



# High Performance Low Cost Off-line PWM Power Switch

### **FEATURES**

- Integrated with 700V Power MOSFET and HV Startup Circuit
- Integrated rectifier Bridge and Freewheeling Diode
- Multi-Mode Control with Audio Noise Free Operation
- Supports Flyback, Buck and Buck-Boost Topologies
- Support Ultra-low Input Voltage (>20V)
- Less than 100mW Standby Power
- Up to 30kHz Maximum Frequency
- Good Line and Load Regulation
- Built-in Soft Start
- Build in Protections:
  - Over Load Protection (OLP)
  - Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting (OCP)
  - Abnormal Over Current Protection (AOCP)
  - Output OVP
  - On-chip OTP
- Available with ASOP-7 Package

## **APPLICATIONS**

• Small Home Appliances

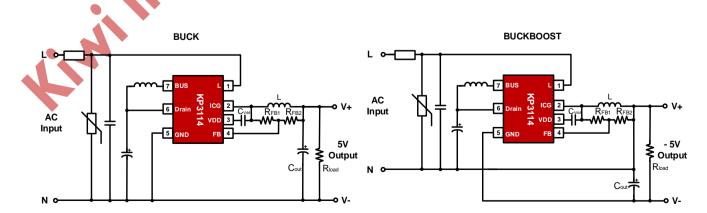
## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

KP3114 is a high Performance Switch Mode Power Supply Switcher for low power off-line application with minimum components in typical buck solution. This IC has built-in high break down voltage MOSFET to withstand high surge input.

Unlike conventional PWM control, there's no fixed internal clock in KP3114 to trigger the GATE driver, the switching frequency is changed according to the load condition. The multi-mode PWM control is integrated to simplify circuit design and achieve good line and load regulation without audio noise generated. The peak current limit changes according to the real load condition for low standby power in no load.

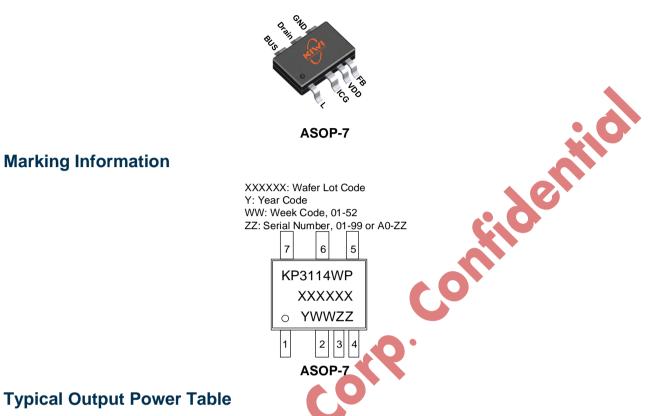
**KP3114** integrates functions and protections of Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO), Cycle-by-cycle Current Limiting (OCP), Abnormal Over Current Protection (AOCP), Output OVP, On-chip Thermal Shutdown, Over Load Protection (OLP) with Auto Recovery Mode Protection, etc.

# TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT





# **Pin Configuration**



# **Typical Output Power Table**

Product	Package	Rdson	Output Voltage	Output Current @85-265Vac, BUCK@85°C
KP3114	ASOP-7	20Ω	>2V	lo<250mA

### Note:

- Default for Buck Converter Application 1.
- The practical output power is determined by the output voltage and thermal condition 2.

# **Pin Description**

Pin Number	Pin Name	I/O	Description
1	L	Р	Internal rectifier bridge input
2	ICG	Р	Chip Ground
3	VDD	Р	Chip power Supply Pin
4	FB	I	Feedback Input Pin
5	GND	Р	Circuit Ground
6	Drain	Р	Drain of internal high-voltage MOSFET
7	BUS	Р	Positive output of internal rectifier bridge

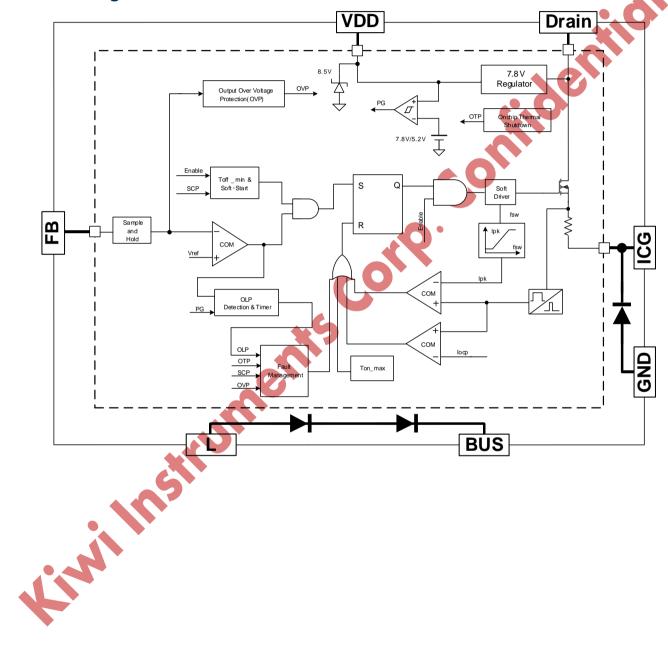


## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Description		
KP3114WPA	ASOP-7, Pb free in T&R, 5000Pcs/Reel		

**Note:** Suffix "A" – Tape & Reel

### **Block Diagram**





## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Drain - ICG Voltage Range	-0.3 to 700	V
BUS - L Voltage Range	-1.2 to 1600	V
ICG - GND Voltage Range	-0.6 to 600	V
VDD - ICG Voltage Range	-0.3 to 9	V
VDD Pin Clamp Current	10	mA
FB - ICG Voltage Range (Note 2)	-0.3 to 9	V
Package Thermal Resistance – Junction to Ambient (ASOP-7)	150	°C/W
Maximum Junction Temperature	160	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec)	260	°C
ESD Capability, HBM (Human Body Model)	3000	V
Maximum Internal MOSFET DC Drain Current	0.5	А
Drain Maximum Pulse Current (Tpulse=100µs)	2	А

# Recommended Operation Conditions

Parameter	Value	Unit
Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to 125	°C
Operation Switching Frequency	20 to 30	kHz

# Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, If Not Otherwise Noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit			
High Voltage Startup Section (Drain Pin)									
I <sub>HV1</sub>	HV Charging Current1	Drain=700V, VDD=0V		0.6		mA			
IHV2	HV Charging Current2	Drain=700V, VDD=4V		5		mA			
IHV_leakage	HV Leakage Current	Drain=700V, VDD=8.5V		9	20	μA			
VBR	HV MOSFET Breakdown Voltage		700			V			
Rdson	Static Drain-Source On Resistance			20		Ω			
Supply Volta	age Section (VDD Pin)								
Vdd_on	VDD Under Voltage Lockout Exit		7.6	7.8	8	V			
Vdd_off	VDD Under Voltage Lockout Enter			5.1		V			
VCLAMP	VDD Clamp Voltage	I <sub>CLAMP</sub> =2mA		8.5		V			





IVDD_Op	Operation Current	Fsw=30kHz		240	300	μA
I <sub>VDD_Q</sub>	Quiescent Current	No Switching		150	190	μA
Feedback Se	ection (FB Pin)					
Vfb_ref	Internal Error Amplifier (EA) Reference Input		1.75	1.78	1.81	V
$V_{FB\_OVP}$	Output Over Voltage Protection (Output OVP) Threshold			2.2		V
Nfb_ovp	OVP Debounce Cycle			3		
Vfb_olp	Output Over Load Protection (Output OLP) Threshold			1.66		V
$T_{D_OLP}$	Over Loading Debounce Time			150		ms
Current Sen	se Section					
T <sub>LEB</sub>	Leading Edge Blanking Time			380		ns
Td_ocp	Over Current Detection and Control Delay		9	50		ns
I <sub>OCP</sub>	Over Current Detection Value			400		mA
IAOCP /IOCP	AOCP/OCP Ratio			1.33		
Timer Section	on					
$T_{OFF\_min\_norm}$	Normal Minimum OFF time	Stable state	27	30	33	μs
T <sub>OFF_max_nom</sub>	Nominal Maximum OFF Time	5		2		ms
TOFF_max_FDR	Maximum OFF Time in Fast Dynamic Response Mode			420		μs
T <sub>ON_max</sub>	Maximum ON Time		26	37	48	μs
T <sub>ss</sub>	Internal Soft Start Time			3		ms
T <sub>Auto_Recovery</sub>	Protection Auto Recovery Debounce Time			500		ms
On-Chip The	ermal Shutdown					
Tsd	Thermal Shutdown Trigger Point	(Note 3)		155		°C
Freewheelin	g Diode (ICG-GND)					
Vf	Diode Forward Voltage	ES1J		0.4		V

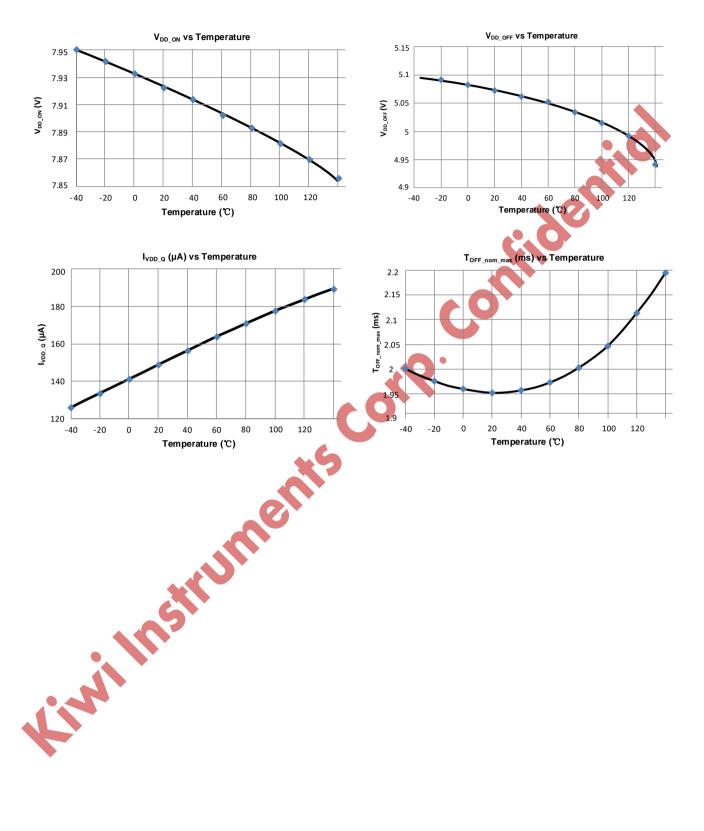
**Note1.** Stresses listed as the above "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.

Note2. In the range of 50  $\mu s$  pulse width and 5mA pulse current, the negative voltage limit of FB is - 1V

Note3. Guaranteed by design.



### **Characterization Plots**







### **Operation Description**

KP3114 integrates a multi-mode PWM controller with high voltage power MOSFET switch on the IC. It is optimized for off-line non-isolated buck or buck-boost applications in small home appliances and linear regulator replacement. The IC utilizes the multi-mode PWM control to regulate output with high precision and lowest components count.

### • Very Low Operation Current

The standby operating current in KP3114 is as small as  $150\mu$ A (typical). The small operating current results in higher efficiency and reduces the VCC hold-up capacitance requirement.

### • High Voltage Start-Up Operation

In KP3114, a 700V high voltage startup cell is integrated. During startup, the internal startup circuit is enabled and a HV current source charges the VDD hold up capacitor Cvdd through Drain pin, as shown in "Block Diagram". When VDD reaches turn-on voltage (7.8V typical), the IC begins switching and the IC current consumed increased to 0.24mA (typical). The VDD is always charged by the high voltage startup cell in steady state.

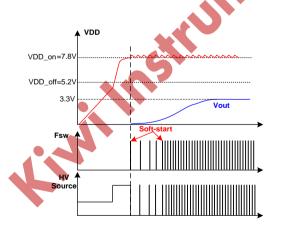


Fig.1

#### Constant Voltage Control

During the power MOSFET off period, KP3114 samples the FB pin signal which indicates the output voltage, then using the internal Sample & Hold circuit and constant voltage control circuit to guarantee FB pin voltage meet the internal reference  $V_{FB\_REF}$  (1.78V, typical). So that constant output voltage is achieved.

Below equation approximately determines the output voltage:

$$Vo = 1.78V * \frac{Rup + Rdown}{Rdown} - V_F$$

VF---Freewheeling Diode Voltage. This parameter is offset by the forward current in practical application.

# Current Limit and Leading Edge Blanking

There's a programmable current limit for current sensing voltage, which is changed according to the system switching frequency. When the sampled voltage exceeds the internal threshold, the power MOSFET is turned off for the remainder of that cycle. An internal leading edge blanking circuit is built in. During this blanking period (380ns, typical), the cycle-by-cycle current limiting comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the GATE driver.

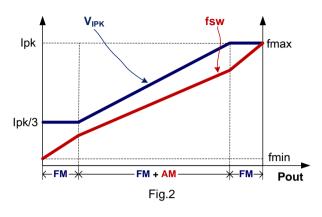
#### Multi-Mode PWM Control

To meet the tight requirement of averaged system efficiency and no load power consumption, a hybrid of frequency modulation (FM) and amplitude modulation (AM) is adopted in KP3114 which is shown in the Fig 2.

Around the full load, the system operates in FM mode. When normal to light load conditions, the IC operates in FM+AM mode to achieve excellent



regulation and high efficiency. When the system is near zero loading, the IC operates in FM again for standby power reduction.



### • Soft Start

KP3114 features an internal 3ms (typical) soft start that slowly increases the switching frequency (Toff reduce from 100 $\mu$ s to 30 $\mu$ s linearly) during startup sequence. Every restart attempt is followed by the soft start activation.

### Output Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

In KP3114, if the sampled FB voltage is larger than 2.2V and lasts for three continuous PWM cycles, the IC will enter into Output Over Voltage Protection (Output OVP) mode, in which auto recovery mode will be followed.

### Over Load Protection (OLP) / Short Load Protection (SLP)

If over load or short load condition occurs, the output and the feedback voltage drop down to be lower than  $V_{FB_OLP}$ . If this fault is present for more than 150ms (typical), the protection will be triggered, the IC will experience an auto-restart mode (as mentioned below).

### Abnormal Over Current Protection (AOCP)

When in heavy load or output short condition, the inductor current may be increased too large. To

avoid system components damaged, there's a abnormal over current limit (typically 1.33\*OCP). When the current sense voltage is larger than this threshold, the internal power MOSFET is turned off immediately and is to be turned on again after 60µs.

### On Chip Thermal Shutdown



KP3114 integrates thermal shutdown function. When the IC junction temperature is higher than 155°C, IC shuts down and enters into auto-restart mode (as mentioned below).

### • Enhanced Dynamic Response

In KP3114, the dynamic response performance is optimized to reduce output drop in load transient.

### Audio Noise Free Operation

In KP3114, the optimized combination of frequency modulation and CS peak voltage modulation algorithm can provide audio noise free operation from full loading to zero loading.

### • Protections with Auto-Restart

In the event of protections, the IC enters into autorestart and an internal timer begins counting, wherein the power MOSFET is disabled. When 500ms had been counted, the IC will reset and start up the system again. However, if the fault still exists, the system will experience the above mentioned process.

### • Soft Totem-Pole Gate Driver

KP3114 has a soft totem-pole gate driver with optimized EMI performance.

### **Application Information**

### PCB Layout Guidelines

PCB layout design has a significant impaction on the performance of power supply, which helps

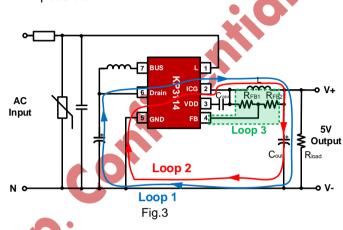


KP3114 to improve system reliability, EMC and thermal performance. Follow below guidelines to optimize performance.

- 1. The main power loop (Loop1&Loop2) should be as small as possible, and the trace should be wide for better efficiency performance.
- 2. Feedback Routing (Loop3): a) Put the feedback loop out of the main power loop, and minimize this loop area as small as possible; b) Do not route FB pin line too long and beneath the IC, or system may not operation normally; c) Put the components of this loop close to IC as much as possible, and far away from the power inductor; d) Place the output feedback point at the positive of the output capacitor, and do not route this line beneath the power inductor or freewheeling diode in case high-frequency noise coupled; e) Make sure signal ground of FB line and IC are connected firstly, then connect to power ground of inductor through a single point.

Place VDD capacitor close to the IC to ensure the VDD loop is small.

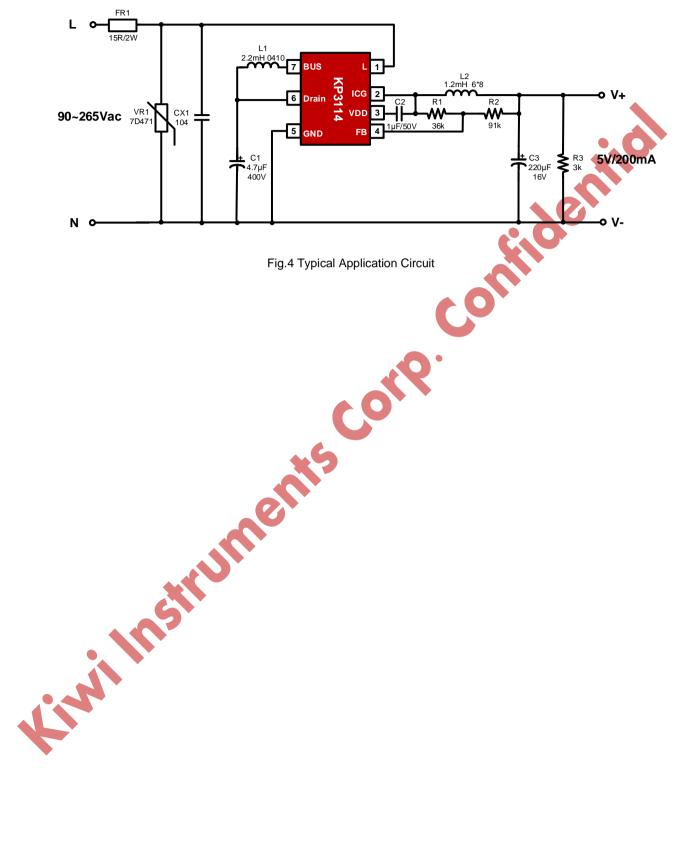
3. Additional Notes: a) When  $\pi$  filter circuit is added after the bridge, make sure power inductor far away from the  $\pi$  filter inductor; b) Connect the drain pin of KP3114 to a large cooper area to improve thermal performance if possible.



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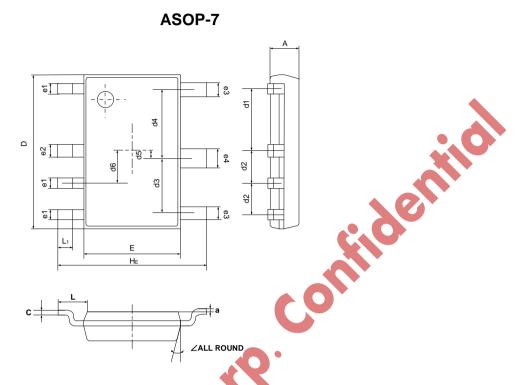
# Typical Application Diagram



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# Package Dimension



	Dimensions	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A	1.05	1.25	0.041	0.049	
С	0.15	0.22	0.006	0.009	
D	6.1	6.3	0.240	0.248	
E	3.8	4.0	0.149	0.157	
HE	5.9	6.1	0.232	0.240	
d1	2.41	2.61	0.094	0.103	
d2	1.23	1.43	0.048	0.056	
d3	2.08	2.28	0.081	0.090	
d4	2.58	2.78	0.101	0.109	
d5	0.1	5 0.010		010	
d6	1.:	28	0.050		
e1	0.3	0.5	0.012	0.020	
e2	0.41	0.61	0.016	0.024	
e3	0.45	0.65	0.017	0.025	
e4	0.7	0.9	0.027	0.035	
L	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045	
L1	0.5	1.0	0.019	0.039	
а	0.2 (	(ref.)	0.008	3 (ref.)	
∠ 12°					



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