0	0	1	0	1	VREG1*0.75	0	0	1	1	0	VREG1*0.78	0	0	1	1	1	VREG1*0.81	0	1	0	0	0	VREG1*0.84	0	1	0	0	1	VREG1*0.87	0	1	0	1	0	VREG1*0.9	0	1	0	1	1	VREG1*0.93	0	1	1	0	0	VREG1*0.96	0	1	1	0	1	VREG1*0.99	0	1	1	1	0	VREG1*1.02	0	1	1	1	1	Inhibit	1	0	0	0	0	VREG1*1.05	1	0	0	0	1	VREG1*1.08	1	0	0	1	0	VREG1*1.11	1	0	0	1	1	VREG1*1.14	1	0	1	0	0	VREG1*1.17	1	0	1	0	1	VREG1*1.2	1	0	1	1	0	VREG1*1.23	1	0	1	1	1	Inhibit	1	1	0	0	0	Inhibit	1	1	0	0	1	Inhibit	1	1	0	1	0	Inhibit	1	1	0	1	1	Inhibit	1	1	1	0	0	Inhibit	1	1	1	0	1	Inhibit	1	1	1	1	0	Inhibit	1	1	1	1	1	Inhibit	VCMN6	VCMN5	VCMN4	VCMN3	VCMN2	VCMN1	VCMN0	VCOMH
	VDV4	VDV3	VDV2	VDV1	VDV0	VCOM Amplitude																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	0	0	0	0	VREG1*0.6																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	0	0	0	1	VREG1*0.63																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	0	0	1	0	VREG1*0.66																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	0	0	1	1	VREG1*0.69																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
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	0	1	0	1	0	VREG1*0.9																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	1	0	1	1	VREG1*0.93																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	1	1	0	0	VREG1*0.96																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	1	1	0	1	VREG1*0.99																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	1	1	1	0	VREG1*1.02																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	0	1	1	1	1	Inhibit																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	1	0	0	0	0	VREG1*1.05																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	1	0	0	0	1	VREG1*1.08																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	1	0	0	1	0	VREG1*1.11																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	1	0	0	1	1	VREG1*1.14																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	1	0	1	0	0	VREG1*1.17																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	1	0	1	0	1	VREG1*1.2																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	1	0	1	1	0	VREG1*1.23																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	1	0	1	1	1	Inhibit																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
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VCMN6	VCMN5	VCMN4	VCMN3	VCMN2	VCMN1	VCMN0	VCOMH																																																																																																																																																																																																																				

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.405
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.41
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.415
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.42
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.425
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.43
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.435
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.44
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.445
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.45
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.455
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.46
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.465
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.47
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.475
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.48
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.485
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.49
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.495
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.5
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.505
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.51
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.515
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.52
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.525
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.53
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.535
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.54
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.545
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.55
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.555
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.56
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.565
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.57
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.575
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.58
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.585
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.59
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.595
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.6
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.605
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.61
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.615
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.62
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.625
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.63
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.635
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.64
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.645
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.65
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.655
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.66
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.665
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.67
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.675
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.68
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.685
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.69
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.695
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.7
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.705
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.71
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	inhibit
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.715
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.72
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.725
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.73
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.735
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.74

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1	0	0	0	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.745
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.75
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.755
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.76
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.765
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.77
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.775
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.78
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.785
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.79
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.795
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.8
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.805
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.81
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.815
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.82
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.825
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.83
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.835
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.84
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.845
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.85
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.855
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.86
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.865
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.87
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.875
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.88
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.885
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.89
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.895
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.9
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.905
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.91
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.915
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.92
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.925
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.93
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.935
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.94
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	VREG1 * 0.945
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	VREG1 * 0.95
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	VREG1 * 0.955
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	VREG1 * 0.96
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	VREG1 * 0.965
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	VREG1 * 0.97
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	VREG1 * 0.975
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	VREG1 * 0.98
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	inhibit
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	inhibit
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	inhibit
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	inhibit
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	inhibit
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	inhibit
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	inhibit
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	inhibit
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	inhibit
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	inhibit
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	inhibit

Restrictions If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command

Register Availability	Status	Availability
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes

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	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes
	Sleep In	Yes
Default	Status	Default Value
	Power On Sequence	VCOMG=1'b0, VDV[4:0]=OTP value, VCMN[5:0]=OTP value, VCME[5:0]=OTP value, VCMPE[5:0]=OTP value
	S/W Reset	VCOMG=1'b0, VDV[4:0]= OTP value, VCMN[5:0]= OTP value, VCME[5:0]= OTP value, VCMPE[5:0]= OTP value
	H/W Reset	VCOMG=1'b0, VDV[4:0]= OTP value, VCMN[5:0]= OTP value, VCME[5:0]= OTP value, VCMPE[5:0]= OTP value
Flow Chart		

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6.4.8 SETGAMMA: Set Gamma Curve Related Setting (B7)

B7H	SETGAMMA1(Set Gamma Curve1 Related Setting)													HEX
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	B7	
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	MP12	MP11	MP10	--	MP02	MP01	MP00	--	
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	MP32	MP31	MP30	--	MP22	MP21	MP20	--	
3 rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	MP52	MP51	MP50	--	MP42	MP41	MP40	--	
4 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	CP03	CP02	CP01	CP00	--	
5 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	CP23	CP22	CP21	CP20	CP13	CP12	CP11	CP10	--	
6 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	CP33	CP32	CP31	CP30	--	
7 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	CP43	CP42	CP41	CP40	--	
8 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	OP03	OP02	OP01	OP00	--	
9 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	OP14	OP13	OP12	OP11	OP10	--	
10 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	CGM1[1:0]		CGM0[1:0]		--	
11 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	MN12	MN11	MN10	--	MN02	MN01	MN00	--	
12 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	MN32	MN31	MN30	--	MN22	MN21	MN20	--	
13 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	MN52	MN51	MN50	--	MN42	MN41	MN40	--	
14 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	CN03	CN02	CN01	CN00	--	
15 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	CN23	CN22	CN21	CN20	CN13	CN12	CN11	CN10	--	
16 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	CN33	CN32	CN31	CN30	--	
17 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	CN43	CN42	CN41	CN40	--	
18 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	ON03	ON02	ON01	ON00	--	
19 th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	ON14	ON13	ON12	ON11	ON10	--	
Description	This command is used to set Gamma Curve 1 Related Setting													
	Register Groups		Positive Polarity		Description									
	Center Adjustment		CP/N0 3-0		Variable resistor (VRTP/N) for center adjustment									
			CP/N1 3-0		Variable resistor (VRCP/N0)for center adjustment									
			CP/N2 3-0		Variable resistor (VRMP/N) for center adjustment									
			CP/N3 3-0		Variable resistor (VRCP/N1)for center adjustment									
	Macro Adjustment		CP/N4 3-0		Variable resistor (VRBP/N)for center adjustment									
			MP/N0 2-0		8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 1)									
			MP/N1 2-0		8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 8)									
			MP/N2 2-0		8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 20)									
MP/N3 2-0			8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 43)											
Offset Adjustment		MP/N4 2-0		8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 55)										
		MP/N5 2-0		8-to-1 selector (reference voltage level of grayscale 62)										
		OP/N0 3-0		Variable resistor (VROP/N0)for offset adjustment										
OP/N1 4-0		Variable resistor (VROP/N1)for offset adjustment												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command													
Register Availability	Status		Availability											
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes											
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes											
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes											
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes											
	Sleep In		Yes											
Default	Status		Default Value											
	Power On Sequence		OTP value											
	S/W Reset		No change											
	H/W Reset		OTP value											
Flow Chart														

6.4.9 PASSWDEN: Set Password enable command (B9h)

B9 H	PASSWDEN(Set Password enable command)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB17-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	B9
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	04h
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	17h
Description	This command is used to set extended command set access enable.												
	Extend cmd		Command description										
	Enable	After command (B9h), must write 2 parameters (04h, 17h) by order, then can enable the extended command (Himax command)											
Disable(default)	After command(BAh), the extended command (Himax command) can not be accessed												
As PASSWDEN command has been written, the external pin EXTC control is invalid, and extended command can access.													
Restrictions													
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
Flow Chart	"HW or SW RESET" and EXTC="L"												
	↓						↓						
	"User Define Command" No Operation(NOP)						MPU Interface Command set (Standard Command set) Operation						
	↓												
	"PASSWD_ Enable Command" issue												
	↓												
	"User Define Command" Operation												
↓													
"PASSWD_ Disable Command" issue													
↓													
"User Define Command" No Operation(NOP)													

6.4.10 PASSWDDISAB: Password Disable command (BAh)

BAH	PASSWDDISAB(Password Disable command)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB17-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	BA
Description	This command is used to set extended command set access enable.												
	Extend cmd		Command description										
	Enable	After command (B9h), must write 2 parameters (17h, CCh) by order, then can enable the extended command (Himax command)											
Disable(default)	After command(BAh), the extended command (Himax command) can not be accessed												
As PASSWDDISAB command has been written, it will be disable PASSWDEN command and the extended command can not be accessed.													
Restrictions													
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out Sleep In or Booster Off						Yes						
Flow Chart	"HW or SW RESET" and EXTC="L"												
	↓						↓						
	"User Define Command" No Operation(NOP)						MPU Interface Command set (Standard Command set) Operation						
	↓												
	"PASSWD_ Enable Command" issue												
	↓												
	"User Define Command" Operation												
↓													
"PASSWD_ Disable Command" issue													
↓													
"User Define Command" No Operation(NOP)													

6.4.11 SETOTP: Set OTP Related Setting (BBh)

BB H	SETOTP(Set OTP Related Setting)													HEX
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	BB	
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	OTP_MASK[7:0]								--	
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	OTP_INDEX[7:0]								--	
3 rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	OTP_LOAD_DISABLE	DCCLK_DISABLE	OTP_PROG	OTP_PWE	OTP_EN	OTPE_ST_EN	VPP_SEL	OTP_PROG	--	
4th parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	OTP_PTM[1:0]		OTP_VRADJ[1:0]		--	
Description	<p>This command is used to set OTP Related Setting</p> <p>OTP_MASK7~OTP_MASK0: Bit programming mask, if 1, means don't programming this bit</p> <p>OTP_INDEX7~OTP_INDEX0: Set location of OTP to be programmed</p> <p>OTP_EN: When written to 1, internal register begin written to OTP</p> <p>VPP_SEL: When written to 1, PVSS voltage is fed to OTP</p> <p>OTP_LOAD_DISABLE: When written to 1, auto load from OTP to internal register when SLPOUT command received is disabled, this is used when OTP is not yet programmed</p> <p>DCCLK_DISABLE: Disable Pumping Clock</p> <p>OTPEST_EN:</p> <p>0 : normal mode, automatic OTP programming mode (by internal state machine)</p> <p>1 : manual mode</p> <p>0 is the default value</p>													
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command													
Register Availability	Status		Availability											
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes											
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes											
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes											
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes											
	Sleep In		Yes											
Default	Status		Default Value											
	Power On Sequence		OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00											
	S/W Reset		OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00											
	H/W Reset		OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00											
Flow Chart														

6.4.12 SETVDC: Set Internal Digital Voltage (BCh)

BC H	SETVDC(Set internal digital voltage)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	BC
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	VDC_SEL[2:0]			--
Description	This command is used to set internal digital voltage for digital circuit and GRAM VDC_SEL[1:0]: Not open												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						VDC_SEL[2:0]=3'b110						
	S/W Reset						VDC_SEL[2:0]=3'b110						
	H/W Reset						VDC_SEL[2:0]=3'b110						
Flow Chart													

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6.4.13 SETSPULSE: Set Arbiter Pulse Width (BDh)

BD H	SETSPULSE(Set Arbiter Pulse Width)											
	DN C	NRD	NWR	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	1	↑	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	BD
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	RTBA[13:8]								--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	RTBA[7:0]								--
Description	This command is used to set GRAM arbiter pulse width, it is for internal use.											
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
Default	Status						Default Value					
	Power On Sequence						SPULSE_ERD[2:0]=3'b100, SPULSE_EWR[2:0]=3'b100, SPULSE_IRD[2:0]=3'b100, ARBMODE_SEL=0, LPLW_EN =0, REFBL_EN[1:0]=2'b00, RPULSE [2:0]=3'b100, DPULSE [2:0]=3'b000					
	S/W Reset						No change					
	H/W Reset						SPULSE_ERD[2:0]=3'b100, SPULSE_EWR[2:0]=3'b100, SPULSE_IRD[2:0]=3'b100, ARBMODE_SEL=0, LPLW_EN =0, REFBL_EN[1:0]=2'b00, RPULSE [2:0]=3'b100, DPULSE [2:0]=3'b000					
Flow Chart												

6.4.14 SETPROBE: Set Probe Signal Group (BEh)

BE H	SETPROBE (Set Probe Signal Group)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	BE
1st parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	TEST_MODE(0)	TEST_OE(0)	--
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	PROB[7:0]							--	
Description	This command is used to set which group of signals to be observed PROBE[7:0]: Internal use TEST_MODE: Internal use TEST_OE: Internal use												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status					Availability							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Sleep In					Yes							
Default	Status				Default Value								
	Power On Sequence				PROBE[7:0]=8'h00, TEST_MODE =0, TEST_OE=0								
	S/W Reset				PROBE[7:0]=8'h00, TEST_MODE =0, TEST_OE=0								
	H/W Reset				PROBE[7:0]=8'h00, TEST_MODE =0, TEST_OE=0								
Flow Chart													

6.4.15 SETPTBA: Set Power Option (BFh)

BF H	SETPTBA (Set Power Option)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	BF
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	PTBA[15:8]								-
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	PTBA[7:0]								-
Description	This command is used to set power circuit option PTBA[15:0]: Internal use												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						PTBA[15:0]=16'h0000						
	S/W Reset						PTBA[15:0]=16'h0000						
	H/W Reset						PTBA[15:0]=16'h0000						
Flow Chart													

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6.4.16 SETSTBA: Set Source Option (C0h)

C0 H	SETSTBA (Set Source Option)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	C0
1st parameter	0	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	STBA[8]	--
2nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	STBA[7:0]								--
3rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	VTESTSEL[3:0]			STESTOE[1:0]		--	--	--	--
Description	This command is used to set source circuit option STBA[8:0]: Not open VTESTSEL[3:0]: Not open STESTOE: Not open												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
Sleep In						Yes							
Default	Status			Default Value									
	Power On Sequence			STBA[15:0]=16'h0149; VTESTSEL[3:0]=4'b0000; STESTOE1=1'b0, STESTOE0=1'b0, GAOE=1'b0; GMA=1'b0; TLADD[7:0]=8'b0000_0000									
	S/W Reset			STBA[15:0]=16'h0149; VTESTSEL[3:0]=4'b0000; STESTOE1=1'b0, STESTOE0=1'b0, GAOE=1'b0; GMA=1'b0; TLADD[7:0]=8'b0000_0000									
	H/W Reset			STBA[15:0]=16'h0149; VTESTSEL[3:0]=4'b0000; STESTOE1=1'b0, STESTOE0=1'b0, GAOE=1'b0; GMA=1'b0; TLADD[7:0]=8'b0000_0000									
Flow Chart													

6.4.17 SETID: Set ID (C4h)

C4 H	SETID (Set ID)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	C4
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	IDB1[7:0]								--
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	IDB2[6:0]						--	
3 rd parameter	1	↑	1	--	IDB3[7:0]								--
Description	This command is used to timing controller internal test												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						OTP value						
	S/W Reset						No Change						
	H/W Reset						OTP value						
Flow Chart													

6.4.18 SETECO: Set ECO (C6h)

C6 H	SETROMT (Set ECO)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	C6
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	ECO0[7:0] (8'b0)								
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	ECO1[7:0] (8'b0)								
Description	This command is used for internal test												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability													
Default													
Flow Chart													

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6.4.19 SETMREV: Set Free Running Mode (CAh)

CA H	SETMREV (Set Free Running Mode)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	CA
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	SFULL	--	--
Description	The command is internal use, not open.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						SFULL=1'b0						
	S/W Reset						SFULL=1'b0						
	H/W Reset						SFULL=1'b0						
Flow Chart													

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6.4.20 SETIOOPT: Set IO_OPT (CBh)

CB H	SETIOOPT (Set IO_OPT)													HEX
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	CB	
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	IO_OPT[7:0]								--	
2 nd parameter	1	↑	1	--	IO_OPT2[7:0]									
Description	This command is used for internal test													
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command													
Register Availability	Status						Availability							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes							
	Sleep In						Yes							
Default	Status						Default Value							
	Power On Sequence						IO_OPT[7:0]=8b'01010101							
	S/W Reset						IO_OPT[7:0]=8b'01010101							
	H/W Reset						IO_OPT[7:0]=8b'01010101							
Flow Chart														

6.4.21 SETPANEL: Set PANEL (CCh)

CC H	SETPANEL (Set PANEL)													HEX
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	CC	
1 st parameter	1	↑	1	--	--	--	--	SM_PANEL	SS_PANEL	--	--	--	--	
Description	Compensate for Panel type, layout and color filter order.													
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command													
Register Availability	Status						Availability							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes							
	Sleep In						Yes							
Default	Status						Default Value							
	Power On Sequence						SM_PANEL=0, SS_PANEL=0,							
	S/W Reset						SM_PANEL=0, SS_PANEL=0,							
	H/W Reset						SM_PANEL=0, SS_PANEL=0,							
Flow Chart														

6.4.22 GETOSC: Read Internal Oscillator (E0h)

E0 H	GETOSC(Read Internal oscillator setting)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	E0
1 st parameter	xx	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	CADJ[3:0]			UADJ[2:0]			--	--	
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--			--	--	RADJ[2:0]		--	
4 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	OSC_EN_ON(0)	--	--	OSC_EN(0)	--	--
Description	This command is used to read internal oscillator related setting												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status				Default Value								
	Power On Sequence				OSC_TEST=0; OSC_EN=0, CADJ[3:0]=OTP value, RADJ=OTP value, UADJ[2:0]=3'b011.								
	S/W Reset				OSC_EN=0h, if OPT is programmed, CADJ[3:0] =OTP value, RADJ=OTP value, else no change								
	H/W Reset				OSC_TEST=0; OSC_EN=0, CADJ[3:0] =OTP value, RADJ=OTP value, UADJ[2:0]=3'b011								
Flow Chart													

6.4.23 GETPOWER: Read Power (E1h)

E1 H	GETPOWER(Read power related setting)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX	
Command	0	↑	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	E1	
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	GASENB	--	--	PON	DK	--	--	STB	--	
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	AP[2:0]			--	
4 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	VC1[2:0]			--	
5 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	VRH[3:0]					--
6 th parameter	1	1	↑	BT[3:0]				--	--	--	--	--	
7 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	FS1[1:0]		--	--	FS0[1:0]		--	
8 th parameter	1	1	↑	N_DC[7:0]								--	
9 th parameter	1	1	↑	E_DC[7:0]								--	
10 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	DCCLK_SYNC	--	
Description	This command is used to read power related register.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						PON=1'b0, DK=1'b0, STB=1'b0, AP[2:0]=3'b000, VR2[2:0]=3'b000, V RH[3:0]=4'b0000, BT[3:0]=4'b0000, VDV[4:0]=5'b000000, VCM[5:0]=6'b000000, FS0[1:0]=2'b00, FS1[1:0]=2'b00, DC[7:0]=8'b00000000						
	S/W Reset						PON=1'b0, DK=1'b0, STB=1'b0, AP[2:0]=3'b000, VR2[2:0]=3'b000, V RH[3:0]=4'b0000, BT[3:0]=4'b0000, VDV[4:0]=5'b000000, VCM[5:0]=6'b000000, FS0[1:0]=2'b00, FS1[1:0]=2'b00, DC[7:0]=8'b00000000						
	H/W Reset						PON=1'b0, DK=1'b0, STB=1'b0, AP[2:0]=3'b000, VR2[2:0]=3'b000, V RH[3:0]=4'b0000, BT[3:0]=4'b0000, VDV[4:0]=5'b000000, VCM[5:0]=6'b000000, FS0[1:0]=2'b00, FS1[1:0]=2'b00, DC[7:0]=8'b00000000						
Flow Chart													

6.4.24 GETDISP: Read Display Related Register (E2h)

E2 H	GETDISP(Read display related register)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	E2
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	PT[1:0]		GON	DTE	D[1:0]		--	--	--
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	N_BP[3:0]			--	
4 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	N_FP[3:0]			--	
5 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	SAP[7:0]							--	
6 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	EQS[7:0]							--	
7 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	EQP[7:0]							--	
8 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	GEN_OFF[3:0]			--	
9 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	PTG[1:0]		ISC[3:0]			--	
10 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	SAP_I[7:0]							--	
11 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	TION_DISP(0)	
Description	This command is used to read display related register												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status		Availability										
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes										
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes										
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out		Yes										
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out		Yes										
	Sleep In		Yes										
Default	Status		Default Value										
	Power On Sequence		DB1-0=2'b00, GON=0, DTE=0, PT[1:0]=2'b00, P[3:0]=4'b1000, BP[3:0]=4'b1000, ISC[3:0]=4'b000, SAP[7:0]=8'h04, SAP2[7:0]=8'h04, PTG[1:0]=2'b00										
	S/W Reset		DB1-0=2'b00, GON=0, DTE=0, PT[1:0]=No change, FP[3:0]=No change, BP[3:0]= No change, ISC[3:0]= No change, SAP[7:0]= No change, SAP2[7:0]= No change, PTG[1:0]= No change										
	H/W Reset		DB1-0=2'b00, GON=0, DTE=0, PT[1:0]=2'b00, FP[3:0]=4'b1000, BP[3:0]=4'b1000, ISC[3:0]=4'b000, SAP[7:0]=8'h04, SAP2[7:0]=8'h04, PTG[1:0]=2'b00										
Flow Chart													

6.4.25 GETLUT: ReadLUT Enable Related Register (E3h)

E3 H	GETRGBIF(Read RGB interface related register)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	E3
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	LUT_ENB	--	--	--	--	--	--
Description	This command is used to read RGB interface related register												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						LUT_EN=OTP value,						
	S/W Reset						LUT_EN= No change ,						
	H/W Reset						LUT_EN=OTP value,						
Flow Chart													

6.4.26 GETCYC: Read Display Waveform Cycle(E4h)

E4H	GETCYC(Read display waveform cycles)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	E47
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	N_RTN[3:0]			--	N_NW[2:0]			--	
3 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	E_RTN[3:0]			--	E_NW[2:0]			--	
4 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	DIV_E[1:0]	--	--	--	--	--	--
5 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	SON[7:0]							--	
6 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	GDON[7:0]							--	
7 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	GDOF[7:0]							--	
Description	This command is used to read display waveform cycles												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status				Default Value								
	Power On Sequence				NW[3:0]=4'b0000, RTN[3:0]=4'b0000, DIV_N[1:0]=2'b00, DIV_PE=2'b00, DIV_E=2'b00, SON[7:0]=8'h00, GON[7:0]=8'h00								
	SW Reset				NW[3:0]=No change, RTN[3:0]= No change, DIV_N[1:0]= No change, SON [7:0]= No change, GON [7:0]= No change, GOF [7:0]= No change								
	HW Reset				NW[3:0]=4'b0000, RTN[3:0]=4'b0000, DIV[1:0]=2'b00, DIV_PE=2'b00, DIV_E=2'b00, SON[7:0]=8'h00, GON[7:0]=8'h00								
Flow Chart													

6.4.27 GETBGP: Read BGP Voltage Setting (E5h)

E5 H	GETBGP(Get BandGap Voltage Setting)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15 -8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	E5
1st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	BGP[3:0]			--	
Description	This command is used to read BandGap Voltage setting												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						BGP[3:0]=OTP value						
	S/W Reset						BGP[3:0]=No Change						
	H/W Reset						BGP[3:0]= OTP value						
Flow Chart													

6.4.28 GETVCOM: Read VCOM Voltage Setting (E6h)

E6 H	GETVCOM(Read VCOM Voltage)												
	DN C	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	E6
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	VCOMG	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	VCMN[6:0]						--	
4 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	VDV[4:0]						--	
Description	This command is used to read VCOM Low and VCOM High Voltage setting												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status					Availability							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Sleep In					Yes							
Default	Status				Default Value								
	Power On Sequence				VCOMG=1'b0, VDV[4:0]= OTP value, VCMN[5:0]= OTP value, VCME[5:0]= OTP value, VCMPE[5:0]= OTP value								
	S/W Reset				VCOMG=1'b0, VDV[4:0]= OTP value, VCMN[5:0]= OTP value, VCME[5:0]= OTP value, VCMPE[5:0]= OTP value								
	H/W Reset				VCOMG=1'b0, VDV[4:0]= OTP value, VCMN[5:0]= OTP value, VCME[5:0]= OTP value, VCMPE[5:0]= OTP value								
Flow Chart													

6.4.29 GETGAMMA: Read Gamma Curve Related Setting (E7h)

E7 H	GETGAMMA1(Read Gamma Curve1 Related Setting)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	E7
1st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	MP12	MP11	MP10	--	MP02	MP01	MP00	--
3rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	MP32	MP31	MP30	--	MP22	MP21	MP20	--
4th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	MP52	MP51	MP50	--	MP42	MP41	MP40	--
5th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	CP03	CP02	CP01	CP00	--	--
6th parameter	1	1	↑	--	CP23	CP22	CP21	CP20	CP13	CP12	CP11	CP10	--
7th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	CP33	CP32	CP31	CP30	--	--
8th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	CP43	CP42	CP41	CP40	--	--
9th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	OP03	OP02	OP01	OP00	--	--
10th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	OP14	OP13	OP12	OP11	OP10	--
11th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	CGM1[1:0]		CGM0[1:0]		--	--
12th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	MN12	MN11	MN10	--	MN02	MN01	MN00	--
13th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	MN32	MN31	MN30	--	MN22	MN21	MN20	--
14th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	MN52	MN51	MN50	--	MN42	MN41	MN40	--
15th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	ON03	ON02	ON01	ON00	--	--
16th parameter	1	1	↑	--	CN23	CN22	CN21	CN20	CN13	CN12	CN11	CN10	--
17th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	CN33	CN32	CN31	CN30	--	--
18th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	CN43	CN42	CN41	CN40	--	--
19th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	ON03	ON02	ON01	ON00	--	--
20th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	ON14	ON13	ON12	ON11	ON10	--
Description	This command is used to read Gamma Curve Related Setting												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status				Default Value								
	Power On Sequence				OTP value								
	S/W Reset				No change								
	H/W Reset				OTP value								
Flow Chart													

6.4.30 GETOTP: Read OTP Related Setting (EBh)

EB H	GETOTP(Read OTP Related Setting)																								
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX												
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	EB												
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--												
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	OTP_MASK[7:0]							--													
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	OTP_INDEX[7:0]							---													
4 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	OTP_LOAD_DISABLE	DCCLK_DISABLE	OTP_POR	OTP_PWE-	OTP_PTM	OTPEST_EN	VPP_SEL	OTP_PROG	---												
5 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	OTP_PTM[1:0]		OTP_VRADJ[1:0]														
6 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	OTP_DATA[7:0]							---													
Description	<p>This command is used to set OTP Related Setting</p> <p>OTP_MASK7~OTP_MASK0: Bit programming mask, if 1, means don't programming this bit</p> <p>OTP_INDEX7~OTP_INDEX0: Set location of OTP to be programmed</p> <p>OTP_EN: When written to 1, internal register begin written to OTP</p> <p>VPP_SEL: When written to 1, PVSS voltage is fed to OTP</p> <p>OTP_LOAD_DISABLE: When written to 1, auto load from OTP to internal register when SLPOUT command received is disabled, this is used when OTP is not yet programmed</p> <p>DCCLK_DISABLE: Disable Pumping Clock</p> <p>OTPEST_EN:</p> <p>0 : normal mode, automatical OTP programming mode (by internal state machine)</p> <p>1 : manual mode</p> <p>0 is the default value</p>																								
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command																								
Register Availability	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Availability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sleep In</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>													Status	Availability	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes	Sleep In	Yes
Status	Availability																								
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																								
Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																								
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out	Yes																								
Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out	Yes																								
Sleep In	Yes																								
Default	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Default Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power On Sequence</td> <td>OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S/W Reset</td> <td>OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H/W Reset</td> <td>OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>													Status	Default Value	Power On Sequence	OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00	S/W Reset	OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00	H/W Reset	OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00				
Status	Default Value																								
Power On Sequence	OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00																								
S/W Reset	OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00																								
H/W Reset	OTP_MASK[7:0]=8'h00, OTP_INDEX[7:0]=8'hff, OTP_LOAD_DISABLE=0, DCCLK_DISABLE=0, VPP_SEL=0, OTP_PROG=0, OTPEST_EN=0, OTP_EN=0, OTP_PTM[1:0]=2'b00, OTP_VRADJ[1:0] =2'b00																								
Flow Chart																									

6.4.31 GETVDC: Read Internal Digital Voltage Setting (ECh)

EC H	GETVDC(Read internal digital voltage)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	EC
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	VDC_SEL[2:0]			--
Description	This command is used to read internal digital voltage setting												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						VDC_SEL[1:0]=2'b00						
	S/W Reset						VDC_SEL[1:0]=2'b00						
	H/W Reset						VDC_SEL[1:0]=2'b00						
Flow Chart													

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6.4.32 GETSPULSE: Read Arbiter Pulse Width (EDh)

ED H	GETSPULSE(Get Arbiter Pulse Width)											
	DN C	NRD	NWR	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	1	↑	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	ED
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	RTBA[13:8]								-
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	RTBA[7:0]								
Description	This command is used to get GRAM arbiter pulse width, it is for internal use.											
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command											
Register Availability	Status						Availability					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes					
	Sleep In						Yes					
Default	Status			Default Value								
	Power On Sequence			SPULSE_ERD[2:0]=3'b011, SPULSE_EWR[2:0]=3'b001, SPULSE_IRD[2:0]=3'b011, ARBMODE_SEL=0, LPLW_EN =0, REFBL_EN[1:0]=2'b00 RPULSE [2:0]=3'b011, DPULSE [2:0]=3'b001								
	SW Reset			No change								
	H/W Reset			SPULSE_ERD[2:0]=3'b011, SPULSE_EWR[2:0]=3'b001, SPULSE_IRD[2:0]=3'b011, ARBMODE_SEL=0, LPLW_EN =0, REFBL_EN[1:0]=2'b00, RPULSE [2:0]=3'b011, DPULSE [2:0]=3'b001								
Flow Chart												

6.4.33 GETPROBE: Read Probe Signal Group (EEh)

EE H	GETPROBE (Read Probe Signal Group)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	EE
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	TEST_MODE	TEST_OE	--
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	PROB[7:0]							--	
Description	This command is used to read which group of signals to be observed												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status				Default Value								
	Power On Sequence				PROBE[7:0]=8'h00, TEST_MODE=1'b0, TEST_OE=1'b0								
	S/W Reset				PROBE[7:0]=8'h00, TEST_MODE=1'b0, TEST_OE=1'b0								
	H/W Reset				PROBE[7:0]=8'h00, TEST_MODE=1'b0, TEST_OE=1'b0								
Flow Chart													

6.4.34 GETPTBA: Read Power Option (EFh)

EF H	GETPTBA (Read Power Option)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	EF
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	PTBA[15:8]							--	
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	PTBA[7:0]							--	
Description	This command is used to read power circuit option setting												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status					Availability							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Sleep In					Yes							
Default	Status					Default Value							
	Power On Sequence					PTBA[15:0]=16'h0000;							
	S/W Reset					PTBA[15:0]=16'h0000;							
	H/W Reset					PTBA[15:0]=16'h0000;							
Flow Chart													

6.4.35 GETSTBA: Read Source Option (F0h)

F0 H	GETSTBA (Read Source Option)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15 -8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	F0
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--								STBA [8]	--
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	STBA[7:0]								--
4 th parameter	1	1	↑	--	VTESTSEL[3:0]				STESTOE[1:0]				--
Description	This command is used to read source circuit option setting												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status					Availability							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out					Yes							
	Sleep In					Yes							
Default	Status				Default Value								
	Power On Sequence				STBA[15:0]=16'h0081; VTESTSEL[3:0]=4'b0000; STESTOE1=1'b0, STESTOE0=1'b0, GAOE=1'b0; GMA=1'b0;								
	S/W Reset				STBA[15:0]=16'h0081; VTESTSEL[3:0]=4'b0000; STESTOE1=1'b0, STESTOE0=1'b0, GAOE=1'b0; GMA=1'b0;								
	H/W Reset				STBA[15:0]=16'h0081; VTESTSEL[3:0]=4'b0000; STESTOE1=1'b0, STESTOE0=1'b0, GAOE=1'b0; GMA=1'b0;								
Flow Chart													

6.4.36 GETPFUSE: Get Internal OTP (F1h)

F1 H	GETPFUSE (Set internal Efuse)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15 -8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	F1
1st parameter	1	↑	1	--	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PFUSE	
Description	This command is used to set source circuit option PFUSE: Internal use for OTP programming. This pad is only for internal use, not open.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out						Yes						
	Sleep In						Yes						
Default	Status			Default Value									
	Power On Sequence			PFUSE=0									
	S/W Reset			PFUSE=0									
	H/W Reset			PFUSE=0									
Flow Chart													

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6.4.37 GETHXID: Read Himax ID (F4h)

F4 H	GETHXID (Read)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	F4
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	ID_version[7:0](8'h53)							--	
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	IDB2_version [7:0](0Ch)								
4 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	VersionID[7:0](00h)							--	
Description	It is for internal use, not open.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Sleep In												
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence												
	S/W Reset												
	H/W Reset												
Flow Chart													

6.4.38 GETECO: Read ECO(F6h)

F6H	GETECO (Read)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	F6
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	ECO0[7:0]							--	
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	ECO1[7:0]							--	
Description	It is for internal use, not open.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status		Availability										
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Sleep In												
Default	Status		Default Value										
	Power On Sequence												
	S/W Reset												
	H/W Reset												
Flow Chart													

6.4.39 GETMREV: Get Free Running Mode (FAh)

FA H	GETMREV (Get Free Running Mode)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	FA
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	SFULL	--	--
Description	It is for internal use, not open.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						SFULL=0						
	S/W Reset						SFULL=0						
	H/W Reset						SFULL=0						
Flow Chart													

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6.4.40 GETIOOPT: Get IO_OPT (FBh)

FB H	GETIOOPT (Get IO_OPT)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	FB
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	IO_OPT[7:0](0101_0101)							--	
3 rd parameter	1	1	↑	--	IO_OPT2[7:0] (0000_0000)								
Description	It is for internal use, not open.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Sleep In												
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						IO_OPT[7:0]=8b'00000000						
	S/W Reset						IO_OPT[7:0]=8b'00000000						
	H/W Reset						IO_OPT[7:0]=8b'00000000						
Flow Chart													

6.4.41 GETPANEL: Get PANEL (FCh)

FC H	SETPANEL (Set PANEL)												
	DNC	NWR	NRD	DB15-8	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	HEX
Command	0	↑	1	--	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	FC
1 st parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2 nd parameter	1	1	↑	--	--	--	--	SM_PANEL	SS_PANEL	--	--	--	--
Description	Compensate for Panel type, layout and color filter order.												
Restrictions	If EXTC is high or enable PASSWDEN command (even EXTC = low) can enable this command												
Register Availability	Status						Availability						
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Normal Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out												
	Partial Mode On, Idle Mode On, Sleep Out												
	Sleep In												
Default	Status						Default Value						
	Power On Sequence						SM_PANEL=0, SS_PANEL=0,						
	S/W Reset						SM_PANEL=0, SS_PANEL=0,						
	H/W Reset						SM_PANEL=0, SS_PANEL=0,						
Flow Chart													

7. Electrical Characteristic

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

(V_{SS} = 0V)

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage 1	VDD	- 0.3 ~ + 3.7	V
Supply voltage 2	VDDI	- 0.3 ~ + 3.7	V
Drive Supply Voltage	VGH – VGL	- 0.3 ~ + 32.0	V
Input voltage range	V _{IN}	- 0.3 ~ VDDI + 0.3	V
Output voltage range	V _O	- 0.3 ~ VDDI + 0.3	V
Operating temperature range	TOPR	- 40 ~ + 85	°C
Storage temperature range	TSTG	- 55 ~ + 125	°C

Table 7. 1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

7.2 ESD Protection Level

Mode	Test Condition	Protection Level	Unit
Human Body Model	C=100 pF, R=1.5kΩ	> 3000	V
Machine Model	C=200 pF, R=0.0Ω	> 300	V

Table 7. 2 ESD Protection Level

7.3 Maximum Series Resistance

Name	Type	Maximum Series Resistance	Unit
VDD	Power supply	10	Ω
VDDI	Power supply	10	Ω
VSSA	Power supply	10	Ω
VSSD	Power supply	10	Ω
OSC	Input	100	Ω
EXTC	Input	100	Ω
P68, BS2, BS1, BS0	Input	100	Ω
STE_SEL, GC_SEL, SPI_SEL	Input	100	Ω
RSO0, RSO1, RSO2	Input	100	Ω
LC_SEL0, LC_SEL1, BURN	Input	100	Ω
NRESET, NCS, DNC_SCL	Input	100	Ω
NWR_RNW, NRD_E	Input	100	Ω
TEST[3:1], VDC_ENB	Input	100	Ω
SS_PANEL, GS_PANEL, REV_PANEL, BGR_PANEL	Input	100	Ω
DUMMYR1, DummyR2,	Input	100	Ω
DB0_SDA, DB17 ~ DB1	Input / Output	100	Ω
VGH	Capacitor connection	10	Ω
VGL	Capacitor connection	10	Ω
C11A, C11B	Capacitor connection	10	Ω
C22A, C22B	Capacitor connection	10	Ω
C21A, C21B	Capacitor connection	10	Ω
VDDD	Capacitor connection	20	Ω
VLCD	Capacitor connection	10	Ω
VCL	Capacitor connection	10	Ω
TE	Output	100	Ω
VCOMH, VCOML	Output	50	Ω
VREGIOUT	Output	50	Ω
VREF	Output	50	Ω
VTESTOUT	Output	50	Ω
VCOM	Output	50	Ω

Table 7. 3

7.4 DC Characteristics

7.4.1 DC Characteristics List

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Related Pins	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Power & Operating Voltages								
IO Operating voltage	VDDI	-	VDDI ⁽²⁾	1.65	1.8	1.95	V	
Analog & Logic Operating voltage	VDD,VDDI	-	VDD,VDDI ⁽²⁾	2.3	2.5/2.75	2.9		
Source Drive Voltage	VS	-	VS ⁽³⁾	3.0	4.5	5.0		
Gate Drive High Voltage	VGH	-	VGH ⁽³⁾	9.0	14.0	16.		
Drive Supply Voltage	VGH-VGL	-	VGH, VGL ⁽³⁾	15.0	27.0	30		
Input / Output								
High level input voltage	VIH	-	Note ^{(1),(2)}	0.7VDDI	-	VDDI	V	
Low level input voltage	VIL	-	Note ^{(1),(2)}	VSSA	-	0.3VDDI		
High level output voltage	VOH	IOH = -1.0mA	DB17 to DB0, TE, TEST1 ⁽²⁾	0.8VDDI	-	VDDI		
Low level output voltage	VOL	IOL = +1.0mA		VSSA	-	0.2VDDI		
Input leakage current	IIL	VIN = VDDI or VSSA	Note ^{(1),(2)}	-1.0	-	+1.0		μA

Note: (1) OSC, P68, BS1, BS0, NRESET, DNC_SCL, NWR_RNW, NRD_E, and DB17 to DB0 pins
 (2), (3) When the measurement are performed with LCD module, Measurement Points are like below

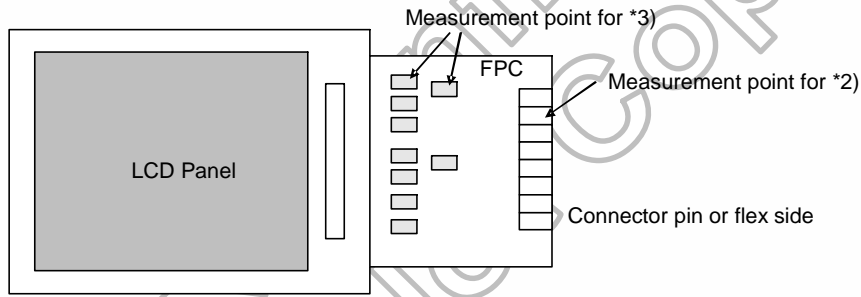


Table 7. 4 DC Characteristics 1

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Related Pins	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
VCOM Generator							
VCOM amplitude	VCOMA	No load	VCOMH VCOML	2.5	--	5	V
VCOM output high resistance	RVCOMH	VCOM output = High I _{VCOM} = 1mA	VCOM	-	100	-	Ω
VCOM output low resistance	RVCOML	VCOM output = Low I _{VCOM} = 1mA	VCOM	-	100	-	
Source Driver							
Gray scale resistance	Rgray	Rap~Rjp, Ran~Rjn, R0~R62 of gray voltage generator	S1 to S396	0.7*Rx	Rx	1.3*Rx	Ω
Drive output current ^{(1),(2)}	I _{VOSH}	VS=4.25V, VSO=V0 at positive, VOUT=V0-2V	S1 to S396	-	-200	-100	μA
	I _{VOSL}	VS=4.25V, VSO=V0 at negative, VOUT=V0-2V	S1 to S396	100	200	-	μA
Output voltage deviation	DVOS	VSSD+1.0 ~ VS-1.0	S1 to 396	-	±10	±20	mV
		VSSD+0.1V ~ VSSD+1.0 VS-1.0 ~ VS-0.1V	S1 to 396	-	±30	±50	mV
Output voltage range	VOS	-	S1 to 396	0.1	-	VS-0.1	V
Gate Driver							
Output ON resistance ⁽³⁾	RONG	Ta = 25 °C	G1 to G162	-	2	3	kΩ

Note: (1) VSO is the output voltage of source output pins S1 to S396.
 (2) VOUT is the applied voltage to source output pins S1 to S396.
 (3) Resistance value when -0.1[mA] is applied during the ON status of the gate output pin G0 to G160.
 RON [] = V [V] / 0.1[mA] (V: Voltage change when -0.1[mA] is applied in the on status.)

Table 7. 5 DC Characteristics 2

7.4.2 Current Consumption

Host I/F	Mode of operation	Frame Frequency	Inversion Mode	Image	Memory Data Access Control (MY:MX:MV)	Current consumption			
						Typical		Worst case	
						VDD (mA)	VDDI (mA)	VDD (mA)	VDDI (mA)
Host interface NOT active	- Normal Mode On - Partial Mode Off - Idle Mode Off - Sleep Out Mode	60Hz	TBD	Note(1)	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
			TBD	Note(2)	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
			TBD	Note(3)	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
			TBD	Note(4)	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
			TBD	Note(5)	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	- Normal Mode On - Partial Mode Off - Idle Mode On - Sleep Out Mode	60Hz	TBD	Note(5)	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
			TBD	Grey Levels	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	- Normal Mode Off - Partial Mode On (32 lines) - Idle Mode Off - Sleep Out Mode	60Hz	TBD	Note(6)	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
			TBD	Note(7)	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	- Normal Mode Off - Partial Mode On (32 lines) - Idle Mode On - Sleep Out Mode - Sleep In Mode	N/A	N/A	N/A	X;X;X	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Host interface active	- Normal Mode On - Partial Mode Off - Idle Mode Off - Sleep Out Mode	60Hz	TBD	262k Colors ⁽⁸⁾ CPU Access @ 15fps	0;0;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;0;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;1;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;1;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;0;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;0;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;1;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;1;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;0;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;0;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;1;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;1;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;0;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;0;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;1;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
1;1;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD					
Host interface active	- Normal Mode On - Partial Mode Off - Idle Mode Off - Sleep Out Mode	60Hz	TBD	262k Colors ⁽⁸⁾ CPU Access @ 25fps	0;0;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;0;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;1;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;1;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;0;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;0;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;1;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;1;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;0;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;0;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;1;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					0;1;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;0;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;0;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
					1;1;0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
1;1;1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD					

Note: X Do not care

- (1) All pixels black
- (2) Checker board one by one
- (3) Checker board 4 by 4
- (4) Grey-scale from top to bottom
- (5) 20% Black, 80%White
- (6) Black & White Checker board 8 by 8.
- (7) Absolute Worst Case Patterns: Defined by Display Supplier
- (8) Absolute Worst Case Patterns and Sequences: Defined by Display Supplier
- (9) Absolute worst case VDD current is less than TBD mA in the case of CPU access is inactive, Normal Mode On, Partial Mode Off, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out mode.
- (10) Absolute worst case VDDI current is less than TBD mA in the case of CPU access is inactive, Normal Mode On, Partial Mode Off, Idle Mode Off, Sleep Out mode.
- (11) Inrush currents are not included in current consumption values

Typical Case:

TA = 25oC
VDDB2 = 2.75V
VDDB1 = 1.8V

Worst Case:

TA = -30 to70oC
VDDB2 = 2.5V to 2.9V
VDDB1 = 1.65V to 2.5V
Includes Process Variance.

Table 7. 6 Current Consumption

7.5 AC CHARACTERISTICS

7.5.1 Parallel Interface Characteristics (8080-series MPU)

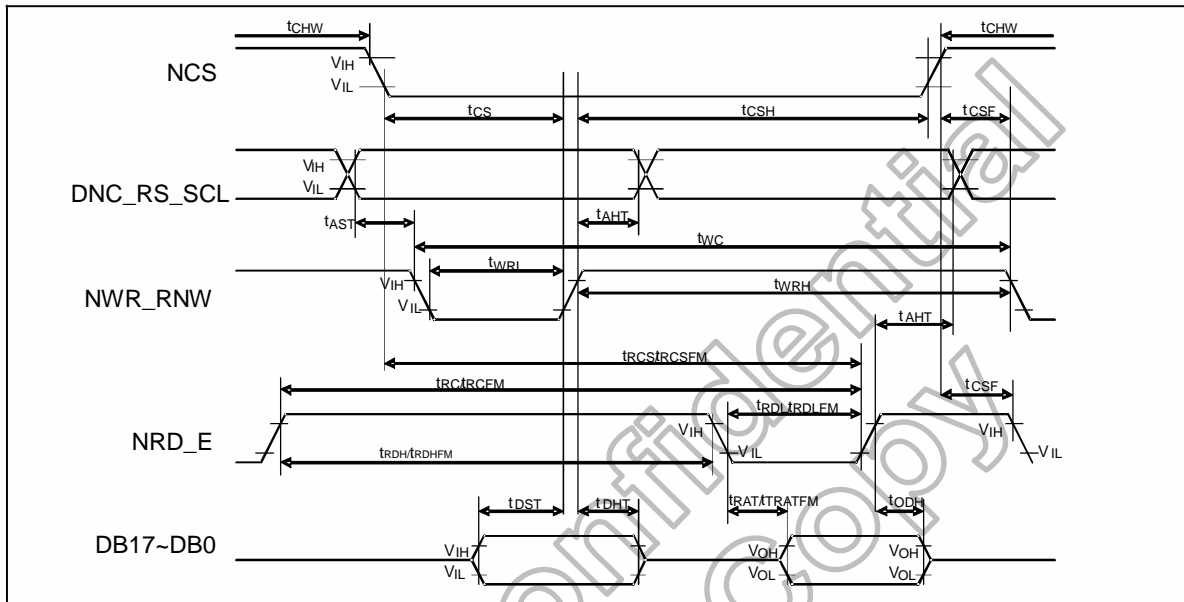


Figure 7. 1 Parallel Interface characteristics (8080-series MPU)

(VSSA=0V, VDDI=1.65V to 2.50V, VDD=2.3V to 2.9V, Ta = -30 to 70 °C)

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Description
DNC_RS_SCL	tAST tAHT	Address setup time Address hold time (Write/Read)	0 10	-	ns	-
NCS	tCHW tCS trCS trCSFM tCSF	Chip select "H" pulse width Chip select setup time (Write) Chip select setup time (Read ID) Chip select setup time (Read FM) Chip select wait time (Write/Read)	0 15 45 355 10	-	ns	-
NWR_RNW	tWC tWRH tWRL	Write cycle Control pulse "H" duration Control pulse "L" duration	66 15 15	-	ns	-
NRD_E (ID)	trC trDH trDL	Read cycle (ID) Control pulse "H" duration (ID) Control pulse "L" duration (ID)	160 90 45	-	ns	When read ID data
NRD_E (FM)	trCFM trDHFM trDLFM	Read cycle (FM) Control pulse "H" duration (FM) Control pulse "L" duration (FM)	450 90 355	-	ns	When read from frame memory
DB17 to DB0	tdST tdHT tRAT tRATFM tODH	Data setup time Data hold time Read access time (ID) Read access time (FM) Output disable time	10 10 - - 20	- - 40 340 80	ns	For maximum CL=30pF For minimum CL=8pF

Note: The input signal rise time and fall time (tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less.
Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDB1 for Input signals.

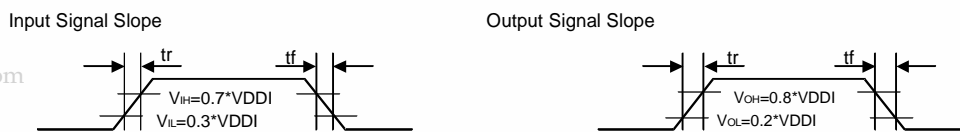


Table 7. 7 Parallel Interface characteristics (8080-series MPU)

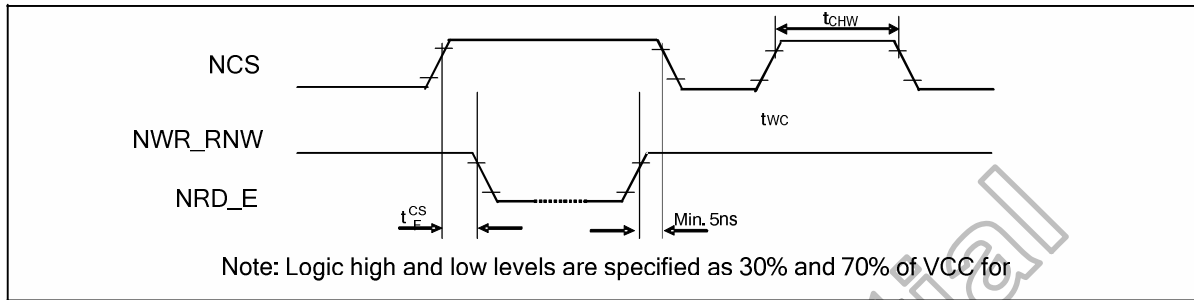


Figure 7. 2 Chip select timing

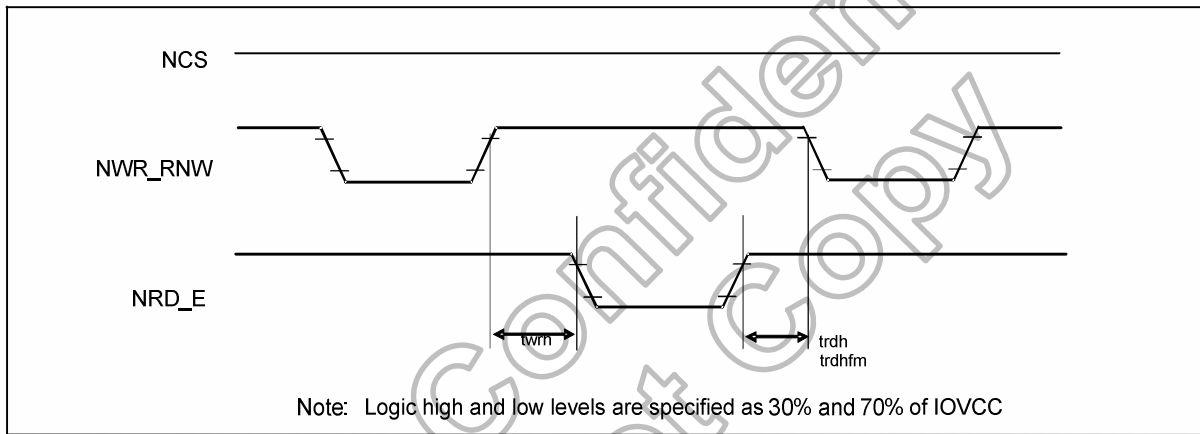


Figure 7. 3 Write to read and read to write timing

7.5.2 Serial Interface Characteristics

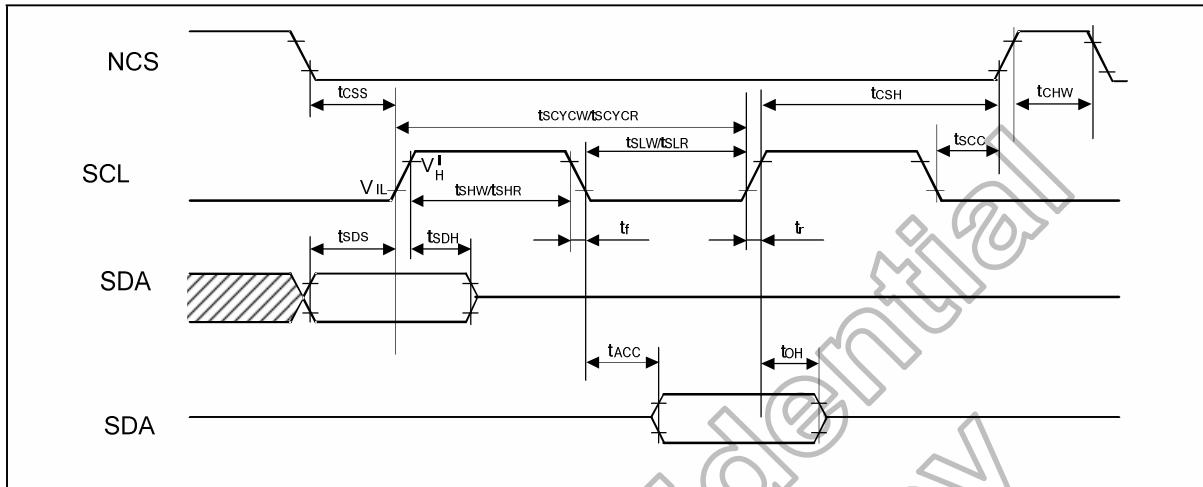


Figure 7. 4 Serial Interface Characteristics

(VSSA=0V, VDDI=1.65V to 2.50V, VDD=2.5V to 2.9V, Ta = -30 to 70 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Serial clock cycle (Write)	tSCYCW		66	-	-	
SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	tSHW	SCL	15	-	-	ns
SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	tSLW	SCL	15	-	-	
Data setup time (Write)	tSDS	SDA	10	-	-	ns
Data hold time (Write)	tSDH	SDA	10	-	-	
Serial clock cycle (Read)	tSCYCR		150	-	-	
SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	tSHR	SCL	60	-	-	ns
SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	tSLR	SCL	60	-	-	
Access Time	tACC	SDA For maximum CL=30pF For maximum CL=8pF	10	-	50	ns
Output disable time	toH	SDA For maximum CL=30pF For maximum CL=8pF	15	-	50	ns
NCS "H" pulse width	tCHW	NCS	40	-	-	ns
NCS-SCL time (write)	tCSS	NCS	15	-	-	ns
NCS-SCL time (write)	tCSH	NCS	15	-	-	
NCS-SCL time (Read)	tCSS	NCS	60	-	-	ns
NCS-SCL time (Read)	tCSH	NCS	65	-	-	

Note: The input signal rise time and fall time (tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less.

Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDB1 for Input signals. For output, see Section 7.7.6.2

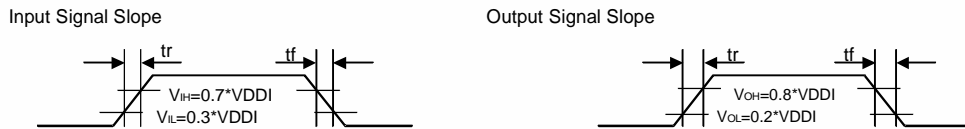


Table 7. 8 Serial Interface Characteristics

7.5.3 Reset Input Timing

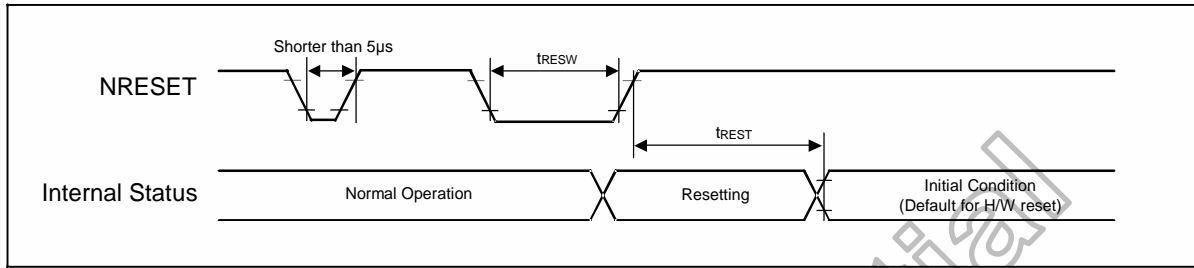


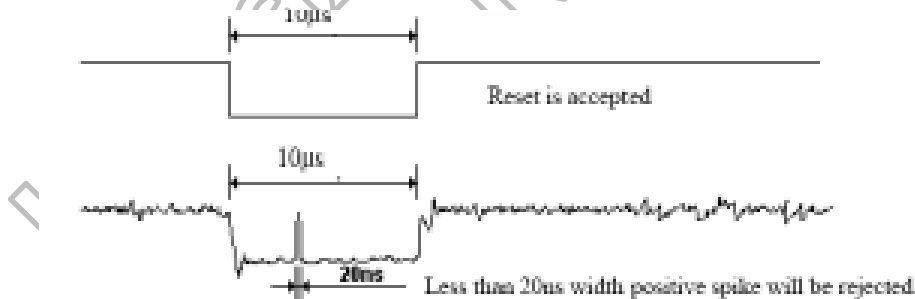
Figure 7. 5 Reset input timing

Symbol	Parameter	Related Pins	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Note	Unit
tRESW	Reset low pulse width ⁽¹⁾	NRESET	10	-	-	-	µs
tREST	Reset complete time ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	5	When reset applied during Sleep In mode	ms
		-	-	-	120	When reset applied during Sleep Out mode	ms

Note: (1) Spike due to an electrostatic discharge on NRESET line does not cause irregular system reset according to the table below.

NRESET Pulse	Action
Shorter than 5µs	Reset Rejected
Longer than 10µs	Reset
Between 5 µs and 10µs	Reset Start

- (2) During the resetting period, the display will be blanked (The display is entering blanking sequence, which maximum time is 120 ms, when Reset Starts in Sleep Out –mode. The display remains the blank state in Sleep In –mode) and then return to Default condition for H/W reset.
- (3) During Reset Complete Time, IDB2 value in OTP will be latched to internal register during this period. This loading is done every time when there is H/W reset complete time (tREST) within 5ms after a rising edge of NRESET.
- (4) Spike Rejection also applies during a valid reset pulse as shown below:



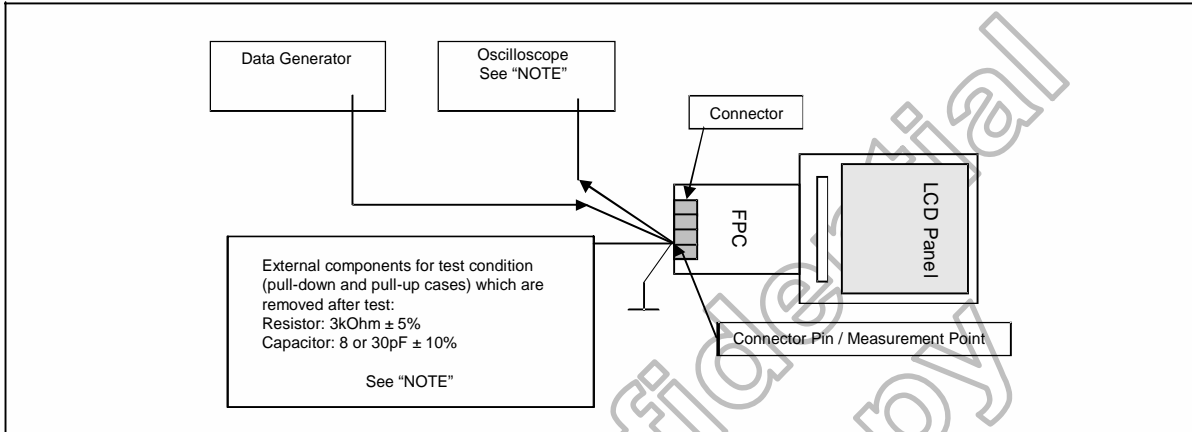
- (5) It is necessary to wait 5msec after releasing NRESET before sending commands. Also Sleep Out command cannot be sent for 120msec.

Table 7. 9

7.5.4 Measurement Conditions

7.5.4.1 tRATFM, tODH Measurement Condition

Measurement Condition Set-up



Note: Capacitances and resistances of the oscilloscope's probe must be included externals components in these Measurements

Figure 7. 6

Minimum Value Measurement

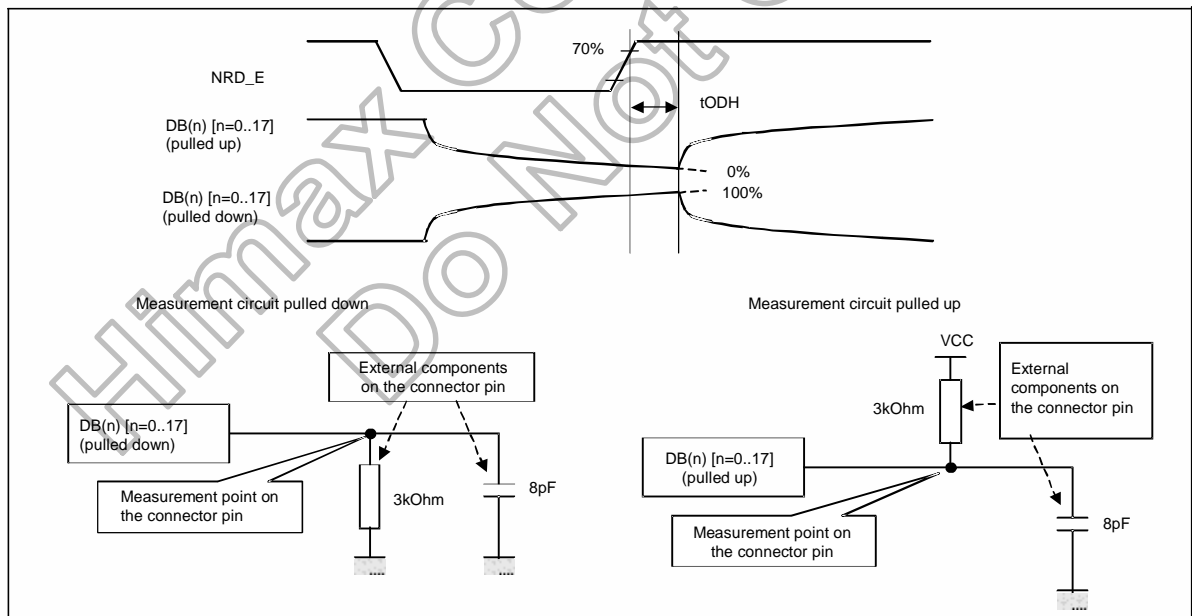


Figure 7. 7

Maximum Value Measurement

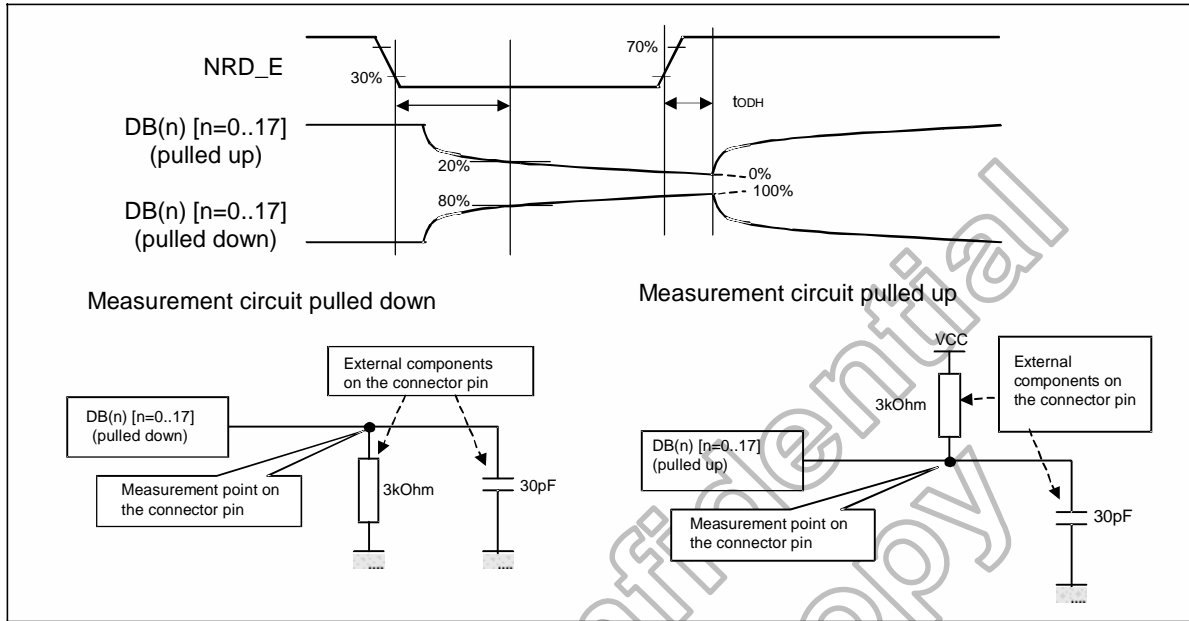
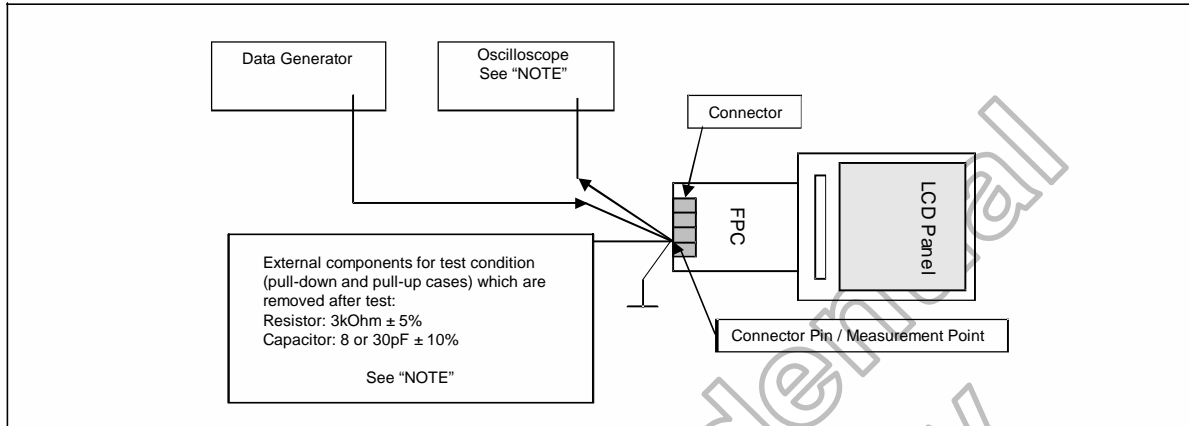


Figure 7.8

7.5.4.2 tACC, tOH Measurement Condition

Measurement Condition Set-up



Note: Capacitances and resistances of the oscilloscope's probe must be included external components in these Measurements

Figure 7. 9

Minimum Value Measurement

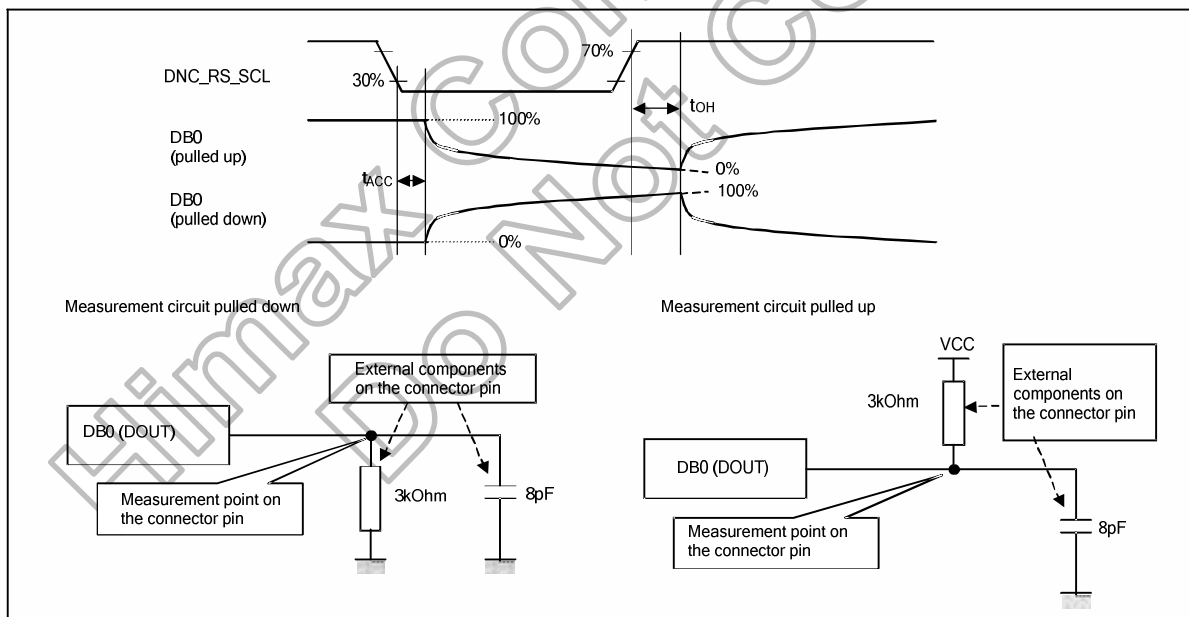


Figure 7. 10

Maximum Value Measurement

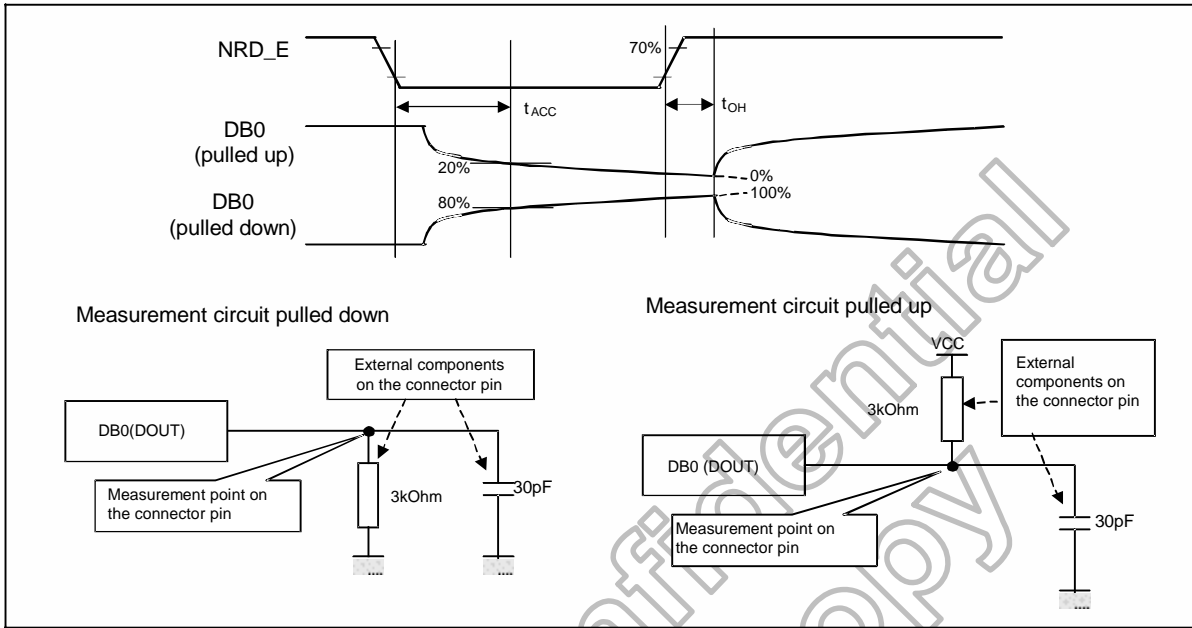


Figure 7.11

8. Reference Application

8.1 Example Connection with Panel

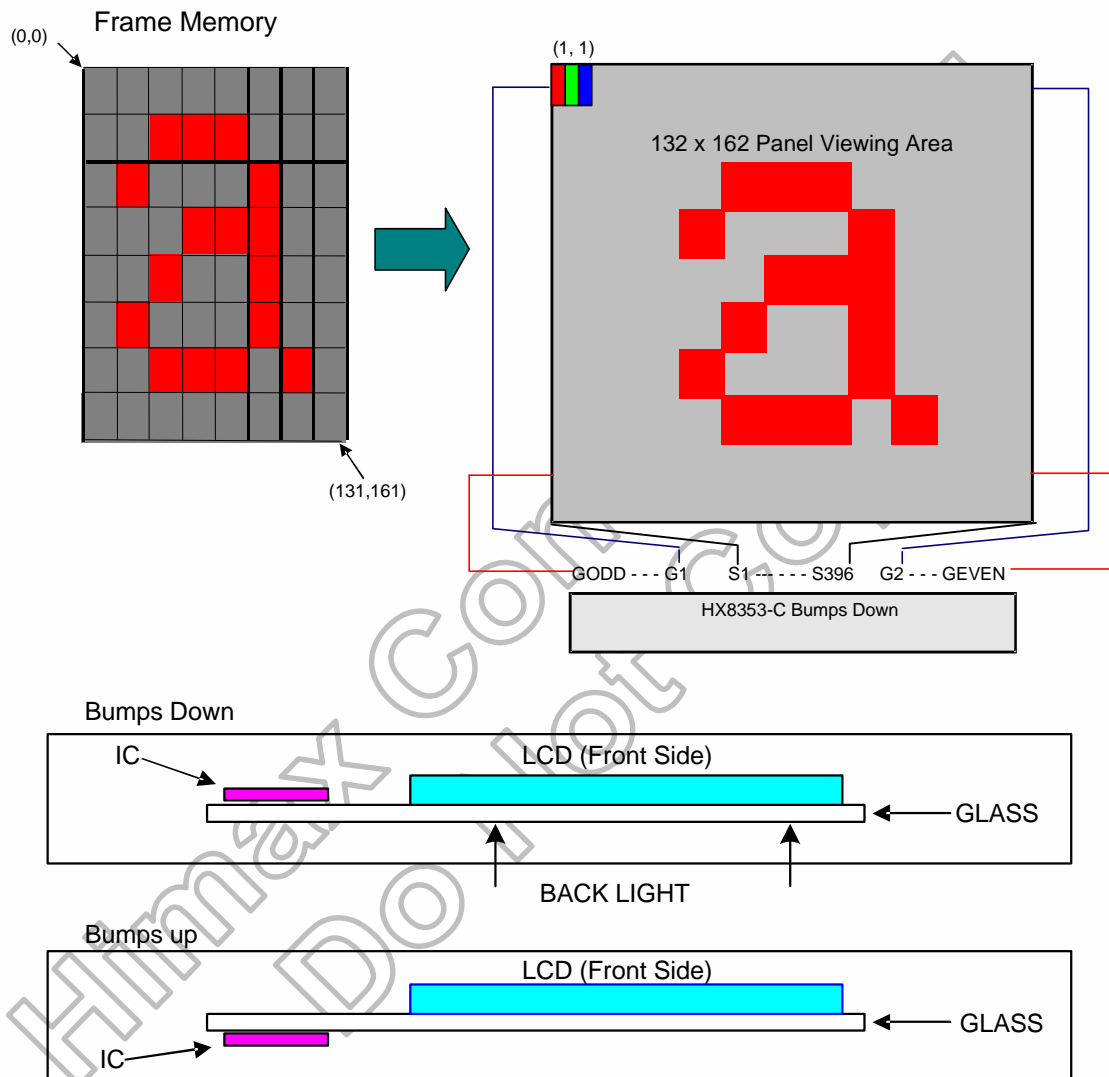
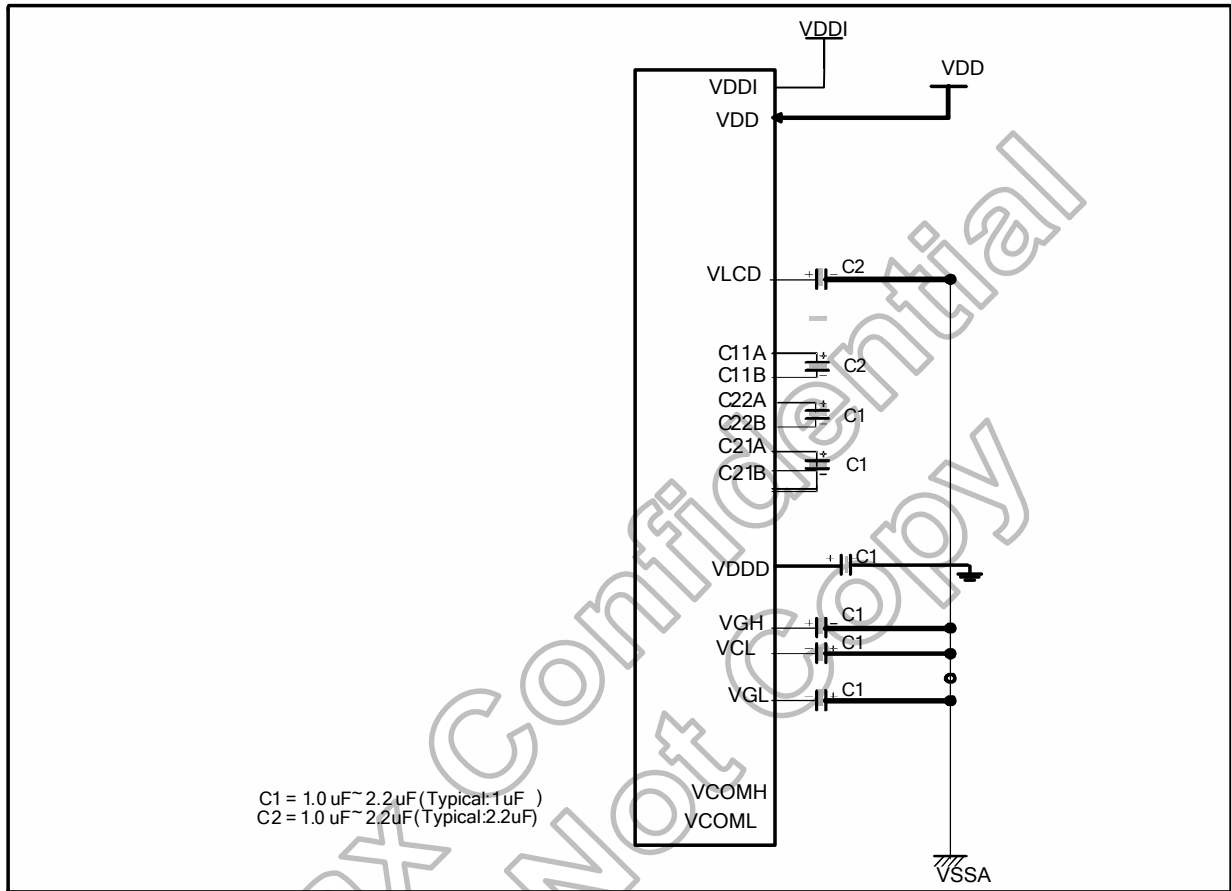


Figure 8. 1

8.2 Connection Example with External Components



Note1: C22 option : VGH and VGL can share the same pump capacitor when operate on special pumping condition → $VGH < 4 \times VDD$, $VGL > -3 \times VDD$ (On this condition, C22 can be removed).

Note2: If need to remove capacitor of VDDD connection : when $VDDI = 1.65 \sim 1.95v$, VDDD can connect to VDDI on FPC directly

Figure 8. 2 Example connection with external components

8.3 External Components

Pad Name	Connection	Typical capacitance value
VGL	Connect to Capacitor (Max 16V): VGL ---(-)---- --- (+)---- VSSA	1.0μF
VCL	Connect to Capacitor (Max 5V): VCL ---(-)---- --- (+)---- VSSA	1.0μF
VDDD	Connect to Capacitor (Max 5V): VDDD ---(+)-- --- (-)---- VSSA	1.0μF
VGH	Connect to Capacitor (Max 21V): VGH ---(+)-- --- (-)---- VSSA	1.0μF
C21A, C21B	Connect to Capacitor (Max 7V): C21A ---(+)-- --- (-)---- C21B	1.0μF
C22A, C22B	Connect to Capacitor (Max 7V): C22A, ---(+)-- --- (-)---- C22B	1.0μF
C11A, C11B	Connect to Capacitor (Max 5V): C11A ---(+)-- --- (-)---- C11B	2.2μF
VLCD	Connect to Capacitor (Max 6V): VLCD ---(+)-- --- (-)---- VSSA	1.0μF
VDD	VDD (Analogue Power)	Optional
VSSD	Connect to VSSD	-
VDDI	VDDI (Digital Power)	Optional
VSSD	VSSA (Ground)	-

Table 8. 1 Example capacitor connection

Pins connection	Recommended voltage	Capacity
VDD, VDDI, VCL, C11A/B, VDDD	6V	1 μFor 2.2uF (B characteristics)
VLCD, C21A/B, C22A/B,	10V	1 μF
VGH, VGL	25V	1 μF

Table 8. 2 Adoptability of Capacitor

Reusable	Pins to connect
> 200 kΩ	VcomR

Table 8. 3 Adoptability of Variable resistor

9. Layout Recommendation

TBD

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10. Ordering Information

Part No.	Package
HX8353-C000PDxxx	TBD.

11. Revision History

Version	Date	Description of Changes
	2008/02/25	New setup
	2008/4/17	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify the 8.2 Connection Example with External Components (page 231) 2. Modify the 7.3 Maximum Series Resistance (page 219) 3. Mody the setting of VC1[2:0] and BT[3:0] (page 171 and page 172)
	2008/4/21	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify the 7.3 Maximum Series Resistance (page 219) 2. Add the voltage range of VCOMH, VCOML (page10)
	2008/4/22	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify the 4.5 Bump arrangement (page 22) 2. Modify the seal-ing =15um * 2 (page 16)
	2008/4/25	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify the Pin Coordinate,add description of input and output pin (page 18~21) 2. Modify the Bump arrangement,add pin number of input and output pin (page 23)
01	2008/4/29	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify Fig.5.53 BT[2:0] to BT[3:0] (page 85) 2. Modify table5.33 Master clock Frequency 10M to 1.5M (page 113) 3. Modify B2H(ISC) $f_{FLM}=70\text{Hz}$ to $f_{FLM}=60\text{Hz}$ (page 176) 4. Modify B4H(RTN,clock cycles perline) (page 179) 5. Modify address and resolution unmatched <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5.3.1 SA,ML=1(page 52) 5.3.2 SA,RA(page 53) 5.3.6 SA,RA(page 57) 5.3.7 SA,RA(page 58) 6. Modify Alignment mark A1 and A2 (page17,page21) 7. Modify table 6.2 E7 and 6.4.29 E7 parameter (page 121, page206)
	2008/4/30	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add description of input PIN (page 13 ,page 14) 2. Add description of BURN (page15)
	2008/5/07	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify VRH[3:0] setting (page 171, page 172) 2. Modify "Serial interface"(5.12) , when SPI_SEL pin high is 4 wire (page 40) 3. Modify Fig5.55 (page 86) 4. Modify Fig5.57 gamma stream,Table5.22, Table 5.23 and Table5.24 (page 90, page91) 5. Add 2nd parametet of C6h(page118, page196) 6. Modify register of B2h and E2h (page 175, page 201) 7. Remove bit5 function in B5h,E5h(page 181,page 204) 8. Remove E8h and F5h(page 199)

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 9. Modify parameter4 of E0h 10. Modify table6.2 (page117~page122)
2008/5/16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify 8.1Example Connection with Panel(page 228) 2. Modify “Voltage Calculation Formula”, SumRP(SumRN)=124+....(page 92)
2008/5/20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify “Page top” 132RGBx162 dot
2008/5/21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 5.18 OTP Programming, in note2”,..... NAVILD bit will be changed to 1 “ (page 106) 2. Programming seruence step9,modify “Specify OTP_index” read and write (page 109) 3. Modify B9H and BAH flow chart (page 186 and page187)
2008/6/16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feature,Page4 VDDI and VDD change 2. Modify bit number of RADJ in B0H/E0H ,page168
2008/6/18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify the formula of VGH ,in B1H ,page170 2. B9H passward set is (04,17) ,page 185
2008/7/03	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pin Description DB0~DB17 (page 16) 2. Pin description VDDB1 updata VDDI (page 13)
2008/7/10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. REV_PANEL define (page 14) 0→ for normal white panel 1→ for normal black panel
2008/7/15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modify VREG1OUT description (page 15) 2. Add description of DIV_E ,only use in idle mode (page 178)
2008/7/24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Modify 5.10.1 LCD Power Generation Scheme (page 84)