

# POWER MOS FET FIELD EFFECT POWER TRANSISTOR

IRFF230,231

5.5 AMPERES 200, 150 VOLTS RDS(ON) = 0.4 Ω

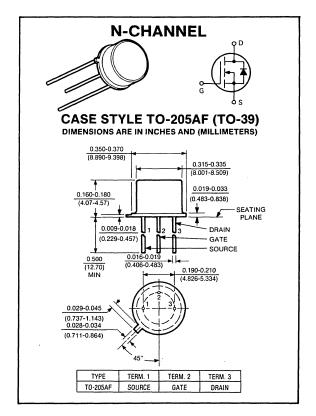
**Preliminary** 

This series of N-Channel Enhancement-mode Power MOSFETs utilizes GE's advanced Power DMOS technology to achieve low on-resistance with excellent device ruggedness and reliability.

This design has been optimized to give superior performance in most switching applications including: switching power supplies, inverters, converters and solenoid/relay drivers. Also, the extended safe operating area with good linear transfer characteristics makes it well suited for many linear applications such as audio amplifiers and servo motors.

#### **Features**

- Polysilicon gate Improved stability and reliability
- No secondary breakdown Excellent ruggedness
- Ultra-fast switching Independent of temperature
- Voltage controlled High transconductance
- Low input capacitance Reduced drive requirement
- Excellent thermal stability Ease of paralleling



## maximum ratings (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C) (unless otherwise specified)

RATING	SYMBOL	IRFF230	IRFF231	UNITS
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DSS</sub>	200	150	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage, R <sub>GS</sub> = 1MΩ	V <sub>DGR</sub>	200	150	Volts
Continuous Drain Current @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	, I <sub>D</sub>	5.5	5.5	Α
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>(1)</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	22	22	Α
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	±20	±20	Volts
Total Power Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C Derate Above 25°C	PD	25 0.2	25 0.2	Watts W/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

#### thermal characteristics

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{ heta JC}$	5.0	5.0	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{ heta JA}$	175	175	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 1/16" from Case for 10 Seconds	TL	260	260	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

# electrical characteristics ( $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ ) (unless otherwise specified)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
off characteristics						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage $(V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250 \mu A)$	IRFF230 IRFF231	BVDSS	200 150	_		Volts
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current (V <sub>DS</sub> = Max Rating, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C) (V <sub>DS</sub> = Max Rating, × 0.8, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)		IDSS	. —	_	250 1000	μΑ
Gate-Source Leakage Current (VGS = ±20V)		Igss		_	±100	nA

### on characteristics\*

Gate Threshold Voltage $(V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A)$	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	V <sub>GS(TH)</sub>	2.0		4.0	Volts
On-State Drain Current (V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 10V)		I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	5.5	_	_	Α
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance (V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.0A)	:	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	_	_	0.4	Ohms
Forward Transconductance (V <sub>DS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.0A)		9fs	1.75		<del></del>	mhos

### dynamic characteristics

Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V	C <sub>iss</sub>		_	800	pF
Output Capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V	Coss			450	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance .	f = 1 MHz	Crss	_		150	pF

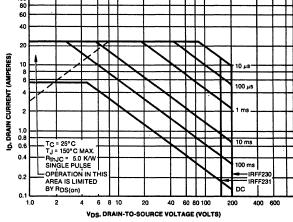
# switching characteristics\*

Turn-on Delay Time	V <sub>DS</sub> = 90V	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	_	15		ns
Rise Time	I <sub>D</sub> = 3.0A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 15V	t <sub>r</sub>	_	25	_	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	$R_{GEN}$ = 50 $\Omega$ , $R_{GS}$ = 12.5 $\Omega$	t <sub>d(off)</sub>		30	-	ns
Fall Time	(R <sub>GS (EQUIV.)</sub> = 10Ω)	t <sub>f</sub>	_	20		ns

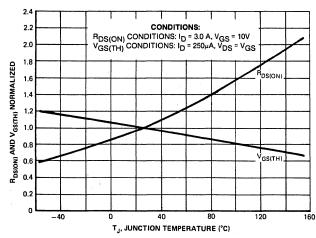
# source-drain diode ratings and characteristics\*

Continuous Source Current	Is			5.5	Α
Pulsed Source Current	Ism			22	Α
Diode Forward Voltage (T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>S</sub> = 5.5A)	V <sub>SD</sub>	_	_	2.0	Volts
Reverse Recovery Time (I <sub>S</sub> = 5.5A, dI <sub>s</sub> /dt = 100A/ $\mu$ sec, T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>rr</sub> Q <sub>RR</sub>	_	450 3.0	_	ns μC

<sup>\*</sup>Pulse Test: Pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle  $\leq$  2%



MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING AREA



TYPICAL NORMALIZED  $R_{DS[ON]}$  AND  $V_{GS[TH]}$  VS. TEMP.