

ITS4100S-SJ-N

Smart High-Side NMOS-Power Switch

Data Sheet

Rev 1.0, 2012-09-01

Standard Power



1 Overview

Features

- CMOS compatible input
- Switching all types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads
- Fast demagnetization of inductive loads
- Very low standby current
- Optimized Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)
- Overload protection
- Current limitation
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal shutdown with restart
- Overvoltage protection (including load dump)
- Reverse battery protection with external resistor
- Loss of GND and loss of V_{bb} protection
- Electrostatic Discharge Protection (ESD)
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)

ITS4100S-SJ-N is not qualified and manufactured according to the requirements of Infineon Technologies with regards to automotive and/or transportation applications.

Description

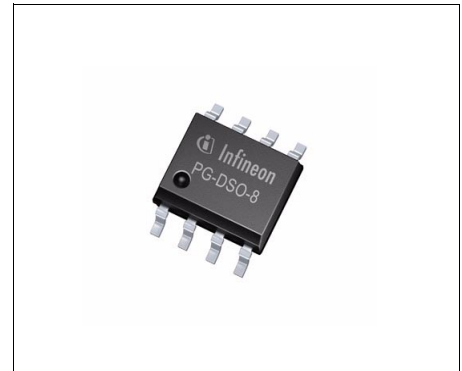
The ITS4100S-SJ-N is a protected single channel Smart High-Side NMOS-Power Switch in a PG-DSO-8 package with charge pump and CMOS compatible input. The device is monolithically integrated in Smart technology.

Product Summary

Overvoltage protection $V_{SAZmin} = 41V$
 Operating voltage range: $5V < V_S < 34V$
 On-state resistance $R_{DS(ON)} = \text{typ } 70m\Omega$
 Nominal load current $I_{LNOM} = 2A$
 Operating Temperature range: $T_j = -40^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$
 Standby Current: $I_{SSTB} = 15\mu A$

Application

- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads
- Power switch for 12V and 24V DC applications with CMOS compatible control interface
- Driver for electromagnetic relays
- Power management for high-side-switching with low current consumption in OFF-mode



PG-DSO-8

Type	Package	Marking
ITS4100S-SJ-N	PG-DSO-8	I100SN

2 Block Diagram and Terms

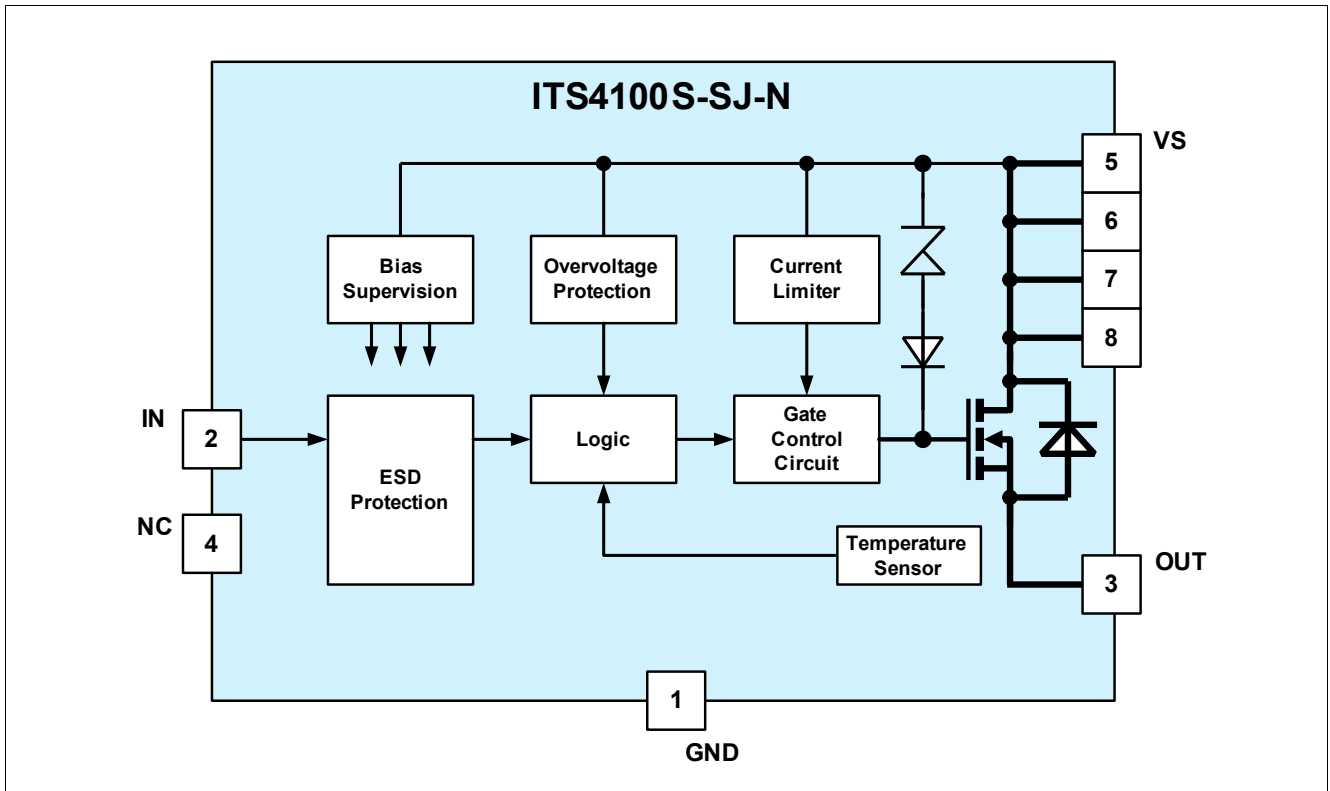


Figure 1 Block diagram

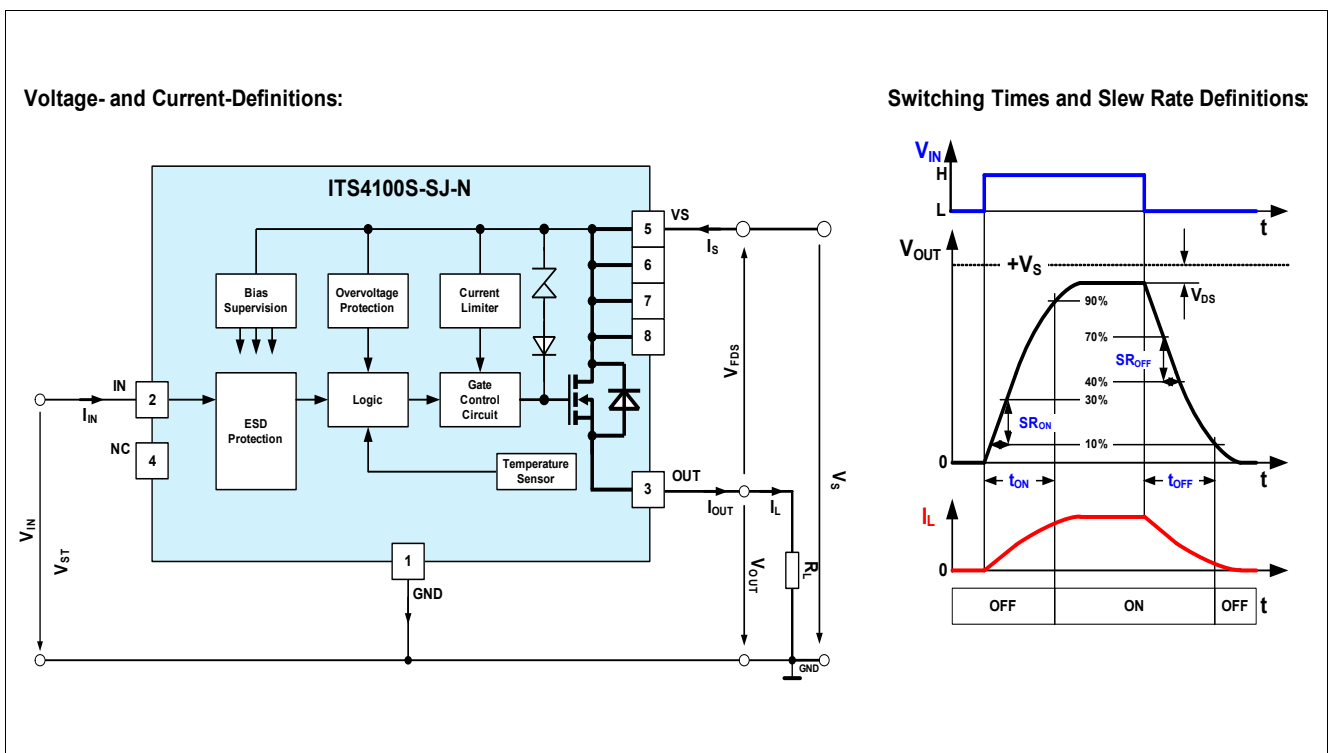


Figure 2 Terms - parameter definition

3 Pin Configuration

3.1 Pin Assignment

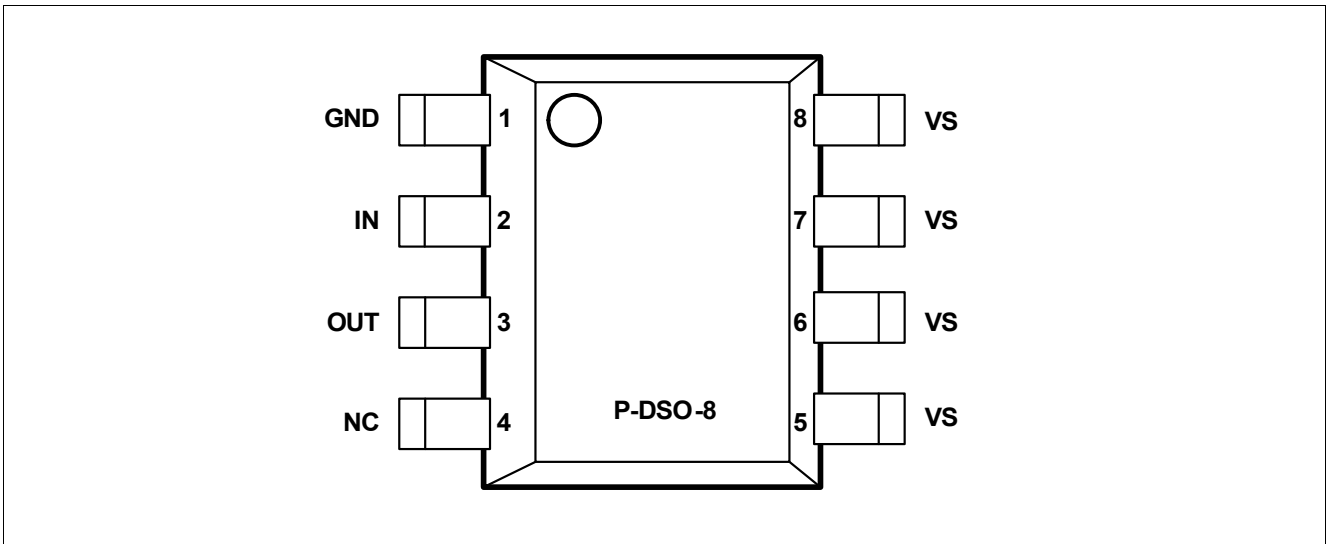


Figure 3 Pin configuration top view, PG-DSO-8

3.2 Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	GND	Logic ground
2	IN	Input, controls the power switch; the powerswitch is ON when high
3	OUT	Output to the load
4	NC	Not connected
5, 6, 7, 8	VS	Supply voltage (design the wiring for the maximum short circuit current and also for low thermal resistance)

4 General Product Characteristics

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 Absolute maximum ratings¹⁾ at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified. Currents flowing into the device unless otherwise specified in chapter "Block Diagram and Terms"

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Supply voltage VS							
Voltage	V_S			40	V		4.1.1
Voltage for short circuit protection	V_{SSC}			V_S	V	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_j < 150^\circ\text{C}$	4.1.2
Output stage OUT							
Output Current; (Short circuit current see electrical characteristics)	I_{OUT}			self limited	A		4.1.3
Input IN							
Voltage	V_{IN}	-10		16	V		4.1.4
Current	I_{IN}	-5		5	mA		4.1.5
Temperatures							
Junction Temperature	T_j	-40		125	$^\circ\text{C}$		4.1.6
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55		125	$^\circ\text{C}$		4.1.7
Power dissipation							
$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}^{2)}$	P_{tot}			1.5	W		4.1.8
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation							
$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}; V_S = 13.5\text{V}; I_L = 1\text{A}^{3)}$	E_{AS}			870	mJ	single pulse	4.1.9
ESD Susceptibility							
ESD susceptibility (input pin)	V_{ESD}	-1		1	kV	HBM ⁴⁾	4.1.10
ESD susceptibility (all other pins)	V_{ESD}	-5		5	kV	HBM ⁴⁾	4.1.11

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design

2) Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm² (one layer, 70mm thick) copper area for V_{bb} connection. PCB is vertical without blown air

3) Not subject to production test, specified by design

4) ESD susceptibility HBM according to EIA/JESD 22-A 114.

Note: Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" the normal operating range. Protection functions are neither designed for continuous nor repetitive operation.

4.2 Functional Range

Table 2 Functional Range

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Nominal Operating Voltage	V_S	5		34	V	V_S increasing	4.2.1

Note: Within the functional range the IC operates as described in the circuit description. The electrical characteristics are specified within the conditions given in the related electrical characteristics table.

4.3 Thermal Resistance

Note: This thermal data was generated in accordance with JEDEC JESD51 standards. For more information, go to www.jedec.org.

Table 3 Thermal Resistance¹⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Thermal Resistance - Junction to pin5	$R_{thj-pin5}$		32.0		K/W		4.3.1
Thermal Resistance - Junction to Ambient - 1s0p, minimal footprint	R_{thJA_1s0p}		135.3		K/W	²⁾	4.3.2
Thermal Resistance - Junction to Ambient - 1s0p, 300mm ²	$R_{thJA_1s0p_300mm^2}$		86.1		K/W	³⁾	4.3.3
Thermal Resistance - Junction to Ambient - 1s0p, 600mm ²	$R_{thJA_1s0p_600mm^2}$		75.3		K/W	⁴⁾	4.3.4
Thermal Resistance - Junction to Ambient - 2s2p	R_{thJA_2s2p}		66.8		K/W	⁵⁾	4.3.5
Thermal Resistance - Junction to Ambient with thermal vias - 2s2p	R_{thJA_2s2p}		58.4		K/W	⁶⁾	4.3.6

- 1) Not subject to production test, specified by design
- 2) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-3 at natural convection on FR4 1s0p board, footprint; the Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.5 mm board with 1x 70 μ m Cu.
- 3) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-3 at natural convection on FR4 1s0p board, Cu, 300mm²; the Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.5 mm board with 1x 70 μ m Cu.
- 4) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-3 at natural convection on FR4 1s0p board, 600mm²; the Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.5 mm board with 1x 70 μ m Cu.
- 5) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-2,-5,-7 at natural convection on FR4 2s2p board; the Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.5 mm board with 2 inner copper layers (2 x 70 μ m Cu, 2 x 35 μ m Cu).
- 6) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-2,-5,-7 at natural convection on FR4 2s2p board with two thermal vias; the Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.5 mm board with 2 inner copper layers (2 x 70 μ m Cu, 2 x 35 μ m Cu). The diameter of the two vias are equal 0.3mm and have a plating of 25 μ m with a copper heatsink area of 3mm x 2mm). JEDEC51-7: The two plated-through hole vias should have a solder land of no less than 1.25 mm diameter with a drill hole of no less than 0.85 mm diameter.

5 Electrical Characteristics

Table 4 $V_S=13.5V$; $T_j = -40^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$; all voltages with respect to ground. Currents flowing into the device unless otherwise specified in chapter "Block Diagram and Terms". Typical values at $V_S = 13.5V$, $T_j = 25^\circ C$

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Powerstage							
NMOS ON Resistance	R_{DSON}		70	100	m Ω	$I_{OUT}= 2A$; $T_j = 25^\circ C$; $9V < V_S < 34V$; $V_{IN}= 5V$	5.0.1
NMOS ON Resistance	R_{DSON}		140	200	m Ω	$I_{OUT}= 2A$; $T_j = 125^\circ C$; $9V < V_S < 34V$; $V_{IN}= 5V$	5.0.2
Nominal Load Current; device on PCB ¹⁾	I_{LNOM}	2.0	2.4		A	$T_{pin5} = 85^\circ C$	5.0.3
Timings of Power Stages²⁾							
Turn ON Time(to 90% of V_{out}); L to H transition of V_{IN}	t_{ON}		90	170	μs	$V_S=13.5V$; $R_L = 47\Omega$	5.0.4
Turn OFF Time (to 10% of V_{out}); H to L transition of V_{IN}	t_{OFF}		90	230	μs	$V_S=13.5V$; $R_L = 47\Omega$	5.0.5
ON-Slew Rate (10 to 30% of V_{out}); L to H transition of V_{IN}	SR_{ON}		0.8	1.7	V / μs	$V_S=13.5V$; $R_L = 47\Omega$	5.0.6
OFF-Slew Rate; dV_{OUT} / dt_{ON} (70 to 40% of V_{out}); H to L transition of V_{IN}	SR_{OFF}		0.8	1.7	V / μs	$V_S=13.5V$; $R_L = 47\Omega$	5.0.7
Under voltage lockout (charge pump start-stop-restart)							
Supply undervoltage; charge pump stop voltage	V_{SUV}			5.5	V	V_S decreasing	5.0.8
Supply startup voltage; Charge pump restart voltage	V_{SSU}		4.0	5.5	V	V_S increasing	5.0.9
Current consumption							
Operating current	I_{GND}		0.5	1.3	mA	$V_{IN}= 5V$	5.0.10
Standby current	I_{SSTB}			10	μA	$V_{IN}= 0V$; $V_{OUT}= 0V$; $-40^\circ C < T_j < 85^\circ C$	5.0.11
Standby current	I_{SSTB}			15	μA	$V_{IN}= 0V$; $V_{OUT}= 0V$; $T_j = 125^\circ C$	5.0.12
Output leakage current	I_{OUTLK}			5	μA	$V_{IN}= 0V$; $V_{OUT}= 0V$	5.0.13
Protection functions ³⁾							
Initial peak short circuit current limit	I_{LSCP}			18	A	$T_j = -40^\circ C$; $V_S = 20V$; $V_{IN} = 5.0V$; $t_m = 150\mu As$	5.0.14
Initial peak short circuit current limit	I_{LSCP}		10		A	$T_j = 25^\circ C$; $V_S = 20V$; $V_{IN} = 5.0V$; $t_m = 150\mu As$	5.0.15

Electrical Characteristics

Table 4 $V_S=13.5V$; $T_j = -40^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$; all voltages with respect to ground. Currents flowing into the device unless otherwise specified in chapter "Block Diagram and Terms". Typical values at $V_S = 13.5V$, $T_j = 25^\circ C$

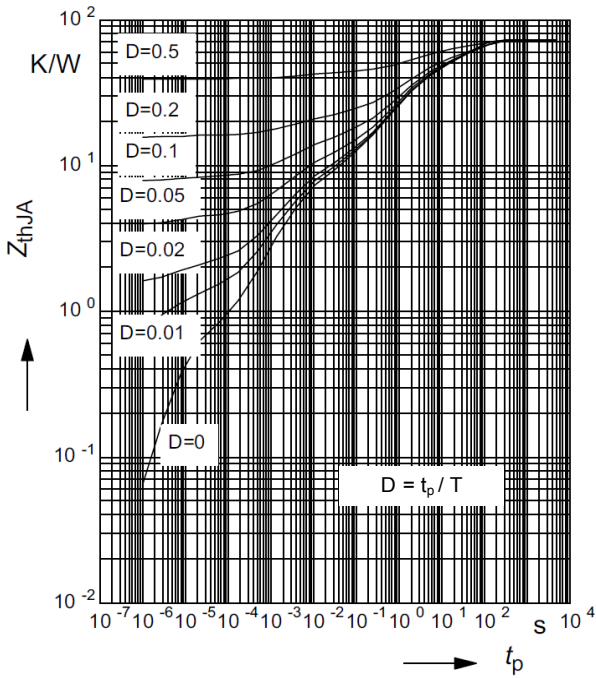
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Initial peak short circuit current limit	I_{LSCP}	4			A	$T_j = 125^\circ C$; $V_S = 20V$; $V_{IN} = 5.0V$; $t_m = 150\mu s$	5.0.16
Repetitive short circuit current limit $T_j = T_{jTrip}$; see timing diagrams	I_{LSCR}		7		A	$V_{IN} = 5.0V$	5.0.17
Output clamp at $V_{OUT} = V_S - V_{DSCL}$ (inductive load switch off)	V_{DSCL}	41	47		V	$I_S = 4mA$	5.0.18
Overshoot protection $V_{OUT} = V_S - V_{ONCL}$	V_{SAZ}	41			V	$I_S = 4mA$	5.0.19
Thermal overload trip temperature	T_{jTrip}	150			$^\circ C$		5.0.20
Thermal hysteresis	T_{HYS}		10		K		5.0.21
Reverse Battery⁴⁾							
Continuous reverse battery voltage	V_{SREV}	- 32			V		5.0.22
Forward voltage of the drain-source reverse diode	V_{FDS}		600		mV	$I_{FDS} = 200mA$; $V_{IN} = 0V$; $T_j = 125^\circ C$	5.0.23
Input interface; pin IN							
Input turn-ON threshold voltage	V_{INON}	2.2			V		5.0.24
Input turn-OFF threshold voltage	V_{INOFF}			0.8	V		5.0.25
Input threshold hysteresis	V_{INHYS}		0.3		V		5.0.26
Off state input current	I_{INOFF}	1		30	μA	$V_{IN} = 0.7V$	5.0.27
On state input current	I_{INON}	1		30	μA	$V_{IN} = 5.0V$	5.0.28
Input resistance	R_{IN}	1.5	3.5	5.0	k Ω		5.0.29

- 1) Device on 50mm x 50mm x 1,5mm epoxy FR4 PCB with 6cm² (one layer copper 70um thick) copper area for supply voltage connection. PCB in vertical position without blown air.
- 2) Timing values only with high slewrate input signal; otherwise slower.
- 3) Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.
- 4) Requires a 150W resistor in GND connection. The reverse load current through the intrinsic drain-source diode of the power-MOS has to be limited by the connected load. Power dissipation is higher compared to normal operation due to the voltage drop across the drain-source diode. The temperature protection is not functional during reverse current operation! Input current has to be limited (see max ratings).

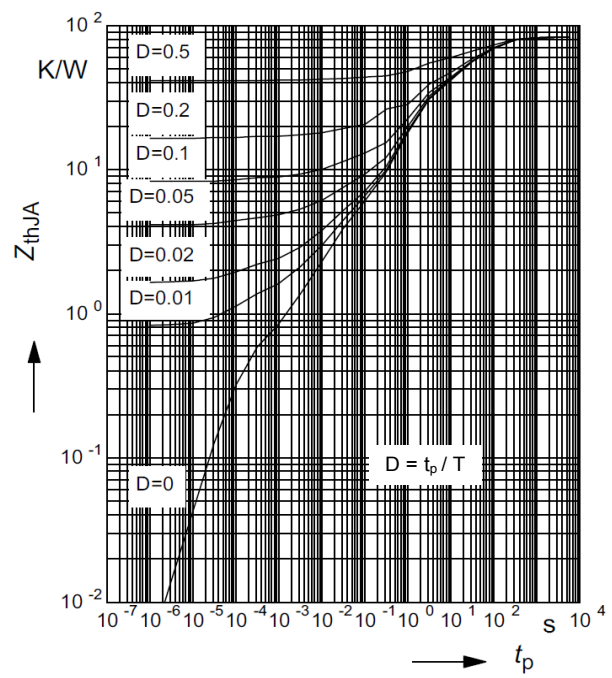
6 Typical Performance Graphs

Typical Performance Characteristics

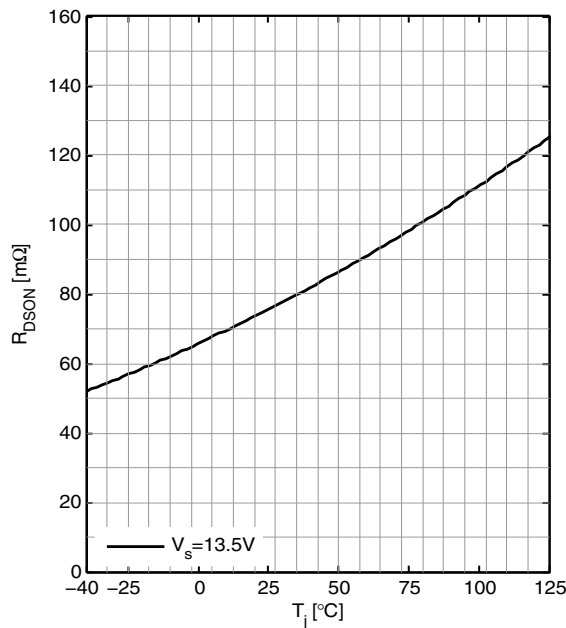
Transient Thermal Impedance Z_{thJA} versus Pulse Time t_p @ 6cm² heatsink area



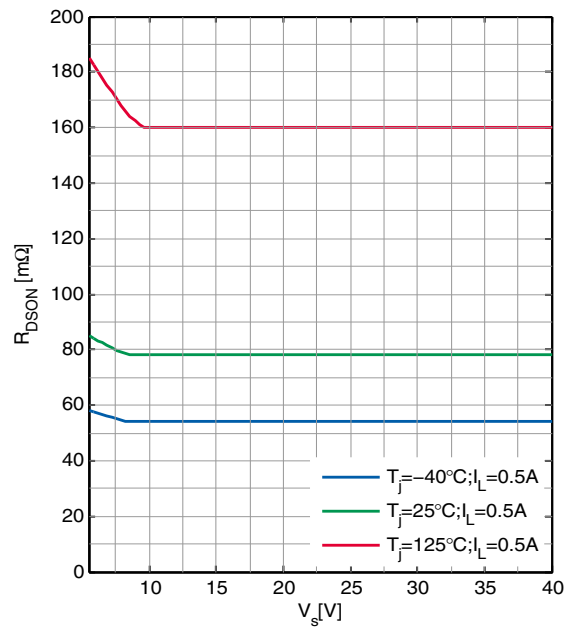
Transient Thermal Impedance Z_{thJA} versus Pulse Time t_p @ min footprint



On-Resistance $R_{DS(on)}$ versus Junction Temperature T_j

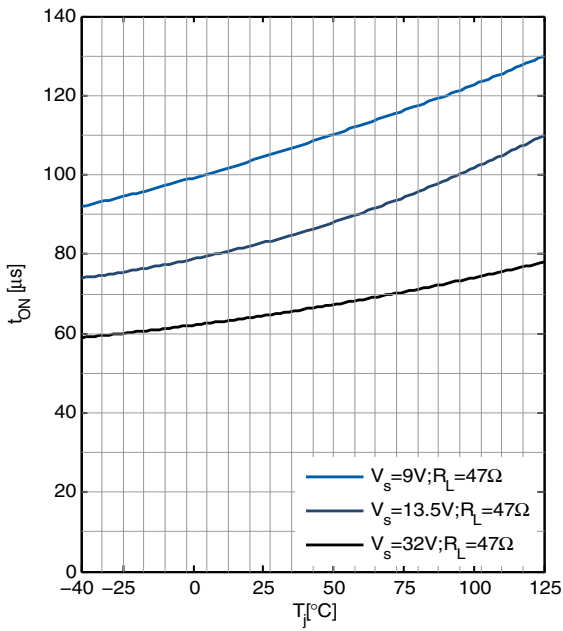


On-Resistance $R_{DS(on)}$ versus Supply Voltage V_s

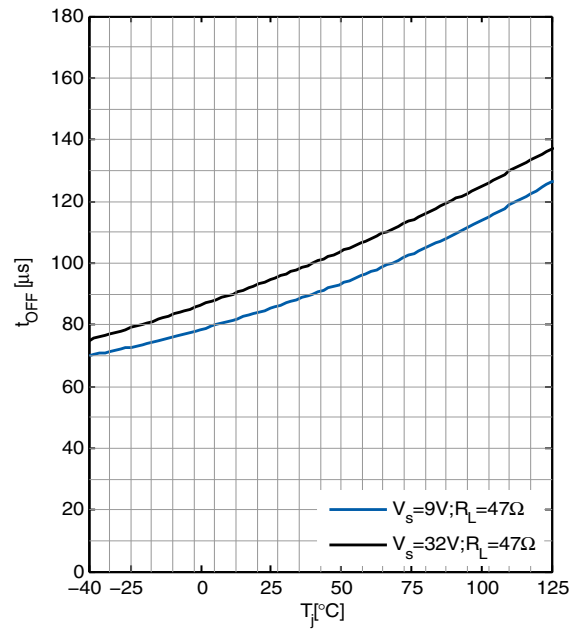


Typical Performance Characteristics

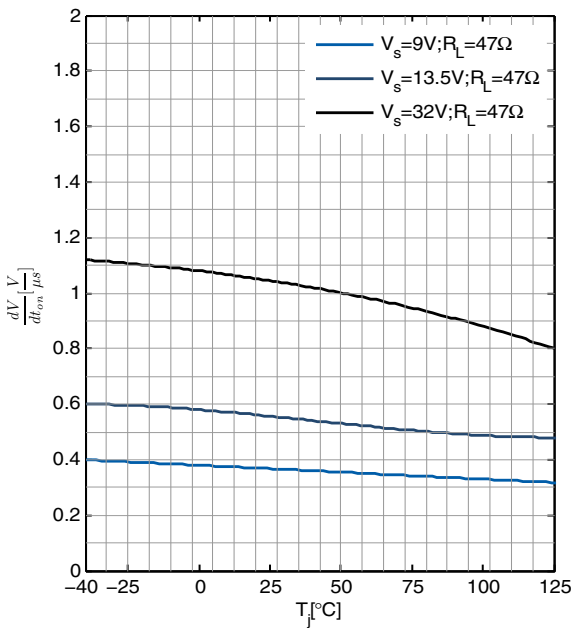
Switch ON Time t_{ON} versus Junction Temperature T_j



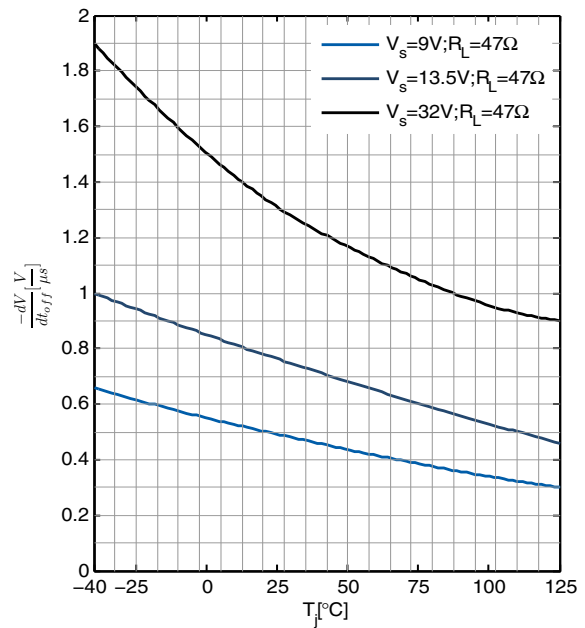
Switch OFF Time t_{OFF} versus Junction Temperature T_j



ON Slewrate SR_{ON} versus Junction Temperature T_j

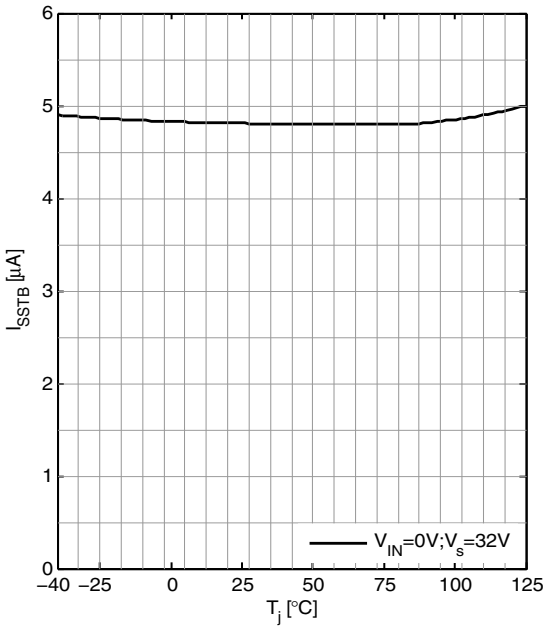


OFF Slewrate SR_{OFF} versus Junction Temperature T_j

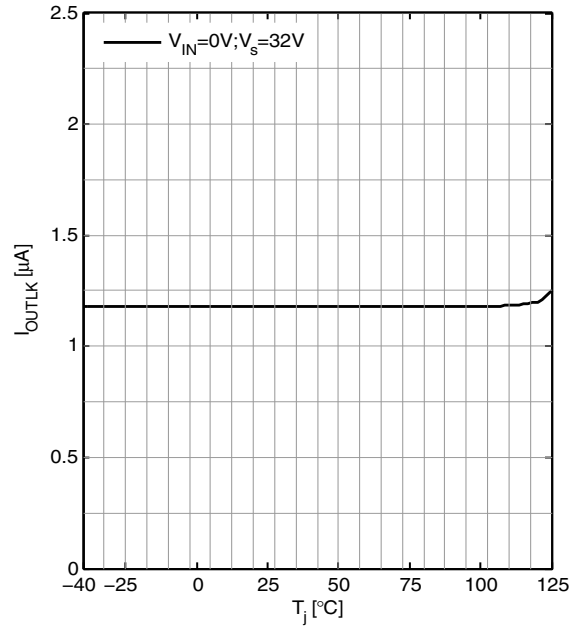


Typical Performance Characteristics

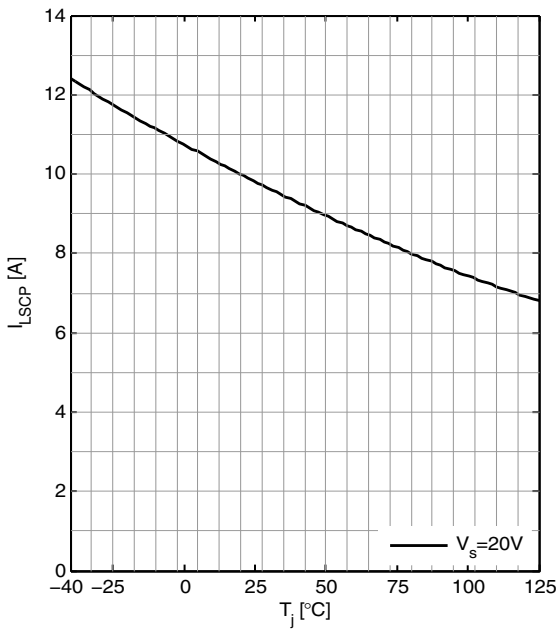
Standby Current I_{SSTB} versus Junction Temperature T_j



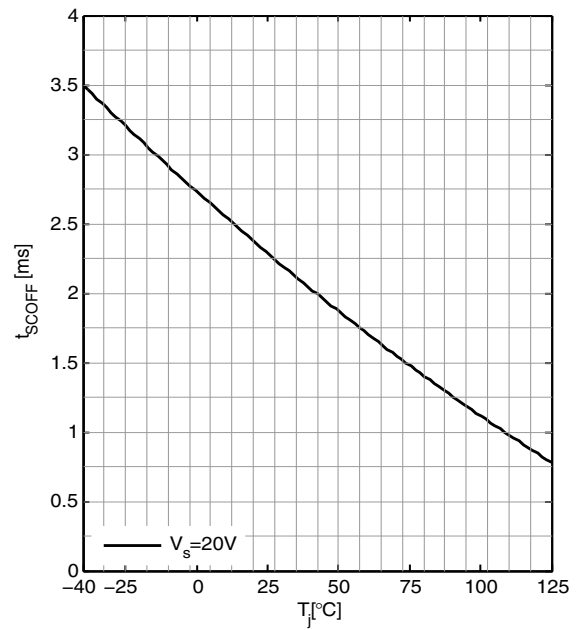
Output Leakage current I_{OUTLK} versus Junction Temperature T_j



Initial Peak Short Circuit Current Limit I_{LSCP} versus Junction Temperature T_j

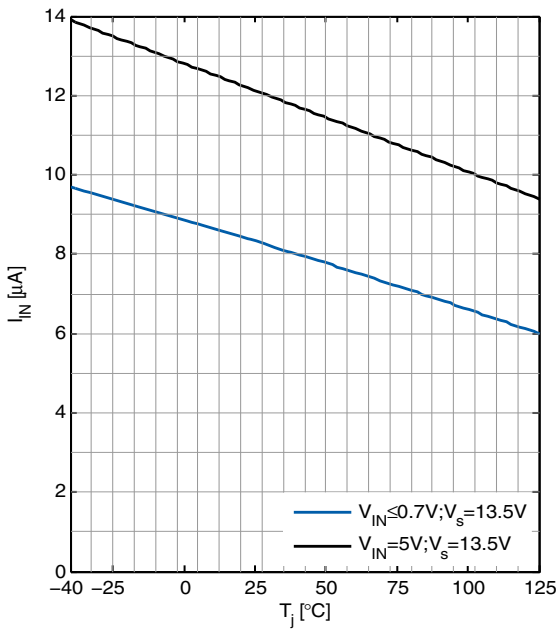


Initial Short Circuit Shutdown time t_{SCOFF} versus Junction Temperature T_j

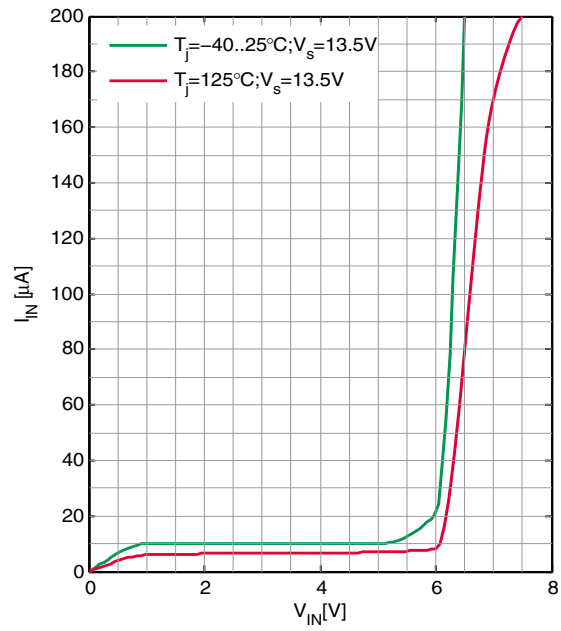


Typical Performance Characteristics

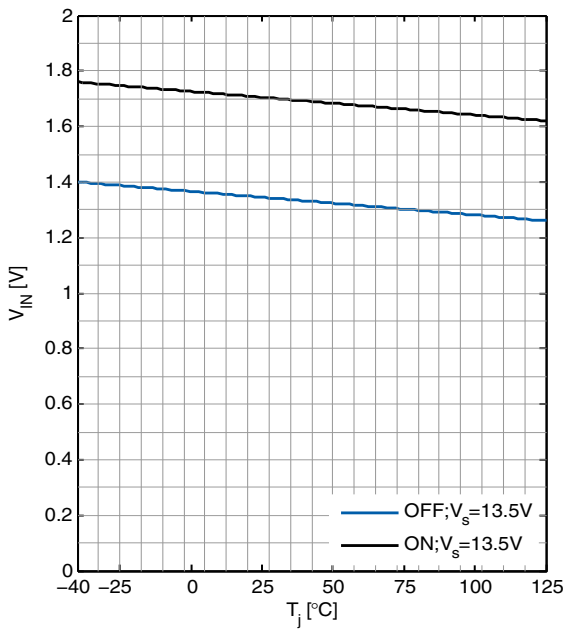
Input Current Consumption I_{IN} versus Junction Temperature T_j



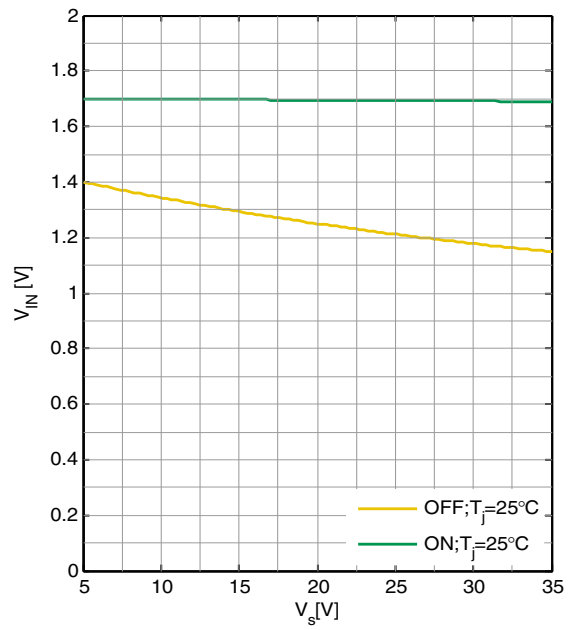
Input Current Consumption I_{IN} versus Input voltage V_{IN}



Input Threshold voltage $V_{IN,H,L}$ versus Junction Temperature T_j

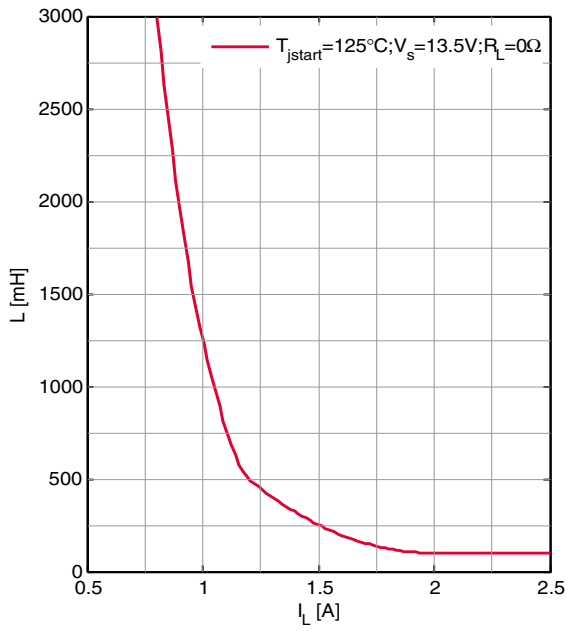


Input Threshold voltage $V_{IN,H,L}$ versus Supply Voltage V_S

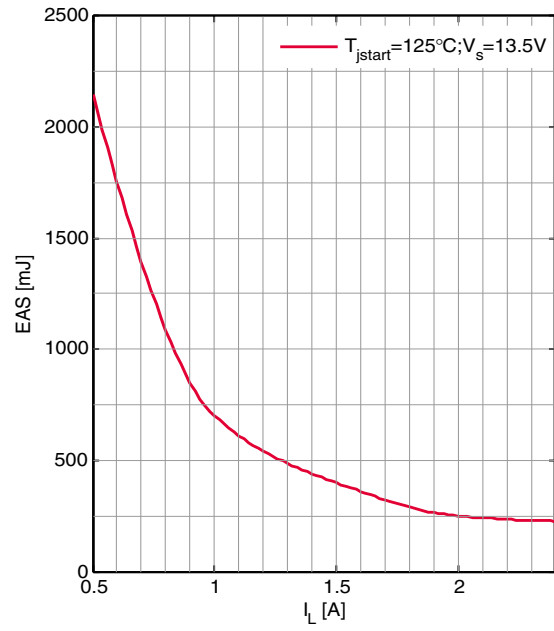


Typical Performance Characteristics

Max. allowable Load Inductance L versus Load current I_L



Max. allowable Inductive single pulse Switch-off Energy E_{AS} versus Load current I_L



7 Application Information

7.1 Application Diagram

The following information is given as a hint for the implementation of the device only and shall not be regarded as a description or warranty for a certain functionality, condition or quality of the device.

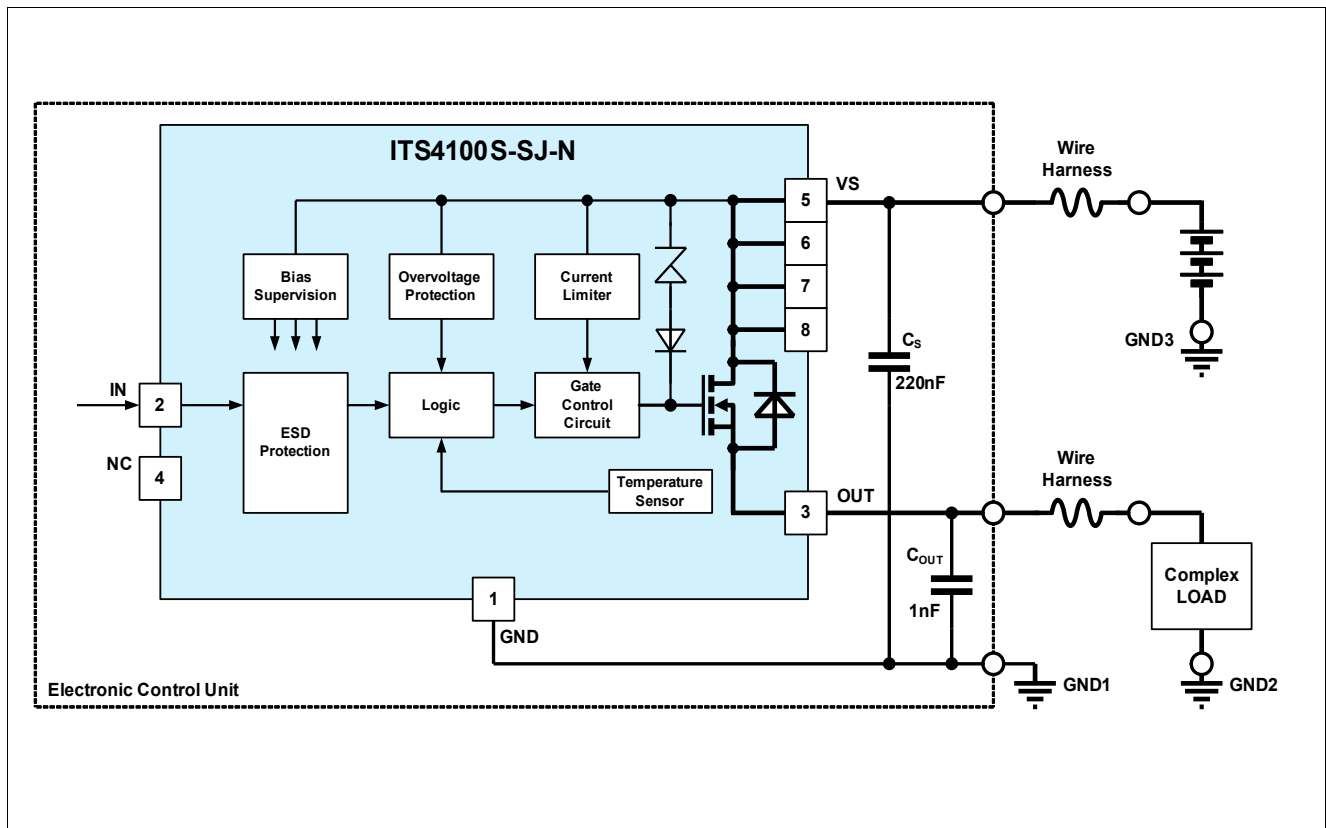


Figure 4 Application Diagram

The ITS4100S-SJ-N can be connected directly to a supply network. It is recommended to place a ceramic capacitor (e.g. $C_S = 220\text{nF}$) between supply and GND to avoid line disturbances. Wire harness inductors/resistors are sketched in the application circuit above.

The complex load (resistive, capacitive or inductive) must be connected to the output pin OUT.

A built-in current limit protects the device against destruction.

The ITS4100S-SJ-N can be switched on and off with standard logic ground related logic signal at pin IN.

In standby mode (IN=L) the ITS4100S-SJ-N is deactivated with very low current consumption.

The output voltage slope is controlled during on and off transition to minimize emissions. Only a small ceramic capacitor $C_{OUT}=1\text{nF}$ is recommended to attenuate RF noise.

In the following chapters the main features, some typical waveforms and the protection behaviour of the ITS4100S-SJ-N is shown. For further details please refer to application notes on the Infineon homepage.

7.2 Special Feature Description

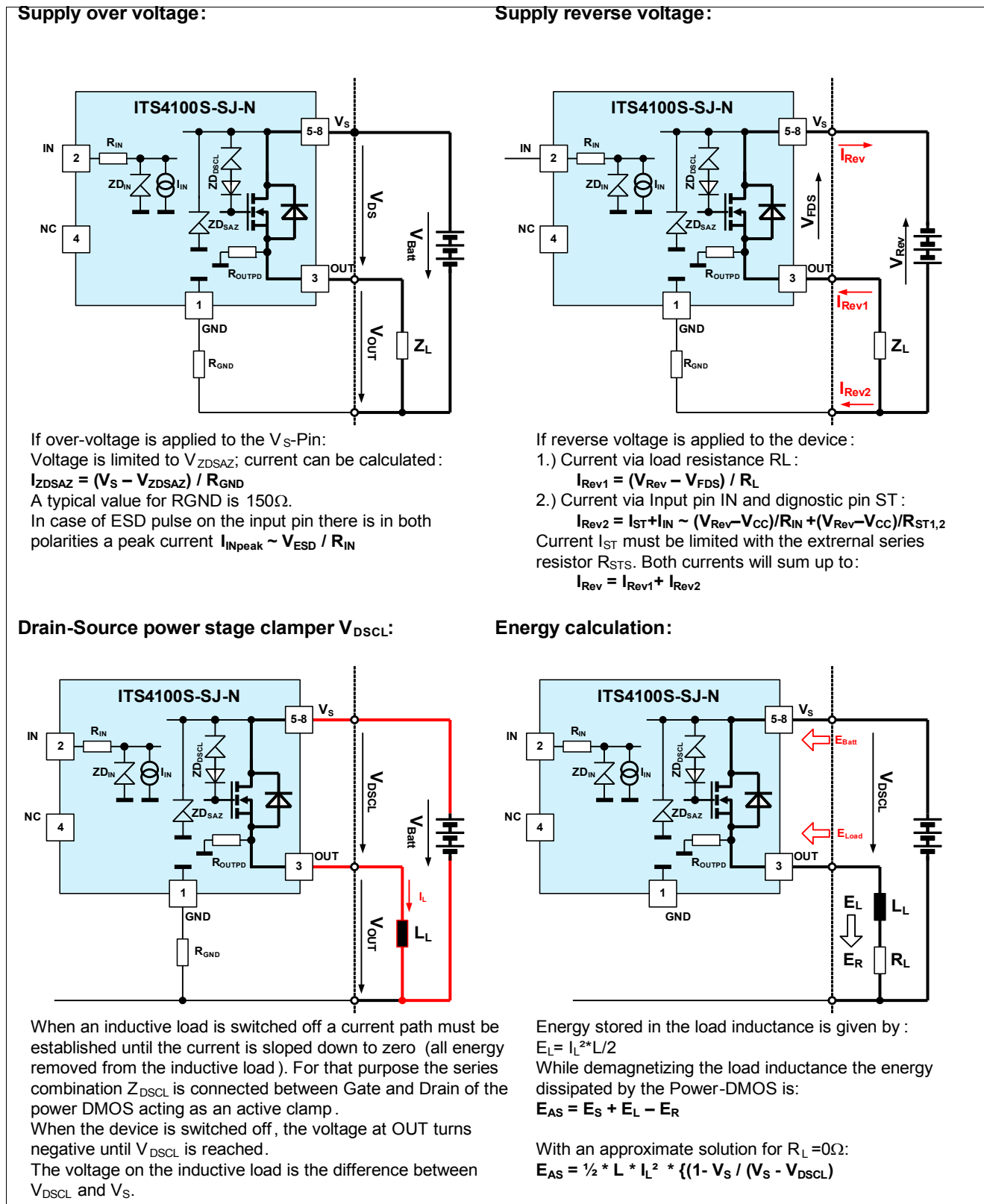


Figure 5 Special feature description

7.3 Typical Application Waveforms

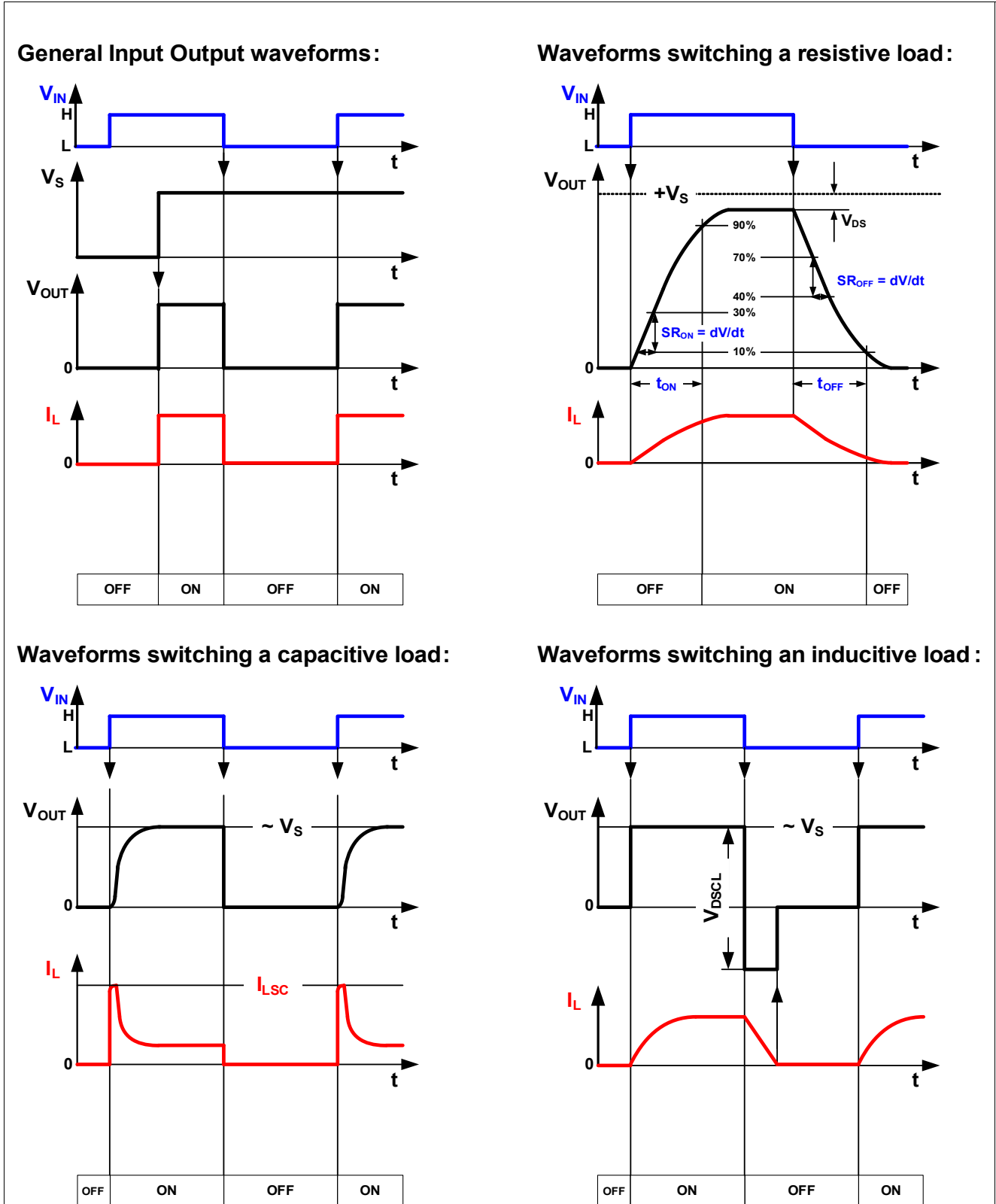


Figure 6 Typical application waveforms of the ITS4100S-SJ-N

7.4 Protection Behavior

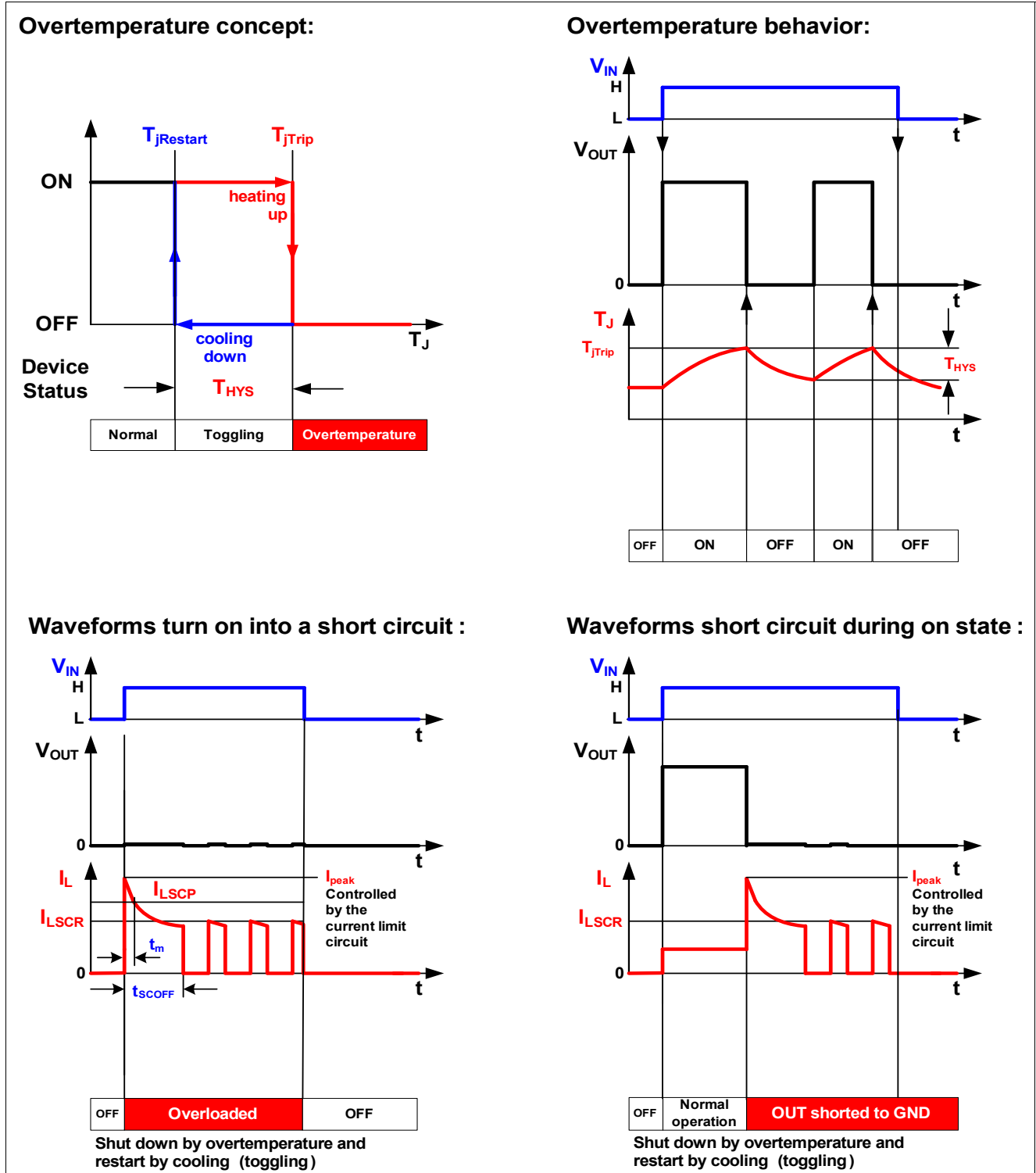


Figure 7 Protective behaviour of the ITS4100S-SJ-N

8 Package outlines and footprint

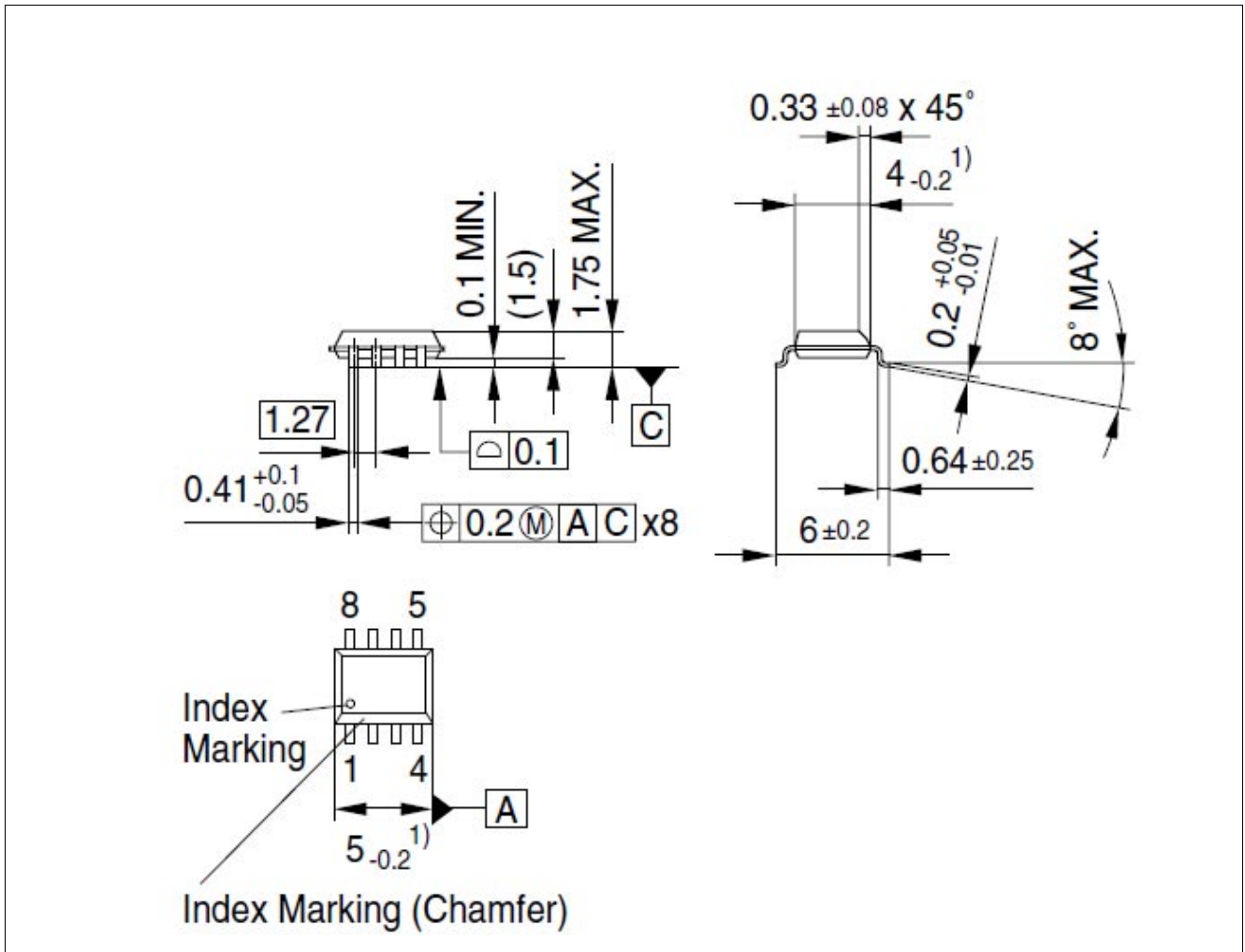


Figure 8 PG-DSO-8 (Plastic Dual Small Outline Package, RoHS-Compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020

9 Revision History

Revision	Date	Changes
V 1.0	12-09-01	Datasheet release

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