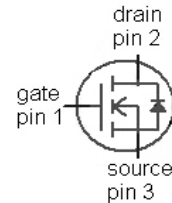




**OptiMOS<sup>®</sup> 2 Power-Transistor**
**Product Summary**

**Features**

- Ideal for high-frequency dc/dc converters
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1)</sup> for target applications
- N-channel, logic level
- Excellent gate charge x  $R_{DS(on)}$  product (FOM)
- Superior thermal resistance
- 175 °C operating temperature
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant

$V_{DS}$	25	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$ (SMD Version)	3.2	m $\Omega$
$I_D$	90	A



Type	IPD03N03LA G	IPS03N03LA G
		
<b>Package</b>	P-TO252-3-11	P-TO251-3-11
<b>Ordering Code</b>	Q67042-S4249	Q67042-S4253
<b>Marking</b>	03N03LA	03N03LA

**Maximum ratings, at  $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	$I_D$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}^{2)}$	90	A
		$T_C=100\text{ °C}$	90	
Pulsed drain current	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}^{3)}$	360	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$E_{AS}$	$I_D=90\text{ A}$ , $R_{GS}=25\ \Omega$	300	mJ
Reverse diode $dv/dt$	$dv/dt$	$I_D=90\text{ A}$ , $V_{DS}=20\text{ V}$ , $di/dt=200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $T_{j,max}=175\text{ °C}$	6	kV/ $\mu\text{s}$
Gate source voltage <sup>4)</sup>	$V_{GS}$		$\pm 20$	V
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	115	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$		-55 ... 175	°C
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1			55/175/56	

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Thermal characteristics**

Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$		-	-	1.3	K/W
SMD version, device on PCB	$R_{thJA}$	minimal footprint	-	-	75	
		6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>5)</sup>	-	-	50	

**Electrical characteristics, at  $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**
**Static characteristics**

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_D=1\text{ mA}$	25	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=70\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	1.2	1.6	2	
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=25\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=25\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, T_j=125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	10	100	
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	10	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}, I_D=60\text{ A}$	-	4.3	5.3	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}, I_D=60\text{ A},$ SMD version	-	4.1	5.1	
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=60\text{ A}$	-	2.9	3.4	
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=60\text{ A},$ SMD version	-	2.7	3.2	
Gate resistance	$R_G$		-	1.3	-	$\Omega$
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$ V_{DS} >2 I_D R_{DS(on)max},$ $I_D=60\text{ A}$	56	113	-	S

<sup>1)</sup> J-STD20 and JESD22

<sup>1)</sup> Current is limited by bondwire; with an  $R_{thJC}=1.3\text{ K/W}$  the chip is able to carry 142 A.

<sup>3)</sup> See figure 3

<sup>4)</sup>  $T_{j,max}=150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and duty cycle  $D<0.25$  for  $V_{GS}<-5\text{ V}$

<sup>5)</sup> Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm<sup>2</sup> (one layer, 70  $\mu\text{m}$  thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Dynamic characteristics**

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=15\text{ V},$ $f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	3900	5200	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	1500	2000	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	170	260	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=15\text{ V}, V_{GS}=10\text{ V},$ $I_D=25\text{ A}, R_G=2.7\ \Omega$	-	13	19	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	10	15	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	42	62	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	6.6	10	

**Gate Charge Characteristics<sup>6)</sup>**

Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DD}=15\text{ V}, I_D=45\text{ A},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }5\text{ V}$	-	12	17	nC
Gate charge at threshold	$Q_{g(th)}$		-	6.3	8.3	
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	8.6	13	
Switching charge	$Q_{sw}$		-	15	21	
Gate charge total	$Q_g$		-	31	41	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	3.2	-	
Gate charge total, sync. FET	$Q_{g(sync)}$	$V_{DS}=0.1\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }5\text{ V}$	-	28	37	nC
Output charge	$Q_{oss}$	$V_{DD}=15\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$	-	32	43	

**Reverse Diode**

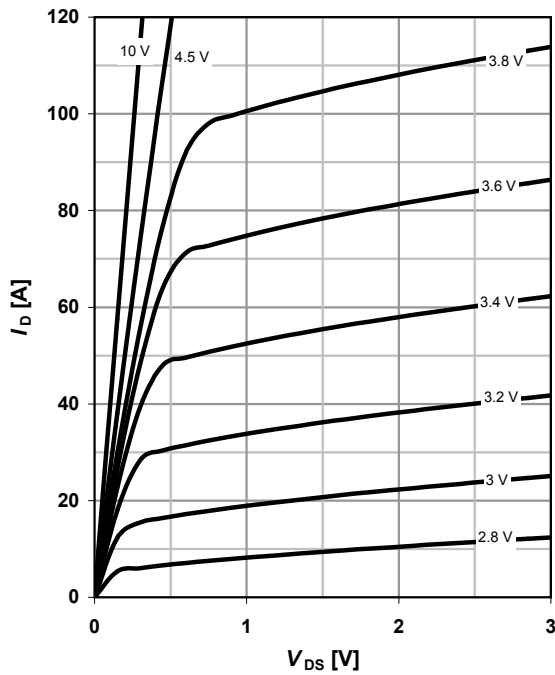
Diode continuous forward current	$I_S$	$T_C=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	90	A
Diode pulse current	$I_{S,pulse}$		-	-	360	
Diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=90\text{ A},$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.92	1.2	V
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$	$V_R=15\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $di_F/dt=400\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	20	nC

<sup>6)</sup> See figure 16 for gate charge parameter definition

**5 Typ. output characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

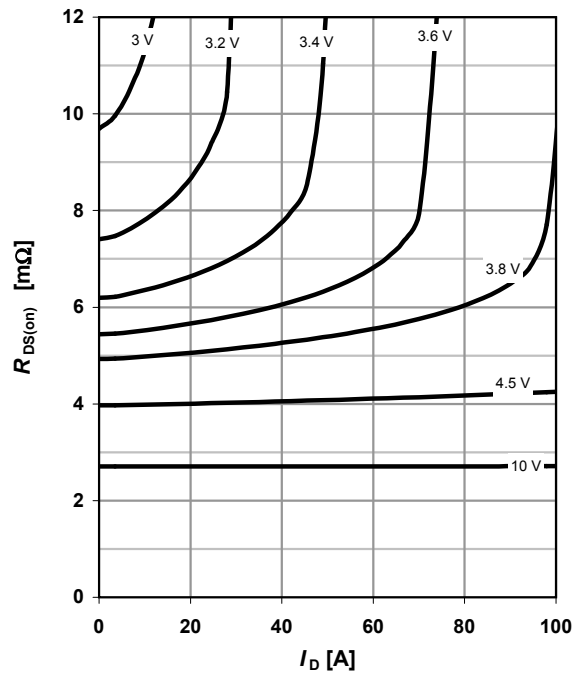
parameter:  $V_{GS}$



**6 Typ. drain-source on resistance**

$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

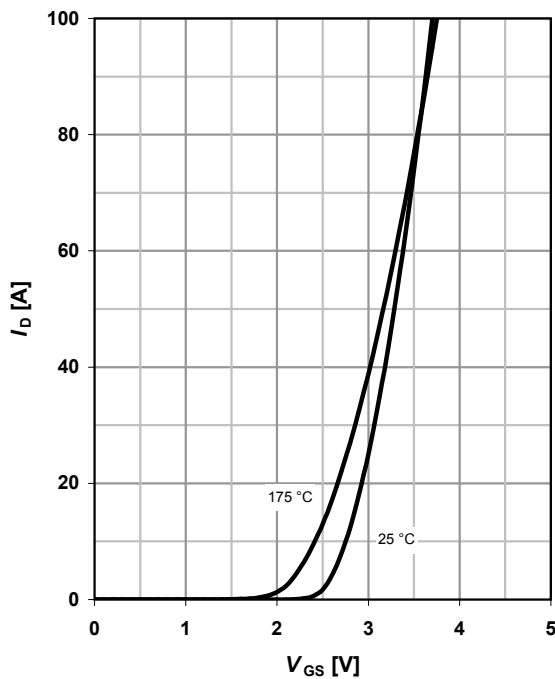
parameter:  $V_{GS}$



**7 Typ. transfer characteristics**

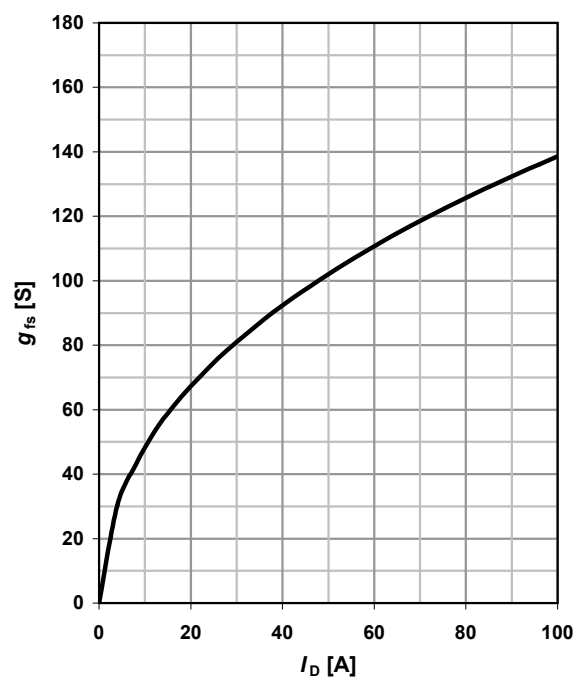
$I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max}$

parameter:  $T_j$



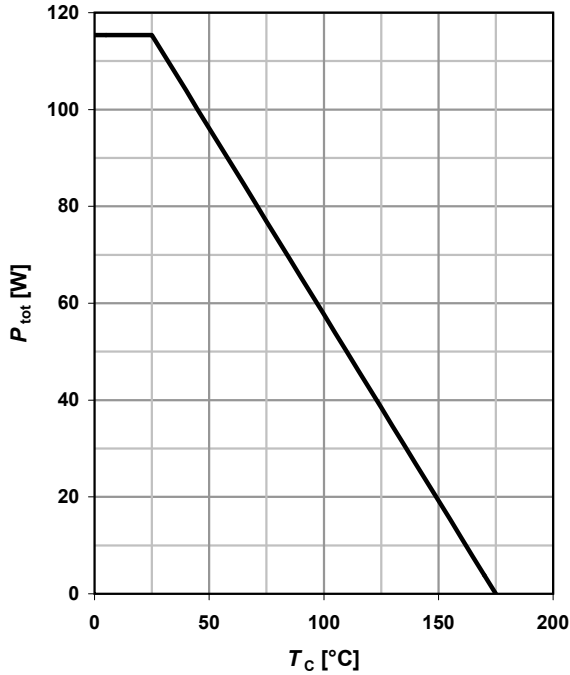
**8 Typ. forward transconductance**

$g_{fs} = f(I_D); T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



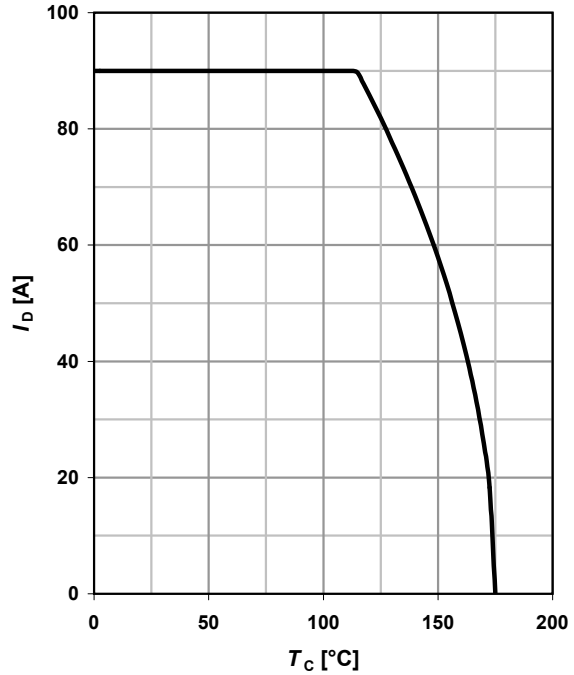
**1 Power dissipation**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$$



**2 Drain current**

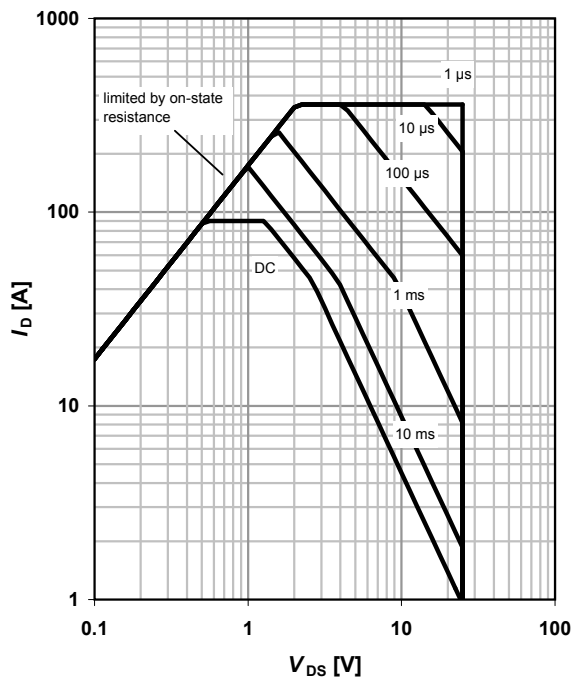
$$I_D = f(T_C); V_{GS} \geq 10 \text{ V}$$



**3 Safe operating area**

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_C = 25 \text{ °C}; D = 0$$

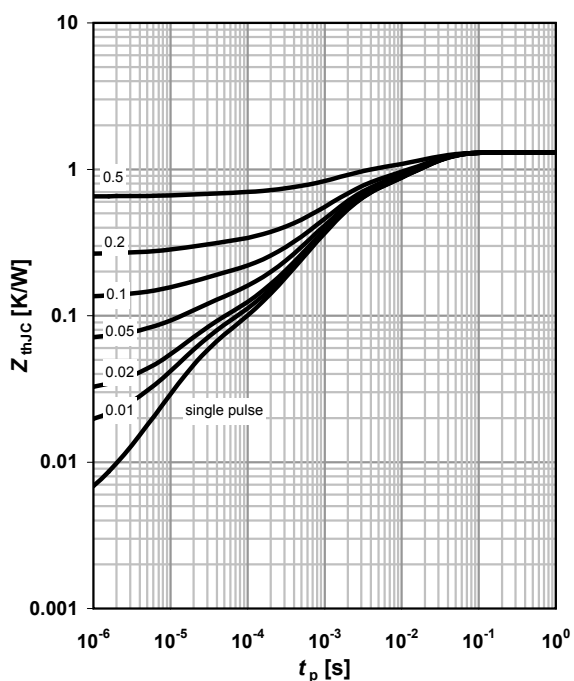
parameter:  $t_p$



**4 Max. transient thermal impedance**

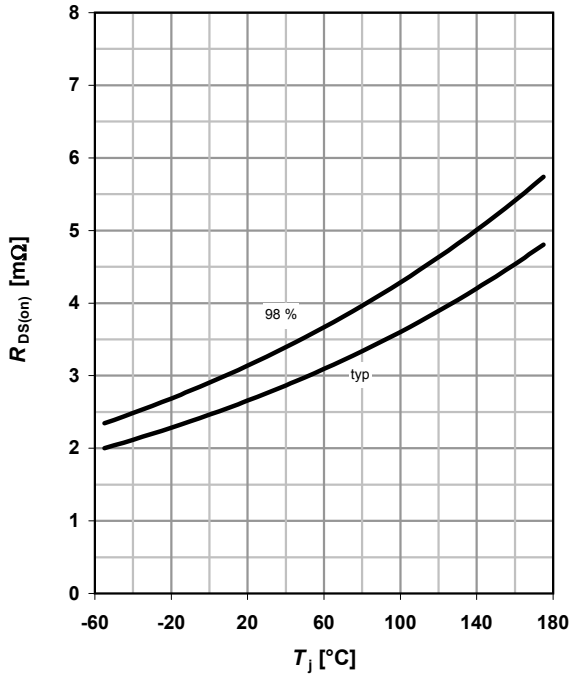
$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

parameter:  $D = t_p / T$



**9 Drain-source on-state resistance**

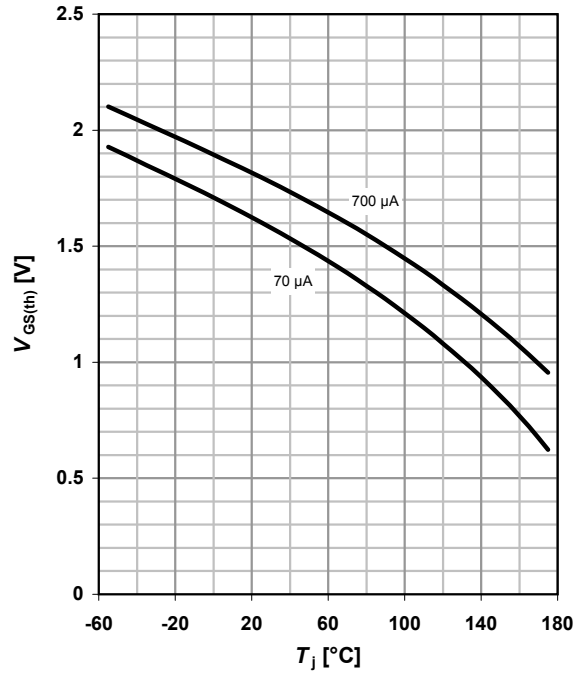
$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 60 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$$



**10 Typ. gate threshold voltage**

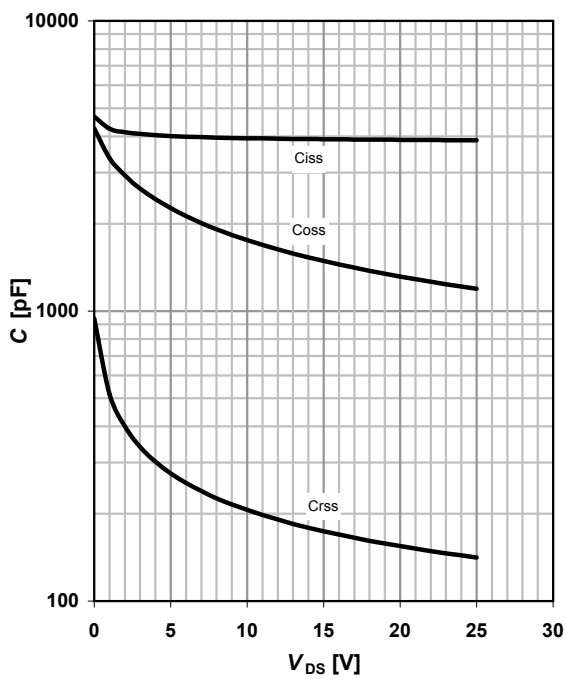
$$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j); V_{GS} = V_{DS}$$

parameter:  $I_D$



**11 Typ. capacitances**

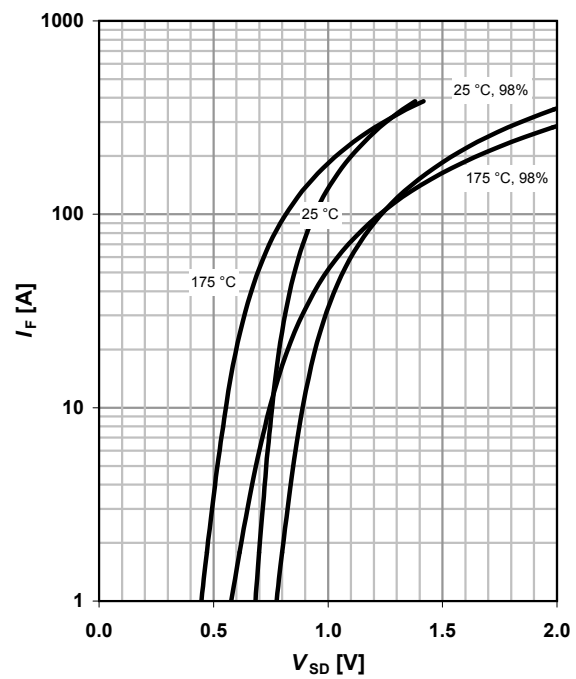
$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$



**12 Forward characteristics of reverse diode**

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

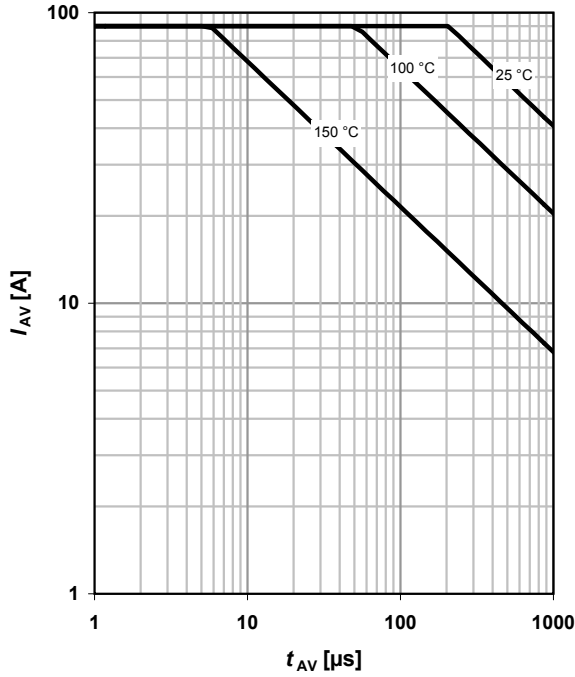
parameter:  $T_j$



**13 Avalanche characteristics**

$I_{AS}=f(t_{AV}); R_{GS}=25 \Omega$

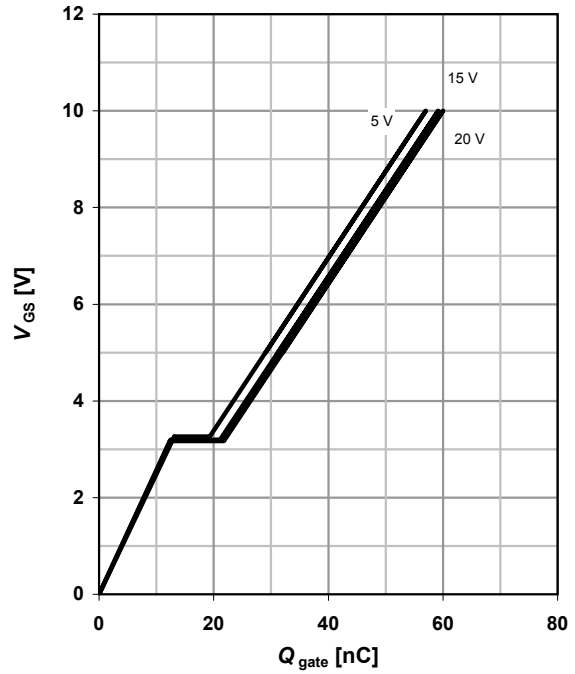
parameter:  $T_{j(start)}$



**14 Typ. gate charge**

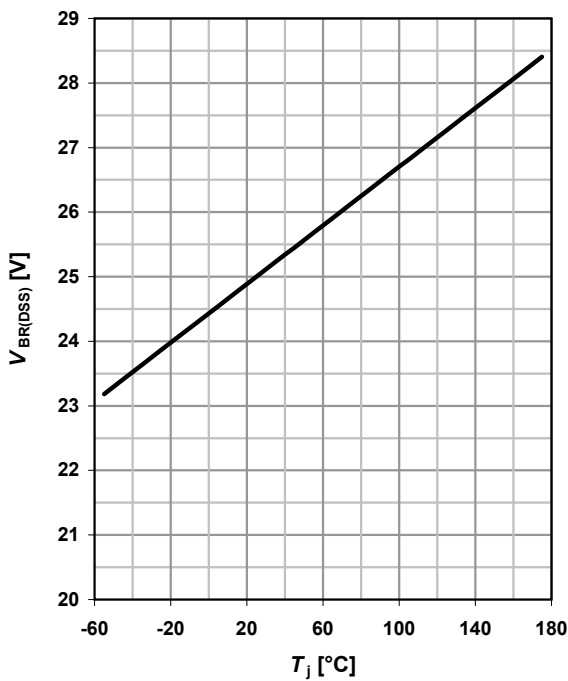
$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=45 \text{ A pulsed}$

parameter:  $V_{DD}$



**15 Drain-source breakdown voltage**

$V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=1 \text{ mA}$

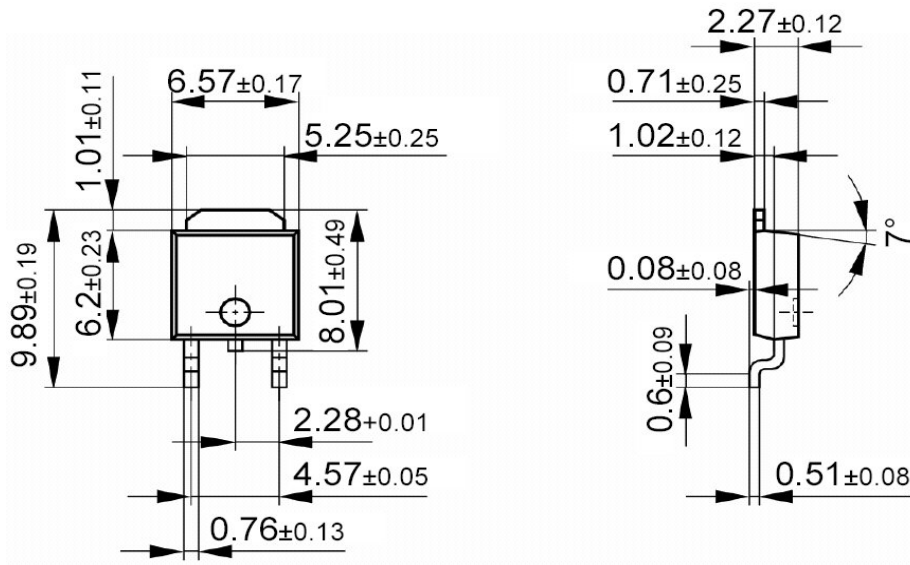


**16 Gate charge waveforms**

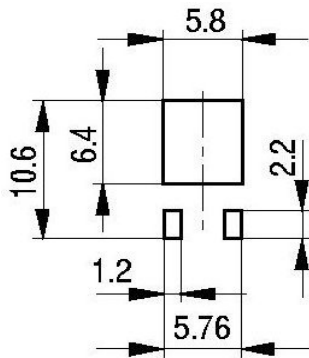


Package Outline

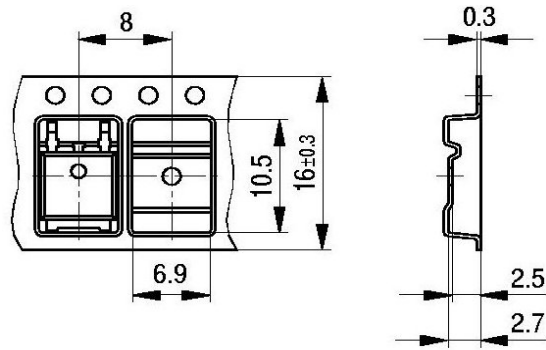
P-TO252-3-11: Outline



Footprint:



Packaging:



Dimensions in mm



**Published by**  
**Infineon Technologies AG**  
**Bereich Kommunikation**  
**St.-Martin-Straße 53**  
**D-81541 München**  
**© Infineon Technologies AG 1999**  
**All Rights Reserved.**

**Attention please!**

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as warranted characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

Infineon Technologies is an approved CECC manufacturer.

**Information**

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office in Germany or our Infineon Technologies representatives worldwide (see address list).

**Warnings**

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances.  
For information on the types in question, please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office.

Infineon Technologies' components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the expressed written approval of Infineon Technologies if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.