

Spherical Side View Lens
Infrared Emitting Diode
Technical Data Sheet

Part No.: IR9286C



Features:

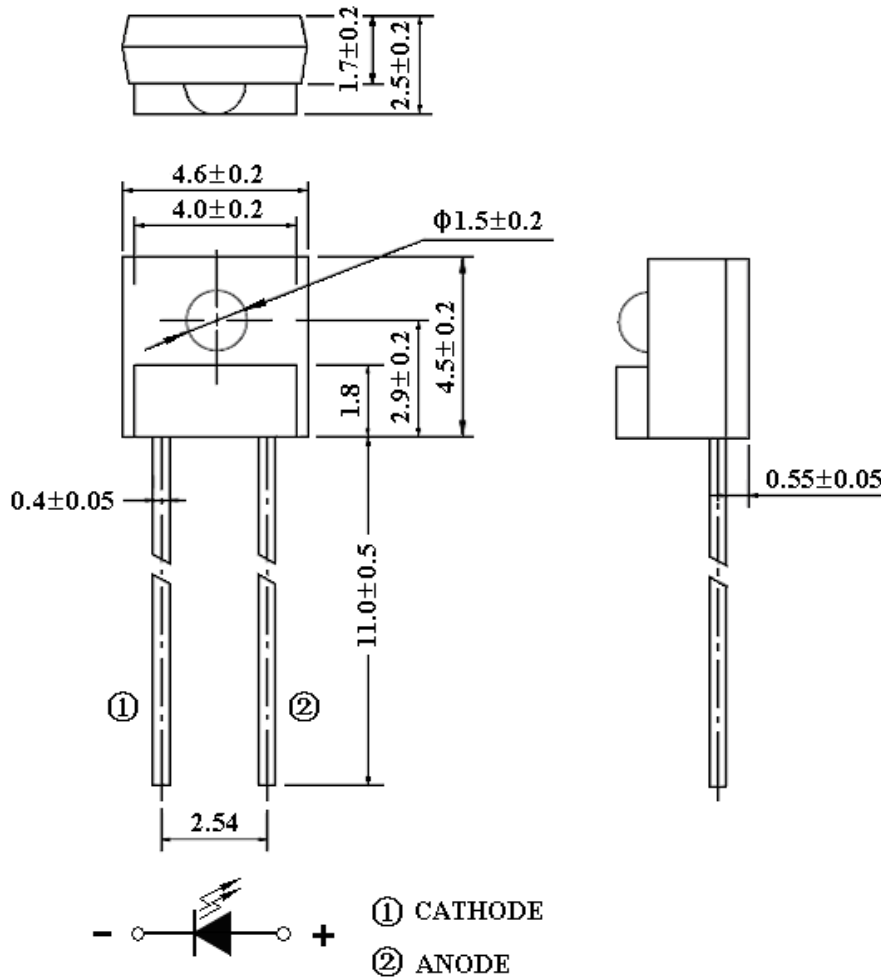
- Low forward voltage.
- 2.54mm lead spacing.
- High reliability.
- High radiant intensity.
- Peak wavelength $\lambda = 940\text{nm}$.
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.

Descriptions:

The IR9286C is a GaAlAs/GaAs high intensity infrared emitting diode, molded in a water clear epoxy package. The miniature side-facing device has a chip that emits radiation from the side of the water clear package.

Applications:

- Mouse.
- Optoelectronic switch.
- Photo interrupter.
- Infrared applied system.

Package Dimension:


Part No.	Chip Material	Lens Color	Source Color
IR9286C	GaAlAs/GaAs	Water Clear	Infrared

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm (.010") unless otherwise specified.
3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25

Parameters	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	PD	75	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	1.0	A
Forward Current	IF	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 to +80	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 to +85	
Soldering Temperature [4mm (.157") From Body]	Tsld	260 for 5 Seconds	

Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Light Current	IC(ON)	265	---	1870	μA	IF=4mA, VCE=3.50V
Viewing Angle*	2θ1/2	---	40	---	Deg	IF=20mA (Note 1)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λp	---	940	---	nm	IF=20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λd	---	945	---	nm	IF=20mA
Spectral Bandwidth	λ	---	50	---	nm	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	VF	---	1.20	1.50	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR	---	---	10	μA	VR=5V

Notes:

1. θ1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

Reliability Test Items And Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

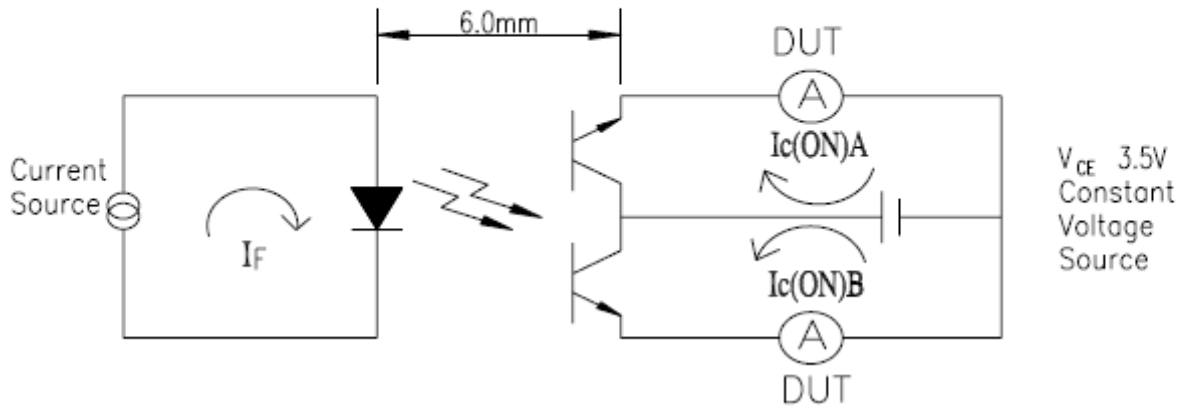
LTPD: 10%.

Test Items	Test Conditions	Failure Judgement Criteria	Samples(n)
			Defect (c)
Operating life test	$V_{CE}=5V, I_F=20mA$ $T_a : 25^{\circ}C$ 1000hrs	$I_{c(on)} \leq L \times 0.8$ $V_F \geq U \times 1.2$ $I_R \geq U \times 2$ L : Lower specification limit U : Upper specification limit	n =22 , c=0
Temperature cycle	1cycle $-55^{\circ}C$ to $+25^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ (30min) (5min) (30min) 50 cycle test		n =22 , c=0
Thermal shock	$-55^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ (5min) (10 sec) (5min) 50cycle test		n =22 , c=0
High temperature storage	Temp : $+100^{\circ}C$ 1000hrs		n =22 , c=0
Low temperature storage	Temp : $-55^{\circ}C$ 1000hrs		n =22 , c=0
High temperature High humidity	$T_a : 85^{\circ}C$ RH : 85% 1000hrs		n =22 , c=0
Solder heat	Temp : $260 \pm 5^{\circ}C$ 10 sec		n =22 , c=0
Solderability	Temp : $230 \pm 5^{\circ}C$ 3 sec 4mm from the bottom of the package.		More than 90% of lead to be covered by soldering

Test Method For $I_{C(ON)}$:

Condition: $I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$

The intensity testing method for infrared emitting diode



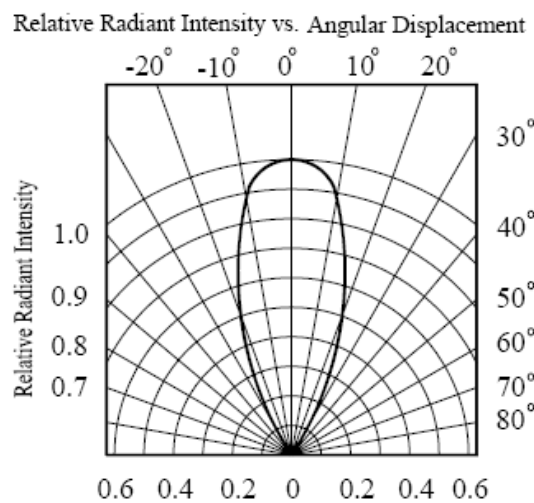
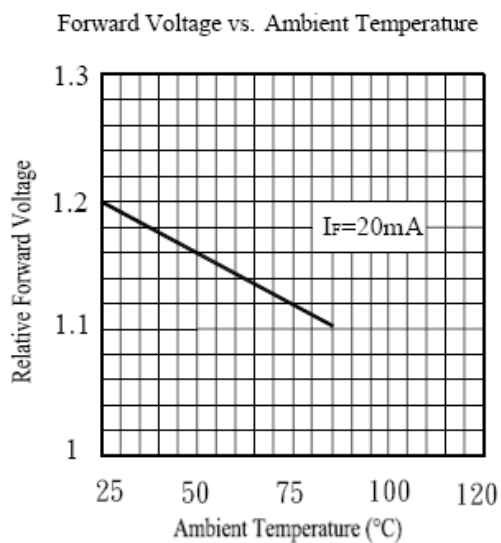
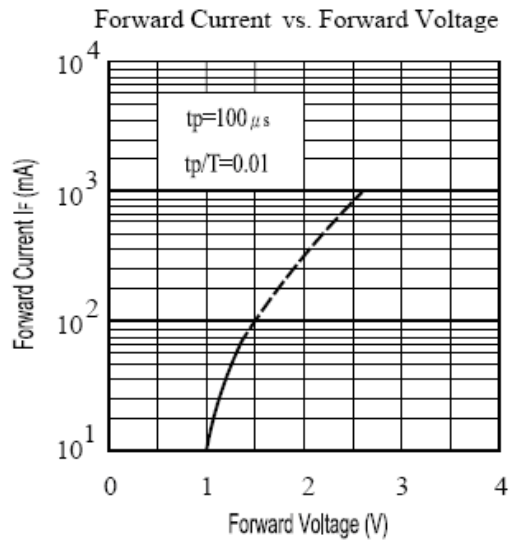
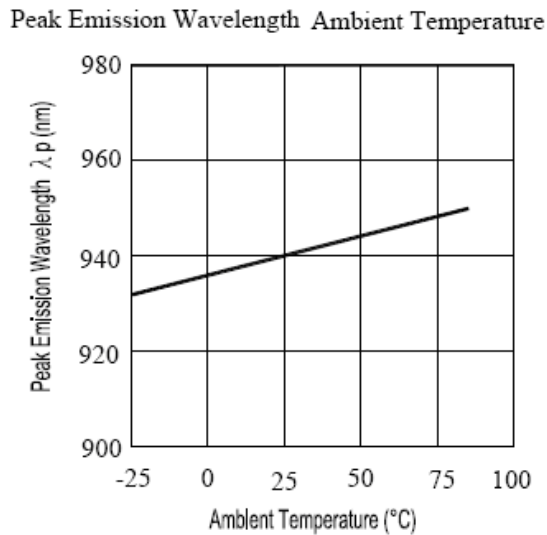
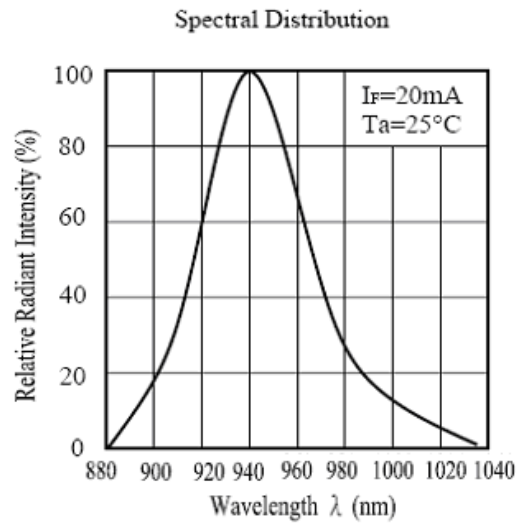
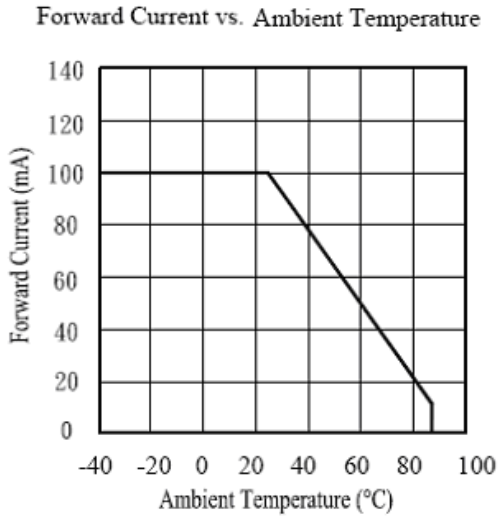
Wide Rank

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Test Condition
5-2	$I_{C(ON)}$	1053	1870	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
6-1	$I_{C(ON)}$	650	1274	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
6-2	$I_{C(ON)}$	465	750	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
7-1	$I_{C(ON)}$	347	550	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
7-2	$I_{C(ON)}$	306	441	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
7-3	$I_{C(ON)}$	265	358	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$

Thin Rank

Color Code	Ranks	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Yellow	E3	$I_{C(ON)}$	286	431	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
Silver	E4	$I_{C(ON)}$	357	519	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
Green	E5	$I_{C(ON)}$	428	608	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
Purple	E6	$I_{C(ON)}$	500	696	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
White	E7	$I_{C(ON)}$	571	784	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
Brown	E8	$I_{C(ON)}$	643	872	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$
Orange	E9	$I_{C(ON)}$	714	960	μA	$I_F=4mA, V_{CE}=3.5V$

Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves
(25 Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



Reliability Test Items And Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

No.	Item	Test Conditions	Test Hours/ Cycles	Sample Sizes	Failure Judgment Criteria	Ac/Re
1	Reflow Soldering	TEMP.: 260 ±5 5secs	6mins	22pcs	IR U×2 Ee L×0.8 VF U×1.2 U: Upper Specification Limit L: Lower Specification Limit	0/1
2	Temperature Cycle	H: +100 15mins ∫ 5 mins ∫ L: -40 15mins	50Cycles	22pcs		0/1
3	Thermal Shock	H: +100 15mins ∫ 10mins ∫ L: -10 5mins	50Cycles	22pcs		0/1
4	High Temperature Storage	TEMP.: +100	1000hrs	22pcs		0/1
5	Lower Temperature Storage	TEMP.: -40	1000hrs	22pcs		0/1
6	DC Operating Life	V _{CE} =5V	1000hrs	22pcs		0/1
7	High Temperature/ High Humidity	85 / 85% R.H	1000hrs	22pcs		0/1

Please read the following notes before using the product:

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 °C or less and 80%RH or less.

2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.

2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 °C or less and 60%RH or less.

2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.

3. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260 °C for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

4. Soldering

When soldering, for Lamp without stopper type and must be leave a minimum of 3mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point.

To avoided the Epoxy climb up on lead frame and was impact to non-soldering problem, dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

Soldering Iron		Wave Soldering	
Temperature	300 Max.	Pre-heat	100 Max.
Soldering Time	3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Time	60 sec. Max.
		Solder Wave	260 Max.
		Soldering Time	5 sec. Max.

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and / or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

6. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.