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ISL59123
Triple Channel Video Driver with LPF

FN6432
Rev 1.00
April 4, 2007

The ISL59123 is a triple channel reconstruction filter with a -3dB roll-off frequency of 18MHz. Operating from single supplies ranging from +2.5V to +3.6V and sinking a low 4mA quiescent current, the ISL59123 is ideally suited for low power, battery-operated applications. An enable pin allows the part to be placed in a 500nA shutdown mode in less than 30ns.

The ISL59123 is designed to meet the needs for extremely low power and bandwidth requirements in battery-operated communication, instrumentation, and modern industrial applications such as video on demand, cable set-top boxes, MP3 players, and HDTV. The ISL59123 is offered in a space-saving chipscale package guaranteed to a 0.57mm maximum height constraint and specified for operation from -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

Block Diagram
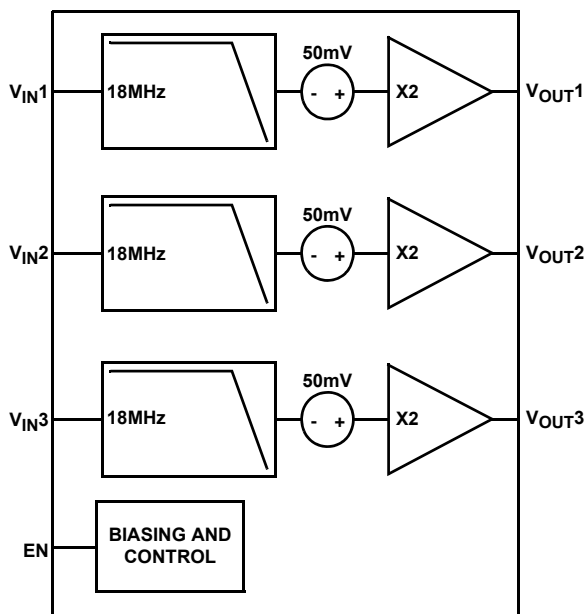
Features

- 3rd order 18MHz reconstruction filter
- 4mA typical supply current
- Less than 500nA maximum power-down current
- 2.5V to 3.6V supply range
- CSP package
- Pb-free plus anneal available (RoHS compliant)

Applications

- Video amplifiers
- Portable and handheld products
- Communications devices
- Video on demand
- Cable set-top boxes
- Satellite set-top boxes
- MP3 players
- HDTV
- Personal video recorder

Pinout

ISL59123
(9 BALL WLCSP)
TOP VIEW
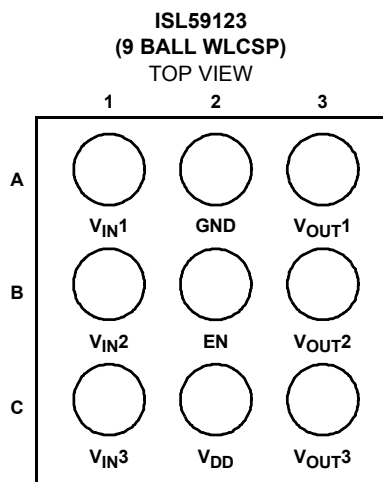
Ordering Information

PART NUMBER (Note)	PART MARKING	TAPE AND REEL	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (Pb-free)	PKG. DWG. #
ISL59123IIZ-T7	123Z	7"	-40 to +85	9 Ball 3x3 WLCSP	W3x3.9B

NOTE: Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = +25°C)

Supply Voltage from V_{DD} to GND 4.2V
Input Voltage . . . .V_{DD} +0.3V to GND -0.3V
Continuous Output Current 40mA
Storage Temperature . . . .-65°C to +125°C
Ambient Operating Temperature . . . .-40°C to +85°C
Operating Junction Temperature . . . .+125°C
ESD Rating
   Human Body Model (Per MIL-STD-883 Method 3015.7) . . .2500V
   Machine Model (Per EIAJ ED-4701 Method C-111) 300V

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)
9 Ball WLCSP	105

Pb-free reflow profile . . . . .see link below
   http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

IMPORTANT NOTE: All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typ values are for information purposes only. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore: $T_J = T_C = T_A$

Electrical Specifications V_{DD} = 3.3V, T_A = +25°C, R_{SOURCE} = 200Ω, R_L = 150Ω to GND, unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage Range		2.5		3.6	V
I_{DD}	Quiescent Supply Current	V_{IN} = 500mV, EN = V_{DD}, no load		4.0	6.0	mA
I_{DD_OFF}	Shutdown Supply Current	EN = 0V			0.5	µA
C_{IN}	V_{IN} Input Capacitance				10	pF
I_{IN}	V_{IN} Input Bias Current	0.0V < V_{IN} < 2.0V		0.01	1	µA
V_{OLS}	Output Level Shift Voltage	V_{IN} = 0V, no load (minimum output voltage)	45	100	150	mV
A_V	Voltage Gain	R_L = 150Ω	1.95	1.99	2.04	V/V
ΔA_V	Channel-to Channel Gain Mismatch			±0.5	±1.75	%
PSRR	DC Power Supply Rejection	V_{DD} = 2.7V to 3.3V		63		dB
V_{OH}	Output Voltage High Swing	V_{IN} = 2V, R_L = 150Ω to GND	2.85	3.1		V
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	V_{IN} = 2V, V_{OUT} shorted to GND through 10Ω	100	140		mA
		V_{IN} = 0V, V_{OUT} shorted to V_{DD} through 10Ω	140	200		mA
I_{ENABLE}	Enable Input Current	0V < V_{EN} < 3.3V		±0.003	±1	µA
V_{IL}	Disable Threshold	V_{DD} = 2.7V to 3.3V			0.8	V
V_{IH}	Enable Threshold	V_{DD} = 2.7V to 3.3V	2.0			V
R_{OUT}	Shutdown Output Impedance	EN = 0V DC	5.0	6.4	8.0	kΩ
		EN = 0V, f = 4.5MHz		1.5		kΩ
AC PERFORMANCE						
BW	-3dB Bandwidth	R_L = 150Ω, C_L = 5pF		18		MHz
Passband Gain	Normalized Gain at 11MHz	R_L = 150Ω, C_L = 5pF	-0.5		+0.5	dB
Stopband Gain	Normalized Stopband Gain (minimum limits guaranteed by design and bench characterization)	f = 43MHz	-11	-16		dB
		f = 54MHz	-16	-21		dB
dG	Differential Gain	NTSC and PAL		0.10		%
dP	Differential Phase	NTSC and PAL		0.5		°
D/DT	Group Delay Variation	f = 400kHz, 5MHz		5.4		ns
SNR	Signal To Noise Ratio	100% white signal		65		dB
+SR	Positive Slew Rate	10% to 90%, V_{IN} = 1V step	40	55		V/µs

Electrical Specifications V_{DD} = 3.3V, T_A = +25°C, R_{SOURCE} = 200Ω, R_L = 150Ω to GND, unless otherwise specified. **(Continued)**

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
-SR	Negative Slew Rate	90% to 10%, V_{IN} = 1V step	50	60		V/µs
t_F	Fall Time	2.5V_{STEP}, 80% to 20%		25		ns
t_R	Rise Time	2.5V_{STEP}, 20% to 80%		22		ns
t_{ON}	Enable Time	V_{IN} = 500mV, V_{OUT} to 1%		250		ns
t_{OFF}	Disable Time	V_{IN} = 500mV, V_{OUT} to 1%		30		ns

Pin Descriptions

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
A1	$V_{IN}1$	Video input for Channel 1
A2	GND	Ground
A3	$V_{OUT}1$	Video output for Channel 1
B1	$V_{IN}2$	Video input for Channel 2
B2	EN	Enable
B3	$V_{OUT}2$	Video output for Channel 2
C1	$V_{IN}3$	Video input for Channel 3
C2	V_{DD}	Positive power supply
C3	$V_{OUT}3$	Video output for Channel 3

Component Video Connection Diagram
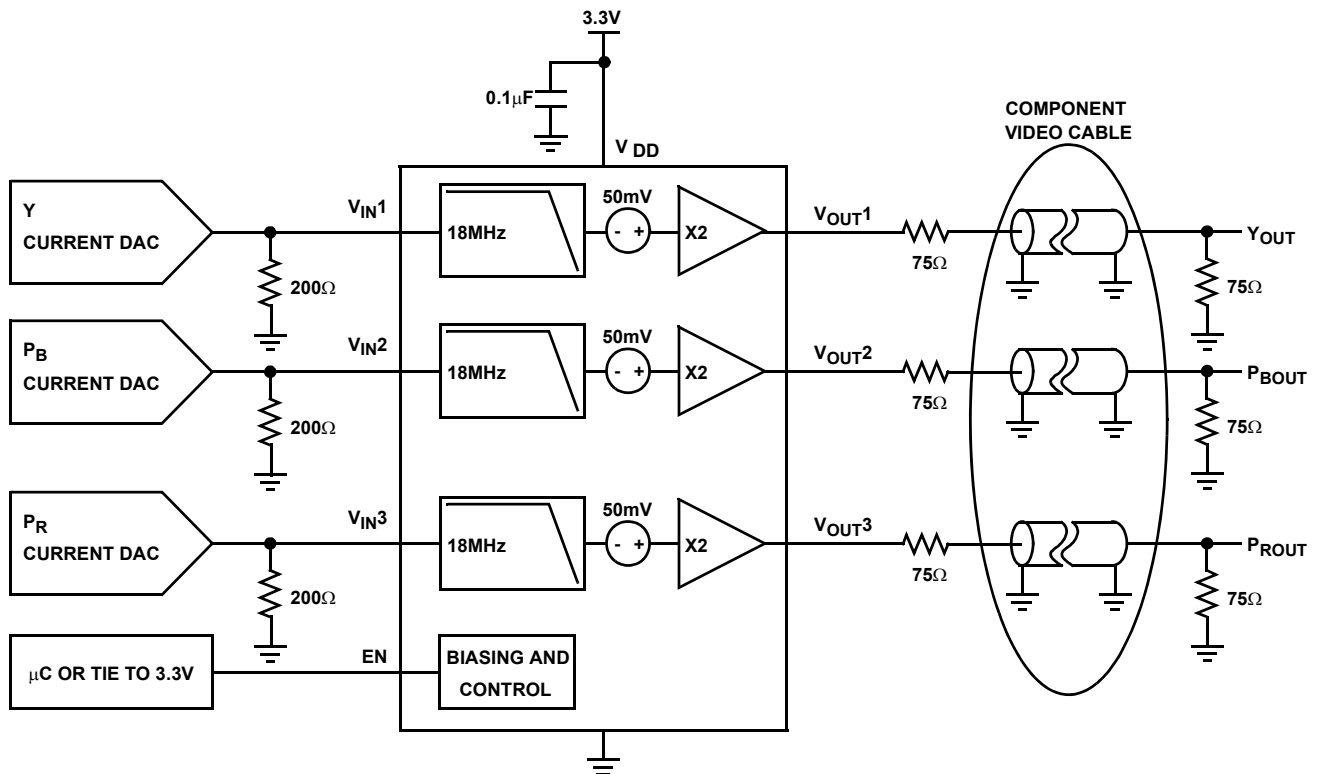
Composite and S-Video Connection Diagram

RENESAS
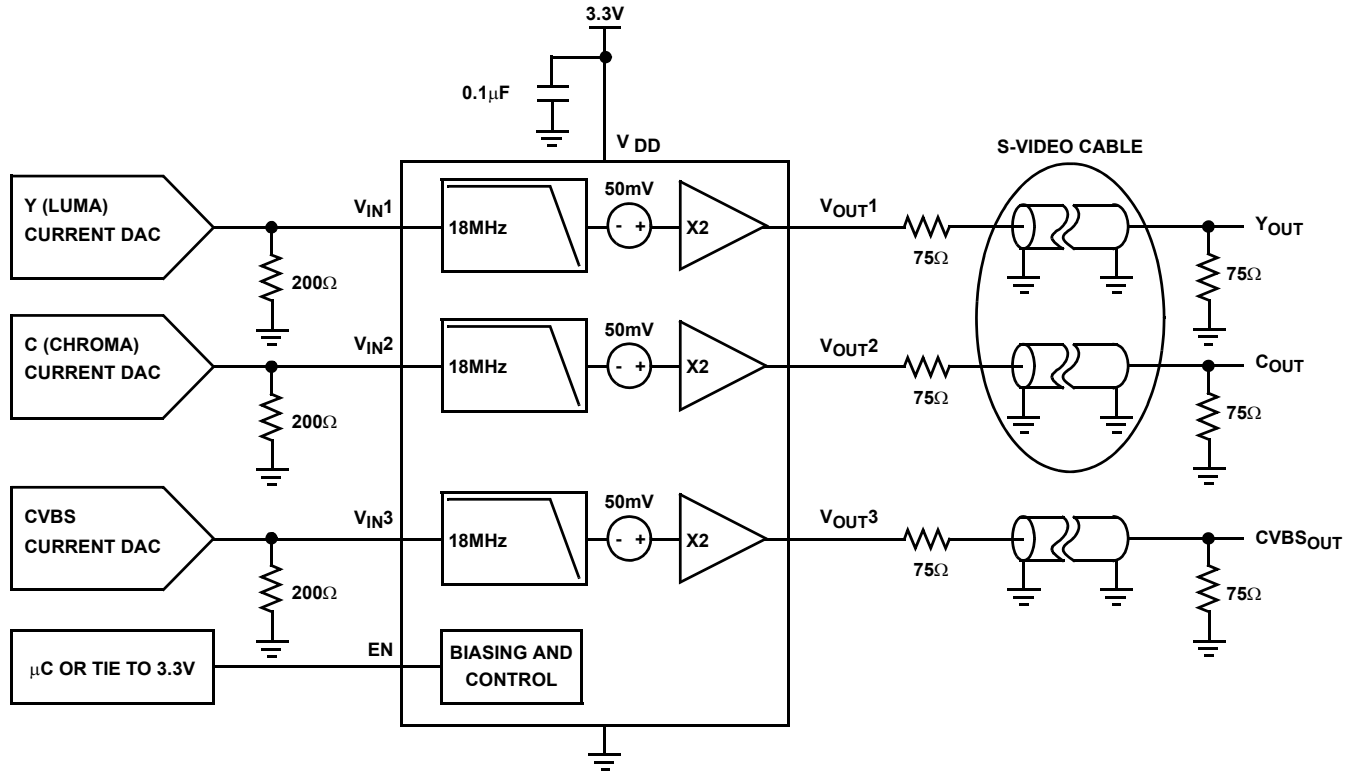
Typical Performance Curves V_{DD} = +3.3V, R_L = 150Ω, unless otherwise noted
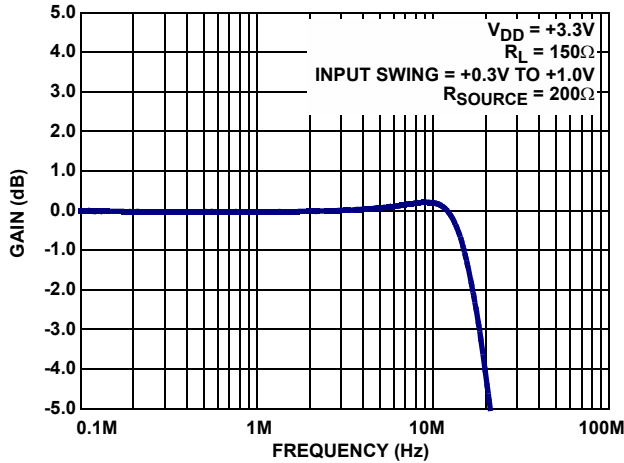
FIGURE 1. GAIN vs FREQUENCY -0.1dB
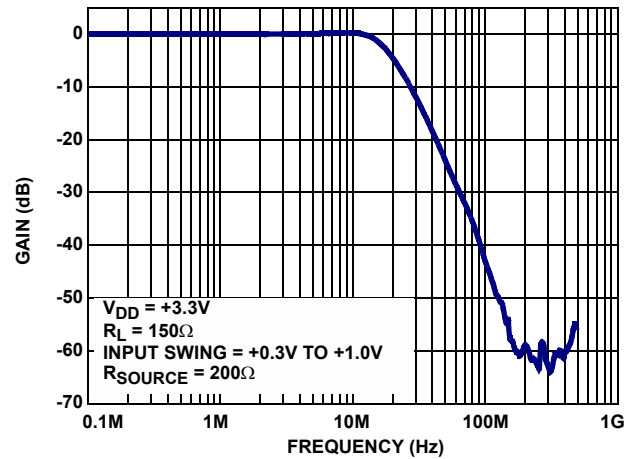
FIGURE 2. GAIN vs FREQUENCY -3dB POINT
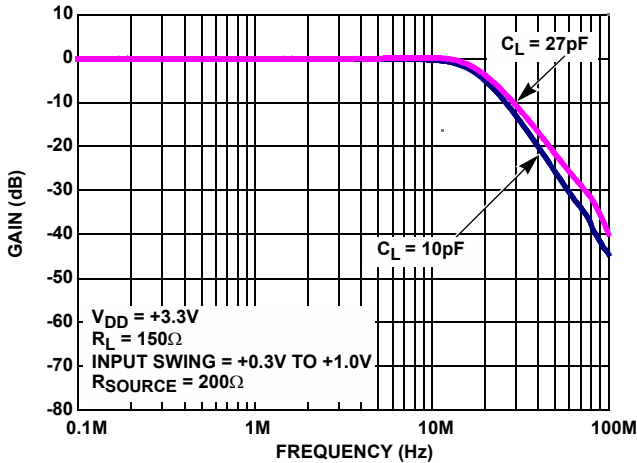
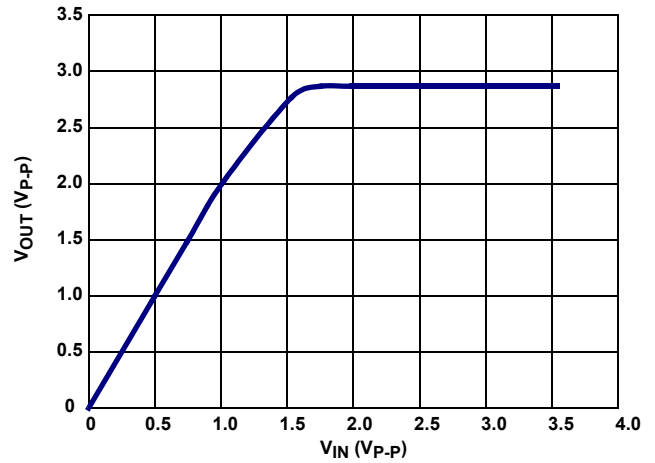FIGURE 3. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS C_{LOAD}
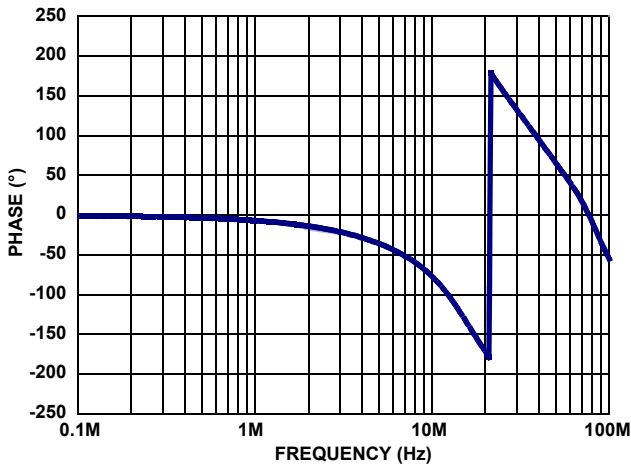

FIGURE 4. MAXIMUM OUTPUT MAGNITUDE vs INPUT MAGNITUDE

FIGURE 5. PHASE vs FREQUENCY

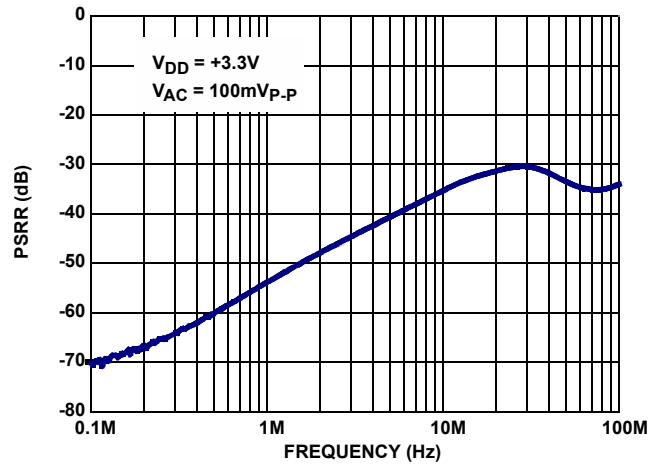
FIGURE 6. PSRR vs FREQUENCY

RENESAS

Typical Performance Curves V_{DD} = +3.3V, R_L = 150Ω, unless otherwise noted **(Continued)**
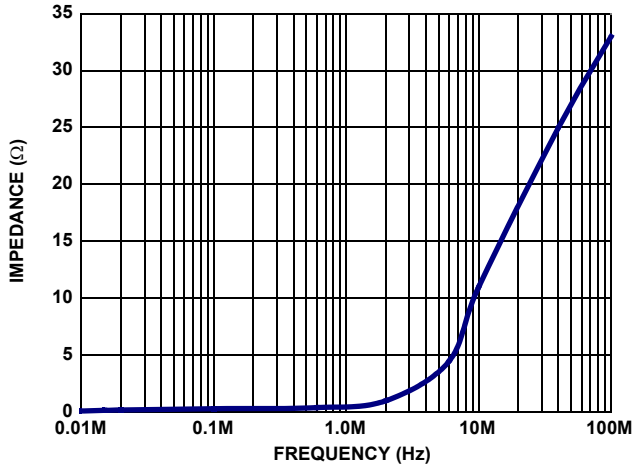
FIGURE 7. OUTPUT IMPEDANCE vs FREQUENCY
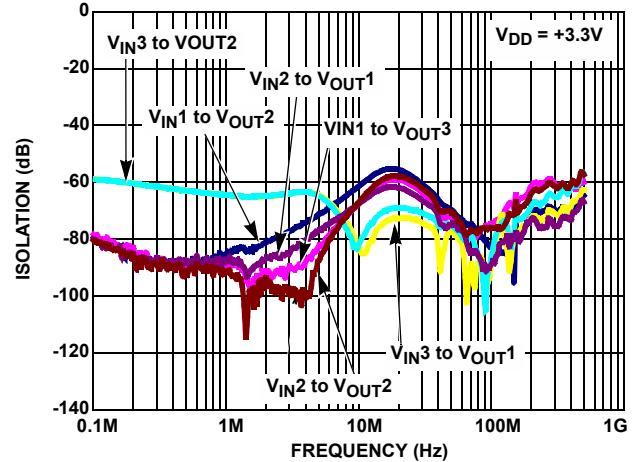
FIGURE 8. ISOLATION vs FREQUENCY
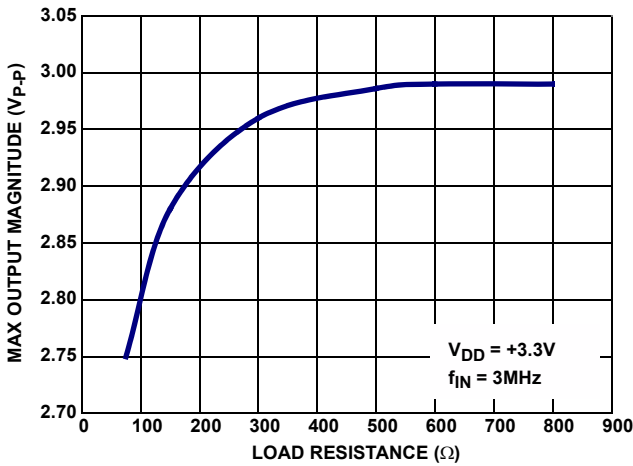
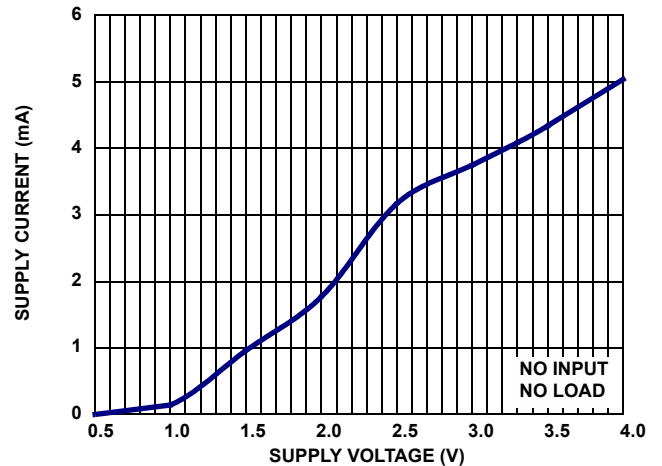**FIGURE 9. MAXIMUM OUTPUT vs LOAD RESISTANCE**

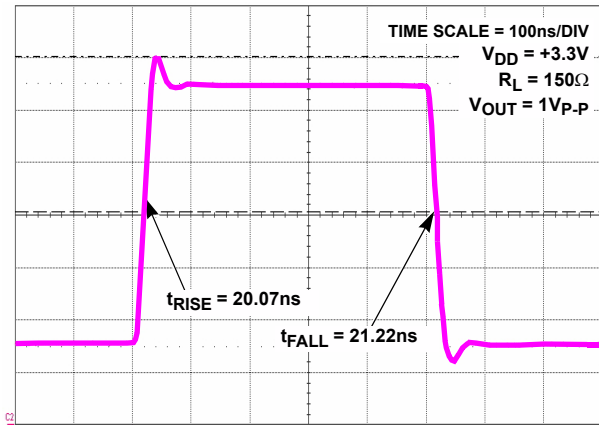

FIGURE 10. SUPPLY CURRENT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE
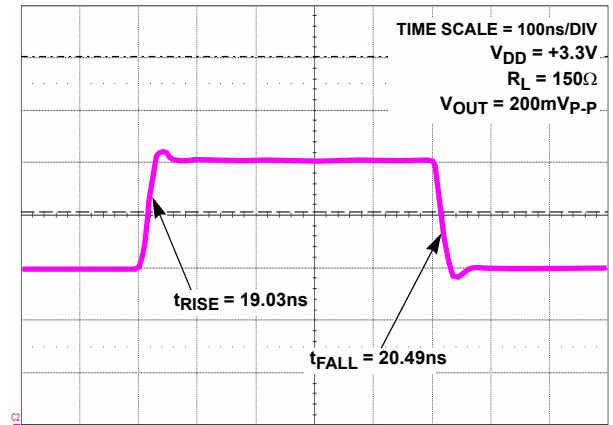

FIGURE 11. LARGE SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE

FIGURE 12. SMALL SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE

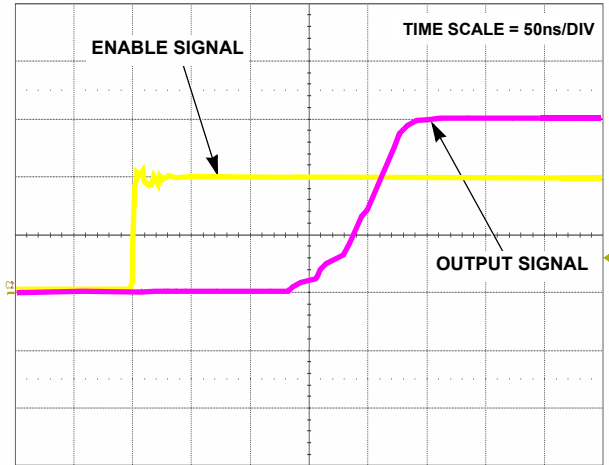## Typical Performance Curves V_{DD} = +3.3V, R_L = 150Ω, unless otherwise noted (Continued)
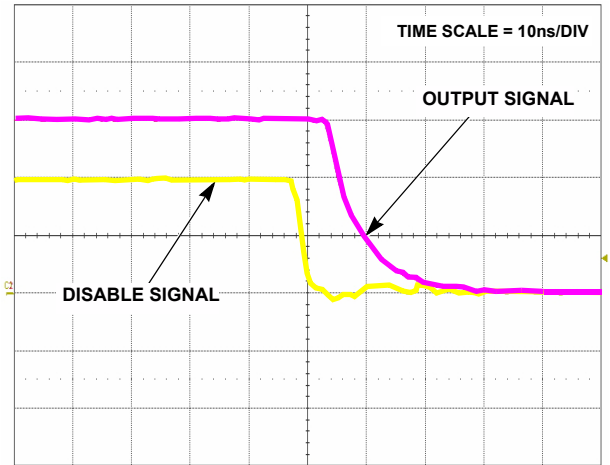
ENABLE SIGNAL

TIME SCALE = 50ns/DIV

OUTPUT SIGNAL

FIGURE 13. ENABLE TIME

TIME SCALE = 10ns/DIV

OUTPUT SIGNAL

DISABLE SIGNAL

FIGURE 14. DISABLE TIME

V_{DD} = +3.3V
V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, SINE WAVE
R_L = 150Ω

THD

2ND HD

3RD HD
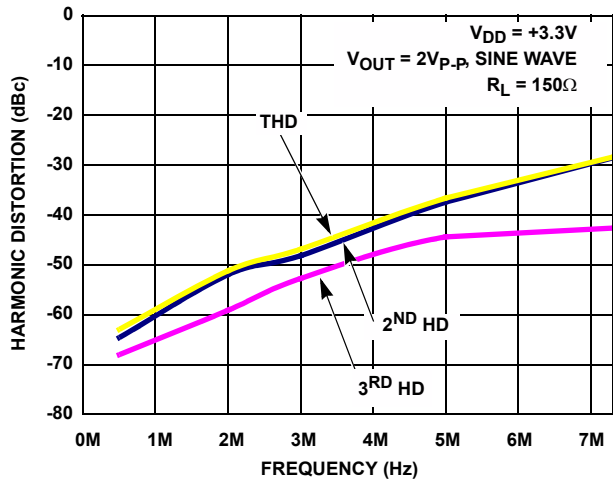
FIGURE 15. HARMONIC DISTORTION vs FREQUENCY

V_{DD} = +3.3V
f_{IN} = 500kHz
R_L = 150Ω

THD

3RD HD

2ND HD
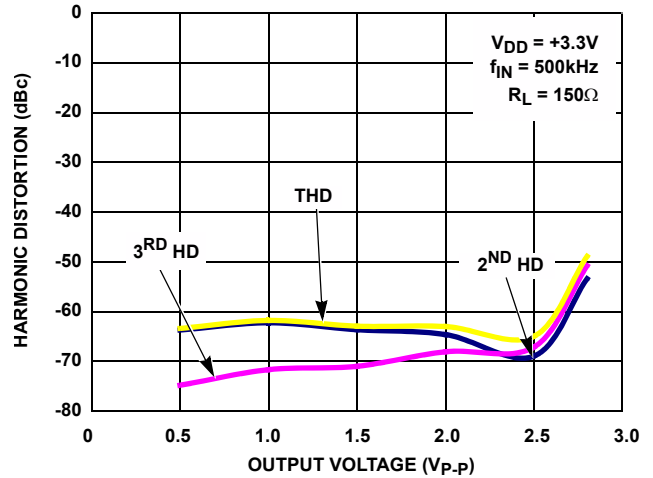
FIGURE 16. HARMONIC DISTORTION vs OUTPUT VOLTAGE
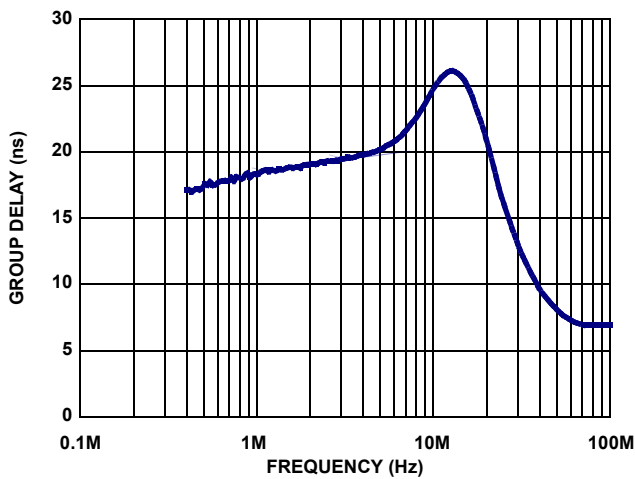
FIGURE 17. GROUP DELAY vs FREQUENCY

V_{DD} = +3.3V
R_L = 150Ω
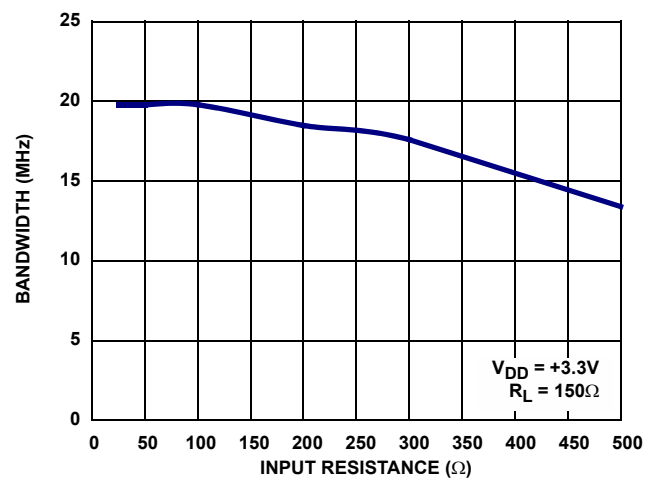
FIGURE 18. -3dB BANDWIDTH vs INPUT RESISTANCE

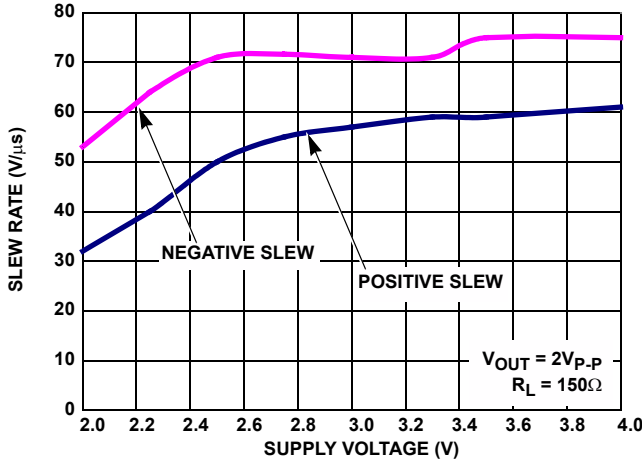## *Typical Performance Curves* V_{DD} = +3.3V, R_L = 150Ω, unless otherwise noted **(Continued)**

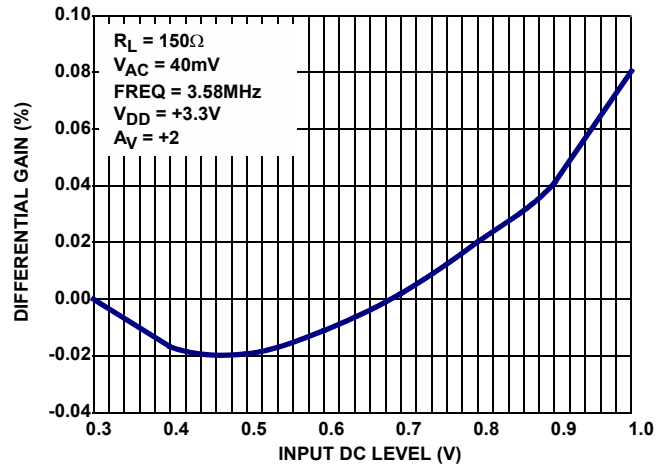FIGURE 19. SLEW RATE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

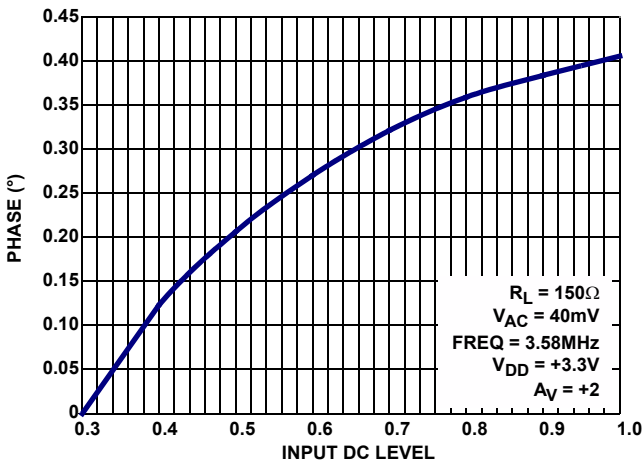FIGURE 20. DIFFERENTIAL GAIN

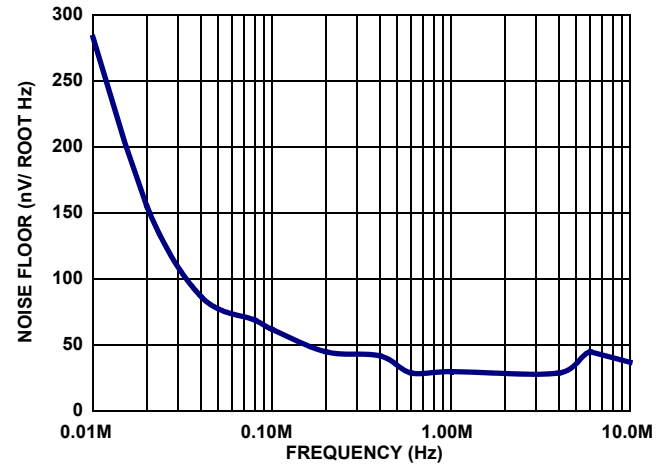FIGURE 21. DIFFERENTIAL PHASE

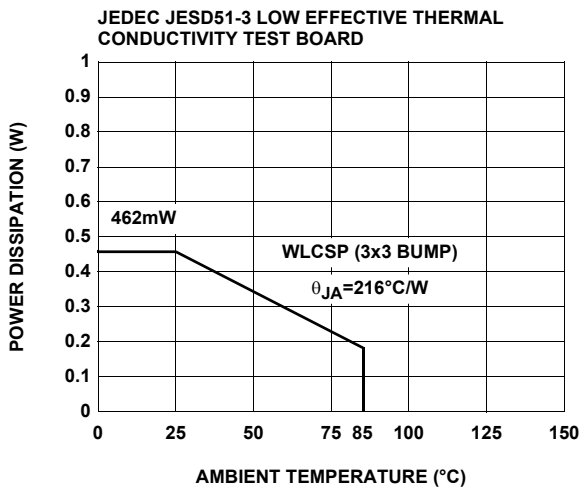FIGURE 22. UNWEIGHTED NOISE FLOOR

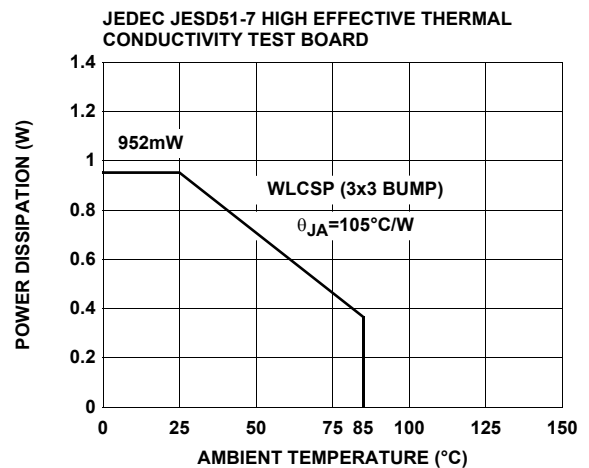FIGURE 23. PACKAGE POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

FIGURE 24. PACKAGE POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

Application Information

The ISL59123 is a single-supply rail-to-rail triple video low-pass filter and amplifier with a -3dB bandwidth of 18MHz. It provides anti-aliasing for component, s-video, and composite video signals. Its small size and low power make the ISL59123 ideal for portable video applications.

The Sallen Key Low Pass Filter

The Sallen Key is a classic low pass configuration. This provides a very stable low pass function, and in the case of the ISL59123, a three-pole roll-off at 18MHz. The three-pole function is accomplished with an RC low pass network placed in series with and before the Sallen Key. The first pole is formed by an RC network (including the impedance of the source driving the ISL59123), with poles two and three generated by a Sallen Key, creating a three-pole roll-off characteristic at 18MHz.

Output Coupling

The ISL59123 can be AC or DC coupled to its output. When AC coupled, a 220µF coupling capacitor is recommended to ensure that low frequencies are passed, preventing video "tilt" or "droop" across a line.

Output Drive Capability

The ISL59123 does not have internal short circuit protection circuitry. If the output is shorted indefinitely, the power dissipation could easily overheat the die or the current could eventually compromise metal integrity. Maximum reliability is maintained if the output current never exceeds ±40mA. This limit is set by the design of the internal metal interconnect. Note that for transient short circuits, the part is robust.

Short circuit protection can be provided externally with a back match resistor in series with the output placed close as possible to the output pin. In video applications this would be a 75Ω resistor and will provide adequate short circuit protection to the device. Care should still be taken not to stress the device with a short at the output.

Power Dissipation

With the high output drive capability of the ISL59123, it is possible to exceed the +125°C absolute maximum junction temperature under certain load current conditions. Therefore, it is important to calculate the maximum junction temperature for an application to determine if load conditions or package types need to be modified to assure operation of the amplifier in a safe operating area.

The maximum power dissipation allowed in a package is determined according to Equation 1:

$$PD_{MAX} = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_{AMAX}}{\theta_{JA}}$$

(EQ. 1)

Where:

T_{JMAX} = Maximum junction temperature

T_{AMAX} = Maximum ambient temperature

θ_{JA} = Thermal resistance of the package

The maximum power dissipation actually produced by an IC is the total quiescent supply current times the total power supply voltage, plus the power in the IC due to the load, or:

for sourcing use Equation 2:

$$PD_{MAX} = V_S \times I_{SMAX} + (V_S - V_{OUT}) \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{R_L}$$

(EQ. 2)

for sinking use Equation 3:

$$PD_{MAX} = V_S \times I_{SMAX} + (V_{OUT} - V_S) \times I_{LOAD}$$

(EQ. 3)

Where:

V_S = Supply voltage

I_{SMAX} = Maximum quiescent supply current

V_{OUT} = Maximum output voltage of the application

R_{LOAD} = Load resistance tied to ground

I_{LOAD} = Load current

Power Supply Bypassing Printed Circuit Board Layout

As with any modern operational amplifier, a good printed circuit board layout is necessary for optimum performance. Lead lengths should be as short as possible. The power supply pin must be well bypassed to reduce the risk of oscillation. For normal single supply operation, a single 4.7µF tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor from V_{DD} to GND will suffice.

Printed Circuit Board Layout

For good AC performance, parasitic capacitance should be kept to minimum. Use of wire wound resistors should be avoided because of their additional series inductance. Use of sockets should also be avoided if possible. Sockets add parasitic inductance and capacitance that can result in compromised performance.

Wafer Level Chip Scale Package (WLCSP)

TOP VIEW

SIDE VIEW

BOTTOM VIEW
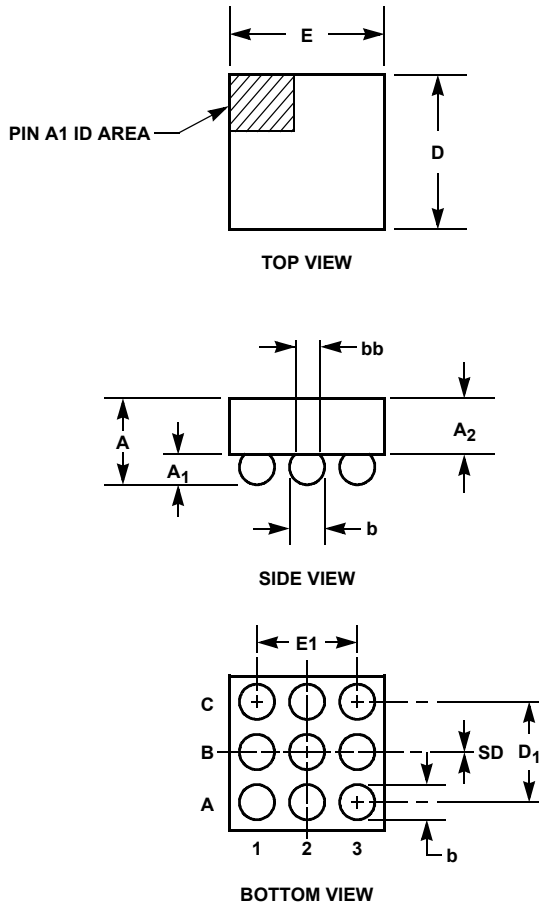
W3x3.9B
3x3 ARRAY 9 BALL WAFER LEVEL CHIP SCALE PACKAGE
(Intersil Standard)

SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS	NOTES
A	0.54 Min, 0.65 Max	-
A_1	0.24 ±0.03	-
A_2	0.355 ±0.03	-
b	0.32 ±0.03	-
bb	θ 0.30 REF.	-
D	1.45 ±0.05	-
D_1	1.00 BASIC	-
E	1.45 ±0.05	-
E_1	1.00 BASIC	-
e	0.50 BASIC	-
SD	0.00 BASIC	-
N	9	3

Rev. 0 6/06

NOTES:
1. Dimensions are in Millimeters.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME 14.5M-1994.
3. Symbol "N" is the actual number of solder balls.
4. Reference JEDEC MO-211-C, variation DD.

For additional products, see www.intersil.com/en/products.html

Intersil products are manufactured, assembled and tested utilizing ISO9001 quality systems as noted
in the quality certifications found at www.intersil.com/en/support/qualandreliability.html

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