



SANYO Semiconductors

DATA SHEET

LA1235 — Monolithic Linear IC FM IF System Applications

Overview

The LA1235 is a high integrated IC developed for use in high S/N, low distortion FM IF system applications. This IC features S/N = 88dB, distortion factor = 0.015% and has almost all functions required for FM tuner IF stage.

The IF amplifier and limiter stage consist of 6 stages of double ended differential amplifier having an excellent AMR, and this stage is followed by the signal meter driver which consists of 4 stages of level detector, thereby creating extended linearity up to strong input. The FM detector stage consists of a double balanced quadrature detector to which a low frequency preamplifier and a muting controller are attached. The muting drive stage consists of an OR circuit for weak signal muting drive output which detects signal intensity and detuning muting drive output which detects S curve DC output and enables the prevention of noise at the time of weak signal and detuning. Further, the weak signal muting drive output circuit contains a Schmitt circuit having hysteresis and enables the prevention of muting malfunction due to amplitude component at the time of weak signal. The AFC output and tuning meter drive stage is of current drive type which makes it possible to adjust AFC sensitivity and muting band width by means of an external resistor, and the built-in tuning meter null (short) circuit forces the tuning meter to be [0] when the IF amplifier stops working.

The IF amplifier stop circuit, being a circuit to stop the FM IF amplifier at the time of AM reception, makes it possible to decrease shock noise due to FM-AM receiving mode switchover.

Features

- High S/N (88dB typ.).
- Low distortion (0.015% typ.).
- Weak signal muting drive output having hysteresis.
- Tuning meter null (short) circuit.
- Signal meter drive output having wide dynamic range.
- High limiting sensitivity.
- Built-in constant-voltage regulated circuit (Operating voltage : 10 to 14V).

Functions

- IF amplifier, Limiter.
- Quadrature detection.
- AF preamplifier.
- Signal intensity muting drive output.
- Detuning muting drive output.
- AF signal muting circuit.
- Signal meter drive output.
- AFC, tuning meter drive output.
- IF amplifier stop circuit.
- Tuning meter null circuit.

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LA1235

Specifications

Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V_{CC} max	Pin 11	16	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}	Pins 1 to 2	± 1	Vp-p
Supply current	I_{CC}	Pin 11	40	mA
Flow-in current	I_5	Pin 5	3	mA
Flow-out current	I_{10}	Pin 10	2	mA
	I_{13}		2	mA
Allowable power dissipation	P_d max		650	mW
Operating temperature	T_{opr}		-20 to +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$

Recommended Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

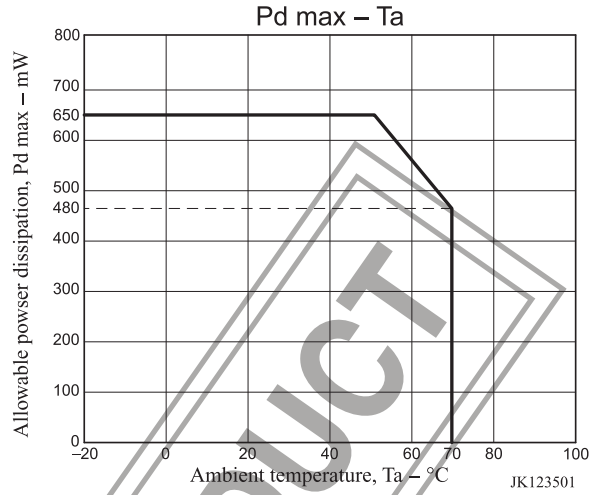
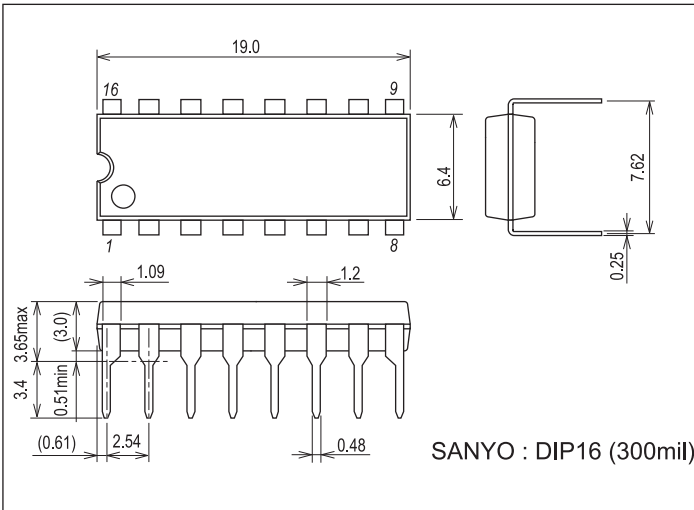
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended supply voltage	V_{CC}		10 to 14	V

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $f = 10.7\text{MHz}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Quiescent current	I_{CCO}	Quiescent		21	30	mA
Current drain	I_{CC}	$V_{IN} = 100\text{dB}\mu$		22	31	mA
Detection output	V_O	$V_{IN} = 100\text{dB}\mu$, 400Hz, 100% mod.	310	430	590	mVrms
S/N		$V_{IN} = 100\text{dB}\mu$, 400Hz, 100% mod.	82	88		dB
-3dB limiting sensitivity	$V_{IN}(\text{lim})$	$V_O = -3\text{dB}$, 400Hz, 100% mod.		25	31	dB μ
Muting sensitivity	$V_{IN}(\text{mute})$	$V_{12} = 5.6\text{V}$, $R_{16} = 56\text{k}\Omega$, $R_{15} = 50\text{k}\Omega$		40	50	dB μ
Muting attenuation	mute (att)	$V_{IN} = 100\text{dB}\mu$, 400Hz, 100% mod. $V_5 = 3.5\text{V}$	80	100		dB
Muting bandwidth	BW (mute)	$V_{IN} = 100\text{dB}\mu$, $V_{12} = 3\text{V}$	120	200	330	kHz
Muting driving output	$V_{12}(1)$	Quiescent	5.6	6.2	6.8	V
	$V_{12}(2)$	$V_{IN} = 100\text{dB}\mu$		0	0.3	V
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$V_{IN} = 100\text{dB}\mu$, 400Hz, 100% mod.		0.015	0.05	%
AM suppression ratio	AMR	$V_{IN} = 80\text{dB}\mu$, FM = 400Hz, 100% mod, AM = 1kHz, 30% mod.	45	60		dB
Signal meter driving output	$V_{13}(1)$	Quiescent		0	0.1	V
	$V_{13}(2)$	$V_{IN} = 35\text{dB}\mu$		0.1	0.5	V
	$V_{13}(3)$	$V_{IN} = 70\text{dB}\mu$	1.3	2.0	2.9	V
	$V_{13}(4)$	$V_{IN} = 100\text{dB}\mu$	2.2	3.5	5.0	V
Offset voltage	V_{6-10}	Quiescent, pin 6 to 10	-0.8	0	+0.8	V
	V_{7-10}	Quiescent, pin 7 to 10	-0.4	0	+0.4	V
Tuning meter null voltage	$V_{7-10}(\text{null})$	$V_5 = 7.5\text{V}$, pin 7 to 10	-50	+5	+50	mV
IF-off voltage	$I_{15}(\text{IF off})$	$V_{2-3} = 1\text{V}$	5.6		7.5	V

Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)
3006C

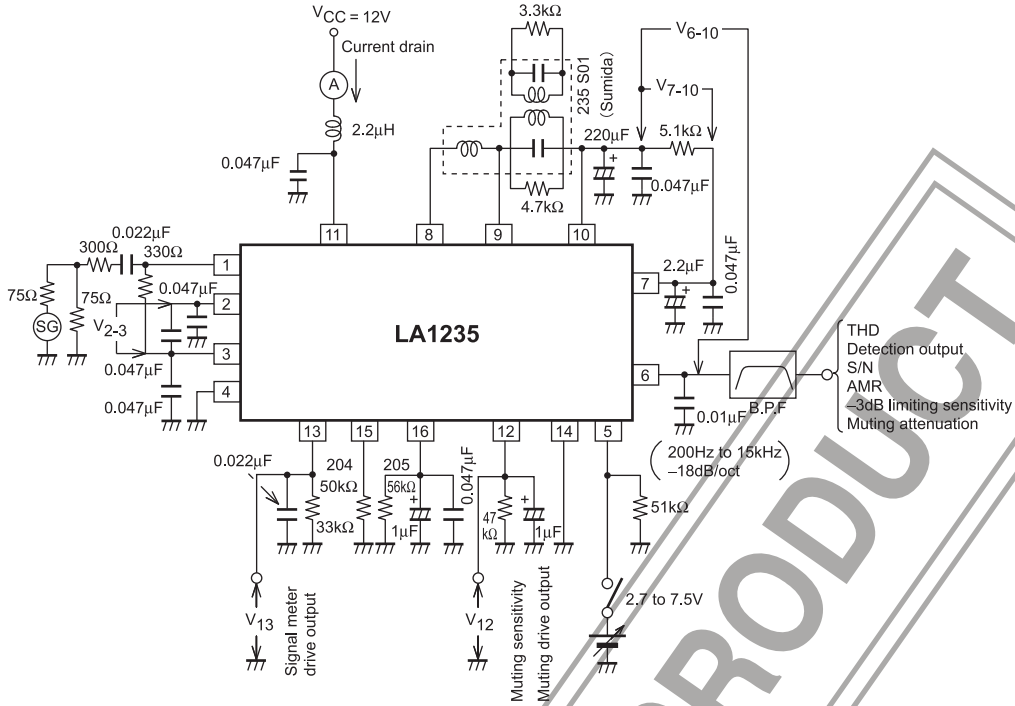


Reference Pin Voltage

Pin No.	Condition	Pin voltage (V)
V1		2.6
V2		
V3		
V6		6.2
V7		
V8	Quiescent	5.9
V10		6.2
V12		
V13		0
V15		
V16		

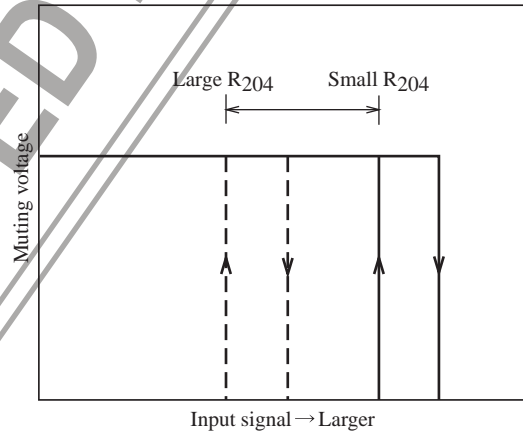
DISCONTINUED PRODUCT

Test Circuit



- Setting of muting sensitivity, hysteresis width (Refer to the equivalent circuit block diagram and application circuit). Muting sensitivity and hysteresis width are set arbitrarily by varying resistors R₂₀₄ and R₂₀₅ connected to pins 15 and 16, respectively. Muting sensitivity is set by varying R₂₀₄; and if R₂₀₄ is made larger, muting sensitivity will shift to the weak signal side. Hysteresis width is set by varying R₂₀₅; and if R₂₀₅ is made larger, hysteresis width will narrow. Next, how to set muting sensitivity is concretely described as follows. In case of using R₂₀₄ = 50kΩ (semifixed resistor) and R₂₀₅ = 56kΩ, the upper limit of current I₁₆, 50µA, delivered from the signal meter driver at which muting is turned ON is obtained from the first quadrant of Table for muting adjustable lower limit calculation. Muting is turned ON at I₁₆ ≤ 50µA. If I₁₆ ≤ 50µA, muting is already turned ON at a point of input being stronger than the setting input and it is impossible to adjust muting at the setting input. Therefore, I₁₆ > 50µA is required at the setting input. The input at which a sample with a small I₁₆ output meets 50µA is obtained as V_{IN} = 47dBµ. This input is the maximum value of muting sensitivity, that is to say, the lower limit at which muting can be set. The data for sample with a Small I₁₆ shown in this Table is close to the minimum value, but since samples with values less than this minimum value may occur, a margin of some dBµ must be allowed. From the above, the minimum value for muting setting (muting ON input) becomes 50dBµ for R₂₀₄ (semifixed resistor) = 50kΩ and R₂₀₅ = 56kΩ.

Muting sensitivity setting by means of R₂₀₄



Hysteresis width setting by means of R₂₀₅

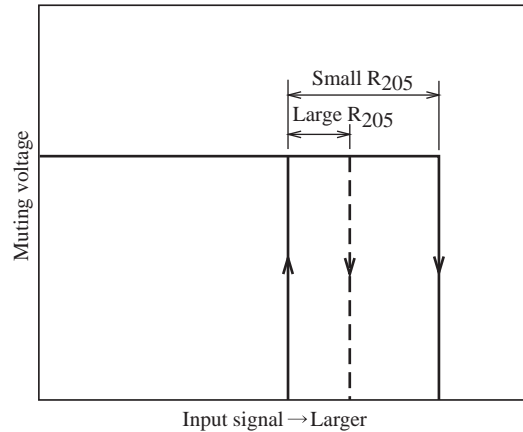
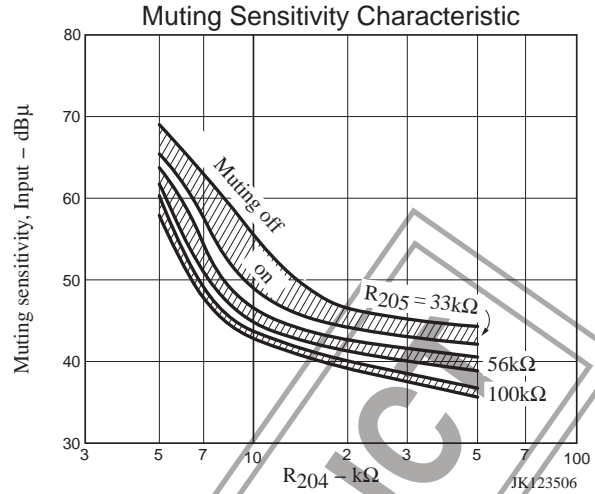
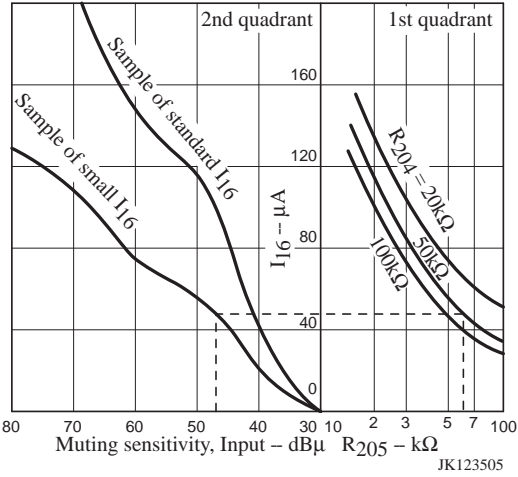


Table for muting adjustable lower limit calculation



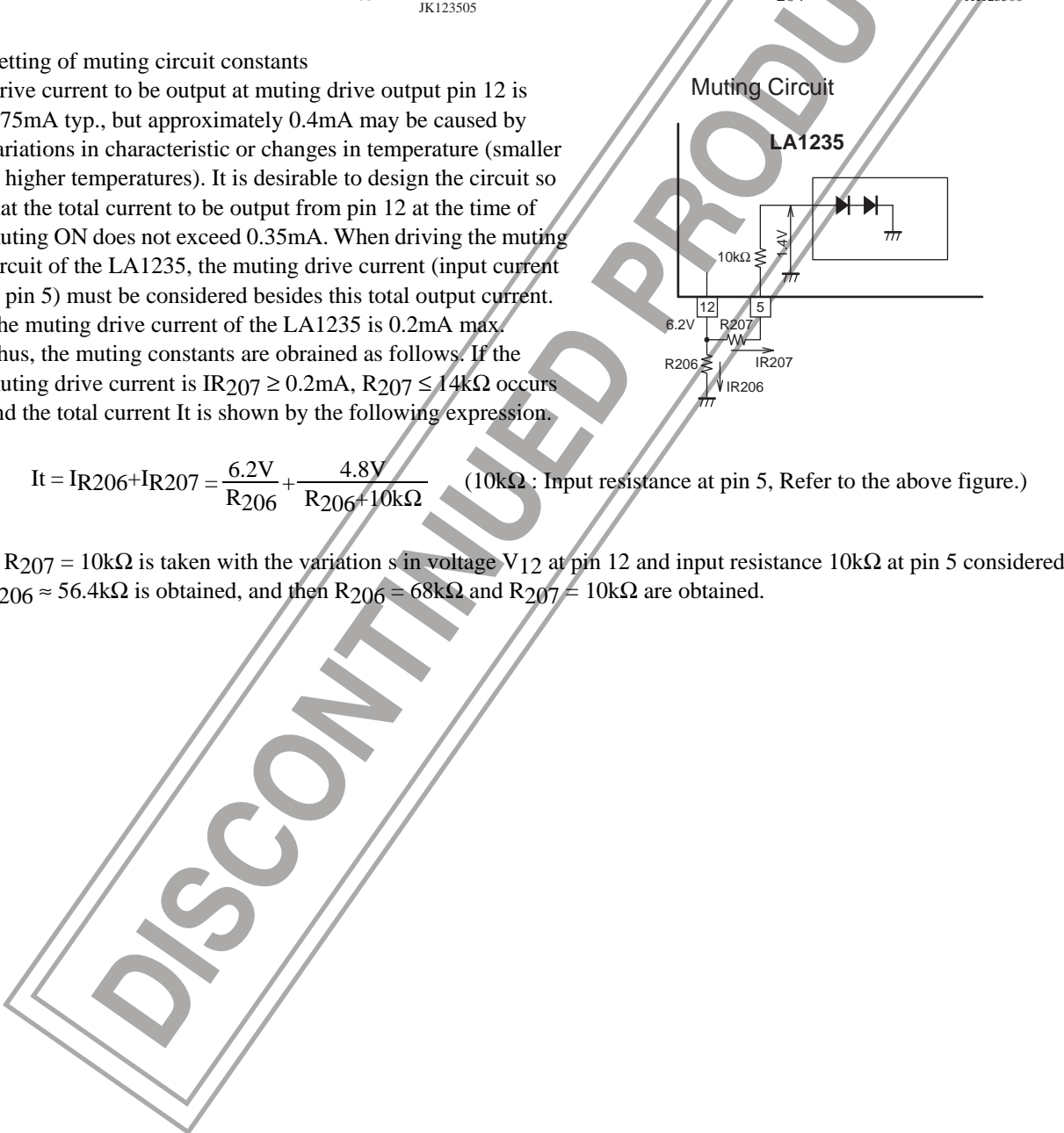
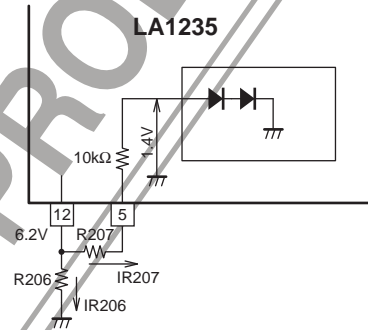
• Setting of muting circuit constants

Drive current to be output at muting drive output pin 12 is 0.75mA typ., but approximately 0.4mA may be caused by variations in characteristic or changes in temperature (smaller at higher temperatures). It is desirable to design the circuit so that the total current to be output from pin 12 at the time of muting ON does not exceed 0.35mA. When driving the muting circuit of the LA1235, the muting drive current (input current at pin 5) must be considered besides this total output current. The muting drive current of the LA1235 is 0.2mA max. Thus, the muting constants are obtained as follows. If the muting drive current is $I_{R207} \geq 0.2\text{mA}$, $R_{207} \leq 14\text{k}\Omega$ occurs and the total current I_t is shown by the following expression.

$$I_t = I_{R206} + I_{R207} = \frac{6.2\text{V}}{R_{206}} + \frac{4.8\text{V}}{R_{206} + 10\text{k}\Omega} \quad (10\text{k}\Omega : \text{Input resistance at pin 5, Refer to the above figure.})$$

If $R_{207} = 10\text{k}\Omega$ is taken with the variations in voltage V_{12} at pin 12 and input resistance $10\text{k}\Omega$ at pin 5 considered, $R_{206} \approx 56.4\text{k}\Omega$ is obtained, and then $R_{206} = 68\text{k}\Omega$ and $R_{207} = 10\text{k}\Omega$ are obtained.

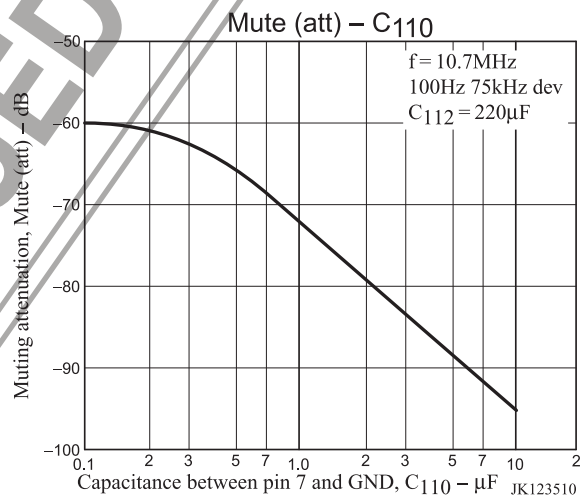
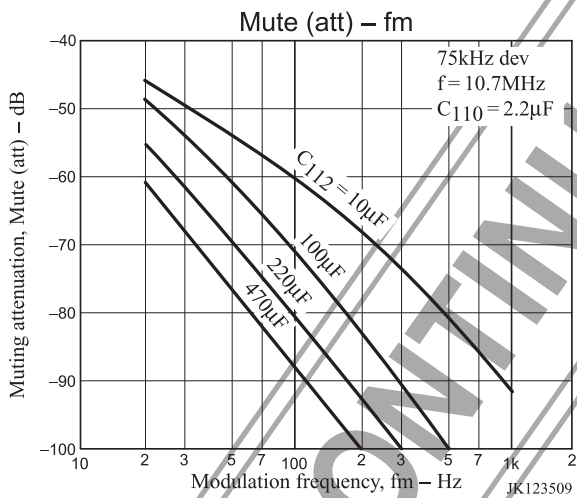
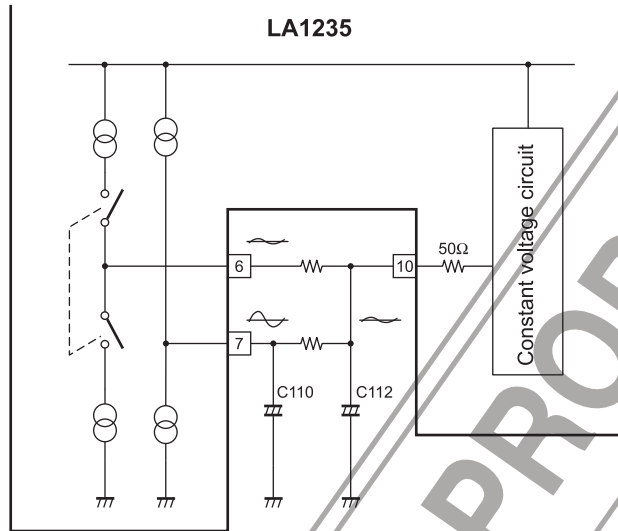
Muting Circuit



LA1235

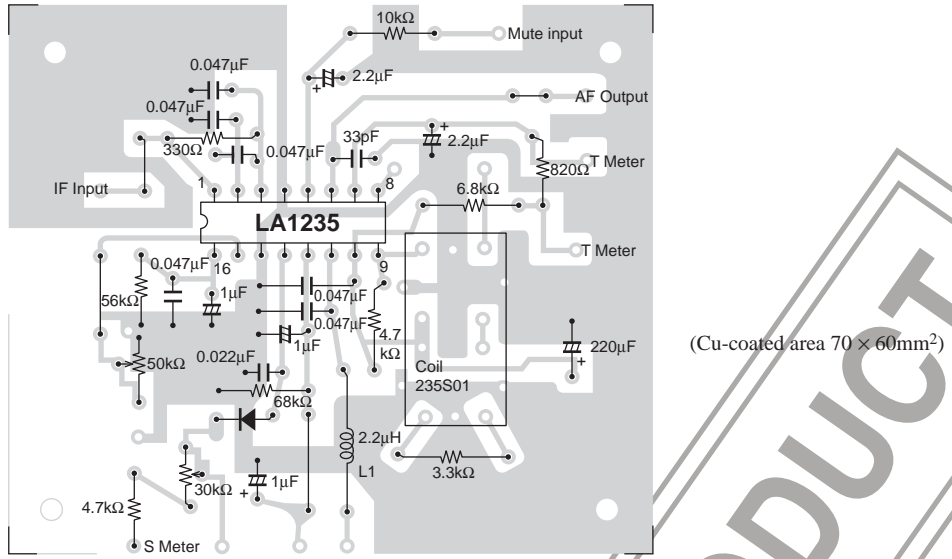
- Setting of C_{112} (Capacitance between pin 12 and ground)
 C_{112} influences S/N and muting attenuation. S/N is improved 0.5 to 2.0dB by changing C_{112} from $1\mu\text{F}$ to $100\mu\text{F}$. Muting attenuation becomes as shown in Mute (att) – fm (next page) characteristic. This phenomenon occurs because the output at pin 7 appears at pin 6 through pin 10 and capacitance C_{110} between pin 7 and ground also exerts influence. The relation between muting attenuation and C_{110} is such that if $C_{110} = 2.2\mu\text{F}$ and $C_{112} = 220\mu\text{F}$, attenuation at modulation frequency 100Hz becomes -80dB .

AF Output Circuit

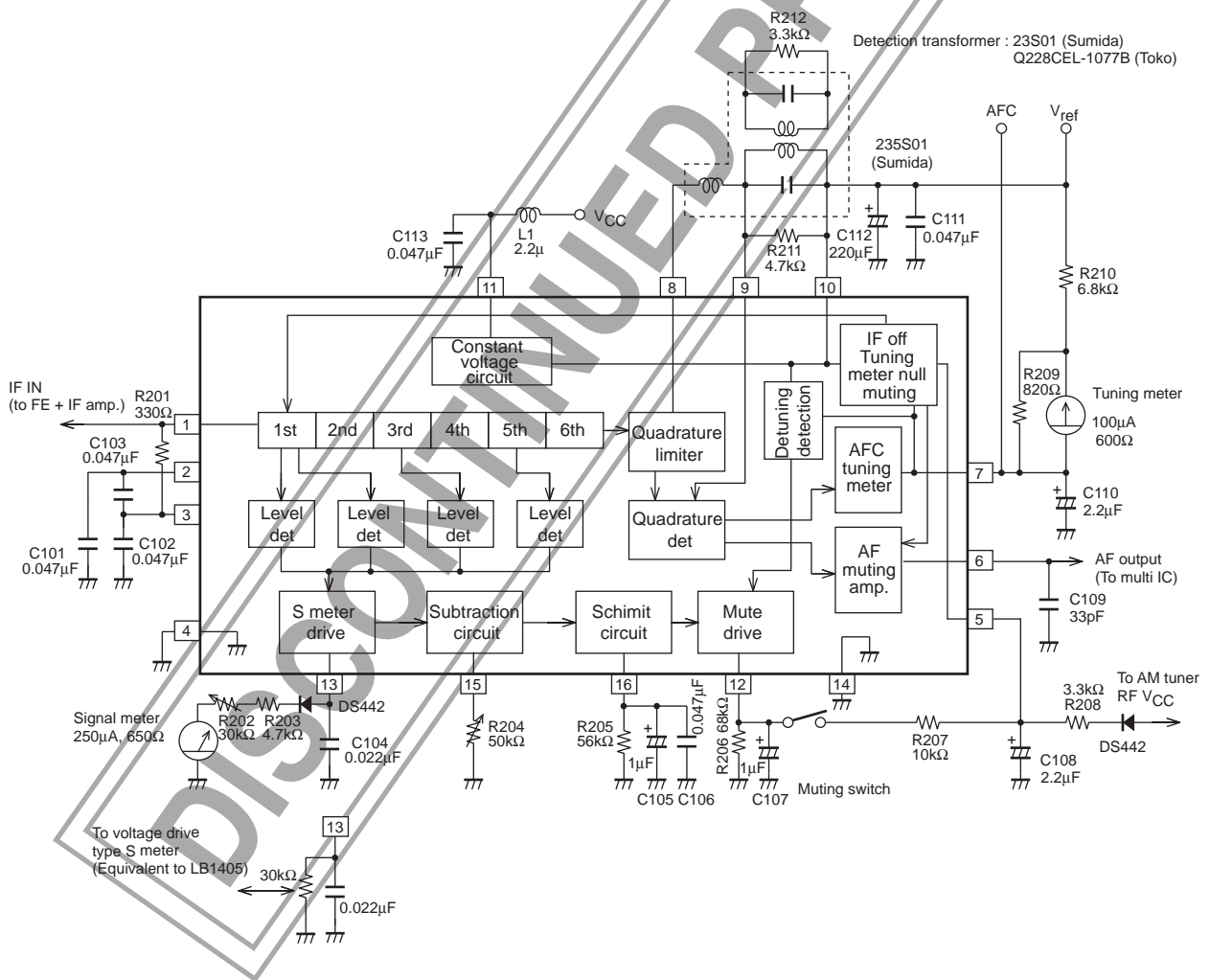


LA1235

Sample Printed Circuit Pattern



Block Diagram and Sample Application Circuit



Description of external parts

Part No.	Function	Effect	
		If decreased	If increased
R201	Input resistance (Rg)	Causes matching wigh circuit of preceding stage.	
R202 R203	S meter adjust	Current drain increases. (Observe max. rating).	S meter pointer is off zero point. (In case of voltage drive type).
R204	Muting sensitivity adjust	Muting sensitivity shifts to weak input side.	
R205	Hysterisis adjunct	Large hysteresis.	Small hysteresis.
R206	Muting drive circuit load	Insufficient drive of detuning muting.	When driveing muting of LA3390 (MPX), make less than 200k Ω to prevent malfunction.
R207	Muting time constant	Abnormal detuning muting attenuation waveform and abnormal sound at the time of low frequency modulation.	Muting response delay.
R208	IF-off voltage applying resistnace	Large flow-in current at pin 5 (Observe max. rating).	IF-off does not occur. (IF-off voltage $\geq 7.5V$).
R209 R210	AFC, detuning muting band width, tuning meter deflection adjust	Large detuning muting bandwidth.	Small detuning muting bandwidth.
R211	Detection coil damping	Small detection output.	Large detection output.
R212	S curve linearity correction	Find such a value as to cause minimum distortion (THD).	
C101 C102 C103	IF amplifier bypass	Unstable IF amplifier.	
C104	S meter output bypass	IF system may be unstable.	
C105 C106	Muting drive output bypass	If low frequency AM compoent is generated in IF signal, weak signal muting flutters.	Muting response delay.
C107 C108	Muting drive output smooth	Abnormal detuning muting attenuation waveform and abnormal sound at the time of low frequency modulation.	Muting response delay.
C109	AF output LPF	Unstable IF system.	With MPX connected, separation worsens.
C110	AFC output LPF	Muting attenuation worsens and detuning muting bandwidth narrows.	Detuning muting response delay.
C111 C112	Constant voltage circuit smooth	S/N, muting attenuation worsen.	
C113	Power supply bypass	Unstable IF system.	
L1	Power supply choke	Unstable IF system.	

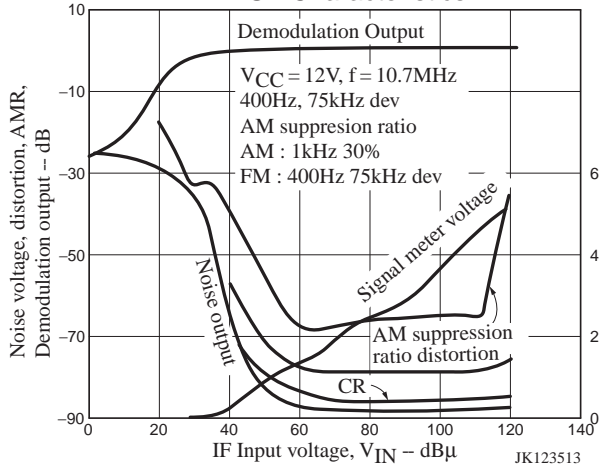
Proper cares in using IC

- Connect the ground side of bypass capacitors of pins 2, 3 to an area close to pin 4.
- Connect the ground side of bypass capacitors of pins 6, 7, 10, 13, 16 to an area close to pin 14.
- Use the shortest possible wires for detection coil-to-pins 8, 9, 10 connection.
- Pin 13, being used for signal meter drive output, can be also used multipath detection because IF signal envelope detected is output at this pin.

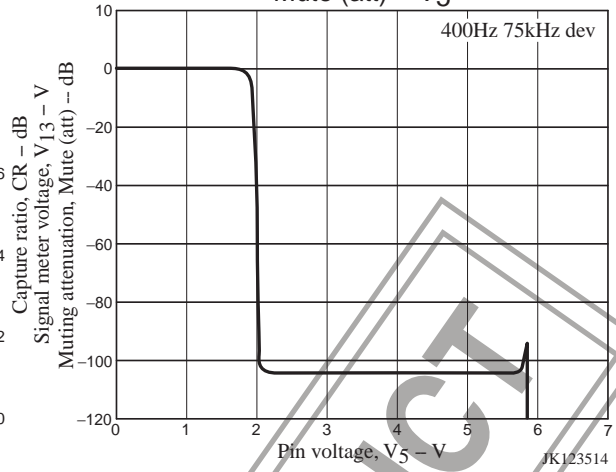
Coil specifications

Supplier	Coil name	Damping resistance		Remarks
		R211	R212	
Sumida	235S01	4.7k Ω	3.3k Ω	Containing fixed inductance 26 μ F.
	SNY-074-1919A	7.5k Ω	2.4k Ω	Containing fixed inductance 26 μ F. (Improvement in temperature characteristic).
Toko	Q228CEL-1077B	13k Ω	3.0k Ω	Containing fixed inductance

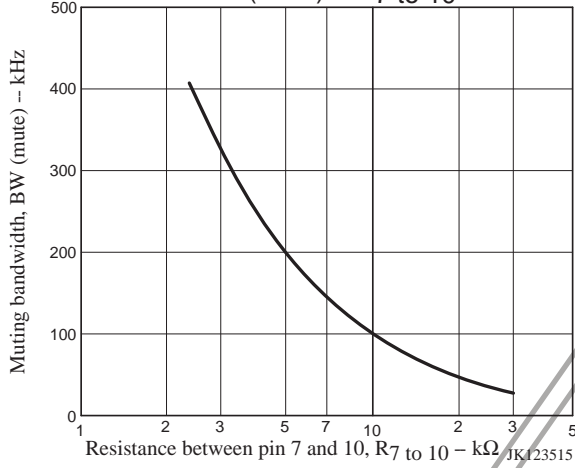
INPUT-Characteristics



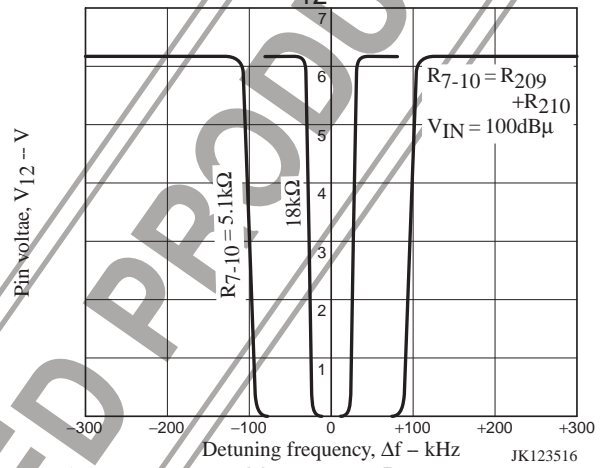
Mute (att) - V_5



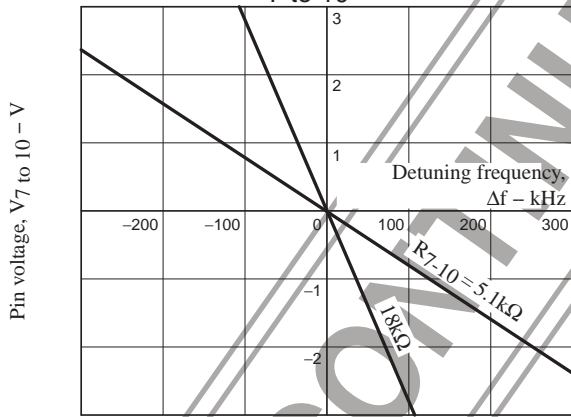
BW (mute) - R_7 to 10



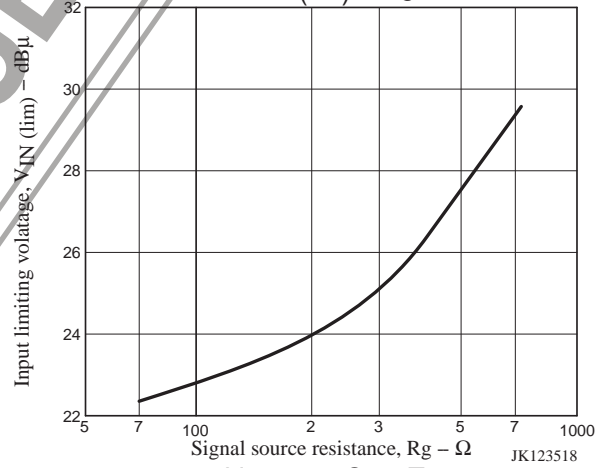
V_{12} - Δf



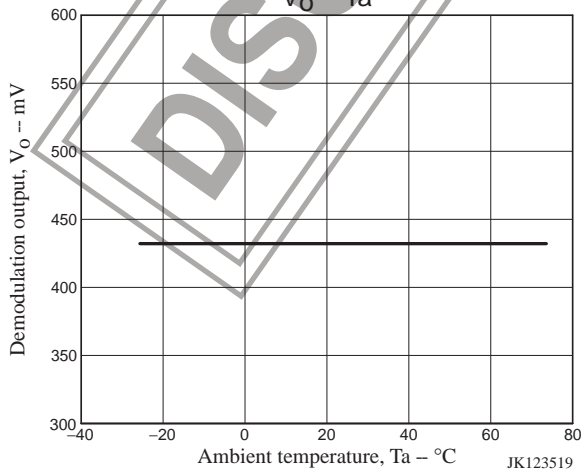
V_7 to 10 - Δf



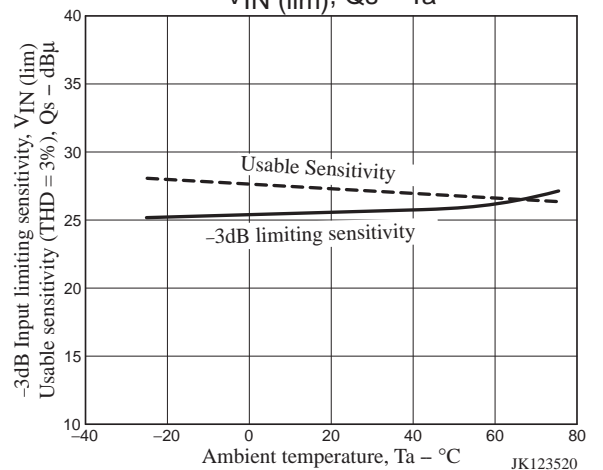
V_{IN} (lim) - R_g

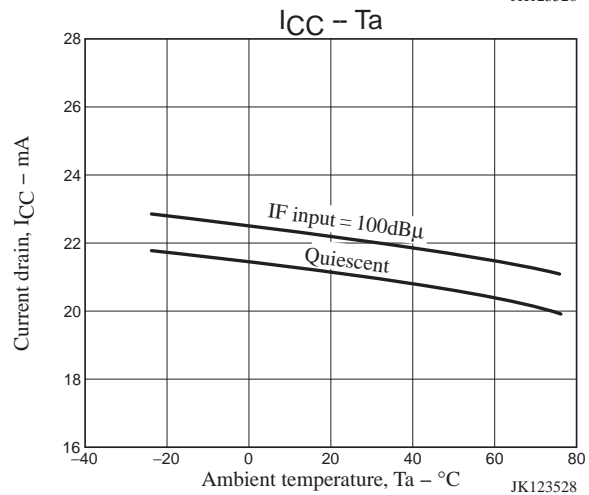
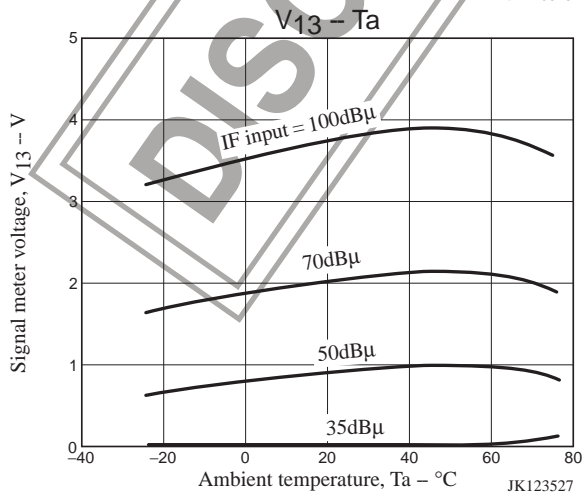
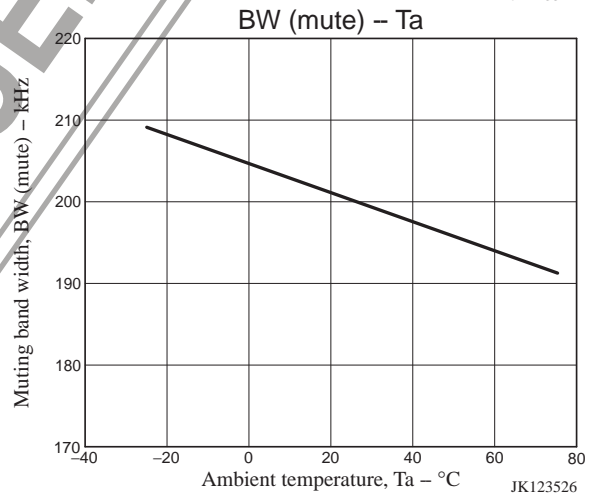
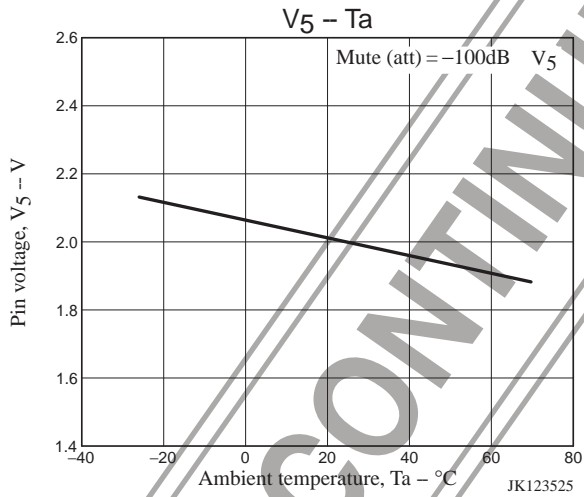
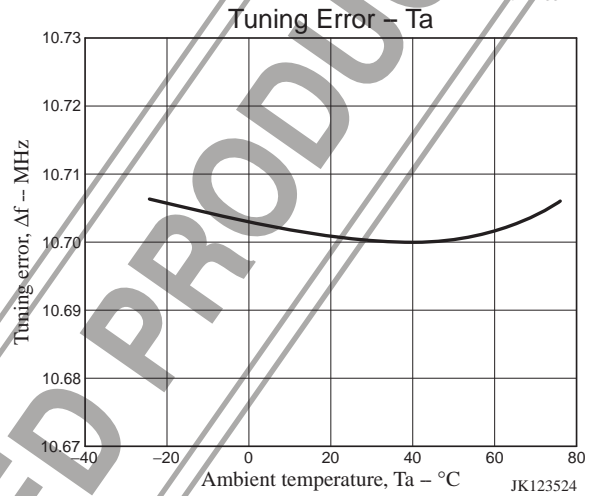
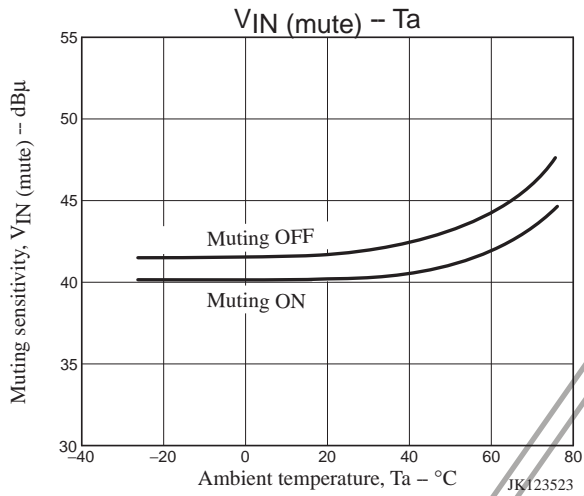
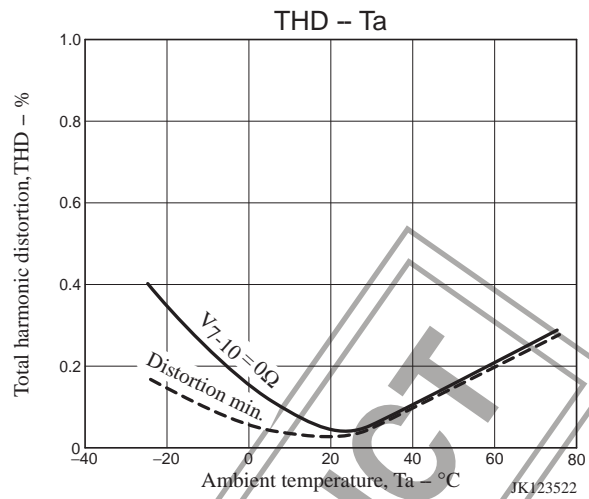
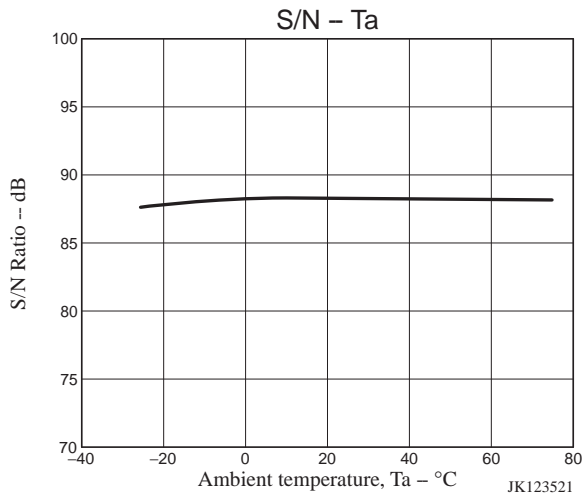


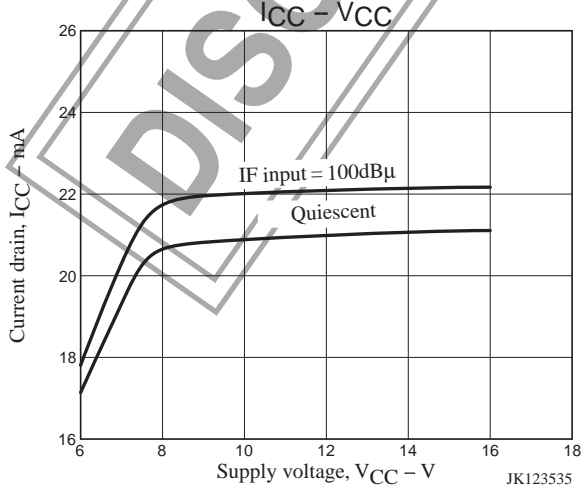
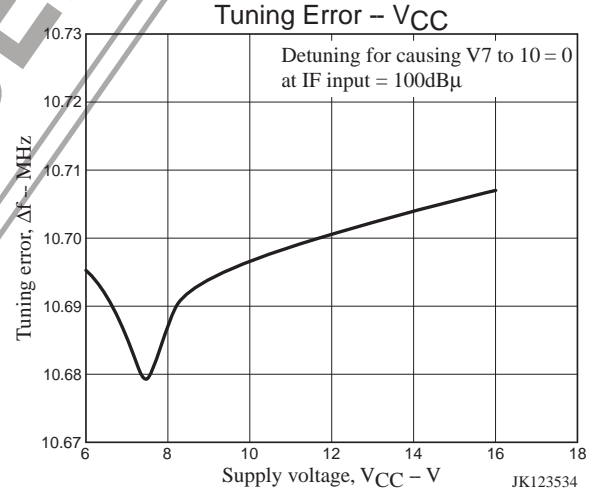
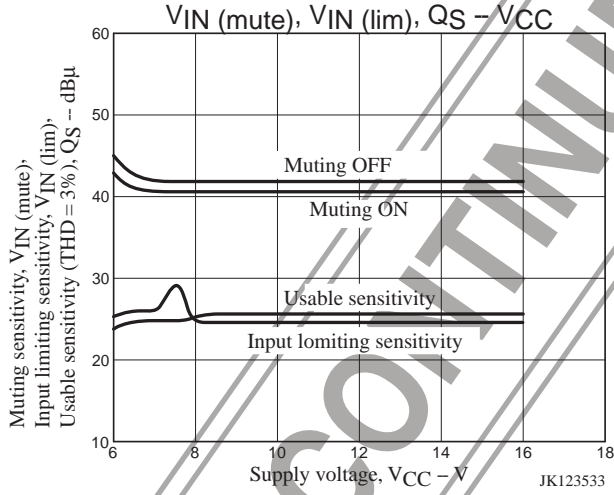
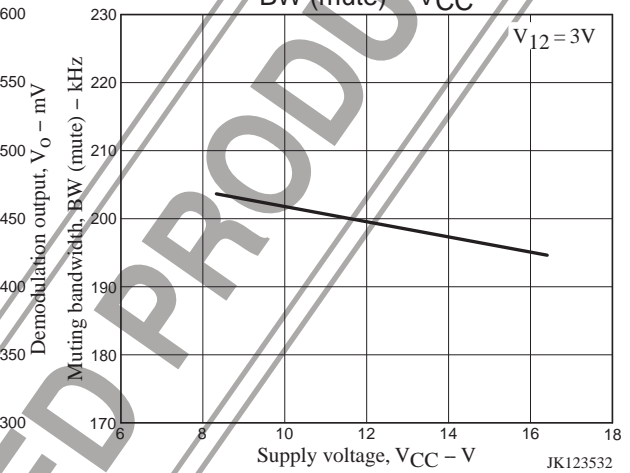
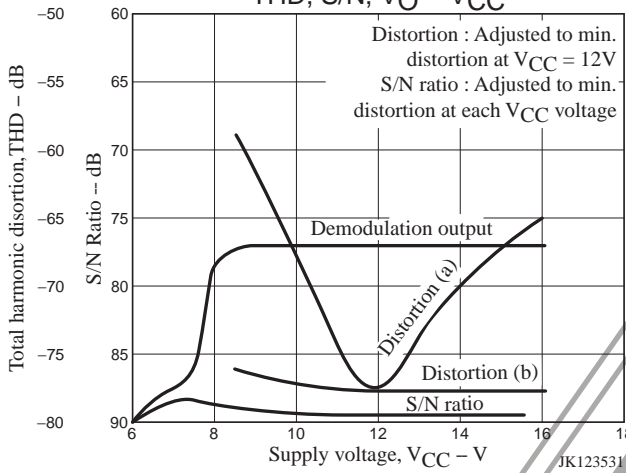
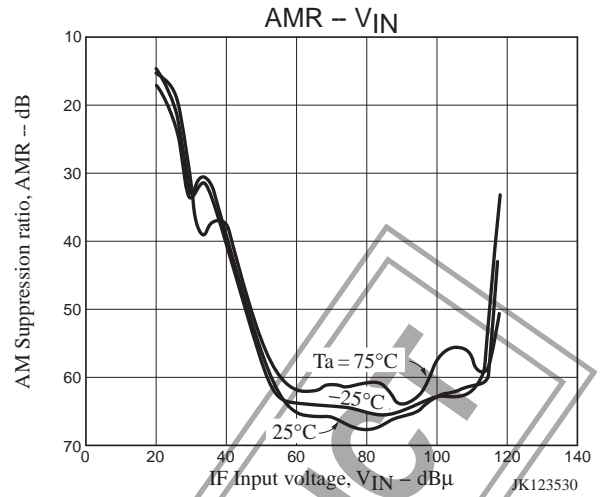
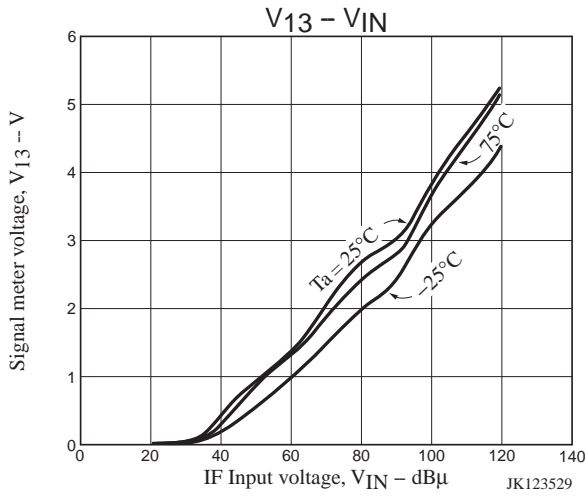
V_o - T_a

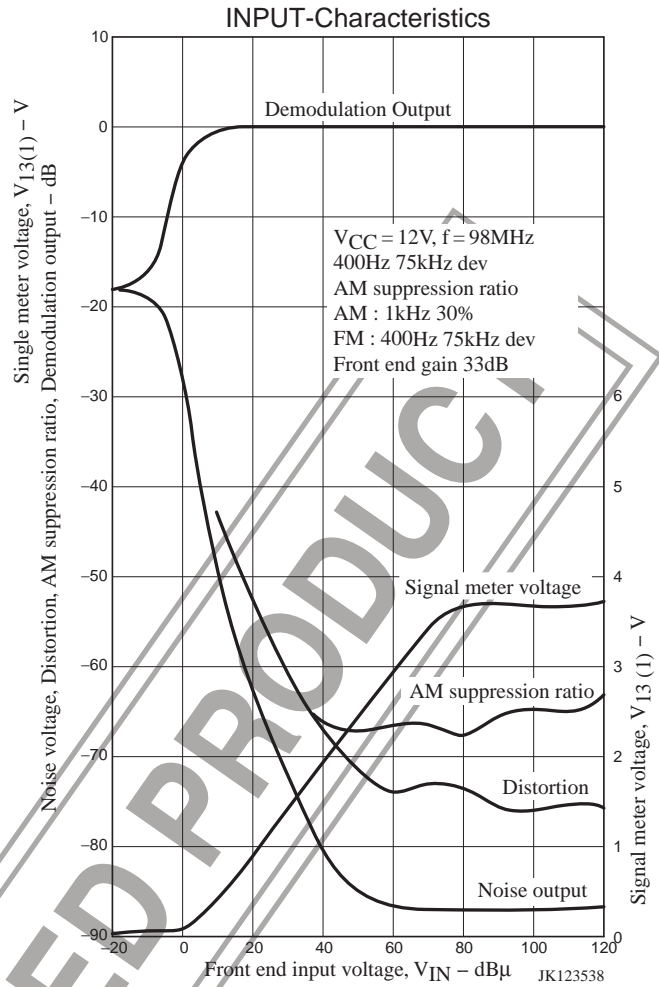
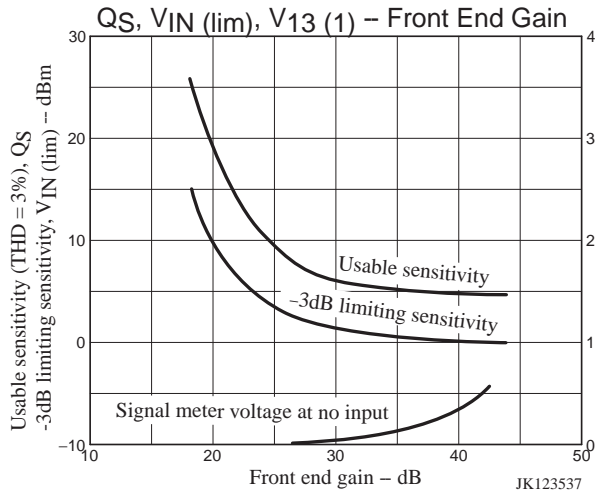


V_{IN} (lim), Q_s - T_a









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