

**Battery Protection IC For 3-5 Cells Battery Pack  
With Automatic Balance****DESCRIPTION**

JW<sup>®</sup>3312 is a battery protection IC for the 3~5 cells rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack. JW3312 integrates high-accuracy voltage detection circuits, which realizes multiple protection functions including over-charge, over-discharge, over-current, over-temperature and VC5~VC0 pins open-wire.

**FEATURES**

- Wide range of operation voltage 5V to 35V
- Monitor 3~5 series battery pack
- High-accuracy voltage detection for each cell
  - Over-charge detection voltage  $V_{OC}$ : 3.6~4.5V (50mV step)  $\pm 25$ mV
  - Over-charge release hysteresis  $V_{OCRH}$ : 0V/0.1V/0.2V/0.35V
  - Over-discharge detection voltage  $V_{OD}$ : 2.1~3.1V (100mV step)  $\pm 50$ mV
  - Over-discharge release hysteresis  $V_{ODRH}$ : 0V/0.1~0.6V (100mV step)
- Discharge over-current detection in 3-step
  - 1<sup>st</sup> detection voltage  $V_{DOI1}$ : 0.050~0.25V (50mV step)  $\pm 10$ mV
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> detection voltage  $V_{DOI2}$ : 0.1~0.5V (100mV step)  $\pm 20$ mV
  - Short circuit detection voltage  $V_{SHT}$ : 0.1~1.0V (100mV step)  $\pm 60$ mV
- Charge over-current detection voltage  $V_{COI}$ :
  - -0.015~-0.155V (10mV step)  $\pm 10$ mV
- Fixed internally:
  - Load short circuit detection delay time  $t_{SHT}$ : 300 $\mu$ s
  - Charge over-current detection delay time  $t_{COI}$ : 1s
- Programmable by external capacitor
  - Discharge over-current detection delay time  $t_{DOI}$ :  
1<sup>st</sup>: 0.1s~2s    2<sup>nd</sup>: (0.1~2s)  $\times$  0.1
  - Over-discharge detection delay time  $t_{OD}$ : 0.1s~3s
  - Over-charge detection delay time  $t_{OC}$ : 0.1s~5s
- Balance function:
  - Level-1 bleeding threshold voltage  $V_{BAL1}$ :  $V_{OC}-225$ mV~ $V_{OC}-25$ mV (25mV step)  $\pm 25$ mV
  - Level-2 bleeding threshold voltage  $V_{BAL2}$ :  $V_{OC}/V_{OC}-25$ mV/ $V_{OC}-50$ mV  $\pm 25$ mV
- High-accuracy battery temperature detection
- Provide passive balance
- Provide VC5~VC0 open-wire detection
- Charging Permission (CP) condition check
- Wide range of operation temperature -40°C to +85°C
- Low current consumption (T=25°C)
  - Full power mode    15 $\mu$ A Typ.
  - Sleep mode        3 $\mu$ A Typ.
  - Shutdown mode    350nA Typ.
- 20-Pin TSSOP

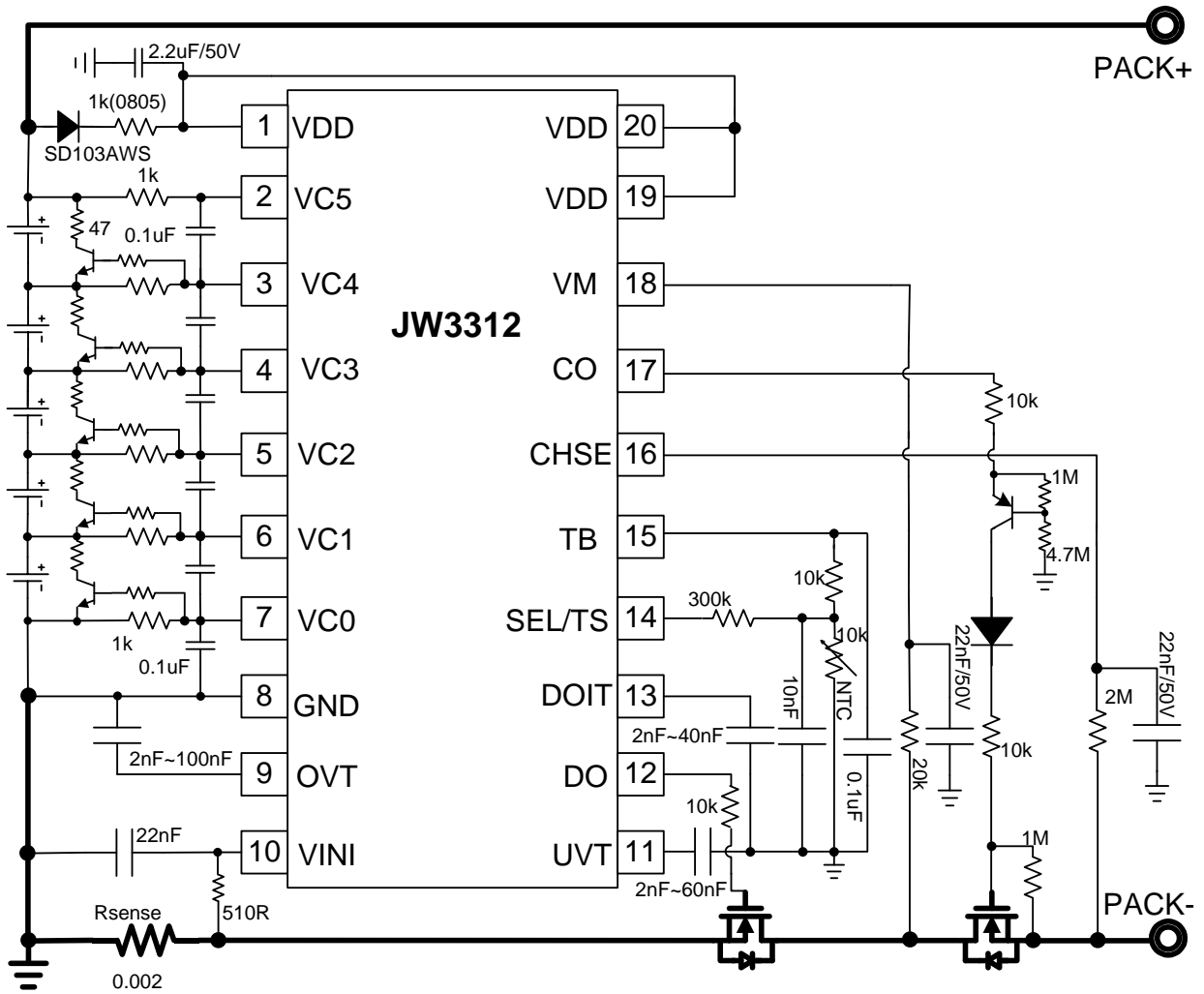
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**APPLICATIONS**

- Rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack
- Power tool
- UPS backup battery

**TYPICAL APPLICATION**

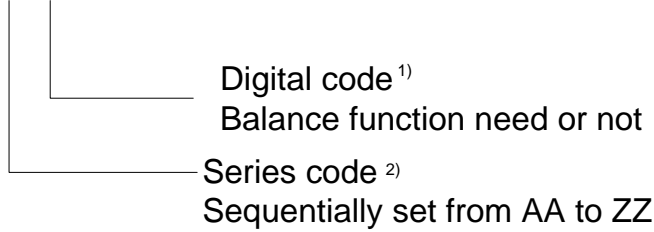
One PACK- PORT (5cells)



**Selection Guides**

**Production name structure**

JW3312-XXX



**Notes:**

- 1): Balance function need or not: X→ No need, Y→ Need
- 2): Product Series List, relates to different detection threshold voltage

**Products Series List<sup>1)</sup>**

Type/Item	Over -charge detection voltage [Voc]	Over -charge release voltage [VocL]	Over -discharge detection voltage [Vod]	Over -discharge release voltage [VodH]	Charge over -current detection voltage [VcoI]	Discharge over-current 1 detection voltage [VdoI1]	Discharge over-current 2 detection voltage [VdoI2]	Short circuit detection voltage [VsHT]	Balance detection voltage [VBAL1]
JW3312-AAAY	4.2V	4.1V	2.8V	3.0V	25mV	100mV	200mV	400mV	4.175V
JW3312-ABY	4.25V	4.15V	2.7V	3.0V	25mV	100mV	200mV	400mV	4.225V
JW3312-ACY	4.25V	4.15V	2.7V	3.0V	25mV	100mV	200mV	300mV	4.225V
JW3312-PAY	3.85V	3.75V	2.2V	2.5V	35mV	150mV	200mV	400mV	3.625V
JW3312-NBY	4.25V	4.15V	2.7V	3.0V	Disable	100mV	200mV	400mV	4.225V
JW3312-PBY	3.7V	3.6V	2.1V	2.4V	65mV	100mV	200mV	500mV	3.5V
JW3312-ADY	4.20V	4.05V	2.8V	3.0V	15mV	100mV	200mV	400mV	4.0V
JW3312-AEY	4.25V	4.15V	2.7V	3.0V	25mV	100mV	200mV	400mV	4.075V

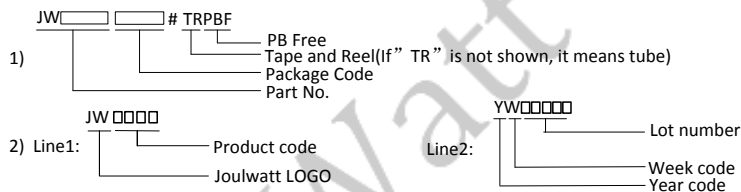
**Note:**

Please contact our sales office for products with detection voltage values other than those specified above.

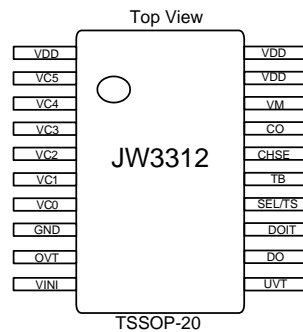
**ORDER INFORMATION**

DEVICE <sup>1)</sup>	PACKAGE	TOP MARKING <sup>2)</sup>
JW3312-AAYTSSOPE#TRPBF	TSSOP20	JW3312-AAY YW□□□□□
JW3312-ABYTSSOPE#TRPBF	TSSOP20	JW3312-ABY YW□□□□□
JW3312-ACYTSSOPE#TRPBF	TSSOP20	JW3312-ACY YW□□□□□
JW3312-PAYTSSOPE#TRPBF	TSSOP20	JW3312-PAY YW□□□□□
JW3312-NBYTSSOPE#TRPBF	TSSOP20	JW3312-NBY YW□□□□□
JW3312-PBYTSSOPE#TRPBF	TSSOP20	JW3312-PBY YW□□□□□
JW3312-ADYTSSOPE#TRPBF	TSSOP20	JW3312-ADY YW□□□□□
JW3312-AEYTSSOPE#TRPBF	TSSOP20	JW3312-AEY YW□□□□□

Notes:



**PIN CONFIGURATION**



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING<sup>1)</sup>**

VDD, VC5, VC4, VC3, VC2, VM, CHSE.....	-0.3V to +40V
VC1.....	-0.3V to +28V
DO.....	-0.3V to +15V
CO.....	-16V to 40V
UVT, SEL/TS, DOIT, VINI, OVT, TB, VC0.....	-0.3V to +6.5V
Battery cell voltage VC(n)-VC(n-1).....	-0.3V to 18V
Junction Temperature <sup>2)</sup> .....	150°C
Lead Temperature .....	260°C
Storage Temperature .....	-65°C to +150°C

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS<sup>3)</sup>**

Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> ).....	-40°C to 125°C
VC(N)-VC(N-1) .....	2V to 5V
VDD to GND .....	5V to 35V

**THERMAL PERFORMANCE<sup>4)</sup>**

	$\theta_{JA}$	$\theta_{JC}$
TSSOP20.....	98.4.....	37°C/W

**Notes:**

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device. These stress ratings do not imply function operation of the device at any other conditions beyond those indicated under RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS.
- 2) The JW3312 includes thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in over load conditions. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

*TA = 25°C, unless otherwise stated.*

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
<b>Power supply</b>							
Operation voltage between VDD pin and GND pin	V <sub>DSOP</sub>		5		35	V	
Power-on reset threshold	V <sub>PON</sub>		4.5	4.8	5.1	V	
Shutdown threshold	V <sub>PDOWN</sub>		4.2	4.5	4.8	V	
Current consumption during full power	I <sub>FP</sub>			15	20	μA	
Current consumption during sleep	I <sub>SLEEP</sub>			3	6	μA	
Current consumption during shutdown	I <sub>SHUTDOWN</sub>			0.35	0.6	μA	
<b>Voltage/Current Protections Threshold Voltage</b>							
Detection period time for voltage <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>DETV</sub>	Full power mode		0.5		s	
	t <sub>DETV_SLP</sub>	Sleep mode		2		s	
Over-charge	Protection threshold	V <sub>OC</sub>	V <sub>OC</sub> -0.025	V <sub>OC</sub>	V <sub>OC</sub> +0.025	V	
	Release threshold	V <sub>OCL</sub>	V <sub>OCL</sub> -0.04	V <sub>OCL</sub>	V <sub>OCL</sub> +0.04	V	
	Protection delay time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>OC</sub>		70%t <sub>OC</sub>	t <sub>OC</sub>	130%t <sub>OC</sub> +t <sub>DETV</sub>	s
		t <sub>OCS</sub>	OVT pin short to GND	64	-	164	ms
		t <sub>OCC</sub>	OVT pin open	0	-	100	ms
Over-discharge	Protection threshold	V <sub>OD</sub>	V <sub>OD</sub> -0.05	V <sub>OD</sub>	V <sub>OD</sub> +0.05	V	
	Release threshold	V <sub>ODH</sub>	V <sub>ODH</sub> -0.08	V <sub>ODH</sub>	V <sub>ODH</sub> +0.08	V	
	Protection delay time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>OD</sub>		70%t <sub>OD</sub>	t <sub>OD</sub>	130%t <sub>OD</sub> +t <sub>DETV</sub>	s
		t <sub>ODS</sub>	OVT pin short to GND	64	-	164	ms
		t <sub>ODO</sub>	OVT pin open	0	-	100	ms
Charge over-current	Protection threshold	V <sub>COI</sub>	V <sub>COI</sub> -10	V <sub>COI</sub>	V <sub>COI</sub> +10	mV	
	Protection delay time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>COI</sub>		0.7	1	1.3	S
Discharge over-current	1 <sup>st</sup> protection voltage	V <sub>DOI1</sub>	V <sub>DOI1</sub> -10	V <sub>DOI1</sub>	V <sub>DOI1</sub> +10	mV	
	1 <sup>st</sup> protection delay time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>DOI1</sub>		70%t <sub>DOI1</sub>	t <sub>DOI1</sub>	130%t <sub>DOI1</sub>	ms
		t <sub>DOI1S</sub>	DOIT pin short	64	-	164	ms

			to GND				
		t <sub>DO10</sub>	DOIT pin open	0	-	100	ms
	2 <sup>nd</sup> protection voltage	V <sub>DO12</sub>		V <sub>DO12</sub> -20	V <sub>DO12</sub>	V <sub>DO12</sub> +20	mV
	2 <sup>st</sup> protection delay time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>DO12</sub>		7%t <sub>DO11</sub>	10%t <sub>DO11</sub>	13%t <sub>DO11</sub>	ms
	Short protection voltage	V <sub>SHT</sub>		V <sub>SHT</sub> -60	V <sub>SHT</sub>	V <sub>SHT</sub> +60	mV
Short protection delay time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>SHT</sub>		150	300	450	μs	
<b>Temperature Protection Threshold Voltage</b>							
Detection period time for temperature <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>DETT</sub>				2		s
	t <sub>DETT_SLP</sub>				8		s
Detection effective time for temperature <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>EFF_DETT</sub>				3		ms
TB pin output voltage L	V <sub>TBL</sub>				0		V
TB pin output voltage H	V <sub>TB</sub>			1.1	1.2	1.3	V
Charge temperature protection	Over-temperature protection threshold	V <sub>COT</sub>	50°C±4°C R <sub>NTC</sub> =103AT	27.14%	29.38%	32.56%	V <sub>TB</sub>
	Over-temperature release hysteresis	V <sub>COTRH</sub>	5°C		3.55%		V <sub>TB</sub>
	Under-temperature protection threshold	V <sub>CUT</sub>	0°C±4°C R <sub>NTC</sub> =103AT	69.18%	73.18%	75.24%	V <sub>TB</sub>
	Under-temperature release hysteresis	V <sub>CUTRH</sub>	5°C		4.58%		V <sub>TB</sub>
	protection delay time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>COT</sub>		3.5	4	6.5	s
Discharge temperature protection	Over-temperature protection threshold	V <sub>DOT</sub>	70°C±4°C R <sub>NTC</sub> =103AT	17.30%	18.22%	20.18%	V <sub>TB</sub>
	Over-temperature release hysteresis	V <sub>DOTRH</sub>	10°C		5%		V <sub>TB</sub>
	Under-temperature protection threshold	V <sub>DUT</sub>	-20°C±4°C R <sub>NTC</sub> =103AT	84.58%	87.14%	88.37%	V <sub>TB</sub>
	Under-temperature release hysteresis	V <sub>DUTRH</sub>	10°C		6.2%		V <sub>TB</sub>
	protection delay	t <sub>DOT</sub>		3.5	4	6.5	s

	time <sup>5)</sup>						
State detection	Discharge detection threshold	V <sub>TH_DSG</sub>		2	4	6	mV
	Charge detection threshold	V <sub>TH_CG</sub>		-6	-4	-2	mV
<b>Balance Function</b>							
Level-1 Bleeding threshold voltage	V <sub>BAL1</sub>		V <sub>BAL1</sub> -0.02 5	V <sub>BAL1</sub>	V <sub>BAL1</sub> +0.02 5		V
Level-2 bleeding threshold voltage	V <sub>BAL2</sub>		V <sub>BAL2</sub> -0.02 5	V <sub>BAL2</sub>	V <sub>BAL2</sub> +0.02 5		V
Level-1 allowance bleeding deviation voltage between high voltage battery and low voltage battery	ΔV <sub>B_ALLOW</sub>		15	40	65		mV
Bleeding resistor <sup>5)</sup>	R <sub>BAL</sub>			50			Ω
Balance period time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>B</sub>			0.5			s
Bleeding delay time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>BAL_DELAY</sub>			30			ms
Odd cells bleeding time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>B_ODD</sub>			200			ms
Even cells bleeding time <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>B_EVEN</sub>			200			ms
Cell balancing relaxation time before cell voltage measured <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>B_RELAX</sub>			100			ms
<b>VCN Open-Wire Detection</b>							
VCN open-wire detection cycle <sup>5)</sup>	t <sub>OPEN</sub>			2			s
<b>3/4/5 Cells Application Configuration</b>							
SEL/TS pin source current <sup>5)</sup>	I <sub>SEL</sub>			5			μA
3 Cells configuration comparator threshold voltage <sup>5)</sup>	V <sub>SEL0</sub>	Recommend R <sub>SEL</sub> =0R				100	mV
4 Cells configuration comparator threshold voltage <sup>5)</sup>	V <sub>SEL1</sub>	Recommend R <sub>SEL</sub> =100K	300			600	mV
5 Cells configuration comparator threshold voltage <sup>5)</sup>	V <sub>SEL2</sub>	Recommend R <sub>SEL</sub> =300K	1000				mV
<b>Output Voltage</b>							
CO output voltage L	V <sub>COL</sub>				High-Z		V
CO output voltage H	V <sub>COH</sub>	Full power mode	10	12	15		V
		Sleep mode	4	4.5			V
DO output voltage L	V <sub>DOL</sub>		0	0	0.5		V



DO output voltage H	V <sub>DOH</sub>		10	12	15	V
<b>Input Current</b>						
VCn pin current(n=0~5)	I <sub>VCn</sub>		-1		1	μA
<b>Output Current</b>						
CO pin maximum source current	I <sub>COH</sub>		2	4	6	mA
DO pin maximum source current	I <sub>DOH</sub>		3	5	7	mA
DO pin maximum sink current	I <sub>DOL</sub>		70	80	90	mA
<b>Load Detection</b>						
Resistance between VM pin and GND pin	R <sub>VM</sub>		20	40	60	kΩ
Load detection threshold	V <sub>VMD</sub>		0.8	1	1.2	V
<b>Charger Detection</b>						
Charger detection pull up current	I <sub>PU</sub>			1		μA
Charger detection threshold	V <sub>CHSE</sub>		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
<b>Charging Permission Protection</b>						
Single cell charging permission voltage	V <sub>CP</sub>		0.7	0.9	1.1	V
Protection deglitch time	t <sub>CP</sub>			1		ms

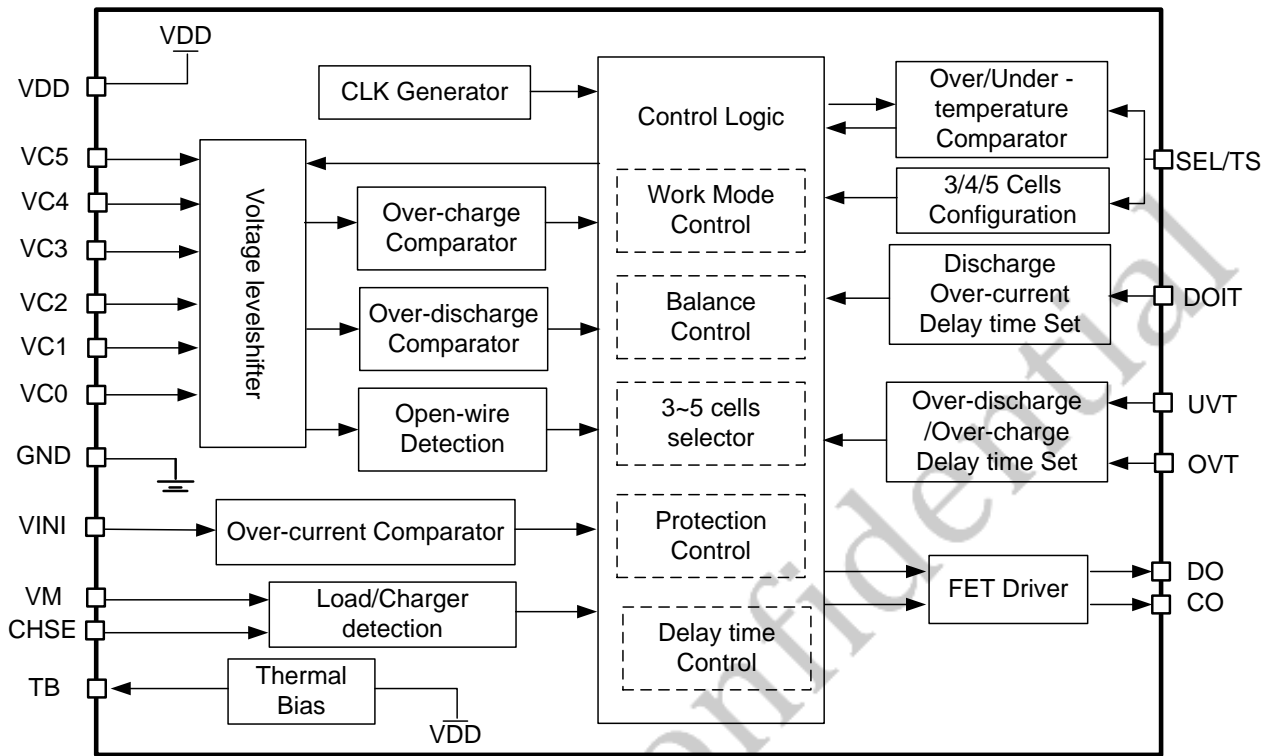
**Notes:**

- 5) Guaranteed by design.

## PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Name	Description
1, 19, 20	VDD	Input pin for positive power supply
2	VC5	Connection pin for battery 5's positive voltage
3	VC4	Connection pin for battery 4's positive voltage
4	VC3	Connection pin for battery 3's positive voltage
5	VC2	Connection pin for battery 2's positive voltage
6	VC1	Connection pin for battery 1's positive voltage
7	VC0	Connection pin for battery 1's negative voltage
8	GND	Input pin for negative power supply
9	OVT	Over-charge protection delay time setting
10	VINI	Charge and discharge over-current detection terminal
11	UVT	Over-discharge protection delay time setting
12	DO	Gate connection pin for discharge control MOSFET
13	DOIT	Discharge over-current delay time setting pin
14	SEL/TS	This is a dual-purpose pin (1) Thermal sense input (2) 3/4/5 cells selection terminal
15	TB	Thermal bias output
16	CHSE	Charger detection pin
17	CO	Gate connection pin for charge control MOSFET
18	VM	Load detection pin

BLOCK DIAGRAM



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### Normal Status

In the JW3312, both CO and DO pins output high level voltage when all battery voltages are between  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$ , the battery temperature is between  $V_{COT}$  and  $V_{CUT}$ , and the VINI pin voltage is between  $V_{COI}$  and  $V_{DOI1}$ . This is the normal status.

### Over-charge Status

JW3312 detects cell voltage once per  $t_{DETV}$ . When any battery voltage increases to  $V_{OC}$  or more for longer than  $t_{OC}$ , the CO pin outputs high-Z. Since the CO pin pulled down to the PACK- voltage by an external resistor, the charge MOSFET is turned off to stop charging. This is the over-charge status.

The over-charge status is released if either of the conditions mentioned below is satisfied:

- (1) The battery voltage drops to  $V_{OCL}$  or less.
- (2) The VINI pin voltage is higher than  $V_{TH\_DSG}$  and all battery voltage drops to  $V_{OC}$ .

### Over-discharge Status

JW3312 detects cell voltage once per  $t_{DETV}$ . When any voltage of batteries decreases to  $V_{OD}$  or lower for longer than  $t_{OD}$ , the DO pin outputs low level voltage. The discharge MOSFET is turned off and discharge stops. This is the over-discharge status.

When discharge MOSFET is off, VM pin is pulled down to the GND level via  $R_{VMS}$  internally. To reduce power consumption, the IC will entry sleep mode and CO pin outputs 4.5V. The IC will wake up to over-discharge status every 2s. The sleep status will not enter if the VINI pin voltage lower than  $V_{TH\_CG}$ .

The over-discharge status is released if either

condition mentioned below is satisfied:

- (1) The VM pin voltage is lower than  $V_{VMD}$ , and the battery voltage increases to  $V_{ODH}$  or more.
- (2) The VM pin voltage is lower than  $V_{VMD}$ , and the VINI pin voltage is lower than  $V_{TH\_CG}$  during charging and the battery voltage increases to  $V_{OD}$  or more.

### Discharge Over-current Status

In the JW3312, if the VINI pin voltage increases to  $V_{DOI}$  or more (discharge over-current threshold voltage) for longer than  $t_{DOI}$  (discharge over-current detection delay time), the DO pin outputs low level voltage and CO pin outputs high-Z. The discharge and charge MOSFETs are both turned off. This is the discharge over-current status.

The VM pin is pulled down to the GND level via  $R_{VMS}$  internally.

JW3312 has three levels for discharge over-current detection ( $V_{DOI1}$ ,  $V_{DOI2}$ ,  $V_{SHT}$ ). The JW3312 actions against load short circuit detection voltage ( $V_{SHT}$ ) are as well in  $V_{DOI}$ .

The discharge over-current status is released if the following condition is satisfied.

The VM pin voltage is lower than  $V_{VMD}$ .

### Charge Over-current Status

If the VINI pin voltage decreases to  $V_{COI}$  or less for longer than  $t_{COI}$ , the DO pin outputs low level voltage and the CO pin outputs high-Z. The charge and discharge MOSFETs are turned off. This is the charge over-current status.

The CHSE pin is pulled up to the 5V regulator via  $I_{PU}$  internally.

The charge over-current status is released if the following condition is satisfied:

The CHSE pin voltage is higher than  $V_{CHSE}$

**Delay Time Setting**

In the discharge over-current and over-discharge detection, users are able to set the delay time through an external capacitor.

Take the discharge over-current detection for example, when the VINI pin voltage reaches  $V_{DO11}$  or more, JW3312 starts charging  $C_{DOIT}$  (the DOIT pin capacitor) via  $I_{DOIT}$  (the DOIT pin output current). After a certain period, the DO pin outputs low level voltage. This period is  $t_{DO11}$ , which can be calculated using the following equation.

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_{DO11}[s] &= n \times \Delta V \times C_{DOIT}[nF] / I_{DOIT} [\mu A] \\
 &= 400(\text{typ.}) \times C_{DOIT}[nF] / 8[\mu A] (\text{typ.}) \\
 &= 50[M\Omega](\text{typ.}) \times C_{DOIT}[nF]
 \end{aligned}$$

In case  $C_{DOIT}=2nF$ ,  $t_{DO11}$  is calculated as follows.

$$t_{DO11} [s] = 50[M\Omega](\text{typ.}) \times 2[nF] = 0.1 [s] (\text{typ.})$$

The 2<sup>nd</sup> discharge over-current detection delay time ( $t_{DO12}$ ) is calculated as below.

$$t_{DO12}=t_{DO11} \times 0.1$$

The function of over-discharge detection delay time is same to the discharge over-current detection delay time.

The function of over-charge detection delay time is same to the discharge over-current detection delay time.

The load short circuit detection delay time are fixed internally.

**Fault Detection on DOIT& UVT&OVT**

To set the discharge over-current detection delay time, the over-discharge detection delay

time and over-charge detection delay time, a capacitor is connected between DOIT/UVT/OVT pin and GND pin.

Take the discharge over-current for example. If the discharge over-current is detected and the DOIT pin is shorted to ground,  $t_{DO11}$  is automatically changed to the DOIT pin short detected 1<sup>st</sup> discharge over-current detection delay time ( $t_{DO11S}$ ).

In the same manner, if the discharge over-current is detected and the DOIT pin is floating,  $t_{DO11}$  is automatically changed to the DOIT pin open detected 1<sup>st</sup> discharge over-current detection delay time ( $t_{DO11O}$ ).

The fault detection function of UVT and OVT are similar to the pin DOIT.

**Temperature Protection**

JW3312 provides temperature sensing pin TS for detecting the temperature of battery cells. The 103AT NTC ( $\beta=3435$ ) resistor is placed nearby battery cells separately. When the temperature of battery pack increases, the voltage of the TS pin decreases. JW3312 detects over-temperature or under-temperature once per  $t_{DETT}$  (temperature detection period time). see figure 1 for temperature detection timing chart. In normal status, the JW3312 continuously turns on TB output for  $t_{EFF\_DETT}$  every  $t_{DETT}$ . When the TB output turns on, the external temperature is monitored.

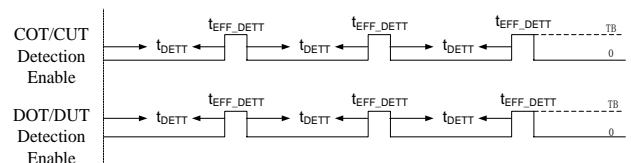


Figure1. Temperature detection timing

During temperature detection, only when  $V_{INI} > V_{TH\_DSG}$ , the JW3312 considers discharge state. Otherwise, the JW3312 considers charge state.

In charge state, once the battery temperature is beyond  $V_{CUT}$  or below  $V_{COT}$ , and the state continues for  $t_{COT\_DELAY}$ , JW3312 shuts down the charge MOSFET.

The charge temperature protection status is released if either of the following conditions is satisfied.

- (1) The temperature of battery pack recovers
- (2) The VIN1 pin voltage is higher than  $V_{TH\_DSG}$

In discharge state, once the battery temperature is beyond  $V_{DUT}$  or below  $V_{DOT}$ , and the state continues for  $t_{DOT\_DELAY}$ , the DO pin outputs low level voltage and the CO pin outputs high-Z. The charge and discharge MOSFETs are turned off.

The discharge temperature protection status is released if either of the following conditions is satisfied.

The temperature of battery pack recovers

**Operation Modes**

JW3312 has three power modes: Full Power mode, Sleep mode and Shutdown mode.

For Full Power mode, JW3312 checks for over-voltage, over-discharge, over-temperature, under-temperature every detection period. Besides, over-current events are checked continuously. These safety events decide the status of the charge and discharge MOSFETs. The typical current consumption is 15µA.

JW3312 enters Sleep mode after entering over-discharge status, The typical current consumption is lower down to be 3µA at sleep mode.

For the other case, JW3312 only waits for temperature events or open wire events releasing.

JW3312 enters Shutdown mode when VDD pin

voltage becomes lower than  $V_{PDOWN}$ . During this mode, JW3312 does not check for any safety events. The charge and discharge MOSFETs are both off. The typical current consumption is as low as 350nA.

**Balance Function**

JW3312 provides cells' balance function to balance the cells' capacity in a battery pack. When any cell voltage is higher than Level-1 bleeding threshold voltage  $V_{BAL1}$ , and the cell voltage is higher than the lowest cell  $\Delta V_{B\_ALLOW}$ , the off-chip balance will be turn on and provide about 100mA bleeding current.

Odd-even balance strategy is adopted. The balance period time is 500mS. The first 200mS is used for the odd cells bleeding that satisfy the balance conditions. The second 200mS is used for the even cells bleeding that satisfy the balance conditions. The last 100mS is cell balancing relaxation time before cell voltage measured. See figure 2 for balance operation timing charts.

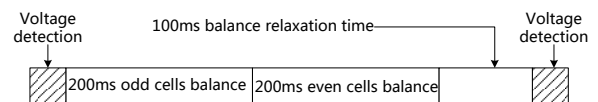


Figure2. Balance operation timing charts

An external resistor of 47Ω recommended should be used to limit the power dissipated by the external MOS. The detailed circuit is shown in the Figure3.

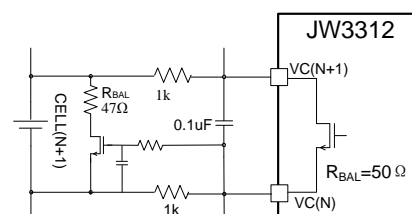


Figure3. External Discharge FET Connection (one cell)

The balance current can be programmable by  $R_{BAL}$ .

$$I_{BAL} (A) = \frac{V_{CELL} (V)}{R_{BAL} (\Omega)} + \frac{V_{CELL} (V)}{1k+1k+R_{BAL} (\Omega)}$$

When the JW3312 is used in extended condition, to avoid the unbalance between IC1 and IC2, the JW3312 provide level-2 balance function. If all the five cell voltage exceed the Level-2 bleeding threshold voltage  $V_{BAL2}$ , the external discharge MOS turn on.

The balance exits if one of the conditions mentioned below is satisfied:

- (1) When the balance opening conditions mentioned above are not satisfied
- (2) The system enters sleep mode
- (3) Open-wire fault is detected.
- (4) Battery temperature faults happened.

**Open-wire Detection**

JW3312 checks for VC5-VC0 open-wire once per detection time period  $t_{OPEN}$ .

When any of VC5 to VC0 pin open, it will detect open-wire and charge and discharge is prohibited

The open wire protection is released when open wire point is connected again. The DO pin may not be turned on normally. In this case, remove the load can set the JW3312 to the normal status.

**3/4/5 cells application selection**

When the IC power startup, the TB pin will be short to GND and the TS pin will output current  $I_{SEL}$  to  $R_{SEL}$ , NTC, 10K before the TB setting up, and the voltage of TS configures the cells number. After cells number configuration, the  $I_{SEL}$  will be shutdown. The detailed circuit is shown in the Figure4.

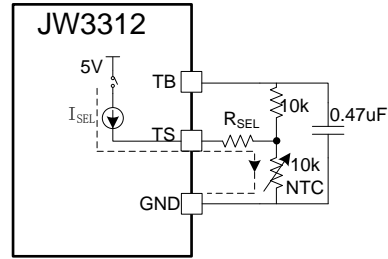


Figure4. 3/4/5 Cells application selection schematic

3/4/5 Cells application selection by  $R_{SEL}$

Cells	$R_{SEL}$	$V_{TS}$
3	0R	<100mV
4	100k	300mV~600mV
5	300k	>1000mV

**Charging Permission (CP) Protection**

JW3312 provides charging permission function. If any battery cell voltage is lower than  $V_{CP}$  for longer than  $t_{CP}$ , JW3312 will enter to charge protection state.

When JW3312 enters to the CP protection state, the CO pin becomes high-Z, turning off the charge MOSFET through external resistor.

**PCB Layout Precaution**

The PCB layout of JW3312 must be carefully designed.

- 1. The RC filters of VDD and VC(n) should be placed close to the device pins.
- 2. The capacitors  $C_{TB}$  and  $C_{TS}$  should be placed near the TB and TS pins.
- 3. The capacitor  $C_{VINI}$  should be placed near the VINI pin
- 4. The GND should be placed near the  $R_{SENSE}$ .

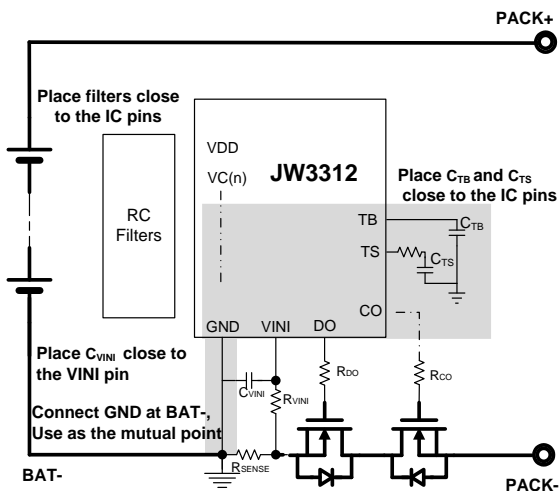


Figure5. PCB layout precaution

**Package and Bag Caution**

1. JW3312-xxxx is Moisture-Sensitive Devices and its MSL<sup>6)</sup> (Moisture-Sensitive Level) is level-3.
2. Calculated shelf life in sealed bag is 12 months at <40 °C and <90%RH(Relative Humidity).
3. Peak package body temperature<sup>5)</sup> is 260 °C.

4. After bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature process must
  - a) Mounted within 168 hours of factory at the condition  $\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}/60\%RH$ .
  - b) Stored at <10%RH.
5. Devices require bake before mounting if Humidity Indicator Car(HIC) is >10%RH when read at  $23 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
6. If baking is required, devices may be baked for 48 hours at  $125 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ . If device containers cannot be subjected to high temperature for shorter bake times are desired, reference IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 for bake procedure.

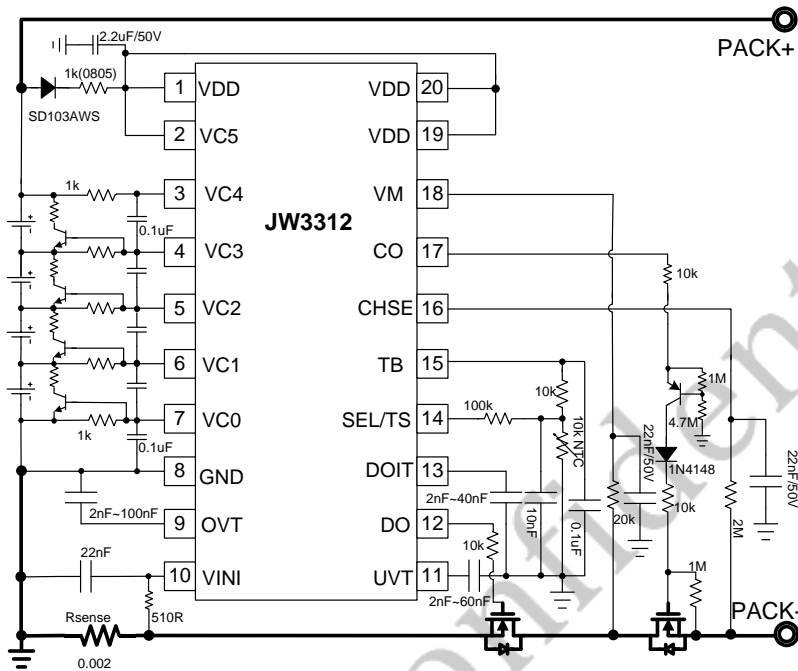
**Note:**

- 6) Level and body temperature defined by IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.

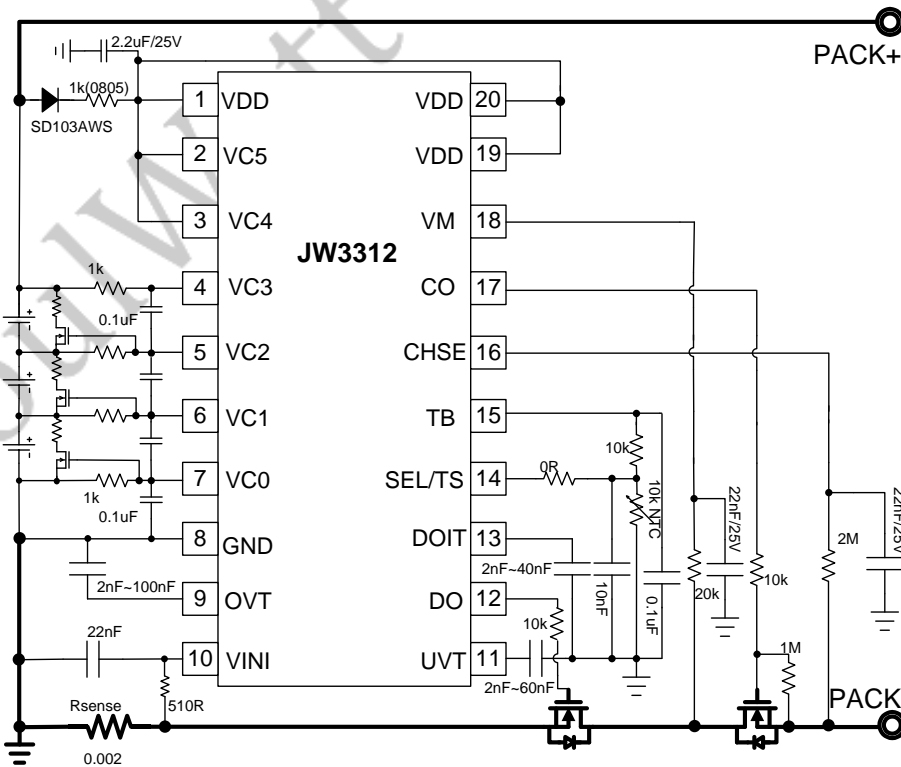


REFERENCE DESIGN:

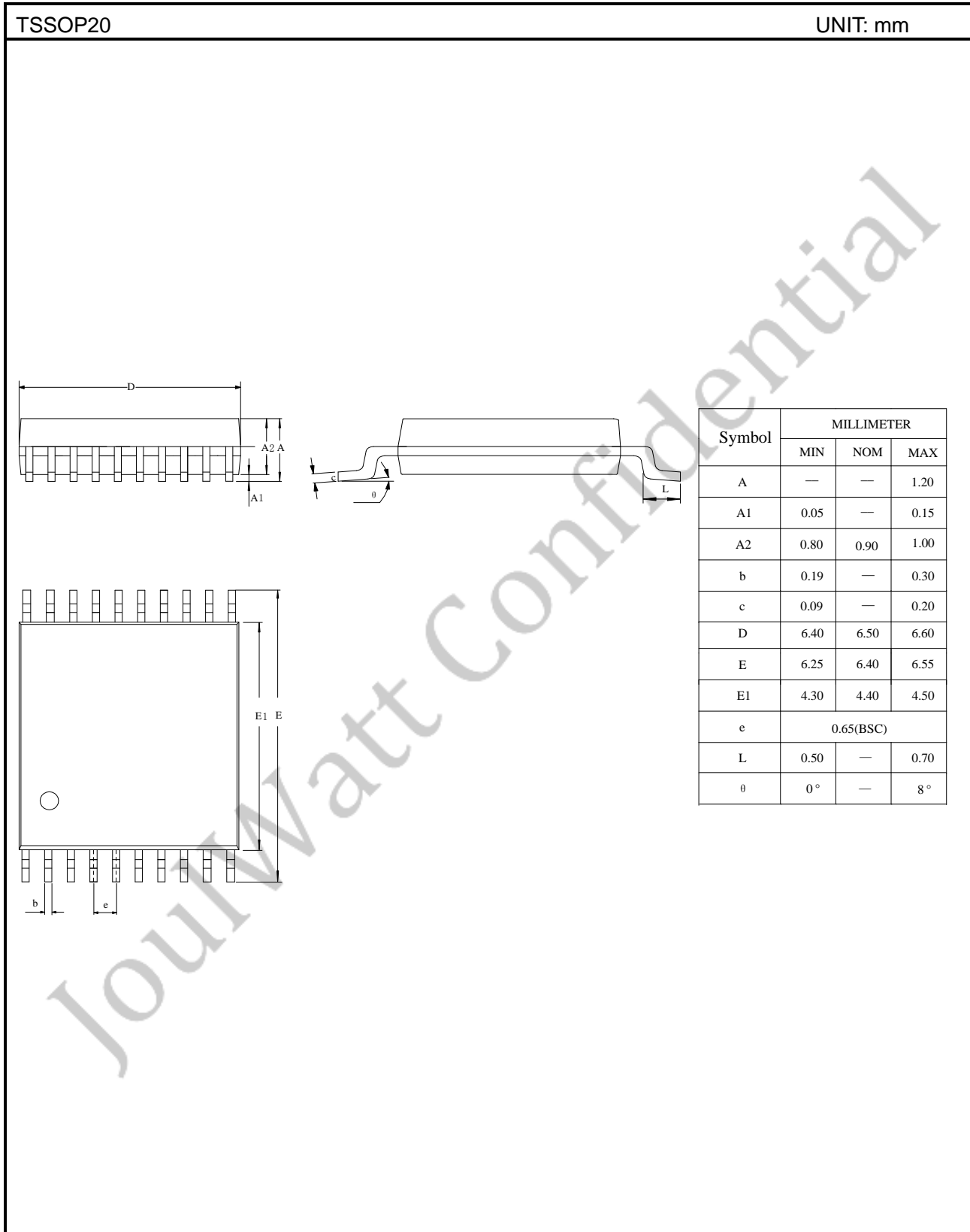
- One PACK- Port (4cells)



- One PACK- port (3cells)



PACKAGE OUTLINE



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