

MOSFET

Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor

CoolMOS™ P6

600V CoolMOS™ P6 Power Transistor
IPZ60R125P6

Data Sheet

Rev. 2.0
Final

1 Description

CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. CoolMOS™ P6 series combines the experience of the leading SJ MOSFET supplier with high class innovation. The offered devices provide all benefits of a fast switching SJ MOSFET while not sacrificing ease of use. Extremely low switching and conduction losses make switching applications even more efficient, more compact, lighter and cooler.

Features

- Increased MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness
- Extremely low losses due to very low FOM $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$ and E_{oss}
- Very high commutation ruggedness
- Best in class $R_{DS(on)}$ /package
- Easy to use/drive due to driver source pin for better control of the gate
- Pb-free plating, Halogen free mold compound
- Qualified for industrial grade applications according to JEDEC (J-STD20 and JESD22)
- 4-pin kelvin source concept

Applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching stages for e.g. Computing, Server, Telecom and UPS.

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

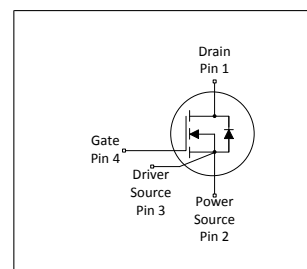


Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	125	mΩ
$Q_{g,typ}$	56	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	87	A
$E_{oss}@400V$	7.2	μJ
Body diode di/dt	250	A/μs

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPZ60R125P6	PG-TO 247-4	6R125P6	see Appendix A

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2 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	30.0 19.0	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	87	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	636	mJ	$I_D=5.2\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.96	mJ	$I_D=5.2\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche current, repetitive	I_{AR}	-	-	5.2	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	100	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	219	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	60	Ncm	M3 and M3.5 screws
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	26.0	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	87	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	15	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	250	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$. Maximum duty cycle $D=0.75$

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_G

3 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	0.57	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	°C/W	leaded
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

4 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	600	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=1mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	3.5	4.0	4.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=0.96mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	2	μA	$V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.113 0.293	0.125 -	Ω	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=11.6A$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=11.6A$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	1.7	-	Ω	$f=1MHz$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	2660	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	110	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ¹⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	90	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Effective output capacitance, time related ²⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	398	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	12	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=14.5A$, $R_G=1.7\Omega$; see table 9
Rise time	t_r	-	6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=14.5A$, $R_G=1.7\Omega$; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	41	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=14.5A$, $R_G=1.7\Omega$; see table 9
Fall time	t_f	-	5	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=14.5A$, $R_G=1.7\Omega$; see table 9

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	16	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=14.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	20	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=14.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	56	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=14.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	6.1	-	V	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=14.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$

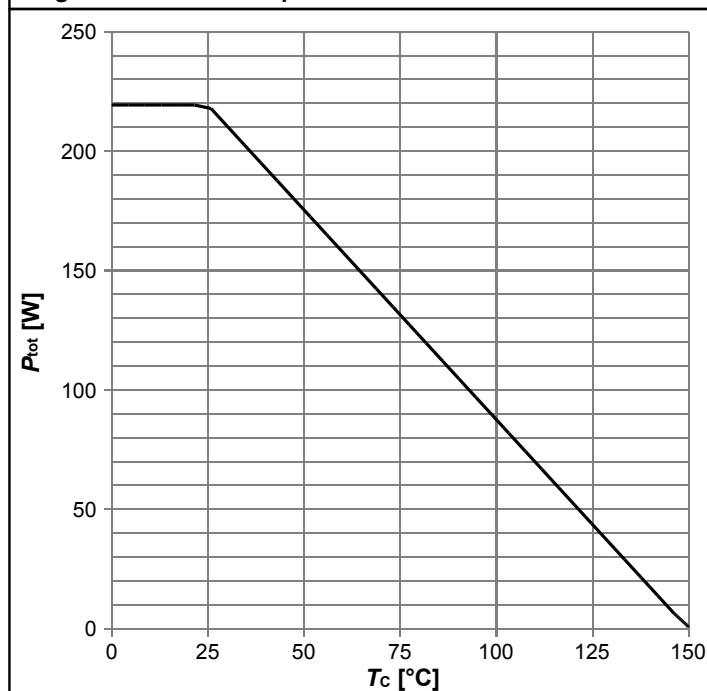
¹⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

²⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

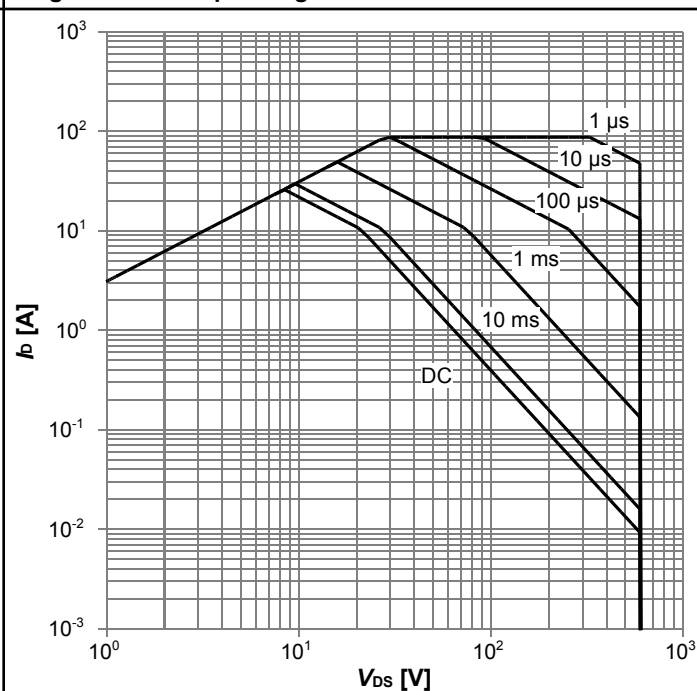
Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.9	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=14.5A$, $T_j=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	385	-	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=14.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	7	-	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=14.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	32	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=14.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8

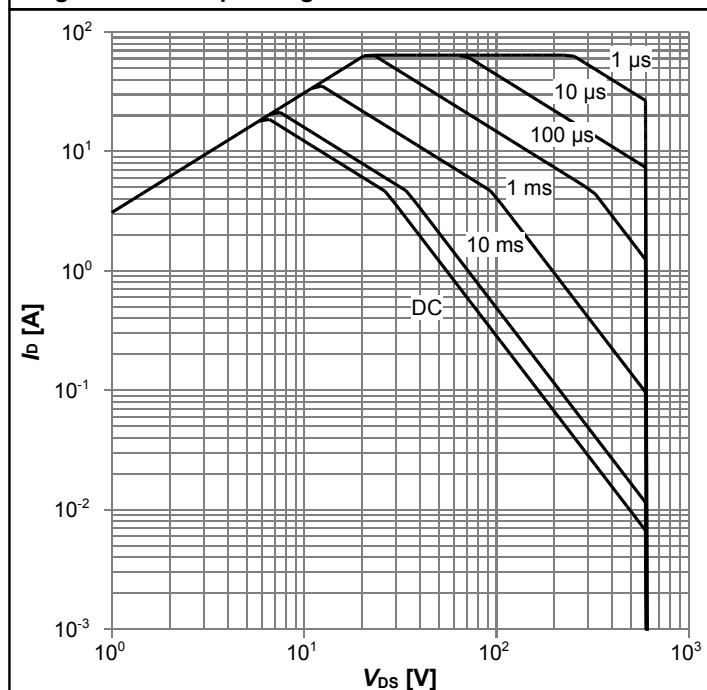
5 Electrical characteristics diagrams

Diagram 1: Power dissipation


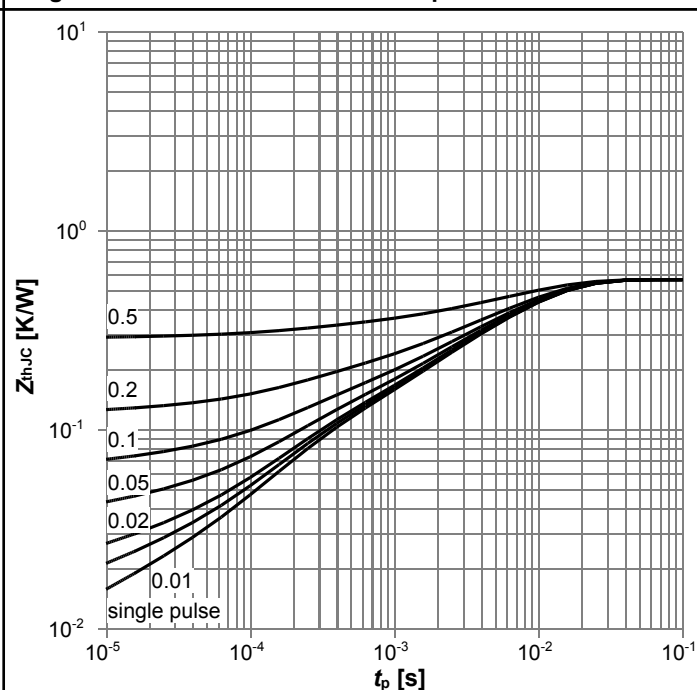
$$P_{tot}=f(T_c)$$

Diagram 2: Safe operating area


$$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_c=25\text{ °C}; D=0; \text{parameter: } t_p$$

Diagram 3: Safe operating area


$$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_c=80\text{ °C}; D=0; \text{parameter: } t_p$$

Diagram 4: Max. transient thermal impedance


$$Z_{thJC}=f(t_p); \text{parameter: } D=t_p/T$$

Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics

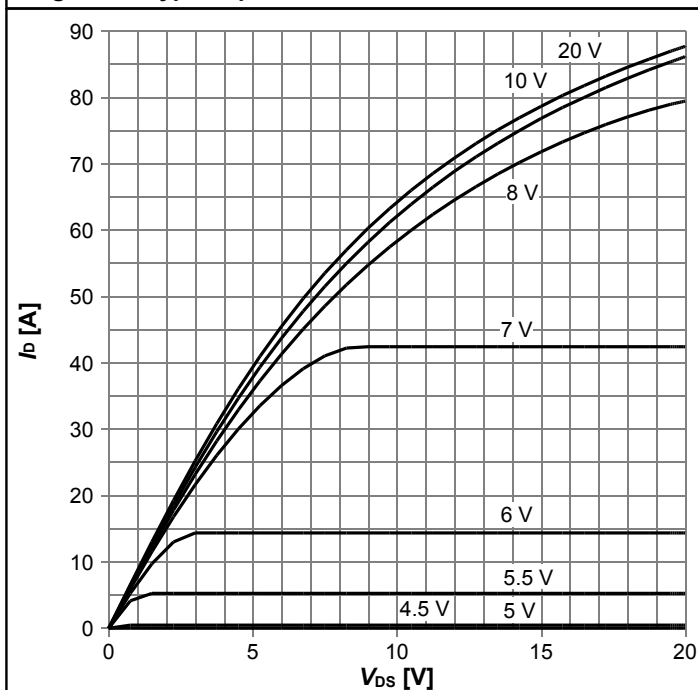

 $I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{parameter: } V_{GS}$

Diagram 6: Typ. output characteristics

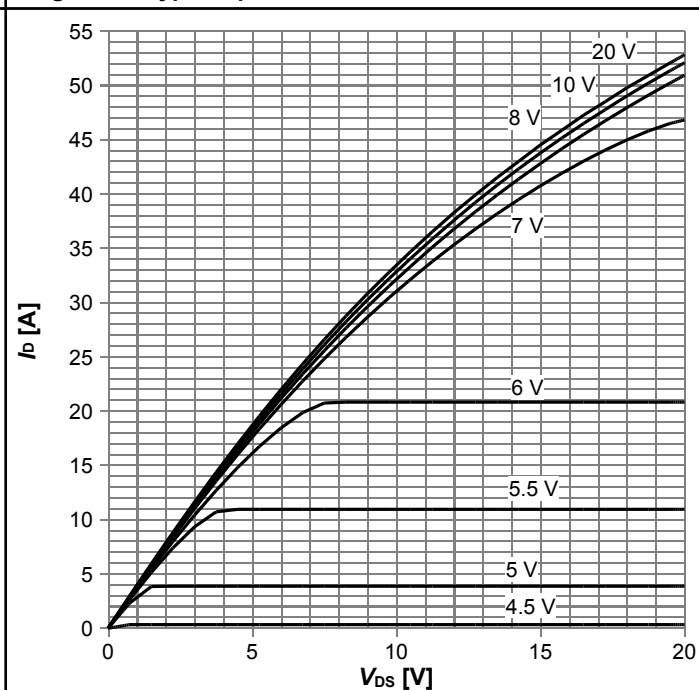

 $I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}; \text{parameter: } V_{GS}$

Diagram 7: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance

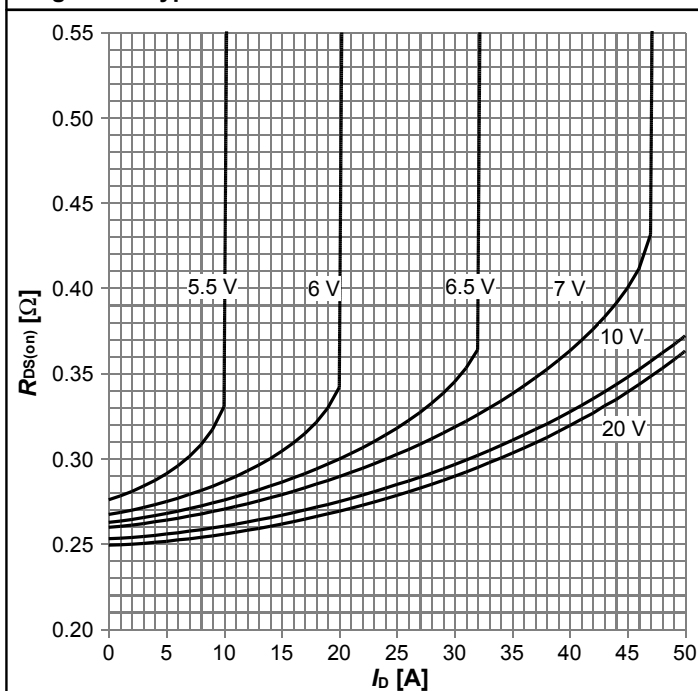

 $R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}; \text{parameter: } V_{GS}$

Diagram 8: Drain-source on-state resistance

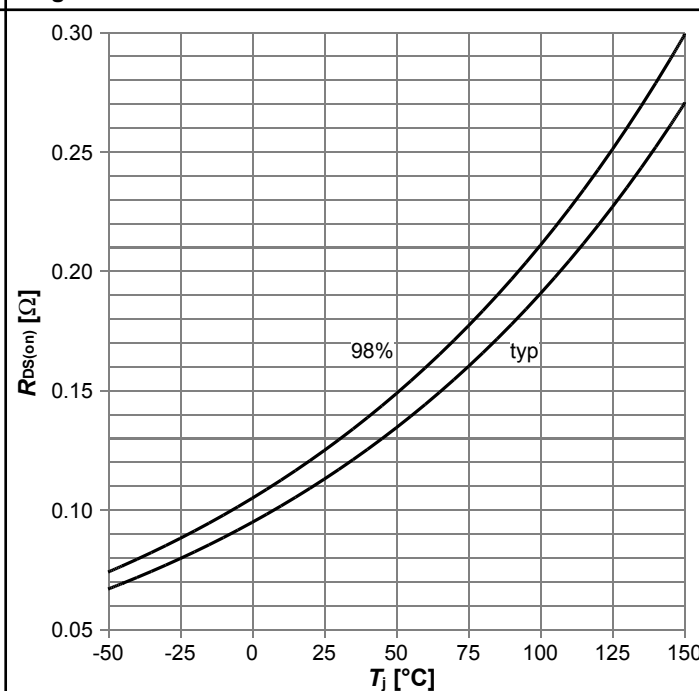

 $R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J); I_D = 11.6\text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$

Diagram 9: Typ. transfer characteristics

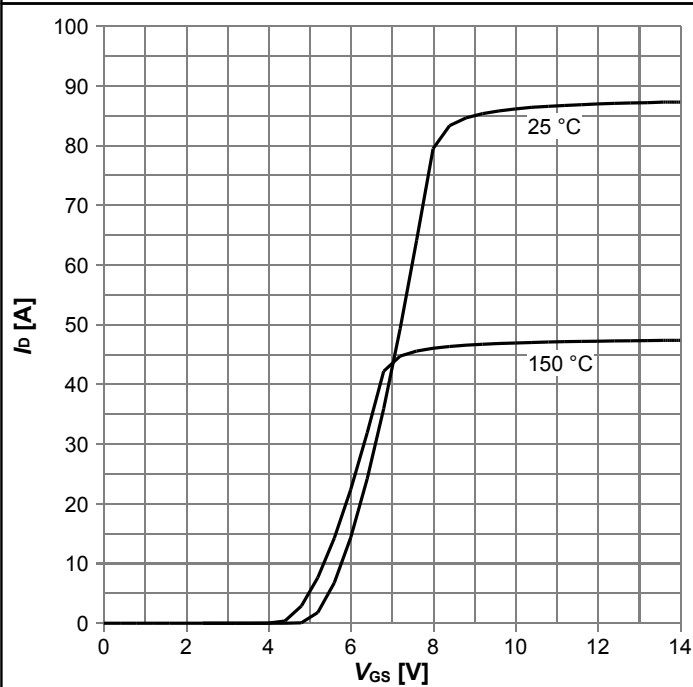

 $I_D=f(V_{GS}); V_{DS}=20V$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 10: Typ. gate charge

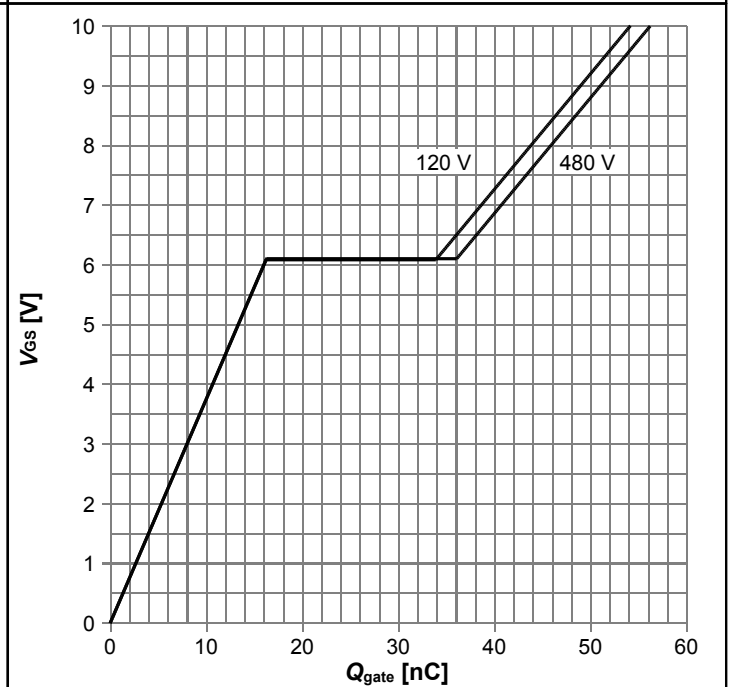

 $V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=14.5\text{ A}$ pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 11: Forward characteristics of reverse diode

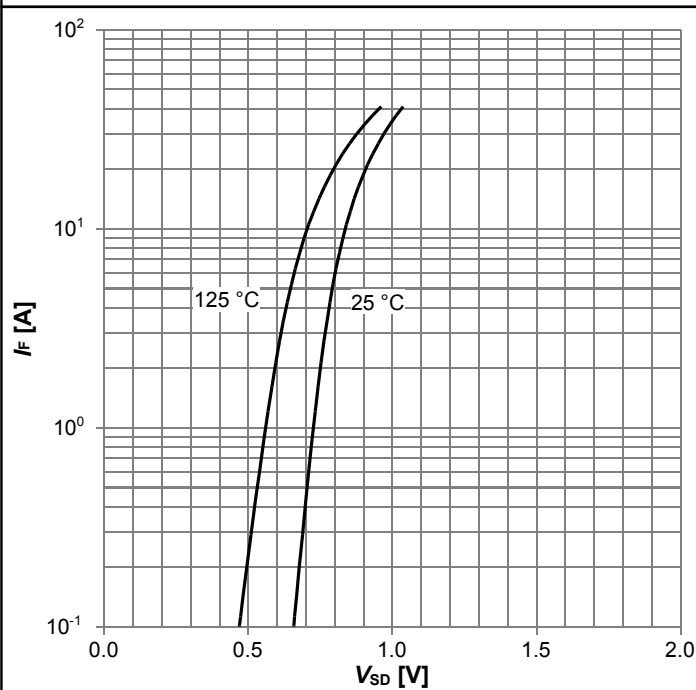

 $I_F=f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 12: Avalanche energy

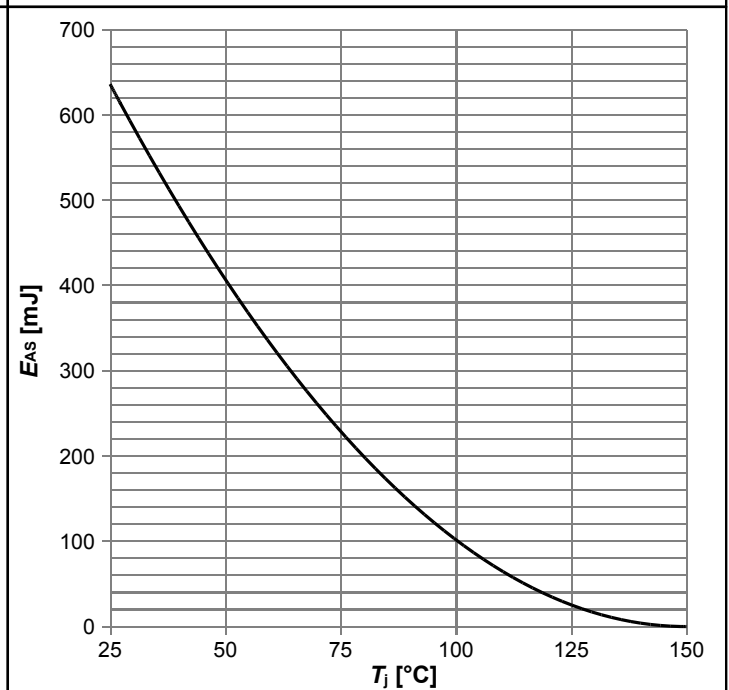
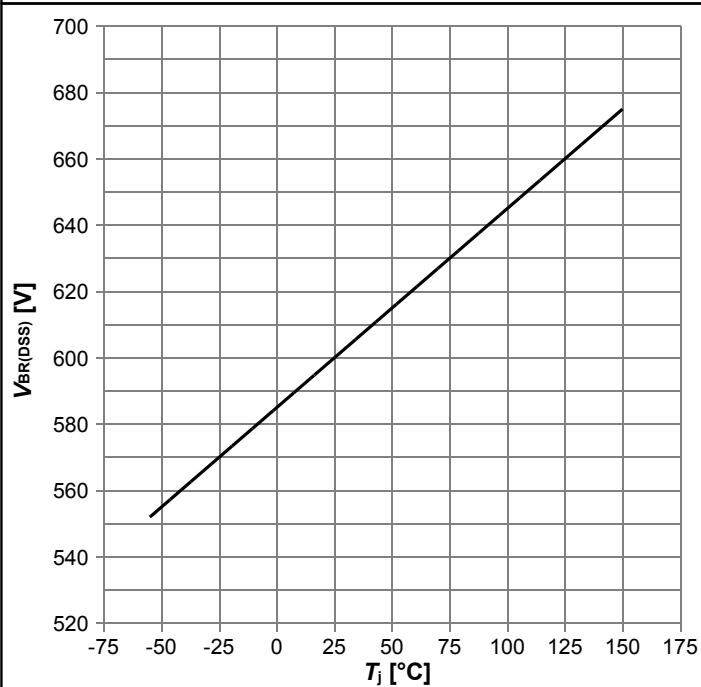
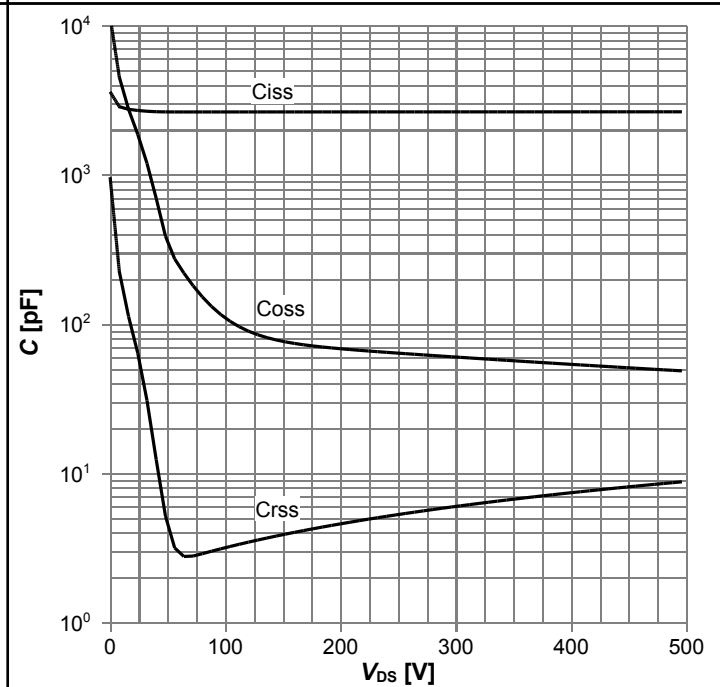

 $E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=5.2\text{ A}; V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$

Diagram 13: Drain-source breakdown voltage



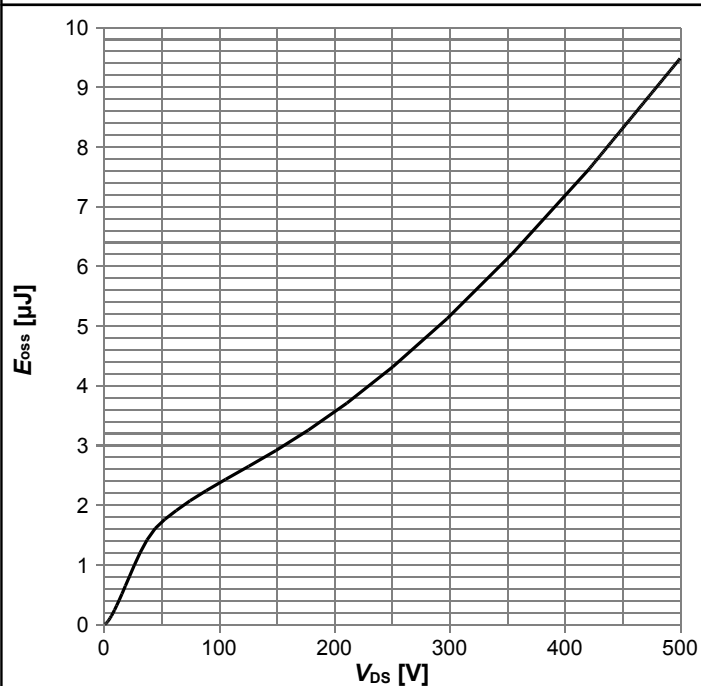
$$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j); I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$$

Diagram 14: Typ. capacitances



$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$

Diagram 15: Typ. Coss stored energy



$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$

6 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

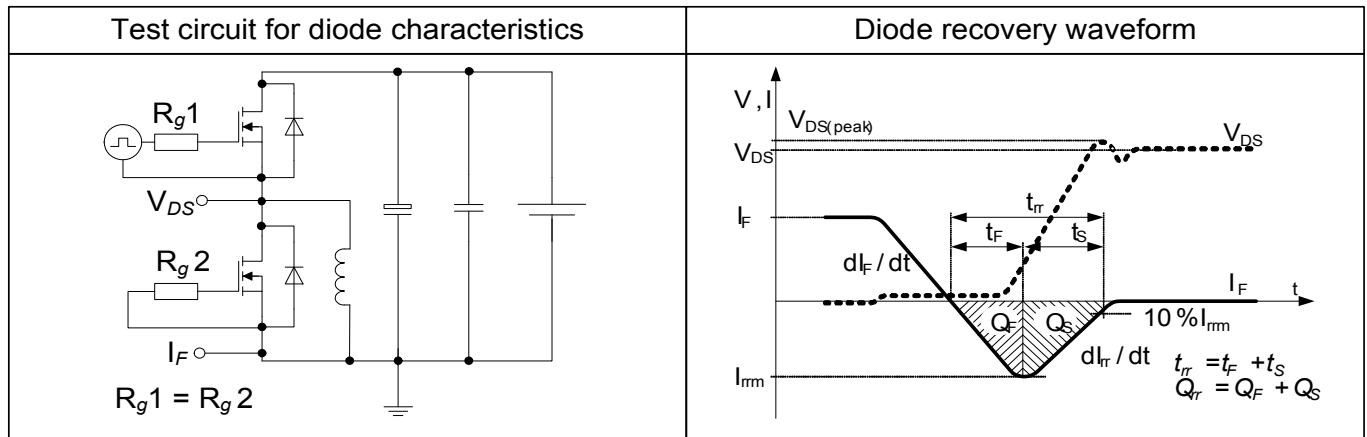


Table 9 switching times (ss)

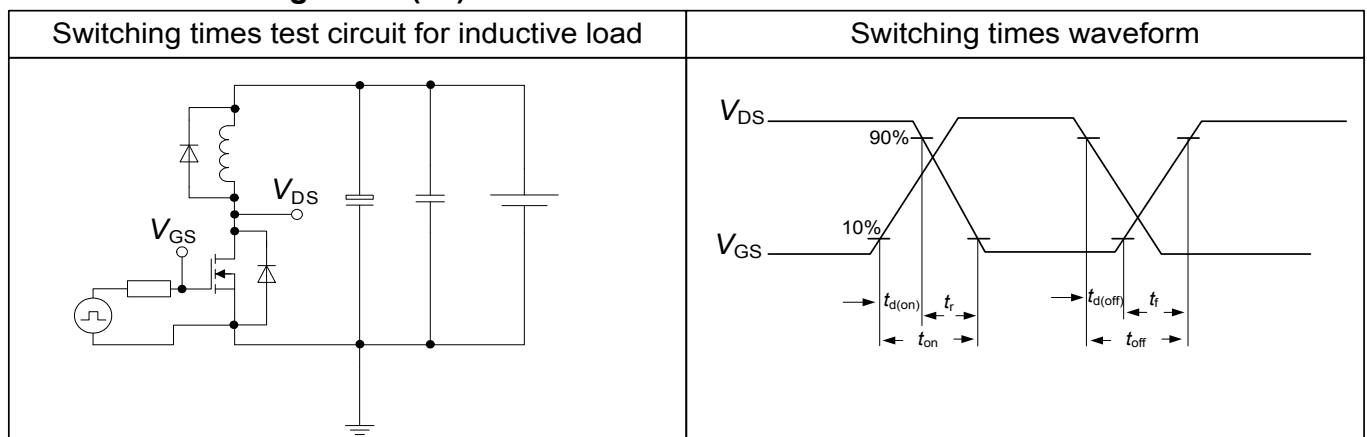
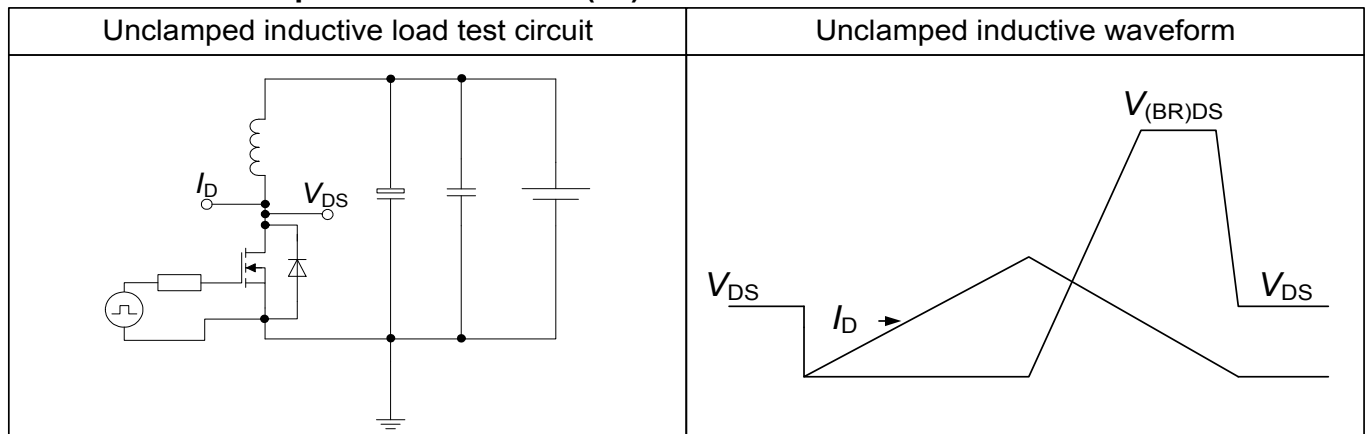
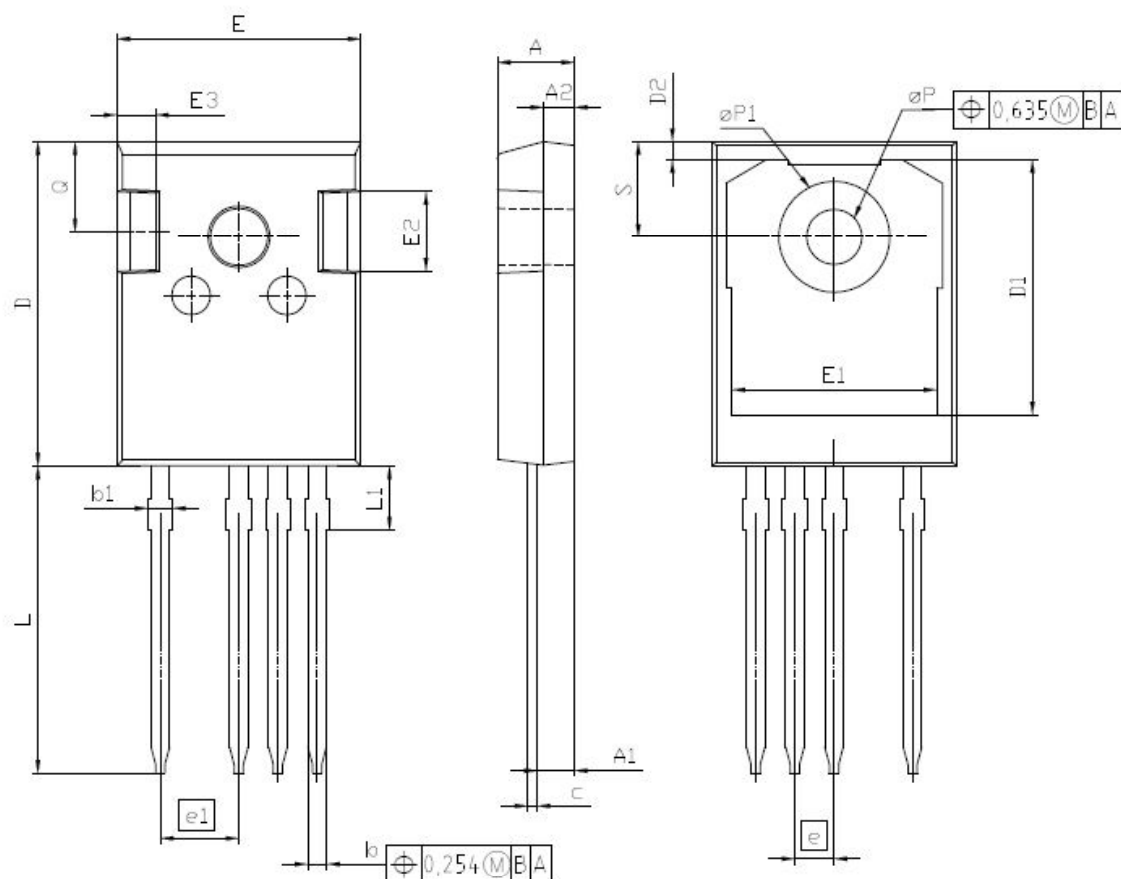


Table 10 Unclamped inductive load (ss)



7 Package Outlines



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.63	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.29	2.54	0.090	0.100
A2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.10	1.70	0.043	0.067
c	0.50	0.70	0.020	0.028
D	20.80	21.10	0.819	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0.053
E	15.70	16.13	0.618	0.635
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.00	2.60	0.039	0.102
e	2.54 (BSC)		0.100 (BSC)	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	4		4	
L	19.72	20.32	0.776	0.800
L1	4.02	4.40	0.158	0.173
eP	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
eP1	7.00	7.40	0.276	0.291
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248

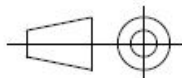
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REVISION 1

Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 247-4

8 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- IFX CoolMOS™ P6 Webpage: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ P6 application note: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ P6 simulation model: www.infineon.com
- IFX Design tools: www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPZ60R125P6

Revision: 2015-07-13, Rev. 2.0

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2015-07-13	Release of final version

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Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to:

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