



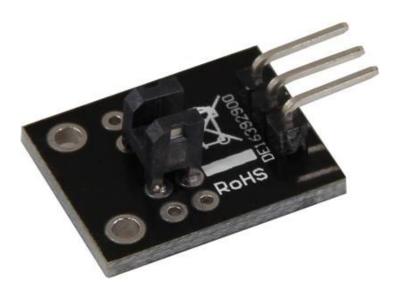
KY-010 Light barrier-module

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Picture

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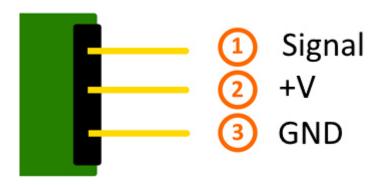
Technical data / Short description

The connection between both input pins will be interrupted if the optical barrier is beeing interrupted.





Pinout



Code example Arduino

In this program, a LED will flash up, if a signal was detected at the sensor. You can also use the modules KY-011, KY-016 or KY-029 as LEDs.

```
int Led = 13 ;// Declaration of the LED-output pin
int Sensor = 10; // Declaration of the Sensor-input pin
int val; // Temporary variable

void setup ()
{
    pinMode (Led, OUTPUT) ; // Initialization output pin
    pinMode (Sensor, INPUT) ; // Initialization sensorpin
}

void loop ()
{
    val = digitalRead (Sensor) ; // The current signal at the sensor will be read.

    if (val == HIGH) //The led will flash up, if a signal was detected.
    {
        digitalWrite (Led, HIGH);
    }
    else
    {
        digitalWrite (Led, LOW);
    }
}
```

Connections Arduino:

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```
 \begin{array}{lll} \text{LED} + & = & [\text{Pin } 13] \\ \text{LED} - & = & [\text{Pin } GND] \\ \text{Sensor Signal} & = & [\text{Pin } 10] \\ \text{Sensor} + V & = & [\text{Pin } 5V] \\ \text{Sensor} - & = & [\text{Pin } GND] \\ \end{array}
```





KY-010 Light barrier-module

Example program download

SensorTest_Arduino_inverted

Code example Raspberry Pi

```
# Needed modules will be imported and configured
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
GPI0.setmode(GPI0.BCM)
# The input pin which is connected with the sensor.
GPIO PIN = 24
GPIO.setup(GPIO_PIN, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down = GPIO.PUD_DOWN)
print "Sensor-Test [press ctrl+c to end the test]"
# This outputFunction will be started at signal detection
def outputFunction(null):
        print("Signal detected")
# The outputFunction will be started at the moment of a signal detection (raising edge).
GPIO.add_event_detect(GPIO_PIN, GPIO.RISING, callback=outputFunction, bouncetime=100)
# Main program loop
try:
        while True:
                time.sleep(1)
# Scavenging work after the end of the program
except KeyboardInterrupt:
        GPIO.cleanup()
```

Connections Raspberry Pi:

```
Signal = GPIO24 [Pin 18]
+V = 3,3V [Pin 1]
GND = GND [Pin 6]
```

Example program download

SensorTest_RPi_inverted

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To start, enter the command:

```
sudo python SensorTest_RPi_inverted.py
```