



# LC87F5VP6A

**CMOS IC  
FROM 256K byte, RAM 10240 byte on-chip**

## 8-bit 1-chip Microcontroller

**ON Semiconductor®**

<http://onsemi.com>

### Overview

The LC87F5VP6A is an 8-bit microcomputer that, centered around a CPU running at a minimum bus cycle time of 66.6ns, integrate on a single chip a number of hardware features such as 256K-byte flash ROM (onboard rewritable), 10240-byte RAM, Onchip debugging function, sophisticated 16-bit timers/counters (may be divided into 8-bit timers), a 16-bit timer/counter (may be divided into 8-bit timers/counters or 8-bit PWMs), four 8-bit timers with a prescaler, a base timer serving as a time-of-day clock, a high-speed clock counter, two synchronous SIO ports (with automatic block transmission/reception capabilities), an asynchronous/synchronous SIO port, two UART ports (full duplex), four 12-bit PWM channels, an 8-bit 15-channel AD converter, a system clock frequency divider, and a 29-source 10-vector interrupt feature.

### Features

#### ■Flash ROM

- Capable of on-board-programming with wide range, 2.7 to 5.5V, of voltage source
- Block-erase in 512 byte units
- $262144 \times 8$  bits

#### ■RAM

- $10240 \times 9$  bits

#### ■Minimum Bus Cycle Time

- |                  |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| • 66.6ns (15MHz) | VDD=3.0 to 5.5V |
| • 83.3ns (12MHz) | VDD=2.8 to 5.5V |
| • 125ns (8MHz)   | VDD=2.5 to 5.5V |

Note: Bus cycle time indicates the speed to read ROM.

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## ■Minimum Instruction Cycle Time (tCYC)

- 200ns (15MHz) VDD=3.0 to 5.5V
- 250ns (12MHz) VDD=2.8 to 5.5V
- 375ns (8MHz) VDD=2.5 to 5.5V

## ■Ports

- Normal withstand voltage I/O ports

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 1-bit units 64 (P1n, P2n, P3n, P70 to P73, P8n, PAn, PBn, PCn, S2Pn, PWM0, PWM1, XT2)

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 2-bit units 16 (PEn, PFn)

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 4-bit units 8 (P0n)

- Normal withstand voltage input port 1 (XT1)
- Dedicated oscillator ports 2 (CF1, CF2)
- Reset pins 1 (RES)
- Power pins 8 (VSS1 to VSS4, VDD1 to VDD4)

## ■Timers

- Timer 0: 16-bit timer/counter with capture register

Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 8-bit capture registers) ×2 channels

Mode 1: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 8-bit capture registers)  
+ 8-bit counter (with two 8-bit capture registers)

Mode 2: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 16-bit capture registers)

Mode 3: 16-bit counter (with two 16-bit capture registers)

- Timer 1: 16-bit timer/counter that supports PWM/toggle output

Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) + 8-bit timer/counter (with toggle outputs)

Mode 1: 8-bit PWM with an 8-bit prescaler × 2 channels

Mode 2: 16-bit timer/counter with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)

(toggle outputs also from the lower-order 8-bits)

Mode 3: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) (The lower-order 8 bits can be used as PWM.)

- Timer 4: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler

- Timer 5: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler

- Timer 6: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)

- Timer 7: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)

- Base timer

1) The clock is selectable from the subclock (32.768kHz crystal oscillator), system clock, and timer 0 prescaler output.

2) Interrupts programmable in 5 different time schemes.

## ■High-speed Clock Counter

1) Can count clocks with a maximum clock rate of 30MHz (at a main clock of 15MHz).

2) Can generate output real-time.

## ■SIO

- SIO0: 8-bit synchronous serial interface

1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable

2) Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (maximum transfer clock cycle = 4/3 tCYC)

3) Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 256 bits, specifiable in 1 bit units, suspension and resumption of data transmission possible in 1 byte units)

- SIO1: 8-bit asynchronous/synchronous serial interface

Mode 0: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (2- or 3-wire configuration, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)

Mode 1: Asynchronous serial I/O (half-duplex, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, 8 to 2048 tCYC baudrates)

Mode 2: Bus mode 1 (start bit, 8 data bits, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)

Mode 3: Bus mode 2 (start detect, 8 data bits, stop detect)

- SIO2: 8 bit synchronous serial interface

1) LSB first mode

2) Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (maximum transfer clock cycle = 4/3 tCYC)

3) Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 32 bytes)

## ■UART: 2 channels

- Full duplex
- 7/8/9 bit data bits selectable
- 1 stop bit (2 bits in continuous transmission mode)
- Built-in baudrate generator (with baudrates of 16/3 to 8192/3 tCYC)

## ■AD Converter: 8 bits × 15 channels

## ■PWM: Multifrequency 12-bit PWM × 4 channels

## ■Remote Control Receiver Circuit (sharing pins with P73, INT3, and T0IN)

- 1) Noise filtering function (noise filter time constant selectable from 1 tCYC, 32 tCYC, and 128 tCYC)
- 2) The noise filtering function is available for the INT3, T0IN, or T0HCP signal at P73. When P73 is read with an instruction, the signal level at that pin is read regardless of the availability of the noise filtering function.

## ■Watchdog Timer

- External RC watchdog timer
- Interrupt and reset signals selectable

## ■Clock Output Function

- 1) Able to output selected oscillation clock 1/1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64 as system clock.
- 2) Able to output oscillation clock of sub clock.

## ■Interrupts

- 29 sources, 10 vector addresses

- 1) Provides three levels (low (L), high (H), and highest (X)) of multiplex interrupt control. Any interrupt requests of the level equal to or lower than the current interrupt are not accepted.
- 2) When interrupt requests to two or more vector addresses occur at the same time, the interrupt of the highest level takes precedence over the other interrupts. For interrupts of the same level, the interrupt into the smallest vector address takes precedence.

No.	Vector Address	Level	Interrupt Source
1	00003H	X or L	INT0
2	0000BH	X or L	INT1
3	00013H	H or L	INT2/T0L/INT4
4	0001BH	H or L	INT3/INT5/base timer0/base timer1
5	00023H	H or L	T0H/INT6
6	0002BH	H or L	T1L/T1H/INT7
7	00033H	H or L	SIO0/UART1 receive/UART2 receive
8	0003BH	H or L	SIO1/SIO2/UART1 transmit/UART2 transmit
9	00043H	H or L	ADC/T6/T7/PWM4, PWM5
10	0004BH	H or L	Port 0/T4/T5/PWM0, PWM1

- Priority levels X > H > L
- Of interrupts of the same level, the one with the smallest vector address takes precedence.

## ■Subroutine Stack Levels: 5120 levels maximum (the stack is allocated in RAM)

## ■High-speed Multiplication/Division Instructions

- 16-bits × 8-bits (5 tCYC execution time)
- 24-bits × 16-bits (12 tCYC execution time)
- 16-bits ÷ 8-bits (8 tCYC execution time)
- 24-bits ÷ 16-bits (12 tCYC execution time)

## ■Oscillation Circuits

- RC oscillation circuit (internal) : For system clock
- CF oscillation circuit : For system clock, with internal Rf
- Crystal oscillation circuit : For low-speed system clock
- Multifrequency RC oscillation circuit (internal) : For system clock

## ■System Clock Divider Function

- Can run on low current.
  - The minimum instruction cycle selectable from 200ns, 400ns, 800ns, 1.6μs, 3.2μs, 6.4μs, 12.8μs, 25.6μs and 51.2μs (at a main clock rate of 15MHz).

## ■Standby Function

- HALT mode: Halts instruction execution while allowing the peripheral circuits to continue operation.
  - 1) Oscillation is not halted automatically.
  - 2) Canceled by a system reset or occurrence of interrupt.
- HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits.
  - 1) The CF, RC, and crystal oscillators automatically stop operation.
  - 2) There are three ways of resetting the HOLD mode.
    - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
    - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins to the specified level
    - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
- X'tal HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits except the base timer.
  - 1) The CF and RC oscillators automatically stop operation.
  - 2) The state of crystal oscillation established when the HOLD mode is entered is retained.
  - 3) There are four ways of resetting the X'tal HOLD mode.
    - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
    - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins to the specified level
    - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
    - (4) Having an interrupt source established in the base timer circuit

## ■On-chip Debugger Function

- Permits software debugging with the test device installed on the target board.

## ■Package Form

- QIP100E(14 × 20) : “Lead-free and halogen-free type”
- TQFP100(14 × 14) : “Lead-free and halogen-free type”

## ■Development Tools

- Evaluation (EVA) chip : LC87EV690
- Emulator : EVA62S + ECB876600D + SUB875C00 + POD100QFP  
ICE-B877300 + SUB875C00 + POD100QFP or POD100SQFP-TypeB
- On-chip-debugger : TCB87-TypeB + LC87F5VP6A

## ■Programming Boards

Package	Programming boards
QIP100E(14 × 20)	W87F52256Q
TQFP100(14 × 14)	W87F52256SQ

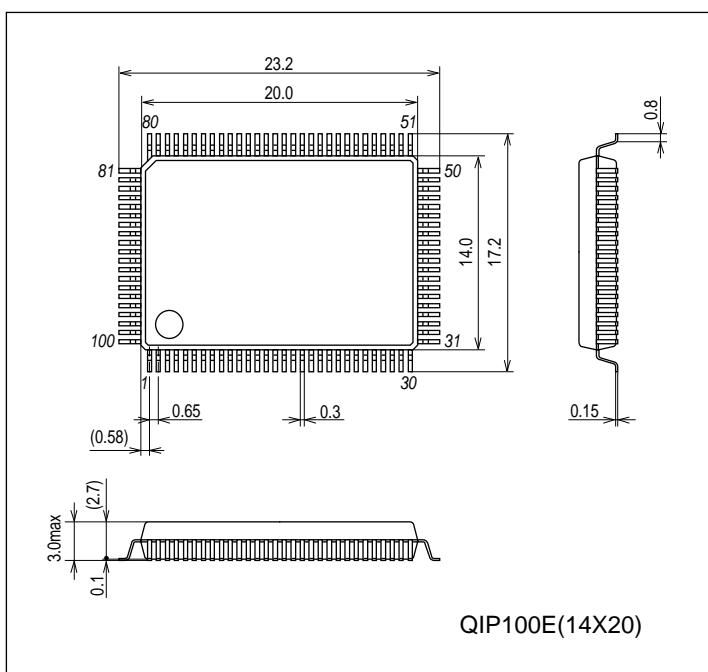
## ■Flash ROM Programmer

Maker	Model	Support version(Note)	Device
Flash Support Group, Inc. (Single)	AF9708/09/09B (including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)		
Flash Support Group, Inc. (Gang)	AF9723(Main body) (including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)		
	AF9833(Unit) (including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)		
Our company	SKK/SKK Type-B/SKK DBG Type-B (SANYO FWS)	Application Version After 1.04 Chip Data Version After 2.20	LC87F5VP6A

## Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)

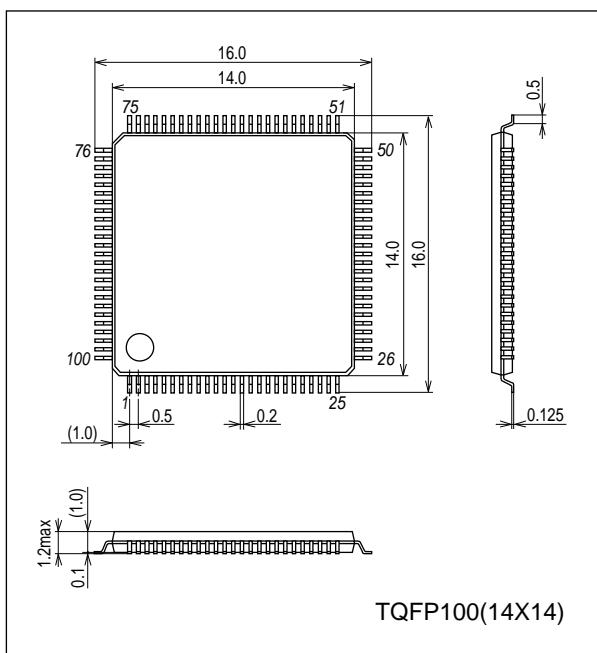
3151A



## Package Dimensions

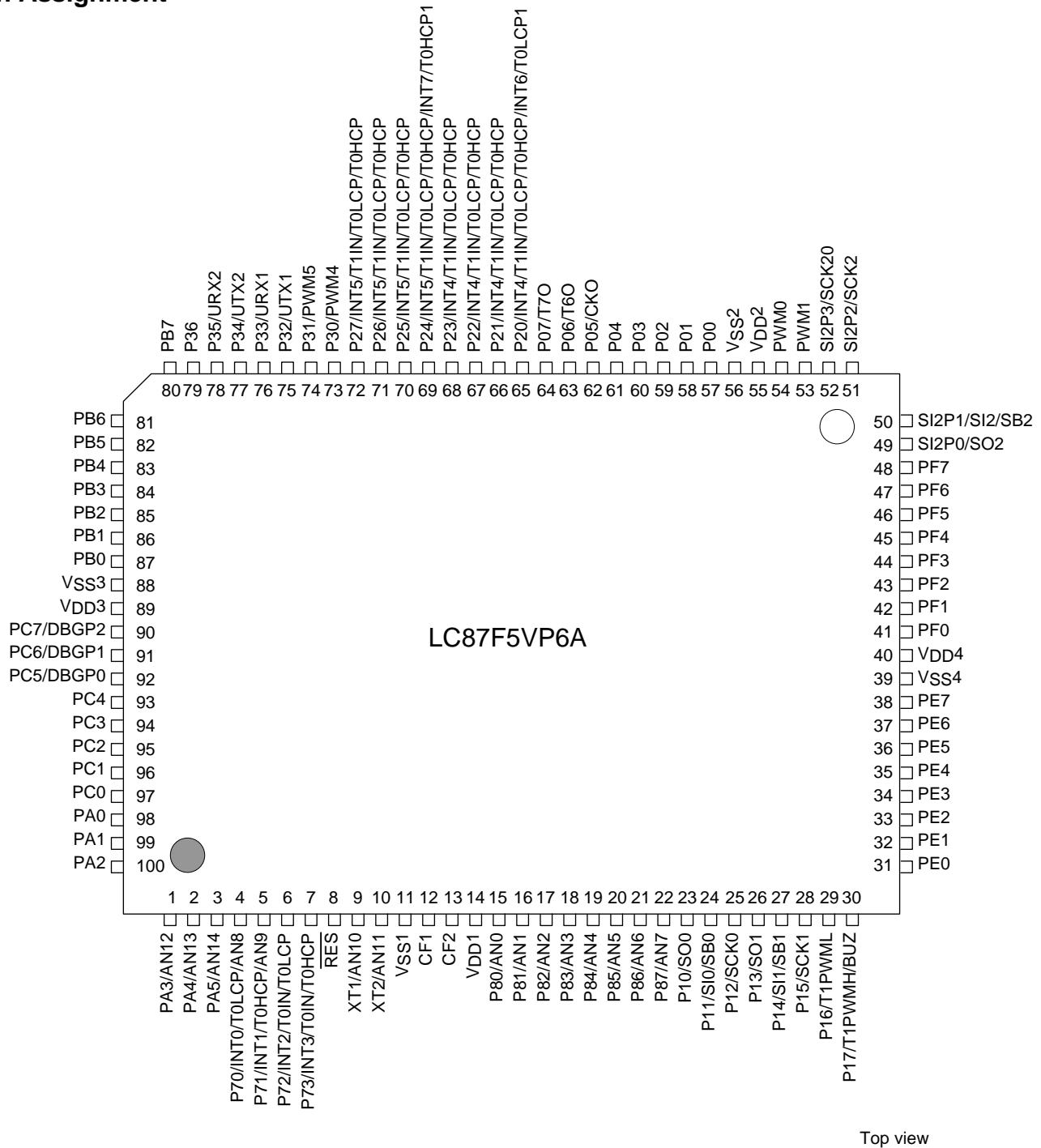
unit : mm (typ)

3274



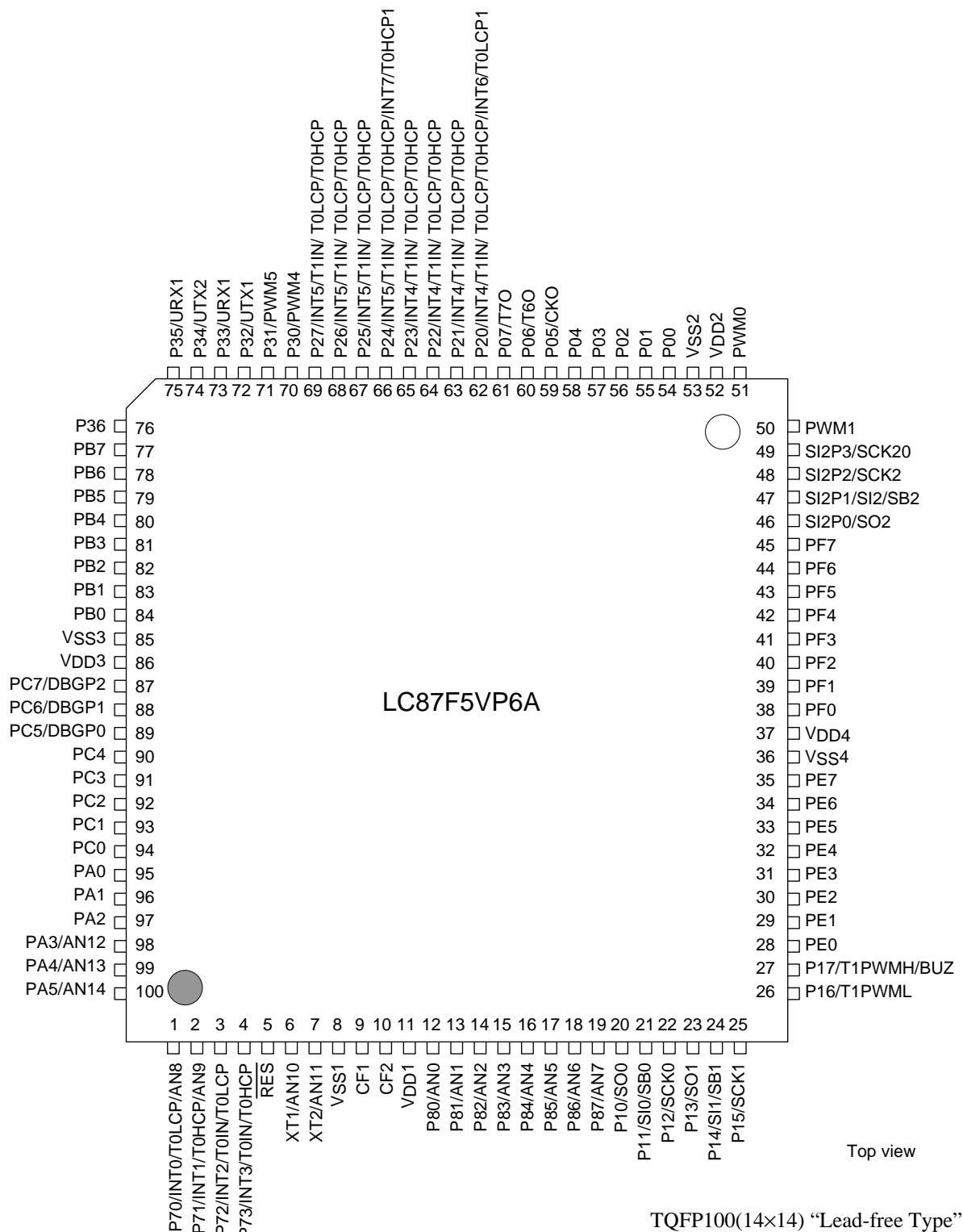
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## Pin Assignment

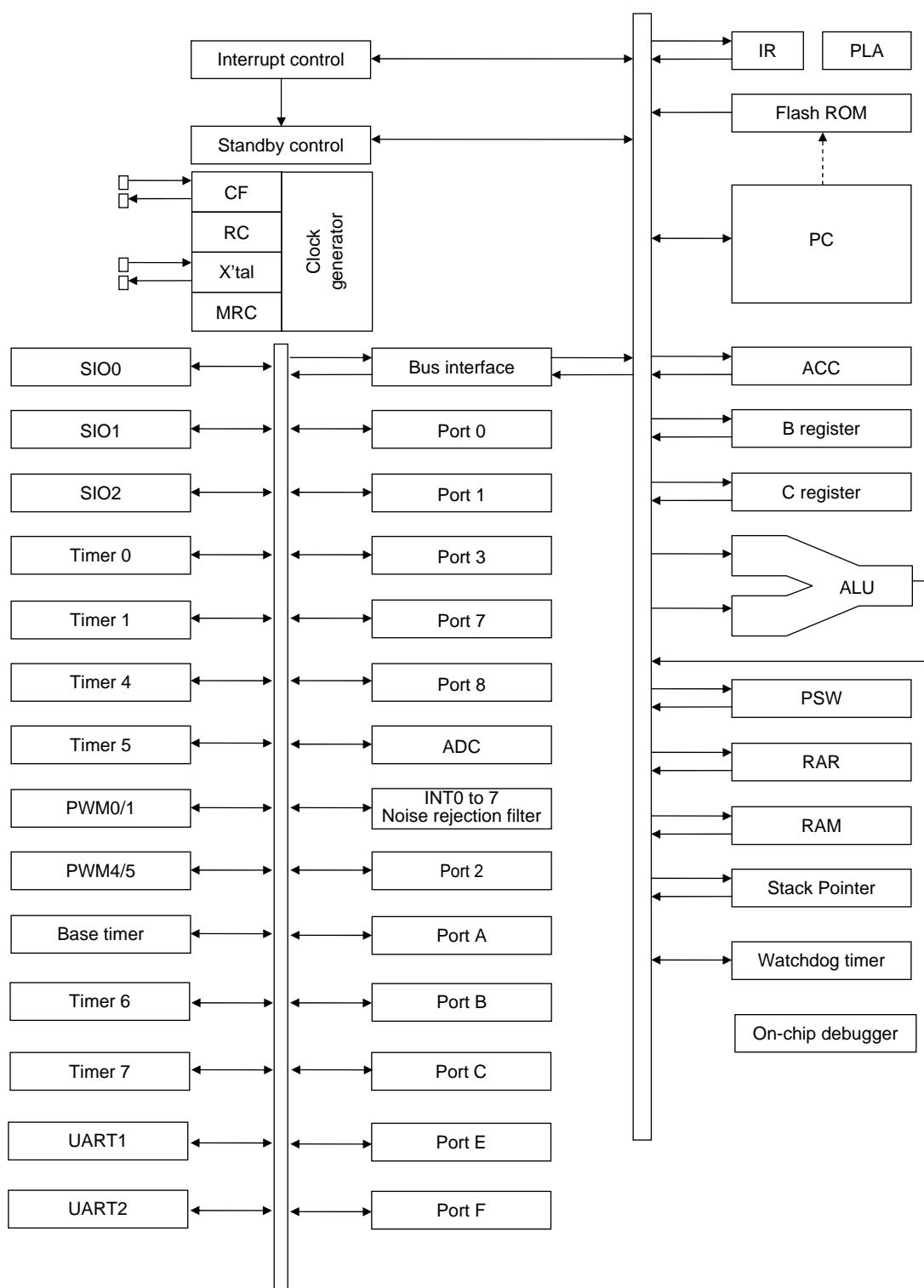


QIP100E(14x20) "Lead-free Type"

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## System Block Diagram



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## Pin Description

Pin Name	I/O	Description	Option																														
V <sub>SS1</sub> , V <sub>SS2</sub> V <sub>SS3</sub> , V <sub>SS4</sub>	-	- Power supply pin	No																														
V <sub>DD1</sub> , V <sub>DD2</sub> V <sub>DD3</sub> , V <sub>DD4</sub>	-	+ Power supply pin	No																														
Port 0  P00 to P07	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 4-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 4-bit units</li> <li>• HOLD release input</li> <li>• Port 0 interrupt input</li> <li>• Pin functions           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>P05: System clock output (system clock/subclock selectable)</li> <li>P06: Timer 6 toggle output</li> <li>P07: Timer 7 toggle output</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Yes																														
Port 1  P10 to P17	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>P10: SIO0 data output</li> <li>P11: SIO0 data input, bus I/O</li> <li>P12: SIO0 clock I/O</li> <li>P13: SIO1 data output</li> <li>P14: SIO1 data input, bus I/O</li> <li>P15: SIO1 clock I/O</li> <li>P16: Timer 1 PWML output</li> <li>P17: Timer 1 PWMH output, Beeper output</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Yes																														
Port 2  P20 to P27	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Other functions           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>P20: INT4 input/HOLD reset input/timer 1 event input/timer 0L capture input/timer 0H capture input/INT6 input/timer 0L capture 1 input</li> <li>P21 to P23: INT4 input/HOLD reset input/timer 1 event input/timer 0L capture input/timer 0H capture input</li> <li>P24: INT5 input/HOLD reset input/timer 1 event input/timer 0L capture input/timer 0H capture input/INT7 input/timer 0H capture 1 input</li> <li>P25 to P27: INT5 input/HOLD reset input/timer 1 event input/timer 0L capture input/timer 0H capture input</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Interrupt acknowledge type           <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th></th><th>Rising</th><th>Falling</th><th>Rising/ Falling</th><th>H level</th><th>L level</th></tr> <tr> <td>INT4</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>disable</td><td>disable</td></tr> <tr> <td>INT5</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>disable</td><td>disable</td></tr> <tr> <td>INT6</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>disable</td><td>disable</td></tr> <tr> <td>INT7</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>disable</td><td>disable</td></tr> </table> </li> </ul>		Rising	Falling	Rising/ Falling	H level	L level	INT4	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	INT5	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	INT6	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	INT7	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	Yes
	Rising	Falling	Rising/ Falling	H level	L level																												
INT4	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable																												
INT5	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable																												
INT6	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable																												
INT7	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable																												
Port 3  P30 to P36	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 7-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>P30: PWM4 output</li> <li>P31: PWM5 output</li> <li>P32: UART1 transmit</li> <li>P33: UART1 receive</li> <li>P34: UART2 transmit</li> <li>P35: UART2 receive</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Yes																														

Continued on next page.

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Pin Name	I/O	Description						Option
Port 7	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Other functions</li> </ul> P70: INT0 input/HOLD release input/Timer 0L capture input/Output for watchdog timer P71: INT1 input/HOLD release input/Timer 0H capture input P72: INT2 input/HOLD release input/Timer 0 event input/Timer 0L capture input P73: INT3 input with noise filter/Timer 0 event input/Timer 0H capture input <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interrupt acknowledge type</li> </ul>						No
P70 to P73								
				Rising	Falling	Rising/ Falling	H level	L level
			INT0	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable
			INT1	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable
			INT2	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable
			INT3	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AD converter input port: AN8 (P70), AN9 (P71)</li> </ul>						
Port 8	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Other functions</li> </ul> P80 to P87: AD converter input port						No
P80 to P87								
Port A	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 6-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Shared pins</li> </ul> AD converter input ports: PA3(AN12) to PA5(AN15)						Yes
PA0 to PA5								
Port B	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> </ul>						Yes
PB0 to PB7								
Port C	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> </ul> DBGP0 to DBGP2 (PC5 to PC7): On-chip Debugger						Yes
PC0 to PC7								
Port E	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 2-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> </ul>						No
PE0 to PE7								
Port F	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 2-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units</li> </ul>						No
PF0 to PF7								
SIO2 Port	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Shared functions:</li> </ul> S12P0: SIO2 data output S12P1: SIO2 data input, bus input/output S12P2: SIO2 clock input/output S12P3: SIO2 clock output						No
S12P0 to S12P3								
PWM0, PWM1	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PWM0, PWM1 output port</li> <li>• General-purpose I/O available</li> </ul>						No
RES	I	Reset pin						No
XT1	I	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Input terminal for 32.768kHz X'tal oscillation</li> <li>• Shared functions:</li> </ul> AN10: AD converter input port General-purpose input port Must be connected to V <sub>DD</sub> 1 if not to be used.						No
XT2	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Output terminal for 32.768kHz X'tal oscillation</li> <li>• Shared functions:</li> </ul> AN11: AD converter input port General-purpose I/O port Must be set for oscillation and kept open if not to be used.						No
CF1	I	Ceramic resonator input pin						No
CF2	O	Ceramic resonator output pin						No

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## Port Output Types

The table below lists the types of port outputs and the presence/absence of a pull-up resistor. Data can be read into any input port even if it is in the output mode.

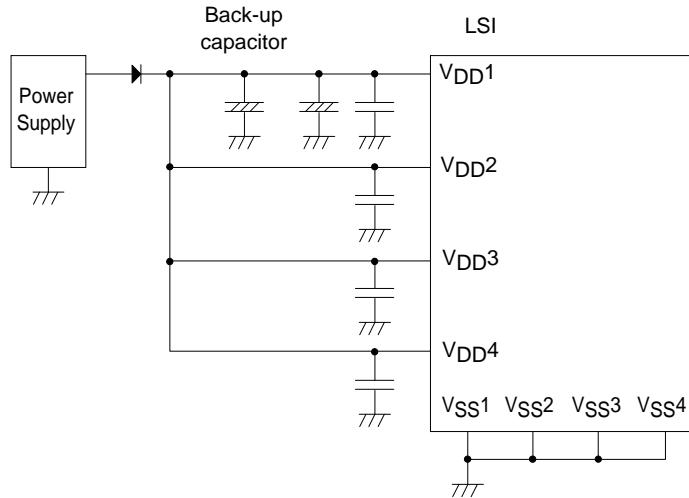
Port	Options Selected in Units of	Option Type	Output Type	Pull-up Resistor
P00 to P07	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable (Note 1)
		2	N-channel open drain	No
P10 to P17	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
P20 to P27	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
P30 to P36	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
P70	-	No	N-channel open drain	Programmable
P71 to P73	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
P80 to P87	-	No	N-channel open drain	No
PA0 to PA5	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
PB0 to PB7	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
PC0 to PC7	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
PE0 to PE7	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
PF0 to PF7	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
SI2P0, SI2P2 SI2P3	-	No	CMOS	No
SI2P1	-	No	CMOS (when selected as ordinary port) N-channel open drain (When SIO2 data is selected)	No
PWM0, PWM1	-	No	CMOS	No
XT1	-	No	Input only	No
XT2	-	No	Output for 32.768kHz quartz oscillator N-channel open drain (when in general-purpose No output mode)	No

Note 1: Programmable pull-up resistors for port 0 are controlled in 4-bit units (P00 to 03, P04 to 07).

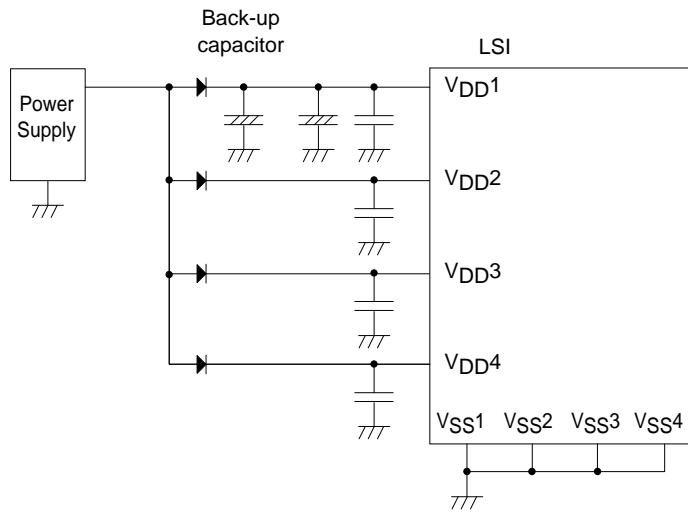
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\*1: Make the following connection to minimize the noise input to the VDD1 pin and prolong the backup time.  
Be sure to electrically short the VSS1, VSS2, VSS3 and VSS4 pins.

(Example 1) When backup is active in the HOLD mode, the high level of the port outputs is supplied by the backup capacitors.



(Example 2) The high-level output at the ports is unstable when the HOLD mode backup is in effect.



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**Absolute Maximum Ratings** at  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = V_{SS4} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max
Maximum Supply voltage	$V_{DD \text{ max}}$	$V_{DD1}, V_{DD2}, V_{DD3}, V_{DD4}$	$V_{DD1}=V_{DD2}=V_{DD3}=V_{DD4}$		-0.3		+6.5
Input voltage	$V_I(1)$	XT1, CF1			-0.3		$V_{DD}+0.3$
Input/Output Voltage	$V_{IO}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 7, 8 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1, XT2			-0.3		$V_{DD}+0.3$
High level output current	Peak output current	IOPH(1) IOPH(2) IOPH(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1 P71 to P73	CMOS output select per 1 application pin Per 1 application pin. Per 1 application pin.		-10 -20 -5	
	Average output current (Note1-1)	IOM(1) IOM(2) IOM(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1 P71 to P73	CMOS output select per 1 application pin Per 1 application pin. Per 1 application pin.		-7.5	
	Total output current	$\Sigma I_{OAH}(1)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(2)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(3)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(4)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(5)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(6)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(7)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(8)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(9)$ $\Sigma I_{OAH}(10)$	P71 to P73 PWM0, PWM1 SI2P0 to SI2P3 Port 0 Port 0 PWM0, PWM1 SI2P0 to SI2P3 Ports 2, 3, B Ports A, C Ports 2, 3, A, B, C Port F Ports 1, E Ports 1, E, F	Total of all applicable pins Total of all applicable pins		-10 -25 -25 -45 -25 -25 -45 -25 -25 -45	
	Peak output current	IOPL(1) IOPL(2) IOPL(3)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2, 3 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1 P00, P01 Ports 7, 8, XT2	Per 1 application pin. Per 1 application pin. Per 1 application pin.			20
	Average output current (Note1-1)	IOML(1) IOML(2) IOML(3)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2, 3 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1 P00, P01 Ports 7, 8, XT2	Per 1 application pin. Per 1 application pin. Per 1 application pin.			30 10 15 20 7.5

Note 1-1: Average output current is average of current in 100ms interval.

Continued on next page.

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Continued from preceding page.

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
				V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	min	typ	max
Low level output current	ΣIOAL(1)	Port 7, XT2	Total of all applicable pins				15
	ΣIOAL(2)	Port 8	Total of all applicable pins				15
	ΣIOAL(3)	Ports 7, 8, XT2	Total of all applicable pins				20
	ΣIOAL(4)	PWM0, PWM1 SI2P0 to SI2P3	Total of all applicable pins				45
	ΣIOAL(5)	Port 0	Total of all applicable pins				45
	ΣIOAL(6)	Port 0 PWM0, PWM1 SI2P0 to SI2P3	Total of all applicable pins				80
	ΣIOAL(7)	Ports 2, 3, B	Total of all applicable pins				45
	ΣIOAL(8)	Ports A, C	Total of all applicable pins				45
	ΣIOAL(9)	Ports 2, 3, A, B, C	Total of all applicable pins				80
	ΣIOAL(10)	Port F	Total of all applicable pins				45
	ΣIOAL(11)	Ports 1, E	Total of all applicable pins				45
	ΣIOAL(12)	Ports 1, E, F	Total of all applicable pins				80
Maximum power dissipation	Pd max	QIP100E(14x20) TQFP100(14x14)	Ta=-40 to +85°C				320
							238
Operating ambient temperature	Topr			-40		+85	°C
Storage ambient temperature	Tstg			-55		+125	

Note 1-1: Average output current is average of current in 100ms interval.

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

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## Recommended Operating Conditions at $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = V_{SS4} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				unit
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max	
Operating supply voltage (Note2-1)	$V_{DD}(1)$	$V_{DD1}=V_{DD2}=V_{DD3}=V_{DD4}$	$0.196\mu\text{s} \leq t_{CYC} \leq 200\mu\text{s}$		3.0		5.5	V
			$0.245\mu\text{s} \leq t_{CYC} \leq 200\mu\text{s}$		2.8		5.5	
			$0.367\mu\text{s} \leq t_{CYC} \leq 200\mu\text{s}$		2.5		5.5	
Memory sustaining supply voltage	$V_{HD}$	$V_{DD1}=V_{DD2}=V_{DD3}=V_{DD4}$	RAM and register contents in HOLD mode.		2.0		5.5	
High level input voltage	$V_{IH}(1)$	Ports 1, 2, 3 SI2P0 to SI2P3 P71 to P73 P70 port input/interrupt side		2.5 to 5.5	$0.3V_{DD} + 0.7$		$V_{DD}$	V
	$V_{IH}(2)$	Ports 0, 8 Ports A, B, C, E, F PWM0, PWM1		2.5 to 5.5	$0.3V_{DD} + 0.7$		$V_{DD}$	
	$V_{IH}(3)$	P70 Watchdog timer side		2.5 to 5.5	$0.9V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$	
	$V_{IH}(4)$	XT1, XT2, CF1, <u>RES</u>		2.5 to 5.5	$0.75V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$	
Low level input voltage	$V_{IL}(1)$	Ports 1, 2, 3 SI2P0 to SI2P3 P71 to P73 P70 port input/interrupt		4.0 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$0.1V_{DD} + 0.4$	V
				2.5 to 4.0	$V_{SS}$		$0.2V_{DD}$	
	$V_{IL}(2)$	Ports 0, 8 Ports A, B, C, E, F PWM0, PWM1		4.0 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$0.15V_{DD} + 0.4$	
				2.5 to 4.0	$V_{SS}$		$0.2V_{DD}$	
Instruction cycle time (Note2-2)	$t_{CYC}$			2.5 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$0.8V_{DD} - 1.0$	$\mu\text{s}$
				2.5 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$0.25V_{DD}$	
External system clock frequency	FEXCF(1)	CF1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CF2 pin open</li> <li>System clock frequency division rate=1/1</li> <li>External system clock duty=50±5%</li> </ul>	3.0 to 5.5	0.1		15	MHz
				2.8 to 5.5	0.1		12	
				2.5 to 5.5	0.1		8	
				3.0 to 5.5	0.2		30	
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CF2 pin open</li> <li>System clock frequency division rate=1/2</li> </ul>	2.8 to 5.5	0.2		24	
				2.5 to 5.5	0.2		16	
				3.0 to 5.5		15		MHz
				2.8 to 5.5		12		
Oscillation frequency Range (Note2-3)	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	15MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.5 to 5.5		8		
	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	12MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.5 to 5.5		1.0	2.0	
	FmCF(3)	CF1, CF2	8MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.5 to 5.5		16		
	FmRC		Internal RC oscillation	2.5 to 5.5	0.3			
	FmMRC		Frequency variable RC oscillation source oscillation	2.5 to 5.5		32.768		
	FsX'tal	XT1, XT2	32.768kHz crystal oscillation. See Fig. 2.	2.5 to 5.5				kHz

Note 2-1:  $V_{DD}$  must be held greater than or equal to 2.7V in the flash ROM onboard programming mode.

Note 2-2: Relationship between  $t_{CYC}$  and oscillation frequency is  $3/F_{mCF}$  at a division ratio of 1/1 and  $6/F_{mCF}$  at a division ratio of 1/2.

Note 2-3: See Tables 1 and 2 for the oscillation constants.

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## Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = V_{SS4} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max
High level input current	$I_{IH}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 7, 8 Ports A, B, C SI2P0 to SI2P3 $\overline{RES}$ PWM0, PWM1	Output disable Pull-up resistor OFF $V_{IN}=V_{DD}$ (including the off-leak current of the output Tr.)	2.5 to 5.5			1
	$I_{IH}(2)$	XT1, XT2	Using as an input port $V_{IN}=V_{DD}$	2.5 to 5.5			1
	$I_{IH}(3)$	CF1	$V_{IN}=V_{DD}$	2.5 to 5.5			15
Low level input current	$I_{IL}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 7, 8 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 $\overline{RES}$ PWM0, PWM1	Output disable Pull-up resistor OFF $V_{IN}=V_{SS}$ (including the off-leak current of the output Tr.)	2.5 to 5.5	-1		
	$I_{IL}(2)$	XT1, XT2	Using as an input port $V_{IN}=V_{SS}$	2.5 to 5.5	-1		
	$I_{IL}(3)$	CF1	$V_{IN}=V_{SS}$	2.5 to 5.5	-15		
High level output voltage	$V_{OH}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	$I_{OH}=-1.0\text{mA}$	4.5 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-1$		
	$V_{OH}(2)$	Ports A, B, C, E, F	$I_{OH}=-0.4\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$		
	$V_{OH}(3)$	SI2P0 to SI2P	$I_{OH}=-0.2\text{mA}$	2.5 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$		
	$V_{OH}(4)$	Ports 71, 72, 73	$I_{OH}=-0.4\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$		
	$V_{OH}(5)$		$I_{OH}=-0.2\text{mA}$	2.5 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$		
	$V_{OH}(6)$	PWM0, PWM1	$I_{OH}=-10\text{mA}$	4.5 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-1.5$		
	$V_{OH}(7)$	P30, P31(PWM4, 5 output mode)	$I_{OH}=-1.6\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$		
	$V_{OH}(8)$		$I_{OH}=-1.0\text{mA}$	2.5 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$		
Low level output voltage	$V_{OL}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	$I_{OL}=10\text{mA}$	4.5 to 5.5			1.5
	$V_{OL}(2)$	Ports A, B, C, E, F	$I_{OL}=1.6\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5			0.4
	$V_{OL}(3)$	SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1,	$I_{OL}=1.0\text{mA}$	2.5 to 5.5			0.4
	$V_{OL}(4)$	P00, P01	$I_{OL}=30\text{mA}$	4.5 to 5.5			1.5
	$V_{OL}(5)$		$I_{OL}=5.0\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5			0.4
	$V_{OL}(6)$		$I_{OL}=2.5\text{mA}$	2.5 to 5.5			0.4
	$V_{OL}(7)$	Ports 7, 8, XT2	$I_{OL}=1.6\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5			0.4
	$V_{OL}(8)$		$I_{OL}=1.0\text{mA}$	2.5 to 5.5			0.4
Pull-up resistation	Rpu(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	$V_{OH}=0.9V_{DD}$	4.5 to 5.5	15	35	80
	Rpu(2)	Port 7 Ports A, B, C, E, F		2.5 to 5.5	15	35	120
Hysteresis voltage	VHYS	$\overline{RES}$ Ports 1, 2, 7 SI2P0 to SI2P3		2.5 to 5.5		0.1 $V_{DD}$	
Pin capacitance	CP	All pins	• For pins other than that under test: $V_{IN}=V_{SS}$ • f=1MHz • $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.5 to 5.5		10	pF

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**Serial I/O Characteristics** at  $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = V_{SS4} = 0\text{V}$

## 1. SIO0 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-1-1)

Parameter		Symbol	Pins /Remarks	Conditions	$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	Specification			
						min	typ	max	unit
Serial clock	Input clock	Frequency	tSCK(1)	SCK0(P12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.5 to 5.5	2		
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(1)				1		
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(1)				1		
			tSCKHA(1a)				4		
			tSCKHA(1b)				6		
	Output clock	Frequency	tSCK(2)	SCK0(P12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS output selected.</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.5 to 5.5	4/3		
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(2)				1/2		tSCK
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(2)				1/2		
			tSCKHA(2a)				tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tCYC
			tSCKHA(2b)				tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		
Serial input	Data setup time	tsDI(1)	SI0(P11), SB0(P11)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK</li> <li>• See fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.5 to 5.5	0.03			$\mu\text{s}$
	Data hold time	thDI(1)				0.03			
Serial output	Input clock	Output delay time	tdD0(1)	SO0(P10), SB0(P11)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continuous data transmission/reception mode</li> <li>• (Note 4-1-3)</li> </ul>	2.5 to 5.5			$(1/3)t\text{CYC} +0.05$
			tdD0(2)						
			tdD0(3)						
	Output clock				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Synchronous 8-bit mode.</li> <li>• (Note 4-1-3)</li> </ul>				$1t\text{CYC} +0.05$
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Note 4-1-3)</li> </ul>				$(1/3)t\text{CYC} +0.05$

Note 4-1-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-1-2: To use serial-clock-input in continuous trans/rec mode, a time from SI0RUN being set when serial clock is "H" to the first negative edge of the serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

Note 4-1-3: Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK. Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

## 2. SIO1 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-2-1)

Parameter		Symbol	Pins/ Remarks	Conditions	V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	Specification					
						min	typ	max	unit		
Serial clock	Input clock	Frequency	Tsck(3)	SCK1(P15)	• See Fig. 6.	2.5 to 5.5	2			tCYC	
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(3)				1				
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(3)				1				
	Output clock	Frequency	tSCK(4)	SCK1(P15)	• CMOS output selected. • See Fig. 6.	2.5 to 5.5	2			tSCK	
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(4)				1/2				
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(4)				1/2				
Serial input	Data setup time	tsDI(2)	SI1(P14), SB1(P14)	• Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See fig. 6.	2.5 to 5.5	0.03				μs	
	Data hold time	thDI(2)				0.03					
Serial output	Output delay time	tdD0(4)	SO1(P13), SB1(P14)	• Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK • Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. • See Fig. 6.	2.5 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05			

Note 4-2-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

## 3. SIO2 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-3-1)

Parameter		Symbol	Pins/ Remarks	Conditions	Specification					
					V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	min.	typ	max.	unit	
Serial clock	Input clock	Frequency	tSCK(5)	SCK2 (SI2P2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.5 to 5.5	2			tCYC
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(5)				1			
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(5)				1			
			tSCKHA(5a)							
			tSCKHA(5b)				4			
	Output clock O	Frequency	tSCK(6)	SCK2 (SI2P2), SCK2O (SI2P3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS output selected.</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.5 to 5.5	4/3			tSCK
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(6)				1/2			
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(6)				1/2			
			tSCKHA(6a)				tSCKH(6) +(5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(6) +(10/3)tCYC	
			tSCKHA(6b)				tSCKH(6) +(5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(6) +(19/3)tCYC	
Serial input	Data setup time	tsDI(3)	SI2(SI2P1), SB2(SI2P1)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK</li> <li>• See fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.5 to 5.5	0.03			μs
	Data hold Time	thDI(3)					0.03			
Serial output	Output delay time	tdD0(5)	SO2 (SI2P0), SB2(SI2P1)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK</li> <li>• Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode.</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.5 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	

Note 4-3-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-3-2: To use serial-clock-input , a time from SI2RUN being set when serial clock is "H" to the first negative edge of the serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

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## Pulse Input Conditions at $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = V_{SS4} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max
High/low level pulse width	tPIH(1)	INT0(P70), INT1(P71), INT2(P72) INT4(P20 to P23), INT5(P24 to P27), INT6(P20) INT7(P24)	• Interrupt source flag can be set. • Event inputs for timer 0 or 1 are enabled.	2.5 to 5.5	1		
	tPIL(1)	INT3(P73) when noise filter time constant is 1/1.	• Interrupt source flag can be set. • Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.				
	tPIH(3)	INT3(P73)(The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/32.)	• Interrupt source flag can be set. • Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.				
	tPIL(4)	INT3(P73)(The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/128.)	• Interrupt source flag can be set. • Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.				
	tPIL(5)	RES	Reset acceptable.		200		μs

## AD Converter Characteristics at $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = V_{SS4} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max
Resolution	N	AN0(P80) to AN7(P87), AN8(P70),	3.0 to 5.5		8		bit
Absolute accuracy	ET		(Note 6-1)	3.0 to 5.5			±1.5
Conversion time	TCAD	AN9(P71), AN10(XT1), AN11(XT2), AN12(PA3), AN13(PA4), AN14(PA5)	AD conversion time=32xtCYC (when ADCR2=0) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	11.74 (tCYC= 0.367μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 3.06μs)
				3.0 to 5.5	23.53 (tCYC= 0.735μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 3.06μs)
			AD conversion time=64xtCYC (when ADCR2=1) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	15.68 (tCYC= 0.245μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 1.53μs)
				3.0 to 5.5	23.49 (tCYC= 0.367μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 1.53μs)
Analog input voltage range	VAIN			3.0 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$V_{DD}$
Analog port input current	IAINH		VAIN= $V_{DD}$	3.0 to 5.5			1
	IAINL		VAIN= $V_{SS}$	3.0 to 5.5	-1		μA

Note 6-1: The quantization error ( $\pm 1/2 \text{ LSB}$ ) is excluded from the absolute accuracy value.

Note 6-2: The conversion time refers to the interval from the time the instruction for starting the converter is issued till the complete digital value corresponding to the analog input value is loaded in the required register.

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## Consumption Current Characteristics at $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = V_{SS4} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification						
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max			
Normal mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDOP(1)	$V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = V_{DD3} = V_{DD4}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=15MHz ceramic oscillation mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 15MHz side</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• frequency variable RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division ratio.</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		12.3	23.5	mA		
				3.0 to 4.5		7	17.2			
	IDDOP(2)			4.5 to 5.5		11.1	22.5			
				2.8 to 4.5		6.3	16.3			
	IDDOP(3)			4.5 to 5.5		8.2	17.0			
				2.5 to 4.5		4.5	12.0			
	IDDOP(4)			4.5 to 5.5		1.2	5.5			
				2.5 to 4.5		0.68	4.0			
	IDDOP(5)			4.5 to 5.5		1.5	6.5			
				2.5 to 4.5		0.8	5.2			
	IDDOP(6)			4.5 to 5.5		47	150	$\mu\text{A}$		
				2.5 to 4.5		25	100			
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(1)	$V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = V_{DD3} = V_{DD4}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=15MHz ceramic oscillation mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 15MHz side</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• frequency variable RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division ratio.</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		5	9.5	mA		
				3.0 to 5.5		2.7	5.2			
	IDDHALT(2)			4.5 to 5.5		3.6	8.5			
				2.8 to 5.5		2.1	4.6			
	IDDHALT(3)			4.5 to 5.5						
				3.0 to 5.5						
				2.8 to 5.5						

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors

Continued on next page.

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Continued from preceding page.

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	min	typ	max	
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(4)	V <sub>DD1</sub> =V <sub>DD2</sub> =V <sub>DD3</sub> =V <sub>DD4</sub>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=8MHz ceramic oscillation mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• System clock set to 8MHz side</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• frequency variable RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division ratio.</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		1.1	3.2	mA
	IDDHALT(5)			2.5 to 4.5		0.57	1.6	
	IDDHALT(6)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• System clock set to internal RC oscillation</li> <li>• frequency variable RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/2 frequency division ratio.</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		0.38	1.1	
	IDDHALT(7)			2.5 to 4.5		0.19	0.9	
	IDDHALT(8)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• System clock set to 1MHz with frequency variable RC oscillation</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/2 frequency division ratio.</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		1.15	4.3	
	IDDHALT(9)			2.5 to 4.5		0.57	3.1	
	IDDHALT(10)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz side.</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• frequency variable RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/2 frequency division ratio.</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		21	100	μA
	IDDHALT(11)			2.5 to 4.5		6	90	
HOLD mode consumption current	IDDHOLD(1)	V <sub>DD1</sub>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HOLD mode</li> <li>• CF1=V<sub>DD</sub> or open (External clock mode)</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		0.08	40	μA
	IDDHOLD(2)			2.5 to 4.5		0.04	28	
Timer HOLD mode consumption current	IDDHOLD(3)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Timer HOLD mode</li> <li>• CF1=V<sub>DD</sub> or open (External clock mode)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz by crystal oscillation mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		19	95	
	IDDHOLD(4)			2.5 to 4.5		5	85	

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors

## F-ROM Programming Characteristics at Ta = +10°C to +55°C, V<sub>SS1</sub> = V<sub>SS2</sub> = V<sub>SS3</sub> = V<sub>SS4</sub> = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	min	typ	max	
Onboard programming current	IDDFW(1)	V <sub>DD1</sub>	• Without CPU current	2.7 to 5.5		8	15	mA
Programming time	tFW(1)		• Erasing	2.7 to 5.5		20	30	ms
	tFW(2)		• programming	2.7 to 5.5		40	60	μs

## UART (Full Duplex) Operating Conditions at $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = V_{SS4} = 0\text{V}$

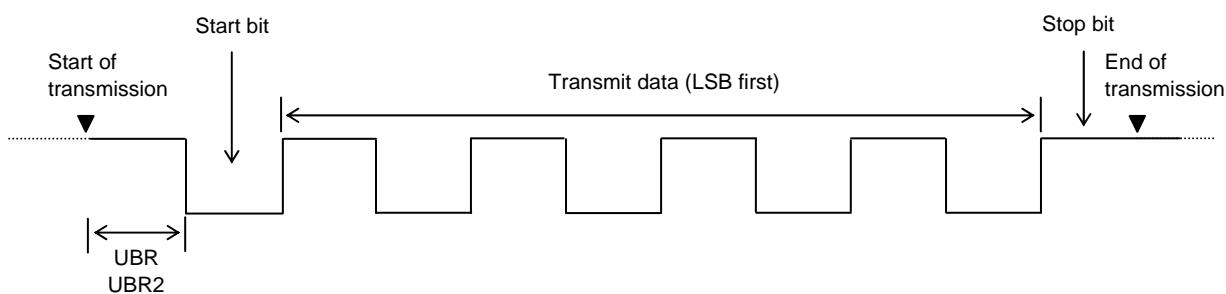
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max
Transfer rate	UBR, UBR2	UTX1(P32), RTX1(P33), UTX2(P33), RTX2(P34)		2.5 to 5.5	16/3		8192/3 tCYC

Data length : 7/8/9 bits (LSB first)

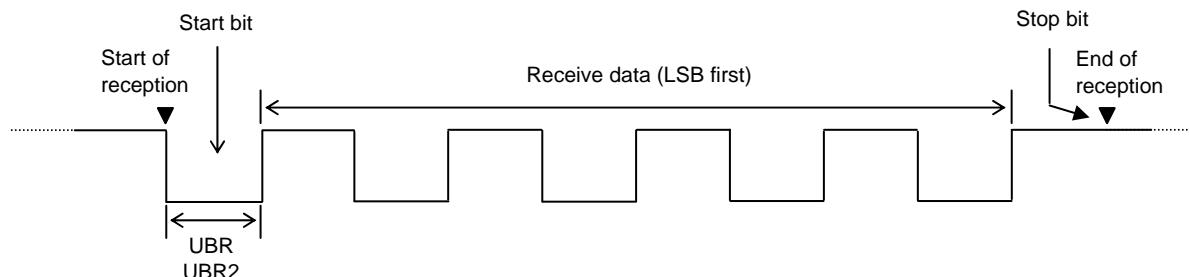
Stop bits : 1-bit (2-bit in continuous data transmission)

Parity bits : None

Example of Continuous 8-bit Data Transmission Mode Processing (First Transmit Data = 55H)



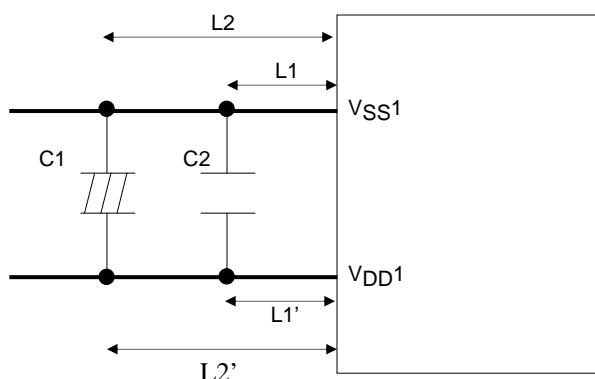
Example of Continuous 8-bit Data Reception Mode Processing (First Receive Data = 55H)



## V<sub>DD1</sub>, V<sub>SS1</sub> Terminal Condition

It is necessary to place capacitors between V<sub>DD1</sub> and V<sub>SS1</sub> as described below.

- Place capacitors as close to V<sub>DD1</sub> and V<sub>SS1</sub> as possible.
- Place capacitors so that the length of each terminal to the each leg of the capacitor be equal ( $L_1 = L_1'$ ,  $L_2 = L_2'$ ).
- Place high capacitance capacitor C1 and low capacitance capacitor C2 in parallel.
- Capacitance of C2 must be more than  $0.1\mu\text{F}$ .
- Use thicker pattern for V<sub>DD1</sub> and V<sub>SS1</sub>.



## Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillation Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample main system clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 1 Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Ceramic Oscillator

Nominal Frequency	Vendor Name	Oscillator Name	Circuit Constant				Operating Voltage Range [V]	Oscillation Stabilization Time		Remarks
			C1 [pF]	C2 [pF]	Rf1 [Ω]	Rd1 [Ω]		typ [ms]	max [ms]	
15MHz	MURATA	CSTCE15M0V53-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	470	2.8 to 5.5	0.05	0.5	Internal C1,C2
12MHz		CSTCE12M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	470	2.5 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2
10MHz		CSTCE10M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	680	2.4 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2
8MHz		CTLS10M0G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	680	2.5 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2
		CSTCE8M00G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	1k	2.3 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2
		CTLS8M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1k	2.5 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2
		CSTCR4M00G53-R0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	2.2 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2
4MHz		CTLS4M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	2.2 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after VDD goes above the operating voltage lower limit (see Fig. 4).

## Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample subsystem clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 2 Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Crystal Oscillator

Nominal Frequency	Vendor Name	Oscillator Name	Circuit Constant				Operating Voltage Range [V]	Oscillation Stabilization Time		Remarks
			C3 [pF]	C4 [pF]	Rf2 [Ω]	Rd2 [Ω]		typ [s]	max [s]	
32.768kHz	EPSON TOYOCOM	MC-306	18	18	Open	560k	2.2 to 5.5	1.5	3.0	Applicable CL value=12.5pF

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the instruction for starting the subclock oscillation circuit is executed and to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the HOLD mode is reset (see Figure. 4).

Note: The components that are involved in oscillation should be placed as close to the IC and to one another as possible because they are vulnerable to the influences of the circuit pattern.

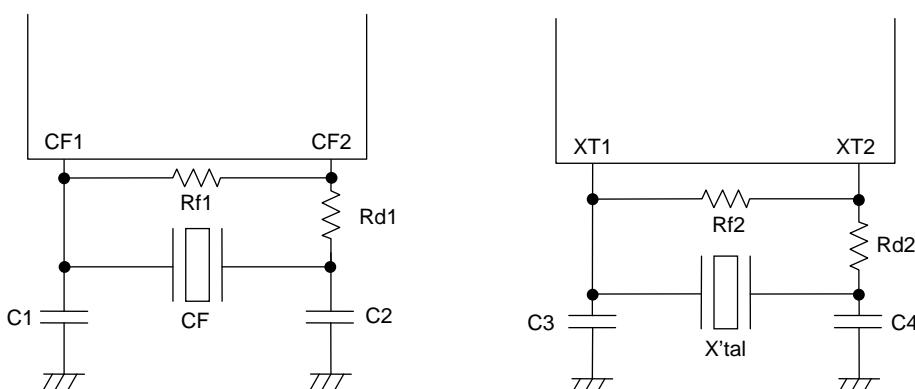


Figure 1 Ceramic Oscillator Circuit

Figure 2 Crystal Oscillator Circuit

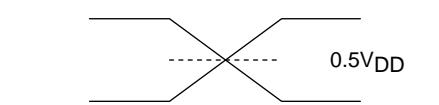
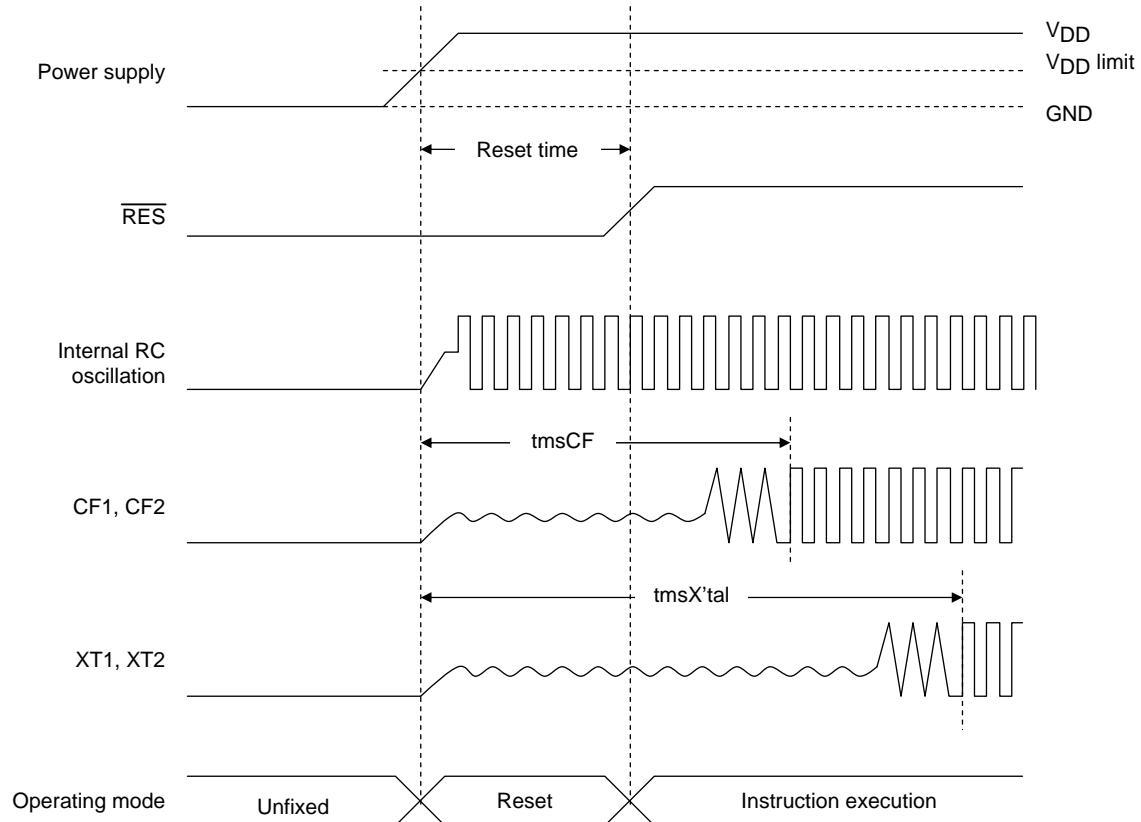
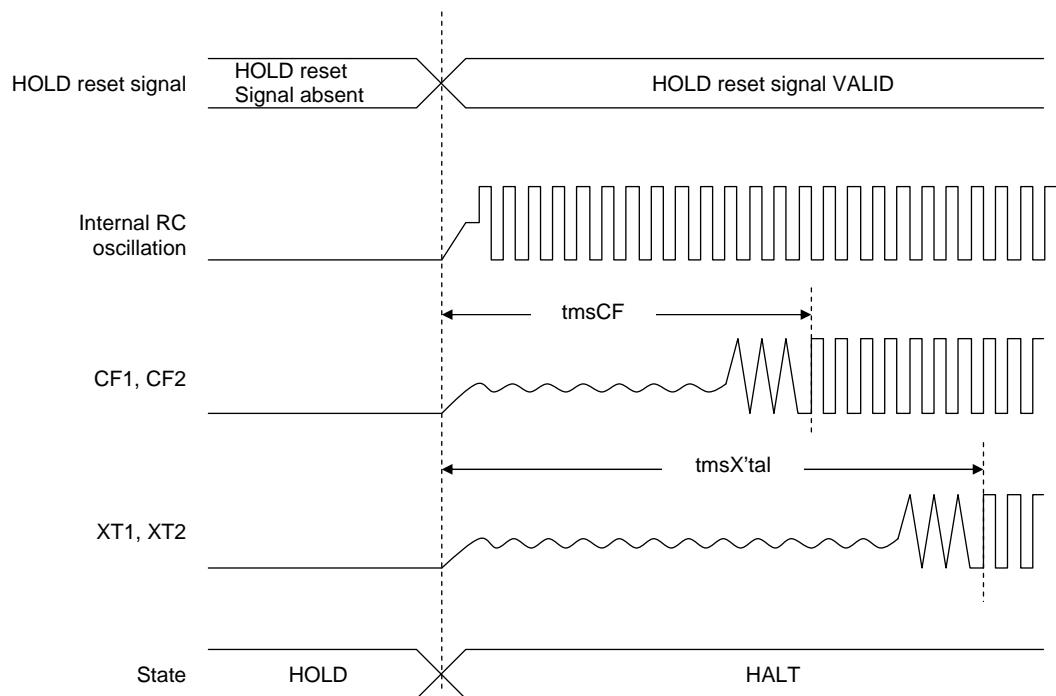


Figure 3 AC Timing Measurement Point

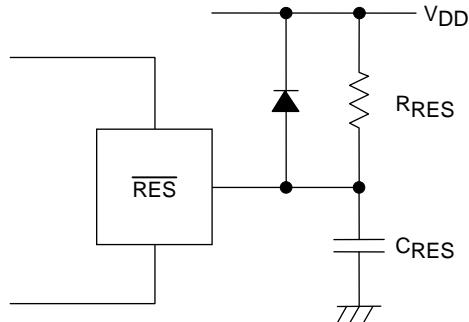


Reset Time and Oscillation Stabilization Time



HOLD Release Signal and Oscillation Stabilization Time

Figure 4 Oscillation Stabilization Times



Note:  
Select  $C_{RES}$  and  $R_{RES}$  value to assure that at least 200 $\mu$ s reset time is generated after the VDD becomes higher than the minimum operating voltage..

Figure 5 Reset Circuit

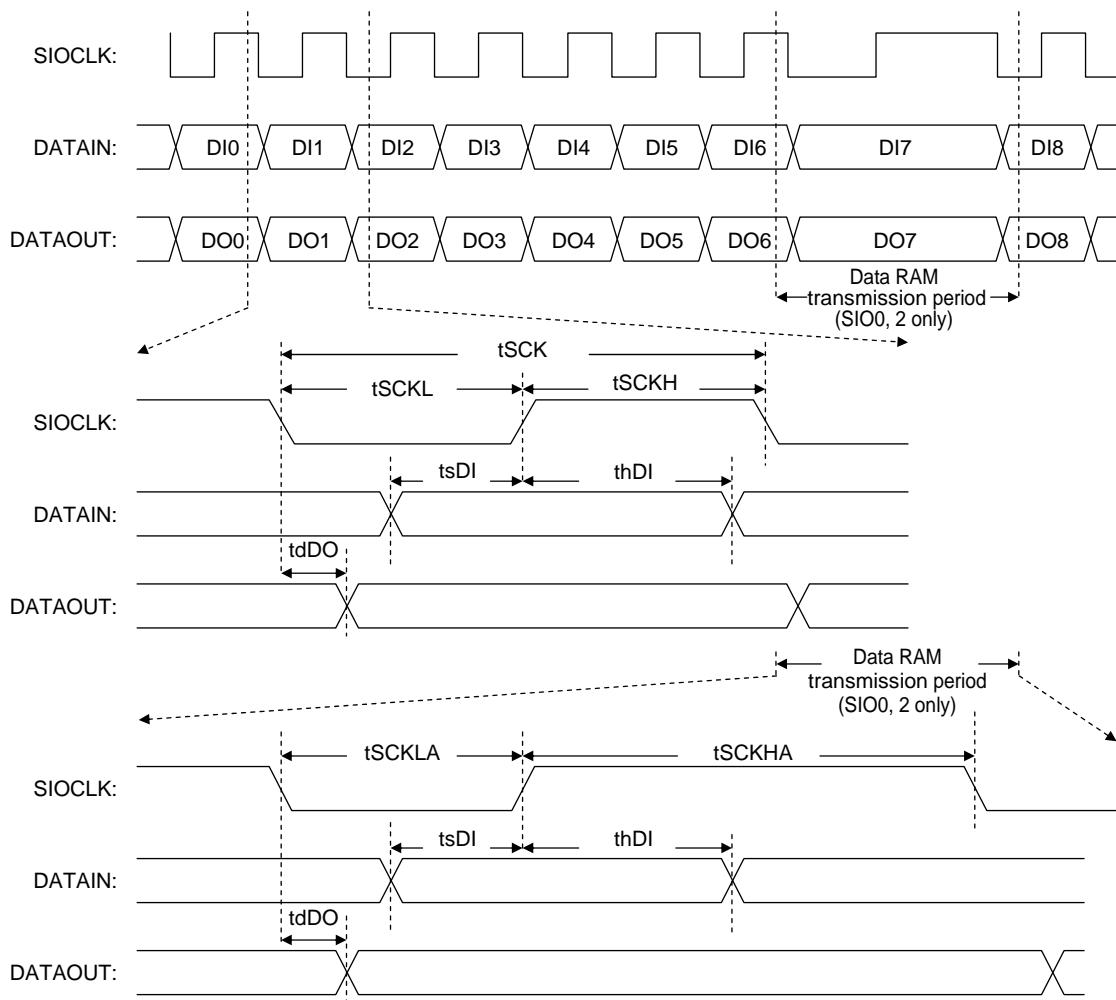


Figure 6 Serial I/O Waveforms

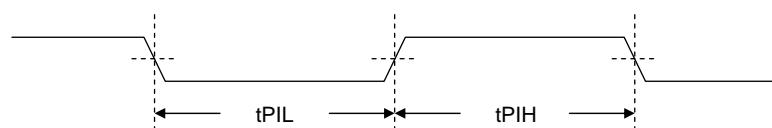


Figure 7 Pulse Input Timing Signal Waveform

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