

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

 (\bullet) Preliminary Specification

() Final Specification

Title

49.0" WUXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	КТС
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC490DUJ
SUFFIX	SGK1 (RoHS Verified)

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CONTENTS

Number	ITEM	Page
	COVER	1
	CONTENTS	2
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	6
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	6
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	7
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	8
3-4	LVDS SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS	10
3-5	INTARA INTERFACE SIGNAL SPECIFICATION	13
3-6	COLOR DATA REFERENCE	14
3-7	POWER SEQUENCE	15
4	OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	16
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	22
6	MECHANICAL DIMENSION	23
6-1	BOARD ASSEMBLY DIMENSION	23
6-2	CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY DIMMENSION	24
7	RELIABILITY	25
8	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	26
8-1	SAFETY	26
8-2	ENVIRONMENT	26
9	PACKING	27
9-1	PACKING FORM	27
10	PRECAUTIONS	28
10-1	HANDLING PRECAUTIONS	28
10-2	OPERATING PRECAUTIONS	28
10-3	PROTECTION FILM	29
10-4	STORAGE PRECAUTIONS	29
10-5	PACKING PRECAUTIONS	29
10-6	OPERATING CONDITION GUIDE	29

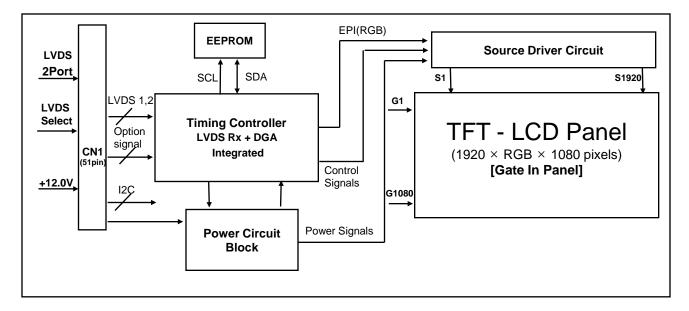
RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Jul, 19, 2013	-	Preliminary Specification(First Draft)

1. General Description

The LC490DUJ is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral the Source PCB and Gate implanted on Panel (GIP). The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 48.50 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 16.7Million colors.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	48.50 inches(1232.00mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	1085.5(H) X 617.7(V) X 1.4(B) mm (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.5593 mm x 0.5593 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8-bit, 16.7 Million colors
Drive IC Data Interface	Source D-IC : 8-bit EPI, gamma reference voltage, and control signals Gate D-IC : Gate In Panel
Transmittance (With POL)	6.90 %(Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Weight	2.06Kg (Typ.)[TBD]
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment (Top)	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment ,Haze 1%(Typ.),

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

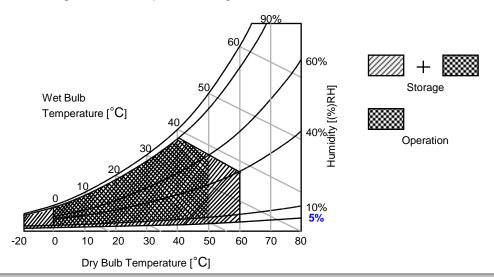
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or permanent damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Para	Parameter		Va	lue	Unit	Note
Fala		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Power Input Voltage	LCD Circuit	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	1
T-Con Option Selection Voltage		VLOGIC	-0.3	+4.0	Vdc	
Operating Temperature	Operating Temperature			+50	°C	2.2
Storage Temperature(wi	thout packing)	Tst	-20	+60	°C	2,3
Panel Front Temperature		TSUR	-	+68	°C	4
Operating Ambient Humi	Нор	10	90	%RH		
Storage Humidity		Hs⊤	5	90	%RH	2,3

Note1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25 \pm 2 $^\circ\text{C}$)

- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.
- 3. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40°C condition.
- 4. The maximum operating temperatures is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 68°C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 68°C. The range of operating temperature may be degraded in case of improper thermal management in final product design.



3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

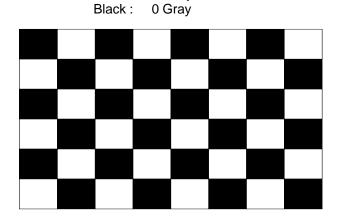
Para	Parameter			Value	Unit	Note	
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Тур Мах		Note
Circuit :							
Power Input Voltage		VLCD	10.8	12.0	13.2	Vdc	
Power Input Current		ILCD	-	447(TBD)	581(TBD)	mA	1
		ILCD	-	620(TBD)	806(TBD)	mA	2
T-CON Option	Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	2.7	-	3.6	VDC	
Selection Voltage	Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	0	-	0.7	VDC	
Power Consumption		PLCD	-	5.36(TBD)	7.55(TBD)	Watt	1
Rush current		IRUSH	-	-	5.0	А	3

Note 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD}=12.0V, Ta=25 \pm 2°C, f_V=60Hz condition, and mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).

White: 255 Gray

4. Ripple voltage level is recommended under $\pm 5\%$ of typical voltage



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RE51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or GT05P-51S-H38(manufactured by LSM) or IS050-C51B-C39(manufactured by UJU)
- Mating Connector : FI-R51HL(JAE) or compatible

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	27	NC	No connection
2	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	28	R2AN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
3	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	29	R2AP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
4	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	30	R2BN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
5	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	31	R2BP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
6	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	32	R2CN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA	33	R2CP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
8	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	35	R2CLKN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
10	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	36	R2CLKP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	R1AN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	38	R2DN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
13	R1AP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	39	R2DP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
14	R1BN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	40	NC	No connection
15	R1BP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	41	NC	No connection
16	R1CN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	42	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground
17	R1CP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	43	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground (Note 5)
19	R1CLKN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	45	GND	Ground
20	R1CLKP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	R1DN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	R1DP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	NC	No connection	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	NC	No connection	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground	-	-	-

Note 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.
- 4. #1~#6 & #8~#10 NC (No Connection): These pins are used only for LGD (Do not connect)
- 5. Specific pin No. **#44** is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

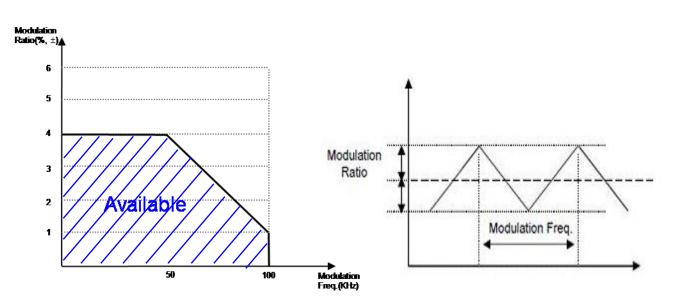
Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

ITE	м	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	notes
Horizontal	Display Period	tH∨	960	960	960	tCLK	1920/2
	Blank	tнв	100	140	240	tCLK	1
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tCLK	
	Display Period	tvv	1080	1080	1080	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	tvв	20	45	300	Lines	1
	Total	tvp	1100	1125	1380	Lines	

Table 6. TIMING TABLE for NTSC & PAL(DE Only Mode)

ITEM		Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	notes
	DCLK	fclk	60.00	74.25	78.00	MHz	
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	57.3	67.5	70	KHz	2
	Vertical	fv	47	60	63	Hz	2

- notes: 1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation (DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.
 - 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
 - Spread Spectrum Rate (SSR) for 50KHz ~ 100kHz Modulation Frequency(FMOD) is calculated by (7 – 0.06*Fmod), where Modulation Frequency (FMOD) unit is KHz.
 LVDS Receiver Spread spectrum Clock is defined as below figure
 - X Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

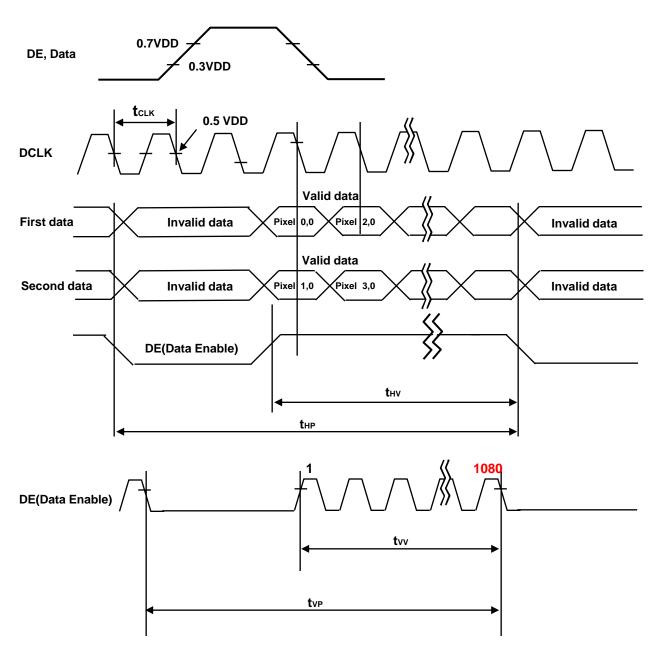


※ Please pay attention to the followings when you set Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency(FMOD)

- 1. Please set proper Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency (FMOD) of TV system LVDS output.
- 2. Please check FOS after you set Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency(FMOD) to avoid abnormal display. Especially, harmonic noise can appear when you use Spread Spectrum under FMOD 30 KHz.

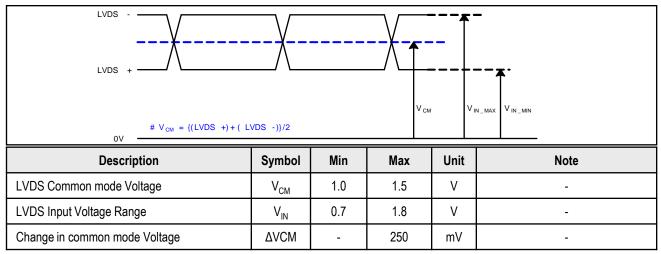
3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram

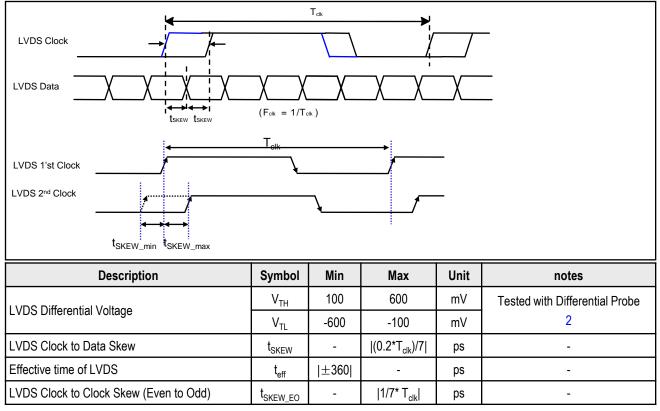


3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification

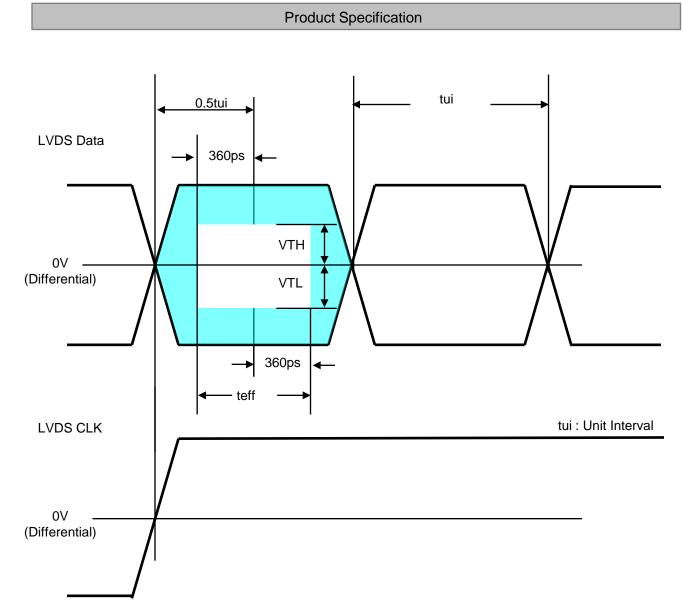


2) AC Specification



notes 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within $\mathbf{t}_{\rm eff}$



* This accumulated waveform is tested with differential probe

3-5. Intra interface Signal Specification

3-5-1. EPI Signal Specification

Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	notes
Logic & EPI Power Voltage	VCC	-	1.62	1.8	1.98	VDC	
EPI input common voltage	VCM	LVDS Type	0.8	VCC/2	1.3	V	
EPI input differential voltage	Vdiff	-	150	-	500	mV	
EPI Input eye diagram	Veye	-	90	-	-	mV	
Effective Veye width time	B1&B2		0.25	-	-	UI	

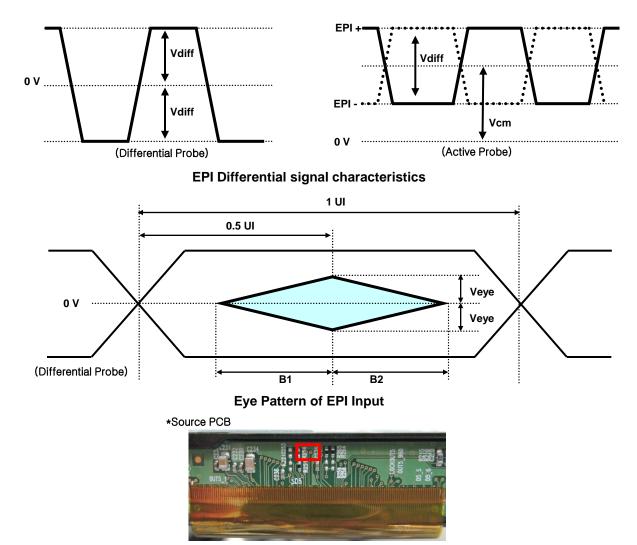


FIG. 3 Measure point

3-6. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 6 provides a reference for color versus data input.

											lı	nput	t Co	lor E	Data	1									
	Color				RE	D							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
00101		MS	B					L	SB	MS	SB					L	SB	MS	SB					L	SB
	-	R	7 R6	R5	R4	R3	R2 F	R1 R	0	G7	7 G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1 0	60	В	7 B6	6 B5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B1 E	30
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED						•																			
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

3-7. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

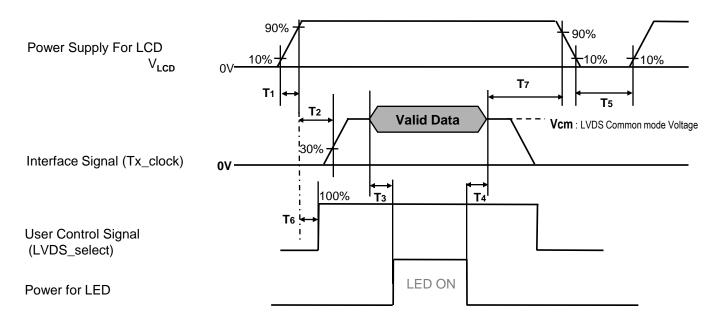


Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE

Desemator		l lució	Netes		
Parameter	Min	Unit	Notes		
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	1
T2	0	-	-	ms	2
Т3	400	-	-	ms	3
T4	100	-	-	ms	3
T5	1.0	-	-	s	4
T6	0	-	T2	ms	5
T7	0	-	-	ms	6

- 1. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.
 - 2. If T2 is satisfied with specification after removing LVDS Cable, there is no problem.
 - 3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
 - 4. T5 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
 - 5. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power (V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display. When T6 is NC status, T6 doesn't need to be measured.
 - 6. It is recommendation specification that T7 has to be 0ms as a minimum value.
 - ※ Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
 - When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°. FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

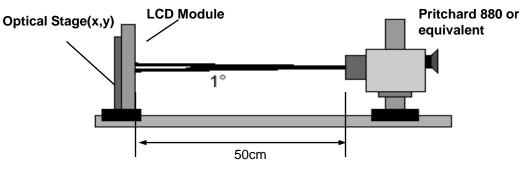


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Ta= $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, V_{LCD}=12.0V, fV=60Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz, Back Light : LGD B/L

Parameter		O math al		Value		L Loit	Nata	
	Para	ameter	Symbol	Min	Min Typ		Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	800	1200	-		1	
Deenenee	Time	Variation	G to G $_{\sigma}$		6	9		3
Response	Time	Gray to Gray (BW)	G to G BW		9	13	ms	2
			Rx		TBD	Ì		
		RED	Ry		TBD	Тур +0.03		
Color Coo	rdinates	GREEN	Gx	Тур -0.03	TBD			
[CIE1931]		GREEN	Gy		TBD			
		BLUE	Bx		TBD			
		BLUE	Ву		TBD			
		right($\phi=0^{\circ}$)	θr (x axis)	89	-	-		
Viewing	2D	left (θI (x axis)	89	-	-	dograa	4
Viewing Angle	(CR>10)	up (ϕ =90°)	θu (y axis)	89	-	- degree		4
Angle		down (\$=270°)	θd (y axis)	89	-	-		
3D (CT≤10%) up + down		up + down	θu (y axis) +θd (y axis)	11		-	degree	6
Gray Scale	e			-	-	-		5

- Note : 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :
 - CR(Contrast Ratio) = Maximum CRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
 - Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels
 - CRn =-
 - Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels
 - n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG 2.
 - 2. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from any gray to white (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from any gray to black (Decay time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3.
 - % G to $\rm G_{BW}$ Spec stands for average value of all measured points.

Photo Detector : RD-80S / Field : 2 $^\circ$

3. G to G $_{\sigma}$ is Variation of Gray to Gray response time composing a picture

G to G (
$$\sigma$$
) = $\sqrt{\frac{\Sigma(Xi-u)^2}{N}}$ Xi = Individual Data
u = Data average
N : The number of Data

- 4. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 5. Gray scale specification Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 9.
- 6. 3D performance specification is expressed by 3D luminance and 3D viewing angle.

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	-
L15	0.27
L31	1.04
L47	2.49
L63	4.68
L79	7.66
L95	11.5
L111	16.1
L127	21.6
L143	28.1
L159	35.4
L175	43.7
L191	53.0
L207	63.2
L223	74.5
L239	86.7
L255	100
Ver. 0.0	17 / 42

Table 9. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Measuring point for Contrast Ratio

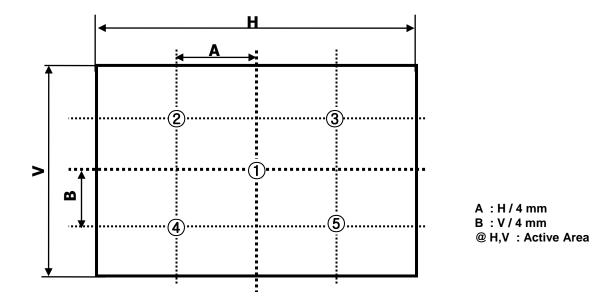


FIG. 2 5 Points for Contrast Ratio

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Black or White".

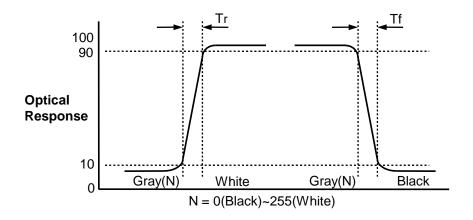
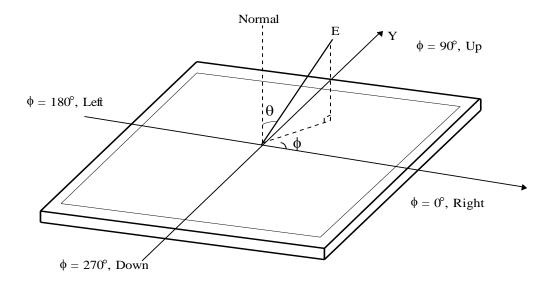
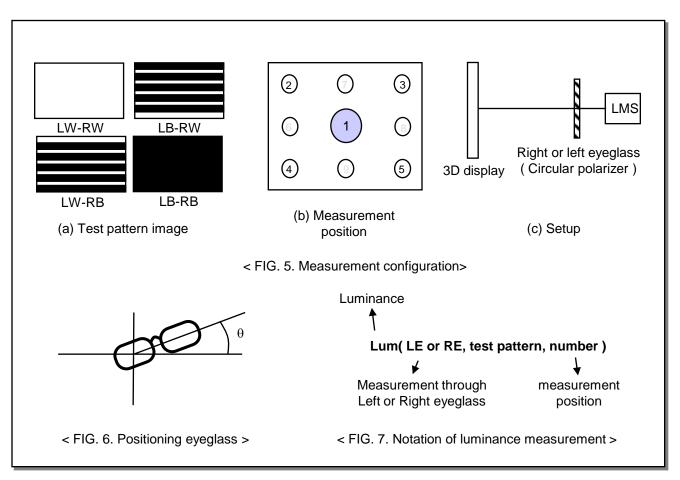


FIG. 3 Response Time

Dimension of viewing angle range







In order to measure 3D crosstalk and 3D viewing angle, it need to be prepared as below;

1) Measurement configuration

4-Test pattern images. Refer to FIG 5.

- -. LW-RW : White for left and right eye
- -. LW-RB : White for left eye and Black for right eye
- -. LB-RW : Black for left eye and white for right eye
- -. LB-RB : Black for left eye and right eye

Image files where black and white lines are displayed on even or odd lines.

Luminance measurement system (LMS) with narrow FOV (field of view) is used. Refer to FIG 1.

2) Positioning Eyeglass (refer to appendix-VII for standard specification of eyeglass) Find angle of minimum transmittance.

This value would be provided beforehand or measured by the following steps;

- (i) Test image (LB-RW) is displayed.
- (ii) Left eyeglass are placed in front of LMS and luminance is measured, rotating right eyeglass such as FIG 6. The notation for luminance measurement is "Lum(LE, LB-RW,1)".
- (iii) Find the angle where luminance is minimum.

* Following measurements should be performed at the angle of minimum transmittance of eyeglass.

3) Measurement of 3D crosstalk

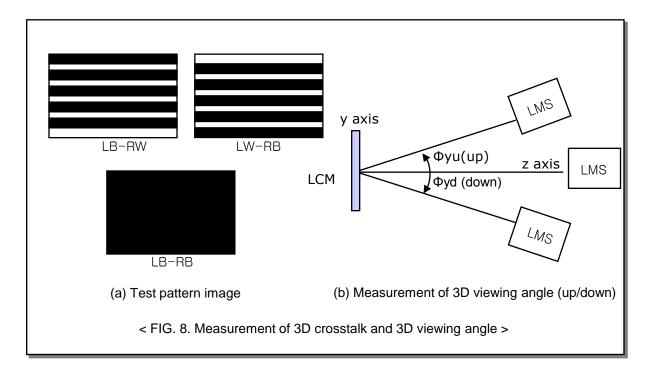
- (i) Test image (LB-RW, LW-RB and LB-RB) is displayed.
- (ii) Right or left eyeglass are placed in front of LMS successively and luminance is measured for position 1. with rotating LMS or sample vertically.

Lum(LE, LB-RW,1) - Lum(LE, LB-RB,1) Lum(LE, LW-RB,1) - Lum(LE, LB-RB,1) Lum(RE, LW-RB,1) - Lum(RE, LB-RB,1) Lum(RE, LB-RW,1) - Lum(RE, LB-RB,1)

4) Measurement of 3D Viewing Angle

or

3D viewing angle is the angle at which the 3D crosstalk is under 10%. The angles are determined for the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface and measured for position 1. For more information, see the Fig 8



5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 10 provides general mechanical characteristics.

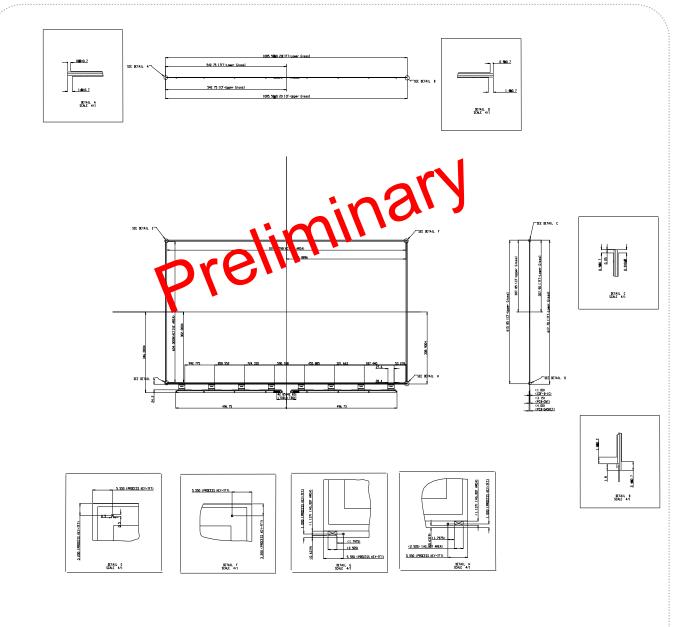
Table 10. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Value					
	Horizontal	1085.5mm				
Outline Dimension (Only Glass)	Vertical	617.7mm				
	Thickness	1.4mm				
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1073.78mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	604.00mm				
Weight	2,060g(Typ.), 2,200g(Max)					
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer : Haze 1%(typ.)					

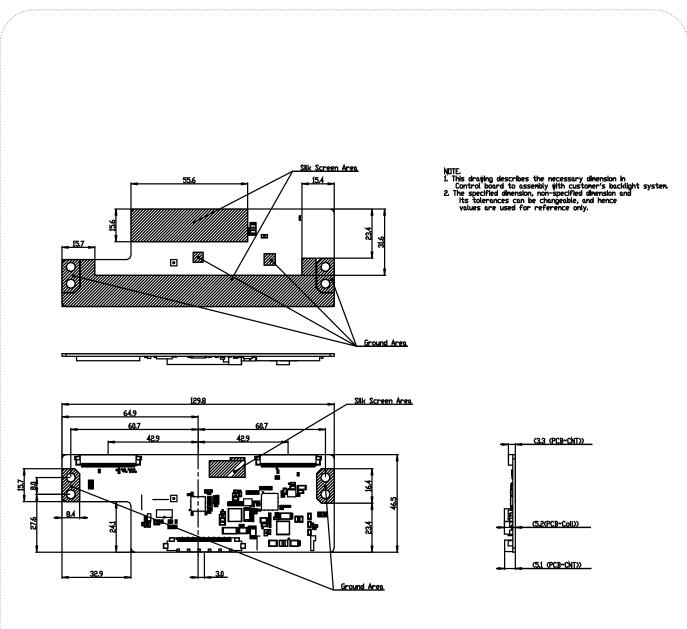
Note : Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

6. Mechanical Dimension

6-1. Board Assembly Dimension



6-2. Control Board Assembly Dimension



7. Reliability

Table 11. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 90% 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 500h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 500h					
5	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH					
6	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 16,400 ft 0 - 40,000 ft					

Note : Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

8. International Standards

8-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60065:03, Canadian Standards Association.
 Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- c) IEC 60065, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC). Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.

8-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011

9. Packing

9-1. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one Pallet : 70 pcs
- b) Pallet Size : 1390 mm(W) X 890 mm(D) X 1080 mm(H)

10. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

10-1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Please attach the surface transparent protective film to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (2) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (3) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (4) After removing the protective film, when the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine.
 - Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (5) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (6) Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly. Panel ground path should be connected to metal ground.
- (7) Please make sure to avoid external forces applied to the Source PCB and D-IC during the process of handling or assembling the TV set. If not, It causes panel damage or malfunction.
- (8) Panel and BLU should be protected from the static electricity. If not, it causes IC damage.
- (9) Do not pull or fold the source D-IC which connect the source PCB and the panel.
- (10) Panel(board ass'y) should be put on the BLU structure precisely to avoid mechanical impact.
- (11) FFC Cable should be connected between System board and Source PCB correctly.
- (12) Mechanical structure for backlight system should be designed for sustaining board ass'y safely.
- (13) Surface temperature of the Source D-IC should be controlled under 100°C with TV Set status. If not, problems such as IC damage or decrease of lifetime could occur.

10-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (2) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, Stable time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on)
- becomes longer
 (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damag
- (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

LC490DUJ

Product Specification

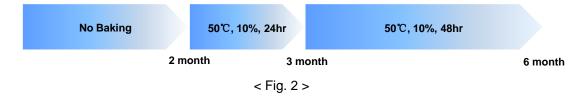
10-3. Protection Film

- (1) Please keep attaching the protection film before assembly.
- (2) Please peel off the protection film slowly.
- (3) Please peel off the protection film just like shown in the Fig.1
- (4) Ionized air should be blown over during the peeling.
- (5) Source PCB should be connected to the ground when peel off the protection film.
- (6) The protection film should not be contacted to the source D-IC during peeling it off.

10-4. Storage Precautions

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Temperature : 5 ~ 40 °C
- (2) Humidity : 35 ~ 75 %RH
- (3) Period : 6 months
- (4) Control of ventilation and temperature is necessary.
- (5) Please make sure to protect the product from strong light exposure, water or moisture. Be careful for condensation.
- (6) Please keep the modules at a circumstance shown below Fig. 2



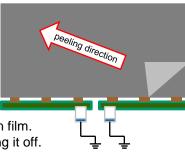
10-5. Packing Precautions

Product assembled into module should be stored in the Al-bag(cover case).

10-6. Operating condition guide

- (1) The LCD product should be operated under normal conditions. Normal condition is defined as below;
 - Temperature : 5 ~ 40 $^\circ C$, normal humidity
 - Display pattern : continually changing pattern (Not stationary)
- (2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, display patterns or operation time etc..,

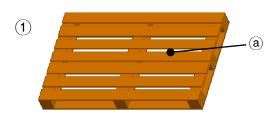
It is strongly recommended to contact LGD for Qualification engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at Airports, Transit Stations, Banks, Stock market, and Controlling systems. The LCD product should be applied by global standard environment. (refer ETSI EN 300, IEC 60721)



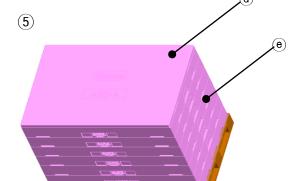
< Fig. 1 >

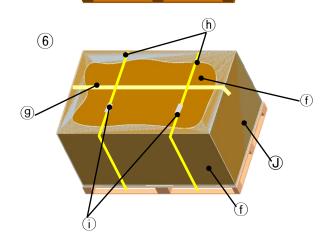
APPENDIX-I-1

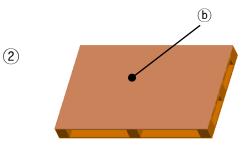
Pallet Ass'y

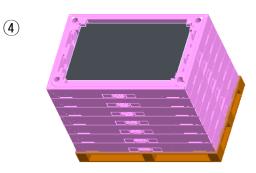












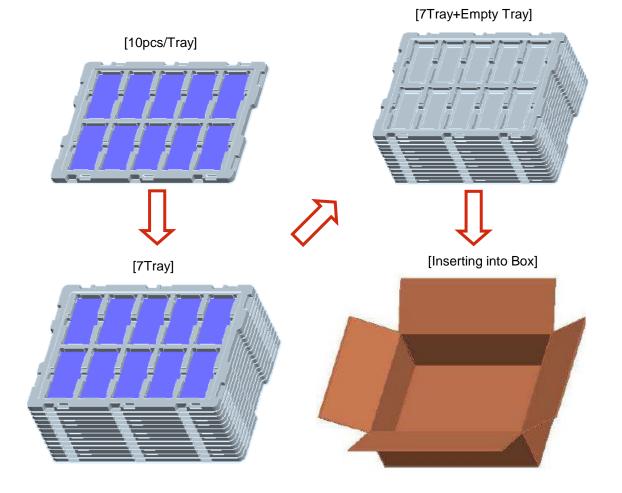
No.	Description	Material
(a)	Pallet	Plywood
b	Carton Plate	Single Wall
C	PE Sheet	LDPE
d	Top Packing	EPP
(e)	Bottom Packing	EPP
ſ	Angle Packing	Single Wall
(9)	Таре	OPP
h	Band	PP
í	Clip	Steel
J	Wrap	L-LDPE

Ver. 0.0

APPENDIX-I-2

■ Control PCB Packing Ass'y

- a) Control PCB Qty / Box : 70 pcs
- b) Tray Qty / Box : 8Tray(Upperst Tray Is empty)
- c) Tray Size : 466 X 353 X 16
- d) Box size : 478 X 365 X 116



NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	PCB Packing A,ssy	-
2	Tray	PET
3	Box	SWR4

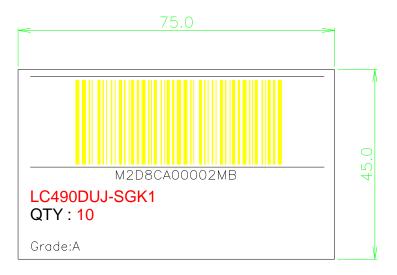
APPENDIX- II-1

Serial Label

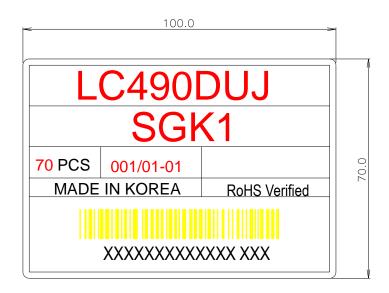


APPENDIX- II-2

BOX Label



Pallet Label



APPENDIX- III-1

Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7= "L" or "NC")

Host System	THC63LVD103]			
24 Bit	or Compatible				Timing
RED0	- 33			Controller	
RED1	34	FI-	RE51S-	HF	
RED2	35				
RED3	36	31			
RED4	37 TA-	30	12	100Ω ⋛	RO0N
RED5	- 38 TA+	50	13		RO0P
RED6	- 59				
RED7	61 TB-	29	14	<u> </u>	RO1N
	4 TB+	28	15	100Ω	RO1P
	5				
GREEN0	40	25			
GREEN1	41 TC-	24	16	100Ω ξ	RO2N
GREEN2	42 TC+	27	17	10022	RO2P
GREEN3	44				
GREEN4	45 TCLK-	23	19	<u> </u>	ROCLKN
GREEN5	46 TCLK+	22	20	<u>100Ω ξ</u>	ROCLKP
GREEN6 GREEN7	63				
GREEN/		21			
		20	22	100Ω ξ	RO3N
BLUE0	8 TD+		23	10052 2	RO3P
BLUE1	40				
BLUE2	50				
BLUE3	52				
BLUE4	53				
BLUE5	54		7		VESA/ JEIDA
BLUE6	64		′		
BLUE7	1				
	9				
	11				
Hsync	55				
Vsync	57	GND		LCM Module	
Data Enable	 58				
CLOCK	 12				
L		J			

Note: 1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

APPENDIX- III-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7= "H")

Host System	THC63LV	/D103				
24 Bit	or Comp	atible				Timing
RED0	 4					Controller
RED1	5		FI-	RE51S-	HF	
RED2	 59					
RED3	 61		24			
RED4	33	TA-	31	12	1000 2	RO0N
RED5	34	TA+	30	13	100Ω ⋛	RO0P
RED6	35					
RED7	36	TB-	29	14		RO1N
	 37		28		100Ω Ş	
	 38	TB+		15		RO1P
GREEN0	 6		25			
GREEN1	 8	TC-		16	2	RO2N
GREEN2	 62	TC+	24	17	100Ω ξ	RO2P
GREEN3	63					
GREEN4	40	TCLK-	23	19		ROCLKN
GREEN5	41		22		<u>100Ω ξ</u>	
GREEN6	42	TCLK+		20		ROCLKP
GREEN7	44		21			
	45	TD-		22	2000	RO3N
	46	TD+	20	23	100Ω ξ	RO3P
BLUE0	9					
BLUE1	11					
BLUE2	64					
BLUE3	 1					
BLUE4	 48					
BLUE5	 49			7		VESA / JEIDA
BLUE6	50					
BLUE7	52				1	
	53			1		
	54 55					
Hsync	55		<		LCM Module	
Vsync	57		vcc			
Data Enable	58					
CLOCK	12					

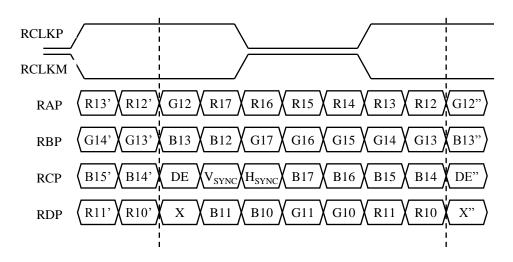
Note :1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

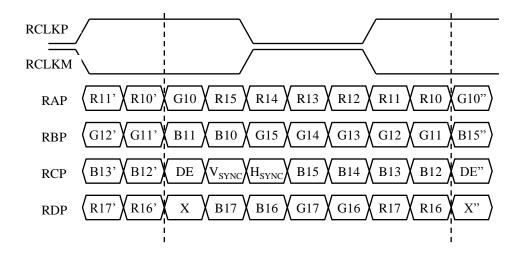
APPENDIX- IV

LVDS Data-Mapping Information (8 Bit)

1) LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



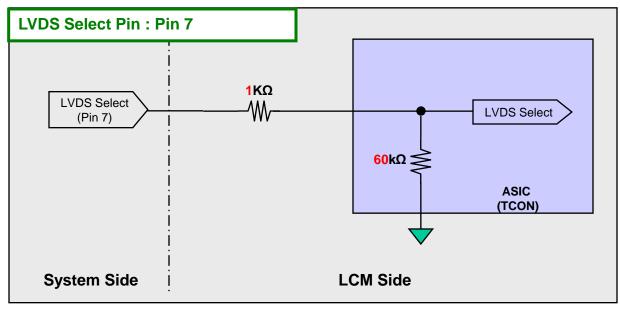
2) LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



APPENDIX- V

Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

1) Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



APPENDIX- VI

Standard specification of Eyeglasses

This is recommended data of Eyeglasses for LC490DUJ-SGK1 model. (details refer to table)

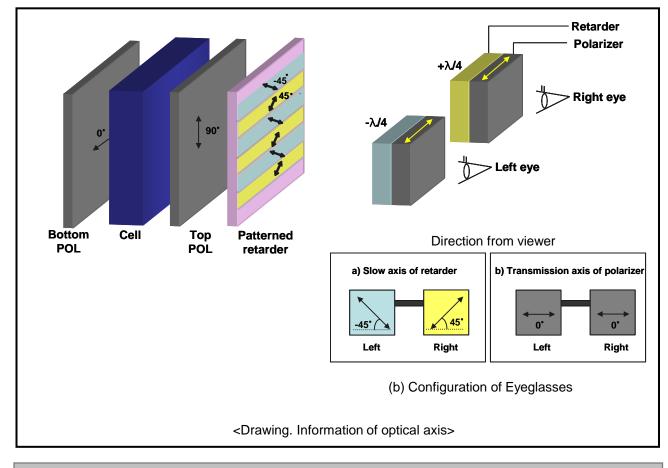
For each item, depending on the eyeglass manufacturer tolerances may occur, this tolerance can affect 3D performance. (3D Crosstalk, 3D luminance, 3D viewing angle)

De	sign item of Eyeglasses	Left	Right	Remark
Optical	a) Slow axis of retarder	-45° 45°		Refer to
axis	b) Transmission axis of polarizer	0°	0°	drawing
Retardation value	125	ōnm	@550nm	

<Table. Standard specification of Eyeglasses>

%Recommended polarizer

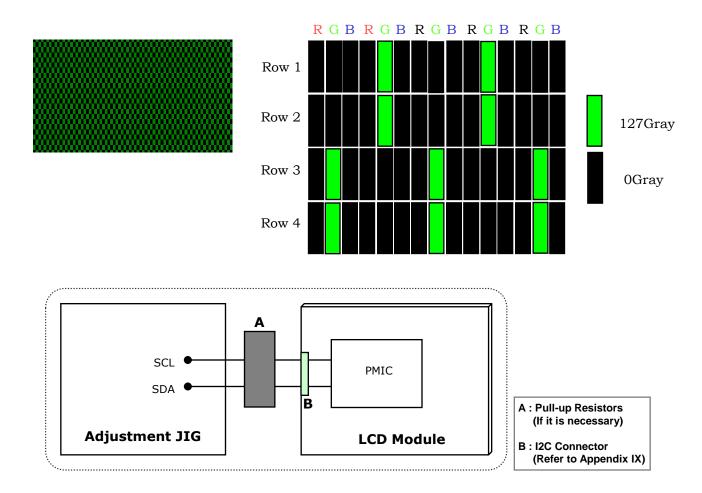
Polarization efficiency: more than 99.90%



APPENDIX-VII-1

Flicker Adjustment

Parameter	Unit	Min	Тур	Мах	Note
Inversion Method	-	2-Dot Inversion			
Adjust Pattern / Gray Level	-	G2Dot Full Flicker / 127Gray		60Hz	
Position	-	Center			
Voltage range	V	6.4	6.9	7.4	



APPENDIX-VII-2

Vcom Adjustment

MODULE 51 Pin CNT(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No	Description	Note
1~3	NC	
4	SDA	
5	SCL	
6~51	-	

LC490DUJ-SGK1 Control PCB Assembly uses TI PWM IC(TPS65175A). PWM IC (Slave) Address is 40h (01000000, LSB '0' means 'Write'), Vcom Register address is 0x15 & 0x16.

If you need detailed information, Please refer to TI PWM IC(TPS65175A) Data Sheet or contact with TI company.

APPENDIX-VII

■ The reference method of BL dimming

It is recommended to use synchronous V-sync frequency to prevent waterfall (Vsync * 2 =P-Dim Frequency)

APPENDIX-IX

