



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

()	Prelimina	ry Spe	cifica	ation
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(●) Final Specification

Title	47.0" WUXGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	PHILIPS
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC470WUF
SUFFIX	SBN1

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
	*
Please return 1 copy for your	confirmation with
your signature and co	

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Ver. 1.0 0 /47



Product Specification

CONTENTS

Number	ITEM	Page
	COVER	0
	CONTENTS	1
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	2
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	3
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	4
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	5
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	5
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	9
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	12
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS	13
3-5	COLOR DATA REFERENCE	14
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE	15
4	OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	16
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	21
6	RELIABILITY	24
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	25
7-1	SAFETY	25
7-2	EMC	25
8	PACKING	26
8-1	INFORMAITION OF LCM LABEL	26
8-2	PACKING FORM	26
9	PRECAUTIONS	27
9-1	MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS	27
9-2	OPERATING PRECAUTIONS	27
9-3	ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL	28
9-4	PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE	28
9-5	STORAGE	28
9-6	HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM	28
		1 /

1 /47



Product Specification	n
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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
1.0	Dec.31.2008	-	Preliminary Specification(First Draft)
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Ver. 1.0 2 /47

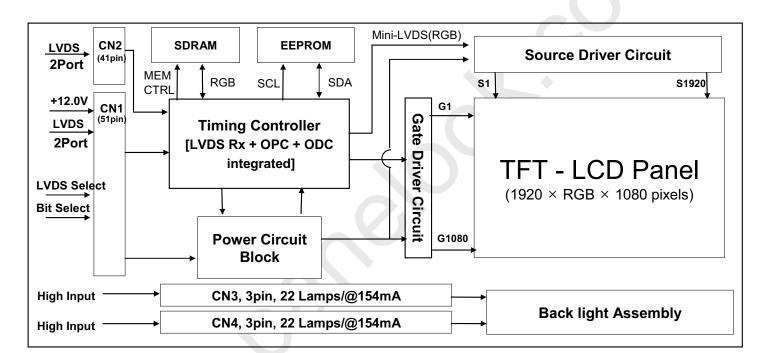


Product Specification

1. General Description

The LC470WUF is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 46.96 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit(D) gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 1.06B(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4-port LVDS interface. It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are Important.



General Features

	·
Active Screen Size	46.96 inch (1192.87mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	1075.6(H) X 620.8(V) X 46.0mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.5415mm X 0.5415mmXRGB
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10-bit(D), 1.06Billian Bytes
Luminance, White	500 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 220.12 W (Typ.) (Logic=7.12 W, Back Light=213W @with inverter)
Weight	11.8 Kg (Typ.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 10%)

3 /47 Ver. 1.0



Product Specification

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

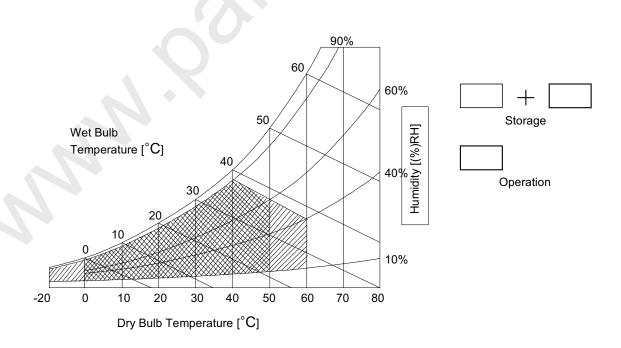
Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Curah al	Val	ue	Unit	Remark	
		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit		
Power Input Voltage	LCM	V _{LCD}	-0.3	+14.0	V _{DC}	at 25 ± 2 °C	
B/L Input voltage	Operating Voltage (one side)	Vop	1000	2000	V[RMS]	at 25 ± 2 °С ExtVвк-в 100%	
Operating Temperature		T _{OP}	0	+50	°C		
Storage Temperature		T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	N 4 4 0	
Operating Ambient Humidity		H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	Note 1,2	
Storage Humidity		H _{ST}	10	90	%RH		

Notes: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39 °C. and no condensation of water.

2. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40 ℃ condition.



Ver. 1.0 4 /47



Product Specification

3. Electrical Specifications

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3-1. Electrical Characteristics

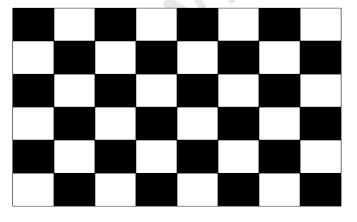
It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the CCFL backlight circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

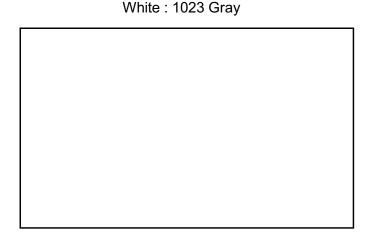
Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
i arameter	Cymbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Note
Circuit:						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	10.8	12.0	13.2	VDC	
Permissive Power Input Ripple	VLCD	-	-	0.3	V	3
Power Input Current	ILCD	415	593	771	mA	1
Power input Current	ILCD	590	843	1096	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	7.12	9.26	Watt	1
Rush current	Irush	-	-	5	А	4

- Notes : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 ± 2°C, f_V =120Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
 - 2. The current is specified at full white pattern.
 - 3. Permissive power ripple should be measured under VLCD = 12.0V, $25\,^{\circ}$ C, f_V =120Hz condition. LGD recommend the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope is to be under 20MHz. And the Power input ripple is specified at full white pattern.
 - 4. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is **0.5**ms (min.).

White: 1023Gray Black: 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)



Full White pattern

Ver. 1.0

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

LC470WUF

Product Specification

Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS for IPB& Lamp (Continue)

Parameter		Symbol		Values		Unit	Notes
raiametei		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes
Backlight Assembly :							
Operating Voltage (one side, fBL=45KHz, IBL=	= 154mArms))	VBL	1150	1350	1550	V_{RMS}	1, 2
Operating Current (one side	e)	İBL	143	154	165	mA _{RMS}	1
Established Starting	0℃	Vs	-	-	1400	V	1, 3
Voltage (one side)	25℃	- VS	-	-	1200	V_{RMS}	1, 3
Operating Frequency		fBL	43	45	47	kHz	4
Striking Time		S TIME	-	-	2	sec	3
Balance Cap.		Cb	-	22	-	pF	1,3
Power Consumption		PBL		213	240	Watt	6
Burst Dimming Duty		{ a/T } * 100	20		100	%	9
Burst Dimming Frequency		1/T	95	-	182	Hz	9

Parameter		Symbol		Values		Unit	Notes
Farameter	raiaiiletei			Тур	Max	Offic	Notes
Lamp : APPENDIX-V							
Lamp Voltage (one side)		VLAMP	700	750	875	V_{RMS}	2
Lamp Current (one side)		ILAMP	3	7	8.0	mA_RMS	1
Discharge Stabilization Time		Ts	-	-	3	Min	1,5
Lamp Frequency		f LAMP	30	45	80	KHz	
Lamp Temperature		TLAMP			130	°C	
Established Starting	0℃	Vs			1400	V	1 2
Voltage (one side) 25℃		Vs			1200	V_{RMS}	1, 3
Life Time			50,000			Hrs	7

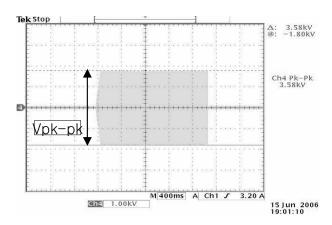
Notes: The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly. The electrical characteristics of inverter are based on High-High Driving type.

The performance of the lamps in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So, all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) has never been occurred. When you confirm it, the LCD- Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

- Do not attach a conductive tape to lamp connecting wire.
 - If you attach conductive tape to the lamp wire, not only luminance level can be lower than typical one but also inverter operate abnormally on account of leakage current which is generated between lamp wire and conductive tape.
- 1. Specified values are defined for a Backlight Assembly. (IBL: 22 lamp, (154)mA/Lamp)
- 2. Operating voltage is measured at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C(after 2hr.aging). The variance range for operating voltage is \pm 10%.
- 3. The established starting voltage [Vs] should be applied to the lamps for more than Striking time (S TIME) for start-up. Inverter open voltage must be more than established starting voltage. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is typical value.

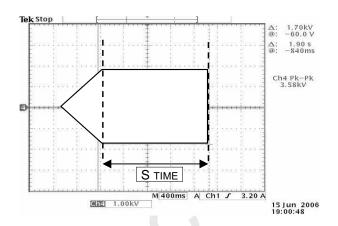
6 /47 Ver. 1.0

Product Specification



Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Vs = (Vpk-pk) / [2*root(2)]

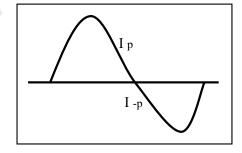


- 4. Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore, lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics range in order to prevent interference.
- 5. The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%. T_s is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current. The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.
- 6. Maximum level of power consumption is measured at initial turn on. Typical level of power consumption is measured after 2hrs aging at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.
- 7. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, based on duty 100%.
- 8. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage and current waveform (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%). Please do not use the inverter which has not only unsymmetrical voltage and current but also spike wave.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to achieve better display performance, power efficiency and more reliable lamp characteristics.

It can help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



* Asymmetry rate:

$$|I_{p}-I_{-p}|/I_{op} \times 100\%$$

* Distortion rate

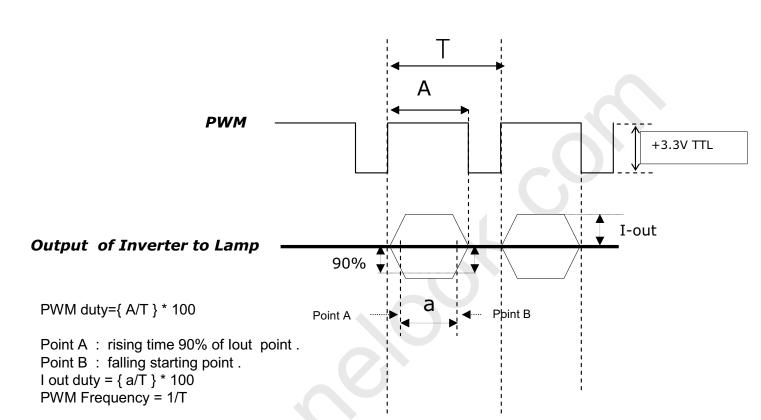
$$I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{op}$$

7 /47 Ver. 1.0



Product Specification

 The reference method of burst dimming duty ratio.
 It is recommended to use synchronous V-sync frequency to prevent waterfall (Vsync x 1 =Burst Frequency)



- * We recommend not to be much different between PWM duty and lout duty.
- ※ Dimming current output rising and falling time may produce humming and inverter trans' sound noise.
- ※ Burst dimming duty should be 100% for more than 1second after turn on.
- ※ Equipment

Oscilloscope :TDS3054B(Tektronix) Current Probe : P6022 AC (Tektronix) High Voltage Probe: P5100(Tektronix)

- 10. The Cable between the backlight connector and its inverter power supply should be connected directly with a minimized length. The longer cable between the backlight and the inverter may cause the lower luminance of lamp and may require more higher starting voltage (Vs).
- 11. The operating current must be measured as near as backlight assembly input.
- 12. The operating current unbalance between left and right must be under 10% of Typical current | Left(Master) current Right(Slave) Current | < 10% of typical current
- 13. The measurement method of V_{BL} & I_{BL} refer to appendix VIII.

Product Specification

3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51-pin and 41-pin connector are used for the module electronics and two 3-pin Balance PCB connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-R51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or KN25-51P-0.5SH(manufactured by Hirose)
 Refer to below and next Page table
- Mating Connector : FI-R51HL(JAE) or compatible

Table 4-1. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No connection	27	Bit Select	'H' or NC= 10bit(D), 'L' = 8bit
2	NC	No Connection	28	R2AN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
3	NC	No Connection	29	R2AP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
4	NC	No Connection	30	R2BN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
5	NC	No Connection	31	R2BP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
6	NC	No Connection	32	R2CN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA	33	R2CP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
8	NC	No connection	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No connection	35	R2CLKN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
10	NC	No connection	36	R2CLKP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	R1AN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	38	R2DN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
13	R1AP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	39	R2DP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
14	R1BN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	40	R2EN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
15	R1BP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	41	R2EP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
16	R1CN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	42	Reserved	No connection or GND
17	R1CP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	43	Reserved	No connection or GND
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground
19	R1CLKN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	45	GND	Ground
20	R1CLKP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	R1DN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	R1DP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	R1EN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	R1EP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	Reserved	No connection or GND	-	-	-

Notes: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.
- 4. Specific pins(pin No. #2~#6) are used for internal data process of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- 5. LVDS pin (pin No. #24,25,40,41) are used for 10Bit(D) of the LCD module. If used for 8Bit(R), these pins are no connection.
- 6. Specific pin No. #44 is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

Ver. 1.0 9 /47



Product Specification

- LCD Connector(CN2): FI-RE41S-HF, Refer to below table

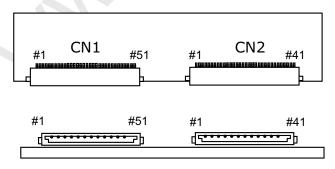
- Mating Connector : FI-RE41HL

Table 4-2. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN2) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No connection(Reserved)	22	R3EN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
2	NC	No connection	23	R3EP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
3	NC	No connection	24	GND	Ground
4	NC	No connection	25	GND	Ground
5	NC	No connection	26	R4AN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
6	NC	No connection	27	R4AP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
7	NC	No connection	28	R4BN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
8	NC	No connection	29	R4BP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
9	GND	Ground	30	R4CN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
10	R3AN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	31	R4CP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
11	R3AP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	32	GND	Ground
12	R3BN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	33	R4CLKN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
13	R3BP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	34	R4CLKP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
14	R3CN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	35	GND	Ground
15	R3CP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	36	R4DN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
16	GND	Ground	37	R4DP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
17	R3CLKN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	38	R4EN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
18	R3CLKP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	39	R4EP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
19	GND	Ground	40	GND	Ground
20	R3DN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	41	GND	Ground
21	R3DP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	-		

Notes: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. LVDS pin (pin No. #22,23,38,39) are used for 10Bit(D) of the LCD module. If used for 8Bit(R), these pins are no connection.



Rear view of LCM

[CN1]

- Part/No. : FI-RE51S-HF(JAE)
- Mating connector : FI-RE51HL (Manufactured by JAE)

[CN2]

- Part/No. : FI-RE41S-HF(JAE)
- Mating connector : FI-RE41HL (Manufactured by JAE)

Ver. 1.0 10 /47



Product Specification

3-2-2. Backlight Module

[Master]

[Slave]

1) Balance Connector

1) Balance Connector

: 65002WS-03 (manufactured by YEONHO)or equivalent

: 65002WS-03 (manufactured by YEONHO)or equivalent

2) Mating Connector

2) Mating Connector

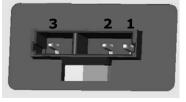
: 65002HS-03 (manufactured by YEONHO) or equivalent.

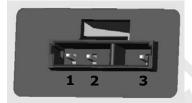
: 65002HS-03 (manufactured by YEONHO) or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN2,CN3)

No	Symbol	Master	Slave	Note
1	H_Input	High_Input	High_Input	
2	H_Input	High_Input	High_Input	
3	FB	NC	NC	

♦ Rear view of LCM





Master

Slave

Ver. 1.0 11 /47



Product Specification

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table6. TIMING TABLE for NTSC/PAL (DE Only Mode)

ITE	М	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	tн∨	480	480	480	t clk	1920/4
Horizontal	Blank	t нв	40	70	200	t clk	1
	Total	t _{HP}	520	550	680	t clk	
	Display Period	tvv	1080	1080	1080	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	t ∨B	10	45	300	Lines	1
	Total	t vp	1090	1125	1380	Lines	

ITE	M	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	DCLK	fclk	66.97	74.25	78.00	MHz	
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	121.8	135	136.4	KHz	2
	Vertical	fv	95	120	121.2	Hz	2

Note: 1. The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum for EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.

- 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency.
- 3. Vertical Frequency: NTSC 57~63Hz

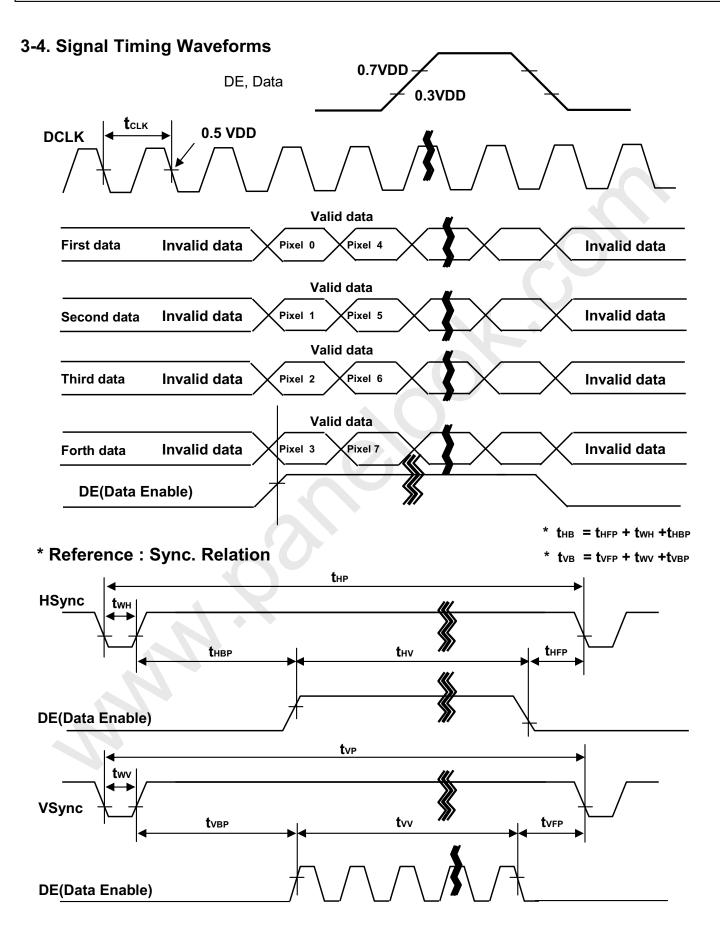
PAL – 47~53Hz

4. Waterfall can be shown in the out of PAL/NTSC vertical frequency range.

Ver. 1.0 12 /47



Product Specification





Product Specification

3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

														Inp	ut	Со	lor	Da	ıta											
0	Na I a					RE	Đ									GR	EEN									BL	UE			
C	Color	MSB							L	.SB		MS	В							L	.SB	MSE	3							LSE
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	GO	В9	B8	В7	В6	В5	В4	ВЗ	B2	B1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1023) Green (1023)	1 0	 0	 0	 0	0	0	1 0	1 0	0	1 0	0 	 1	 1	0	0 	0	0 1	0	0 	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED			• • •	• • •													• • • • •		• • •	• • •							 	• • •	• • •	• • •
	RED (1022)	1	1	1	 1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (1023)	1	1	 1	 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN						 	0			0										 									
	(1022) GREEN (1023)		0		0	0	0	0	0	0			• • •		1	 1	'. 1	 1	.:. 1	.:. 1		ļ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE												ļ					· · ·													
	BLUE (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	. 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	BLUE (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Ver. 1.0 14 /47

Product Specification

3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

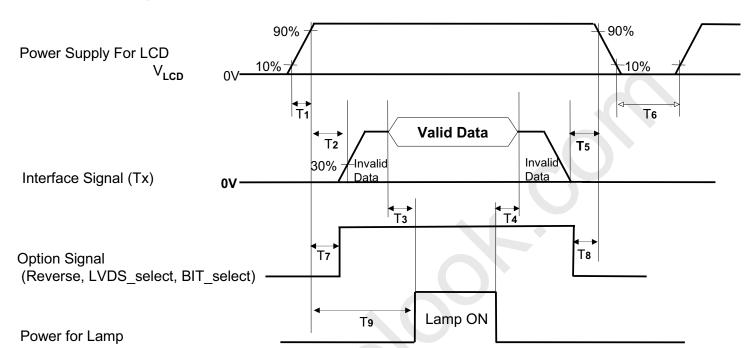


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

able 8. POWER SI	EQUENCE				
Davanatas			1.1	Natas	
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	
T2	0.5	-	-	ms	4
Т3	200	-	-	ms	3
T4	200	-	-	ms	3
T5	0	-	-	ms	
T6	2.0	-	-	S	5
T7	0.5	-	T2	ms	4
Т8	0	-	-	ms	4
Т9	T2 + T3	-	5	s	

Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. If the on time of signals(Interface signal and Option signals) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display.
- 5. T6 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

Ver. 1.0 15 /47



Product Specification

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at 25±2°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

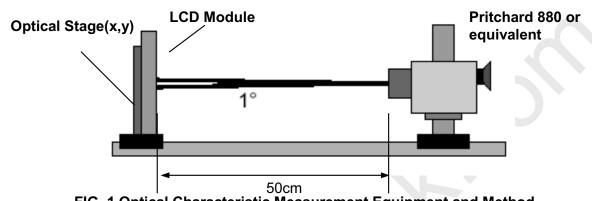


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Ta= $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, V_{LCD}=12.0V, fv=120Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz

Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTI	ERISTICS				205	, 1v=120112, DC I _{BL}	= 154mAr
Davamatar	Cumah	.		Value		l lm:4	Note
Parameter	Symbo	OI [Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio	CR		900	1300	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}		400	500	-	cd/m ²	2
uminance Variation	δ{WHITE}	5P	-	-	1.3		3
Luminance variation	δ_{BLACK}	5P	-	-	1.7		3
Gray-to-Gray	G to C	}	-	5	8	ms	4
Response Time MPRT	MPR	Г	-	8	12	ms	5
Uniformity	δ _{MPR}	г	-	-	1		6
Uniformity	δ_{GTO}	G	-	-	1		6
RED	Rx			0.636			
INED	Ry			0.331			
GREEN	Gx			0.291			
Color Coordinates	Gy		Тур	0.607	Тур		
CIE1931]	Bx		-0.03	0.146	+0.03		
BLUE	Ву			0.062			
WHITE	Wx			0.279			
While	Wy			0.292			
/iewing Angle (CR>10)							
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θr		89	-	-		
x axis, left (φ=180°)	θΙ		89	-	-	d	
y axis, up (φ=90°)	θυ		89	-	-	degree	7
y axis, down (φ=270°)			89	-	-		
Gray Scale			-	-	-		8
Cross Talk			-	-	1.8	%	9
Ver. 1.0							16 /4



Product Specification

Notes:: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance at all white pixels

Surface Luminance at all black pixels

It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface luminance is determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1Hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25±2°C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2. (Reference Data)
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE and δ BLACK are defined as : $\begin{array}{l} \delta \; WHITE(5P) = Maximum(L_{on1},L_{on2},\; L_{on3},\; L_{on4},\; L_{on5}) \, / \, Minimum(L_{on1},L_{on2},\; L_{on3},\; L_{on4},\; L_{on5}) \\ \delta \; BLACK(5P) = Maximum(L_{on1},L_{on2},\; L_{on3},\; L_{on4},\; L_{on5}) \, / \, Minimum(L_{on1},L_{on2},\; L_{on3},\; L_{on4},\; L_{on5}) \\ Where \; Lon1 \; to \; Lon5 \; are \; the \; luminance \; with \; all \; pixels \; displaying \; white \; at 5 \; locations \; . \end{array}$

For more information, see the FIG. 2. (Reference Data)

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M) ※ G to G Spec stands for average value of all measured points. Photo Detector: RD-80S / Field: 2°
- 5. MPRT is defined as the 10% to 90% blur-edge width Bij (pixels) and scroll speed U (pixels/frame) at the moving picture. For more information, see FIG 4
- 6. Gray to Gray and MPRT Response time uniformity is Reference data. Please see Appendix XI.
- 7. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 5.
- 8. Gray scale specification

Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 10.

 $9. \ \, \text{Crosstalk is defined as} : (\left| L_{A[or \ C]2} - L_{A[or \ C]1} \right| / L_{A[or \ C]1}) \times 100(\%) \, [\text{vertical}], \\ (\left| L_{B[or \ D]2} - L_{B[or \ D]1} \right| / L_{B[or \ D]1}) \times 100(\%) \, [\text{horizontal}]$ For more information, see FIG. 6.

Table 10. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)
LO	0.07
L63	0.27
L127	1.04
L191	2.49
L255	4.68
L319	7.66
L383	11.5
L447	16.1
L511	21.6
L575	28.1
L639	35.4
L703	43.7
L767	53.0
L831	63.2
L895	74.5
L959	86.7
L1023	100

17 /47 Ver. 1.0

Product Specification

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

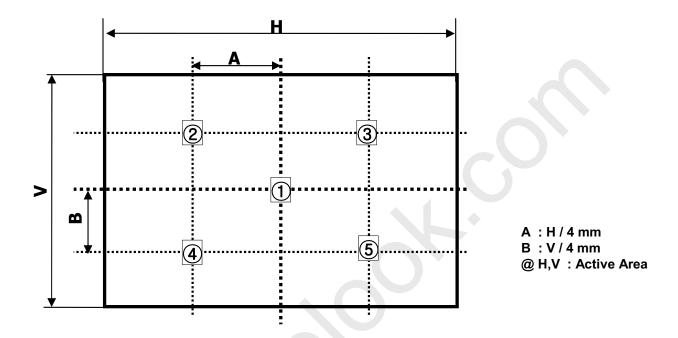


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

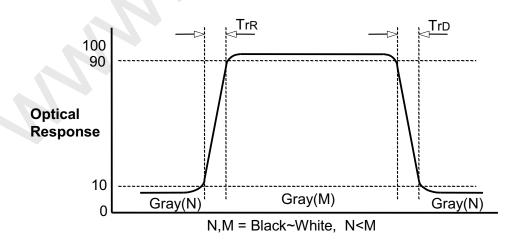


FIG. 3 Response Time



Product Specification

MPRT is defined as the 10% to 90% blur-edge with Bij(pixels) and scroll speed U(pixels/frame)at the moving picture.

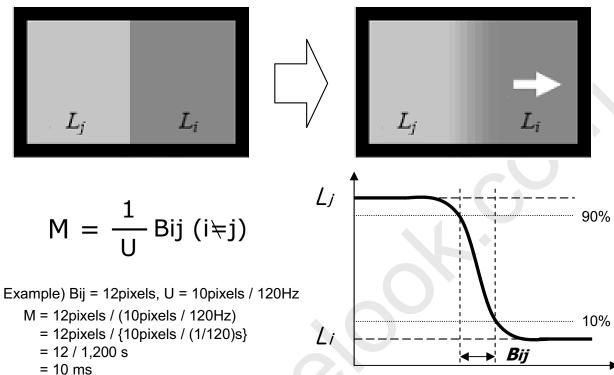


FIG. 4 MPRT

Dimension of viewing angle range

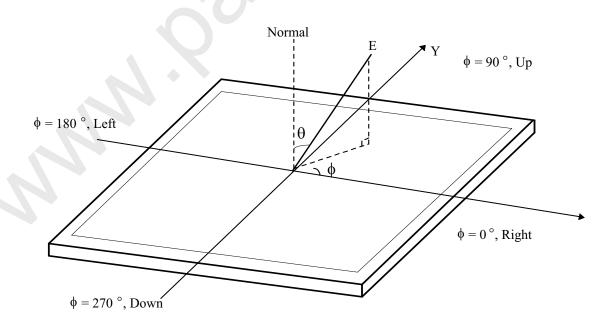


FIG. 5 Viewing Angle

Ver. 1.0 19 /47



Product Specification

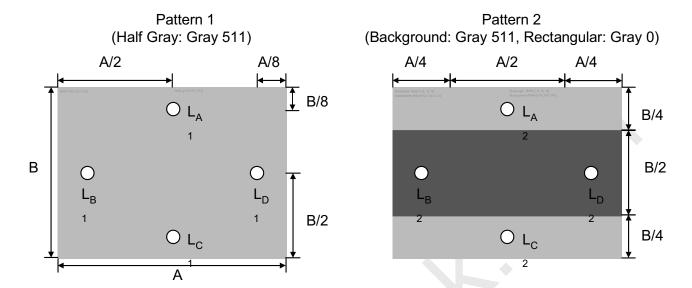


FIG. 6 Cross Talk

Ver. 1.0 20 /47



Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 11 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

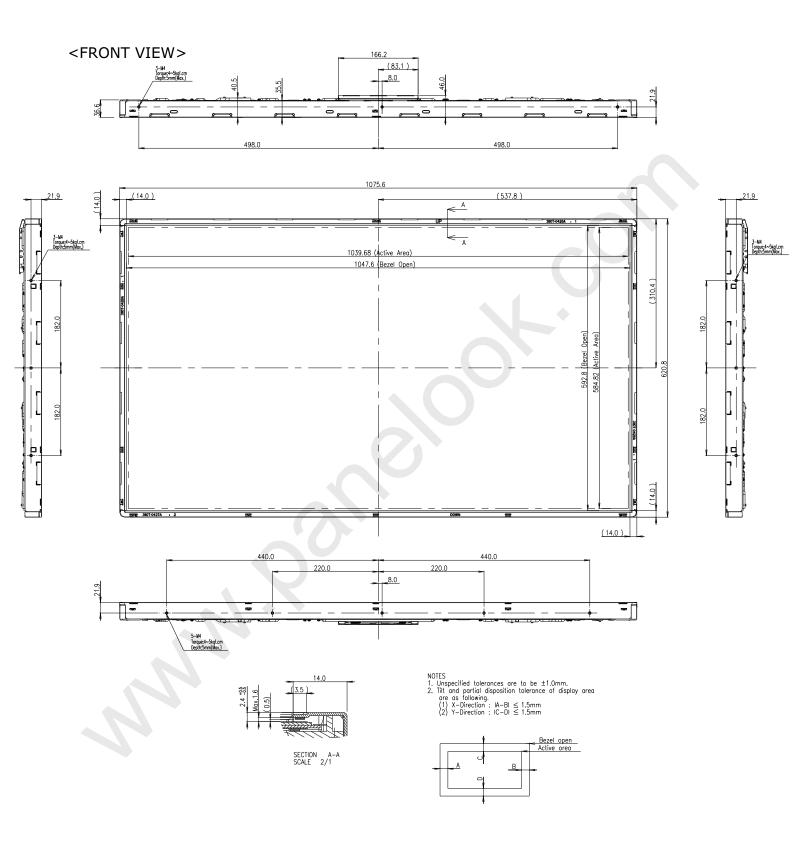
Item	Value	
	Horizontal	1075.6mm
Outline Dimension	Vertical	620.8 mm
	Depth	46.0 mm
Donal Area	Horizontal	1047.6 mm
Bezel Area	Vertical	592.8 mm
Activo Diaplay Area	Horizontal	1039.68 mm
Active Display Area	Vertical	584.82 mm
Weight	11.8 Kg (Typ.) , 12.4 Kg (Max.)	

Note: Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

Ver. 1.0 21 /47



Product Specification

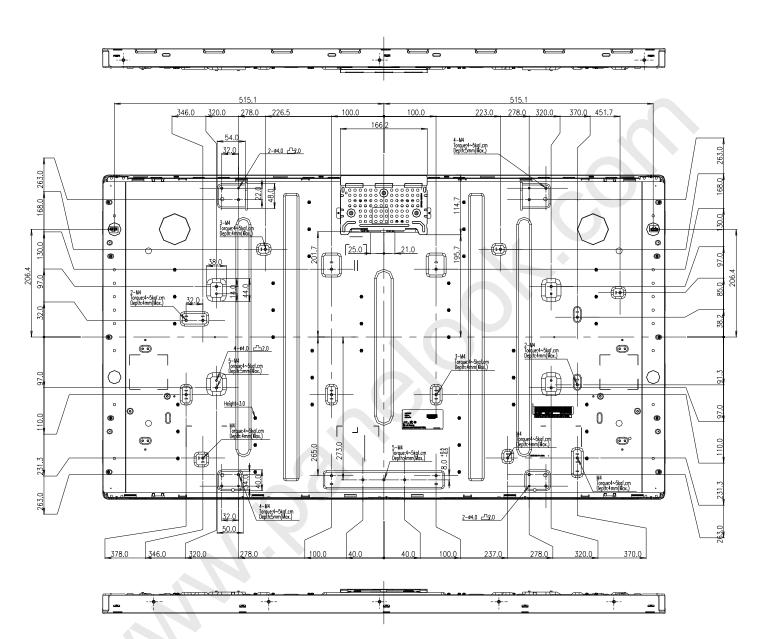


22 /47 Ver. 1.0



Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>



Ver. 1.0 23 /47



Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 12. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 75%RH 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h						
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 60%RH 240h						
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h						
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z Each direction per 10 min.						
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 50Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction						
7	ESD test	Condition : 150pF, 330 ohm Case , air Evaluation : ± 15kV						
8	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH						
9	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 15,000 feet 0 - 40,000 feet						

Note: Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.



Product Specification

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, 7th Edition, dated June 30, 2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60065:03, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- c) IEC60065:2001, 7th Edition CB-scheme and EN 60065:2002, Safety requirements for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus...

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1988(Including A1:2000)

Ver. 1.0 25 /47



Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH)

E: MONTH

D : YEAR

F~ M: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one Pallet: 14 pcs

b) Pallet Size : 1300[mm] x 1140[mm] x 125[mm]

Ver. 1.0 26 /47



Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) Partial darkness may happen during 3~5 minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under 5°C). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after 3~5 minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic

27 /47 Ver. 1.0



Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normalhexane.

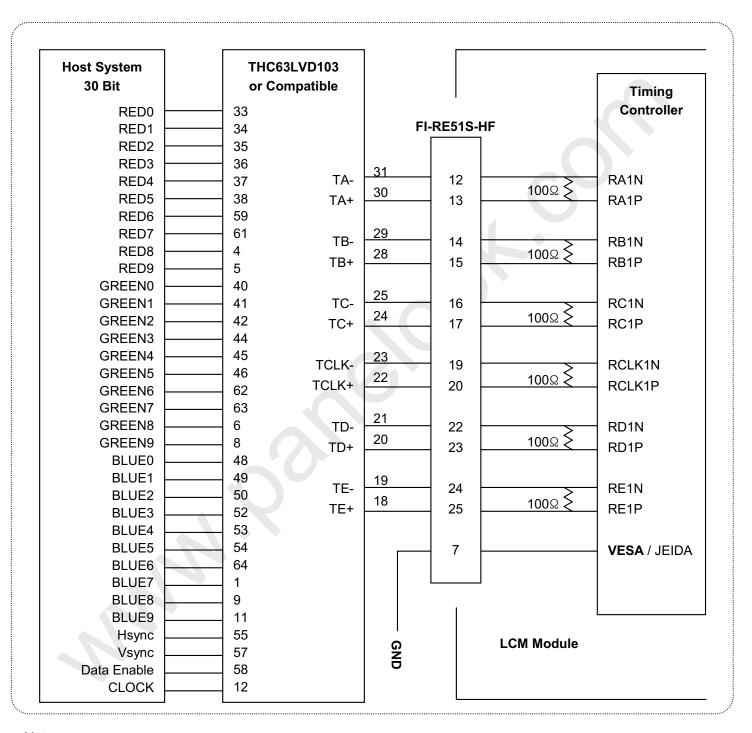
Ver. 1.0 28 /47



Product Specification

APPENDIX- I-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter (Pin7="L or NC")



Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm(Ω) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

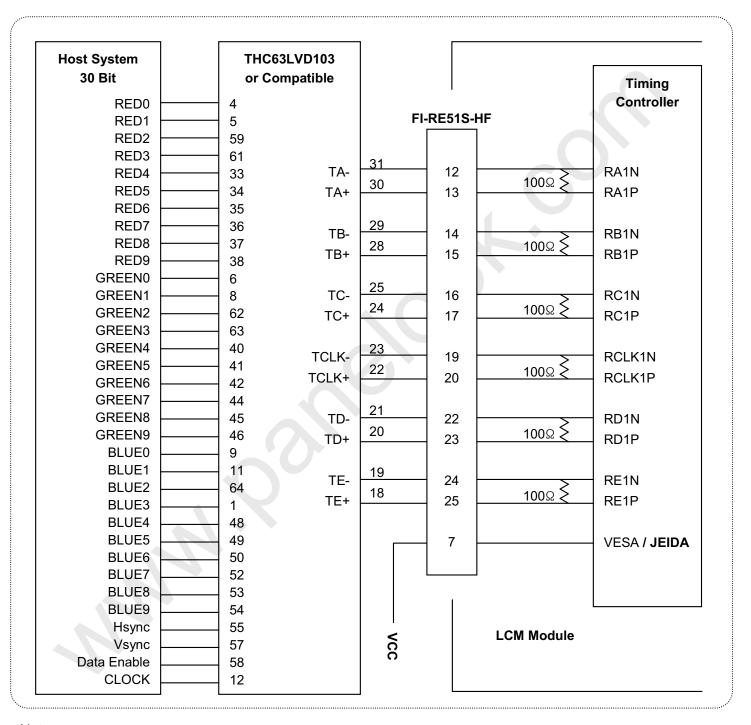
Ver. 1.0 29 /47



Product Specification

APPENDIX- 1-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine: THC63LVD103) Transmitter (Pin7="H")



Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm(Ω) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

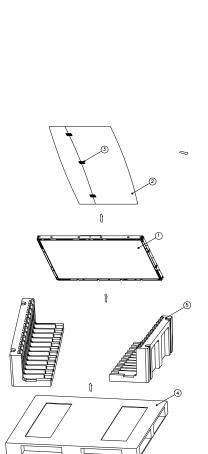
Ver. 1.0 30 /47

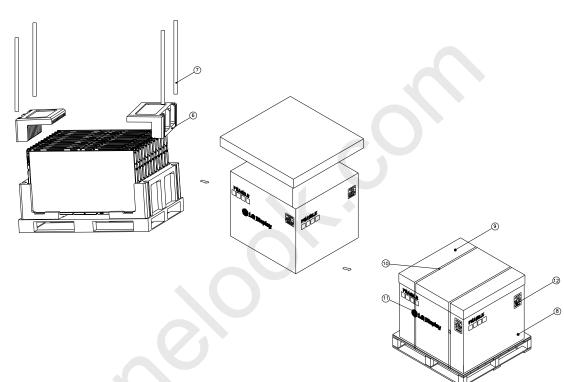


Product Specification

APPENDIX- II

■ Pallet Ass'y





NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	47INCH
3	TAPE	MASKING 20MMX50M
4	PALLET	PLYWOOD, 1300X1140X125
5	PACKING	EPS
6	PACKING	EPS
7	ANGLE PACKING	PAPER
8	ANGLE COVER	PAPER
9	BAND,CLIP	STEEL
10	BAND	PP
11	LABEL	YUPO PAPER 80G 100X100

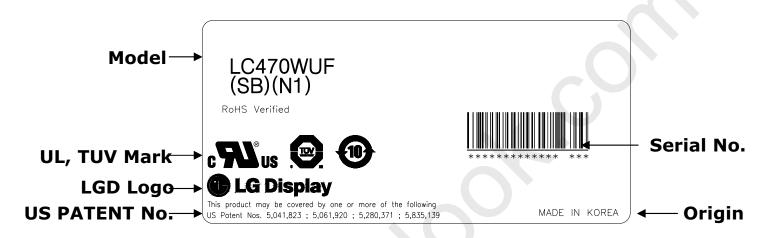
Ver. 1.0 31 /47



Product Specification

APPENDIX- III

■ LCM Label



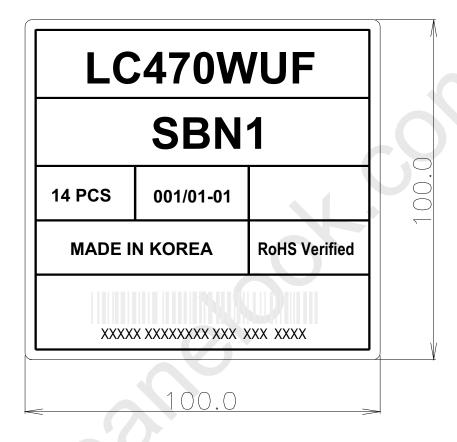
Ver. 1.0 32 /47



Product Specification

APPENDIX- IV

■ Pallet Label



Ver. 1.0 33 /47



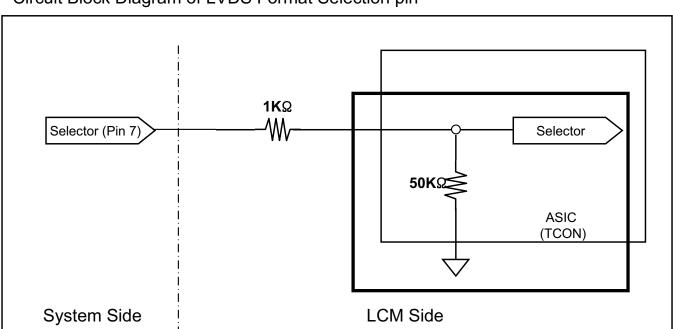
Product Specification

APPENDIX- V-1

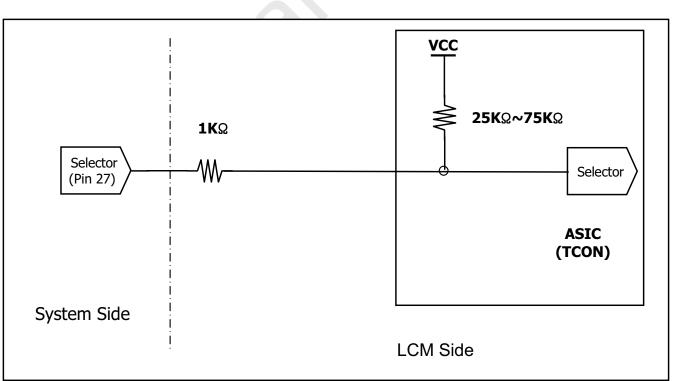
Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



Circuit Block Diagram of BIT Selection pin



34 /47 Ver. 1.0

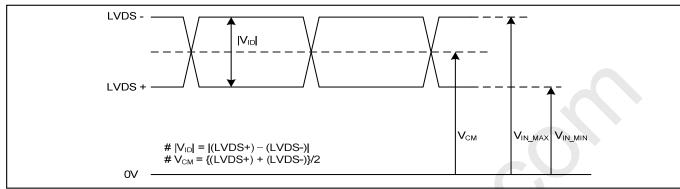


Product Specification

APPENDIX- VI

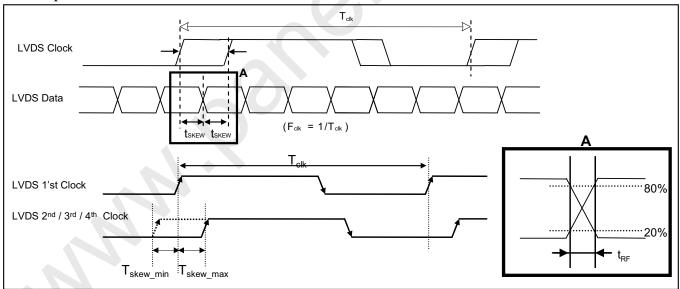
LVDS Input characteristics

1. DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Single end Voltage	V _{ID}	200	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	1.1	1.5	٧	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	-
Change in common mode Voltage	ΔV _{CM}		250	mV	-

2. AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{skew}		(0.25*T _{clk})/7	ps	-
LVDS Clock/DATA Rising/Falling time	t _{RF}	260	(0.3*T _{clk})/7	ps	2
Effective time of LVDS	t _{eff}	±360		ps	-
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}		1/7* T _{clk}	T _{clk}	-

Notes: 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. If t_{RF} isn't enough, t_{eff} should be meet the range.

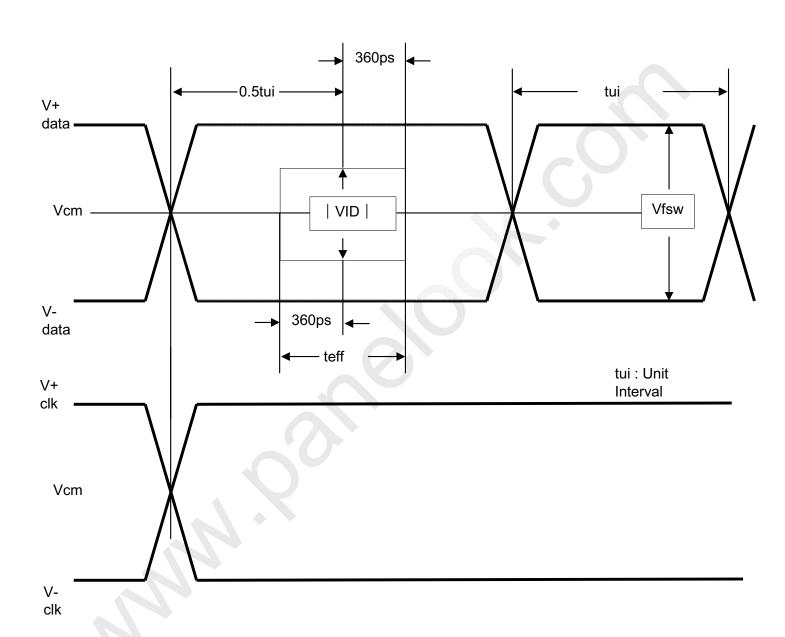
Ver. 1.0 35 /47



Product Specification

APPENDIX- VI-2

LVDS Input characteristics



Ver. 1.0 36 /47

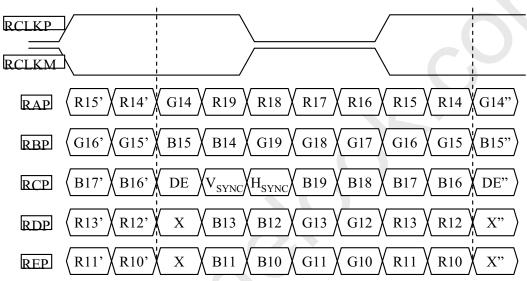


Product Specification

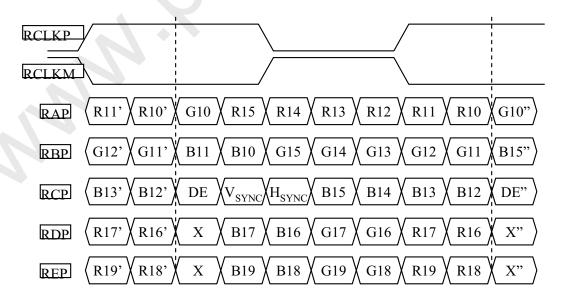
APPENDIX- VII-1

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (10bit)

■ LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



■ LVDS Select: "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



Ver. 1.0 37 /47

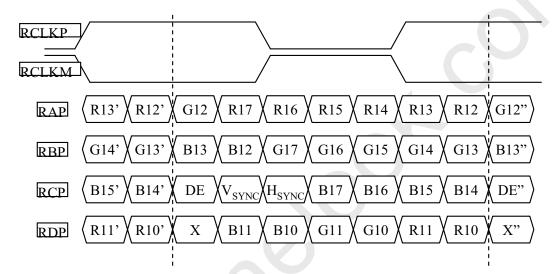


Product Specification

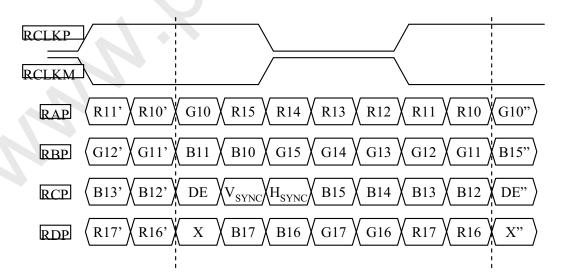
APPENDIX- VII-2

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (8bit)

■ LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



■ LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



Ver. 1.0 38 /47

Product Specification

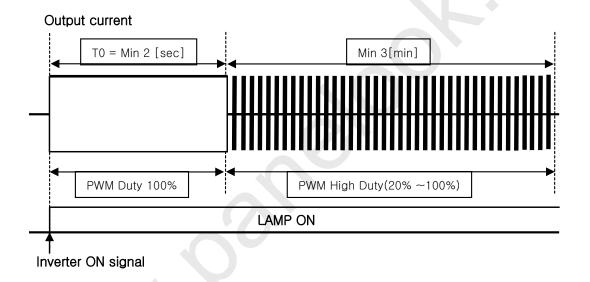
APPENDIX- VIII-1

Mega DCR using condition(1)

- After Inverter ON signal, PWM Duty 100% should be sustained during 2sec.
- It is recommended not to sustain more than 10 min for Deep Dimming (PWM Low Duty 0%~20%).

The deep dimming must be used very carefully due to limitation of lamp characteristics and specification.

For stable lamp on, its duty condition should follow below the condition.
 After Inverter ON signal, T0 duration should be sustained.



- 2) Low duty(0%~20%) of the inverter output current, B/L may not satisfy some of LCM specification.
 - Duration: the low duty operation(0 ~ 20%) must be limited within 10 minutes for one time operation.
 - Ratio: the period of the low duty operation must be less than 1/5 compare to that of the high duty operation(20~100%) in a certain period to prevent unwanted operation.
 - FOS: partial darkness or darkness of center area during the low duty might be happened due to insufficient lamp current.
 - Warm up : the low duty must be used 3 min after the lamps "ON". In case of low temperature, more warm up time may be needed.

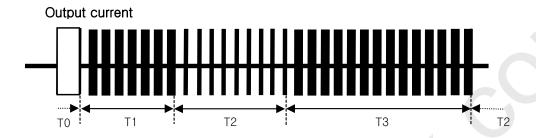
Ver. 1.0 39 /47



Product Specification

APPENDIX- VIII-2

Mega DCR using condition(2)



Parameter		Value		l lmi4	N).t.		
	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note		
T1	3	1	-	min	PWM High Duty[20~100%]		
T2	-	-	10	min	PWM Low Duty[0~20%]		
Т3	T2 x 5	-	-	min	PWM High Duty[20~100%]		

- 3) The output current duty may not be same as input PWM duty due to rise/fall time of output.
- 4) Following the recommended conditions as aforementioned, there is no difference of lamp lifetime between conventional method and new one.

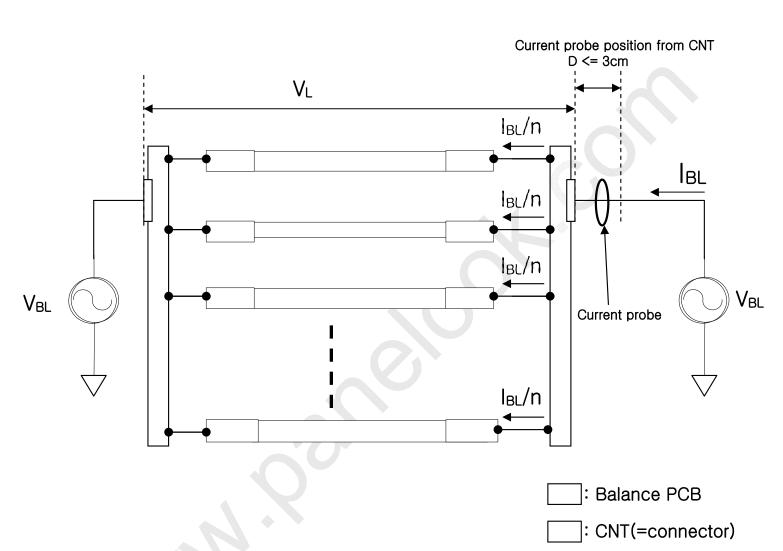
Ver. 1.0 40 /47



Product Specification

APPENDIX- VIII

Voltage and Current Measure



- 1. V_{BL} is the voltage measured on connector to ground
- 2. IBL is current input to connector

Ver. 1.0 41 /47

Product Specification

APPENDIX- X

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Black Level & Black Uniformity

This is only the reference data of black level and black uniformity for LC470WUF-SBN1-731 model.

1. Black Level:

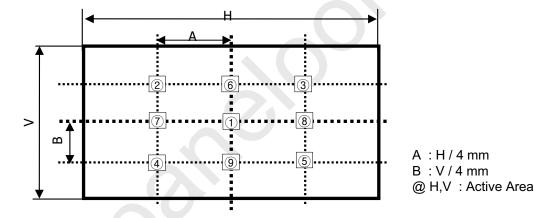
Surface Luminance of Black (LBLACK) is the luminance value at center 1-point.

2. Black Uniformity

The variation of surface luminance of black , δ BLACK is defined as :

$$\delta \text{ BLACK} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, L_{\text{on3}}, L_{\text{on4}}, L_{\text{on5}}, L_{\text{on6}}, L_{\text{on7}}, L_{\text{on8}}, L_{\text{on9}})}{\text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, L_{\text{on3}}, L_{\text{on4}}, L_{\text{on5}}, L_{\text{on6}}, L_{\text{on7}}, L_{\text{on8}}, L_{\text{on9}})}$$

- 3. Sampling Size: 5 pcs
- 4. Measurement Method: Follow the same rule as optical characteristics measurement.
- 5. Measurement location: refer to below.



6. Current Status

Below table is actual data of production on Nov. 29, 2008 (LGD RV Event Sample)

No.	Black Level	Black Uniformity
1	0.35	1.09
2	0.39	1.08
3	0.36	1.07
4	0.38	1.07
5	0.38	1.09

- 7. Black Level and Black Uniformity Control Method
 - -. LGD will continue to monitor the quality level of mass production regularly in terms of black level and black uniformity.

42 /47 Ver. 1.0

Product Specification

APPENDIX- XI

Gray to Gray Response Time Uniformity

This is only the reference data of G to G and uniformity for LC470WUF-SBN1 model.

1. G to G Response Time:

Response time is defined as Figure 3 and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray (N)" and "Gray(M)".(128 Gray Step at 10bit (D))

2. G to G Uniformity

The variation of G to G Uniformity , δ G to G is defined as :

G to G Uniformity =
$$\frac{Maximum(GtoG) - Typical(GtoG)}{Typical(GtoG)} \le 1$$

*Maximum (GtoG) means maximum value of measured time (N, M = 0 (Black) ~ 1023(White), 128 gray step).

	0Gray	127ray	255Gray	•••	895Gray	1023Gray
0Gray		TrR:0G→127G	TrR:0G→255G		TrR:0G→895G	TrR:0G→1023G
127Gray	TrD:127G→0G		TrR:127G→255G		TrR:127G→895G	TrR:127G→1023G
255Gray	TrD:255G→0G	TrD:255G→127G			TrR:255G→895G	TrR:255G→1023G
895Gray	TrD:895G→0G	TrD:895G→127G	TrD:895G→255G			TrR:895G→1023G
1023Gray	TrD:1023G→0G	TrD:1023G→127G	TrD:1023G→255G		TrD:1023G→895G	

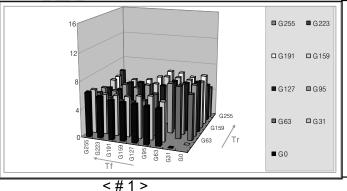
3. Sampling Size: 2 pcs

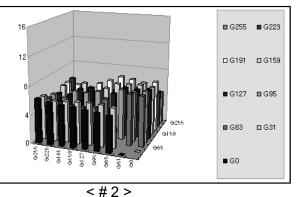
4. Measurement Method: Follow the same rule as optical characteristics measurement.

5. Current Status

Below table is actual data of production on Nov. 29, 2008 (LGD RV Event Sample)

	G to G Respo	Uniformity		
	Min.	Max.	Officiality	
# 1	3.1	6.5	0.30	
# 2	3.2	6.6	0.32	





Ver. 1.0 43 /47



Product Specification

APPENDIX- XII

Audible Noise Level (Without Inverter)

These are measurement method and condition of Audible Noise Level for LC470WUF-SBN1 model at worse case conditions

- 1. Sample: RV Typical Sample(N=3)
- 2. Audible Noise Level (Without Inverter)

Type of room	Anechoic		
Distance to display	0.5m (Typical)		
Measurement Point	@ LCM Center		
Audible Noise Level	≤ Front (20dB(A)) / Back (23dB(A))		

* Measurement Equipment Properties and Settings

Frequency range	50Hz to 20KHz (Typical)		
Measurement Step Width	1/1 octave		
Duration	60 sec (Typical)		
Weighted Filter (thus dB A Scale)	A - type		
Background Noise	Under 15dB(A)		
Measurement Pattern	Full White		

Ver. 1.0 44 /47



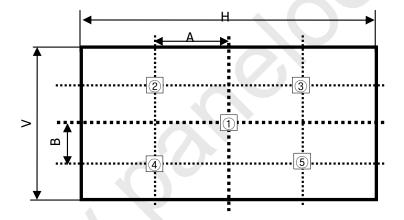
Product Specification

APPENDIX- XIII

White Uniformity for PWM Duty 50%

This is only the reference data of white uniformity for LC470WUF-SBN1 model at the condition of PWM Duty 50%.

- 1. White Uniformity
 - The variation of surface luminance of white , δ white is defined as :
 - δ WHITE = Maximum($L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}$) / Minimum($L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}$)
- 2. Sampling Size: 5 pcs (RV Typical Sample)
- Measurement Method : Follow the same rule as optical characteristics measurement except PWM 50% condition.
 - 1) Boost level should be typical value. (1.65 Volt)
 - 2) PWM 50% duty period should be measured at the inverter input connector #13 Pin.
- 4. Measurement location: refer to below.



A:H/4mm B:V/4mm

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@ H,V : Active Area

5. Current Status

Below table is actual data of production on Nov. 29, 2008 (LGD RV Event Sample)

Position	Li	uminance	for PWM	Duty 100	% Luminance for PWM Duty 50%				6	
	# 1	# 2	# 3	# 4	# 5	# 1	# 2	# 3	# 4	# 5
1)	517	538	526	526	543	408	423	409	417	402
2	500	504	504	501	510	403	419	406	412	391
3	491	502	501	500	495	400	415	389	409	393
4	537	529	537	538	541	396	411	427	405	395
(5)	524	539	531	534	522	396	411	379	405	396
δ WHITE@5pts	1.09	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.10	1.03	1.03	1.13	1.03	1.03

Ver. 1.0 45 /47



Product Specification

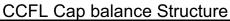
APPENDIX- XIV

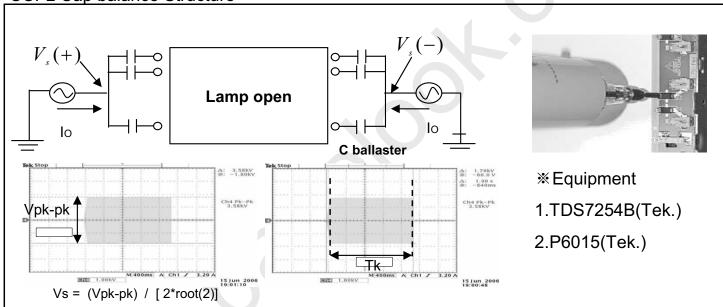
Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Striking Voltage Measurement

T o measure striking voltage, time, it should be measured be below method.

Measure the high voltage point of Balance Ass'y after removing all lamp.





46 /47 Ver. 1.0



Product Specification

APPENDIX- XV

■ Lamp Electrical spec

① Electrical & Optical Characteristics

	Item	Unit	Standards	Notes
1	Lamp Voltage V L	Vrms	1,730 ±7% IL= 3.0 mA 1,480 ±7% IL= 7.0 mA 1,380 ±7% IL= 8.0 mA	Note1,3
2	Lamp Current I L	mArms	Min 3.0 Typ 7.0 Max 8.0	Note1,3
3	Lamp power VL x IL	w	5.19 IL=3.0 mA 10.36 IL=7.0mA 11.04 IL=8.0 mA	Note1,3
4	Starting Voltage V s	Vrms	Max 2,800 (0°C) Typ 2,310 (0°C) Max 2,400 (25°C) Typ 2,000 (25°C)	Note2 AS-128 Hi-Hi 22pF, 45kHz Vds:10, Ids:5
5	Average Luminance at Lamp Center L	Cd/ml	11,700±10% IL=3.0 mA 28,500±10% IL=7.0mA 31,000±10% IL=8.0 mA	Note1,3,4
6	Effective Light Emitting Area L E	mm	1005 Min	Note1,3
7	Luminance uniformity lighted after 45 seconds	%	80 Min	Note3,5
	01 0 1	×	0.253 ± 0.007	27. 10.
8	8 Color Coordinates		0.221 ± 0.007	Note1,3,4
9	Color Temperature(reference)	К	Impossibility	Note1,3
10	Peak spectrum (reference)	nm	Red 611 Green 543 Blue 450	
11	Discharge Stabilization Time	Second	100	Note3,6
12	Delayed Discharge Time	Second	0.3	Note7
13	Operating Frequency	kHz	40~45(Typ)~80	Note8
14	Life Time	Hours	Min 60,000(at 7.0mA) Ave 65,000(at 7.0mA)	7. Life (2)
15	Temperature difference of between the electrode	°C	10 Max	Note1,3,9
16	Lamp surface temperature	°C	170 Max(at electrode) 70 Max(at center)	Note1,3
17	Content of Mercury	mg	Min 3.0 Max 4.8	
18	Gas pressure	Torr	60±5	Note3
19	⊿u,v		Max0.004	Note1,3,4

Ver. 1.0 47 /47