# RENESAS

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS RECOMMENDED REPLACEMENT PART ISL54050

# ISL54504, ISL54505

+1.8V to +5.5V, 2.5W, Single SPST Analog Switches

The Intersil ISL54504 and ISL54505 devices are low ON-resistance, low voltage, bidirectional, single pole/single throw (SPST) analog switches designed to operate from a single +1.8V to +5.5V supply. Targeted applications include battery powered equipment that benefit from low  $r_{ON}$  resistance (2.5 $\Omega$ ), excellent  $r_{ON}$  flatness (0.6 $\Omega$ ), and fast switching speeds (t<sub>ON</sub> = 25ns, t<sub>OFF</sub> = 15ns). The digital logic input is 1.8V CMOS compatible when using a single +3V supply.

Cell phones, for example, often face ASIC functionality limitations. The number of analog input or GPIO pins may be limited and digital geometries are not well suited to analog switch performance. This family of parts may be used to switch in additional functionality while reducing ASIC design risk. The ISL54504 and ISL54505 are offered in a 6 Ld 1.2mmx1.0mmx0.4mm pitch  $\mu$ TDFN package and a 6 Ld SOT-23 package, alleviating board space limitations.

The ISL54504 has one normally open (NO) switch and ISL54505 has one normally closed (NC) switch.

	ISL54504	ISL54505			
Number of Switches	1	1			
SW	NO	NC			
1.8V r <sub>ON</sub>	6Ω	6Ω			
1.8V t <sub>ON</sub> /t <sub>OFF</sub>	65ns/40ns	65ns/40ns			
3V r <sub>ON</sub>	4Ω	4Ω			
3V t <sub>ON</sub> /t <sub>OFF</sub>	30ns/20ns	30ns/20ns			
5V r <sub>ON</sub>	2.5Ω	2.5Ω			
5V t <sub>ON</sub> /t <sub>OFF</sub>	25ns/15ns	25ns/15ns			
Package	6 Ld µTDFN, 6 Ld SOT-23				

### TABLE 1. FEATURES AT A GLANCE

## Features

• ON-resistance $(r_{ON})$ - $V_{CC} = +5.0V$
<ul> <li>r<sub>ON</sub> flatness (+4.5V Supply) 0.6Ω</li> <li>Single supply operation</li></ul>
- t <sub>ON</sub>
<ul> <li>ESD HBM rating</li></ul>

• Pb-free available (RoHS compliant)

# **Applications**

- Battery powered, handheld, and portable equipment
  - Cellular/mobile phones
  - Pagers
  - Laptops, notebooks, palmtops
- Portable Test and Measurement
- Medical Equipment
- · Audio and video switching

# **Related Literature**

 Technical Brief TB363 "Guidelines for Handling and Processing Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices (SMDs)"





FN6552 Rev 2.00 October 23, 2009

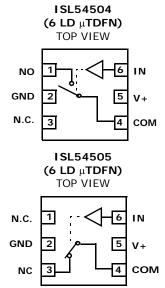
# **Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER (Notes 1, 4)	PART MARKING	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (Tape and Reel) (Pb-Free)	PKG. DWG. #
ISL54504IRUZ-T (Note 2)	4	-40 to +85	6 Ld μTDFN	L6.1.2x1.0A
ISL54504IHZ-T (Note 3)	4504	-40 to +85	6 Ld SOT-23	MDP0038
ISL54505IRUZ-T (Note 2)	5	-40 to +85	6 Ld μTDFN	L6.1.2x1.0A
ISL54505IHZ-T (Note 3)	4505	-40 to +85	6 Ld SOT-23	MDP0038

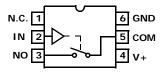
NOTES:

- 1. Please refer to TB347 for details on reel specifications.
- 2. These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and NiPdAu plate e4 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
- 3. These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets, molding compounds/die attach materials, and 100% matte tin plate plus anneal (e3 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations). Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
- 4. For Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), please see device information page for <u>ISL54504</u>, <u>ISL54505</u>. For more information on MSL please see techbrief <u>TB363</u>.

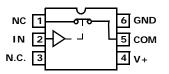
# Pin Configurations (Note 5)







ISL54505 (6 LD SOT-23) TOP VIEW



NOTE:

5. Switches Shown for Logic "0" Input.

# **Truth Table**

LOGIC	ISL54504	I SL54505
0	Off	On
1	On	Off

NOTE: Logic "0"  $\leq$ 0.5V. Logic "1"  $\geq$ 1.4V with a 3V supply.

# **Pin Descriptions**

PIN NAME	FUNCTION
V+	System Power Supply Input (+1.8V to +5.5V)
GND	Ground Connection
IN	Digital Control Input
COM	Analog Switch Common Pin
NO	Analog Switch Normally Open Pin
NC	Analog Switch Normally Closed Pin
N.C.	No Connect



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Electrical Specifications - 5V Supply

V+ to GND
Input Voltages
NO, NC, IN (Note 4)0.5V to ((V+) + 0.5V)
Output Voltages
COM (Note 4)
Continuous Current NO, NC, or COM ±300mA
Peak Current NO, NC, or COM
(Pulsed 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle, Max)±600mA
ESD Rating
Human Body Model
Machine Model
Charged Device Model

### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	θ <sub>JC</sub> (°C/W)
6 Ld µTDFN Package (Notes 7, 9).	. 239.2	111.6
6 Ld SOT-23 Package (Note 8, 10)	. 260	120
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plas	tic Package)	+150°C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	65°	C to +150°C
Pb-free Reflow Profile		ee link below
http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-	FreeReflow.a	<u>asp</u>

### **Operating Conditions**

Test Conditions: V + = +4.5V to +5.5V, GND = 0V,  $V_{INH} = 2.0V$ ,  $V_{INL} = 0.8V$ 

V+ (Positive DC Supply Voltage)	1.8V to 5.5V
Analog Signal Range	0V to V+
V <sub>IN</sub> (Digital Logic Input Voltage (IN)	OV to V+
Temperature Range4	0°C to +85°C

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

#### NOTES:

- 6. Signals on NC, NO, IN, or COM exceeding V+ or GND are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current ratings.
- 7. θ<sub>JA</sub> is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board with "direct attach" features. See Tech Brief TB379.
- θ<sub>JA</sub> is measured with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.
- 9. For  $\theta_{JC}$ , the "case temp" location is the center of the exposed metal pad on the package underside.
- 10. For  $\theta_{JC},$  the "case temp" location is taken at the package top center.

#### (Note 11), Unless Otherwise Specified. Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +85°C. TEMP MIN MAX PARAMETER **TEST CONDITIONS** (°C) (Notes 12, 13) TYP (Notes 12, 13) UNITS ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERISTICS Analog Signal Range, Full 0 V+ V -VANALOG ON-Resistance, rON V+ = 4.5V, $I_{COM}$ = 100mA, $V_{NO}$ or 2.5 25 22 0 \_ $V_{NC} = 0V$ to V+, (Note 15, See Figure 4) Full Ω \_ 3 \_ r<sub>ON</sub> Flatness, r<sub>FLAT(ON)</sub> V + = 4.5V, $I_{COM} = 100mA$ , $V_{NO}$ or 25 0.6 0.65 Ω - $V_{NC} = 0V \text{ to } V_{+}$ , (Notes 14, 15) Full 0.7 Ω \_ NO or NC OFF Leakage V + = 5.5V, $V_{COM} = 0.3V$ , 5V, $V_{NO}$ or 25 -25 1.5 25 nA $V_{\rm NC} = 5V, 0.3V$ Current, I<sub>NO(OFF)</sub> or Full -150 150 nA -INC(OFF) COM ON Leakage V + = 5.5V, $V_{COM} = 0.3V$ , 5V, or $V_{NO}$ or 25 -30 2.8 30 nA Current, I<sub>COM(ON)</sub> $V_{NC} = 0.3V$ , 5V, or Floating Full -300 300 \_ nA DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS Turn-ON Time, ton $V_{+} = 4.5V$ , $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 3.0V$ , $R_{L} = 50\Omega$ , 25 25 ns $C_L = 35pF$ (See Figure 1, Note 15) Full 25 ns \_ \_ V+ = 4.5V, V<sub>NO</sub> or V<sub>NC</sub> = 3.0V, R<sub>L</sub> = $\overline{50\Omega}$ , Turn-OFF Time, tOFF 25 15 ns $C_L = 35 pF$ (See Figure 1, Note 15) Full 16 \_ \_ ns Break-Before-Make Time V+ = 5.5V, V<sub>NO</sub> or V<sub>NC</sub> = 3.0V, R<sub>L</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ , Full 15 ns --Delay, t<sub>D</sub> $C_L = 35 pF$ (See Figure 3, Note 15) Charge Injection, Q $V_{G} = 0V, R_{G} = 0\Omega, C_{L} = 1.0nF$ 25 24 pC \_ \_ (See Figure 2) **OFF** Isolation $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 5pF$ , f = 1MHz, 25 70 dB \_ \_ $V_{COM} = 1V_{P-P}$ (See Figure 3)



### **Electrical Specifications - 5V Supply**

Test Conditions: V+ = +4.5V to +5.5V, GND = 0V, V<sub>INH</sub> = 2.0V, V<sub>INL</sub> = 0.8V (Note 11), Unless Otherwise Specified. Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +85°C. (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN (Notes 12, 13)	ТҮР	MAX (Notes 12, 13)	UNITS
Total Harmonic Distortion	$f = 20Hz \text{ to } 20\text{kHz}, V_{COM} = 2V_{P-P},$ $R_L = 32\Omega$	25	-	0.15	-	%
Total Harmonic Distortion	$f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$ , $V_{COM} = 2V_{P-P}$ , $R_L = 600\Omega$	25	-	0.014	-	%
-3dB Bandwidth	Signal = 0dBm, $R_L = 50\Omega$	25	-	250	-	MHz
NO or NC OFF Capacitance, C <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{+} = 4.5V$ , f = 1MHz, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 5)	25	-	7	-	pF
COM ON Capacitance, C <sub>COM</sub> (ON)	$V_{+} = 4.5V$ , f = 1MHz, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 5)	25	-	18	-	pF
POWER SUPPLY CHARA	ACTERISTICS					
Power Supply Range		Full	1.8	-	5.5	V
Positive Supply Current,	$V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } V_{+}$	25	-	0.028	0.1	μA
1+		Full	-	1.1	2.5	μA
DIGITAL INPUT CHARA	CTERISTICS					r
Input Voltage Low, VINL		Full	-	-	0.8	V
Input Voltage High, VINH		Full	2.4	-	-	V
Input Current, IINH, IINL	$V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } V_{+}$	Full	-0.1	0.053	0.1	μA

**Electrical Specifications - 3V Supply** 

Test Conditions: V+ = +2.7V to +3.6V, GND = 0V, V<sub>INH</sub> = 1.4V, V<sub>INL</sub> = 0.5V (Note 11), Unless Otherwise Specified. Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +85°C.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN (Notes 12, 13)	ТҮР	MAX (Notes 12, 13)	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHA	RACTERISTICS		1			I.
Analog Signal Range, VANALOG		Full	0	-	V+	V
ON-Resistance, r <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{+} = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} or$	25	-	3.3	3.5	Ω
μTDFN	$V_{NC} = 0V$ to V+, (Note 15, See Figure 4)	Full	-	-	4.5	Ω
ON-Resistance, r <sub>ON</sub>		25	-	3.3	3.6	Ω
SOT-23	$V_{\text{NC}} = 0V \text{ to } V_{+}, \text{ (Note 15, See Figure 4)}$	Full	-	-	4.5	Ω
r <sub>ON</sub> Flatness, r <sub>FLAT(ON)</sub>	$V_{+} = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} \text{ or}$	25	-	1	1.1	Ω
μTDFN	$V_{NC} = 0V$ to V+, (Notes 7, 15)	Full	-	-	1.2	Ω
r <sub>ON</sub> Flatness, r <sub>FLAT(ON)</sub>	V+ = 2.7V, I <sub>COM</sub> = 100mA, V <sub>NO</sub> or V <sub>NC</sub> = 0V to V+, (Notes 7, 15)	25	-	1	1.2	Ω
SOT-23		Full	-	-	1.3	Ω
DYNAMIC CHARACTER	ISTICS				·	
Turn-ON Time, t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{+} = 2.7V, V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1.5V, R_{L} = 50\Omega,$	25	-	30	-	ns
	$C_L = 35pF$ (See Figure 1, Note 15)	Full	-	30	-	ns
Turn-OFF Time, t <sub>OFF</sub>	$\begin{array}{l} V_{+}=2.7V,\ V_{NO}\ or\ V_{NC}=1.5V,\ R_{L}=50\Omega,\\ C_{L}=35pF\ (See\ Figure\ 1,\ Note\ 15) \end{array}$	25	-	20	-	ns
		Full	-	20	-	ns
Charge Injection, Q	$V_G = 0V$ , $R_G = 0\Omega$ , $C_L = 1.0nF$ (See Figure 2)	25	-	16	-	рС
OFF Isolation	$R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 5pF$ , $f = 1MHz$ , $V_{COM} = 1V_{P-P}$ (See Figure 3)	25	-	-70	-	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	f = 20Hz to 20kHz, $V_{COM}$ = 2V <sub>P-P</sub> , $R_L$ = 32 $\Omega$	25	-	0.36	-	%
Total Harmonic Distortion	$ \begin{array}{l} f = 20 Hz \ to \ 20 kHz, \ V_{COM} = 2 V_{P-P}, \\ R_L = 600 \Omega \end{array} $	25	-	0.03	-	%



### **Electrical Specifications - 3V Supply**

Test Conditions: V + = +2.7V to +3.6V, GND = 0V,  $V_{INH} = 1.4V$ ,  $V_{INL} = 0.5V$  (Note 11), Unless Otherwise Specified. Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +85°C. (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN (Notes 12, 13)	ТҮР	MAX (Notes 12, 13)	UNITS
-3dB Bandwidth	Signal = 0dBm, $R_L = 50\Omega$	25	-	250	-	MHz
NO or NC OFF Capacitance, C <sub>OFF</sub>	f = 1MHz, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 5)	25	-	6	-	pF
COM OFF Capacitance, C <sub>COM</sub> (OFF)	f = 1MHz, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 5)	25	-	15	-	pF
COM ON Capacitance, C <sub>COM</sub> (ON)	f = 1MHz, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 5)	25	-	18	-	pF
POWER SUPPLY CHAR	ACTERISTICS	<b>I</b> I	1			
Positive Supply Current,	$V_{+} = 3.6V, V_{1N} = 0V \text{ or } V_{+}$	25	-	0.013	-	μΑ
1+		Full	-	0.7	-	μA
DIGITAL INPUT CHARA	ACTERISTICS	<b>I</b> I	1			
Input Voltage Low, VINL		Full	-	-	0.5	V
Input Voltage High, V <sub>INH</sub>		Full	1.4	-	-	V
Input Current, IINH, IINL	$V + = 3.6V, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } V +$	Full	-0.1	0.058	0.1	μA

### **Electrical Specifications - 1.8V Supply**

Test Conditions: V+ = +1.8V, GND = 0V, V<sub>INH</sub> = 1V, V<sub>INL</sub> = 0.4V (Note 11), Unless Otherwise Specified. Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -40°C to +85°C.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN (Notes 12, 13)	түр	MAX (Notes 12, 13)	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHARA	ACTERISTICS					
Analog Signal Range, V <sub>ANALOG</sub>		Full	0	-	V+	V
ON-Resistance, r <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{+} = 1.8V, I_{COM} = 10mA, V_{NO} \text{ or}$	25	-	6	6.5	Ω
	$V_{NC} = 0V$ to V+ (Note 15, See Figure 4)	Full	-	-	7	Ω
DYNAMIC CHARACTERIS	TICS	r				r
Turn-ON Time, t <sub>ON</sub>	$ \begin{array}{l} V+ = 1.8V,  V_{NO} \; or \; V_{NC} = 1.5V,  R_L = 50\Omega, \\ C_L = 35pF \; (See \; Figure \; 1, \; Note \; 15) \end{array} $	25	-	65	-	ns
		Full	-	95	-	ns
Turn-OFF Time, t <sub>OFF</sub>	$\begin{array}{l} V+=1.8V,V_{NO}\text{or}V_{NC}=1.5V,R_{L}=50\Omega,\\ C_{L}=35pF(\text{See Figure 1, Note 15}) \end{array}$	25	-	40	-	ns
		Full	-	65	-	ns
Charge Injection, Q	$V_G = V + /2$ , $R_G = 0\Omega$ , $C_L = 1.0nF$ (See Figure 2)	25	-	8.2	-	рС
DIGITAL INPUT CHARAC	TERISTICS	1	L	1		1
Input Voltage Low, V <sub>INL</sub>		Full	-	-	0.4	V
Input Voltage High, V <sub>INH</sub>		Full	1	-	-	V

NOTES:

11.  $V_{IN}$  = input voltage to perform proper function.

12. The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.

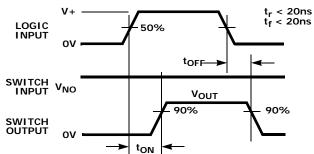
13. Parts are 100% tested at +25°C. Over-temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.

14. Flatness is defined as the difference between maximum and minimum value of on-resistance over the specified analog signal range.

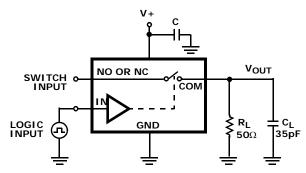
15. Limits established by characterization and are not production tested.







Logic input waveform is inverted for switches that have the opposite logic sense.



Repeat test for all switches. CL includes fixture and stray capacitance. 

$$V_{OUT} = V_{(NO \text{ or } NC)} \frac{R_L}{R_L + r_{(ON)}}$$

FIGURE 1A. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 1. SWITCHING TIMES

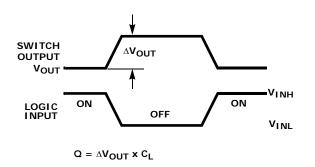


FIGURE 2A. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 2. CHARGE INJECTION



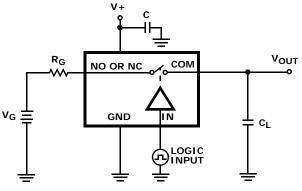


FIGURE 2B. TEST CIRCUIT

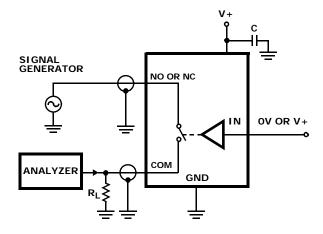
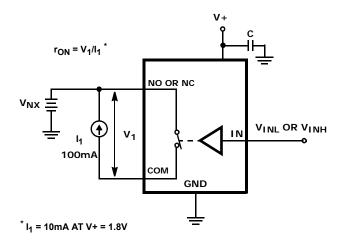
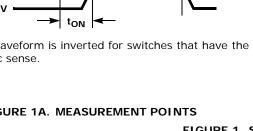


FIGURE 3. OFF ISOLATION TEST CIRCUIT







# Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)

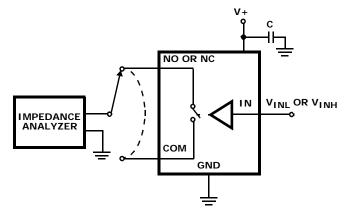


FIGURE 5. CAPACITANCE TEST CIRCUIT

# **Detailed Description**

The ISL54504 and ISL54505 are bidirectional, single pole/single throw (SPST) analog switches. They offer precise switching capability from a single 1.8V to 5.5V supply with low ON-resistance (2.5 $\Omega$ ) and high speed operation (t<sub>ON</sub> = 25ns, t<sub>OFF</sub> = 15ns). The devices are especially well suited for portable battery powered equipment due to their low operating supply voltage (1.8V), low power consumption (0.15 $\mu$ W), low leakage currents (300nA max) and tiny  $\mu$ TDFN and SOT-23 packages.

The ISL54504 is a single normally open (NO) SPST analog switch. The ISL54505 is a single normally closed (NC) SPST analog switch.

### **External V+ Series Resistor**

For improved ESD and latch-up immunity, Intersil recommends adding a  $100\Omega$  resistor in series with the V+ power supply pin of the ISL54504, ISL54505 IC (see Figure 6).

During an overvoltage transient event (such as occurs during system level IEC 61000 ESD testing), substrate currents can be generated in the IC that can trigger parasitic SCR structures to turn ON, creating a low impedance path from the V+ power supply to ground. This will result in a significant amount of current flow in the IC, which can potentially create a latch-up state or permanently damage the IC. The external V+ resistor limits the current during this over-stress situation and has been found to prevent latch-up or destructive damage for many overvoltage transient events.

Under normal operation the sub-microamp  $I_{DD}$  current of the IC produces an insignificant voltage drop across the  $100\Omega$  series resistor resulting in no impact to switch operation or performance.

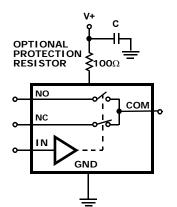


FIGURE 6. V+ SERIES RESISTOR FOR ENHANCED ESD AND LATCH-UP IMMUNITY

# Supply Sequencing And Overvoltage Protection

With any CMOS device, proper power supply sequencing is required to protect the device from excessive input currents, which might permanently damage the IC. All I/O pins contain ESD protection diodes from the pin to V+ and to GND (see Figure 7). To prevent forward biasing these diodes, V+ must be applied before any input signals, and the input signal voltages must remain between V+ and GND.

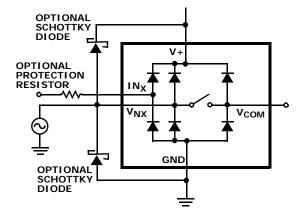
If these conditions cannot be guaranteed then precautions must be implemented to prohibit the current and voltage at the logic pin and signal pins from exceeding the maximum ratings of the switch. The following two methods can be used to provide additional protection to limit the current in the event that the voltage at a signal pin or logic pin goes below ground or above the V+ rail.

Logic inputs can easily be protected by adding a  $1k\Omega$  resistor in series with the input (see Figure 7). The resistor limits the input current below the threshold that produces permanent damage and the sub-



microamp input current produces an insignificant voltage drop during normal operation.

This method is not acceptable for the signal path inputs. Adding a series resistor to the switch input defeats the purpose of using a low  $r_{ON}$  switch. Connecting Schottky diodes to the signal pins (as shown in Figure 7) will shunt the fault current to the supply or to ground, thereby protecting the switch. These Schottky diodes must be sized to handle the expected fault current.





### **Power-Supply Considerations**

The ISL54504, ISL54505 construction is typical of most single supply CMOS analog switches in that they have two supply pins: V+ and GND. V+ and GND drive the internal CMOS switches and set their analog voltage limits. Unlike switches with a 4V maximum supply voltage, the ISL54504, ISL54505 5.5V maximum supply voltage provides plenty of room for the 10% tolerance of 3.6V supplies, as well as room for overshoot and noise spikes.

The minimum recommended supply voltage is 1.8V but the part will operate with a supply below 1.8V. It is important to note that the input signal range, switching times, and ON-resistance degrade at lower supply voltages. Refer to the "Electrical Specifications" tables starting on page 3 and the "Typical Performance Curves" starting on page 9 for details.

V+ and GND also power the internal logic and level shiftier. The level shiftier converts the input logic levels to switched V+ and GND signals to drive the analog switch gate terminals.

This family of switches cannot be operated with bipolar supplies because the input switching point becomes negative in this configuration.

### Logic-Level Thresholds

This switch family is 1.8V CMOS compatible (0.5V and 1.4V) over a supply range of 2V to 3.6V (see Figure 14). At 3.6V the  $V_{IH}$  level is about 0.95V. This is still below the 1.8V CMOS guaranteed high output minimum level of 1.4V, but noise margin is reduced.

The digital input stages draw supply current whenever the digital input voltage is not at one of the supply rails. Driving the digital input signals from GND to V+ with a fast transition time minimizes power dissipation.

### **High-Frequency Performance**

In 50 $\Omega$  systems, the ISL54504/ISL54505 has a -3dB bandwidth of 250MHz (see Figure 15). The frequency response is very consistent over a wide V+ range and for varying analog signal levels.

An OFF switch behaves like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation, resulting in signal feedthrough from a switch's input to output. Off isolation is the resistance of this signal feedthrough. Figure 16 details the high off isolation provided by the ISL54504, ISL54505. At 1MHz, off isolation is about 70dB in 50 $\Omega$  systems, decreasing approximately 20dB per decade as frequency increases. Higher load impedances decrease off isolation due to the voltage divider action of the switch OFF impedance and the load impedance.

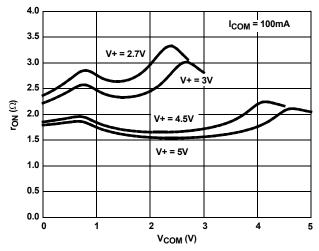
### Leakage Considerations

Reverse ESD protection diodes are internally connected between each analog-signal pin and both V+ and GND. One of these diodes conducts if any analog signal exceeds V+ or GND.

Virtually all the analog leakage current comes from the ESD diodes to V+ or GND. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical and therefore fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either V+ or GND and the analog signal. This means their leakages will vary as the signal varies. The difference in the two diode leakages to the V+ and GND pins constitutes the analog-signal-path leakage current. All analog leakage current flows between each pin and one of the supply terminals, not to the other switch terminal. This is why both sides of a given switch can show leakage currents of the same or opposite polarity. There is no connection between the analog signal paths and V+ or GND.



# Typical Performance Curves $T_A = +25$ °C, Unless Otherwise Specified.





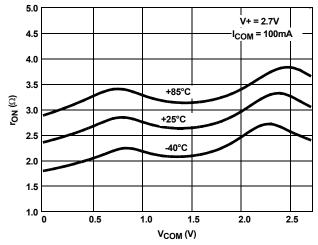


FIGURE 10. ON-RESISTANCE vs SWITCH VOLTAGE

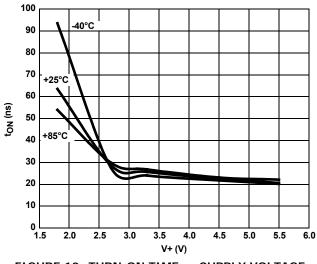


FIGURE 12. TURN-ON TIME vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

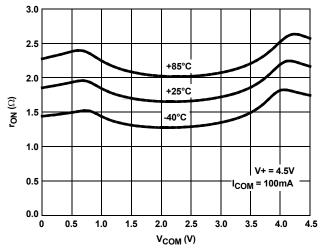
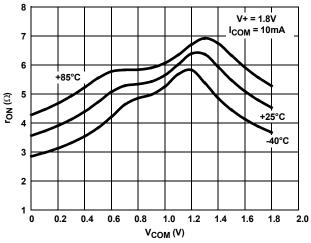
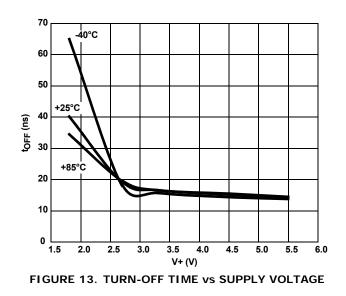


FIGURE 9. ON-RESISTANCE vs SWITCH VOLTAGE

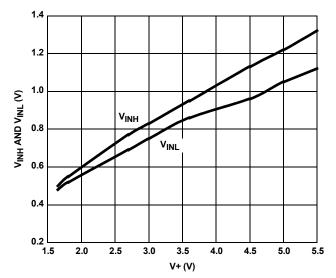


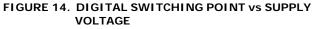


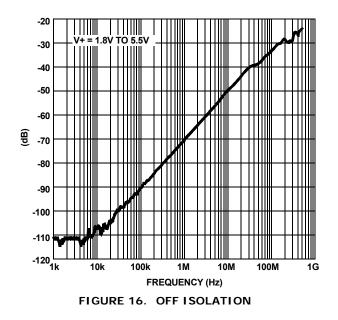


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# Typical Performance Curves T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified. (Continued)







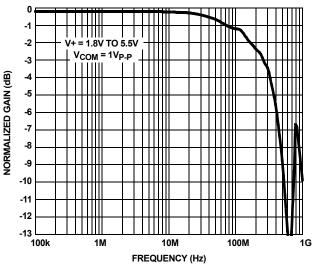


FIGURE 15. FREQUENCY RESPONSE

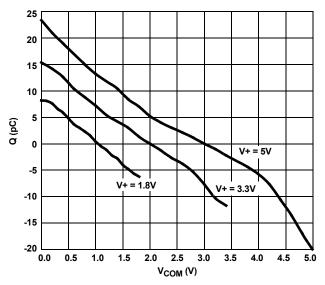


FIGURE 17. CHARGE INJECTION vs SWITCH VOLTAGE

# **Die Characteristics**

SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):

GND

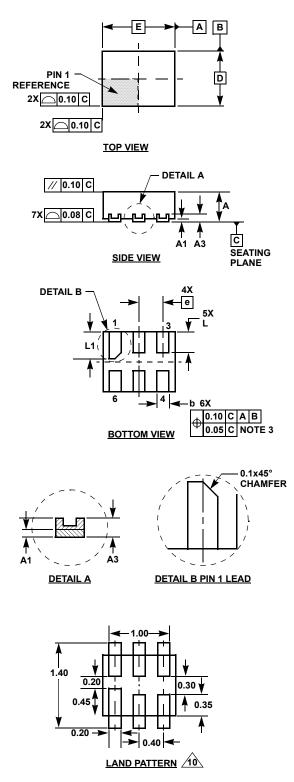
### TRANSISTOR COUNT:

### PROCESS:

Submicron CMOS



# Ultra Thin Dual Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (UTDFN)



### L6.1.2x1.0A

6 LEAD ULTRA THIN DUAL FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

	MILLIMETERS			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOMINAL	MAX	NOTES
А	0.45	0.50	0.55	-
A1	-	-	0.05	-
A3	0.127 REF			-
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	5
D	0.95	1.00	1.05	-
E	1.15	1.20	1.25	-
е	0.40 BSC			-
L	0.30	0.35	0.40	-
L1	0.40	0.45	0.50	-
N	6			2
Ne	3			3
θ	0	-	12	4

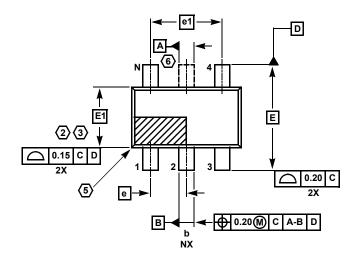
NOTES:

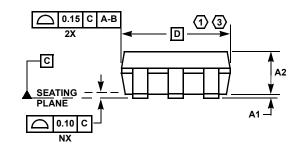
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.

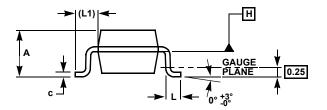
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- 2. N is the number of terminals.
- 3. Ne refers to the number of terminals on E side.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
- 5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- 6. The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- 7. Maximum package warpage is 0.05mm.
- 8. Maximum allowable burrs is 0.076mm in all directions.
- 9. JEDEC Reference MO-255.
- 10. For additional information, to assist with the PCB Land Pattern Design effort, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.

### SOT-23 Package Family







### MDP0038

SOT-23 PACKAGE FAMILY

	MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	SOT23-5	SOT23-6	TOLERANCE
А	1.45	1.45	MAX
A1	0.10	0.10	±0.05
A2	1.14	1.14	±0.15
b	0.40	0.40	±0.05
С	0.14	0.14	±0.06
D	2.90	2.90	Basic
E	2.80	2.80	Basic
E1	1.60	1.60	Basic
е	0.95	0.95	Basic
e1	1.90	1.90	Basic
L	0.45	0.45	±0.10
L1	0.60	0.60	Reference
Ν	5	6	Reference
	1	1	Rev. F 2/07

### NOTES:

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25mm maximum per side are not included.
- 3. This dimension is measured at Datum Plane "H".
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 5. Index area Pin #1 I.D. will be located within the indicated zone (SOT23-6 only).
- 6. SOT23-5 version has no center lead (shown as a dashed line).

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