# International **IGR** Rectifier REPETITIVE AVALANCHE AND dv/dt RATED HEXFET® TRANSISTOR

## IRH7450 IRH8450 N CHANNEL MEGA RAD HARD

#### 500Volt, 0.45Ω, MEGA RAD HARD HEXFET

International Rectifier's RAD HARD technology HEXFETs demonstrate excellent threshold voltage stability and breakdown voltage stability at total radiation doses as high as  $1 \times 10^6$  Rads(Si). Under **identical** pre- and post-irradiation test conditions, International Rectifier's RAD HARD HEXFETs retain **identical** electrical specifications up to  $1 \times 10^5$  Rads (Si) total dose. No compensation in gate drive circuitry is required. These devices are also capable of surviving transient ionization pulses as high as  $1 \times 10^{12}$  Rads (Si)/Sec, and return to normal operation within a few microseconds. Since the RAD HARD process utilizes International Rectifier's patented HEXFET technology, the user can expect the highest quality and reliability in the industry.

RAD HARD HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well-established advantages of MOSFETs, such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of the electrical parameters. They are well-suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers and high-energy pulse circuits in space and weapons environments.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings ①

#### Product Summary

Part Number	BVDSS	RDS(on)	D
IRH7450	500V	0.45Ω	11A
IRH8450	500V	0.45Ω	11A

#### Features:

- Radiation Hardened up to 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> Rads (Si)
- Single Event Burnout (SEB) Hardened
- Single Event Gate Rupture (SEGR) Hardened
- Gamma Dot (Flash X-Ray) Hardened
- Neutron Tolerant
- Identical Pre- and Post-Electrical Test Conditions
- Repetitive Avalanche Rating
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed

#### **Pre-Irradiation**

	Parameter	IRH7450, IRH8450	Units		
ID @ VGS = 12V, TC = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	11			
ID @ VGS = 12V, TC = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	7.0	А		
IDM	Pulsed Drain Current @	44			
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	150	W		
	Linear Derating Factor	1.2	W/°C		
VGS	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V		
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy 3	500	mJ		
IAR	Avalanche Current @	11	А		
EAR	Repetitive Avalanche Energy@	15	mJ		
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ④	3.5	V/ns		
TJ	Operating Junction	-55 to 150			
TSTG	Storage Temperature Range		°C		
	Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)			
	Weight	11.5 (typical)	g		

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	Parameter	Min	Тур	мах	Units	Test Conditions
BVDSS	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	500	—	—	V	VGS = 0V, ID = 1.0mA
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_{J}$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.6	_	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, $I_D = 1.0$ mA
RDS(on)	Static Drain-to-Source On-State	—	—	0.45	Ω	VGS = 12V, ID = 7.0A (5)
	Resistance	—	—	0.50		VGS = 12V, ID = 11A ⑤
VGS(th)	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_{D} = 1.0 mA$
9fs	Forward Transconductance	4.0	—	—	S (び)	VDS > 15V, IDS = 7A (\$
IDSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	50	μA	VDS= 0.8 x Max Rating, VGS=0V
		—	—	250	μΑ	V <sub>DS</sub> = 0.8 x Max Rating
						VGS = 0V, TJ = 125°C
IGSS	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	_	_	100		V <sub>GS</sub> = 20V
IGSS	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse		_	-100	nA	VGS = -20V
Qg	Total Gate Charge	—	_	150		VGS =12V, ID =11A
Qgs	Gate-to-Source Charge	_	_	30	nC	V <sub>DS</sub> = Max Rating x 0.5
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	75		
td(on)	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	45		VDD = 250V, ID = 11A,
tr	Rise Time	—	—	190		R <sub>G</sub> = 2.35Ω
<sup>t</sup> d(off)	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	190	ns	
tf	Fall Time	—	_	130		
LD	Internal Drain Inductance		5.0	_	nH	Measured from drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to center inductances.on
LS	Internal Source Inductance	_	13			of die. Measured from source lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to source bonding pad.
Ciss	Input Capacitance	_	4000	—		VGS = 0V, VDS = 25V
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	_	330	—	pF	f = 1.0MHz
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		52	—		

# Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics **(1)**

	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions	
IS	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)		—	11	Α	Modified MOSFET symbol	
ISM	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) 2	-	-	44		showing the integral reverse p-n junction rectifier.	
VSD	Diode Forward Voltage	_	_	1.6	V	Tj = 25°C, IS = 11A, VGS = 0V (5)	
trr	Reverse Recovery Time	_	—	1100	ns	Tj = 25°C, IF = 11A, di/dt ≤ 100A/μs	
QRR	Reverse Recovery Charge	— 16   μC   V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 50V ⑤					
ton	Forward Turn-On Time Intrinsic turn-o	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$ .					

## **Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
RthJC	Junction-to-Case	—	_	0.83		
R <sub>th</sub> JA	Junction-to-Ambient	-	—	30	°C/W	
RthCS	Case-to-Sink	—	0.12	—		Typical socket mount

#### Radiation Performance of Rad Hard HEXFETs

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened HEXFETs are tested to verify their hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier comprises three radiation environments.

Every manufacturing lot is tested in a low dose rate (total dose) environment per MIL-STD-750, test method 1019 condition A. International Rectifier has imposed a standard gate condition of 12 volts per note 6 and a  $V_{\rm \tiny DS}$  bias condition equal to 80% of the device rated voltage per note 7. Pre- and post- irradiation limits of the devices irradiated to 1 x 105 Rads (Si) are identical and are presented in Table 1, column 1, IRH7450. Post-irradiation limits of the devices irradiated to 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> Rads (Si) are presented in Table

1, column 2, IRH8450. The values in Table 1 will be met for either of the two low dose rate test circuits that are used. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

High dose rate testing may be done on a special request basis using a dose rate up to 1 x 1012 Rads (Si)/ Sec (See Table 2).

International Rectifier radiation hardened HEXFETs have been characterized in heavy ion Single Event Effects (SEE) environments. Single Event Effects characterization is shown in Table 3.

Table 1. L	Table 1. Low Dose Rate 6    Ø		IRH7450		IRH8450				
	Parameter		100K Rads (Si)		1000K Rads (Si)		000K Rads (Si)		Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max				
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	500		500	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{D} = 1.0mA$		
VGS(th)	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	4.0	1.25	4.5		$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ , $I_D = 1.0 \text{mA}$		
IGSS	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	100	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$		
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	-100	—	-100		V <sub>GS</sub> = -20 V		
IDSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	50	—	100	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> =0.8 x Max Rating, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		
RDS(on)1	Static Drain-to-Source (5)	—	0.45	—	0.6	Ω	VGS = 12V, ID = 7.0A		
	On-State Resistance One								
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage (5)	—	1.6	—	1.6	V	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$ , $I_{S} = 11A$ , $V_{GS} = 0V$		

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#### Table 2. High Dose Rate 8

		1011 F	Rads (	(Si)/sec	10 <sup>12</sup> Rads (Si)/sec		sec 1012 Rads (Si)/sec			
	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions	
VDSS	Drain-to-Source Voltage	—	—	400	—	—	400	V	Applied drain-to-source voltage during	
									gamma-dot	
IPP		—	8	—	_	8	—	A	Peak radiation induced photo-current	
di/dt		—	—	15	—	—	3	A/µsec	Rate of rise of photo-current	
L <sub>1</sub>		27	—		133	—	_	μH	Circuit inductance required to limit di/dt	

#### Table 3. Single Event Effects

lon	LET (Si)	Fluence	<b>Range</b>	V <sub>DS</sub> Bias	V <sub>GS</sub> Bias
	(MeV/mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(ions/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(μm)	(V)	(V)
Cu	28	3x 10⁵	~43	275	-5

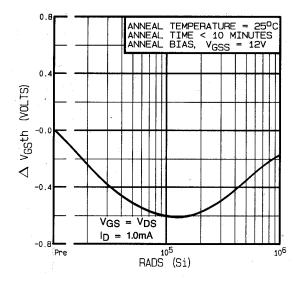


Fig 1. Typical Response of Gate Threshhold Voltage Vs. Total Dose Exposure

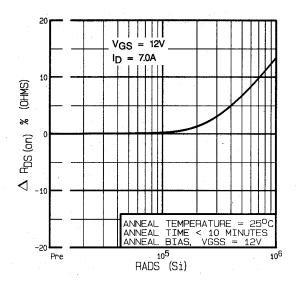
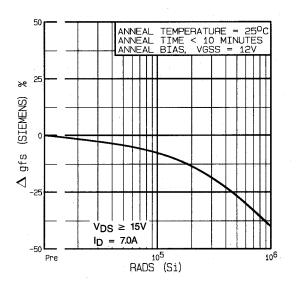
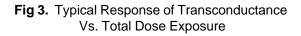
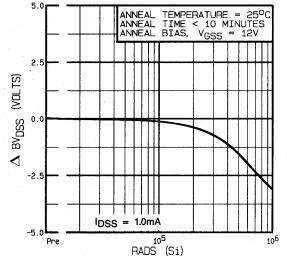
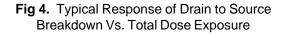


Fig 2. Typical Response of On-State Resistance Vs. Total Dose Exposure

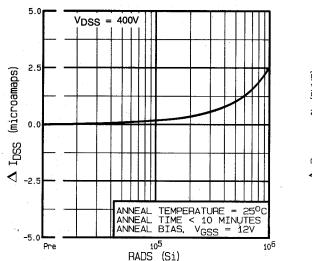


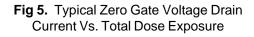






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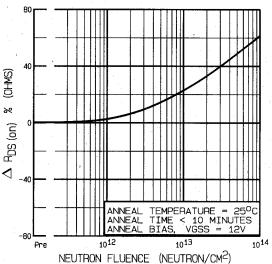


Fig 6. Typical On-State Resistance Vs. Neutron Fluence Level

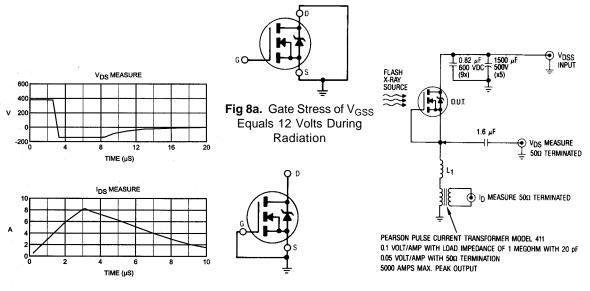
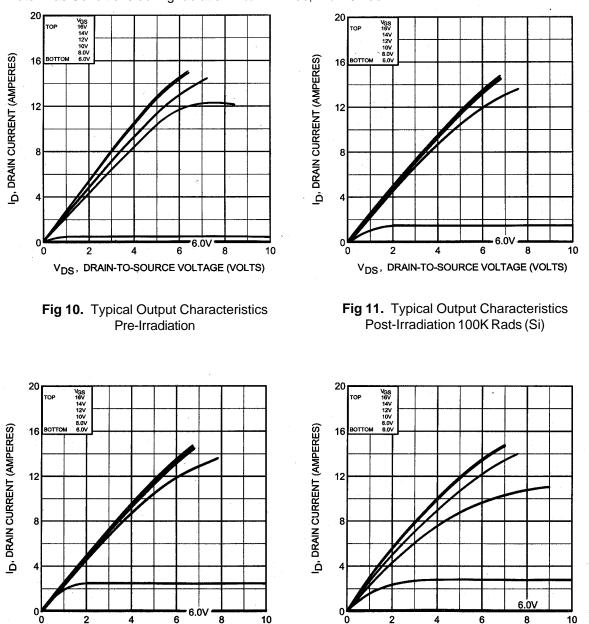


Fig 7. Typical Transient Response of Rad Hard HEXFET During 1x10<sup>12</sup> Rad (Si)/Sec Exposure Fig 8b.  $V_{DSS}$  Stress Equals 80% of  $B_{VDSS}$  During Radiation

Fig 9. High Dose Rate (Gamma Dot) Test Circuit



VDS, DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE (VOLTS)

Fig 13. Typical Output Characteristics Post-Irradiation 1 Mega Rads(Si)

Note: Bias Conditions during radiation: VGS = 12 Vdc, VDS = 0 Vdc

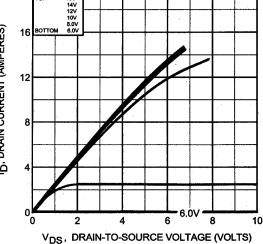
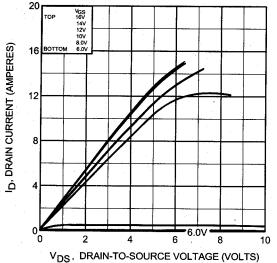
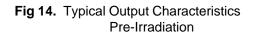
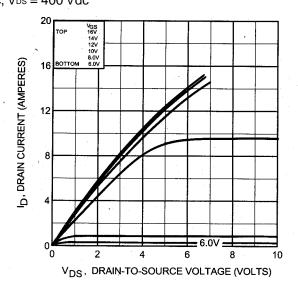
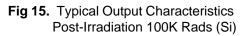


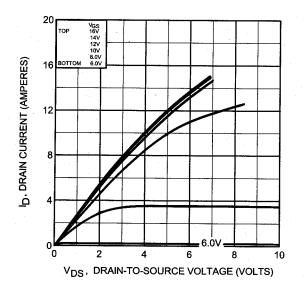
Fig 12. Typical Output Characteristics Post-Irradiation 300K Rads (Si)

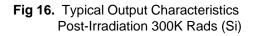


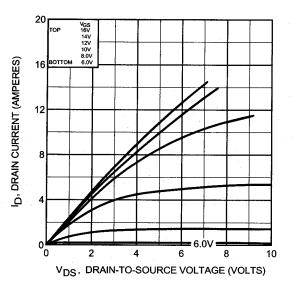


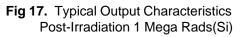












Note: Bias Conditions during radiation: VGS = 0 Vdc, VDS = 400 Vdc

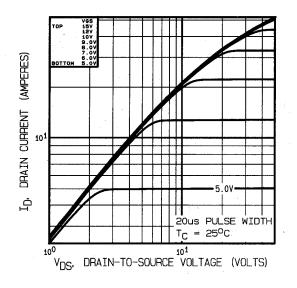


Fig 18. Typical Output Characteristics

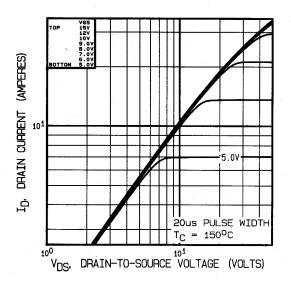


Fig 19. Typical Output Characteristics

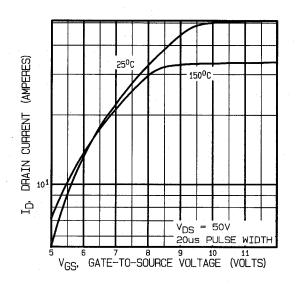


Fig 20. Typical Transfer Characteristics

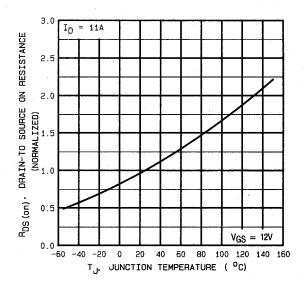
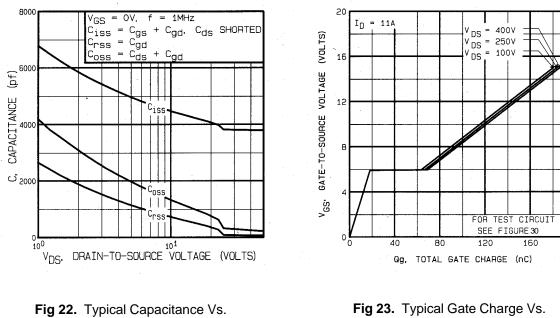


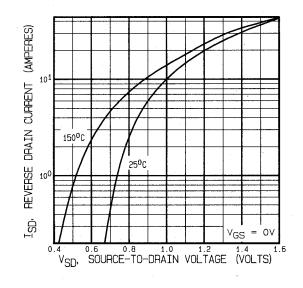
Fig 21. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

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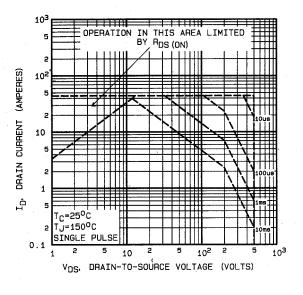


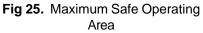
Drain-to-Source Voltage

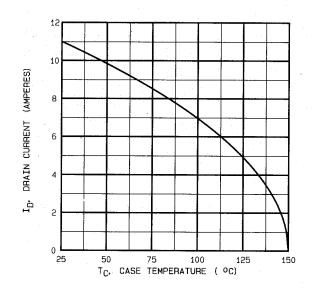


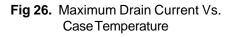


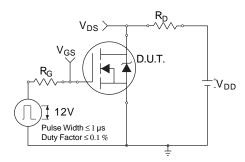


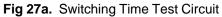












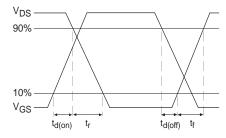
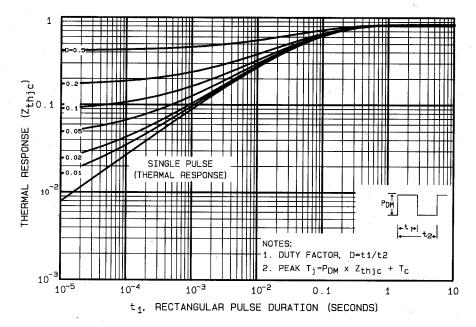


Fig 27b. Switching Time Waveforms





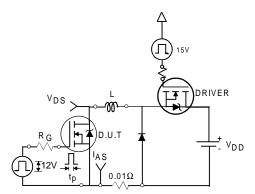


Fig 29a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

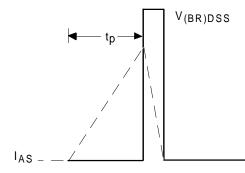


Fig 29b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

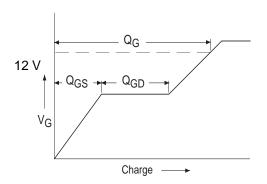


Fig30a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

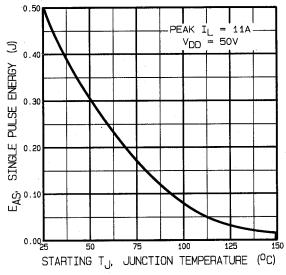


Fig 29c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

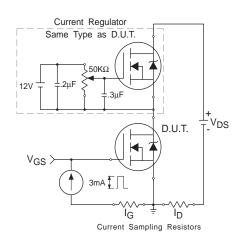


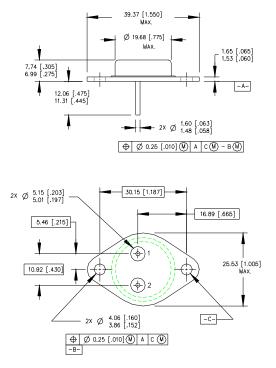
Fig 30b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

#### **Pre-Irradiation**

- ① See Figures 18 through 30 for pre-irradiation curves
- ② Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. Refer to current HEXFET reliability report.
- <sup>(3)</sup> V<sub>DD = 25V</sub>, Starting T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, Peak I<sub>L</sub> = 11A, L>7.4mH R<sub>G</sub>=25 $\Omega$
- $\$  Pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s; Duty Cycle  $\leq$  2%

- Total Dose Irradiation with V<sub>GS</sub> Bias.
   12 volt V<sub>GS</sub> applied and V<sub>DS</sub> = 0 during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, codition A.
- $\label{eq:VDS} \hline \textbf{Total Dose Irradiation with VDS Bias.} \\ V_{DS} = 0.8 \text{ rated } BV_{DSS} \text{ (pre-radiation)} \\ applied and V_{GS} = 0 \text{ during irradiation per} \\ \text{MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.} \end{matrix}$
- ⑧ This test is performed using a flash x-ray source operated in the e-beam mode (energy ~2.5 MeV), 30 nsec pulse.
- ③ All Pre-Irradiation and Post-Irradiation test conditions are identical to facilitate direct comparison for circuit applications.

## Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-204AE



PIN ASSIGNMENTS

1 - SOURCE

#### 2 – GATE 3 – DRAIN (CASE)

#### 3 – DRAIN (CASE)

NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- 3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
- 4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-204AE.

Conforms to JEDEC Outline TO-204AE Dimensions in Millimeters and ( Inches )

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