

28-BIT 1:2 REGISTERED BUFFER WITH PARITY

IDT74SSTUBF32865A

Description

This 28-bit 1:2 registered buffer with parity is designed for 1.7V to 1.9V VDD operation.

All clock and data inputs are compatible with the JEDEC standard for SSTL_18. The control inputs are LVCMOS. All outputs are 1.8 V CMOS drivers that have been optimized to drive the DDR2 DIMM load. The IDT74SSTUBF32865A operates from a differential clock (CLK and $\overline{\text{CLK}}$). Data are registered at the crossing of CLK going high, and $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ going low.

The device supports low-power standby operation. When the reset input (RESET) is low, the differential input receivers are disabled, and undriven (floating) data, clock and reference voltage (VREF) inputs are allowed. In addition, when RESET is low all registers are reset, and all outputs except PTYERR are forced low. The LVCMOS RESET input must always be held at a valid logic high or low level.

To ensure defined outputs from the register before a stable clock has been supplied, RESET must be held in the low state during power up.

In the DDR2 RDIMM application, RESET is specified to be completely asynchronous with respect to CLK and CLK. Therefore, no timing relationship can be guaranteed between the two. When entering reset, the register will be cleared and the outputs will be driven low quickly, relative to the time to disable the differential input receivers. However, when coming out of reset, the register will become active quickly, relative to the time to enable the differential input receivers. As long as the data inputs are low, and the clock is stable during the time from the low-to-high transition of RESET until the input receivers are fully enabled, the design of the IDT74SSTUBF32865A must ensure that the outputs will remain low, thus ensuring no glitches on the output.

The device monitors both \overline{DCSO} and \overline{DCSI} inputs and will gate the Qn outputs from changing states when both \overline{DCSO} and \overline{DCSI} are high. If either \overline{DCSO} and \overline{DCSI} input is low, the Qn outputs will function normally. The \overline{RESEI} input has priority over the \overline{DCSO} and \overline{DCSI} control and will force the Qn outputs low and the \overline{PTYERR} output high. If the DCS-control functionality is not desired, then the CSGateEnable input can be hardwired to ground, in which case, the setup-time requirement for DCS would be the same as for the other D data inputs.

The IDT74SSTUBF32865A includes a parity checking function. The IDT74SSTUBF32865A accepts a parity bit from the memory controller at its input pin PARIN, compares it with the data received on the D-inputs and indicates whether a parity error has occurred on its open-drain PTYERR pin (active LOW).

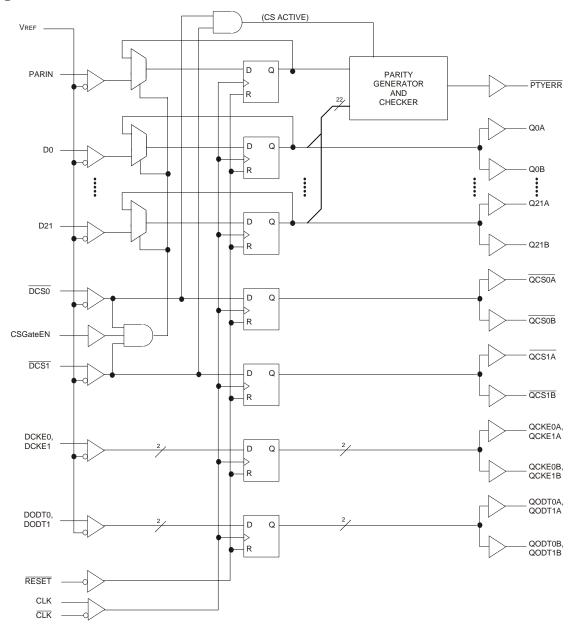
Features

- 28-bit 1:2 registered buffer with parity check functionality
- Supports SSTL_18 JEDEC specification on data inputs and outputs
- <u>Supports</u> LVCMOS switching levels on CSGateEN and RESET inputs
- Low voltage operation: VDD = 1.7V to 1.9V
- Available in 160-ball LFBGA package

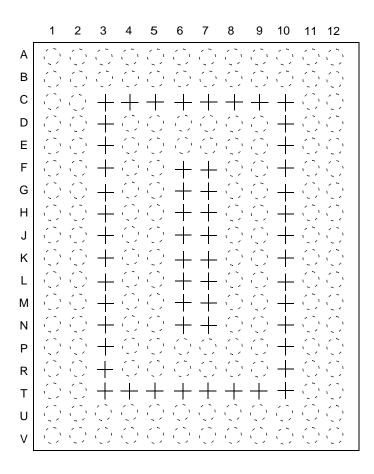
Applications

- DDR2 Memory Modules
- Provides complete DDR DIMM solution with ICS98ULPA877A or IDTCSPUA877A
- Ideal for DDR2 400, 533, 667, and 800

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration



160-Ball BGA TOP VIEW

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|---|--------------|-------|-------|--------|------|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------|--------|
| Α | VREF | NC | PARIN | NC | NC | QCKE1A | QCKE0A | Q21A | Q19A | Q18A | Q17B | Q17A |
| В | D1 | D2 | NC | NC | NC | QCKE1B | QCKE0B | Q21B | Q19B | Q18B | QODT0B | QODT0A |
| С | D3 | D4 | | | | | | | | | QODT1B | QODT1A |
| D | D6 | D5 | | VDDL | GND | NC | NC | GND | GND | | Q20B | Q20A |
| Е | D7 | D8 | | VDDL | GND | VDDL | VDDR | GND | GND | | Q16B | Q16A |
| F | D11 | D9 | | VDDL | GND | | | VDDR | VDDR | | Q1B | Q1A |
| G | D18 | D12 | | VDDL | GND | | | VDDR | VDDR | | Q2B | Q2A |
| Н | CSGate EN | D15 | | VDDL | GND | | | GND | GND | | Q5B | Q5A |
| J | CLK | DCS0 | | GND | GND | | | VDDR | VDDR | | QCS0B | QCS0A |
| K | CLK | DCS1 | | VDDL | VDDL | | | GND | GND | | QCS1B | QCS1A |
| L | RESET | D14 | | GND | GND | | | VDDR | VDDR | | Q6B | Q6A |
| М | D0 | D10 | | GND | GND | | | GND | GND | | Q10B | Q10A |
| N | D17 | D16 | | VDDL | VDDL | | | VDDR | VDDR | | Q9B | Q9A |
| Р | D19 | D21 | | GND | VDDL | VDDL | VDDR | VDDR | GND | | Q11B | Q11A |
| R | D13 | D20 | | GND | VDDL | VDDL | GND | GND | GND | | Q15B | Q15A |
| Т | DODT1 | DODT0 | | | | | | | | | Q14B | Q14A |
| U | DCKE0 | DCKE1 | MCL | PTYERR | MCH | Q3B | Q12B | Q7B | Q4B | Q13B | Q0B | Q8B |
| ٧ | VREF | MCL | MCL | NC | MCH | Q3A | Q12A | Q7A | Q4A | Q13A | Q0A | Q8A |

NOTE:

1. An empty cell indicates no ball is populated at that gridpoint. NC denotes a no-connect (ball present but not connected to the die). MCL denotes a pin that Must be Connected LOW. MCH denotes a pin that Must be Connected HIGH.

160-Ball BGA TOP VIEW

Ball Assignment

| Signal Group | Signal Name | Туре | Description | | | |
|--------------------------|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Ungated Inputs | DCKE0, DCKE1, DODT0, DODT1 | SSTL_18 | DRAM function pins not associated with Chip Select. | | | |
| Chip Select Gated Inputs | D0 D21 | SSTL_18 | DRAM inputs, re-driven only when Chip Select is LOW. | | | |
| Chip Select Inputs | DCS0, DCS1 | SSTL_18 | DRAM Chip Select signals. These pins initiate DRAM address/command decodes, and as such at least one will be low when a valid address/command is present. The register can be programmed to re-drive all D-inputs only (CSGateEN high) when at least one Chip Select input is LOW. | | | |
| Re-Driven | Q0AQ21A, Q0BQ21B, QCSnA,B QCKEnA,B, QODTnA,B | SSTL_18 | Outputs of the register, valid after the specified clock count outputs and immediately following a rising edge of the clock. | | | |
| Parity Input | PARIN | SSTL_18 | Input parity is received on pin PARIN and should maintain odd parity across the D0D21 inputs, at the rising edge of the clock. | | | |
| Parity Error | PTYERR | Open Drain | When LOW, this output indicates that a parity error was output identified associated with the address and/or command inputs. PTYERR will be active for two clock cycles, and delayed by an additional clock cycle for compatibility with final parity out timing on the industry-standard DDR-II register with parity (in JEDEC definition). | | | |
| Program Inputs | CSGateEN | 1.8V LVCMOS | Chip Select Gate Enable. When HIGH, the D0D21 inputs will be latched only when at least one Chip Select input is LOW during the rising edge of the clock. When LOW, the D0D21 inputs will be latched and redriven on every rising edge of the clock. | | | |
| Clock Inputs | CLK, CLK | SSTL_18 | Differential master clock input pair to the register. The register operation is triggered by a rising edge on the positive clock input (CLK). | | | |
| | MCL, MCH | | Must be connected to a logic LOW or HIGH. | | | |
| Miscellaneous Inputs | RESET | SSTL_18 | Asynchronous reset input. When LOW, it causes a reset of the internal latches, thereby forcing the outputs LOW. RESET also resets the PTYERR signal. | | | |
| | VREF 0.9V nominal | | Input reference voltage for the SSTL_18 inputs. Two pins (internally tied together) are used for increased reliability. | | | |

Function Table

| | | | | Out | puts | | | | | |
|-------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|
| RESET | DCS0 | DCS1 | CSGate EN | CLK | CLK | Dn, DODTn, DCKEn | Qn | QCS0x | QCS1x | QODT, QCKE |
| Н | L | L | Х | 1 | \downarrow | L | L | L | L | L |
| Н | L | L | Х | 1 | \downarrow | Н | Н | L | L | Н |
| Н | L | L | Х | L or H | L or H | Х | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 |
| Н | L | Н | Х | 1 | \downarrow | L | L | L | Н | L |
| Н | L | Н | Х | 1 | \downarrow | Н | Н | L | Н | Н |
| Н | L | Н | Х | L or H | L or H | Х | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 |
| Н | Н | L | Х | 1 | \downarrow | L | L | Н | L | L |
| Н | Н | L | Х | 1 | \downarrow | Н | Н | Н | L | Н |
| Н | Н | L | Х | L or H | L or H | Х | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 |
| Н | Н | Н | L | 1 | \downarrow | L | L | Н | Н | L |
| Н | Н | Н | L | 1 | \downarrow | Н | Н | Н | Н | Н |
| Н | Н | Н | L | L or H | L or H | Х | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 |
| Н | Н | Н | Н | 1 | \ | L | Q_0 | Н | Н | L |
| Н | Н | Н | Н | 1 | \downarrow | Н | Q_0 | Н | Н | Н |
| Н | Н | Н | Н | L or H | L or H | Х | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 | Q_0 |
| L | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | L | L | L | L |

¹ H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

X = Don't Care

 $[\]uparrow$ = LOW to HIGH

 $[\]downarrow$ = HIGH to LOW

Parity and Standby Function Table

| | Inputs ¹ | | | | | | |
|-------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| RESET | DCS0 | DCS1 | CLK | CLK | Σ of Inputs = H (D1 - D21) | PARIN ² | PTYERR ³ |
| Н | L | Х | ↑ | \downarrow | Even | L | Н |
| Н | L | Х | 1 | \ | Odd | L | L |
| Н | L | Х | ↑ | \downarrow | Even | Н | L |
| Н | L | Х | 1 | \downarrow | Odd | Н | Н |
| Н | Х | L | 1 | \ | Even | L | Н |
| Н | Х | L | 1 | \downarrow | Odd | L | L |
| Н | Х | L | 1 | \ | Even | Н | L |
| Н | Х | L | 1 | \ | Odd | Н | Н |
| Н | Н | Н | 1 | \downarrow | Х | Х | PTYERR ₀ |
| Н | Х | Х | L or H | L or H | Х | Х | PTYERR ₀ |
| L | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | X or Floating | Н |

¹ H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

X = Don't Care

 \uparrow = LOW to HIGH

↓= HIGH to LOW

- 2 PARIN arrives one clock cycle after the data to which it applies.
- 3 This transition assumes PTYERR is HIGH at the crossing of CLK going HIGH and CLK going LOW. If PTYERR is LOW, it stays latched LOW for two clock cycles or until RESET is driven LOW.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

| Item | Rating | |
|--|---------------|----------------------|
| Supply Voltage, VDD | -0.5V to 2.5V | |
| Input Voltage Range, VI ¹ | | -0.5V to VDD + 2.5V |
| Output Voltage Range, Vo ^{1,2} | | -0.5V to VDDQ + 0.5V |
| Input Clamp Current, Іік | ±50mA | |
| Output Clamp Current, IOK | ±50mA | |
| Continuous Output Clamp Current, Io | | ±50mA |
| Continuous Current through each VDD o | r GND | ±100mA |
| Package Thermal Impedance (θja) ³ | 0m/s Airflow | 44.3° C/W |
| Fackage Thermal impedance (6ja) | 1m/s Airflow | 38.1° C/W |
| Storage Temperature, TSTG | | -65 to +150° C |

- 1 The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the ratings of the I/P and O/P clamp current are observed.
- 2 This current will flow only when the output is in the high state level VO > VDDQ.
- 3 The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

Operating Characteristics

The RESET and CSGateEN inputs of the device must be held at valid levels (not floating) to ensure proper device operation. The differential inputs must not be floating unless RESET is LOW.

| Symbol | Parameter | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|--------|------------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------|
| VDD | I/O Supply Voltage | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | V | |
| VREF | Reference Voltage | | 0.49 * VDD | 0.5 * VDD | 0.51 * VDD | V |
| VTT | Termination Voltage | | VREF - 0.04 | VREF | VREF + 0.04 | V |
| Vı | Input Voltage | | 0 | | VDD | V |
| VIH | AC High-Level Input Voltage | Dn, PARIN, | VREF + 0.25 | | | |
| VIL | AC Low-Level Input Voltage | DCSn, | | | VREF - 0.25 | V |
| VIH | DC High-Level Input Voltage | DCKEn, | VREF + 0.125 | | | V |
| VIL | DC Low-Level Input Voltage | DODTn | | | VREF - 0.125 | |
| VIH | High-Level Input Voltage | RESET, | 0.65 * VDDQ | | | V |
| VIL | Low-Level Input Voltage | CSGateEN | | | 0.35 * VDDQ | V |
| VICR | Common Mode Input Range | CLK, CLK | 0.675 | | 1.125 | V |
| VID | Differential Input Voltage | CLN, CLN | 600 | | | mV |
| Іон | High-Level Output Current | | | -8 | ~ ^ | |
| lol | Low-Level Output Current | | | 8 | mA | |
| IERROL | PTYERR LOW Level Output | 25 | | | mA | |
| TA | Operating Free-Air Temperatu | ıre | 0 | | +70 | °C |

DC Electrical Characteristics Over Operating Range

Following Conditions Apply Unless Otherwise Specified:

Operating Condition: TA = 0°C to +70°C, $VDD = 1.8V \pm 0.1V$.

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | |
|--------|---|---|------|------|------|--------------------------|--|
| Voн | Output HIGH Voltage | IOH = -6mA, VDDQ = 1.7V | 1.2 | | | V | |
| Vol | Output LOW Voltage | IOL = 6mA, VDDQ = 1.7V | | | 0.5 | V | |
| VERROL | PTYERR Output LOW Voltage | IERROL = 25mA, VDD = 1.7V | | | 0.5 | V | |
| lıL | All Inputs | VI = VDD or GND; VDD = 1.9V | -5 | | +5 | μΑ | |
| | Static Standby | Io = 0, VDD = 1.9V, RESET = GND | | 200 | | μΑ | |
| ldd | Static On avating | IO = 0, VDD = 1.9V, $\overline{RESET} = VDD$, VI = VIH(AC) or VIL(AC), CLK = $\overline{CLK} = VIH(AC)$ or VIL(AC) | | | 10 | A | |
| | Static Operating | IO = 0, VDD = 1.9V, RESET = VDD, VI = VIH(AC) or VIL(AC), CLK = VIH(AC), CLK = VIL(AC) | | 120 | | mA | |
| | Dynamic Operating (clock only) | IO = 0, VDD = 1.8V, $\overline{\text{RESET}} = \text{VDD}$, VI = VIH(AC) or VIL(AC), CLK and $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ switching 50% duty cycle | | 300 | | μΑ/Clock MHz | |
| IDDD | Dynamic Operating (per each data input) | IO = 0, VDD = 1.8V, RESET = VDD, VI = VIH(AC) or VIL(AC), CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle. One data input switching at half clock frequency, 50% duty cycle. | | 40 | | μΑ/Clock MHz/ Data | |
| | Dn, PARIN | VI = VREF ± 350mV | 2 | | 3 | | |
| CIN | CLK and CLK | VICR = 1.25V, VIPP = 360mV | 2.5 | | 3.5 | pF | |
| | RESET | VI = VDD or GND | | 5 | | | |

Timing Requirements Over Recommended Operating Free-Air Temperature Range

| | | | VDD = 1.8 | $VDD = 1.8V \pm 0.1V$ | | |
|--------|-----------|---|-----------|-----------------------|-------|--|
| Symbol | Parame | ter | Min. | Max. | Units | |
| fclock | Clock Fre | equency | | 410 | MHz | |
| tw | Pulse Du | ration; CLK, CLK HIGH or LOW | 1 | | ns | |
| tACT | Different | ial Inputs Active Time ¹ | | 10 | ns | |
| tINACT | Different | ial Inputs Inactive Time ² | | 15 | ns | |
| tsu | Setup | DCS0 before CLK↑, CLK↓, DCS and CSGateEN HIGH; DCS1 before CLK↑, CLK↓, DCS0 and CSGateEN HIGH³ | 0.6 | | ns | |
| | Time | DCSn, DODT, DCKE, and Dn after CLK↑, CLK↓ | 0.5 | | | |
| | | PARIN after CLK↑, CLK↓ | 0.5 | | | |
| tH | Hold | $\overline{	extsf{DCSn}}$, DODT, DCKE, and Dn after CLK \uparrow , $\overline{	extsf{CLK}} \downarrow$ | 0.4 | | | |
| (H | Time | PARIN after CLK↑ , CLK↓ | 0.4 | | ns | |

¹ VREF must be held at a valid input voltage level and data inputs must be held at valid logic levels for a minimum time of tACT(max) after RESET is taken HIGH.

Switching Characteristics Over Recommended Free Air Operating Range (unless otherwise noted)

| | | $VDD = 1.8V \pm 0.1V$ | | |
|---------------------|---|-----------------------|------|-------|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Units |
| fMAX | Max Input Clock Frequency | 410 | | MHz |
| tPDM ¹ | Propagation Delay, single bit switching, CLK↑ / CLK↓to Qn | 1.1 | 1.5 | ns |
| tpdq ² | Propagation Delay, single-bit switching, CLK↑ / CLK↓to Qn | 0.4 | 0.8 | ns |
| tPDMSS ¹ | Propagation Delay, simultaneous switching, CLK↑ / CLK↓to Qn | | 1.6 | ns |
| tLH | LOW to HIGH Propagation Delay, CLK↑ / CLK↓to PTYERR | 1.2 | 3 | ns |
| tHL | HIGH to LOW Propagation Delay, CLK↑ / CLK↓to PTYERR | 1.0 | 3 | ns |
| tPHL | HIGH to LOW Propagation Delay, RESET↓to Qn↓ | | 3 | ns |
| tPLH | LOW to HIGH Propagation Delay, RESET↓to PTYERR↑ | | 3 | ns |

¹ Design target as per JEDEC specifications.

² VREF, data, and clock inputs must be held at a valid input voltage levels (not floating) for a minimum time of tinact(max) after RESET is taken LOW.

³ tSU = 700ps for \overline{DCSx} exiting Suspention Mode.

² Production Test. (See Production Test Circuit in TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORM section.)

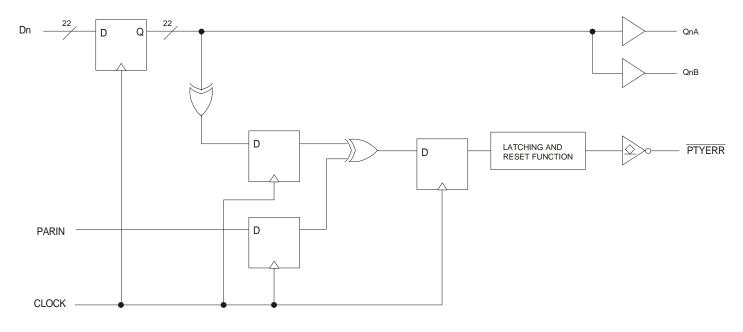
Output Buffer Characteristics

Output edge rates over recommended operating free-air temperature range

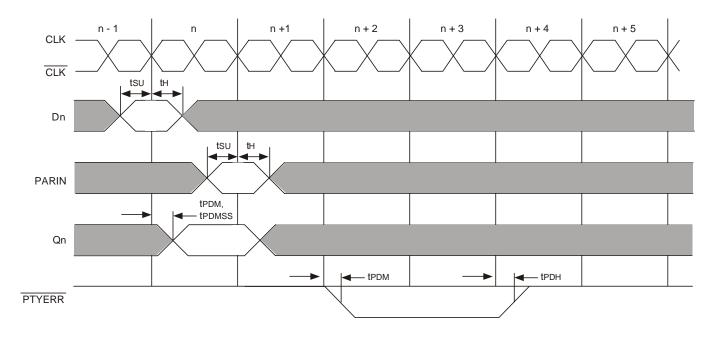
| | VDD = 1.8 | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------|-------|
| Parameter | Min. | Max. | Units |
| dV/dt_r | 1 | 4 | V/ns |
| dV/dt_f | 1 | 4 | V/ns |
| dV/dt_{Δ}^{1} | | 1 | V/ns |

¹ Difference between dV/dt_r (rising edge rate) and dV/dt_f (falling edge rate).

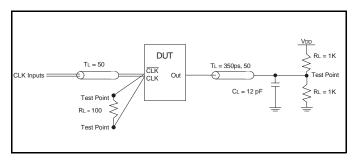
Parity Logic Diagram



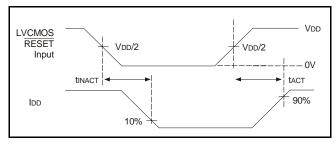
Register Timing



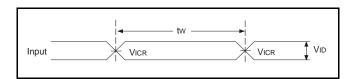
Test Circuits and Waveforms (VDD = $1.8V \pm 0.1V$)



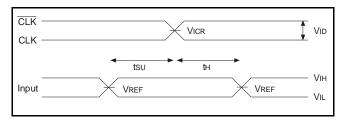
Simulation Load Circuit



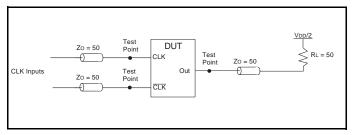
Voltage and Current Waveforms Inputs Active and Inactive
Times



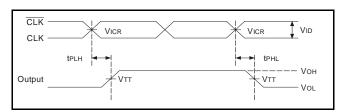
Voltage Waveforms - Pulse Duration



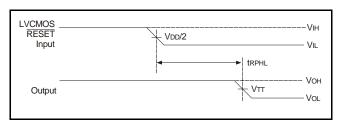
Voltage Waveforms - Setup and Hold Times



Production-Test Load Circuit



Voltage Waveforms - Propagation Delay Times

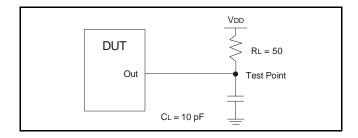


Voltage Waveforms - Propagation Delay Times

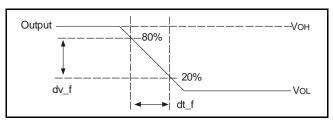
NOTES:

- 1. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
- 2. IDD tested with clock and data inputs held at VDD or GND, and Io = 0mA
- 3. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 0 MHz, Zo = 50Ω input slew rate = 1 V/ns $\pm 20\%$ (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- 5. VTT = VREF = VDD/2
- 6. VIH = VREF + 250mV (AC voltage levels) for differential inputs. VIH = VDD for LVCMOS input.
- 7. VIL = VREF 250mV (AC voltage levels) for differential inputs. VIL = GND for LVCMOS input.
- 8. VID = 600mV.
- 9. tplh and tphl are the same as tppm.

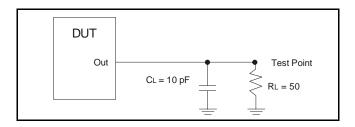
Test Circuits and Waveforms (VDD = 1.8V ± 0.1V)



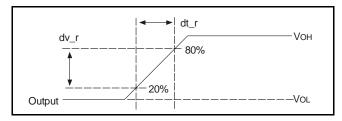
Load Circuit: High-to-Low Slew-Rate Adjustment



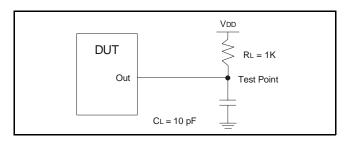
Voltage Waveforms: High-to-Low Slew-Rate Adjustment



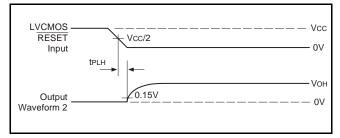
Load Circuit: Low-to-High Slew-Rate Adjustment



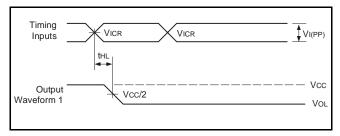
Voltage Waveforms: Low-to-High Slew-Rate Adjustment



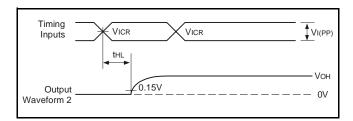
Load Circuit: Error Output Measurements



Voltage Waveforms: Open Drain Output Low-to-High Transition Time (with respect to RESET input)



Voltage Waveforms: Open Drain Output High-to-Low Transition Time (with respect to clock inputs)

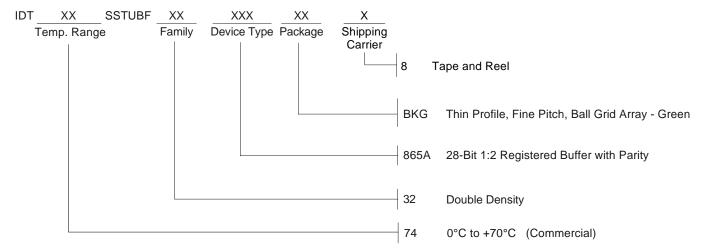


Voltage Waveforms: Open Drain Output Low-to-High Transition Time (with respect to clock inputs)

NOTES:

- 1. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
- 2. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 0 MHz, Zo = 50Ω input slew rate = 1 V/ns $\pm 20\%$ (unless otherwise specified).

Ordering Information



Innovate with IDT and accelerate your future networks. Contact:

www.IDT.com

For Sales

800-345-7015 408-284-8200 Fax: 408-284-2775

Corporate Headquarters

Integrated Device Technology, Inc. 6024 Silver Creek Valley Road San Jose, CA 95138 United States 800 345 7015 +408 284 8200 (outside U.S.)

Asia Pacific and Japan

Integrated Device Technology Singapore (1997) Pte. Ltd. Reg. No. 199707558G 435 Orchard Road #20-03 Wisma Atria Singapore 238877 +65 6 887 5505

Europe

IDT Europe, Limited Prime House Barnett Wood Lane Leatherhead, Surrey United Kingdom KT22 7DE +44 1372 363 339

