SPEC

Spec No.	TQ3C 8EAC0 E1DDV13 00
Date	February 26, 2007

## TYPE: KCG057QV1DC-G770

< 5.7 inch QVGA transmissive color STN with touch panel >

## **CONTENTS**

- 1. Application
- 2. Construction and outline
- 3. Mechanical specifications
- 4. Absolute maximum ratings
- 5. Electrical characteristics
- 6. Optical characteristics
- 7. Circuit block diagram
- 8. Interface signals
- 9. Interface timing chart
- 10. Data and screen
- 11. Input timing characteristics
- 12. Supply voltage sequence condition
- 13. Backlight characteristics
- 14. Design guidance for analog touch panel (T/P)
- 15. Lot number identification
- 16. Warranty
- 17. Precautions for use
- 18. Reliability test data
- 19. Outline drawing



KYOCERA CORPORATION KAGOSHIMA HAYATO PLANT LCD DIVISION

This specification is subject to change without notice.

Consult Kyocera before ordering.

Original	Designed by: I	Engineering de <sub>l</sub>	Confirmed by: QA dept.		
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Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	-

## Warning

- 1. This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use only in electronic devices and industrial machines in the area of audio control, office automation, industrial control home appliances, etc. The module should not be used in applications where the highest level of safety and and reliability are required and module failure or malfunction of such module results in physical harm or loss of life, as well as enormous damage or loss. Such fields of applications include, without limitation, medical, aerospace, communications infrastructure, atomic energy control. Kyocera expressly disclaims any and all liability resulting in any way to the use of the module In such applications.
- 2. Customer agrees to indemnity, defend and hold Kyocera harmless from and against any and all actions, claims, damages, liabilities, awards, costs, and expenses, including legal expenses, resulting from or arising out of Customer's use, or sale for use, or Kyocera modules in applications.

## Caution

1. Kyocera shall have the right, which Customer hereby acknowledges, to immediately scrap or destroy tooling for Kyocera modules for which no Purchase Orders have been received from the Customer in a two-year period.



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	-

## Revision record

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Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	1

## 1. Application

This document defines the specification of KCG057QV1DC-G770. (RoHS Compliant)

#### 2. Construction and outline

LCD : Transmissive color dot matrix type STN

Duty ratio : 1/240 duty

Backlight system : CFL (1 tube, U-figure type)

Inverter : Option

Recommended inverter : CXA-L0612A-VJL (TDK) or equivalent

Polarizer : Glare treatment

Additional circuit : Bias voltage circuit, Randomizing circuit,

DC/DC converter circuit, Temperature compensation circuit

Touch panel : Analog type, Non-Glare treatment

## 3. Mechanical specifications

#### 3-1. Mechanical specifications of LCD

Item	Specification	
Outline dimensions	144 (W)× (104.8) (H) × 14.5 (D)	mm
Active area	115.18 (W) × 86.38 (H) (14.4cm / 5.7 inch (Diagonal))	
Effective viewing area	117.2 (W) × 88.4 (H)	mm
Dot format	320×(R,G,B) (W) × 240 (H)	dot
Dot size	0.10 (W) × 0.34 (H)	
Dot pitch	0.12 (W) × 0.36 (H)	mm
Base color *1	Normally Black	-
Mass	220	g

<sup>\*1</sup> Due to the characteristics of the LCD material, the color varies with environmental temperature.

#### 3-2. Mechanical specifications of touch panel

Item	Specification	
Input	Radius-0.8 stylus or Finger	-
Actuation force	0.5±0.3	N
Transmittance	Insmittance Typ. 80	
Surface hardness	Pencil hardness 2H or more according	-



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	2

## 4. Absolute maximum ratings

#### 4-1. Electrical absolute maximum ratings

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage for logic	$ m V_{DD}$	0	6.0	V
Supply voltage for LCD driving	VCONT	0	$ m V_{DD}$	V
Input signal voltage *1	$V_{\rm IN}$	0	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$	V
FRM frequency	$f_{\mathrm{FRM}}$	-	150	Hz
Supply voltage for touch panel	$V_{\mathrm{TP}}$	0	6.0	V
Input current of touch panel	$I_{\mathrm{TP}}$	0	0.5	mA

<sup>\*1</sup> Input signal : FRM, LOAD, CP, DISP, D0 $\sim$ D7

## 4-2. Environmental absolute maximum ratings

Item		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating temperature	*1	$T_{\mathrm{OP}}$	0	60	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
Storage temperature	*2	Tsto	-20	60	°C
Operating humidity	*3	Нор	10	*4	%RH
Storage humidity	*3	${ m H}_{ m STO}$	10	*4	%RH
Vibration		-	*5	*5	-
Shock		-	*6	*6	-

<sup>\*1</sup> Operating temperature means a temperature which operation shall be guaranteed. Since display performance is evaluated at 25°C, another temperature range should be confirmed.

Store LCD panels at normal temperature/humidity. Keep them free from vibration and shock. An LCD panel that is kept at a low or a high temperature for a long time can be defective due to other conditions, even if the low or high temperature satisfies the standard.

(Please refer to "Precautions for Use" for details.)

Temp. > 40°C, Absolute humidity shall be less than 85%RH at 40°C.

\*5

Frequency	10∼55 Hz	Acceleration value
Vibration width	0.15mm	$(0.3\sim 9 \text{ m/s}^2)$
Interval	10-55-10	Hz 1 minutes

<sup>2</sup> hours in each direction X, Y, Z (6 hours total)

 $\hbox{EIAJ ED-}2531$ 

3 times in each direction:  $\pm X$ ,  $\pm Y$ ,  $\pm Z$ 

**EIAJ ED-2531** 



<sup>\*2</sup> Temp. = -20°C < 48h, Temp. = 60°C < 168h

<sup>\*3</sup> Non-condensing

<sup>\*4</sup> Temp. ≤ 40°C, 85%RH Max.

<sup>\*6</sup> Acceleration: 490 m/s², Pulse width: 11 ms

Ī	Spec No.	Part No.	Page
	TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	3

#### 5. Electrical characteristics

 $5-1. V_{DD} = 5.0V$ 

 $V_{DD} = +5.0V \pm 5\%$ , Temp. =  $0 \sim 60$ °C

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage for logic	$ m V_{DD}$	-	4.75	5.00	5.25	V
Supply voltage for LCD driving *1, *2	$V_{CONT} = V_{OP}$	0∼60°C *3	1.30	1.80	2.30	V
Input signal voltage (FDM LOAD CD DISD DO DE)		"High" level	$0.8 \mathrm{V}_\mathrm{DD}$	-	$V_{ m DD}$	V
(FRM,LOAD,CP,DISP,D0∼D7)	V IN	"Low" level	0	-	$0.2 V_{ m DD}$	V
Input current	${ m I}_{ m IN}$	Input signal	-100	-	100	μA
Rush current for logic	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	When LCD turn on.	3.0A (Peak) × 1ms			
Clock frequency	$ m f_{CP}$	-	-	-	10.00	MHz
Frame frequency *4	${ m f}_{ m FRM}$	-	70	75	80	Hz
Current consumption for logic	${ m I}_{ m DD}$	*5	-	19	41	mA
Power consumption	$P_{DISP}$		- 95 143		mW	

<sup>\*1</sup> Maximum contrast ratio is obtained by adjusting the LCD supply voltage ( $V_{CONT} = V_{OP}$ ) for driving the LCD.

## \*5 Display pattern:



<sup>\*2</sup> Frame frequency :  $f_{FRM} = 75Hz$ 

<sup>\*3</sup> The LCD module has a temperature compensation circuit.

<sup>\*4</sup> In consideration of display quality, it is recommended that frame frequency be set in the range of 70-80Hz. When you have to use higher frame and clock frequencies, confirm the LCD's performance and quality prior to finalizing the frequency value. Generally, as frame and clock frequencies become higher current consumption increases and display quality will degrade.

I	Spec No.	Part No.	Page
	TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	4

 $5-2. V_{DD} = 3.3V$ 

$V_{DD} = +3.3V \pm 0.3V$ , Temp. = $0 \sim 60^{\circ}$	DD -+3.3 V +U.	. o v .	тешь.	_ U' ~ 0U	U
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Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage for logic	$ m V_{DD}$	-	3.0			
Supply voltage for LCD driving *1, *2	V <sub>CONT</sub> = V <sub>OP</sub>	0∼60°C *3	1.30	1.80	2.30	V
nput signal voltage		"High" level	$0.8 V_{\mathrm{DD}}$	-	$V_{ m DD}$	V
FRM,LOAD,CP,DISP,D0-D7)		"Low" level	0	-	$0.2 \mathrm{V}_\mathrm{DD}$	V
Input current	${ m I}_{ m IN}$	Input signal	-100	-	100	μA
Rush current for logic	$I_{ m RUSH}$	When LCD	3.0A (Peak) × 1ms			
Rush current for logic	1RUSH	turn on.		5.0A (1 eak) ^ 11118		
Clock frequency	${ m f_{CP}}$	-	-	-	10.00	MHz
Frame frequency *4	${f f}_{ m FRM}$	-	70	75	80	$_{ m Hz}$
Current consumption for logic IDD		*5	-	29	44	mA
Power consumption	$P_{\mathrm{DISP}}$	9	- 96 144		mW	

- \*1 Maximum contrast ratio is obtained by adjusting the LCD supply voltage ( $V_{CONT}=V_{OP}$ ) for driving the LCD.
- \*2 Frame frequency :  $f_{FRM} = 75Hz$
- \*3 The LCD module has a temperature compensation circuit.
- \*4 In consideration of display quality, it is recommended that frame frequency be set in the range of 70-80Hz. When you have to use higher frame and clock frequencies, confirm the LCD's performance and quality prior to finalizing the frequency value. Generally, as frame and clock frequencies become higher current consumption increases and display quality will degrade.

#### \*5 Display pattern:

#### 5-3. Touch panel

Item	Specification
Supply voltage for touch panel	5.0V
The control of the co	$xL\sim xR$ : $200\Omega\sim 1,000\Omega$
Terminal resistance	yU~yL : 200Ω~1,000Ω
Linearity	less than ±1.5%
Insulation resistance	$100 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ or more at $\mathrm{DC}25\mathrm{V}$



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	5

## 6. Optical characteristics

Measuring spot =  $\phi$  6.0mm, Temp. = 25°C

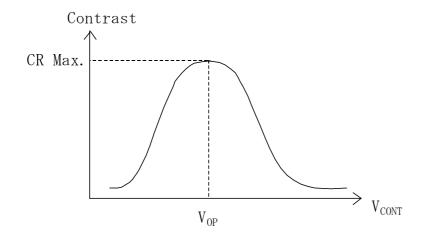
					Juning opou	φ σ.σππ, τ	
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
D	Rise	τr	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	-	250	360	ms
Response time	nse time Down		$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	-	200	290	ms
		$\theta$ upper		-	65	-	do a
Viewing angle range  Contrast ratio		$\theta$ LOWER	CR≧2	-	70	-	deg.
		$\phi$ LEFT	UR≦2	-	55	-	1
		φ right		-	55	-	deg.
		CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	30	60	-	-
Brightness		L	IL=4.0mArms	200	300	-	cd/m²
	Red	X	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	0.57	0.62	0.67	
	Rea	У	$\theta - \phi = 0$	0.29	0.34	0.39	
Chromaticity coordinates	C	X	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	0.23	0.28	0.33	
	Green	У	υ – φ – υ	0.50	0.55	0.60	_
	D1,,,,	X	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	0.09	0.14	0.19	
	Blue	У	υ – ψ – υ	0.05	0.10	0.15	
	White	X	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	0.25	0.30	0.35	
	wnite	У	υ – ψ – υ	0.26	0.31	0.36	

Optimum contrast is obtained by adjusting the LCD driving voltage (VoP) while at the viewing angle of  $\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$ .

## 6-1. Definition of contrast ratio

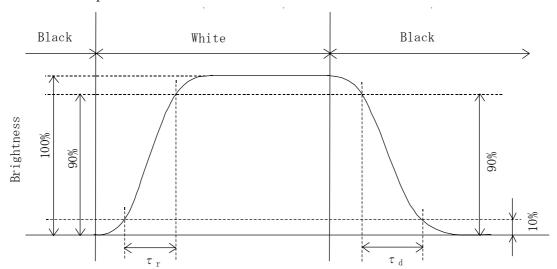
$$CR(Contrast ratio) = \frac{Brightness with all pixels "White"}{Brightness with all pixels "Black"}$$

## 6-2. Definition of VOP

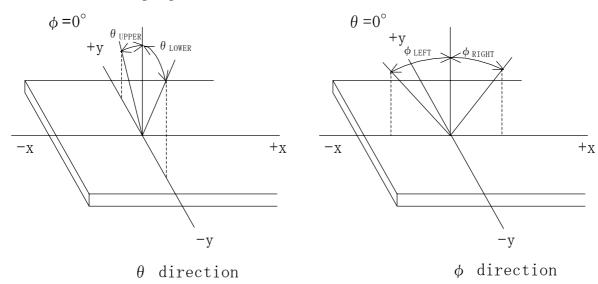




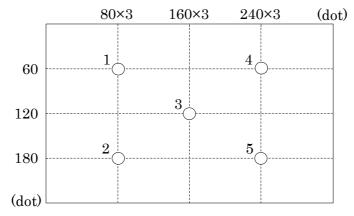
## 6-3. Definition of response time



## 6-4. Definition of viewing angle



## 6-5. Brightness measuring points

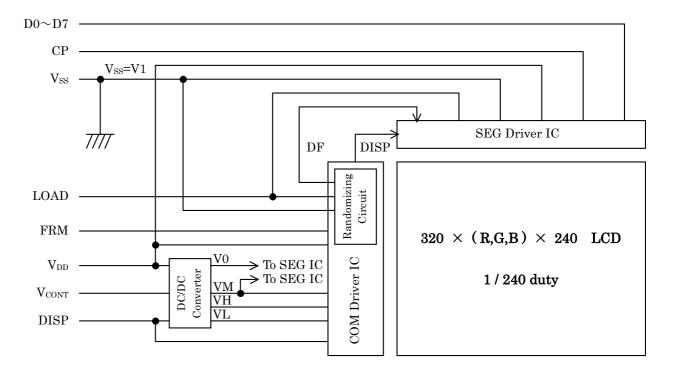


- 1) Rating is defined on the average in the viewing area.
- 2) Measured 30 minutes after the CFL is powered on. (Ambient temp. = 25°C)
- 3) The inverter should meet the CFL rating in the specification:
  - -Sine, symmetric waveform without spike in positive and negative.

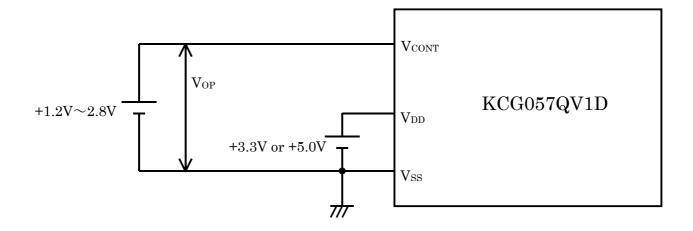


Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	7

## 7. Circuit block diagram



## 7-1. Power supply





Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	8

## 8. Interface signals

8-1. Pin assignment of LCD panel

		1	
No.	Symbol	Description	Level
1	FRM	Synchronous signal for driving scanning line	Н
2	LOAD	Data signal latch clock	$\mathrm{H}  ightarrow \mathrm{L}$
3	CP	Data signal shift clock	$\mathrm{H}  ightarrow \mathrm{L}$
4	DISP	Display control signal	H(ON),L(OFF)
5	$V_{ m DD}$	Power supply for logic	-
6	$V_{\mathrm{SS}}$	GND	-
7	$V_{CONT}$	LCD adjust voltage	-
8	D7		
9	D6		
10	D5		
11	D4	Disulan data	H(ON),L(OFF)
12	D3	Display data	H(ON),L(OFF)
13	D2		
14	D1		
15	D0		
16	$V_{ m DD}$	Down aunts for logic	_
17	$V_{ m DD}$	Power supply for logic	-
18	$V_{\rm SS}$		
19	$V_{SS}$	GND	-
20	$V_{\mathrm{SS}}$		

LCD connector : 08-6210-020-340-800+ (ELCO)

Recommended matching FFC or FPC : 0.5mm pitch

## 8-2. Pin assignment of CFL

No.	Symbol	Description
1	Hot	Inverter output high voltage side
2	N.C.	-
3	Cold	Inverter output low voltage side

LCD side connector : BHR-03VS-1 (JST)

Recommended matching connector

: SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1 (JST)

: SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN) (JST)···(RoHS Compliant)

8-3. Pin assignment of touch panel

		_
No.	Symbol	Description
1	уU	y-Upper terminal
2	xL.	x-Left terminal
3	уL	y-Lower terminal
4	xR	x-Right terminal

Touch panel side connector : 1.25mm pitch

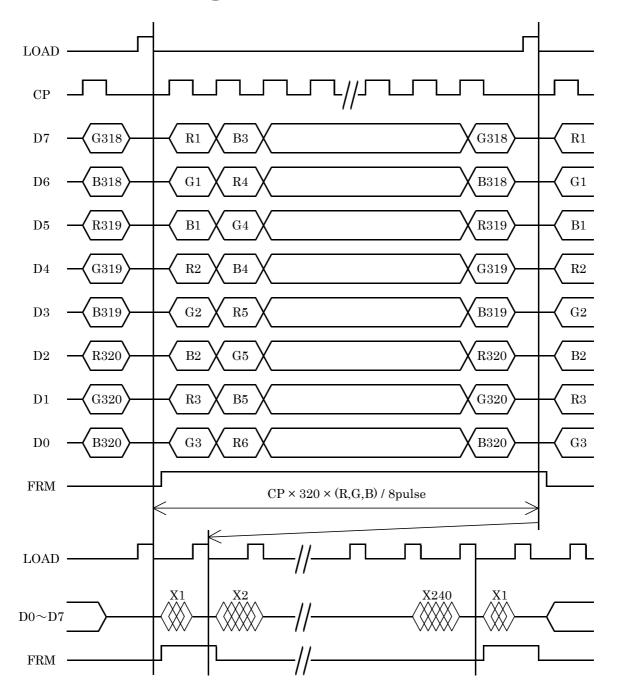
Recommended matching connector : Series 6216 (ELCO)

: Series FE, FFS (JST) : Series SFD (FCI)



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	9

## 9. Interface timing chart



<sup>\*</sup> The cycle of the LOAD signal should be stable and continuously applied without interruption.



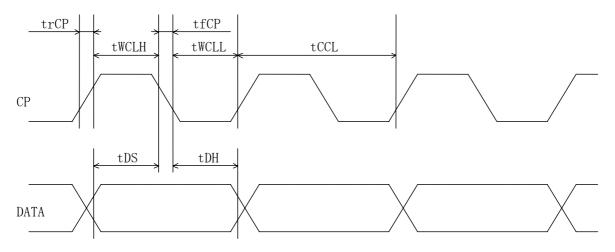
<sup>\*</sup> The above-mentioned timing chart is a reference to set up a LCD module, not an electrical rating.

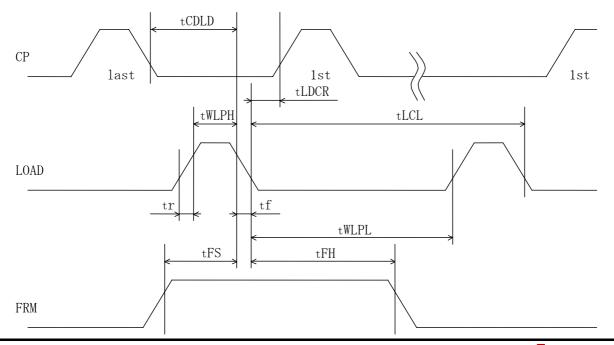
Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	10

## 10. Data and screen

		Y1			Y2			Y3		•••		Y320	
X1 <b> </b>	D7 R1	D6 G1	D5 B1	D4 R2	D3 G2	D2 B2	D1 R3	D0 G3	D7 B3		D2 R320	D1 G320	D0 B320
	101	JOI	ĮD1	1102	102	102	1100	u o	100		11020	G020	D020
V940													
X240													

## 11. Input timing characteristics







Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	11

## 11-1. Switching characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 5.0V$ )

Input characteristics :  $V_{DD} = +5.0V \pm 5\%$ , Temp. =  $0 \sim 60$ °C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
CP cycle *1	tCCL	100	-	ns
CP "H" pulse width	tWCLH	30	-	ns
CP "L" pulse width	tWCLL	30	-	ns
CP rise up time	trCP	-	15	ns
CP fall down time	tfCP	-	15	ns
Data set up time	tDS	25	-	ns
Data hold time	tDH	25	-	ns
LOAD "H" pulse width	tWLPH	40	-	ns
LOAD "L" pulse width	tWLPL	400	-	ns
LOAD cycle *2	tLCL	500	-	ns
$CP \rightarrow LOAD$ delay time	tCDLD	60	-	ns
$LOAD \rightarrow CP$ delay time	tLDCR	60	-	ns
Input signal rise up time	tr	-	20	ns
Input signal fall down time	tf	-	20	ns
FRM data set up time	tFS	120	-	ns
FRM data hold time	tFH	30	-	ns

<sup>\*1</sup> CP cycle is adjusted so that FRM signal is 75Hz.

## 11-2. Switching characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ )

Input characteristics :  $V_{DD} = +3.3V \pm 0.3V$ , Temp. =  $0 \sim 60^{\circ}$ C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
CP cycle *1	tCCL	100	-	ns
CP "H" pulse width	tWCLH	40	-	ns
CP "L" pulse width	tWCLL	40	-	ns
CP rise up time	trCP	-	20	ns
CP fall down time	tfCP	-	20	ns
Data set up time	tDS	35	-	ns
Data hold time	tDH	35	-	ns
LOAD "H" pulse width	tWLPH	50	-	ns
LOAD "L" pulse width	tWLPL	400	-	ns
LOAD cycle *2	tLCL	500	-	ns
$CP \rightarrow LOAD$ delay time	tCDLD	60	-	ns
$LOAD \rightarrow CP$ delay time	tLDCR	80	-	ns
Input signal rise up time	tr	-	20	ns
Input signal fall down time	tf	-	20	ns
FRM data set up time	tFS	120	-	ns
FRM data hold time	tFH	30	-	ns

<sup>\*1</sup> CP cycle is adjusted so that FRM signal is 75Hz.



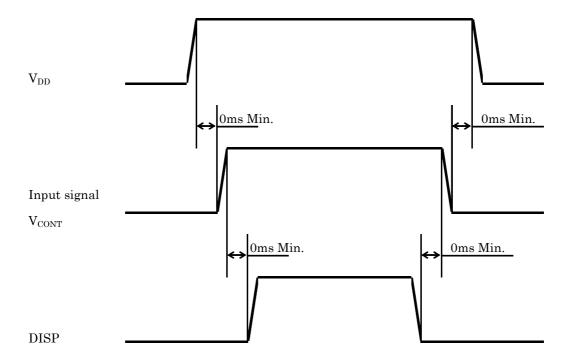
<sup>\*2</sup> LOAD cycle is constant.

<sup>\*2</sup> LOAD cycle is constant.

Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	12

## 12. Supply voltage sequence condition

In normal operation, logic within the LCD module reverses the polarity of the drive voltage every few lines to prevent DC damage to the liquid crystal material. But when a voltage is present on  $V_{\text{CONT}}$  outside of the time when the  $V_{DD}$  logic voltage is stable, a drive voltage is applied to the liquid crystal material without the polarity reversals. This sometimes result in a deterioration of display quality and a reduction in life time.



- \* Input signal: FRM, LOAD, CP, D0~D7
- \* The above sequence should be designed as to maintain each normal voltage when the liquid crystal module load is applied to your system.
- \* Control the supply voltage sequence to not float any signal line when the LCD panel is being driven.



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	13

## 13. Backlight characteristics

## CFL ratings

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Starting discharge voltage	VS	•	-	1,550	Vrms	0°C
*1	VB	1	-	1,035	Vrms	25°C
Discharge tube current *2	L	3.0	4.0	6.0	mArms	-
Discharge tube voltage	VL	•	685	-	Vrms	-
Operating life time *3	Т	60,000	75,000	-	h	IL=4.0mArms
Operating frequency	F	30	-	100	kHz	-

- \*1 The non-load output voltage (VS) of the inverter should be at least 1.3 times the maximum VS at low temperatures to provide enough margins to assure that the CFL will start, because actual VS may increase due to leakage current from the CFL cables. (Reference value: 2,015 Vrms Min.)
- \*2 we recommend that you should set the discharging tube current lower than the typical value to prevent the accumulated heat of the CFL tube from deteriorating the performance of the LCD.
- \*3 Defined as when the luminance or quantity of light has decreased to 50% of the initial value. The average life of a CFL will decrease when the LCD is operating at lower temperatures.
- \* Prolonged storage in darkness and/or at low temperature may slow the ignition and rise to full brightness of the CFL. Please use an inverter designed to provide sufficient starting voltage for more than 1 second. Also a decreased starting discharge voltage or shortened ignition time may not turn ON the CFL lamp.



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	14

## 14. Design guidance for analog touch panel (T/P)

- 14-1 Electrical (In customer's design, please remember the following considerations.)
  - 1 Do not use the current regulated circuit.
  - 2 Keep the current limit with top and bottom layer. (Please refer to "Electrical absolute maxim um ratings" for details.)
  - 3 Analog T/P can not sense two points touching separately.
  - 4 A contact resistance is appeared at the touch point between top and bottom layer. After this resistance has stable read of the T/P position data.
  - 5 Because noise of inverter or peripheral circuits may interfere signal of touch panel itself it is necessary to design carefully in advance to avoid these noise problem.

#### 14-2 Software

- 1 Do the "User Calibration".
- 2 "User Caribration" may be needed with long term using. Include "User Caribration" menu in your software.
- 3 When drawing a line with a stylus, there may be a slight discontinuity when the stylus passes over a spacer-dot. If necessary, please provide a compensation feature within your software.

#### 14-3 Mounting on display and housing bezel

- 1 Do not use an adhesive tape to bond it on the front of T/P and hang it to the housing bezel.
- 2 Never expand the T/P top layer (PET-film) like a balloon by internal air pressure. The life of the T/P will be extremely short.
- 3 If a dew will be on the heat-sealed area or exposed traces at the end of a flexible tail, the migration of silver can occur. This will cause sometimes a short circuit.



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	15

#### 15. Lot number identification

The lot number shall be indicated on the back of the backlight case of each LCD.

No1. - No5. above indicate

- 1. Year code
- 2. Month code
- 3. Date
- 4. Version Number
- 5. Country of origin (Japan or China)

Code 7 8 9 0 1	
	2

Month	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.
Code	1	2	3	4	5	6

Month	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Code	7	8	9	X	Y	Z

## 16. Warranty

## 16-1. Incoming inspection

Please inspect the LCD within one month after your receipt.

#### 16-2. Production warranty

Kyocera warrants its LCD's for a period of 12 months from the ship date. Kyocera shall, by mutual agreement, replace or re-work defective LCD's that are shown to be Kyocera's responsibility.



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	16

#### 17. Precautions for use

#### 17-1. Installation of the LCD

- 1) The LCD module has a grounding hole. Please ground the module to prevent noise and to stabilize its performance as circumstances demand.
- 2) The LCD shall be installed so that there is no pressure on the LSI chips.
- 3) The LCD shall be installed flat, without twisting or bending.
- 4) The display window size should be the same as the effective viewing area.
- 5) Please refer to the following our recommendable value of Clamp-down torque when installing. Clamp-down torque: 0.32±0.03N·m

Please set up 'SPEED-LOW', 'SOFT START-SLOW' when using electric driver.

Recommendable screw JIS tapping screw two types nominal dia.3.0mm installing boss hole depth  $3.5\pm0.5$ mm

Please be careful not to use high torque which may damage LCD module in installation.

#### 17-2. Static electricity

- 1) Since CMOS ICs are mounted directly onto the LCD glass, protection from static electricity is required.
- 2) Workers should use body grounding. Operator should wear ground straps.

#### 17-3. LCD operation

- 1) The LCD shall be operated within the limits specified. Operation at values outside of these limits may shorten life, and/or harm display images.
- 2) Adjust the "Supply voltage for LCD driving (VCONT)" to obtain optimum viewing angle and contrast ratio.

#### 17-4. Storage

- 1) The LCD shall be stored within the temperature and humidity limits specified. Store in a dark area, and protect the LCD from direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- 2) Always store the LCD so that it is free from external pressure onto it.

#### 17-5. Usage

- 1) <u>DO NOT</u> store in a high humidity environment for extended periods. Polarizer degradation bubbles, and/or peeling off of the polarizer may result.
- 2) Do not push or rub the touch panel's surface with hard to sharp objects such as knives, or the touch panel may be scratched.
- 3) When the touch panel is dirty, gently wipe the surface with a soft cloth, sometimes moistened by mild detergent or alcohol. If a hazardous chemical is dropped on the touch panel by mistake, wipe it off right away to prevent human contact.
- 4) Touch panel edges are sharp. Handle the touch panel with enough care to prevent cuts.
- 5) Always keep the LCD free from condensation during testing. Condensation may permanently spot or stain the polarizer.
- 6) Do not pull the CFL lead wires and do not bend the root of the wires. Housing should be designed to protect CFL lead wires from external stress.
- 7) Do not disassemble LCD module because it will result in damage.
- 8) This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use in general electronic devices, but not for use in a special environment such as usage in an active gas. Hence, when the LCD is supposed to be used in a special environment, evaluate the LCD thoroughly beforehand and do not expose the LCD to chemicals such as an active gas.
- 9) Please do not use solid-base image pattern for long hours because a temporary afterimage may appear. We recommend using screen saver etc. in cases where a solid-base image pattern must be used.
- 10) Liquid crystal may leak when the module is broken. Be careful not to let the fluid go into your eyes and mouth. In the case the fluid touches your body; rinse it off right away with water and soap.



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	17

## 18. Reliability test data

Test item	Test condition	Test time	Jud	gement
High temp. atmosphere	70°C	240h	Display function Display quality Current consumption	: No defect : No defect : No defect
Low temp. atmosphere	-20°C	240h	Display function Display quality Current consumption	: No defect : No defect : No defect
High temp. humidity atmosphere	40°C 90% RH	240h	Display function Display quality Current consumption	<ul><li>: No defect</li><li>: No defect</li><li>: No defect</li></ul>
Temp. cycle	-20°C 0.5h R.T. 0.5h 70°C 0.5h	10cycles	Display function Display quality Current consumption	<ul><li>No defect</li><li>No defect</li><li>No defect</li></ul>
High temp. operation	60°C	500h	Display function Display quality Current consumption	<ul><li>No defect</li><li>No defect</li><li>No defect</li></ul>
Point Activation life	Polyacetal stylus (R0.8) Hitting force 3N Hitting speed 2 time/s	one million times	Terminal resistance Insulation resistance Linearity Actuation Force	<ul><li>No defect</li><li>No defect</li><li>No defect</li><li>No defect</li></ul>

<sup>\*</sup> Each test item uses a test LCD only once. The tested LCD is not used in any other tests.

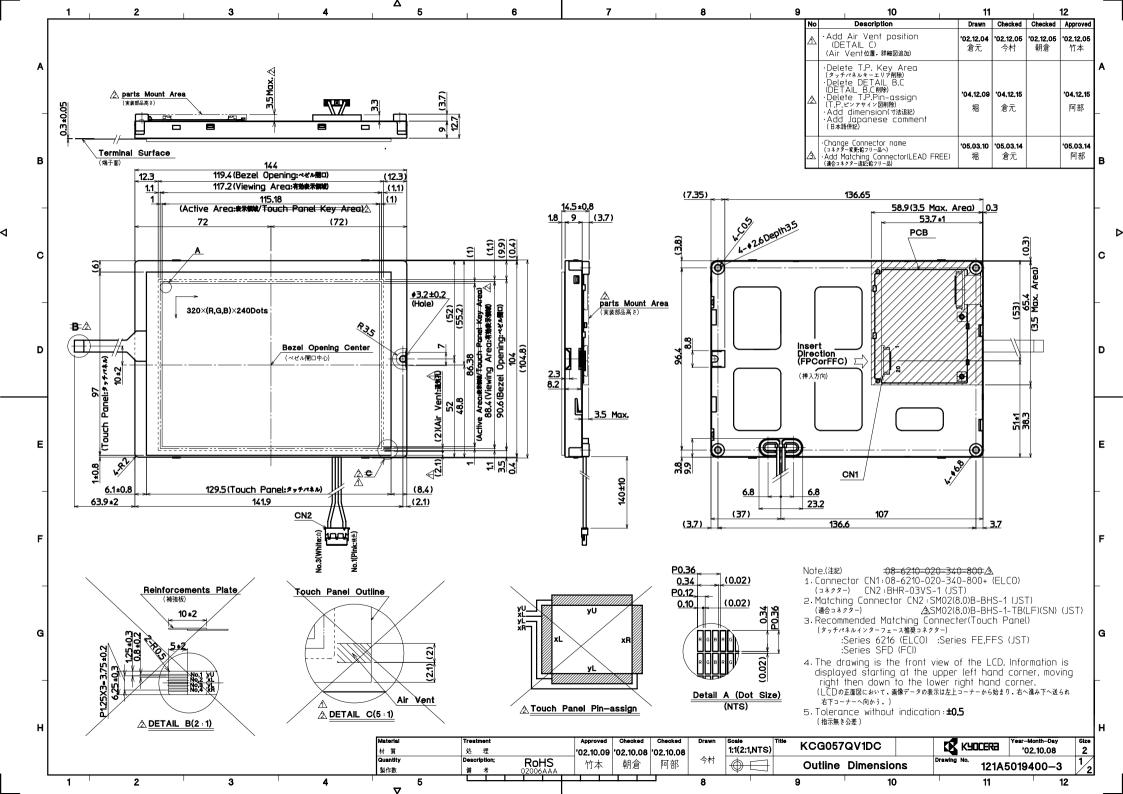


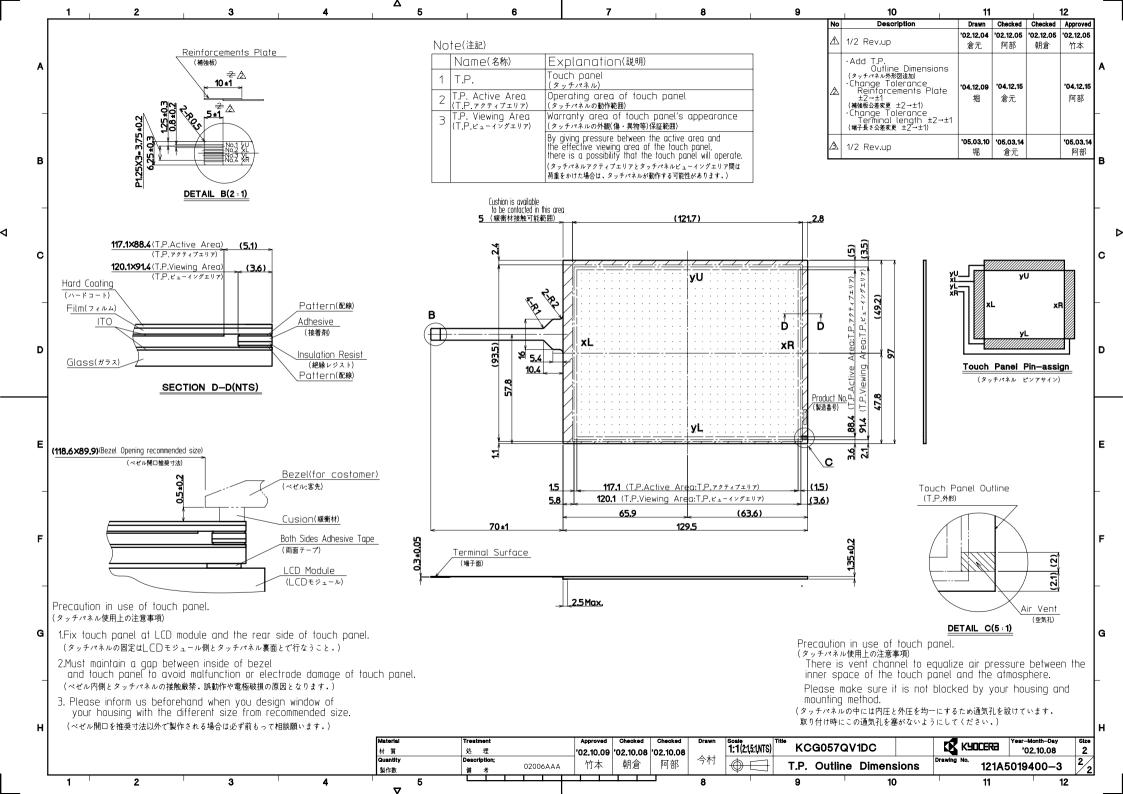
<sup>\*</sup> The LCD is tested in circumstances in which there is no condensation.

<sup>\*</sup> The reliability test is not an out-going inspection.

<sup>\*</sup> The result of the reliability test is for your reference purpose only.

The reliability test is conducted only to examine the LCD's capability.





Spec No.	TQ3C 8EAC0 E2DDV13 00
Date	February 26, 2007

## **KYOCERA INSPECTION STANDARD**

TYPE: KCG057QV1DC-G770

KYOCERA CORPORATION KAGOSHIMA HAYATO PLANT LCD DIVISION

Original	Designed by:	Engineering de	pt.	Confirmed by : QA dept.	
Issue Date	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
February 26, 2007	y Asano	J. Yamazahi	M.FyjiTani	S. Hejoski	Ho , Jul



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E2DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	-

## Revision record

11910		esigned by : Engineering dept.		lept.	Confirmed by : QA dept.		
	Date	Prepa	red	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
Rev.No.	Date	Page			Descripti	ons	



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E2DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	1

# Visuals specification 1) Note

Item		Note				
General	inspected, operating volt	1.When defects specified in this Inspection Standards are inspected, operating voltage (V <sub>OP</sub> ) shall be set at the level where optimized contrast is available. Display quality is applied up to effective viewing area. (Bi-level INSPECTION)				
	_	d about the image quality shall be ithin the effective viewing area and outside of the area.				
		h are not specified in this standard lard shall be determined by mutual mer and Kyocera.				
	Inspection distance : Temperature :	Luminance : 500 Lux minimum.  Inspection distance : 300 mm(from the sample)  Temperature : 25±5°C				
D. C	P: 1 1 P: 1	m 1 e 11 ·				
Definition of inspection item	Pinhole, Bright spot Black spot, Scratch Foreign particle	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon does not change with voltage.				
	Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon change with voltage.				
	Polarizer (Scratch, Bubble, Dent)	Scratch, Bubble and Dent in the polarizer which can be observed in on / off state.				



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E2DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	2

#### 2)Standard

Inspection item		Judg	ement stan	dard	
Pinhole, Bright spot, Black spot, Foreign particle	€_E	$\begin{array}{ccc} & & & \\ & & & \\$	d = ( o	ı+b)/2	)
	Category	Size(r	1		ptable number
	A		$\leq 0.2$		Neglected
	В	0.2 < d			5
	C	0.2 < d $0.3 < d$			3
	D	0.5 < d			0
Scratch, Foreign particle		\ W			
	L				
	W	Width (mm)	Length	(mm)	Acceptable number
	A	W ≦0.03	-		Neglected
	В		L	<b>≦</b> 2.0	Neglected
	C 0.03<	< W ≦0.10	2.0< L	<b>≦</b> 4.0	3
	D		4.0< L		0
	E 0.10<	< W	-		According to 'Circular'
Contrast variation	∠ a	b	d = ( a +	-b)/2	
	Category	Size (	(mm)	Δοοο	ptable number
	A				Neglected
	$\mathbf{A}$	ı a			rregiected
	В	0.5 < d			3



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E2DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	3

Inspection item		Judg	ement standard		
Polarizer (Scratch, Bubble, Dent)	(1) Scratcl	h			
(ceraten, Bussie, Bent)		L	V		
		Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Acceptable No.	
	A	W ≦0.1	-	Neglected	
	В	0.1< W ≦0.3	L ≦5.0	Neglected	
	C	0.1 < W <b>≅</b> 0.5	5.0< L	0	
	D	0.3< W	-	0	
			d = (	a + b) / 2	
	Category Size (mm)			ceptable number	
	A		$1 \le 0.2$	Neglected	
	В	0.2 < d		5	
		1 03 < 9	$\leq 0.5$	3	
	C 	0.5 < d		0	



Spec No.	Part No.	Page
TQ3C-8EAC0-E2DDV13-00	KCG057QV1DC-G770	4

,					
Inspection item	Judgement standard				
Scratch,	( W = Width, L = Length, D = Diameter = (major axis+minor axis)/ 2)				
Foreign particle	Item	Width(mm)	Length(mm)	Acc	eptable number
(Touch screen		$d \le 0.03$	$L \le 20$		Neglected
portion)		$0.03 < d \le 0.05$	$L \le 10$	2pce	es within φ20mm
		$0.05 < d \le 0.08$	$L \le 6$	2pce	es within φ20mm
		$0.08 < d \le 0.1$	$L \le 4$	1pce	es within φ30mm
	Foreign	$W \le 0.05$	Neglected		Neglected
	(line like)	$0.05 < W \le 0.1$	$L \le 5$	2pce	s within φ 30mm
	Foreign	D ≦			Neglected
	(circle like)	$0.2 < D \le$	0.3	2pce	s within $\phi$ 30mm
		lied to the visible area.			
		re foreign particle and	C		•
	the electrical p	performance in the visib	ole area, we ap	prove	of this product.
Glass crack					
(Touch screen	Item	Size (n	nm)		Acceptable
portion)	Item	Dize (II	1111/		number
			X	$\leq 3$	
		,	_z _		
	Conner	X X Y Y		> 0	2 pcs
	crack		1	$\geq 3$	/panel
			1 -		
			Z	<t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
		~ ~	Y. X	$\leq 5$	
	Crack in other area than in conner	×/ 🔀	<b>*</b> > —		-
			/ <sub>Y</sub>	<b>≦</b> 1.5	2 pcs
			1 I	≡1.0	/side
					-
		3	$\mathbf{Z}$	<t	
			_		
			//		
	Progressive				0 pcs
	crack				(NG even 1pcs)
		<b>V</b>			
	Ahove are ann	lied to the visible area			
	Above are applied to the visible area.  Unless there are foreign particle and damage affected seriously to				
	the electrical performance in the visible area, we approve of this product.				
	Dicomical			- r 0 1 0	product.

