

# International IR Rectifier

## RADIATION HARDENED POWER MOSFET THRU-HOLE (T0-254AA)

**IRHM7260  
JANSR2N7433  
200V, N-CHANNEL  
REF: MIL-PRF-19500/663  
RAD Hard™ HEXFET® TECHNOLOGY**

### Product Summary

Part Number	Radiation Level	RDS(on)	ID	QPL Part Number
IRHM7260	100K Rads (Si)	0.070Ω	35*A	JANSR2N7433
IRHM3260	300K Rads (Si)	0.070Ω	35*A	JANSF2N7433
IRHM4260	600K Rads (Si)	0.070Ω	35*A	JANSG2N7433
IRHM8260	1000K Rads (Si)	0.070Ω	35*A	JANSH2N7433



International Rectifier's RADHard HEXFET® technology provides high performance power MOSFETs for space applications. This technology has over a decade of proven performance and reliability in satellite applications. These devices have been characterized for both Total Dose and Single Event Effects (SEE). The combination of low Rds on and low gate charge reduces the power losses in switching applications such as DC to DC converters and motor control. These devices retain all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of electrical parameters.

### Features:

- Single Event Effect (SEE) Hardened
- Low RDS(on)
- Low Total Gate Charge
- Proton Tolerant
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed
- Ceramic Package
- Light Weight

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

### Pre-Irradiation

	Parameter		Units
ID @ VGS = 12V, TC = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	35*	A
ID @ VGS = 12V, TC = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	25	
IDM	Pulsed Drain Current ①	161	
PD @ TC = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	250	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.0	W/°C
VGS	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500	mJ
IAR	Avalanche Current ①	35	A
EAR	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	25	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	5.7	V/ns
TJ	Operating Junction	-55 to 150	°C
TSTG	Storage Temperature Range		
	Lead Temperature	300 ( 0.063 in.(1.6mm) from case for 10s)	
	Weight	9.3 (Typical )	g

\*Current limited by pin diameter  
For footnotes refer to the last page

Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	200	—	—	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
ΔBV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.26	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
R <sub>DSS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.070	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> = 25A ④
		—	—	0.077		V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> = 35A
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
g <sub>fs</sub>	Forward Transconductance	9.0	—	—	S (Ω)	V <sub>DS</sub> > 15V, I <sub>DS</sub> = 25A ④
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	25	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = 160V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
		—	—	250		V <sub>DS</sub> = 160V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = 20V
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = -20V
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	—	—	290	nC	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> = 35A V <sub>DS</sub> = 100V
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	42		
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	120		
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	50	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 100V, I <sub>D</sub> = 35A V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, R <sub>G</sub> = 2.35Ω
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	—	—	200		
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	200		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	—	—	130		
LS + L <sub>D</sub>	Total Inductance	—	6.8	—	nH	Measured from Drain Lead (6mm/0.25in. from package) to source lead (6mm/0.25in from package) with Source wires bonded from Source Pin to Drain Pad
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	5300	—	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V f = 1.0MHz
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	1200	—		
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	360	—		

## Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I <sub>S</sub>	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	35*	A	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>S</sub> = 35A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V ④
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	140		
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.8	V	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 35A, di/dt ≤ 100A/μs
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	820	nS	V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 50V ④
Q <sub>RR</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	8.5	μC	
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L <sub>S</sub> + L <sub>D</sub> .				

\*Current limited by pin diameter

## Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R <sub>thJC</sub>	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.50	°C/W	Typical socket mount
R <sub>thJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	48		
R <sub>thCS</sub>	Case-to-Sink	—	0.21	—		

**Note: Corresponding Spice and Saber models are available on the G&S Website.**

For footnotes refer to the last page

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened MOSFETs are tested to verify their radiation hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier is comprised of two radiation environments. Every manufacturing lot is tested for total ionizing dose (per notes 5 and 6) using the TO-3 package. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

**Table 1. Electrical Characteristics @ Tj = 25°C, Post Total Dose Irradiation ⑤⑥**

Parameter		100 K Rads(Si) <sup>1</sup>		300 - 1000K Rads (Si) <sup>2</sup>		Units	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
BVDSS	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	200	—	200	—	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	4.0	1.25	4.5		V <sub>GS</sub> = V <sub>DS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	100	—	100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = 20V
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	-100	—	-100		V <sub>GS</sub> = -20 V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	25	—	50	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> =160V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source ④ On-State Resistance (TO-3)	—	0.070	—	0.110	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> =25A
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source ④ On-State Resistance (TO-254AA)	—	0.070	—	0.110	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> =25A
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage ④	—	1.8	—	1.8	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>S</sub> = 35A

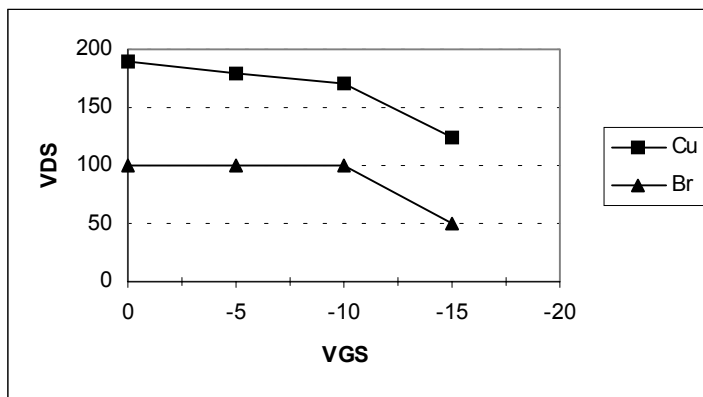
1. Part numbers IRHM7260 (JANSR2N7433)

2. Part number IRHM3260,IRHM4260 and IRHM8260 (JANSF2N7433, JANSG2N7433 and JANSH2N7433)

International Rectifier radiation hardened MOSFETs have been characterized in heavy ion environment for Single Event Effects (SEE). Single Event Effects characterization is illustrated in Fig. a and Table 2.

**Table 2. Single Event Effect Safe Operating Area**

Ion	LET MeV/(mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Energy (MeV)	Range (μm)	V <sub>DS</sub> (V)				
				@V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	@V <sub>GS</sub> =5V	@V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V	@V <sub>GS</sub> =-15V	@V <sub>GS</sub> =-20V
Cu	28	285	43	190	180	170	125	—
Br	36.8	305	39	100	100	100	50	—



**Fig a. Single Event Effect, Safe Operating Area**

For footnotes refer to the last page

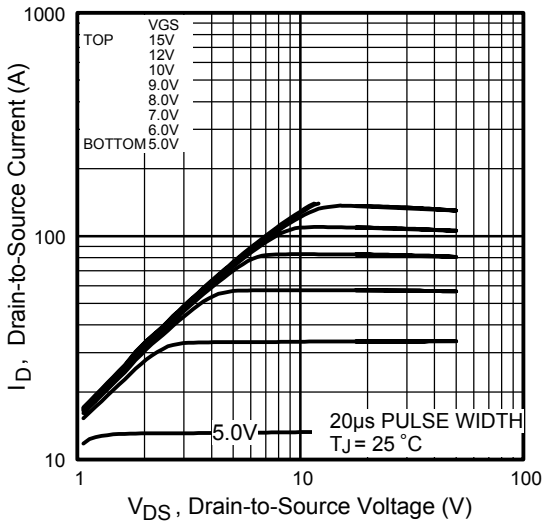


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

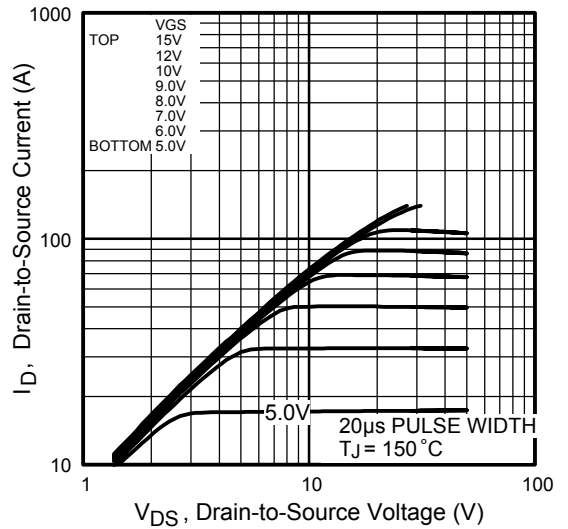


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

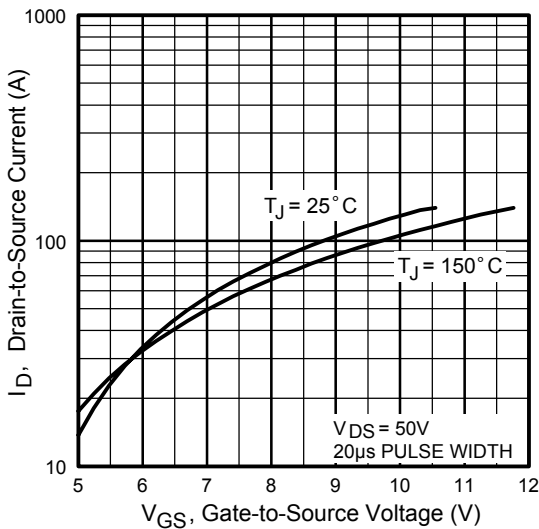


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

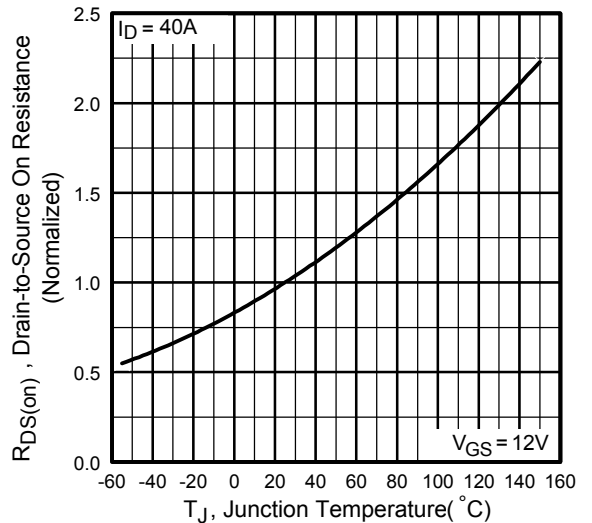


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

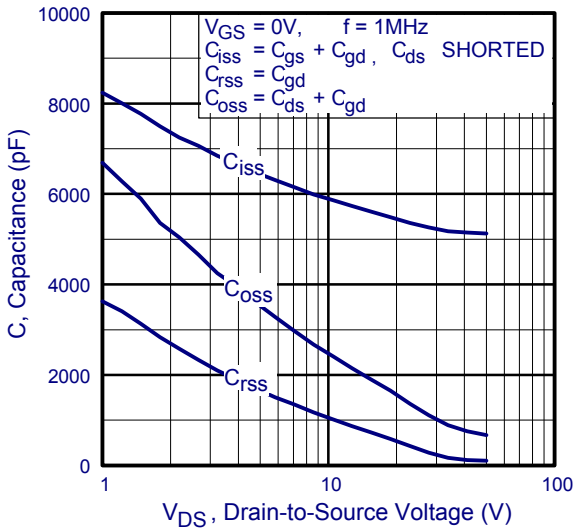


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

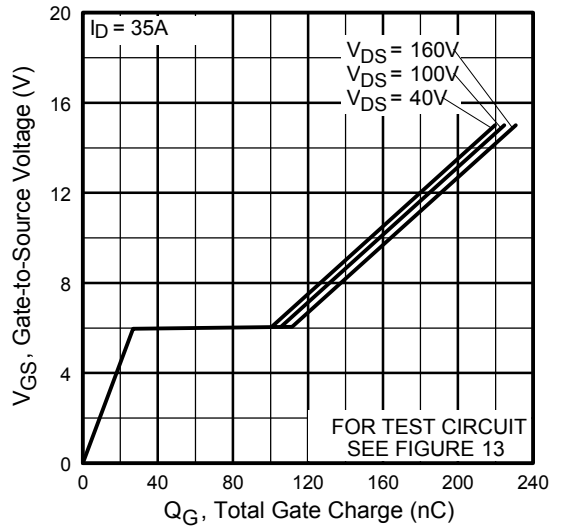


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

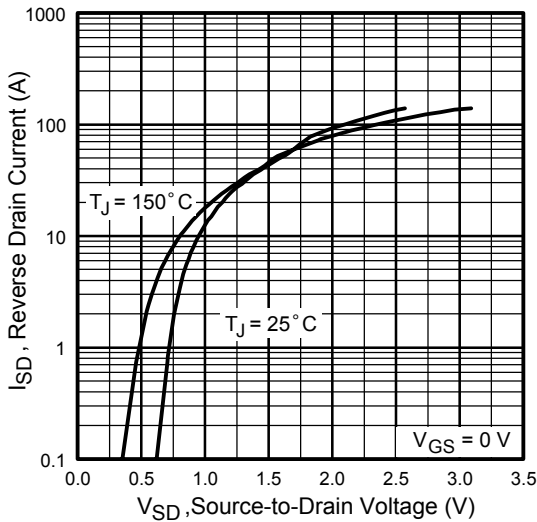


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

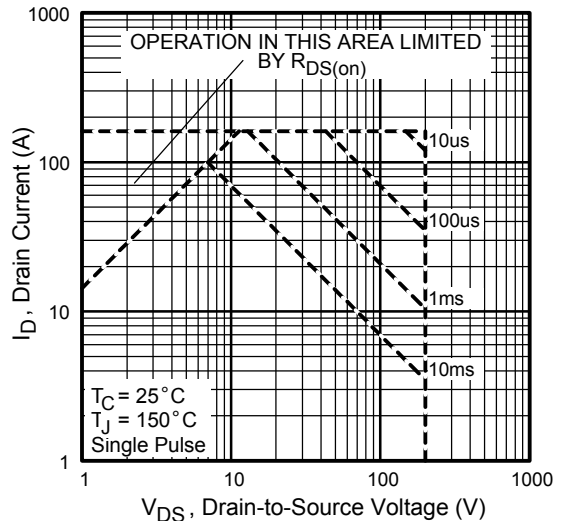


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

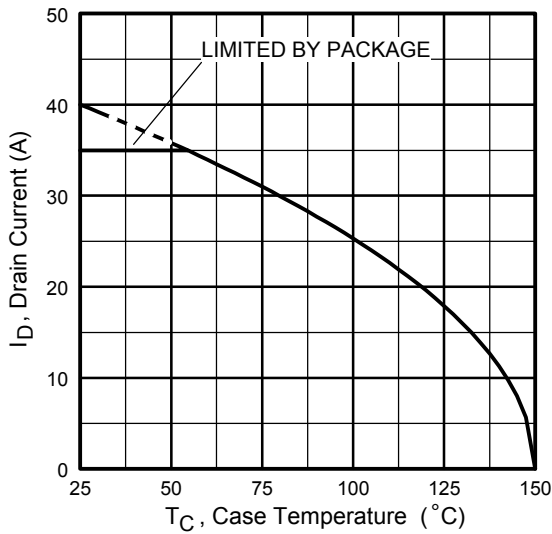


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

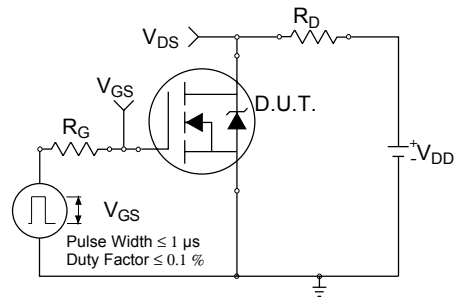


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

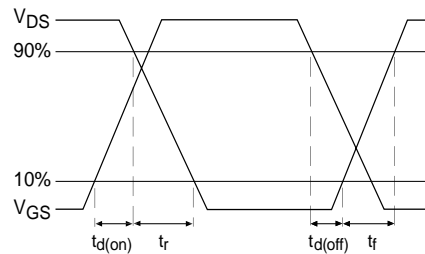


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

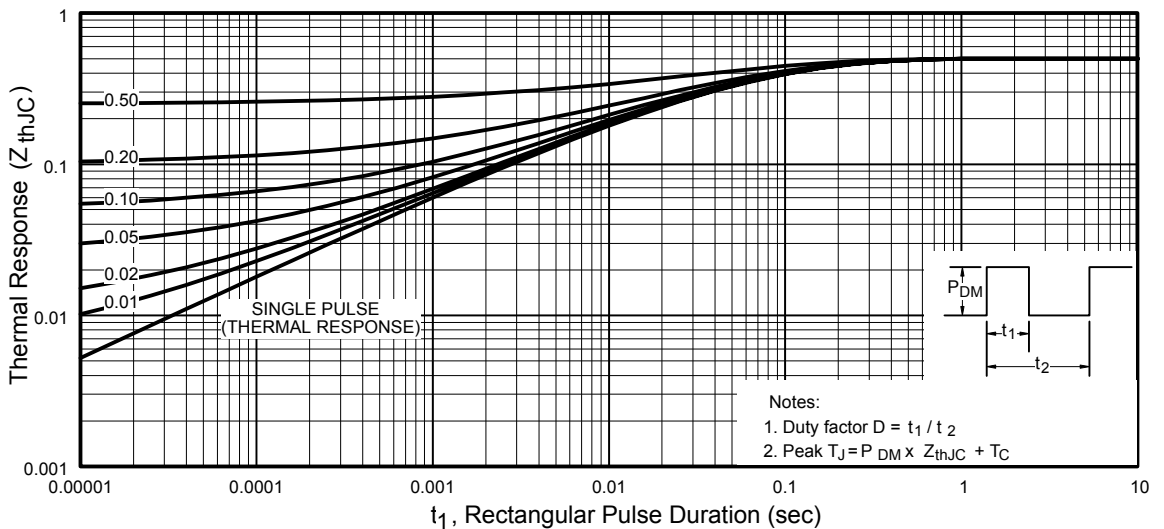


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

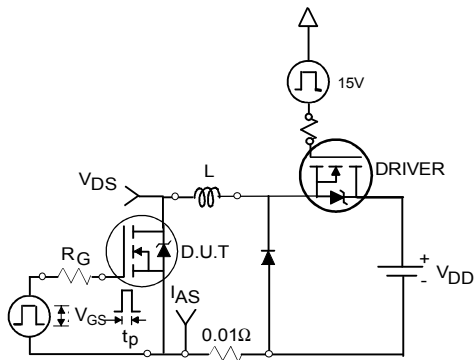


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

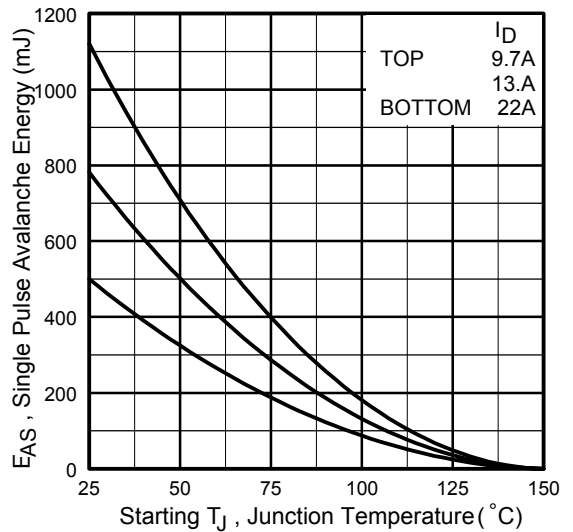


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

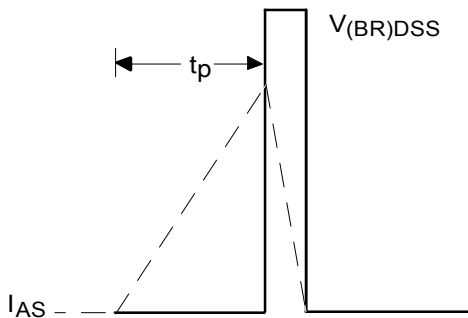


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

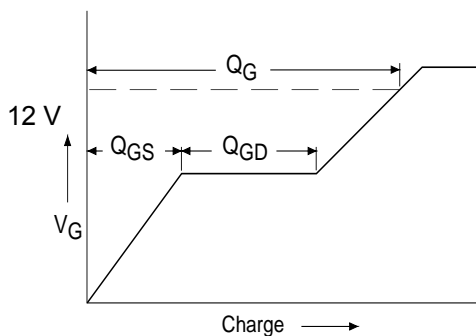


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

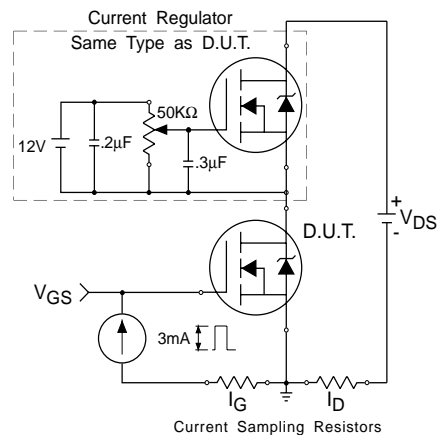
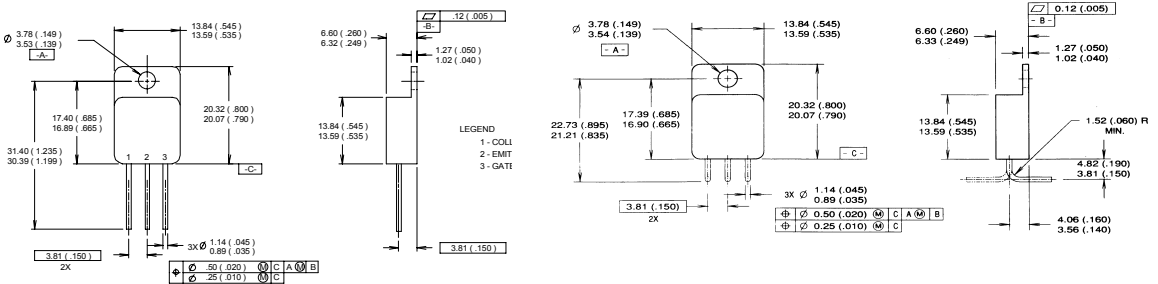


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Foot Notes:

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ②  $V_{DD} = 25V$ , starting  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $L=0.82mH$   
Peak  $I_L = 35A$ ,  $V_{GS} = 12V$
- ③  $I_{SD} \leq 35A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 410A/\mu s$ ,  
 $V_{DD} \leq 200V$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^{\circ}C$
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu s$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤ **Total Dose Irradiation with  $V_{GS}$  Bias.**  
12 volt  $V_{GS}$  applied and  $V_{DS} = 0$  during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑥ **Total Dose Irradiation with  $V_{DS}$  Bias.**  
160 volt  $V_{DS}$  applied and  $V_{GS} = 0$  during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.

Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-254AA



NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- 2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
- 3. LEADFORM IS AVAILABLE IN EITHER ORIENTATION

LEGEND

- 1- DRAIN
- 2- SOURCE
- 3- GATE

CAUTION

**BERYLLIA WARNING PER MIL-PRF-19500**

Package containing beryllia shall not be ground, sandblasted, machined, or have other operations performed on them which will produce beryllia or beryllium dust. Furthermore, beryllium oxide packages shall not be placed in acids that will produce fumes containing beryllium.



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