

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(●) Preliminary Specification

() Final Specification

Title	20.1" VGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC201V02
SUFFIX	A3KD

*When you obtain standard approval,
please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
/	_____
/	_____
/	_____

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
J.H. Yoon / G. Manager	_____
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J.Y. Lee / S. Manager	_____
PREPARED BY	
J.B. Chun / Engineer	_____

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with
your signature and comments.

**TV Product Development Dept.
LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd**

Product Specification

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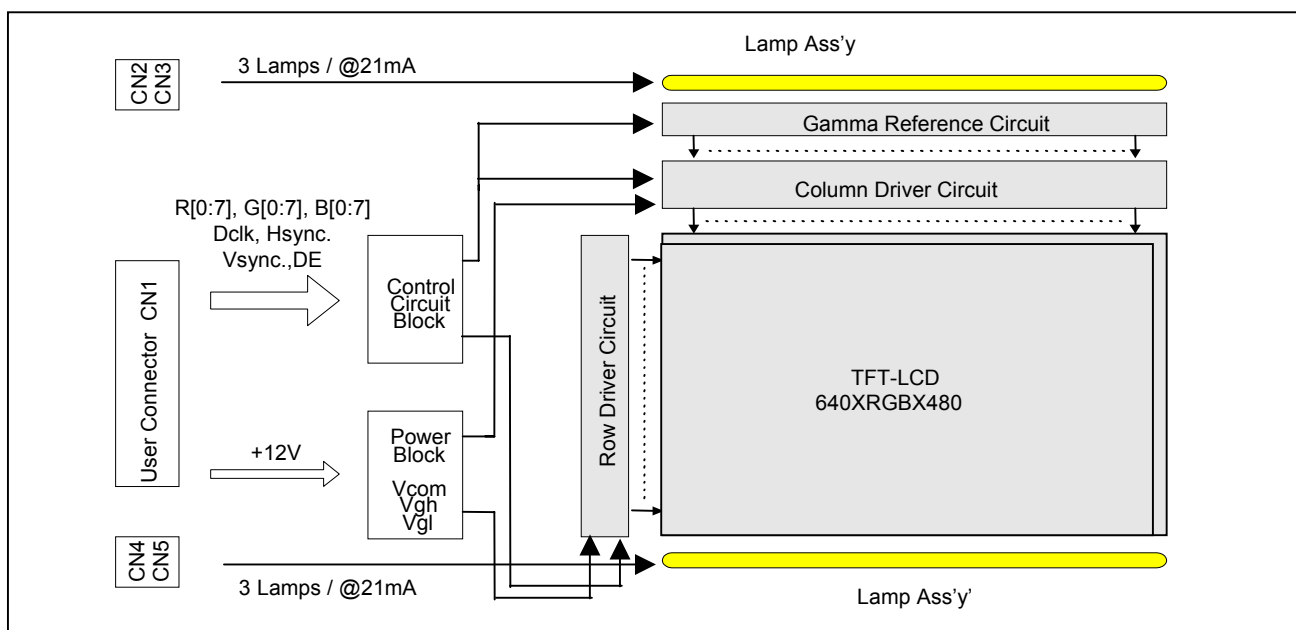
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1. General Description

The LC201V02 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 20.1 inch diagonally measured active display area with VGA resolution (480 vertical by 640 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit parallel CMOS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	20.1 inches(510.54mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	432 mm(H) x 331.5 mm(V) x 25.0 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	212.5 μm x 637.5 μm x RGB
Pixel Format	640 horiz. By 480 vert.. Pixels RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8-bit, 16.7 M colors
Luminance, White	450 cd/m ² (Center 1-point) (Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 176 (Typ.), U/D 176 (Typ.))
Power Consumption	Total 32.24 W(Typ.) (Logic= 2.00W, Lamp= 30.24W [$I_{BL}=7\text{mA}$])
Weight	3,200g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) & anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

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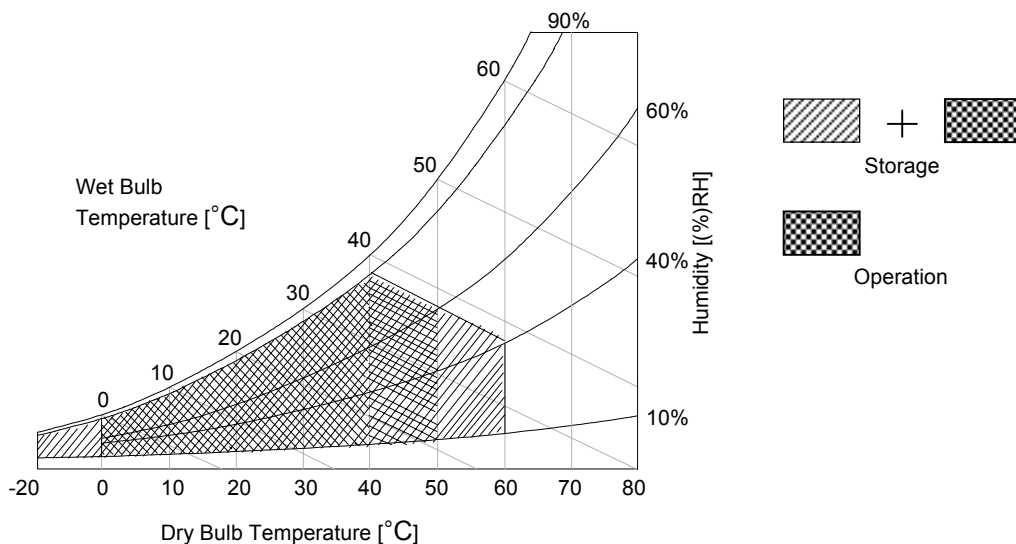
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Remark
		Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	-0.3	+14.0	V _{DC}	at 25 ± 2 °C
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	50	°C	Note 1
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	60	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the CCFL /Backlight, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCDs.

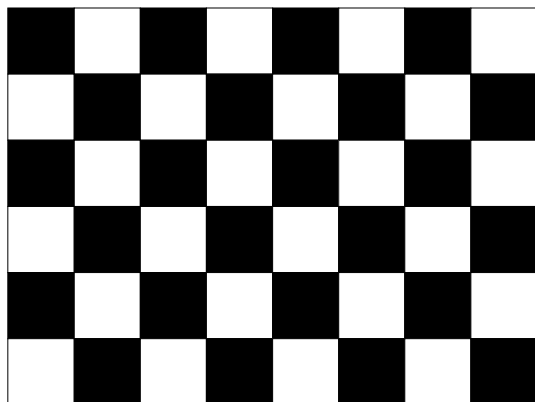
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min	Typ	Max		
Circuit :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	11.4	12.0	12.6	Vdc	
Power Supply Input Current	I _{LCD}	-	166	191	mA	1
		-	178	232	mA	2
Power Consumption	P _{LCD}	-	2.00	2.30	W	1
Rush current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	3.0	A	3

Note :

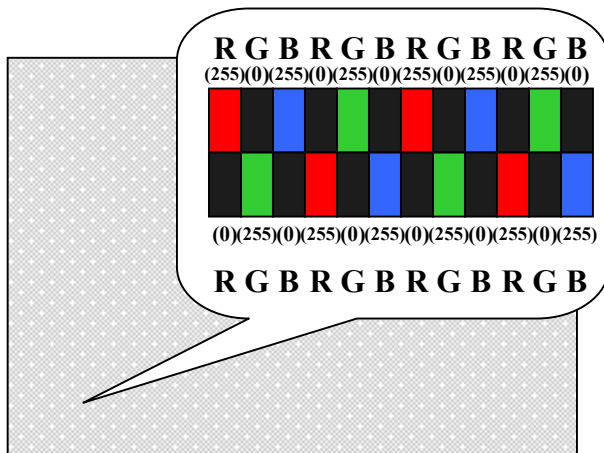
1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD}=12.0V, 25 ± 2°C, f_v=60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_v is the frame frequency.
2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power Input is 1ms (min.).

White : 255Gray
Black : 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

Maximum current pattern



Sub 1 dot pattern
[255 0 255] / [0 255 0]

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Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min	Typ	Max		
Inverter :						
Operating Voltage	V _{BL}	700(7.5mA)	720(7mA)	825(3mA)	V _{RMS}	1, 2
Operating Current	I _{BL}	3.0	7.0	7.5	mA _{RMS}	1
Established Starting Voltage	V _S					1, 3
	at 25 °C			1,100	V _{RMS}	
	at 0 °C			1,430	V _{RMS}	
Operating Frequency	f _{BL}	40	50	60	kHz	4
Discharge Stabilization Time	T _S			3	Min	1, 5
Power Consumption	P _{BL}		30.24	33.27	W	6
Life Time		50,000			Hrs	1, 7

Note : The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter.

When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD-Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

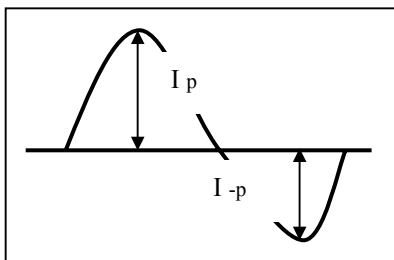
※ Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.

If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

- Specified values are for a single lamp.
- Operating voltage is measured at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$. The variance of the voltage is $\pm 10\%$.
- The voltage above V_S should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up.
(Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp starting voltage.)
Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.
 T_S is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter.
The used lamp current is the lamp typical current. ($P_{BL} = V_{BL} \times I_{BL} \times N_{Lamp}$)
- The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.

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8. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%). Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave.
Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
- The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$.
- * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



* Asymmetry rate:

$$\frac{|I_p - I_{-p}|}{I_{rms}} \times 100\%$$

* Distortion rate

$$I_p \text{ (or } I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$

9. The inverter which is combined with this LCM, is highly recommended to connect coupling(ballast) condenser at the high voltage output side. When you use the inverter which has not coupling(ballast) condenser, it may cause abnormal lamp lighting because of biased mercury as time goes.
10. In case of edgy type back light with over 4 parallel lamps, input current and voltage wave form should be synchronized

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3-2. Interface Connections

—LCD Connector(CN1) : TBD

—Mating Connector : TBD

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	RBF	NC 1)	26	R0	Red Data(LSB)
2	NC		27	GND	System Ground
3	NC		28	G7	Green Data(MSB)
4	GND	System Ground	29	G6	
5	GND	System Ground	30	G5	
6	V _{LCD}	Power input(+12.0V)	31	G4	
7	V _{LCD}	Power input(+12.0V)	32	GND	System Ground
8	V _{LCD}	Power input(+12.0V)	33	G3	
9	V _{LCD}	Power input(+12.0V)	34	G2	
10	GND	System Ground	35	G1	
11	Hsync	Horizontal Sync.	36	G0	Green Data(LSB)
12	Vsync	Vertical Sync.	37	GND	System Ground
13	GND	System Ground	38	B7	Blue Data(MSB)
14	DE	Data Enable	39	B6	
15	GND	System Ground	40	B5	
16	DCLK	Dot Clock	41	B4	
17	GND	System Ground	42	GND	System Ground
18	R7	Red Data(MSB)	43	B3	
19	R6		44	B2	
20	R5		45	B1	
21	R4		46	B0	Blue Data(LSB)
22	GND	System Ground	47	GND	System Ground
23	R3		48	GND	System Ground
24	R2		49	NC	
25	R1		50	NC	

Note: 1. NC: No Connection.

2. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to V_{ss} which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

3. All V_{LCD} (power input) pins should be connected together.

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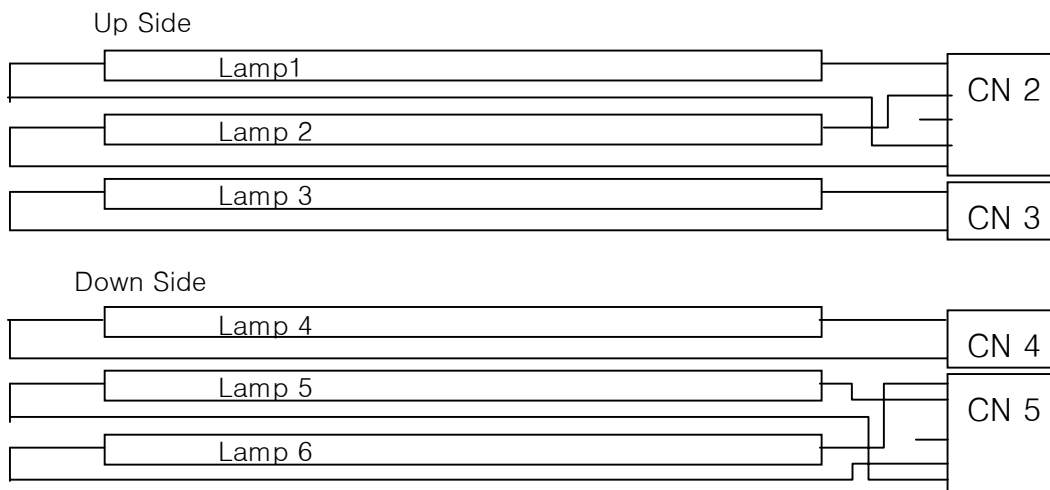
Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN2,CN3,CN4,CN5)

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1(CN3/CN4) and BHR-05VS-1(CN2/CN5) manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number are SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(2pin), SM04(9-E2)B-BHS-1-TB(5pin) or equivalent. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

No.	Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
CN2	1	HV	Power supply for lamp 1(High voltage side) – Gray	1
	2	HV	Power supply for lamp 2(High voltage side) – Sky Blue	1
	3	NC	NC	
	4	LV	Power supply for lamp 1(Low voltage side) – Black	2
	5	LV	Power supply for lamp 2(Low voltage side) – Dark Blue	2
CN3	1	HV	Power supply for lamp 3(High voltage side) – White	1
	2	LV	Power supply for lamp 3(Low voltage side) – White	2
CN4	1	HV	Power supply for lamp 4(High voltage side) – White	1
	2	LV	Power supply for lamp 4(Low voltage side) – White	2
CN5	1	HV	Power supply for lamp 6(High voltage side) – Gray	1
	2	HV	Power supply for lamp 5(High voltage side) – Sky Blue	1
	3	NC	NC	
	4	LV	Power supply for lamp 6(Low voltage side) – Black	2
	5	LV	Power supply for lamp 5(Low voltage side) – Dark Blue	2

- Notes: 1. The high voltage power terminal is colored white,sky blue,gray.
2. The low voltage pin color is white,dark blue,black .

<BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR DIAGRAM>



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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Table 5. TIMMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	tCLK	33.3	40	55	ns	
	Frequency	-	18	25	30	MHz	
	High Duration	twCH	10	-	-	ns	
	Low Duration	twCL	10	-	-	ns	
Hsync	Period	tHP	790	800	850	tCLK	
	Width	tWH	16	96	96	tCLK	
Vsync	Period	tVP	490	525	560	tHP	PAL: 47~53Hz
	Frequency	fV	47	60	63	Hz	NTSC: 57~63Hz
	Width	twV	2	3	3	tHP	
DE (Data Enable)	Horizontal Valid	tHV	640	640	640	tCLK	
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	16	48	-		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	16	16	-		
	Horizontal Blank	-	150	-	tHP-tHV		
	Vertical Valid	tVv	480	480	480	tHP	
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	3	33	-		
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	2	9	-		
	Vertical Blank	-	10	-	tVP-tVv		
	DE SET UP TIME	tSI	3	-	-	ns	
	DE HOLD TIME	tHI	3	-	-		
Input Voltage	High	VrH	0.7Vcc	-	-	V	
	Low	VrL	-	-	0.3Vcc		
Data	Set-up time	tSD	3			ns	For DCLK
	Hold time	tHD	3				

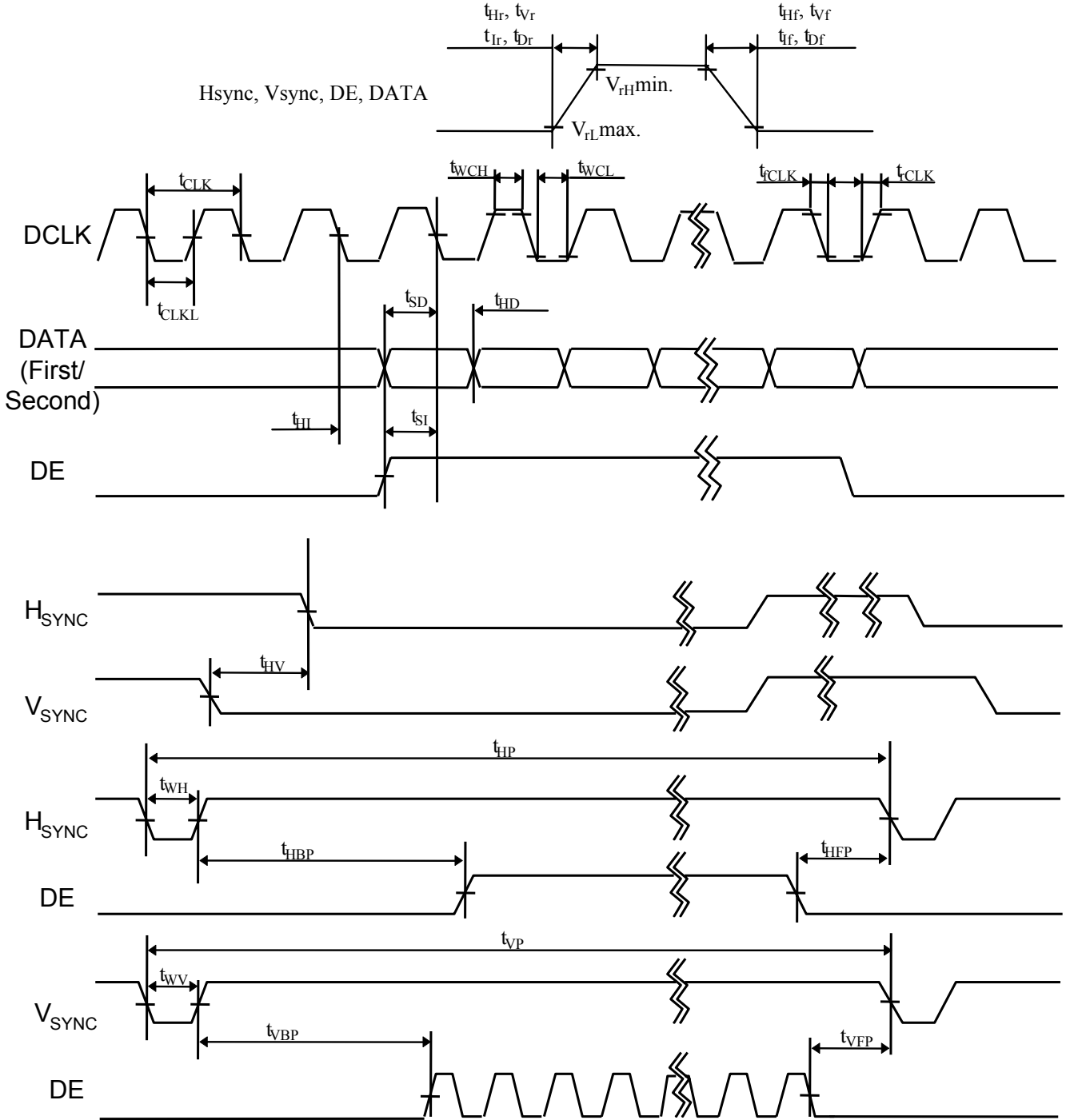
Note:

Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate this LCM a Hsync, Vsync and DE (Data Enable) signals should be used.

1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
2. Vsync, Hsync should be keep the above specification.
3. Hsync Period, Hsync Width and Horizontal Back Porch should be any times of a character number (8).

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3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The below table provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																							
		RED								GREEN								BLUE							
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
							
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
							
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
							
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

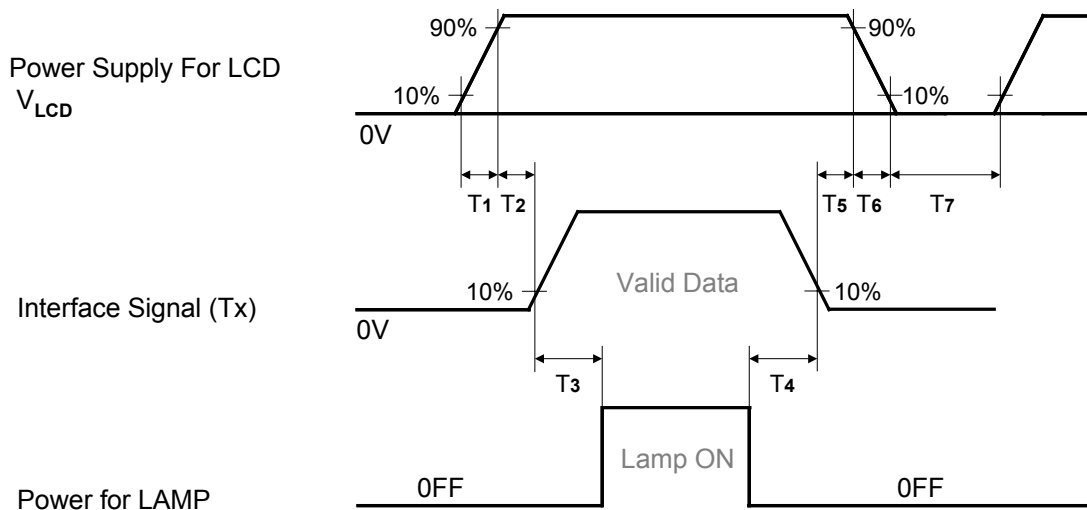


Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE FOR LCD DRIVING CIRCUIT

Parameter	Value			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0.5	-	50	ms
T3	200	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.5	-	50	ms
T6	-	-	100	ms
T7	1	-	-	s

- Notes :
1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD V_{LCD} to 0V.
 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD an interface signal are valid.

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30Min in a dark environment at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$. The values are specified at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° .

It is presented additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method in FIG. 1.

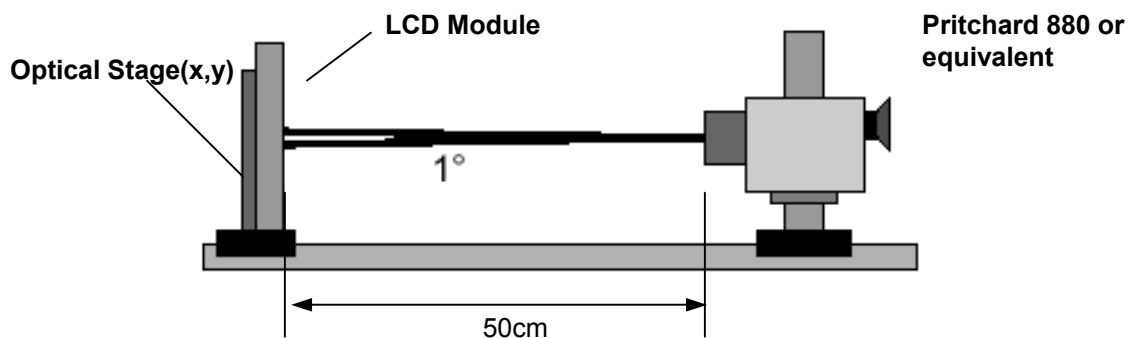


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{LCD} = 12.0\text{V}$, $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$, $D_{clk} = 25\text{MHz}$, $I_{BL} = 7\text{mA}$

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
		Min	Typ	Max			
Contrast Ratio	CR	280	350			1	
Surface Luminance, white	L_{WH}	380	450		cd/m^2	2	
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE} 5P			1.3		3	
Response Time	Rise Time	Tr_R	-	12	ms	4	
	Decay Time	Tr_D	-	13			
Color Coordinates [CIE1931]	RED	R_x	Typ -0.03	0.629	Typ +0.03		
		R_y		0.335			
	GREEN	G_x		0.289			
		G_y		0.583			
	BLUE	B_x		0.143			
		B_y		0.090			
	WHITE	W_x		0.289			
W_y		0.304					
Viewing Angle (CR>10)							
	x axis, right ($\phi=0^\circ$)	θ_r	85	88	-	degree	5
	x axis, left ($\phi=180^\circ$)	θ_l	85	88	-		
	y axis, up ($\phi=90^\circ$)	θ_u	85	88	-		
	y axis, down ($\phi=270^\circ$)	θ_d	85	88	-		
Gray Scale						6	

Product Specification

Note :

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

It is measured at center 1-point.

2. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta \text{ WHITE}(5P) = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5})$$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations .
For more information, see the FIG. 2.

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. ($N < M$)
5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
6. Gray scale specification
Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 9.

Table 9. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)
L0	0.29
L15	0.42
L31	0.95
L47	2.36
L63	4.72
L79	7.82
L95	11.7
L111	16.3
L127	21.8
L143	28.2
L159	35.6
L175	43.5
L191	52.4
L207	62.6
L223	74.1
L239	86.2
L255	100

Product Specification

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation

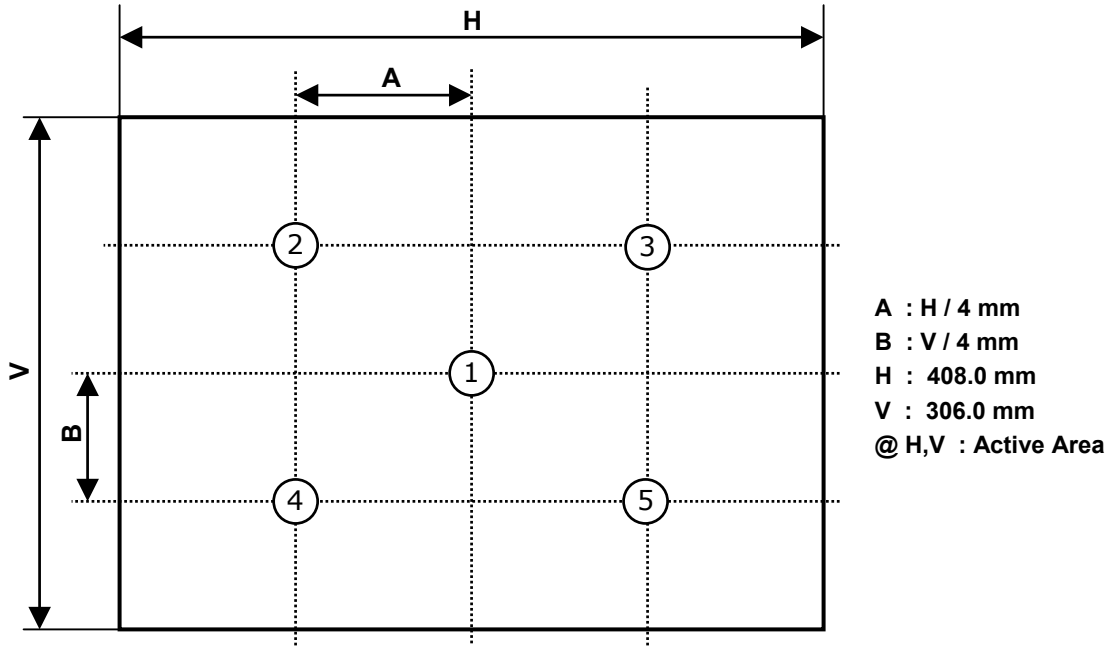


FIG. 2 Measure Point for Luminance

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

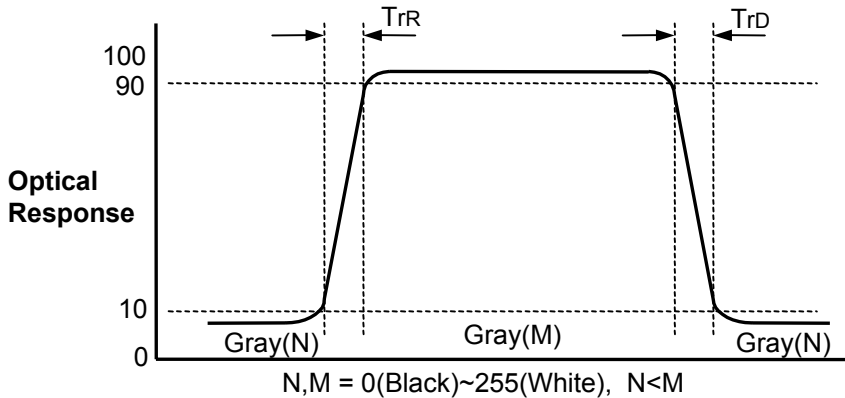


FIG. 3 Response Time

Product Specification

Dimension of viewing angle range

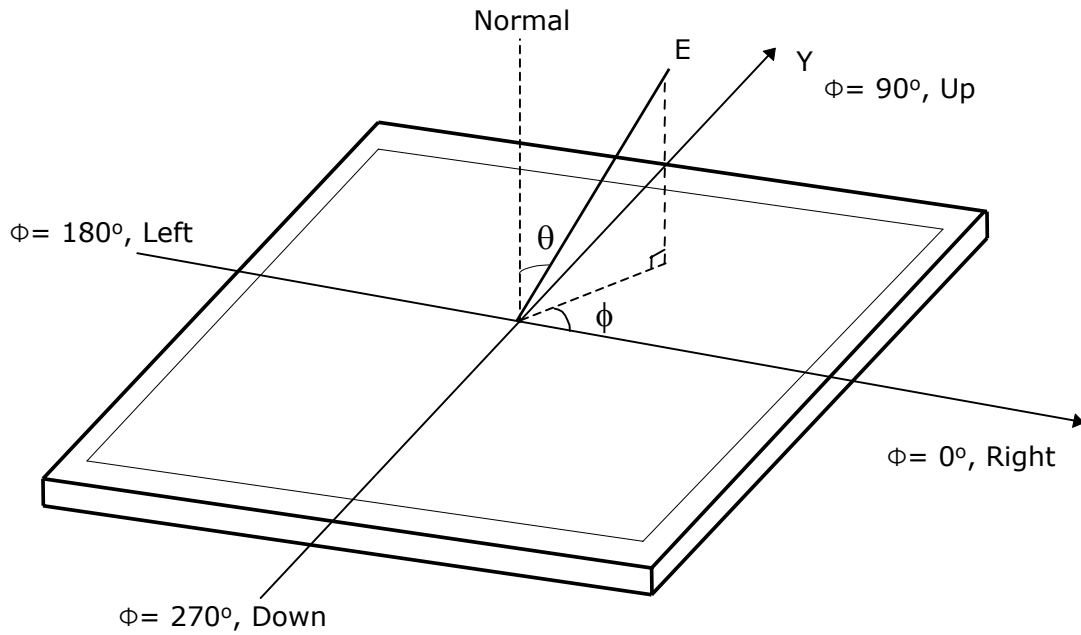


FIG. 4 Viewing angle

Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The following items provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD module.

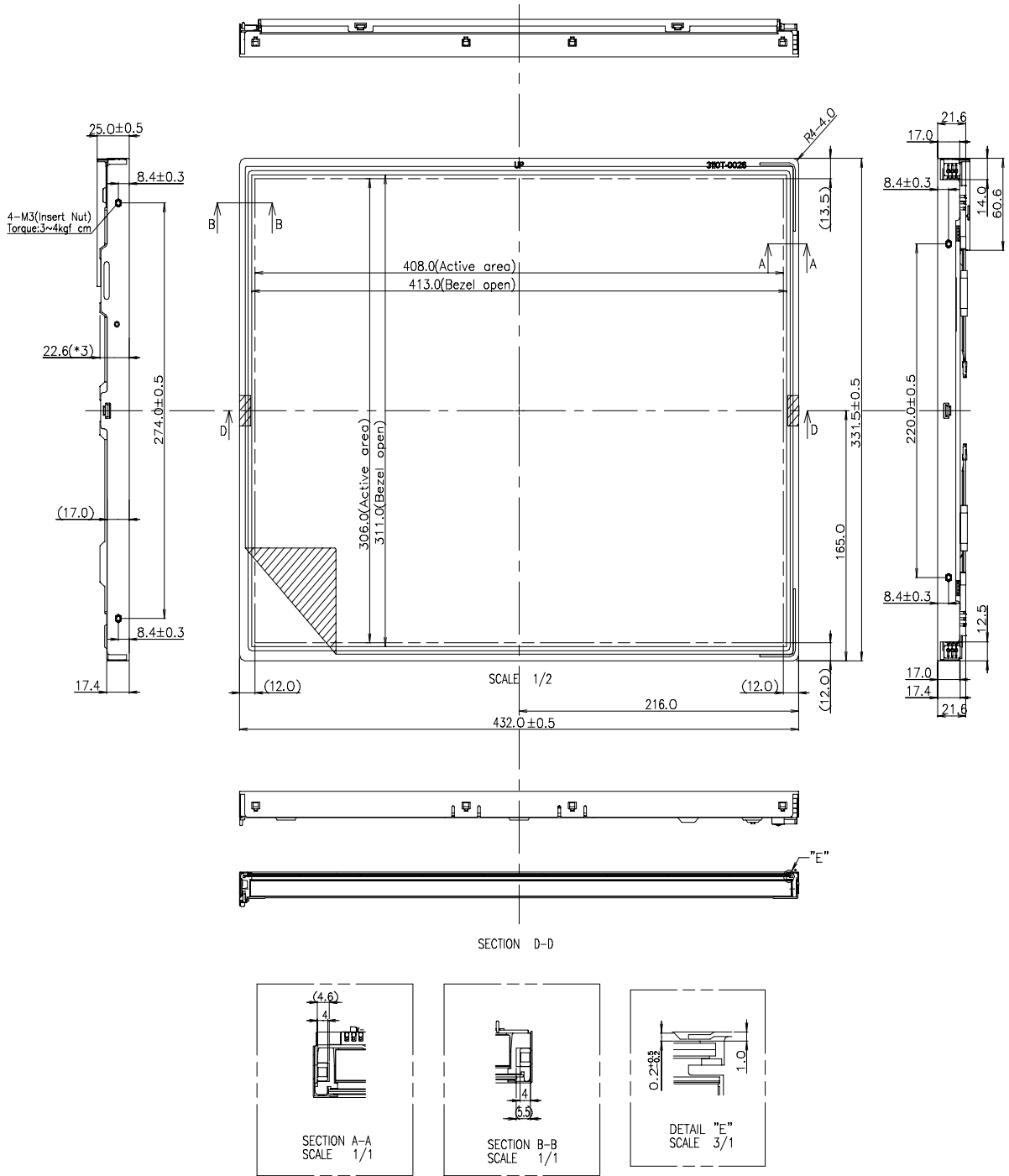
Table 10. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Value	
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	432.0 mm
	Vertical	331.5 mm
	Depth	25.0 mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	413.0 mm
	Vertical	311.0 mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	408.0 mm
	Vertical	306.1 mm
Weight	3200g (Typ.),3360g(Max)	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer	

Note : Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

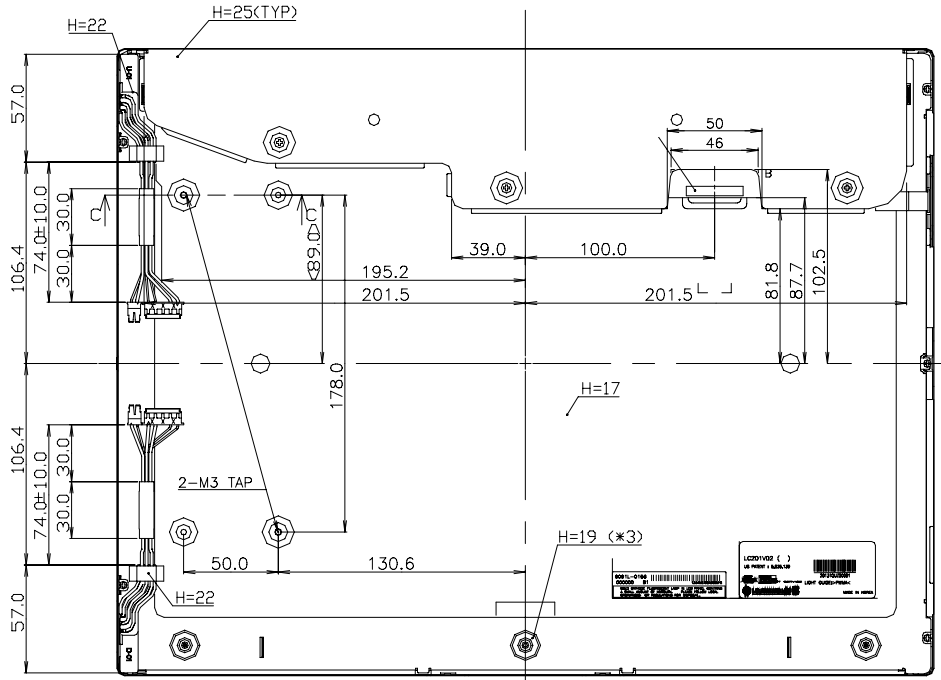
Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>

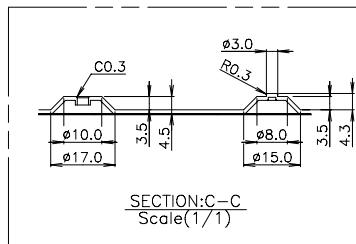


Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>



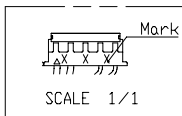
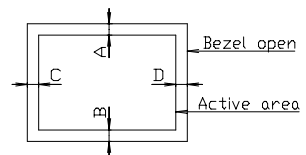
SCALE 1/2



SECTION:C-C
Scale(1/1)

NOTES

1. Unspecified tolerances are to be $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$.
2. Both backlight wires and contraction tubes are excluded from outline dimensions.
3. Tilt and partial disposition tolerance of display area are as following.
(1) Y-Direction : IA-BI $\leq 1.0\text{mm}$
(2) X-Direction : IC-DI $\leq 1.0\text{mm}$
4. Lamp(CCFL) lot Nois marked at backlight connector.



SCALE 1/1

5. Do not wrap conductive tapes around the backlight wires.

Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 11. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-500Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 20 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet(3048m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000.
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- c) EN 60950 : 2000, Third Edition
IEC 60950 : 1999, Third Edition
European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)
EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

D : YEAR

F : PANEL CODE

H : ASSEMBLY CODE

E : MONTH

G : FACTORY CODE

I,J,K,L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

3. PANEL CODE

Panel Code	P1 Factory	P2 Factory	P3 Factory	P4 Factory	P5 Factory	Hydis Panel
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	H

4. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing
Mark	K	C

5. SERIAL NO.

Year	1 ~ 99999	100000 ~
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999, , Z9999

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 5 pcs

b) Box Size : 530mm × 307mm × 453mm

Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.
(if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.

Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.
When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.
This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.