4Mb Sync. Pipelined Burst SRAM Specification

100 TQFP with Pb & Pb-Free (RoHS compliant)

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Document Title

128Kx36 & 128Kx32 & 256Kx18-Bit Synchronous Pipelined Burst SRAM

Revision History

| Rev. No | <u>History</u> | Draft Date | Remark |
|---------|---|----------------|-------------|
| 0.0 | 1. Initial draft | May. 15. 2001 | Preliminary |
| 0.1 | 1. Changed DC parameters Icc; from 570mA to 490mA at -30, from 520mA to 440mA at -27, from 470mA to 400mA at -25, from 440mA to 360mA at -22, from 400mA to 330mA at -20, from 370mA to 310mA at -18, | June. 12. 2001 | Preliminary |
| | ISB; from 200mA to 180mA at -30, from 190mA to 170mA at -27, from 180mA to 160mA at -25, from 170mA to 155mA at -22, from 160mA to 150mA at -20, from 150mA to 140mA at -18, | | |
| | ISB1 ; from 100mA to 80mA 2. Input set-up(tAS,tSS,tDS,tWS,tADVS,tCSS) from 0.6ns to 0.7ns at -30 | | |
| 0.2 | 1. Delete Pass-Through | June. 25. 2001 | Preliminary |
| 0.3 | 1. Changed Input set-up(tAS,tSS,tDS,tWS,tADVS,tCSS) - from 0.8ns to 1.0ns at -25 - from 075ns to 0.8ns at -27 - from 0.7ns to 0.8ns at -30 | July. 31. 2001 | Preliminary |
| 0.4 | 1. Add x32 org and industrial range temperature | Aug. 11. 2001 | Preliminary |
| 1.0 | 1. Final spec release 2. Changed Pin Capacitance - Cin ; from 5pF to 4pF - Cout; from 7pF to 6pF | Nov. 15. 2001 | Final |
| 2.0 | 1. Remove tCYC 300/275/225MHz(-30/-27/-22) | Nov. 17. 2003 | Final |
| 3.0 | 1. Add Pb-free package | Jul. 03. 2006 | Final |



4Mb SPB SRAM Ordering Information

| Org. | VDD (V) | Speed (MHz) | Access Time (ns) | Part Number | RoHS Avail. |
|----------|---------|-------------|------------------|---|-------------|
| 256Kx18 | | 250 | 2.4 | K7A401809B-P(Q) ¹ C(I) ² 25 | V |
| 23010.10 | | 200 | 2.8 | K7A401809B-Q3C(I)20 | • |
| 128Kx32 | 3.3 | 250 | 2.4 | K7A403209B-P(Q) ¹ C(I) ² 25 | V |
| 1201002 | 3.5 | 200 | 2.8 | K7A403209B-Q3C(I)20 | • |
| 128Kx36 | | 250 | 2.4 | K7A403609B-P(Q) ¹ C(I) ² 25 | $\sqrt{}$ |
| 1201000 | | 200 | 2.8 | K7A403609B-Q3C(I)20 | • |

Note 1. P(Q) [Package type]: P-Pb Free, Q-Pb

- 2. C(I) [Operating Temperature]: C-Commercial, I-Industrial
- 3. Support only Pb package parts at this frequency. To use Pb-Free package, use faster frequency parts.



128Kx36 & 128Kx32 & 256Kx18-Bit Synchronous Pipelined Burst SRAM

FEATURES

- · Synchronous Operation.
- 2 Stage Pipelined operation with 4 Burst.
- · On-Chip Address Counter.
- Self-Timed Write Cycle.
- · On-Chip Address and Control Registers.
- VDD= 3.3V+0.3V/-0.165V Power Supply.
- VDDQ Supply Voltage 3.3V+0.3V/-0.165V for 3.3V I/O or 2.5V+0.4V/-0.125V for 2.5V I/O.
- 5V Tolerant Inputs Except I/O Pins.
- · Byte Writable Function.
- · Global Write Enable Controls a full bus-width write.
- · Power Down State via ZZ Signal.
- LBO Pin allows a choice of either a interleaved burst or a linear burst.
- Three Chip Enables for simple depth expansion with No Data Contnention; 2cycle Enable, 1cycle Disable.
- · Asynchronous Output Enable Control.
- ADSP, ADSC, ADV Burst Control Pins.
- TTL-Level Three-State Output.
- 100-TQFP-1420A .
- · Operating in commercial and industrial temperature range.

FAST ACCESS TIMES

| PARAMETER | Symbol | -25 | -20 | Unit |
|---------------------------|--------|-----|-----|------|
| Cycle Time | tCYC | 4.0 | 5.0 | ns |
| Clock Access Time | tCD | 2.4 | 2.8 | ns |
| Output Enable Access Time | tOE | 2.4 | 2.8 | ns |

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K7A403609B, K7A403209B and K7A401809B are 4,718,592-bit Synchronous Static Random Access Memory designed for high performance second level cache of Pentium and Power PC based System.

It is organized as 128K(256K) words of 36(18) bits and integrates address and control registers, a 2-bit burst address counter and added some new functions for high performance cache RAM applications; $\overline{\text{GW}}$, $\overline{\text{BW}}$, $\overline{\text{LBO}}$, ZZ. Write cycles are internally self-timed and synchronous.

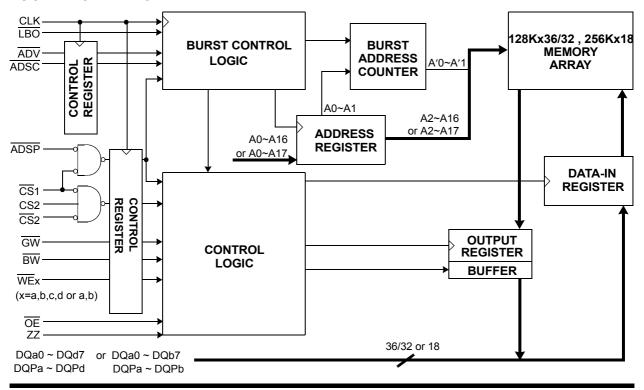
Full bus-width write is done by \overline{GW} , and each byte write is performed by the combination of \overline{WEx} and \overline{BW} when \overline{GW} is high. And with $\overline{CS1}$ high, \overline{ADSP} is blocked to control signals. Burst cycle can be initiated with either the address status processor(\overline{ADSP}) or address status cache controller(\overline{ADSC}) inputs. Subsequent burst addresses are generated internally in the system's burst sequence and are controlled by the burst address advance(\overline{ADV}) input.

LBO pin is DC operated and determines burst sequence(linear or interleaved).

ZZ pin controls Power Down State and reduces Stand-by current regardless of CLK.

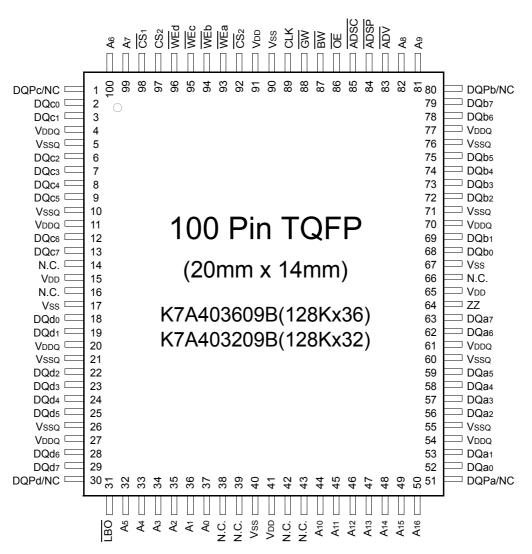
The K7A403609B, K7A403209B and K7A401809B are fabricated using SAMSUNG's high performance CMOS technology and is available in a 100pin TQFP package. Multiple power and ground pins are utilized to minimize ground bounce.

LOGIC BLOCK DIAGRAM





PIN CONFIGURATION(TOP VIEW)

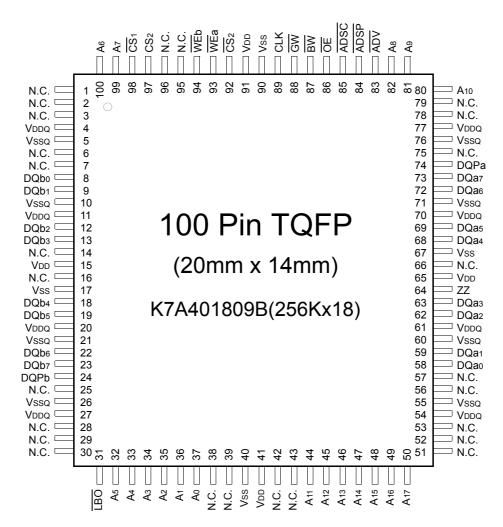


PIN NAME

| SYMBOL | PIN NAME | TQFP PIN NO. | SYMBOL | PIN NAME | TQFP PIN NO. |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| A0 - A16 | Address Inputs | 32,33,34,35,36,37 | VDD | Power Supply(+3.3V) | 15,41,65,91 |
| | - | 44,45,46,47,48,49 | Vss | Ground | 17,40,67,90 |
| | | 50,81,82,99,100 | | | |
| ADV | Burst Address Advance | 83 | N.C. | No Connect | 14,16,38,39,42,43,66 |
| ADSP | Address Status Processor | 84 | | | |
| ADSC | Address Status Controller | 85 | DQao~a7 | Data Inputs/Outputs | 52,53,56,57,58,59,62,63 |
| CLK CS ₁ | Clock | 89 | DQbo~b7 | | 68,69,72,73,74,75,78,79 |
| | Chip Select | 98 | DQco~c7 | | 2,3,6,7,8,9,12,13 |
| CS ₂ CS ₂ WEx | Chip Select | 97 | DQdo~d7 | | 18,19,22,23,24,25,28,29 |
| CS ₂ | Chip Select | 92 | DQPa~Pd | | 51,80,1,30 |
| WEx | Byte Write Inputs | 93,94,95,96 | /NC | | |
| (x=a,b,c,d) | | | | Output Power Supply | 4,11,20,27,54,61,70,77 |
| OE GW BW | Output Enable | 86 | VDDQ | (2.5V or 3.3V) | |
| GW | Global Write Enable | 88 | | Output Ground | 5,10,21,26,55,60,71,76 |
| | Byte Write Enable | 87 | Vssq | | |
| ZZ LBO | Power Down Input | 64 | V 00Q | | |
| LBO | Burst Mode Control | 31 | | | |



PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



PIN NAME

| SYMBOL | PIN NAME | TQFP PIN NO. | SYMBOL | PIN NAME | TQFP PIN NO. |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| A0 - A17 | Address Inputs | 32,33,34,35,36,37, | VDD | Power Supply(+3.3V) | 15,41,65,91 |
| | | 44,45,46,47,48,49, | Vss | Ground | 17,40,67,90 |
| | | 50,80,81,82,99,100 | N.C. | No Connect | 1,2,3,6,7,14,16,25,28,29, |
| ADV | Burst Address Advance | 83 | | | 30,38,39,42,43,51,52,53, |
| ADSP | Address Status Processor | 84 | | | 56,57,66,75,78,79,95,96 |
| ADSC | Address Status Controller | 85 | | | |
| CLK | Clock | 89 | DQao~a7 | Data Inputs/Outputs | 58,59,62,63,68,69,72,73 |
| CS ₁ | Chip Select | 98 | DQbo~b7 | | 8,9,12,13,18,19,22,23 |
| CS ₂ | Chip Select | 97 | DQPa, Pb | | 74,24 |
| CS ₂ CS ₂ | Chip Select | 92 | VDDQ | Output Power Supply | 4,11,20,27,54,61,70,77 |
| WEx | Byte Write Inputs | 93,94 | | (2.5V or 3.3V) | |
| (x=a,b) | | | Vssq | Output Ground | 5,10,21,26,55,60,71,76 |
| OE GW BW | Output Enable | 86 | | | |
| GW | Global Write Enable | 88 | | | |
| BW | Byte Write Enable | 87 | | | |
| ZZ LBO | Power Down Input | 64 | | | |
| LBO | Burst Mode Control | 31 | | | |



FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

The K7A4036/3209B and K7A401809B are synchronous SRAM designed to support the burst address accessing sequence of the P6 and Power PC based microprocessor. All inputs (with the exception of OE, LBO and ZZ) are sampled on rising clock edges. The start and duration of the burst access is controlled by ADSC, ADSP and ADV and chip select pins.

The accesses are enabled with the chip select signals and output enabled signals. Wait states are inserted into the access with \overline{ADV} . When ZZ is pulled high, the SRAM will enter a Power Down State. At this time, internal state of the SRAM is preserved. When ZZ returns to low, the SRAM normally operates after 2cycles of wake up time. ZZ pin is pulled down internally.

Read cycles are initiated with $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ (regardless of $\overline{\text{WEx}}$ and $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$) using the new external address clocked into the on-chip address register whenever $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ is sampled low, the chip selects are sampled active, and the output buffer is enabled with $\overline{\text{OE}}$. In read operation the data of cell array accessed by the current address, registered in the Data-out registers by the positive edge of CLK, are carried to the Data-out buffer by the next positive edge of CLK. The data, registered in the Data-out buffer, are projected to the output pins. $\overline{\text{ADV}}$ is ignored on the clock edge that samples $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ asserted, but is sampled on the subsequent clock edges. The address increases internally for the $\overline{\text{next}}$ access of the burst when $\overline{\text{WEx}}$ are sampled High and $\overline{\text{ADV}}$ is sampled low. And $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ is blocked to control signals by disabling $\overline{\text{CS}}$ 1.

All byte write is done by \overline{GW} (regaedless of \overline{BW} and $\overline{WE}x$.), and each byte write is performed by the combination of \overline{BW} and $\overline{WE}x$ when \overline{GW} is high.

Write cycles are performed by disabling the output buffers with \overline{OE} and asserting \overline{WEx} . \overline{WEx} are ignored on the clock edge that samples \overline{ADSP} low, but are sampled on the subsequent clock edges. The output buffers are disabled when \overline{WEx} are sampled Low(regardless of \overline{OE}). Data is clocked into the data input register when \overline{WEx} sampled Low. The address increases internally to the next address of burst, if both \overline{WEx} and \overline{ADV} are sampled Low. Individual byte write cycles are performed by any one or more byte write enable signals(\overline{WEa} , \overline{WEb} , \overline{WE} c or \overline{WEd}) sampled low. The \overline{WEa} control DQao ~ DQa7 and DQPa, \overline{WEb} controls DQco ~ DQb7 and DQPb, \overline{WEc} controls DQco ~ DQc7 and DQPc, and \overline{WEd} control DQdo ~ DQd7 and DQPd. Read or write cycle may also be initiated with \overline{ADSC} , instead of \overline{ADSP} . The differences between cycles initiated with \overline{ADSC} and \overline{ADSP} as are follows;

ADSP must be sampled high when ADSC is sampled low to initiate a cycle with ADSC.

WEx are sampled on the same clock edge that sampled ADSC low(and ADSP high).

Addresses are generated for the burst access as shown below, The starting point of the burst sequence is provided by the external address. The burst address counter wraps around to its initial state upon completion. The burst sequence is determined by the state of the $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ pin. When this pin is Low, linear burst sequence is selected. When this pin is High, Interleaved burst sequence is selected.

BURST SEQUENCE TABLE

(Interleaved Burst)

| LBO PIN | HIGH | Cas | se 1 | Cas | se 2 | Cas | se 3 | Cas | se 4 |
|---------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|----------------|
| LBO FIN | TIIGH | A 1 | A 0 | A 1 | A ₀ | A 1 | A ₀ | A 1 | A ₀ |
| Fii | First Address | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | \downarrow | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Fou | urth Address | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

Note: 1. LBO pin must be tied to High or Low, and Floating State must not be allowed.

(Linear Burst)

| LBO PIN | LOW | Cas | se 1 | Cas | se 2 | Cas | se 3 | Case 4 | |
|---------|---------------|------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------|
| | LOW | A 1 | A ₀ | A 1 | A ₀ | A 1 | A 0 | A 1 | A ₀ |
| Fi | First Address | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | ľ | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | \downarrow | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Fou | urth Address | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

Note: 1. LBO pin must be tied to High or Low, and Floating State must not be allowed.

ASYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

(See Notes 1 and 2):

| OPERATION | ZZ | Œ | I/O STATUS |
|------------|----|---|-------------|
| Sleep Mode | Н | Χ | High-Z |
| Read | L | ┙ | DQ |
| Redu | L | Н | High-Z |
| Write | L | Χ | Din, High-Z |
| Deselected | L | Χ | High-Z |

Notes

- 1. X means "Don't Care"
- 2. ZZ pin is pulled down internally
- 3. For write cycles that following read cycles, the output buffers must be disabled with \overline{OE} , otherwise data bus contention will occur.
- Sleep Mode means power down state of which stand-by current does not depend on cycle time.
- Deselected means power down state of which stand-by current depends on cycle time.



TRUTH TABLES

SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

| CS ₁ | CS ₂ | CS ₂ | ADSP | ADSC | ADV | WRITE | CLK | ADDRESS ACCESSED | OPERATION |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|------|-----|-------|------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Н | Х | Χ | Х | L | Х | Х | ↑ | N/A | Not Selected |
| L | L | Χ | L | Χ | Χ | Х | \uparrow | N/A | Not Selected |
| L | Х | Н | L | Х | Х | Х | ↑ | N/A | Not Selected |
| L | L | Х | Х | L | Х | Х | ↑ | N/A | Not Selected |
| L | Х | Н | Х | L | Х | Х | ↑ | N/A | Not Selected |
| L | Н | L | L | Χ | Х | Х | ↑ | External Address | Begin Burst Read Cycle |
| L | Н | L | Н | L | Х | L | ↑ | External Address | Begin Burst Write Cycle |
| L | Н | L | Н | L | Х | Н | ↑ | External Address | Begin Burst Read Cycle |
| Х | Х | Х | Н | Н | L | Н | ↑ | Next Address | Continue Burst Read Cycle |
| Н | Х | Х | Х | Н | L | Н | ↑ | Next Address | Continue Burst Read Cycle |
| Х | Х | Х | Н | Н | L | L | ↑ | Next Address | Continue Burst Write Cycle |
| Н | Х | Χ | Х | Н | L | L | ↑ | Next Address | Continue Burst Write Cycle |
| Х | Х | Х | Н | Н | Н | Н | ↑ | Current Address | Suspend Burst Read Cycle |
| Н | Х | Х | Х | Н | Н | Н | ↑ | Current Address | Suspend Burst Read Cycle |
| Х | Х | Х | Н | Н | Н | L | ↑ | Current Address | Suspend Burst Write Cycle |
| Н | Х | Х | Х | Н | Н | L | ↑ | Current Address | Suspend Burst Write Cycle |

Notes : 1. X means "Don't Care". 2. The rising edge of clock is symbolized by ↑.

- 3. WRITE = L means Write operation in WRITE TRUTH TABLE.
 WRITE = H means Read operation in WRITE TRUTH TABLE.
- 4. Operation finally depends on status of asynchronous input pins(ZZ and \overline{OE}).

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x36/32)

| GW | BW | WEa | WEb | WEc | WEd | OPERATION |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|
| Н | Н | X | Х | X | Х | READ |
| Н | L | Н | Н | Н | Н | READ |
| Н | L | L | Н | Н | Н | WRITE BYTE a |
| Н | L | Н | L | Н | Н | WRITE BYTE b |
| Н | L | Н | Н | L | L | WRITE BYTE c and d |
| Н | L | L | L | L | L | WRITE ALL BYTEs |
| L | Х | Х | Х | Х | X | WRITE ALL BYTEs |

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of $CLK(\uparrow)$.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x18)

| GW | BW | WEa | WEb | OPERATION |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----------------|
| Н | Н | X | X | READ |
| Н | L | Н | Н | READ |
| Н | L | L | Н | WRITE BYTE a |
| Н | L | Н | L | WRITE BYTE b |
| Н | L | L | L | WRITE ALL BYTEs |
| L | X | X | X | WRITE ALL BYTEs |

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of $CLK(\uparrow)$.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

| PARAMETER | | SYMBOL | RATING | UNIT |
|--|------------|------------------|-------------|------|
| Voltage on VDD Supply Relative to Vss | | VDD | -0.3 to 4.6 | V |
| Voltage on VDDQ Supply Relative to Vss | | VDDQ | VDD | V |
| Voltage on Input Pin Relative to Vss | Vin | -0.3 to VDD+0.3 | V | |
| Voltage on I/O Pin Relative to Vss | Vio | -0.3 to VDDQ+0.3 | V | |
| Power Dissipation | | Pb | 2.2 | W |
| Storage Temperature | | Тѕтс | -65 to 150 | °C |
| Operating Temperature | Commercial | Topr | 0 to 70 | °C |
| Operating Temperature | Industrial | Topr | -40 to 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range Under Bias | TBIAS | -10 to 85 | °C | |

^{*}Note: Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OPERATING CONDITIONS at 3.3V I/O (0°C≤ TA≤70°C)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | Тур. | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------|--------|-------|------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage | Vdd | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| | VDDQ | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| Ground | Vss | 0 | 0 | 0 | V |

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

OPERATING CONDITIONS at 2.5V I/O($0^{\circ}C \le TA \le 70^{\circ}C$)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | Тур. | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------|--------|-------|------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage | Vdd | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| | VDDQ | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.9 | V |
| Ground | Vss | 0 | 0 | 0 | V |

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

CAPACITANCE*(TA=25°C, f=1MHz)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------|--------|----------------|-----|-----|------|
| Input Capacitance | Cin | VIN=0V | - | 4 | pF |
| Output Capacitance | Соит | Vout=0V | - | 6 | pF |

*Note: Sampled not 100% tested.



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(TA=0 to 70°C, VDD=3.3V+0.3V/-0.165V)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------|
| Input Leakage Current(except ZZ) | lı∟ | VDD = Max ; VIN=Vss to VDD | | -2 | +2 | μΑ |
| Output Leakage Current | lol | Output Disabled, Vouт=Vss to VDDQ | Output Disabled, Vout=Vss to VDDQ | | +2 | μΑ |
| Operating Current | Icc | Device Selected, Iou⊤=0mA, ZZ≤VıL, | | - | 400 | mA |
| Operating Current | ICC | All Inputs=Vı∟ or Vıн , Cycle Time ≥cyc Min | -20 | - | 330 | |
| | lon | Device deselected, louт=0mA,ZZ≤Vı∟, | | - | 160 | mA |
| | f=Max, All Inputs≤0.2V or ≥ VDD-0.2V -20 Device deselected IOUT=0mA 77<0.2V | - | 150 | | | |
| Standby Current | Device deselected, IouT=0mA, ZZ≤0.2V, f = 0, All Inputs=fixed (VDD-0.2V or 0.2V) | | | - | 80 | mA |
| | ISB2 | Device deselected, IouT=0mA, ZZ≥VDD-0.2V, f=Max, All Inputs≤VIL or ≥VIH | | - | 50 | mA |
| Output Low Voltage(3.3V I/O) | Vol | IOL = 8.0mA | | - | 0.4 | V |
| Output High Voltage(3.3V I/O) | Vон | Iон = -4.0mA | | 2.4 | - | V |
| Output Low Voltage(2.5V I/O) | Vol | IoL = 1.0mA | | - | 0.4 | ٧ |
| Output High Voltage(2.5V I/O) | Vон | Iон = -1.0mA | | 2.0 | - | V |
| Input Low Voltage(3.3V I/O) | VIL | | | -0.5* | 0.8 | V |
| Input High Voltage(3.3V I/O) | VIH | | | 2.0 | VDD+0.5** | V |
| Input Low Voltage(2.5V I/O) | VIL | | | -0.3* | 0.7 | V |
| Input High Voltage(2.5V I/O) | ViH | | | 1.7 | VDD+0.5** | V |

The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

TEST CONDITIONS

 $(VDD=3.3V+0.3V/-0.165V, VDDQ=3.3V+0.3/-0.165V \ or \ VDD=3.3V+0.3V/-0.165V, VDDQ=2.5V+0.4V/-0.125V, \ Ta=0 \ to \ 70^{\circ}C)$

| PARAMETER | VALUE |
|--|------------|
| Input Pulse Level(for 3.3V I/O) | 0 to 3V |
| Input Pulse Level(for 2.5V I/O) | 0 to 2.5V |
| Input Rise and Fall Time(Measured at 0.3V and 2.7V for 3.3V I/O) | 1ns |
| Input Rise and Fall Time(Measured at 0.3V and 2.1V for 2.5V I/O) | 1ns |
| Input and Output Timing Reference Levels for 3.3V I/O | 1.5V |
| Input and Output Timing Reference Levels for 2.5V I/O | VDDQ/2 |
| Output Load | See Fig. 1 |

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.



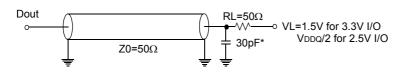
^{*} $V_{IL}(Min)=-2.0(Pulse\ Width \le tCYC/2)$

^{**} $V_{IH}(Max)=4.6(Pulse\ Width \le t_{CYC}/2)$

^{**} In Case of I/O Pins, the Max. VIH=VDDQ+0.3V

Output Load(A)

Output Load(B) (for tLzc, tLzoE, tHzoE & tHzc)



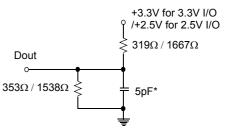


Fig. 1

AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS(TA=0 to 70°C, VDD=3.3V+0.3V/-0.165V)

| | | -25 | | -20 | | |
|--|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| PARAMETER | Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max | Unit |
| Cycle Time | tCYC | 4.0 | - | 5.0 | | ns |
| Clock Access Time | tCD | - | 2.4 | - | 2.8 | ns |
| Output Enable to Data Valid | tOE | - | 2.4 | - | 2.8 | ns |
| Clock High to Output Low-Z | tLZC | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Output Hold from Clock High | tOH | 0.8 | - | 1.0 | - | ns |
| Output Enable Low to Output Low-Z | tLZOE | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Output Enable High to Output High-Z | tHZOE | - | 2.4 | - | 2.8 | ns |
| Clock High to Output High-Z | tHZC | 0.8 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 2.8 | ns |
| Clock High Pulse Width | tCH | 1.7 | - | 2.0 | - | ns |
| Clock Low Pulse Width | tCL | 1.7 | - | 2.0 | - | ns |
| Address Setup to Clock High | tAS | 1.0 | - | 1.2 | - | ns |
| Address Status Setup to Clock High | tSS | 1.0 | - | 1.2 | - | ns |
| Data Setup to Clock High | tDS | 1.0 | - | 1.2 | - | ns |
| Write Setup to Clock High (GW, BW, WEX) | tWS | 1.0 | - | 1.2 | - | ns |
| Address Advance Setup to Clock High | tADVS | 1.0 | - | 1.2 | - | ns |
| Chip Select Setup to Clock High | tCSS | 1.0 | - | 1.2 | - | ns |
| Address Hold from Clock High | tAH | 0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | ns |
| Address Status Hold from Clock High | tSH | 0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | ns |
| Data Hold from Clock High | tDH | 0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | ns |
| Write Hold from Clock High (GW, BW, WEX) | tWH | 0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | ns |
| Address Advance Hold from Clock High | tADVH | 0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | ns |
| Chip Select Hold from Clock High | tCSH | 0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | ns |
| ZZ High to Power Down | tPDS | 2 | - | 2 | - | cycle |
| ZZ Low to Power Up | tPUS | 2 | - | 2 | - | cycle |

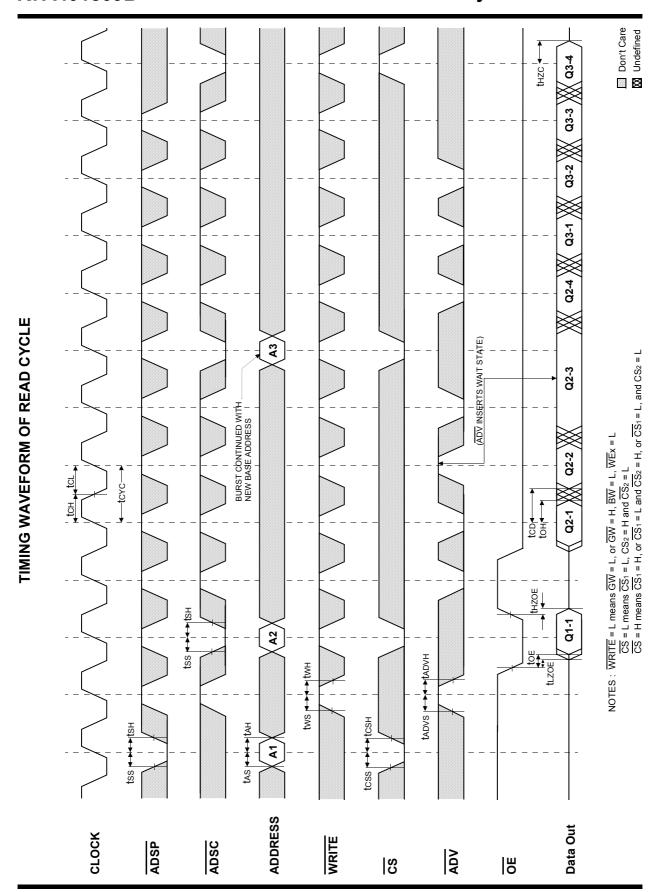
Notes: 1 The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

- 2. All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all rising clock edges whenever ADSC and/or ADSP is sampled low and CS is sampled low. All other synchronous inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times whenever this device is chip selected.
- 3. Both chip selects must be active whenever ADSC or ADSP is sampled low in order for the this device to remain enabled.
- 4. ADSC or ADSP must not be asserted for at least 2 Clock after leaving ZZ state.

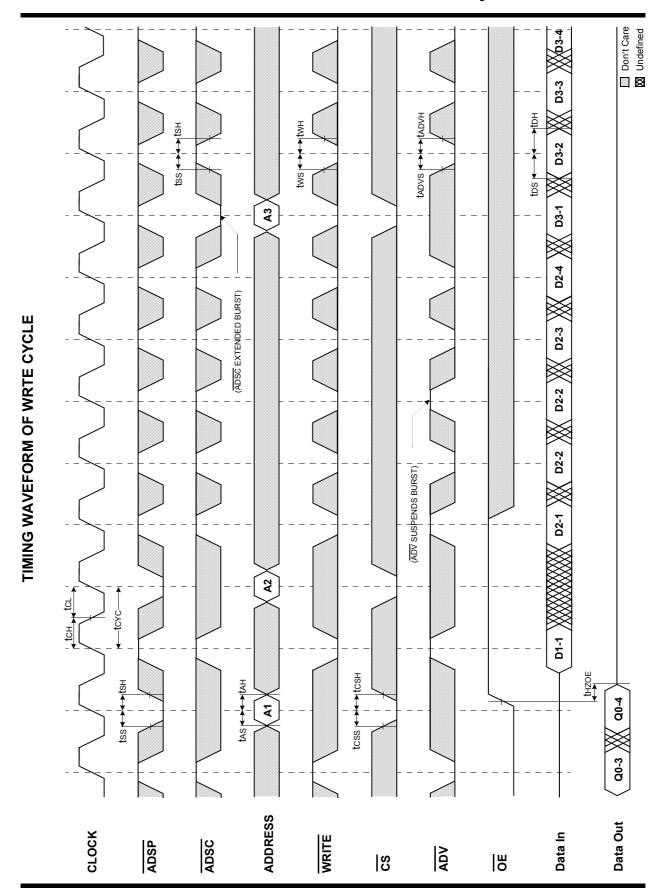


^{*} Capacitive Load consists of all components of the test environment.

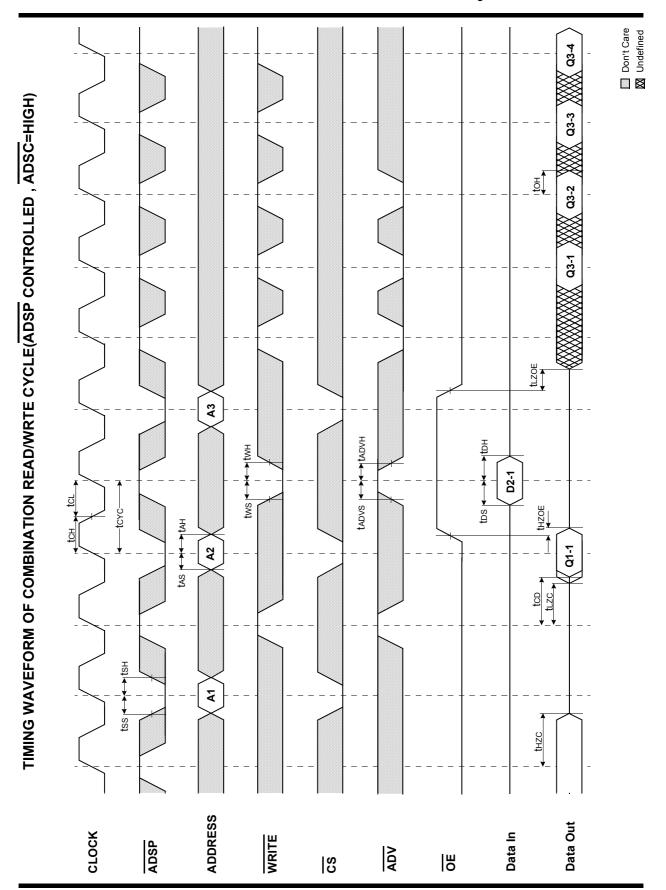
^{*} Including Scope and Jig Capacitance



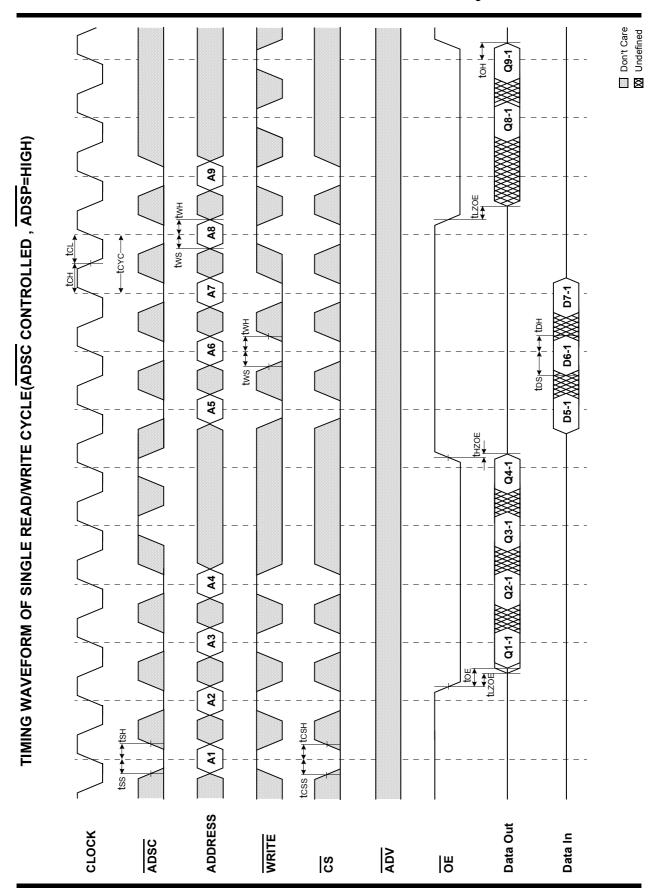




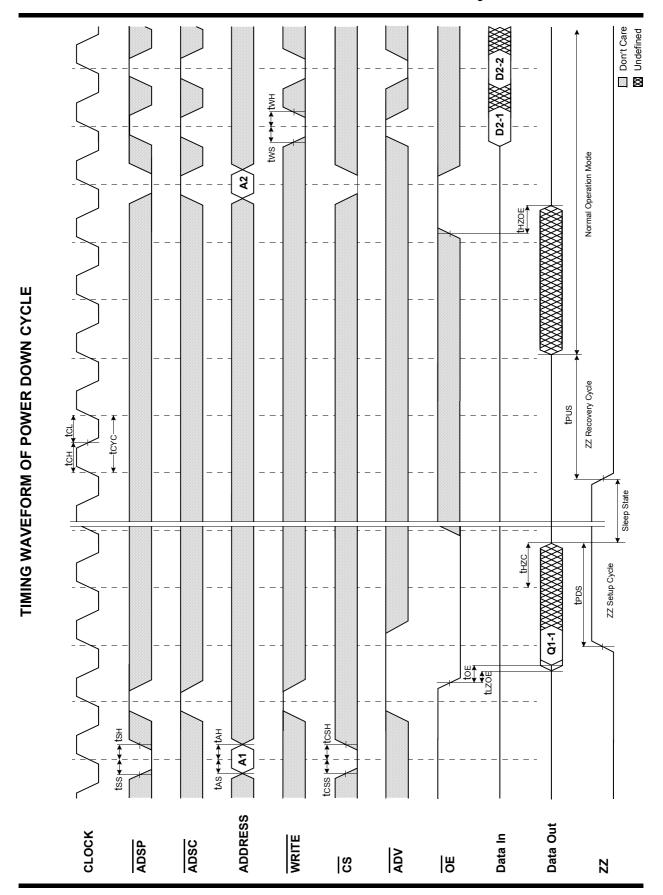










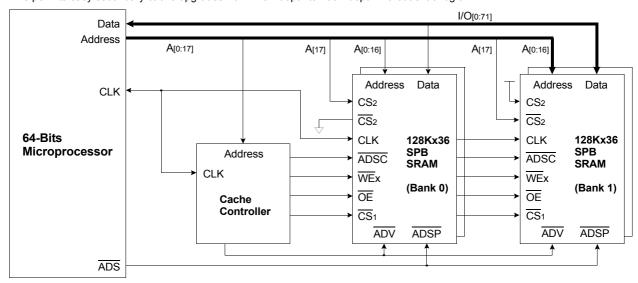




APPLICATION INFORMATION

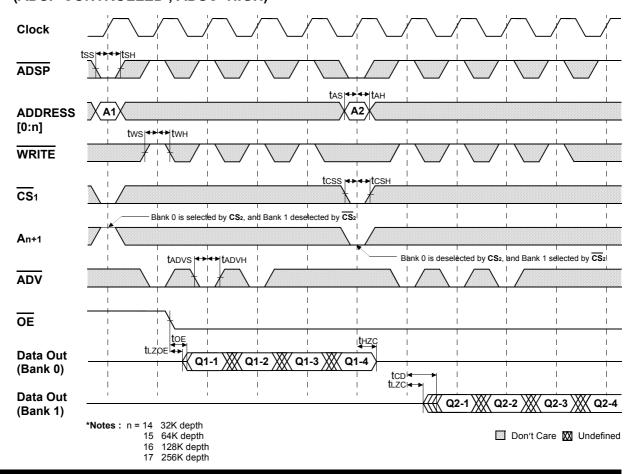
DEPTH EXPANSION

The Samsung 128Kx36 Synchronous Pipelined Burst SRAM has two additional chip selects for simple depth expansion. This permits easy secondary cache upgrades from 128K depth to 256K depth without extra logic.



INTERLEAVE READ TIMING (Refer to non-interleave write timing for interleave write timing)

(ADSP CONTROLLED, ADSC=HIGH)

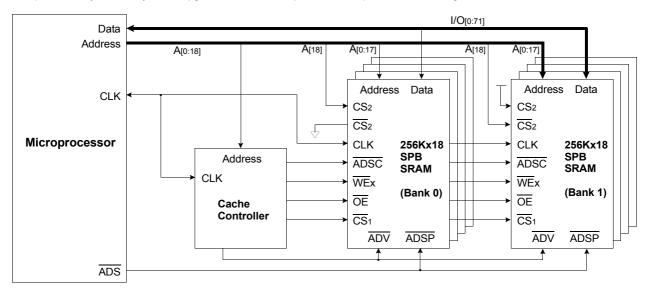




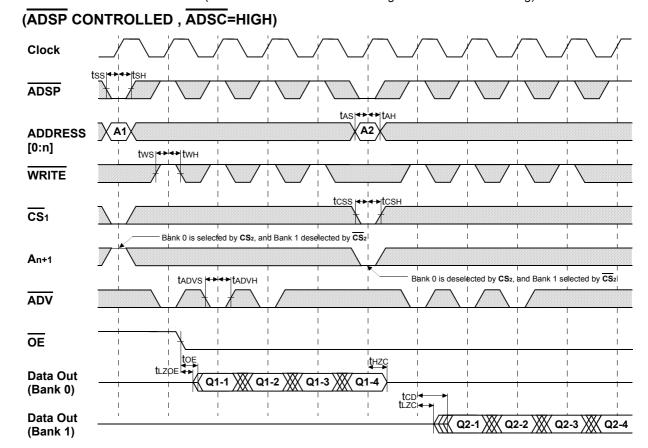
APPLICATION INFORMATION

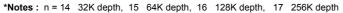
DEPTH EXPANSION

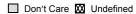
The Samsung 256Kx18 Synchronous Pipelinde Burst SRAM has two additional chip selects for simple depth expansion. This permits easy secondary cache upgrades from 256K depth to 512K depth without extra logic.



INTERLEAVE READ TIMING (Refer to non-interleave write timing for interleave write timing)



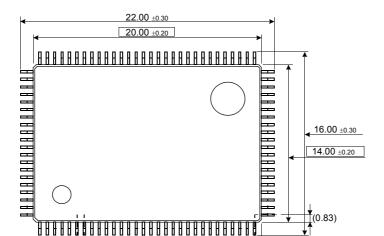


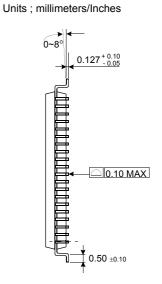




PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

100-TQFP-1420A







⊕0.10 MAX

