



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary	Specification

() Final Specification

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BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG DISPLAY Co., Ltd.			
*MODEL	LD420WUN			
SUFFIX	SDA1(RoHS Verified)			

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
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Please return 1 copy for your	confirmation with
your signature and co	omments.

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Apr. 20. 2011	-	Preliminary Specification
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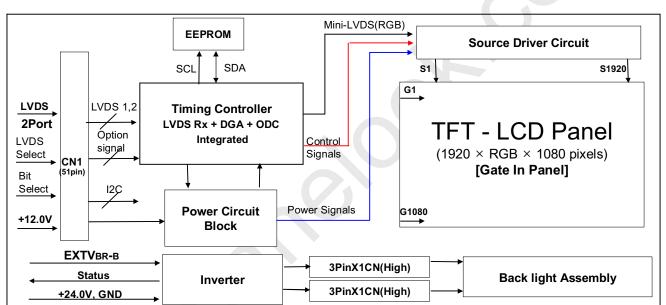
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1. General Description

LD420WUN is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 42 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8bit or 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 1.06Billion of colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 2 port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support Public Display where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast moving picture response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	42.02 inches(1067.31mm) diagonal			
Outline Dimension	956.4(H) x 549.4 (V) x 53.5 mm(D) (Typ.)			
Pixel Pitch	0.4845 mm x 0.4845 mm			
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement			
Color Depth	10bit (D), 1.06Billon colors			
Luminance, White	500 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.)			
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Typ.), U/D 178 (Typ.))			
Power Consumption	Total 175.0 W (Typ.) (Logic = 7.0W, Inverter = 168W [VBR-A=1.65V])			
Weight	10.5Kg (Typ.)			
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black			
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer(Haze10%)			
Possible Display Type	Landscape and Portrait Enabled			

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

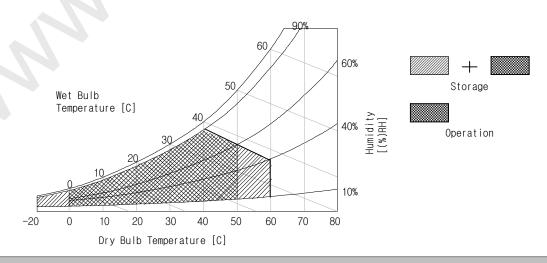
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

14510 11 7	ADOCEOTE MAXIM						
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Value Min Max		Remark	
Power	LCM	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	at 25 ± 2 °C	
Input Voltage	Backlight inverter	VBL	-0.3	+27.0	VDC		
ON/OFF Control Voltage Brightness Control Voltage		VON/OFF	-0.3	+5. 5	VDC		
		VBR	0	+5.0	VDC		
Operating ⁻	Temperature	Тор	0	+50	°C		
Storage Temperature Operating Ambient Humidity		Тѕт	-20	+60	°C	Note 1	
		Нор	10	90	%RH	i note i	
Storage Hu	ımidity	Hst	10	90	%RH		

Notes1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.
- 3. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 50°C condition.
- 4. The maximum operating temperatures is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 68°C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 68°C. The range of operating temperature may degraded in case of improper thermal management in final product design.
- 5. The Blackening of Screen, which caused by phase transition of liquid crystal by external direct light, can be guaranteed up to 80 ℃ in front surface temperature.
 - X Long-term exposure to external direct light may affect the product reliability.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the CCFL backlight and inverter circuit.

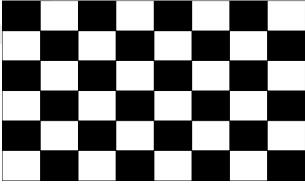
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
i didiffetei	Gymbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	14016	
Circuit :							
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	VDC		
Power Input Current	li on	406	580	754	mA	1	
Power Input Current	ILCD	609	870	1131	mA	2	
Power Consumption	PLCD		7.0	9.1	Watt	1	
Rush current	Irush	-	-	5.0	А	3	

Notes : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 \pm 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min)

White: 1023Gray Black: 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

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Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Por	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes			
Parameter			Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes	
Inverter :									
Power Supply Inpu	Power Supply Input Voltage			22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc	1	
Power Supply Inpu	t Voltage Rip	ple		-	-	0.5	Vp-p	1	
	After Aging		IBL A	-	7	8	Α	V _{BR-A} = 1.65V 1	
Power Supply	After Aging		IBL_A	-	7.4	8.4	А	V _{BR-A} = 3.3V 1	
Input Current	Before Aging		IBL B	-	8.5	9.5	Α	V _{BR-A} = 1.65V 2	
			IDL_B	-	9.5	10.5	Α	V _{BR-A} = 3.3V 2	
Power Supply Inpu	Power Supply Input Current (In-Rush)		Irush	-	-	12.0	А	$V_{BL} = 22.8V$ $V_{BR-B} = 3.3V$ $V_{BR-A} = 1.65V$	
Power Consumption	n		PBL	-	168	192	W	V _{BR-A} = 1.65V 1	
	Brightness	Adjust	VBR-A	0.0	1.65	3.3	Vdc		
Input Voltage for	On/Off	On	V on	2.5		5.0	Vdc		
Control System Signals	eni On/On	Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.8	Vdc		
	Brightness	Adjust	V _{BR-B}	0	-	3.3	V		
Lamp:	Lamp:								
Discharge Stabiliz	Discharge Stabilization Time					3	min	3	
Life Time				50,000			Hrs	4	

Notes:

- 1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24Vand VBR (VBR-A: 1.65V & VBR-B: 3.3V), it is total power consumption.
 - The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.5 Vp-p. LGD recommend Input Voltage is $24.0V \pm 5\%$.
- 2. Electrical characteristics are determined within 30 minutes at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The specified currents are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V.
- 3. The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%.
 TS is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current.
 The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.
- 4. Specified Values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally. The life time is determined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current (Vbr.-a : 1.65V & Vbr.-b : 3.3V), on condition of continuous operating at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C
- 5. The duration of rush current is about 20ms.

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics and Master 14-pin and Slave 12-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-R51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or KN25-51P-0.5SH(manufactured by Hirose)
- Mating Connector : FI-R51HL(JAE) or compatible

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

		ONNECTOR(CNT) FIN CONF	10010111		
No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	27	Bit Selection	'L'=8bit,'H'=10bit (D)
2	NC	No Connection	28	RE0N	SECOND CHANNEL 0-
3	NC	No Connection	29	RE0P	SECOND CHANNEL 0+
4	NC	No Connection	30	RE1N	SECOND CHANNEL 1-
5	NC	No Connection	31	RE1P	SECOND CHANNEL 1+
6	NC	No Connection	32	RE2N	SECOND CHANNEL 2-
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' = VESA	33	RE2P	SECOND CHANNEL 2+
8	NC	No Connection	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection	35	RECLKN	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C-
10	NC	No Connection	36	RECLKP	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C+
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	RO0N	FIRST CHANNEL 0-	38	RE3N	SECOND CHANNEL 3-
13	RO0P	FIRST CHANNEL 0+	39	RE3P	SECOND CHANNEL 3+
14	RO1N	FIRST CHANNEL 1-	40	RE4N	SECOND CHANNEL 4- (For 10bit D)
15	RO1P	FIRST CHANNEL 1+	41	RE4P	SECOND CHANNEL 4+ (For 10bit D)
16	RO2N	FIRST CHANNEL 2-	42	Reserved	No connection or GND
17	RO2P	FIRST CHANNEL 2+	43	Reserved	No connection or GND
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground
19	ROCLKN	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C-	45	GND	Ground
20	ROCLKP	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C+	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	RO3N	FIRST CHANNEL 3-	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	RO3P	FIRST CHANNEL 3+	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	RO4N	FIRST CHANNEL 4- (For 10bit D)	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	RO4P	FIRST CHANNEL 4+ (For 10bit D)	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	Reserved	No connection or GND	-	-	-

Notes:

- 1. The pin no 47 is LCD Test option. "AGP" (Auto Generation LCM operates Pattern) or "NSB" (No Signal Black) is case that LVDS signals are out of frequency or abnormal condition in spite of 12 volt power supply. LGD recommends "NSB".(AGP: "VCC" / NSB: "GND")
- 2. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 3. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 4. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the IEA 664 Standard.
- 5. Specific pins(pin No. #1~#10) are used for internal data process of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- 6. If OPC function should be enable('H'), 10th pin must be connected to serial resistor which value is under 1k ohm.

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3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

Inverter Connector: S14B-PH-SMC

 $(manufactured\ by\ JST)\ or\ Equivalent$

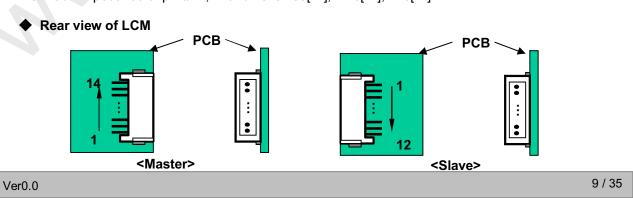
- Mating Connector : PHR-14 or Equivalent

Table 5	<u>5. INVERTER</u>	CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGUL	<u>ATION</u>		
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master	Slave	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
6	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
7	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
8	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	1
9	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
11	VBR-A	Analog dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V (Typ : 1.65V)	VBR-A	Don't care	2, 3
12	Von/off	0.0V ~ 5.0V	On/Off	Don't care	
13	VBR-B	Burst dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V	VBR-B	-	3
14	Status	Normal : Upper 3.0V Abnormal : Under 0.7V	Status	-	4

Notes: 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. If Pin #11 is open, VBR-A = 1.65V. When apply over 1.65V(~ 3.3V) continuously, its luminance is increasing however lamp's life time is decreasing.

 It could be usable for boost up luminance when using DCR (=Dynamic contrast ratio) function only.
- 3. Minimum Brightness: VBR-B = 0V Maximum Brightness: VBR-B = 3.3V
- 4. Even though Pin #14 is open, there is no effect on inverter operating, The output terminal of inverter...
- 5. Each impedance of pin #11,12 and 13 is $186[k\Omega]$, $27.6[k\Omega]$, $116[k\Omega]$



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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6-1. TIMING TABLE for NTSC (DE Only Mode)

		•		,			
ľ	TEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	tн∨	-	960	-	tclk	
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	100	140	240	tclk	
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tclk	2200/2
	Display Period	tvv	-	1080	- 1	tHP	
Vertical	Blank	t∨B	11	45	69	tHP	
	Total	tvp	1091	1125	1149	tHP	
	DCLK	fclk	70	74.25	77	MHz	148.5/2
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	65	67.5	70	KHz	
	Vertical	fv	57	60	63	Hz	

Table 6-2. TIMING TABLE for PAL (DE Only Mode)

		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
ľ	TEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	thv	-	960	-	tclk	
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	100	140	240	tclk	
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tclk	2200/2
	Display Period	tvv	-	1080	-	tHP	
Vertical	Blank	t∨B	228	270	300	tHP	
	Total	tvp	1308	1350	1380	tHP	
	DCLK	fclk	70	74.25	77	MHz	148.5/2
Frequency	Horizontal	fH	65	67.5	70	KHz	
	Vertical	fv	47	50	53	Hz	

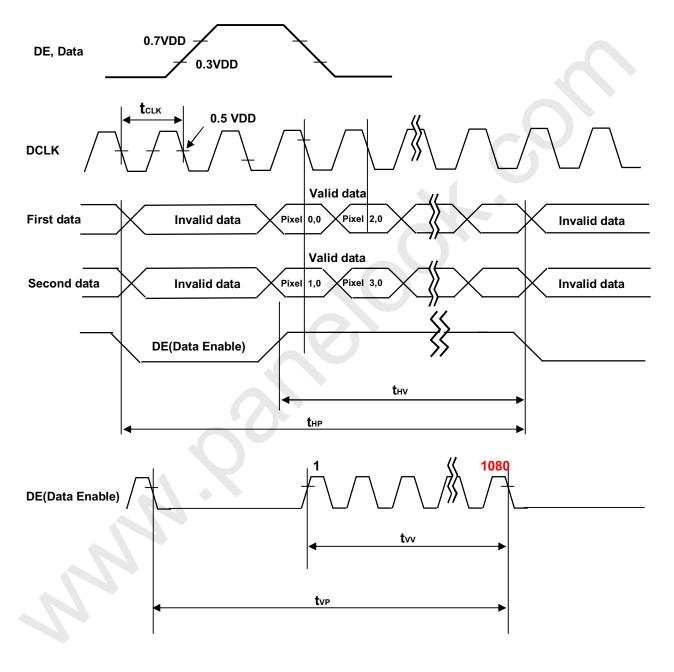
Note The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode). The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.



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3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram

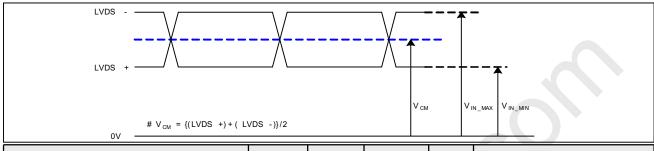




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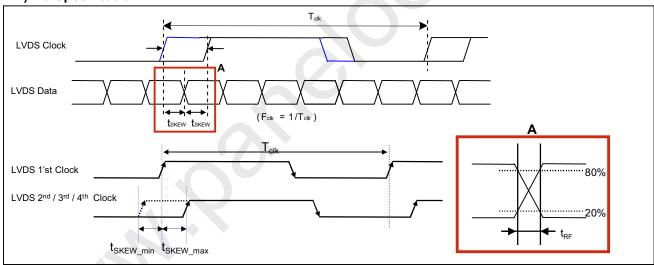
3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	1.0	1.5	٧	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.7	1.8	٧	<u>-</u>
Change in common mode Voltage	△VCM		250	mV	-

2) AC Specification



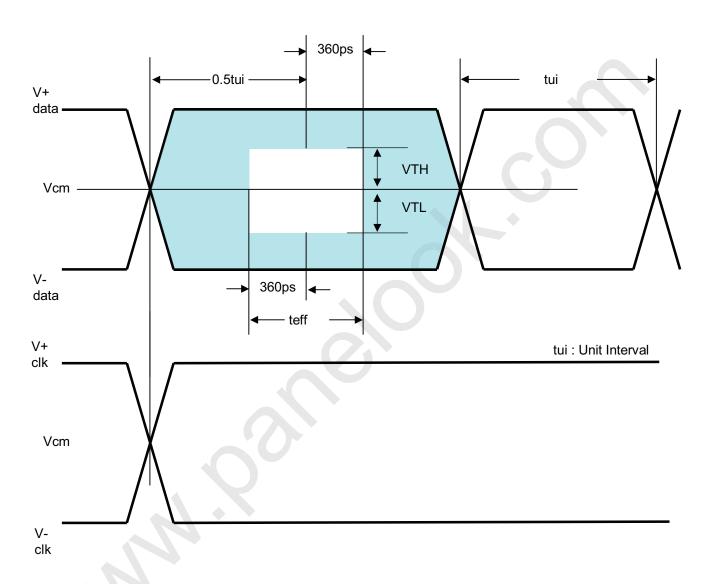
Description	1	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
LVDS Differential Voltage	High Threshold			300	mV	2
LVD3 Dillerential Voltage	Low Threshold	V_{TL}	-300	-100	mV	J
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Mar	LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin				ps	-
LVDS Clock/DATA Rising/Fall	t _{RF}	260	(0.3*T _{clk})/7	ps	2	
Effective time of LVDS	t _{eff}	±360		ps	-	
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Ma	argin (Even to Odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}		1/7* T _{clk}	T_{clk}	-

Note 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

- 2. If \mathbf{t}_{RF} isn't enough, \mathbf{t}_{eff} should be meet the range.
- 3. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within t_{eff}

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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 8 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

														In	pu	t (СоІ	or	Da	ata												
Со	lor	MSB R9		R7	R6		ED R4	R3		LSE R1	RO	MS G9		3 G	7 (EN G4	G3	G2	G1	_SB			B7	B6		.UE B4	B3	B2	LS B1	
	Black			0	0			0	0		0		0					0		0		0		0		0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red (1023)	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	1	 1	0	0			 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
	Green (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	 1	 1	 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED					• • • •										• •													 	• • •			
	RED (1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN																											 				
	(1022) GREEN		0		0	 0	0	 0		0	0 0				1 	1 	1	1	1	 	 1	0	0	 0			0	 0	 0		 0	
	(1023) BLUE (000)			0	0	_	0		0			_	0	(0	0	0	0	0		0		0			0	0	_	0	0	
			• • •	٠				٠	٠.	• •					•••	 			٠		•••				• • •		0				٠	4
BLUE	BLUE (001)		0	0			 	0	0	0	0	0	0						0		0			0	0							٠
DLUL	BLUE (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			 0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	1	 1	1	1	1	1	 1	0
	BLUE (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

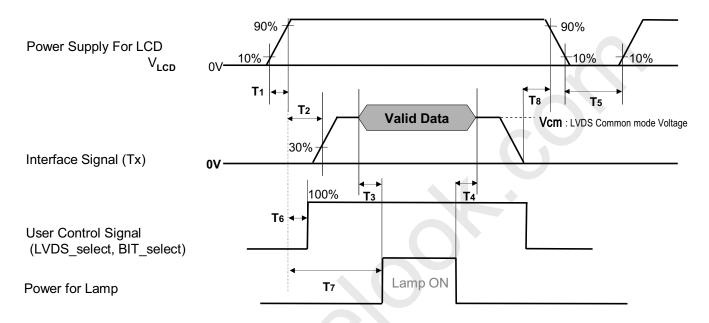


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

Downwater			11	Natas	
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	
T2	0	-	-	ms	4
Т3	200	-	-	ms	3
T4	200	-	-	ms	3
T5	1.0	-	-	s	5
T6	-	-	T2	ms	4
T 7	0.5	-	-	S	
Т8	100	-	-	ms	6

Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

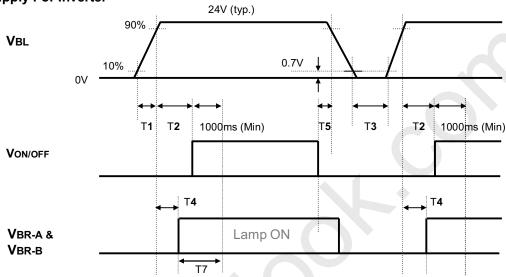
- 2. When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.
- 3. The T₃ / T₄ is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. If the on time of signals(Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display. When T6 is NC status, T6 doesn't need to be measured.
- 5. **T5** should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- 6. It is recommendation specification that T8 has to be 100ms as a minimum value.

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Product Specification

3-6-2. Sequence for Inverter

Power Supply For Inverter



3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

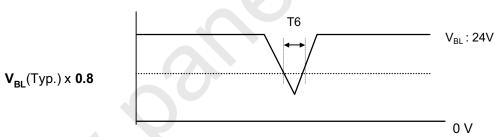


Table 12. Power Sequence for Inverter

Doromotor		Values		Units	Domonico
Parameter	Min Typ		Max	Units	Remarks
T1	20	-	-	ms	1
T2	500	-	-	ms	
T3	200	-	-	ms	
T4	0		-	ms	2
T5	10	-	-	ms	
T6	-	-	10	ms	V _{BL} (Typ) x 0.8
T7	1000	1	-	ms	3

Notes: 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time.

- 2. T4(max) is less than T2.
- 3. In T7 section, VBR-B is recommended 3.3V.



Product Specification

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

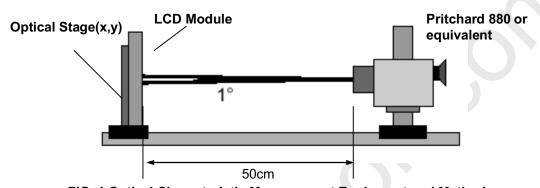


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 11. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= 25±2°C, V_{LCD}=12.0V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz VBR_A=1.65V, VBR_B=3.3V

				LCD 1	Value		X_A-1.05V, VBI	
Р	Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Rati	ontrast Ratio		CR	-	1200	-		1
Surface Lumi	face Luminance, white		L _{WH}	320	400	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance V	ariation		δ _{WHITE} 5P	-	-	1.3		3
Response Tir	me	Gray-to-Gray	G to G	-	9	15	ms	4,5
		RED	Rx		0.636			
		KED	Ry		0.335			
		CDEEN	Gx		0.294			
Color Coordii	or Coordinates GREEN		Gy	Тур	0.601	Тур		
[CIE1931]		DILLE	Bx	-0.07	0.146	+0.07		
		BLUE	Ву		0.061			
		WALLITE.	Wx		0.279			
		WHITE	Wy		0.292			
Viewing Angl	e (CR>1	0)						
	x axis, r	ight(φ=0°)	θr	89	-	-		
Ī	x axis, I	eft (φ=180°)	θΙ	89	-	-	1 .	
Ī	y axis, up (φ=90°)		θu	89	-	-	degree	6
Ī	y axis, o	down (φ=270°)	θd	89	-	-		
Gray Scale				-	-	-		7

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Product Specification

Notes :1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

CR(Contrast Ratio) = Maximum CRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels

Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels

n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG 2.

- 2. Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 60min after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25±2°C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : $\delta \, \text{WHITE(5P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \, L_{\text{on3}}, \, L_{\text{on4}}, \, L_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \, L_{\text{on3}}, \, L_{\text{on4}}, \, L_{\text{on5}})$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- Gray scale specification Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 12.

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)
LO	0.07
L63	0.27
L127	1.04
L191	2.49
L255	4.68
L319	7.66
L383	11.5
L447	16.1
L511	21.6
L575	28.1
L639	35.4
L703	43.7
L767	53.0
L831	63.2
L895	74.5
L959	86.7
L1023	100

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Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

LC420WUN

Product Specification

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

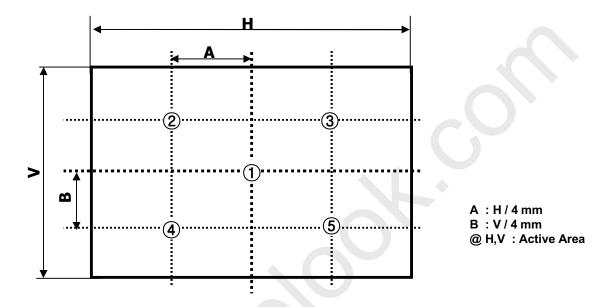


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

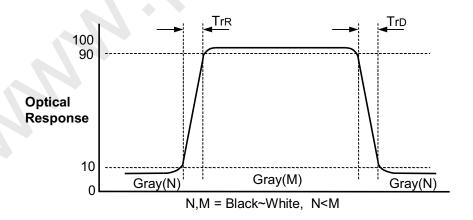


FIG. 3 Response Time

Product Specification

Dimension of viewing angle range

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

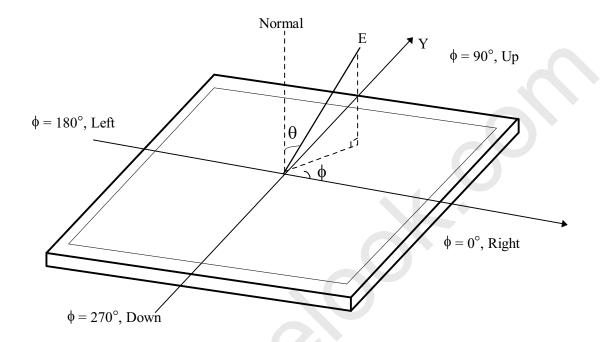


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle



Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 13 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 13. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Value				
	Horizontal	956.4 mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	549.4 mm			
	Depth	53.5 mm			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	936.2 mm			
Dezel Alea	Vertical	529.2 mm			
Active Diepley Area	Horizontal	930.25 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	523.25 mm			
Weight	10.5 Kg (Typ.) , 11.5Kg (Max.)				

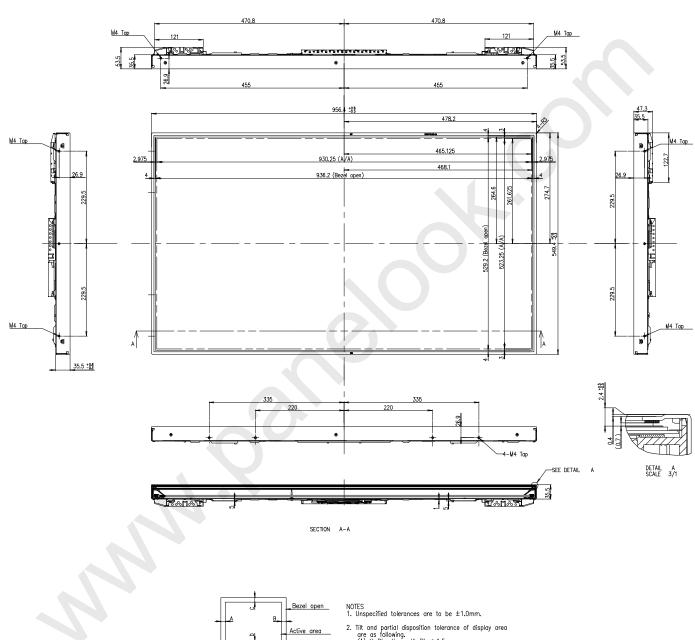
Note: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

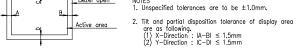
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Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>

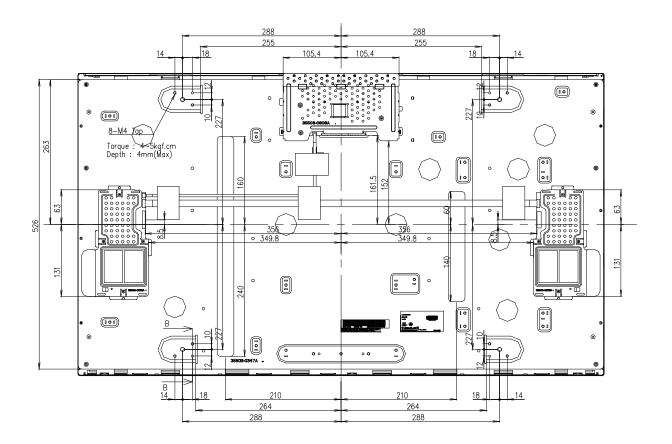


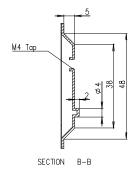




Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>







Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 14. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

	T						
No.	Test Item	Condition					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 30 min One time each direction					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : $50G$ Waveform : half sine wave, $11ms$ Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction					
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH					
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 15,000 ft 0 - 40,000 ft					

Note: Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

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Product Specification

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,
 European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)
 European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- d) IEC 60950-1:2001, First Edition, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1988(Including A1:2000)

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Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark

A B C D E F G H I J K L M

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

D: YEAR E: MONTH

F : PANEL CODE G : FACTORY CODE H : ASSEMBLY CODE I,J,K,L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Ξ	J	K

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	C

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one Pallet: 12 pcs

b) Pallet Size: 1140 mm X 990 mm X 810 mm.

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Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer. * There is no problem of Panel crack under 5kgf / \$10mm
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) It is recommended to avoid the signal cable and conductive material over the inverter transformer for it can cause the abnormal display and temperature rising.
- (11) Partial darkness may happen during 3~5 minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under 5°C). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after 3~5 minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic

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Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

9-7. Appropriate Condition for Public Display

- Generally large-sized LCD modules are designed for consumer applications (TV).
 Accordingly, a long-term display like in Public Display (PD) application, can cause uneven display including image sticking. To optimize module's lifetime and function, several operating usages are required.
- 1. Normal operating condition
 - Temperature: 0 ~ 40 °C
 - Operating Ambient Humidity: 10 ~ 90 %
 - Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)

Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.

- 2. Operating usages under abnormal condition1
 - a. Ambient condition
 - Well-ventilated place is recommended to set up PD system.
 - b. Power and screen save
 - Periodical power-off or screen save is needed after long-term display.

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Product Specification

- 3. Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
- a. Suitable operating time: under 18 hours a day.
- b. Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- Cycling display between 5 minutes' information(static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- c. Background and character (image) color change
- Use different colors for background and character, respectively.
- Change colors themselves periodically.
- d. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- 1) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.
- 2) Black image or moving image is strongly recommended as a screen save.
- 4. Lifetime in this spec. is guaranteed only when PD is used according to operating usages.

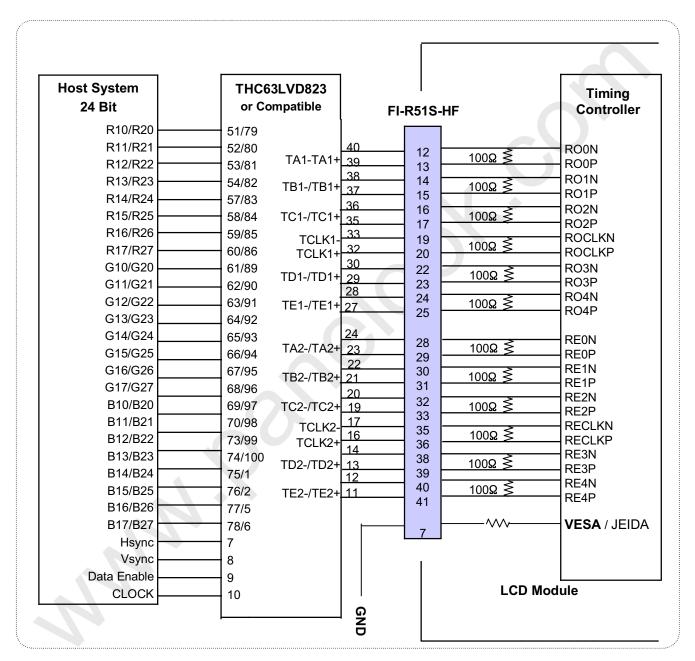
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Product Specification

APPENDIX-I-1

■ REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin7="L or NC")



- Notes :1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm[Ω] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
 - 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
 - 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

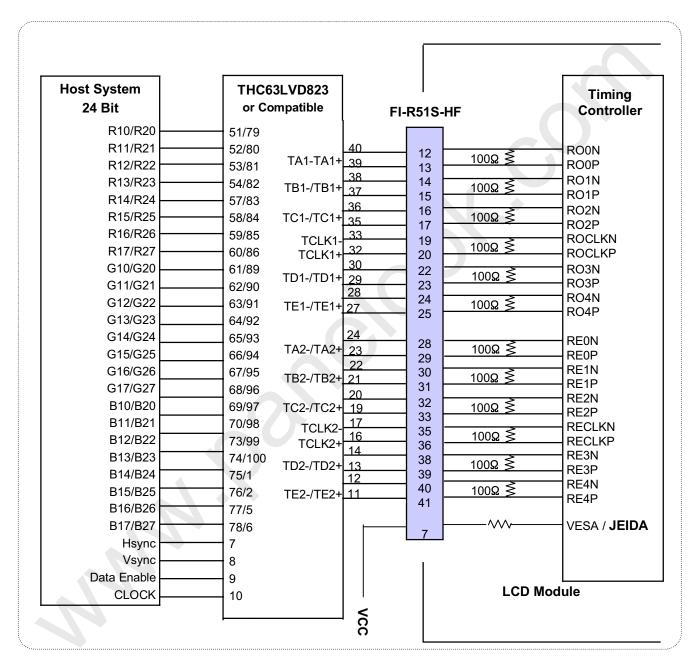
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Product Specification

APPENDIX-I-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD823) Transmitter(Pin7="H")



Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm(Ω) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD823 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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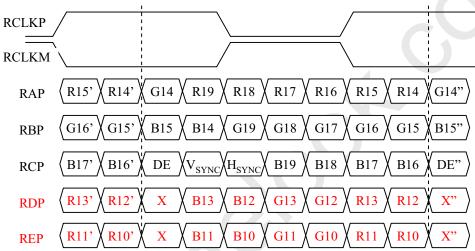


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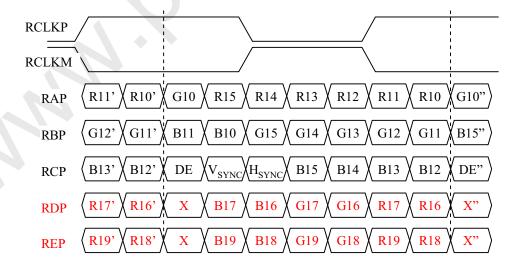
APPENDIX- II

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (10bit)

■ LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



■ LVDS Select: "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)

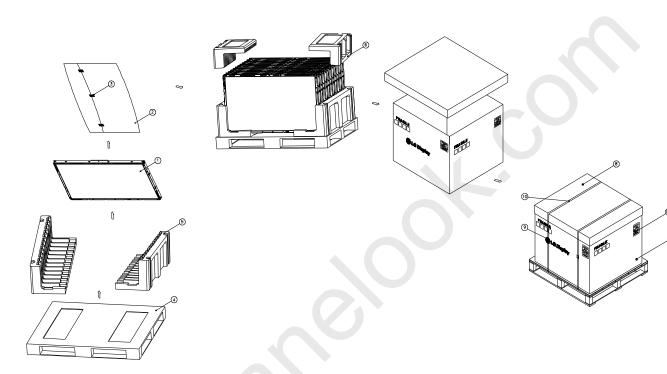




Product Specification

APPENDIX-II

■ Pallet Ass'y



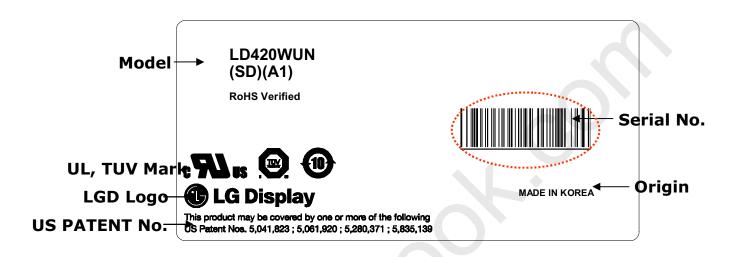
NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	42INCH
3	TAPE	MASKING 20MMX50M
4	PALLET	PAPER 1140X990X130MM
5	PACKING,BOTTOM	EPS
6	PACKING,TOP	EPS
7	ANGLE,POST	PAPER
8	ANGLE,PACKING	PAPER
9	BAND,CLIP	STEEL
10	BAND	PP
11	LABEL	YUPO 80G 100X100

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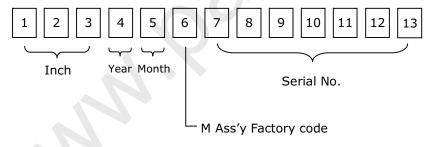


APPENDIX- III

■ LCM Label



■ Serial No. (See CAS 24page for more information)

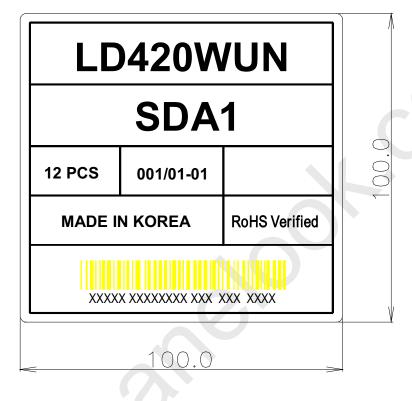


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APPENDIX- IV

■ Pallet Label



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