

MOSFET

Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor

CoolMOS™ P6

600V CoolMOS™ P6 Power Transistor
IPx60R280P6

Data Sheet

Rev. 2.2
Final

1 Description

CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. CoolMOS™ P6 series combines the experience of the leading SJ MOSFET supplier with high class innovation. The offered devices provide all benefits of a fast switching SJ MOSFET while not sacrificing ease of use. Extremely low switching and conduction losses make switching applications even more efficient, more compact, lighter and cooler.

Features

- Increased MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness
- Extremely low losses due to very low FOM $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$ and E_{oss}
- Very high commutation ruggedness
- Easy to use/drive
- Pb-free plating, Halogen free mold compound
- Qualified for industrial grade applications according to JEDEC (J-STD20 and JESD22)

Applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching stages for e.g. PC Silverbox, Adapter, LCD & PDP TV, Lighting, Server, Telecom and UPS.

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

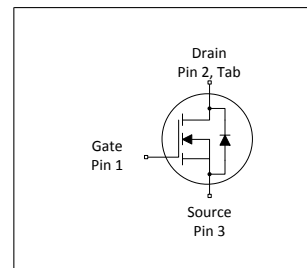
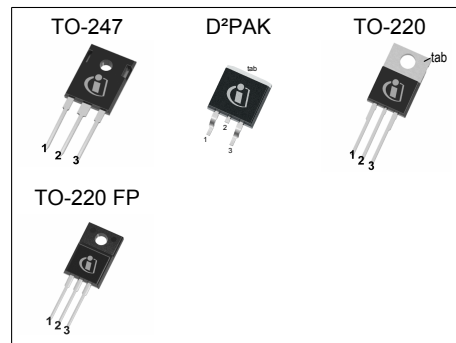


Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	280	mΩ
$Q_{g,typ}$	26	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	39	A
$E_{oss@400V}$	3.5	μJ
Body diode di/dt	500	A/μs

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPW60R280P6	PG-TO 247	6R280P6	see Appendix A
IPB60R280P6	PG-TO 263		
IPP60R280P6	PG-TO 220		
IPA60R280P6	PG-TO 220 FullPAK		

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2 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	13.8 8.8	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	39	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	285	mJ	$I_D=2.4\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 12
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.43	mJ	$I_D=2.4\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 12
Avalanche current, repetitive	I_{AR}	-	-	2.4	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	100	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation (Non FullPAK) TO-220, TO-263, TO-247	P_{tot}	-	-	104	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Power dissipation (FullPAK) TO-220FP	P_{tot}	-	-	32	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque (Non FullPAK) TO-220, TO-247	-	-	-	60	Ncm	M3 and M3.5 screws
Mounting torque (FullPAK) TO-220FP	-	-	-	50	Ncm	M2.5 screws
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	12.0	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	39	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	15	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 10
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	500	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 10
Insulation withstand voltage for TO-220FP	V_{ISO}	-	-	2500	V	V_{rms} , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=1\text{min}$

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$. Maximum duty cycle $D=0.75$

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_G

3 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics (Non FullPAK) TO-220, TO-247

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	1.2	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	°C/W	leaded
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

Table 4 Thermal characteristics (FullPAK) TO-220FP

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	3.9	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	80	°C/W	leaded
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

Table 5 Thermal characteristics TO-263

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	1.2	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	°C/W	device on PCB, minimal footprint
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient for SMD version	R_{thJA}	-	35	45	°C/W	Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70µm thickness) copper area for drain connection and cooling. PCB is vertical without air stream cooling.
Soldering temperature, wave & reflow soldering allowed	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	reflow MSL1

4 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 6 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	600	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=1mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	3.5	4.0	4.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=0.43mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.252 0.655	0.280 -	Ω	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=5.2A$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=5.2A$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	5.5	-	Ω	$f=1MHz$, open drain

Table 7 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	1190	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	54	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ¹⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	44	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Effective output capacitance, time related ²⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	182	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	12	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=6.5A$, $R_G=3.4\Omega$; see table 11
Rise time	t_r	-	6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=6.5A$, $R_G=3.4\Omega$; see table 11
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	36	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=6.5A$, $R_G=3.4\Omega$; see table 11
Fall time	t_f	-	6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=6.5A$, $R_G=3.4\Omega$; see table 11

Table 8 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	7	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=6.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	9.5	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=6.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	25.5	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=6.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	6.1	-	V	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=6.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$

¹⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

²⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

Table 9 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.9	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=6.5A$, $T_j=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	263	-	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=6.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 10
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	2.8	-	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=6.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 10
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	22	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=6.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 10

5 Electrical characteristics diagrams

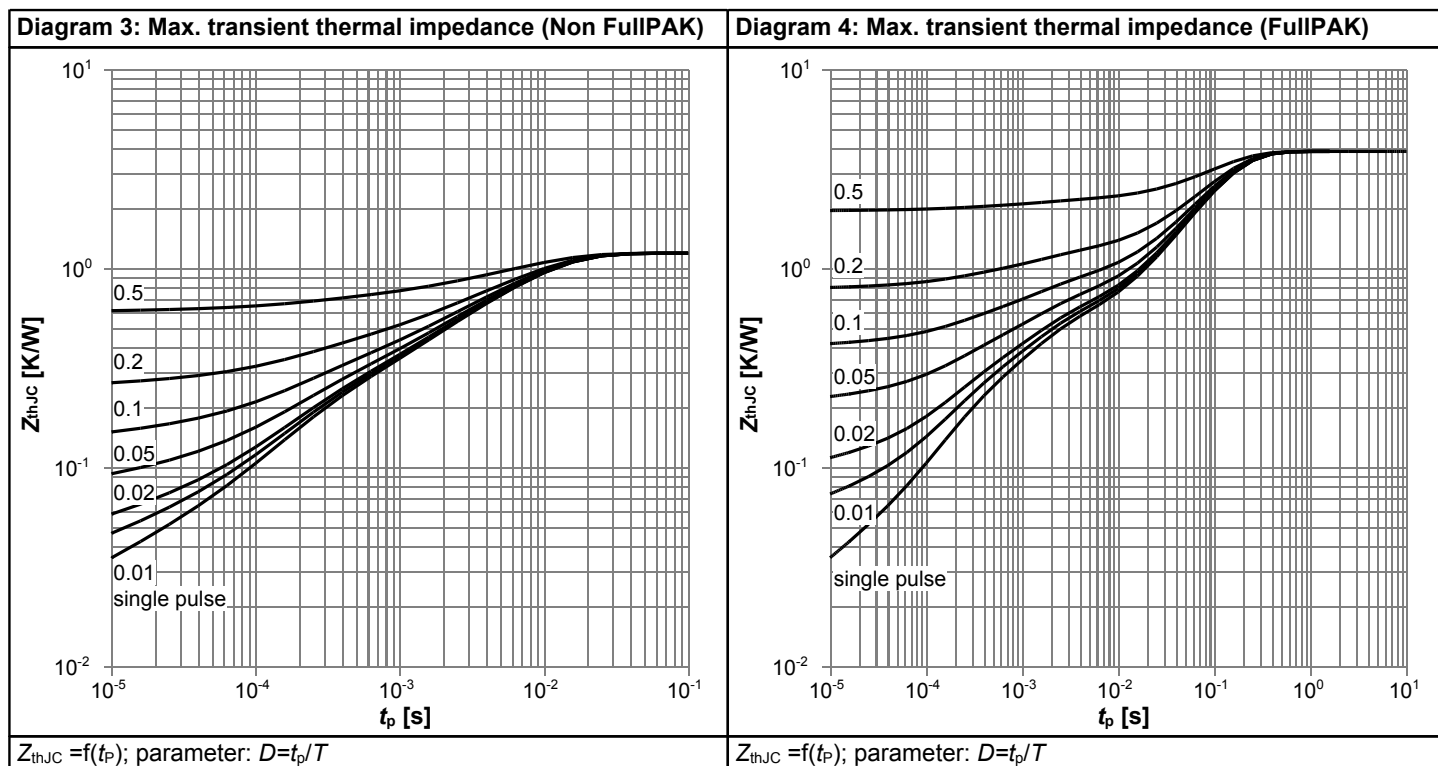
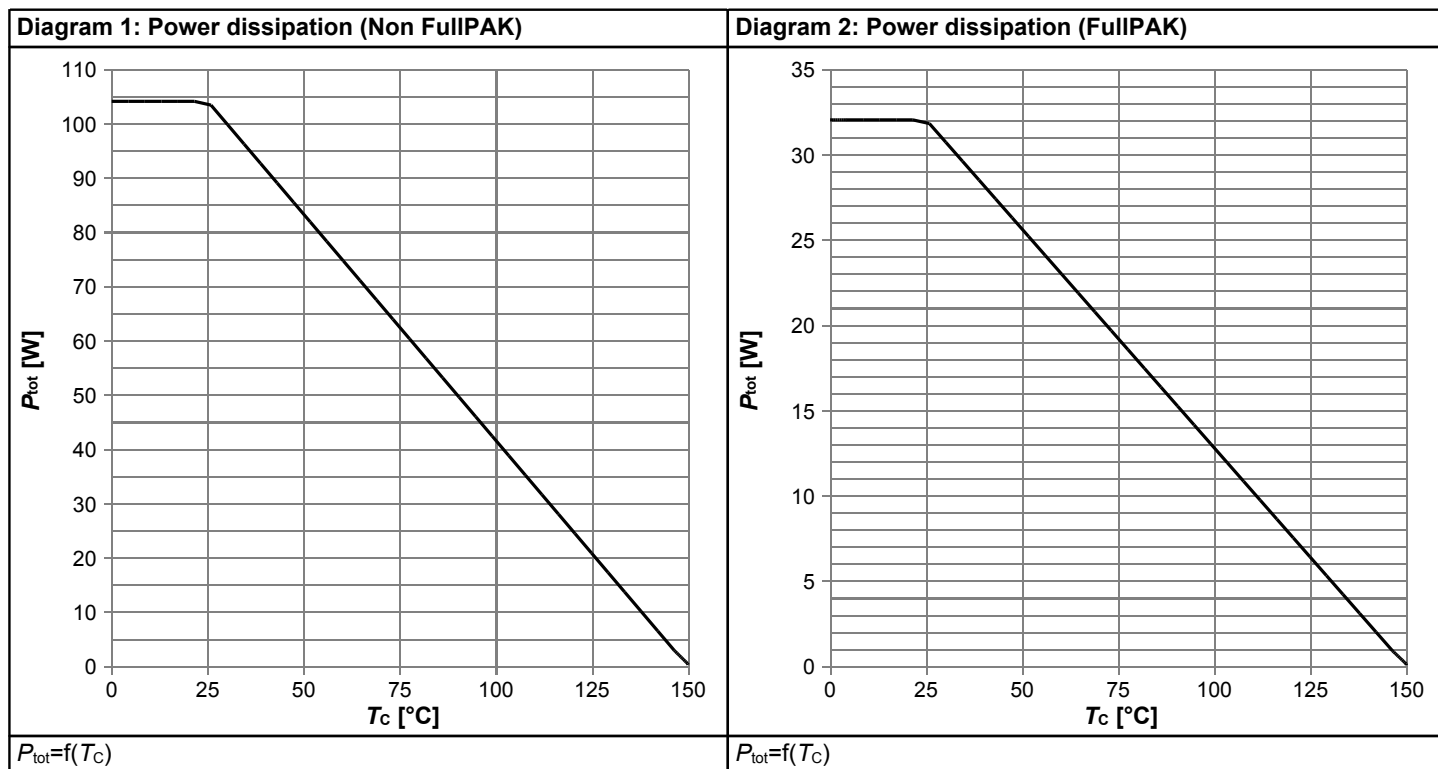
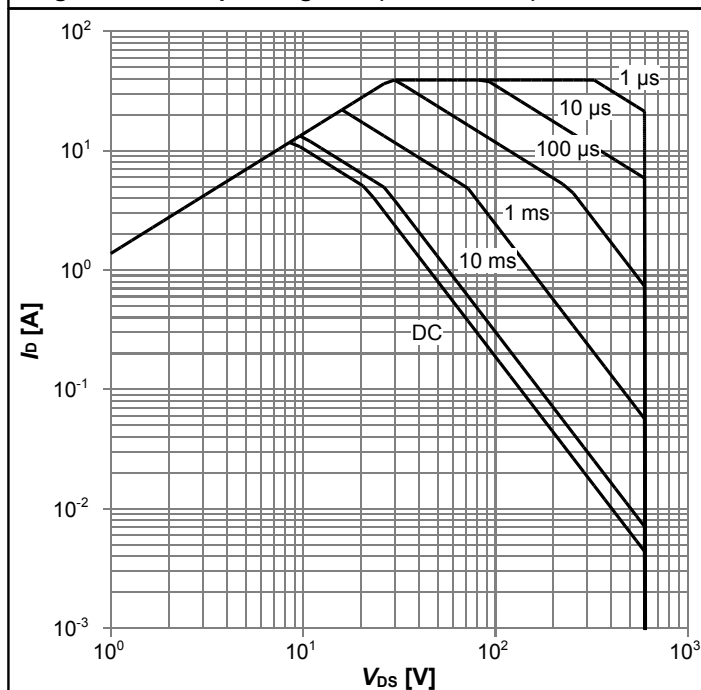
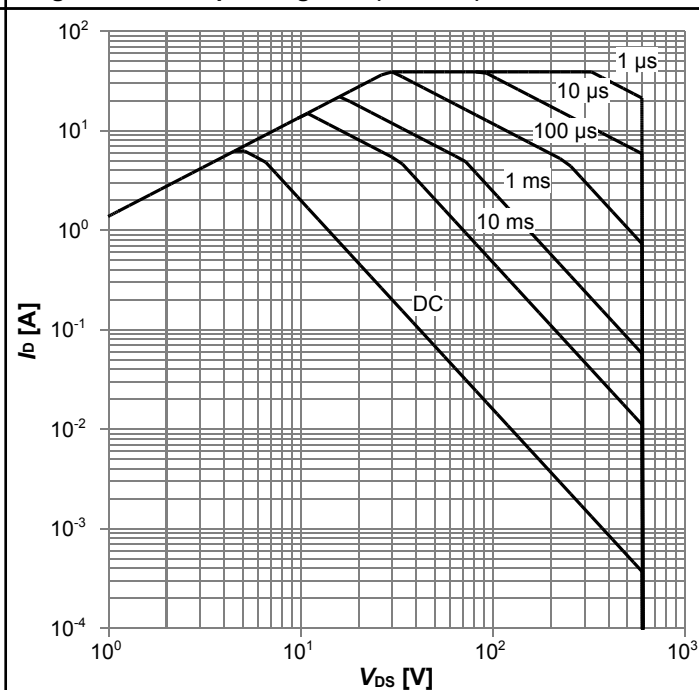


Diagram 5: Safe operating area (Non FullPAK)



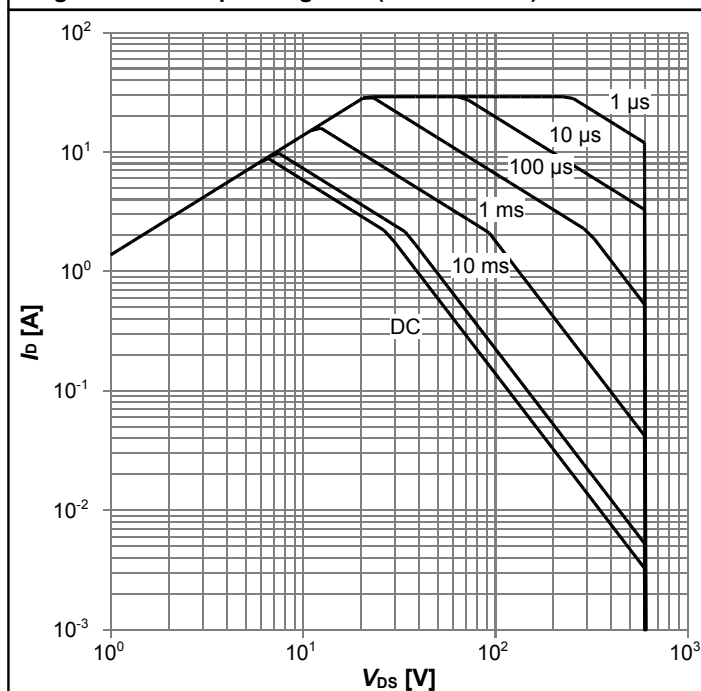
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_C=25\text{ °C}$; $D=0$; parameter: t_p

Diagram 6: Safe operating area (FullPAK)



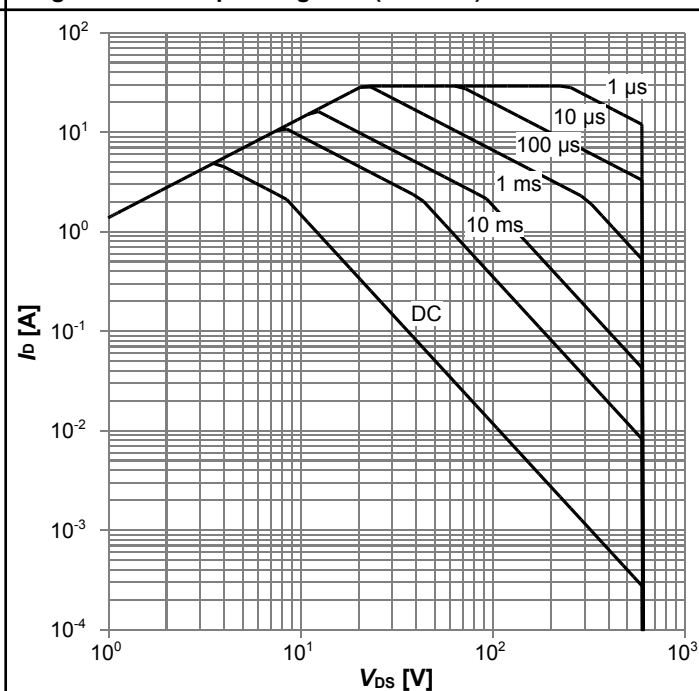
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_C=25\text{ °C}$; $D=0$; parameter: t_p

Diagram 7: Safe operating area (Non FullPAK)



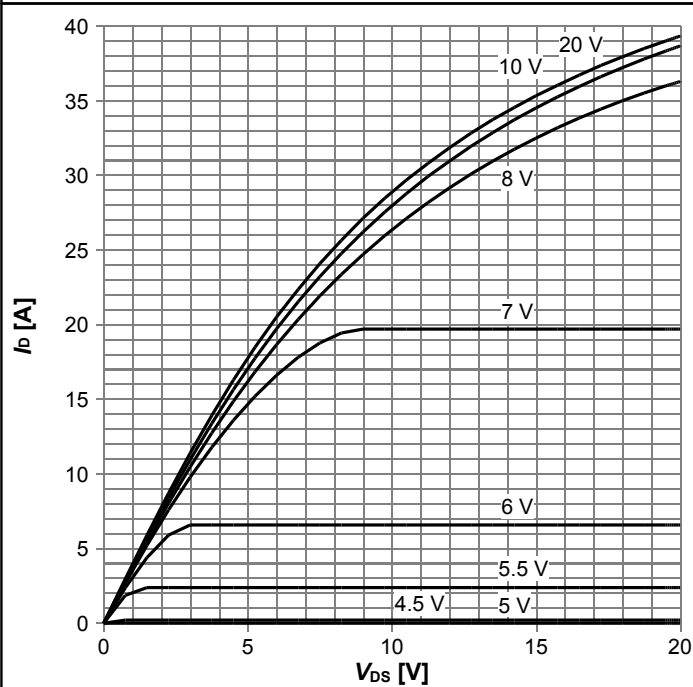
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_C=80\text{ °C}$; $D=0$; parameter: t_p

Diagram 8: Safe operating area (FullPAK)



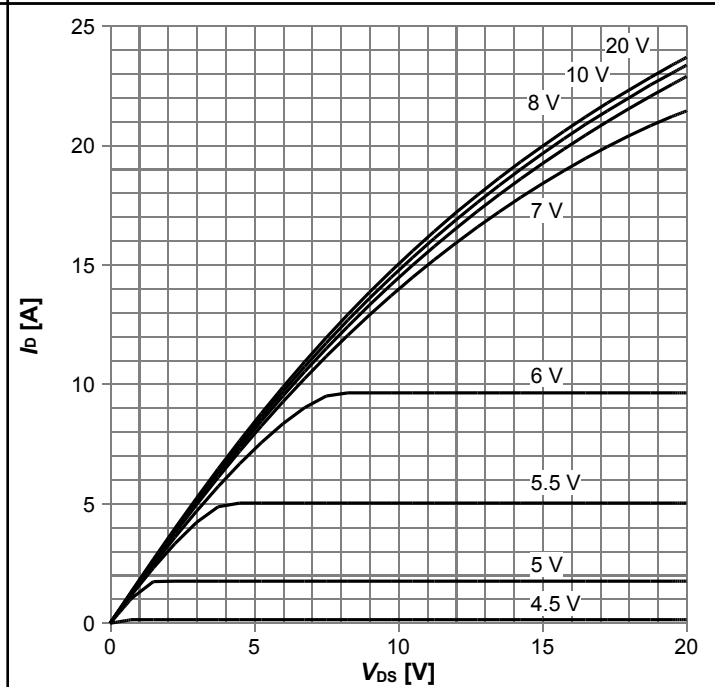
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_C=80\text{ °C}$; $D=0$; parameter: t_p

Diagram 9: Typ. output characteristics



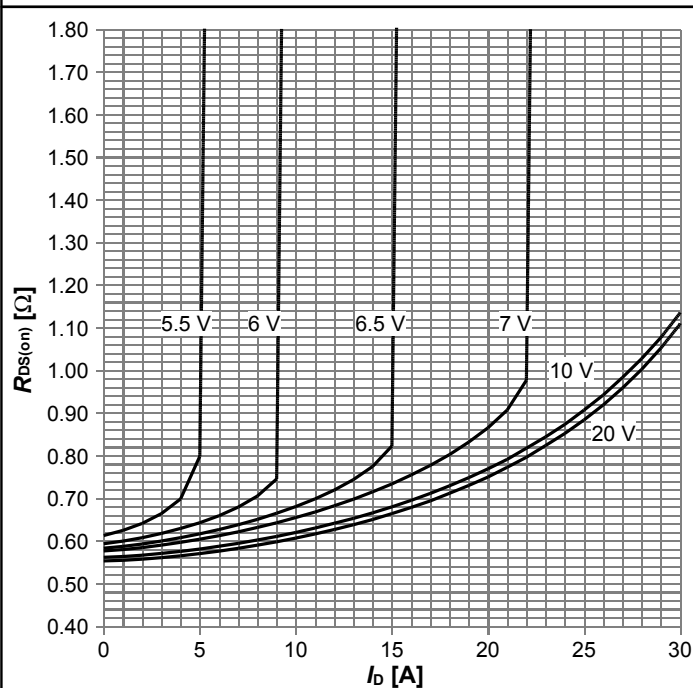
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 25\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 10: Typ. output characteristics



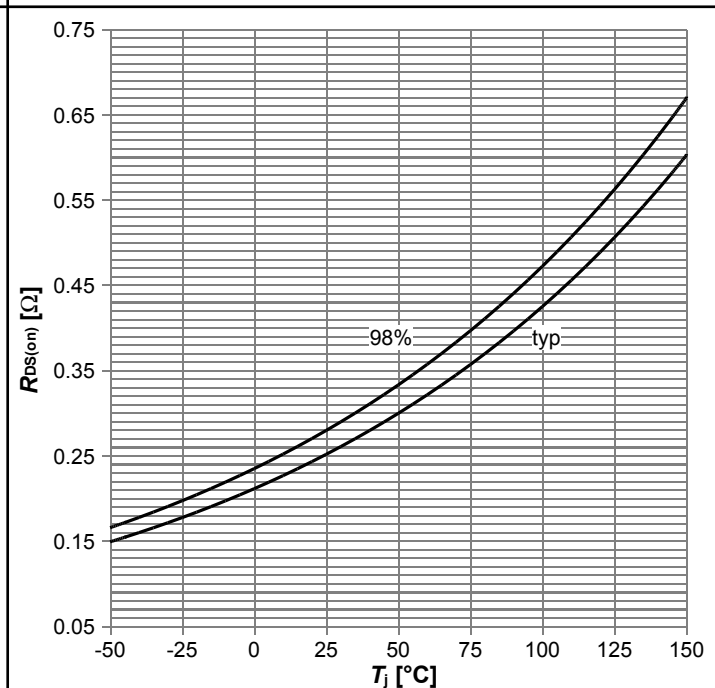
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 125\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 11: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance



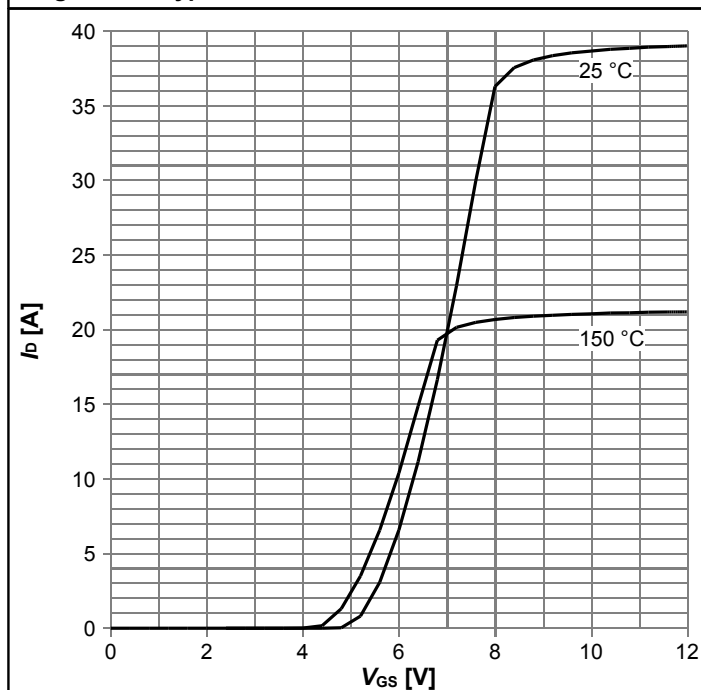
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$; $T_J = 125\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 12: Drain-source on-state resistance



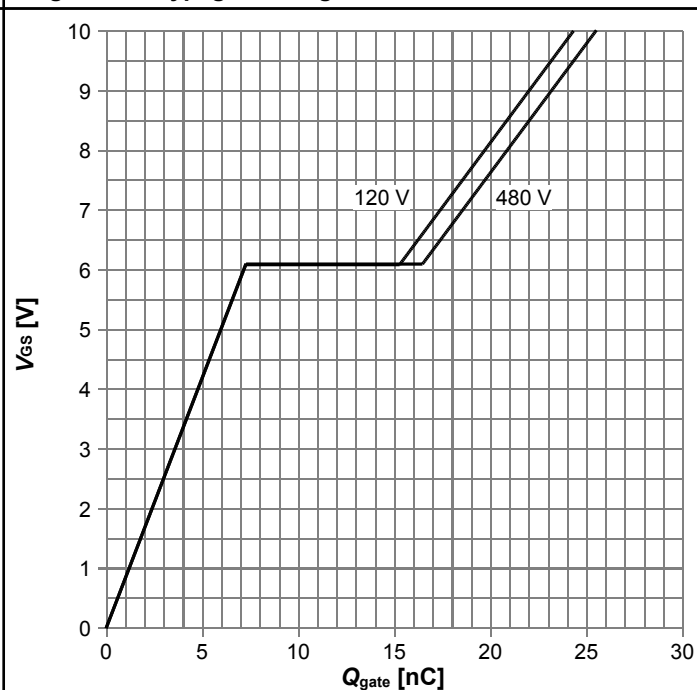
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J)$; $I_D = 5.2\text{ A}$; $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$

Diagram 13: Typ. transfer characteristics



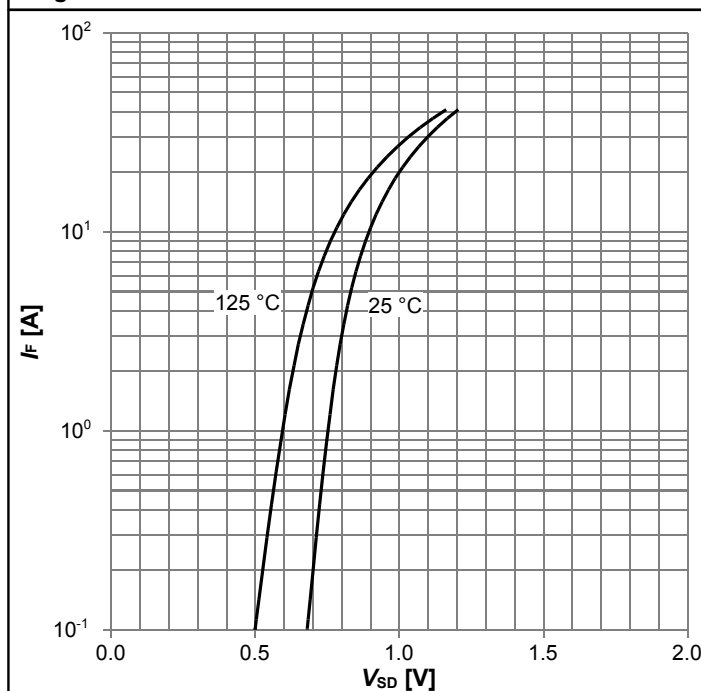
$I_D = f(V_{GS})$; $V_{DS} = 20V$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 14: Typ. gate charge



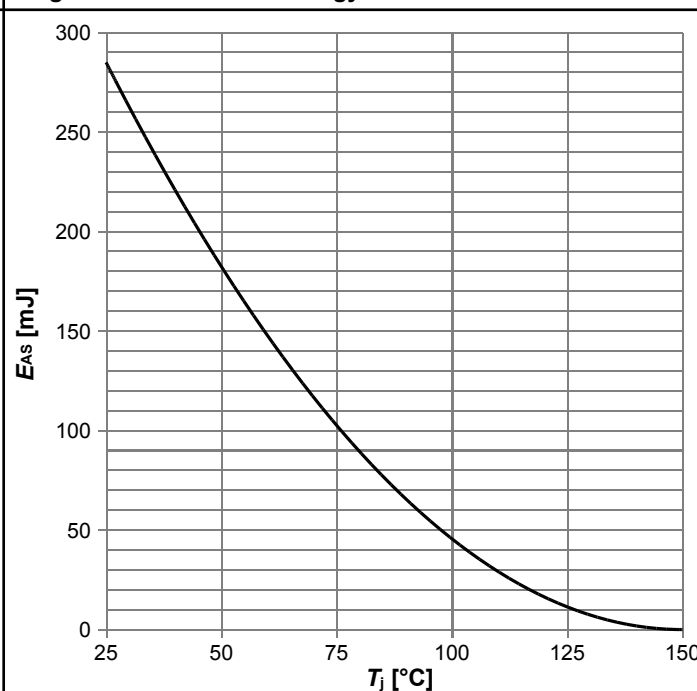
$V_{GS} = f(Q_{gate})$; $I_D = 6.5 A$ pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 15: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



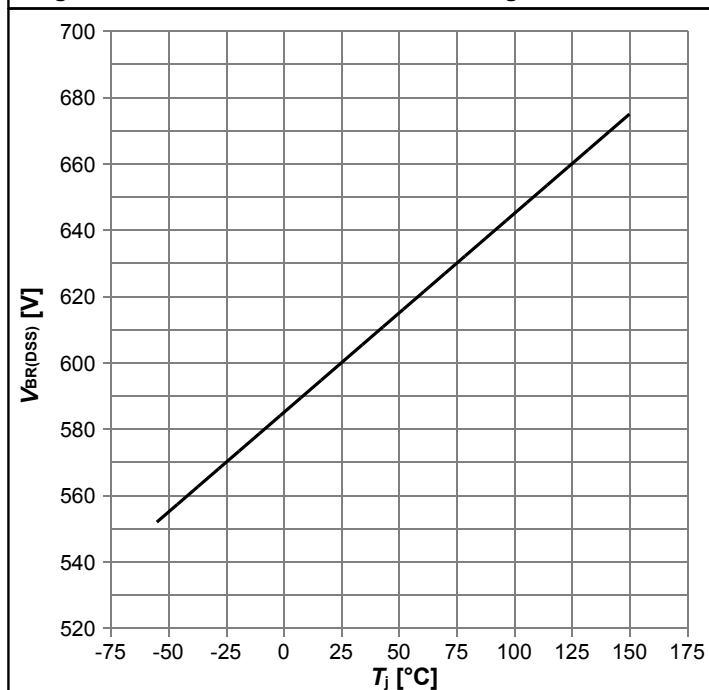
$I_F = f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 16: Avalanche energy



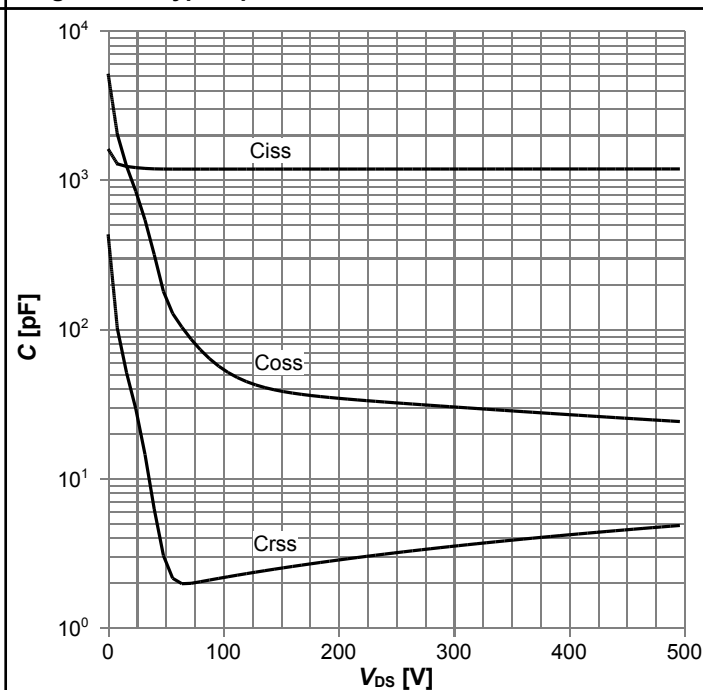
$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$; $I_D = 2.4 A$; $V_{DD} = 50 V$

Diagram 17: Drain-source breakdown voltage



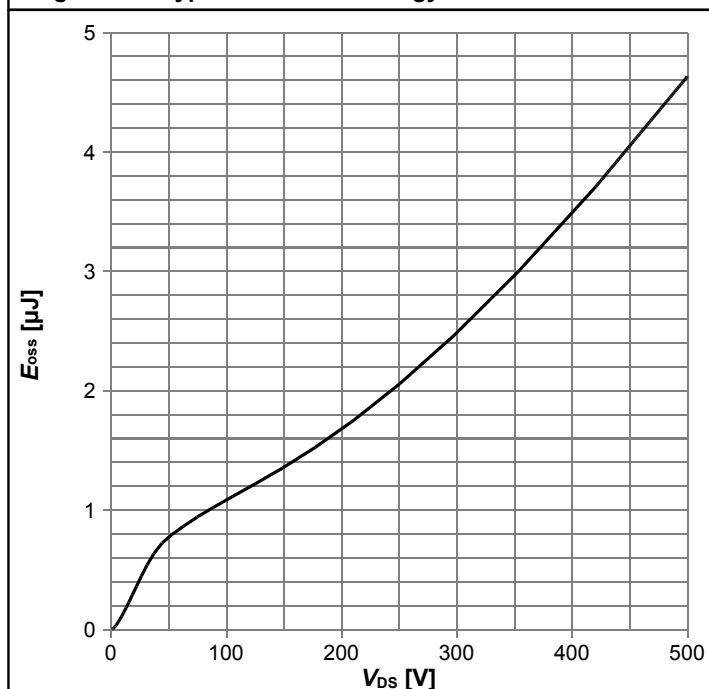
$$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j); I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$$

Diagram 18: Typ. capacitances



$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

Diagram 19: Typ. Coss stored energy



$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$

6 Test Circuits

Table 10 Diode characteristics

Test circuit for diode characteristics $R_{g1} = R_{g2}$	Diode recovery waveform $t_{rr} = t_{fr} + t_s$ $Q_{rr} = Q_F + Q_S$
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Table 11 Switching times

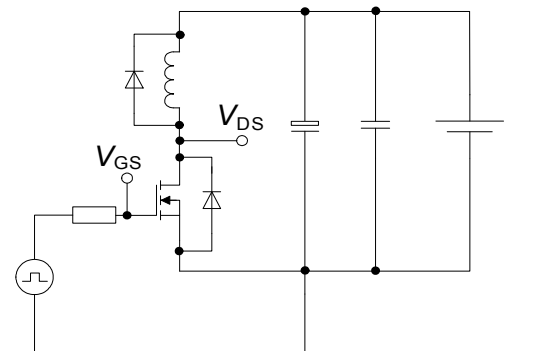
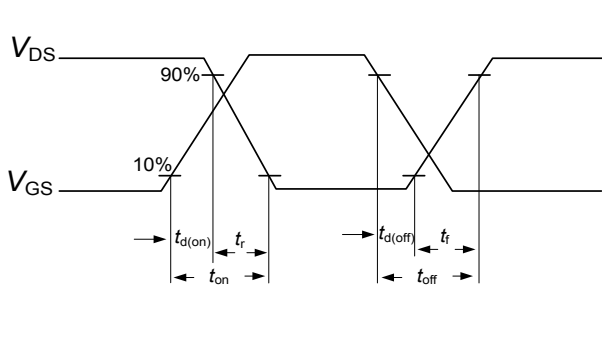
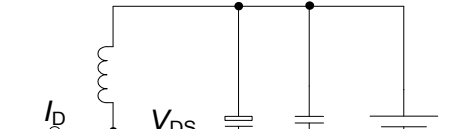
Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform
 The circuit diagram illustrates a MOSFET switching an inductive load. A pulse generator is connected to the gate of the MOSFET through a resistor, with the gate voltage labeled V_{GS}. The MOSFET's drain is connected to a series combination of an inductor and a diode (for freewheeling). The load is connected to a DC voltage source. The drain-source voltage V_{DS} is measured across the inductor and diode. The MOSFET is shown with its internal body diode and gate structure.	 The timing diagram shows the relationship between the drain-source voltage V_{DS} and the gate-source voltage V_{GS} during switching transitions. The V_{GS} signal is a square wave that transitions between a high level and a low level. The V_{DS} signal shows the voltage across the load during these transitions. Key parameters are defined as follows: $t_{d(on)}$: Delay time from the 10% rise in V_{GS} to the 90% rise in V_{DS}. t_r: Rise time, the time interval for V_{DS} to rise from 90% to 100% of its steady-state value. t_{on}: Total turn-on time, the sum of $t_{d(on)}$ and t_r. $t_{d(off)}$: Delay time from the 10% fall in V_{GS} to the 90% fall in V_{DS}. t_f: Fall time, the time interval for V_{DS} to fall from 90% to 10% of its steady-state value. t_{off}: Total turn-off time, the sum of $t_{d(off)}$ and t_f.

Table 12 Unclamped inductive load

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform
	

7 Package Outlines

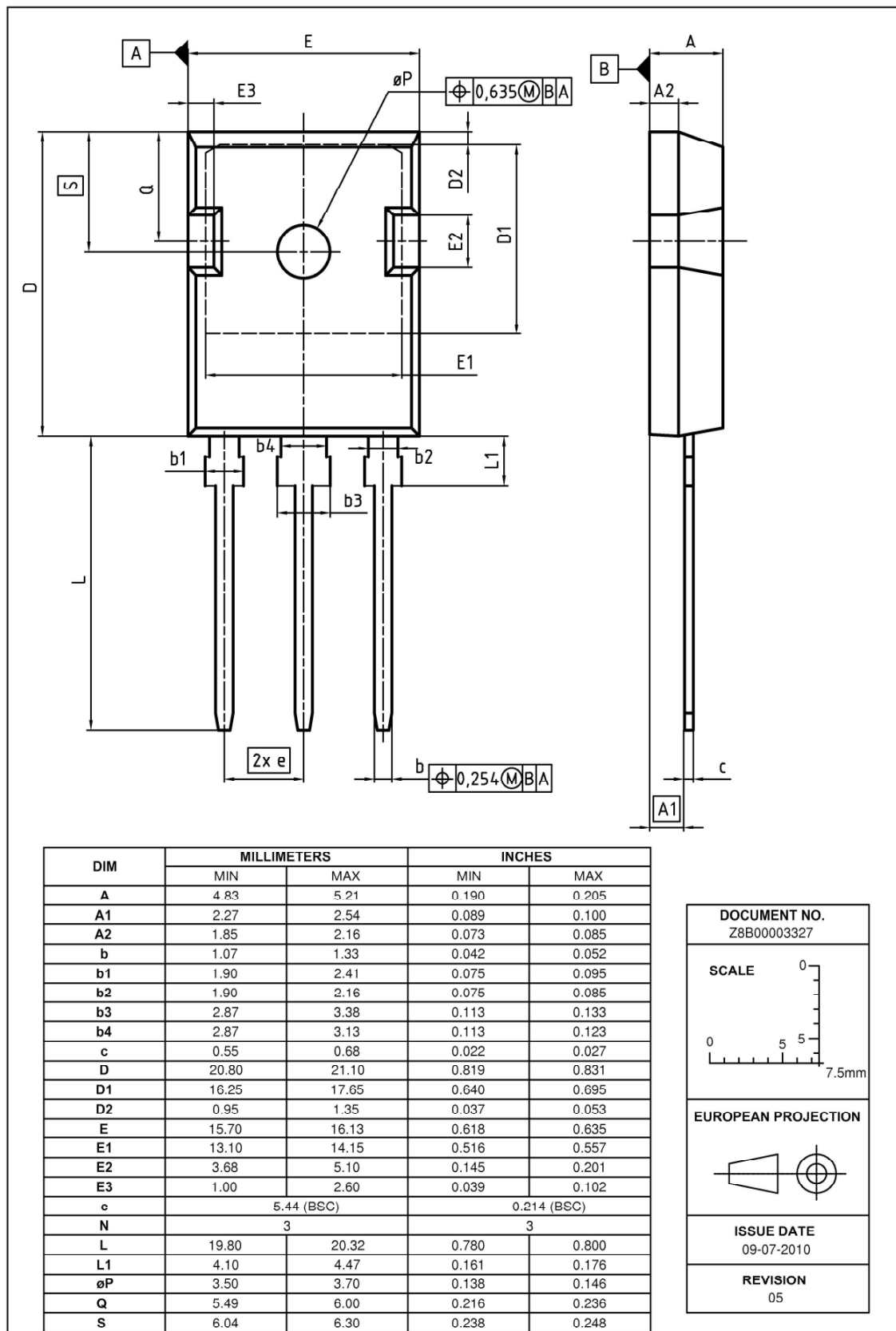


Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 247, dimensions in mm/inches

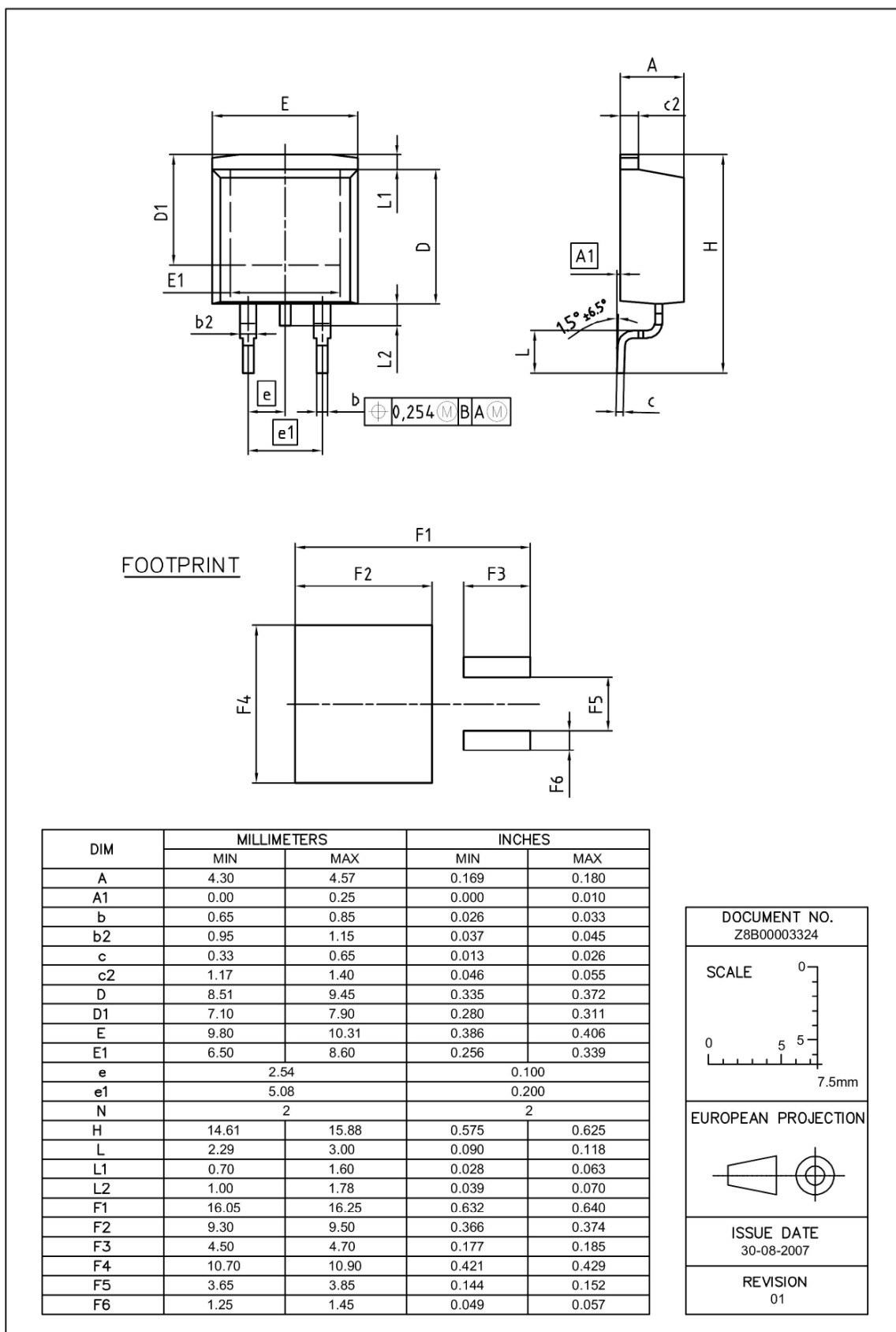


Figure 2 Outline PG-TO 263, dimensions in mm/inches

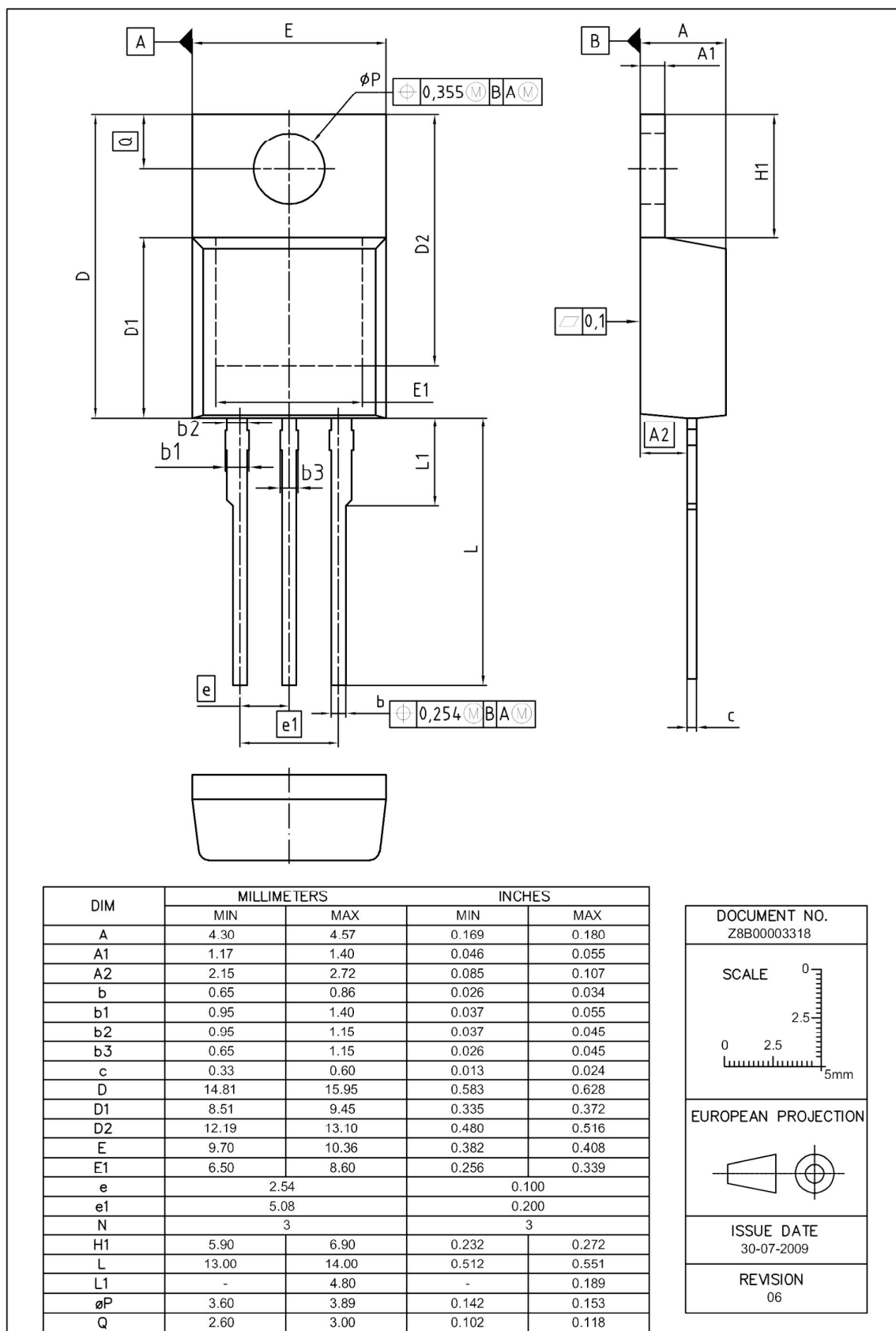
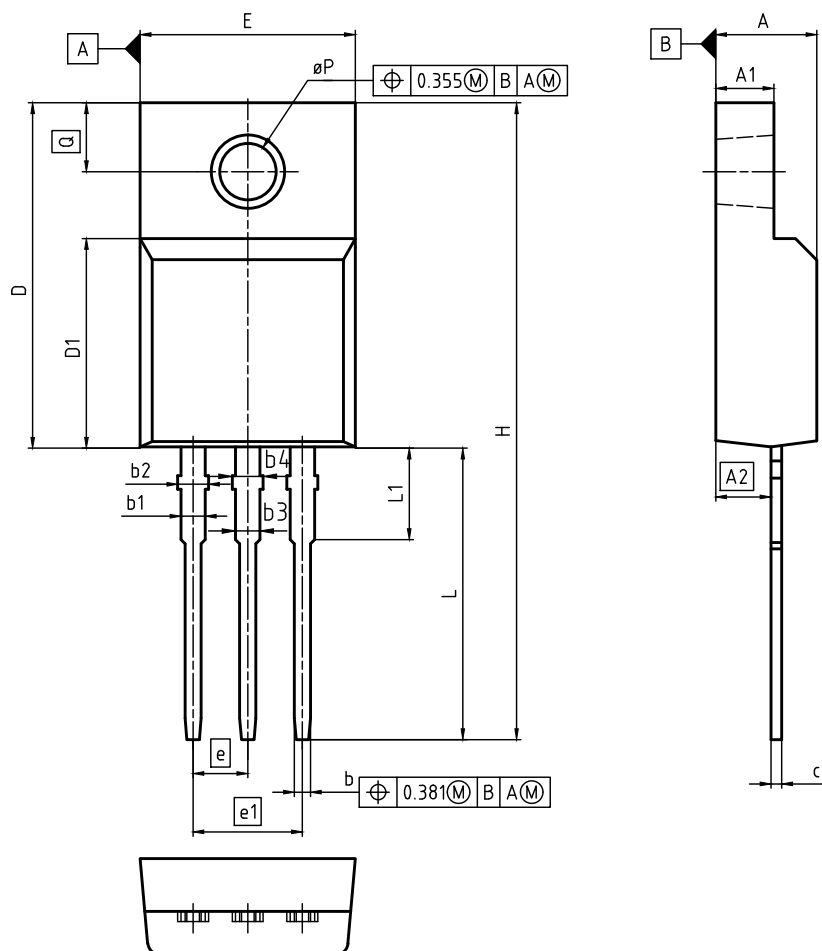


Figure 3 Outline PG-TO 220, dimensions in mm/inches



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.50	4.90	0.177	0.193
A1	2.34	2.85	0.092	0.112
A2	2.42	2.86	0.095	0.113
b	0.65	0.90	0.026	0.035
b1	0.95	1.38	0.037	0.054
b2	0.95	1.51	0.037	0.059
b3	0.65	1.38	0.026	0.054
b4	0.65	1.51	0.026	0.059
c	0.40	0.63	0.016	0.025
D	15.67	16.15	0.617	0.636
D1	8.97	9.83	0.353	0.387
E	10.00	10.65	0.394	0.419
e	2.54 (BSC)		0.100 (BSC)	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H	28.70	29.75	1.130	1.171
L	12.78	13.75	0.503	0.541
L1	2.83	3.45	0.111	0.136
øP	2.95	3.38	0.116	0.133
Q	3.15	3.50	0.124	0.138

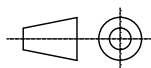
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EUROPEAN PROJECTION 
ISSUE DATE 05-05-2014
REVISION 04

Figure 4 Outline PG-TO 220 FullPAK, dimensions in mm/inches

8 Appendix A

Table 13 Related Links

- IFX CoolMOS™ P6 Webpage: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ P6 application note: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ P6 simulation model: www.infineon.com
- IFX Design tools: www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPW60R280P6, IPB60R280P6, IPP60R280P6, IPA60R280P6

Revision: 2015-07-10, Rev. 2.2

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2013-12-04	Release of final version
2.1	2013-12-05	Release of multi-package datasheet
2.2	2015-07-10	PG-TO 263 package added

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