

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
- (lacebla) Final Specification

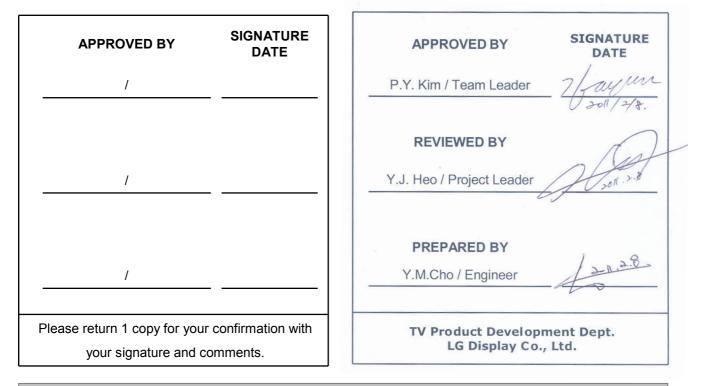
Tit	le

42.0" WUXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	TOSHIBA
MODEL	V33A00042500

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC420EUD
SUFFIX	SDM1(RoHS Verified)

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix



LC420EUD

Product Specification

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Ver. 1.0

RECORD OF REVISIONS

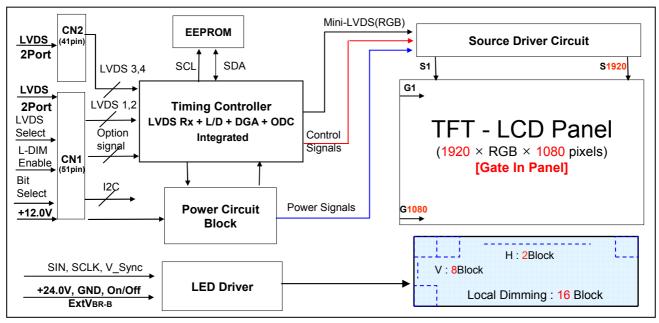
Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.1	Sep. 16.2010	-	Preliminary Specification(First Draft)
0.2	Dec. 08.2010	7, 29	Update Electrical and Pallet ass'y specification
		17	Change Optical specification
1.0	Feb. 07.2011	15, 39, 40	Update electrical power sequence and Response time
		6	Update electrical specification
		22, 23	Update mechanical drawing
			CAS Version 1.0 Release
			Final Specification

1. General Description

The LC420EUD is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Light Emitting Diode (LED) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 42.02 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 1.06Bilion colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	42.02 inches(1067.31mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	968.4(H) × 564.0(V) X 10.8(B)/18.3 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.4845 mm x 0.4845 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10bit(D), 1.06Billon colors
Luminance, White	450 cd/m ² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 94.1W (TBD) [Logic= 8.6W, LED Driver=85.5W (ExtVbr_B=100%)]
Weight	8.8 Kg (Typ.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-reflection treatment of the front polarizer (Reflectance $<$ 2%)

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or permanent damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

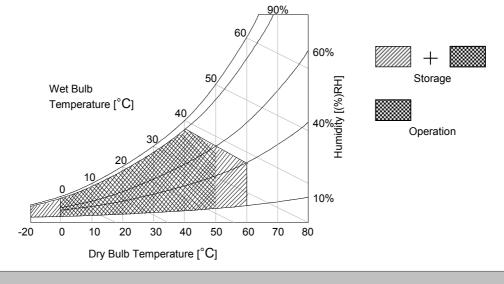
Parameter		Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
Fala	Faranteler		Min	Max	Onic	Note
Power Input Voltage	LCD Circuit	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	Vdc	
Fower input voltage	Driver	VBL	-0.3	+ 27.0	VDC	
Driver Control Voltage	ON/OFF	Voff / Von	-0.3	+5.5	VDC	1
Driver Control voltage	Brightness	EXTVBR-B	0.0	+5.5	VDC	
T-Con Option Selection	T-Con Option Selection Voltage		-0.3	+4.0	VDC	
Operating Temperature		Тор	0	+50	°C	0.0
Storage Temperature		Tst	-20	+60	°C	2,3
Panel Front Temperature		Tsur	-	+68	°C	4
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	0.0
Storage Humidity	Storage Humidity		10	90	%RH	2,3

Note 1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = $25 \pm 2 \degree C$)

2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.

- 3. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40°C condition.
- 4. The maximum operating temperatures is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 68°C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 68°C. The range of operating temperature may be degraded in case of improper thermal management in final product design.



3. Electrical Specifications

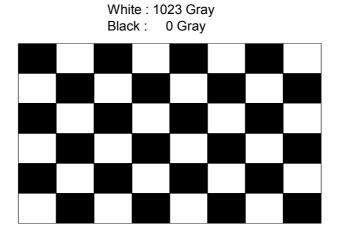
3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the LED backlight and LED Driver circuit.

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Falanielei	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onic	NOLE
Circuit :						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	10.8	12.0	13.2	VDC	
Dower Input Current	ILCD	-	715	929	mA	1
Power Input Current		-	1030	1339	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD		8.6	11.54	Watt	1
Rush current	Irush	-	-	5.0	A	3

Note 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD}=12.0V, Ta=25 \pm 2°C, f_V=120Hz condition, and mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

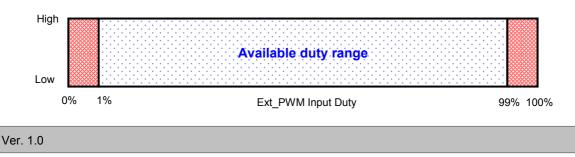
Parameter		Current al		Values		Unit	Notes	
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
LED Driver :								
Power Supply Inpu	t Voltage		VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc	1
				-	3.6	3.9	Α	Scanning Off , 1
Power Supply Inpu	t Current		IBL	-	4.3	4.7	A	Scanning On , 1 (PWM On Duty)
Power Supply Inpu	t Current (In-	-Rush)	In-rush	-	-	5.93	A	VBL = 22.8V Ext VBR-B = 100%, 4
Power Consumptic	2		PBL	-	85.5	93.6	W	Scanning Off , 1
	11				81.9	89.4		Scanning On , 1
	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc	
	01/01	Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.7	Vdc	
Input Voltage for	Brightness	Adjust	ExtVbr-b	1	-	100	%	On Duty , 6
Control System	PWM Frequ	lency for	PAL	97	100	103	Hz	3
Signals	NTSC & PAL		NTSC	117	120	123	Hz	3
	Pulse Duty Level		High Level	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc	HIGH : on duty
(PWM)		Low Level	0.0	-	0.7	Vdc	LOW : off dutý	
LED :								
Life Time			30,000	50,000		Hrs	2	

Notes :

1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24Vand VBR (ExtVBR-B : 100%), it is total power consumption.

- 2. The life time (MTTF) is determined as the time which luminance of the LED is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical LED current (ExtVBR-B :100%) on condition of continuous operating in LCM state at 25±2°C.
- 3. LGD recommend that the PWM freq. is synchronized with One time harmonic of V_sync signal of system. Though PWM frequency is over 120Hz (max 252Hz), function of LED Driver is not affected.
- 4. The duration of rush current is about 200ms. This duration is applied to LED on time.
- 5. Even though inrush current is over the specified value, there is no problem if I^2T spec of fuse is satisfied.
- 6. Ext PWM Signal have to input available duty range.

Between 99% and 100% ExtVBR-B duty have to be avoided. (99% < ExtVBR-B < 100%) But ExtVBR-B 0% and 100% are available.



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51-pin connector and 41-pin connector are used for the module electronics and 14-pin connector is used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-R51S-HF(manufactured by JAE)

Refer to below and next Page table

- Mating Connector : FI-R51HL(JAE) or compatible

Table 4-1. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	27	Bit Select	'H' or NC= 10bit(D) , 'L' = 8bit
2	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	28	R2AN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
3	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	29	R2AP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
4	SDA	SDA	30	R2BN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
5	SCL	SCL	31	R2BP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
6	WP	WP (Write Protection)	32	R2CN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA	33	R2CP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
8	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	35	R2CLKN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
10	L-DIM Enable	'H' = Enable , 'L' or NC = Disable	36	R2CLKP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	R1AN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	38	R2DN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
13	R1AP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	39	R2DP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
14	R1BN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	40	R2EN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
15	R1BP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	41	R2EP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
16	R1CN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	42	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground
17	R1CP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	43	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground
19	R1CLKN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	45	GND	Ground
20	R1CLKP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	R1DN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	R1DP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	R1EN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	R1EP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground	-	-	-

Note 1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.

- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the **EIA 644** Standard.
- 4. #1~#3 & #8~#9 NC (No Connection): These pins are used only for LGD (Do not connect)

5. Specific pin (**#10**) is used for Local Dimming function of the LCD module.

If not used, these pins are no connection. (Please see the **Appendix** V for more information.)

6. LVDS pin (pin No. **#24,25,40,41**) are used for 10Bit(D) of the LCD module. If used for 8Bit(R), these pins are no connection.

7. Specific pin No. **#44** is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB (No Signal Black) while the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP (Auto Generation Pattern).

8. Specific pin (pin No. #4, #5) is used for Controlling Local Dimming's register in the LCM Module.

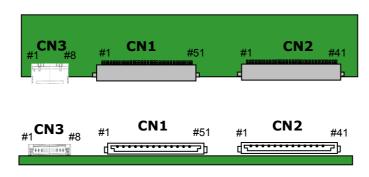
- LCD Connector (CN2) : FI-RE41S-HF (manufactured by JAE)

- Mating Connector : FI-RE41HL

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No connection	22	RE3N	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
2	NC	No connection	23	RE3P	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
3	NC	No connection	24	GND	Ground
4	NC	No connection	25	GND	Ground
5	NC	No connection	26	RA4N	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
6	NC	No connection	27	RA4P	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
7	NC	No connection	28	RB4N	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
8	NC	No connection	29	RB4P	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
9	GND	Ground	30	RC4N	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
10	RA3N	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	31	RC4P	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
11	RA3P	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	32	GND	Ground
12	RB3N	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	33	RCLK4N	FORTH LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
13	RB3P	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	34	RCLK4P	FORTH LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
14	RC3N	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	35	GND	Ground
15	RC3P	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	36	RD4N	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
16	GND	Ground	37	RD4P	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
17	RCLK3N	THIRD LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	38	RE4N	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
18	RCLK3P	THIRD LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	39	RE4P	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
19	GND	Ground	40	GND	Ground
20	RD3N	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	41	GND	Ground
21	RD3P	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	-		

Note: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. LVDS pin (pin No. #22,23,38,39) are used for 10Bit(D) of the LCD module. If used for 8Bit(R), these pins are no connection.



Rear view of LCM

LC420EUD

3-2-2. Backlight Module

Master

-LED Driver Connector

: 20022WR - H14B1(Yeonho) or Equivalent

- Mating Connector

: 20022HS - 14B2 or Equivalent

Table 5. LED DRIVER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

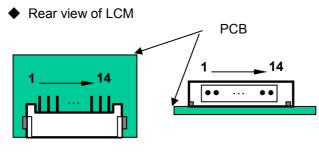
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
6	GND	Backlight Ground	
7	GND	Backlight Ground	
8	GND	Backlight Ground	1
9	GND	Backlight Ground	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	
11	Status	Back Light Status	2
12	VON/OFF	Backlight ON/OFF control	
13	NC	Don't care	
14	EXTVBR-B	External PWM	3

Notes :1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. Normal : Low (under 0.7V) / Abnormal : High (upper 3.0V)

3. High : on duty / Low : off duty, Pin#14 can be opened. (if Pin #14 is open , EXTVBR-B is 100%)

4. Each impedance of pin #12 and 14 is over 50 $[\mbox{K}\Omega]$.



<Master>

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

ITE	ITEM		Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note
	Display Period		480	480	480	tCLK	1920 / 4
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	40	70	200	tCLK	1
	Total	tHP	520	550	680	tCLK	
	Display Period	t∨v	1080	1080	1080	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	tvв	20 (228)	45 (270)	86 (300)	Lines	1
	Total	tvp	1096 (1308)	1125 (1350)	1166 (1380)	Lines	

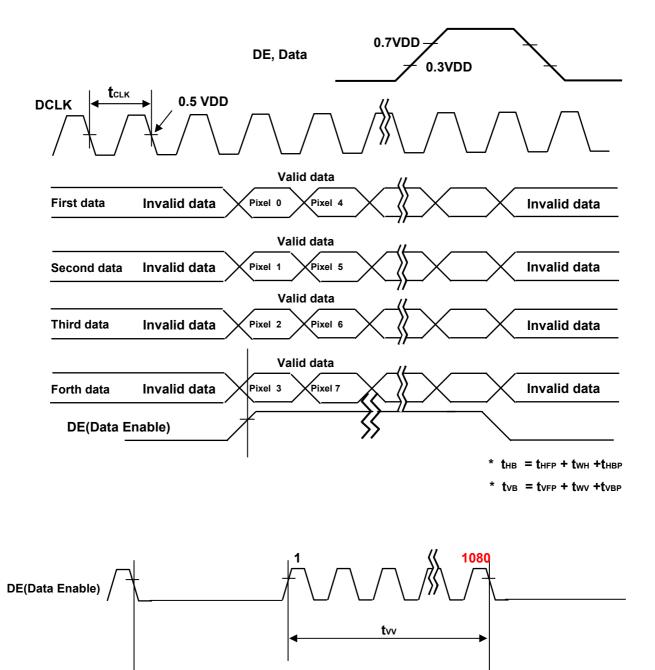
Table 6. TIMING TABLE (DE Only Mode)

ITE	м	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note
	DCLK	fclk	66.97	74.25	78.00	MHz	
	Horizontal	fн	121.8	135	140	KHz	2
Frequency	Vertical	f∨	108 (95)	120 (100)	122 (104)	Hz	2 NTSC : 108~122Hz (PAL : 95~104Hz)

- Note: 1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation (DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.
 - 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
 - * Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

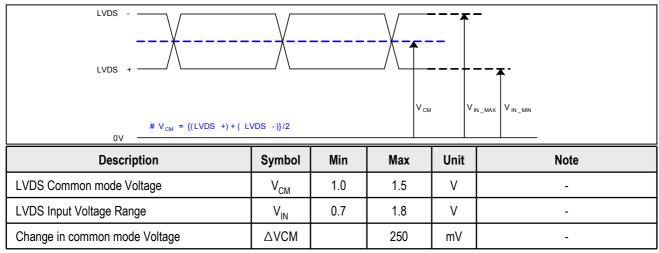
3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram



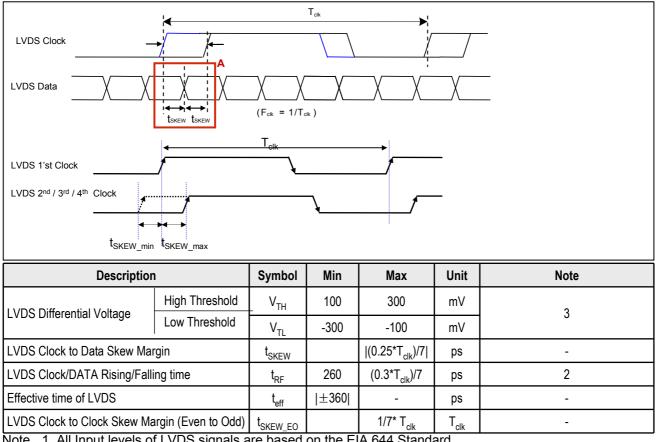
t_{VP}

3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



2) AC Specification



Note 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

- 2. If t_{RF} isn't enough, t_{eff} should be meet the range. 3. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within t_{eff}

Product Specification 360ps -0.5tui tui V+ data -VTH Vcm -4 VTL V-360ps ┥ _ data - teff V+ tui : Unit Interval clk Vcm Vclk

3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red, green, blue) is based on the 10bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

														In	put	Со	lor	Da	ta												
	Color	MS	зв			RE	Ð			L	.SB	MS	SB		C	GRI	EEI	N		L	SB	MS	SB			BL	UE			L	SB
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	RO	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	GO	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (0000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (0001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																															
	RED (1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (0000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (0001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																															
	GREEN (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (0000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (0001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																															
	BLUE (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

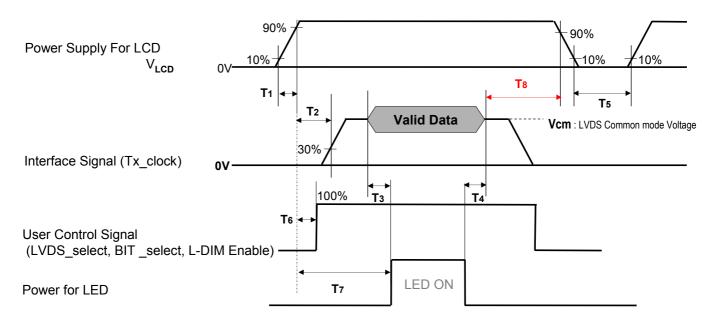


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

Parameter		Unit	Notes		
Farameter	Min	Unit	Notes		
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	1
T2	0	-	-	ms	2
Т3	200	-	-	ms	3
T4	200	-	-	ms	3
T5	1.0	-	-	S	4
T6	-	-	T2	ms	5
T7	0.5	-	-	S	6
Т8	100	-	-	ms	7

Note :

1. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.

2. If T2 is satisfied with specification after removing LVDS Cable, there is no problem.3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification,

abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.

4. T5 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

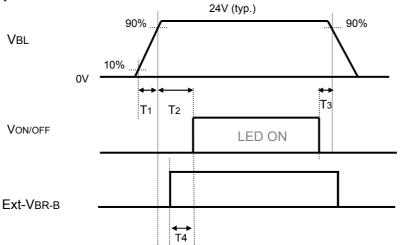
5. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power (V_{LCD}),

it will be happened abnormal display. When T6 is NC status, T6 doesn't need to be measured.

- 6. If there is no abnormal display, no problem.
- 7. It is recommendation specification that T8 has to be 100ms as a minimum value.
- * Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- * When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.

3-6-2. Sequence for LED Driver

Power Supply For LED Driver



3-6-3. Dip condition for LED Driver

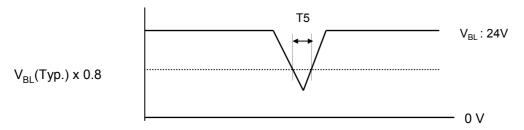


Table 9.	Power	Sequence	for	LED	Driver
----------	-------	----------	-----	-----	--------

Parameter		Values		Units	Remarks
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Remarks
T1	20	-	-	ms	1
T2	500	-	-	ms	
Т3	10		-	ms	
T4	0	-	-	ms	
Т5	-	-	10	ms	V_{BL} (Тур) х 0.8

Notes : 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I²T spec of fuse is satisfied.

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°. FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

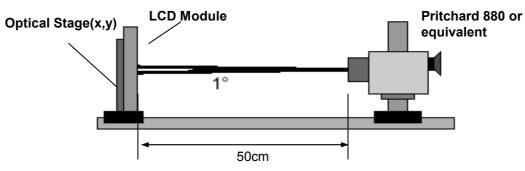


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Parameter			nhal		Value		Unit	Note
Para	neter	Syr	nbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR		1100	1600	-		1
Surface Luminance, white		L	wн	360	450	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variat	ion	δ_{WHITE}		-	-	1.3		3
	Gray-to-Gray		to G	-	6	9		4
	MPRT	MPRT	Scan Off	-	9	13	ms	5
Response Time			Scan On	-	7	11]	5
	Uniformity	δ	/PRT	-	-	1		
	Uniformity	δ _{G TO G}		-	-	1]	
	RED	F	۲x		0.644			
	RED	Ry			0.333			
	GREEN	Gx			0.306			
Color Coordinates	GREEN		Зу	Тур	0.604	Тур		
[CIE1931]	BLUE	Bx		-0.03	0.150	+0.03		
	BLUE	Ву			0.058			
	WHITE	Wx Wy			0.279			
	VVIIIE				0.292			
Color Temperature	9				10,000		K	
Color Gamut					72		%	
Viewing Angle (C	R>10)							
x ax	is, right(థ=0°)	(Ər	89	-	-		
x ax	is, left (φ=180°)		θI	89	-	-	degree	6
y axis, up (φ=90°)		θu		89	-	-	uegree	ю
y ax	is, down (φ=270°)	()d	89	-	-		
Gray Scale				-	-	-		7
Ver. 1.0								17 /4

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, V_{LCD}=12.0V, fv=120Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz, Scanning Off , **EXTV**BR-B =100%

- Note : 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :
 - CR(Contrast Ratio) = Maximum CRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
 - CRn = Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels
 - Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels
 - n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG 2.
 - Surface luminance is determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1 Hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25±2°C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
 - 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : δ WHITE(5P) = Maximum(L_{on1},L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / Minimum(L_{on1},L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.
 - 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
 - % G to G Spec stands for average value of all measured points. Photo Detector : RD-80S / Field : 2°
 - 5. MPRT is defined as the 10% to 90% blur-edge width Bij(pixels) and scroll speed U(pixels/frame)at the moving picture. For more information, see FIG 4
 - *. Gray to Gray / MPRT Response time uniformity is Reference data. Appendix VII-1/ VII-2
 - 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 5.
 - 7. Gray scale specification Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 11.

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.06
L15	0.27
L31	1.04
L47	2.49
L63	4.68
L79	7.66
L95	11.5
L111	16.1
L127	21.6
L143	28.1
L159	35.4
L175	43.7
L191	53.0
L207	63.2
L223	74.5
L239	86.7
L255	100

Table 11. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

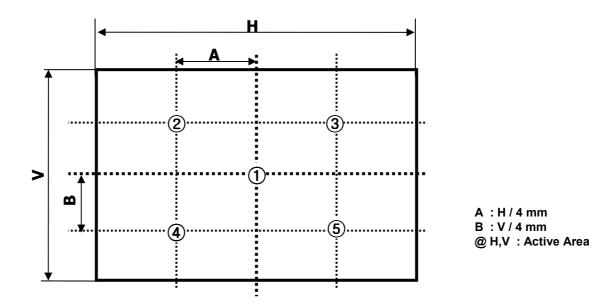


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

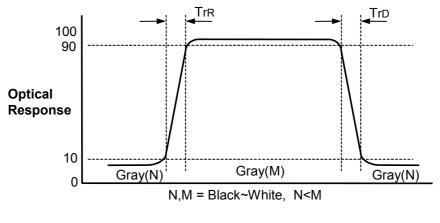
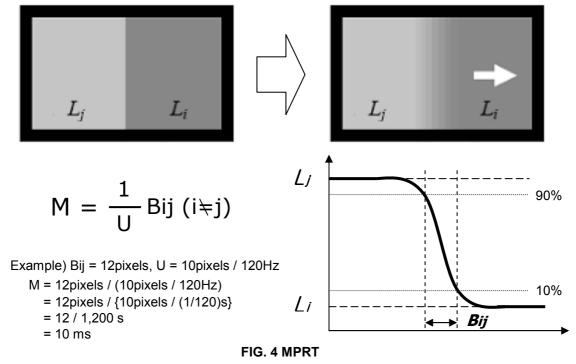


FIG. 3 Response Time

MPRT is defined as the 10% to 90% blur-edge with Bij(pixels) and scroll speed U(pixels/frame)at the moving picture.



Dimension of viewing angle range

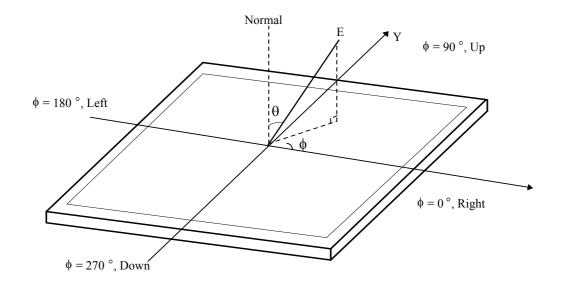


FIG. 5 Viewing Angle

5. Mechanical Characteristics

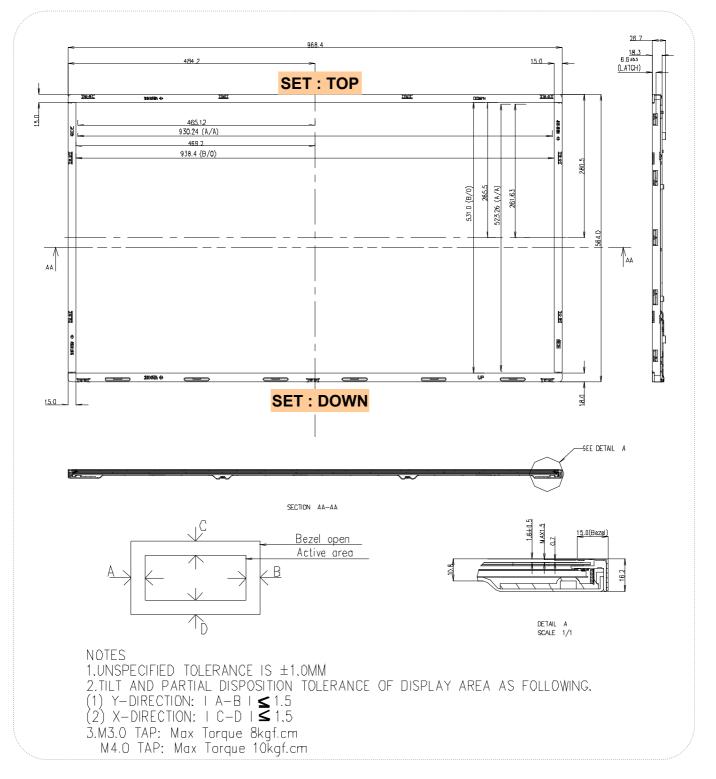
Table 12 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 12.	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS
-----------	----------------------------

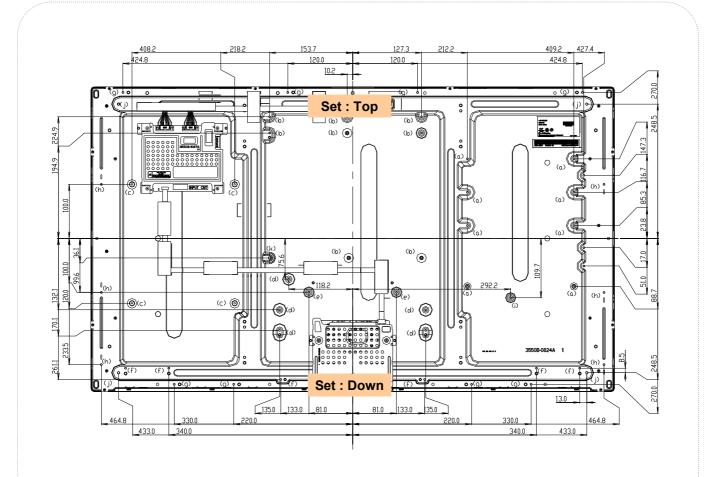
Item	Value	;			
	Horizontal	968.4 mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	564.0 mm			
	Depth	18.3 mm			
Densil Area	Horizontal	938.4 mm			
Bezel Area	Vertical	531.0 mm			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	930.24 mm			
	Vertical	523.26 mm			
Weight	8.8 Kg (Typ.), 9.3 kg (Max.)				

Note : Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

[FRONT VIEW]



[REAR VIEW]



ITEM	TAP	Max Depth (mm)	Torque (kgf.cm)	NOTES
(a)	МЗ	6.5	8	
(b)	МЗ	4.0	8	
(C)	МЗ	10.0	8	
(d)	МЗ	6.0	8	
(e)	МЗ	3.0	8	
(f)	МЗ	6.5	8	
(9)	МЗ	4.0	8	
(h)	МЗ	4.0	8	
(i)	МЗ	3.0	8	
(j)	M4	6.5	10	
(k)	M4	5.0	10	

6. Reliability

Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h				
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h				
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h				
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, Each direction per 10 min				
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 50Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction				
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH				
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 15,000 ft 0 - 40,000 ft				

Note : Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, Seventh Edition, Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60065:03, Canadian Standards Association. Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.
- c) EN 60065:2002 + A11:2008, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.
- d) IEC 60065:2005 + A1:2005, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC). Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.

(Including report of IEC60825-1:2001 clause 8 and clause 9)

Notes

1. Laser (LED Backlight) Information

Class 1M LED Product IEC60825-1:2001 Embedded LED Power (Class 1M)

2. Caution

: LED inside. Class 1M laser (LEDs) radiation when open. Do not open while operating.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz." American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 2003.
- b) CISPR 22 "Information technology equipment Radio disturbance characteristics Limit and methods of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2005.
- c) CISPR 13 "Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment Radio disturbance characteristics Limits and method of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2006.

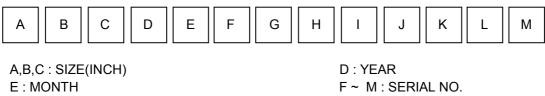
7-3. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003

8. Packing

8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark



Note

_	I. ILAN										
	Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	Mark	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	К

2. MONTH

[Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
	Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one Pallet : 16 pcs
- b) Pallet Size : 1140 mm(W) X 990 mm(D) X 120 mm(H)

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental)

to the polarizer.) 7) When the surface becomes dusty please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like

- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 mV(Over and under shoot voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change.Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

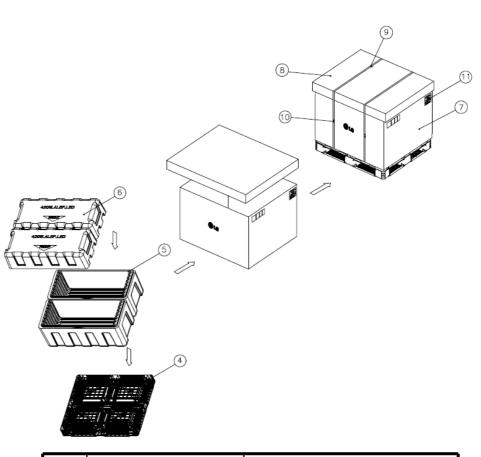
- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
- It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ionblown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

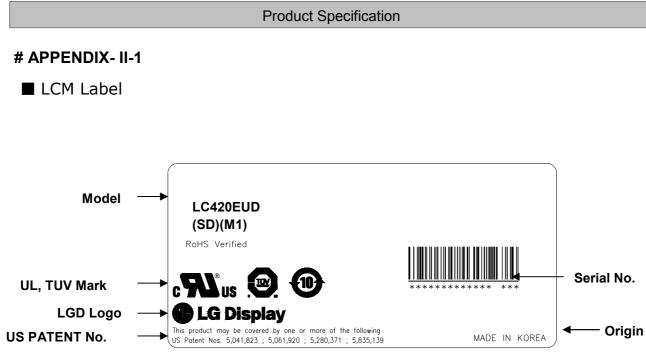
APPENDIX-I

Pallet Ass'y

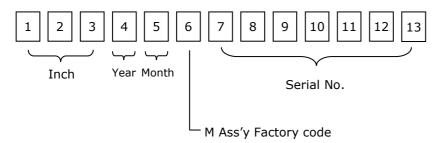


		3	
		2	
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Ĺ			

NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	42INCH
3	TAPE	MASKING 20MMX50M
4	PALLET	Plastic 1140X990X120mm
5	PACKING,BOTTOM	EPS
6	PACKING,TOP	EPS
7	ANGLE, PACKING	PAPER
8	BAND	PP
9	ANGLE.COVER	PAPER
10	BAND,CLIP	STEEL or PP
11	LABEL	YUPO 80G 100X70



Serial No. (See CAS 26page for more information)



APPENDIX- II-2

Pallet Label

<	100.0	>	1
	C420 SDN		
16 PCS	3D		0.0
MADE	IN KOREA	RoHS Verified	70
	xxxxxxxxx	XXX XXX	

APPENDIX- III-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7="L" or "NC")

Host System			3LVD103				
30 Bit		or Co	mpatible				Timing
RED0		33					Controller
RED1		34		FI-	RE51S-	HF	
RED2		35					
RED3		36		31			
RED4		37	TA-		12	<u>100Ω</u> }	RO0N
RED5		38	TA+	30	13	10025	RO0P
RED6		59					
RED7		61	TB-	29	14		RO1N
RED8		4		28		100Ω ≶	
RED9		5	TB+		15		RO1P
GREEN0		40		25			
GREEN1		41	TC-		16	>	RO2N
GREEN2		42	TC+	24	17	100Ω ≶	RO2P
GREEN3		44					
GREEN4		45	TCLK-	23	19		ROCLKN
GREEN5		46		22		100Ω <	
GREEN6		62	TCLK+		20		ROCLKP
GREEN7		63		04			
GREEN8		6	TD-	21	22	<u> </u>	RO3N
GREEN9		8	TD+	20	23	<u>100</u> Ω \gtrless	RO3P
BLUE0		48					
BLUE1		49	те	19	04		
BLUE2		50	TE-	18	24	100Ω ≷	RO4N
BLUE3		52	TE+		25	10000	RO4P
BLUE4		53					
BLUE5		54			7		VESA/ JEIDA
BLUE6		64					
BLUE7		1				1	
BLUE8		9			1		
BLUE9		11					
Hsync		55		ດ		LCM Module	
Vsync		57		GND			
Data Enable		58					
CLOCK	<u> </u>	12]			

Note: 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm[Ω] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)

3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

Ver. 1.0

APPENDIX- III-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7="H")

Host System	THC63LVD103]			
30 Bit	or Compatible				Timing
RED0	4				Controller
RED1	5	FI-	RE51S-	HF	
RED2	59				
RED3	61	31			
RED4	33 TA-		12	<u>100</u> Ω >	RO0N
RED5	34 TA+	30	13	100% <	RO0P
RED6	35				
RED7	36 TB-	29	14		RO1N
RED8	37	28		100Ω ≷	RO1R RO1P
RED9	38 TB+		15	`	ROTP
GREEN0	6	25			
GREEN1	8 TC-		16		RO2N
GREEN2	62 TC+	24	17	<u>100</u> Ω	RO2P
GREEN3	63				
GREEN4	40 TCLK-	23	19		ROCLKN
GREEN5	41	22		100Ω ≷	
GREEN6	42 TCLK+		20	`	ROCLKP
GREEN7	44	21			
GREEN8	45 TD-		22	200	RO3N
GREEN9	46 TD+	20	23	<u>100</u> Ω 🤶	RO3P
BLUE0	9				
BLUE1	11 TE-	19	24		RO4N
BLUE2	64	18		100Ω ≷	
BLUE3	1 TE+		25		RO4P
BLUE4	 48				
BLUE5	 49		7		VESA / JEIDA
BLUE6	 50				
BLUE7	52			1	
BLUE8	53		1		
BLUE9	 54				
Hsync	55	<		LCM Module	
Vsync	57	VCC			
Data Enable	58				
CLOCK	12				

Note :1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

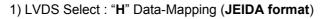
2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)

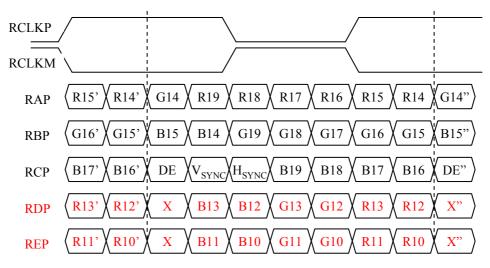
3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

Ver. 1.0

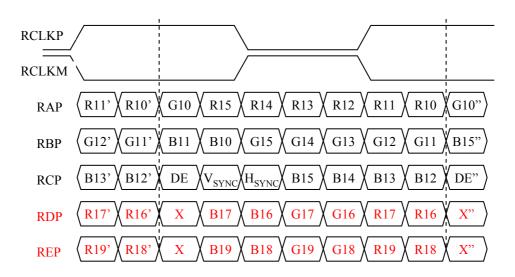
APPENDIX- IV-1

LVDS Data-Mapping Information (10 Bit)





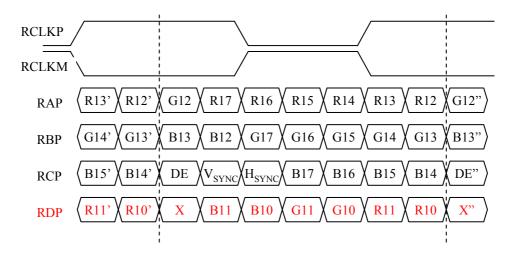
2) LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



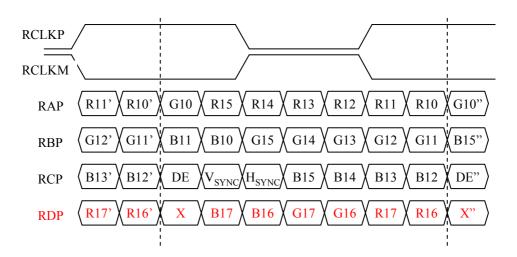
APPENDIX- IV-2

LVDS Data-Mapping Information (8 Bit)

1) LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



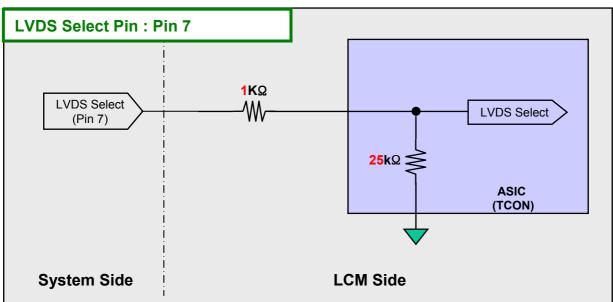
2) LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



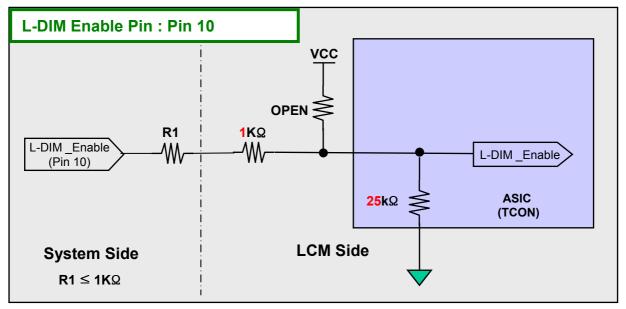
APPENDIX- V-1

Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

1) Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin

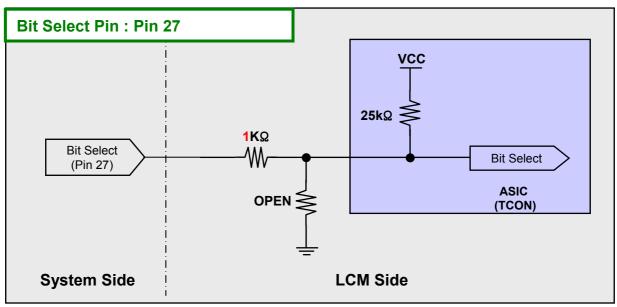


2) Circuit Block Diagram of L-DIM Enable Selection pin



APPENDIX- V-2

- Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram
 - 3) Circuit Block Diagram of Bit Selection pin



APPENDIX- VI

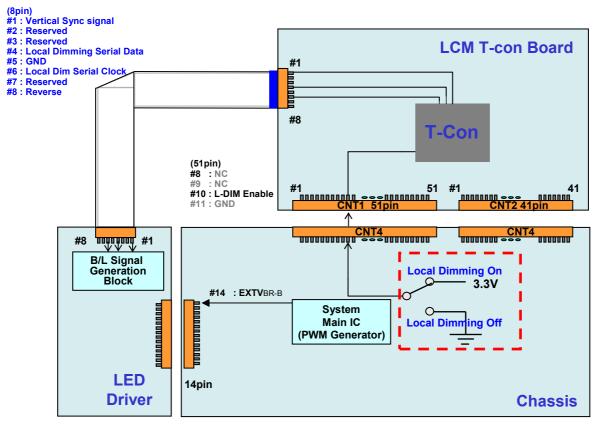
EXTVBR-B & Local Dimming Design Guide

1) When L-Dim Enable is "L", Vertical Sync Signal = System Dimming with 100Hz or 120Hz frequency.

2) Local Dimming signals are synchronized with V-Sync Freq. of System in T-Con Board.

3) EXTVBR-B Specification (VCC = 3.3V) @ Local Dimming

- a) High Voltage Range : 2.5 V ~ 3.6 V
- b) Low Voltage Range : 0.0 V ~ 0.8 V



<With Driver Model>

EXTV BR-B Frequency	100 Hz for PAL 120 Hz for NTSC	VCC VCC*0.9
Rising Time	MAX 10.0 µs	Falling Time
Falling Time	MAX 10.0 µs	
Ver 10		38 /40

APPENDIX- VII-1

Gray to Gray Response Time Uniformity

This is only the reference data of G to G and uniformity for LC420EUD-SDM1 model.

1. G to G Response Time :

Response time is defined as Figure3 and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray (N)" and "Gray(M)".(32Gray Step at 8bit)

2. G to G Uniformity

The variation of G to G Uniformity , δ $_{G}$ to $_{G}$ is defined as :

G to G Uniformity = $\frac{Maximum(GtoG) - Typical(GtoG)}{Typical(GtoG)} \leq 1$

*Maximum (GtoG) means maximum value of measured time (N, M = 0 (Black) ~ 1023(White), 128 gray step).

	0Gray	127ray	255Gray	 895Gray	1023Gray
0Gray		TrR:0G→127G	TrR:0G→255G	 TrR:0G→895G	TrR:0G→1023G
127Gray	TrD:127G→0G		TrR:127G→255G	 TrR:127G→895G	TrR:127G→1023G
255Gray	TrD:255G→0G	TrD:255G→127G		 TrR:255G→895G	TrR:255G→1023G
895Gray	TrD:895G→0G	TrD:895G→127G	TrD:895G→255G		TrR:895G→1023G
1023Gray	TrD:1023G → 0G	TrD:1023G→127G	TrD:1023G→255G	 TrD:1023G→895G	

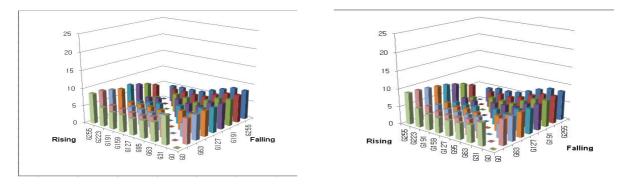
3. Sampling Size : 2 pcs

4. Measurement Method : Follow the same rule as optical characteristics measurement.

5. Current Status

Below table is actual data of production on Jan.28th. 2011 (LGD RV Event Sample)

	G to G Respo	nse Time [ms]	Uniformity
	Min.	Max.	Ofmonting
# 1	2.93	8.45	0.81
# 2	2.96	8.55	0.83



APPENDIX- VII-2

■ MPRT Response Time Uniformity (δ_{MPRT})

This is only the reference data of MPRT and uniformity for LC420EUD-SDM1 model.

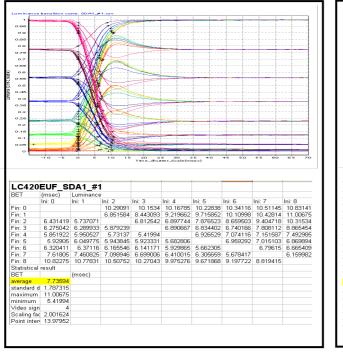
- 1. MPRT Response Time : Response time is defined as Figure3
- 2. MPRT Uniformity The variation of MPRT Uniformity , δ $\mbox{\scriptsize MPRT}$ is defined as :

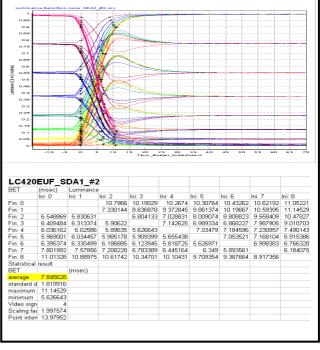
 $MPRT Uniformity = \frac{Maximum (MPRT) - Typical (MPRT)}{Typical (MPRT)} \le 1$

- 3. Sampling Size : 2 pcs
- 4. Measurement Method : Follow the same rule as optical characteristics measurement.
- 5. Current Status

Below table is actual data of production on Jan. 28th. 2011 (LGD RV Event Sample)

Sample	MPRT Response Time [ms]		Uniformity
	Min.	Max.	Officiality
# 1	5.81	11.52	0.46
# 2	5.80	11.48	0.46





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