



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary	Specification
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(●) Final Specification

Title		47.0" WXGA TFT LCD				
BUYER	General		SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.		

General

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LD470DXS
SUFFIX	SCA1(RoHS Verified)

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
1	
Please return 1 copy for your c	onfirmation with
your signature and con	nments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
K. S. Nah	
/ Chief Senior Engineer	
REVIEWED BY	
M. G. LEE / Senior Research Engineer	
PREPARED BY	
J. M. Bae	
/ Research Engineer	
PD Product Design LG Display Co., I	-

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Oct, 26, 2010	-	Preliminary Specification (First Draft)
0.1	Jan.26.2011	8,9,15,29	Module Connector Pin configuration, LED Driver Connector Pin configuration. Power sequence Portrait mode.
1.0	Apr.10.2011	6,17,18,26	Update Electrical characteristics, Optical characteristics, Gray scale Specification, Information of LCM Label.
1.1	July. 05. 2011	4, 17	Change Luminance Spec.
		70	
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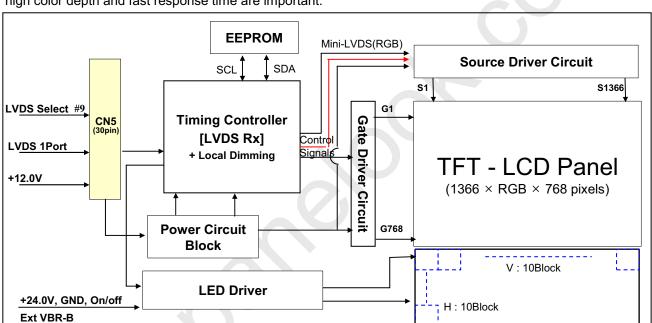
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1. General Description

The LD470DXS is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Light Emitting Diode (LED) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 46.97 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution (768 vertical by 1366 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support Public Display where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	46.97 inches(1192.95mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	1046.8(H) x 591.6 (V) x 49.5 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.76125 mm x 0.76125 mm
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. by 768 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8-bit, 16.7 M colors
Luminance, White	800 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 168.77 W (Typ.) (Logic=7.77W, LED Backlight =161W)
Weight	14,500 g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-reflection treatment of the front polarizer (Reflectance < 2%)
Possible Display Type	Landscape and Portrait Enabled

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

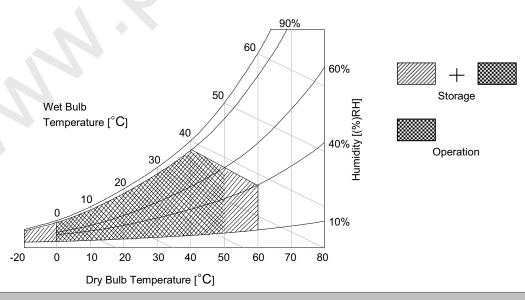
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or permanent damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Para	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Max		Offic
Dower Input Voltage	LCD Circuit	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	
Power Input Voltage	Driver	VBL	-0.3	+ 27.0	VDC	
Driver Control Voltage	ON/OFF	Voff / Von	-0.3	+5.5	VDC	1
	Brightness	VBR	0.0	+5.5	VDC	
T-Con Option Selection Voltage		VLOGIC	-0.3	+4.0	VDC	
Operating Temperature		Тор	0	+50	°C	0.0
Storage Temperature		Тѕт	-20	+60	°C	2,3
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	
Storage Humidity		Нѕт	10	90	%RH	2,3

Note1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.





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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

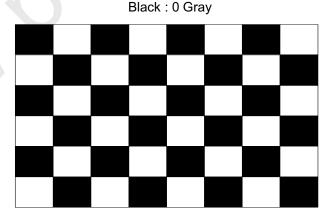
It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the LED backlight and LED Driver circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
i didiffetei	Cymbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
Circuit :						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	V [DC]	
Dower Input Current	ILCD	-	645	841	mA	1
Power Input Current		-	855	1110	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD		7.77	10.1	Watt	1
Rush current	Irush	-	-	7	Α	3

Notes : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the VLCD=12.0V, $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, fV=60Hz condition, and mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and fV is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).



White: 255 Gray

Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

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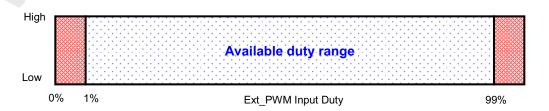
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Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter		Cumbal		Values		Unit	Notes		
Falailletei			Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
LED Driver :									
Power Supply Inpu	ut Voltage		VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc	1	
Power Supply Inpu	t Current		IBL	-	6.7	7.5	А	Ext VBR-B = 100%	
Power Supply Input Current (In-Rush)		Irush	-	-	9.5	А	VBL = 22.8V Ext VBR-B = 100% 4		
Power Consumption	on		PBL	-	161	171	W	Ext VBR-B = 100%	
	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc		
		Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.7	Vdc	7	
	Brightness Adjust		ExtVBR-B	1	-	100	%	On Duty	
	PWM Frequency for NTSC & PAL		PAL	90	100		Hz	3	
Input Voltage for Control System			NTSC	110	120		Hz	3	
Signals	Pulse Duty	Pulse Duty Level (PWM)		2.5	-	5.0	Vdc	HIGH : on duty	
	(PWM)			0.0	-	0.7	Vdc	LOW : off duty	
	VSYNC, SI Reverse	VSYNC, SIN, SCLK,		2.7	3.3	3.6	Vdc		
(Local Dimming)		Low Level	-0.3	0.0	0.4	Vdc			
_ED :									
Life Time			40,000			Hrs	2		

Notes:

- 1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24Vand VBR (Ext VBR-B : 100%), it is total power consumption.
- 2. The life time (MTTF) is determined as the time which luminance of the LED is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical LED current (ExtVBR-B :100%) on condition of continuous operating in LCM state at $25\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 3. LGD recommend that the PWM freq. is synchronized with One time harmonic of Vsync signal of system. Though PWM frequency is over 120Hz (max 252Hz), function of LED Driver is not affected.
- 4. The duration of rush current is about 200ms. This duration is applied to LED on time.
- 5. Even though inrush current is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.
- Ext_PWM Signal have to input available duty range.
 Between 99% and 100% ExtVBR-B duty have to be avoided. (99% < ExtVBR-B < 100%)
 But ExtVBR-B 0% and 100% are available.



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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 30-pin connector is used for the module electronics and 14-pin connector is used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN5) : IS100-L30B-C23 (Manufactured by UJU) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector : HS100 (Manufactured by UJU) or Equivalent

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN5) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
2	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	1
3	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	1
4	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
5	GND	Ground	
6	GND	Ground	İ
7	GND	Ground	i i
8	GND	Ground	İ
9	Select LVDS Data format	'H' = JEIDA , 'L' = VESA	5
10	Local Dimming	'H' = Enable , 'L' = Disable	6
11	GND	Ground	
12	RA-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
13	RA+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
14	GND	Ground	
15	RB-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
16	RB+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
17	GND	Ground	
18	RC-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
19	RC+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
20	GND	Ground	
21	RCLK-	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	
22	RCLK+	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	
23	GND	Ground	
24	RD-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
25	RD+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
26	GND	Ground	
27	NC	No Connection	
28	NC	No Connection	
29	GND	Ground	
30	GND	Ground	

Note:

- 1. All GND (Ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.
- 4. These pins are used only for LGD (Do not connect)
- 5. The pin no 9 is an option pin for DISM or LG format.(VESA Format = "GND"/ JEIDA Format = "VCC") Please refer to page 9 ,10 and 33 for further details.
- 6. Specific pin (pin No. # 10) are used for Local Dimming of the LCD module.

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3-2-2. Backlight Module

Master

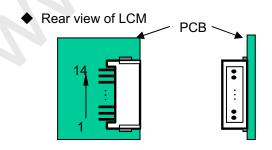
- -LED Driver Connector
- : 20022WR-14B1(Yeonho) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector
- : 20022HS-14 or Equivalent

Table 5. LED DRIVER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	
6	GND	Backlight Ground	
7	GND	Backlight Ground	
8	GND	Backlight Ground	1
9	GND	Backlight Ground	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	
11	Status	Backlight Status	2
12	Von/off	Backlight ON/OFF control	
13	EXT VBR-B	External PWM	3
14	GND	Backlight Ground	4

Notes: 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. Normal : Low (under 0.7V) / Abnormal : High (upper 3.0V)
- 3. High: on duty / Low: off duty, Pin#13 can be opened. (if Pin #13 is open, EXTVBR-B is 100%)
- 4. #14 of Input CNT Must be Connected to Backlight Ground.
- 5. Each impedance of pin #12 and 13 is over 50 [K Ω] and over 50 [K Ω].



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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6-1. TIMING TABLE (DE Only Mode)

ITE	М	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	thv	-	1366	-	tclk	
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	90	162	410	tclk	
	Total	tHP	1456	1528	1776	tclk	
	Display Period	tvv	-	768	1	tHP	
Vertical	Blank	t∨B	20 (126)	22 (180)	240 (295)	tHP	1
	Total	t∨P	788 (894)	790 (948)	1008 (1063)	tHP	

ITE	И	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	DCLK	fclk	63.0	72.4	80.0	MHz	
	Horizontal	fн	45	47.4	55	KHz	2
Frequency	Vertical	fv	57 (47)	60 (50)	63 (53)	Hz	2 NTSC : 57~63Hz (PAL : 47~53Hz)

Note: 1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation (DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.

- 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
- Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

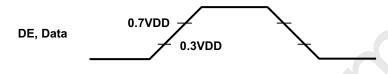
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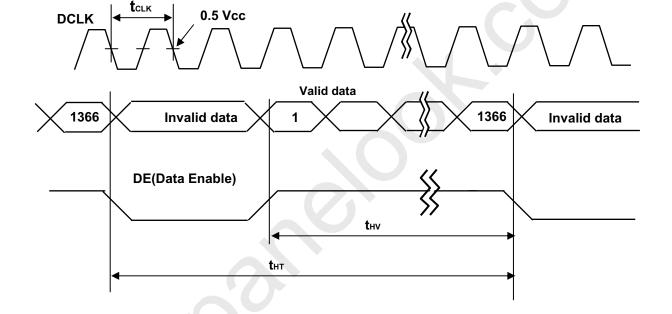


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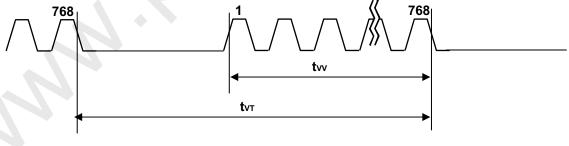
3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms

3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram





DE(Data Enable)



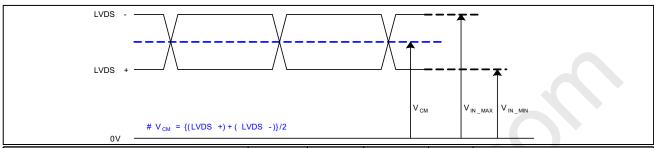
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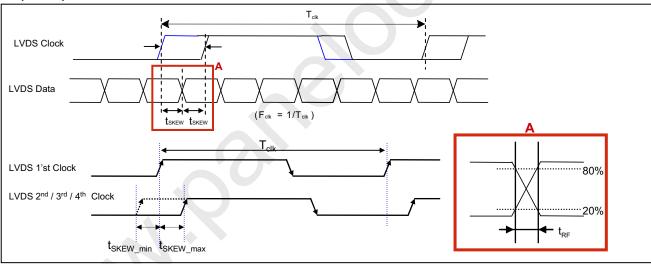
3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	♦
Change in common mode Voltage	△VCM	-	250	mV	-

2) AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note	
LVDS Differential Voltage	High Threshold	V_{TH}	100	300	mV	2
LVDS Differential Voltage	Low Threshold	V_{TL}	-300	-100	mV	J
LVDS Clock to Data Skew	t _{SKEW}	-	(0.25*T _{clk})/7	ps	-	
LVDS Clock/DATA Rising/Fall	t _{RF}	260	(0.3*T _{clk})/7	ps	2	
Effective time of LVDS	t _{eff}	±360	-	ps	-	
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew (E	ven to Odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	-	1/7* T _{clk}	ps	-

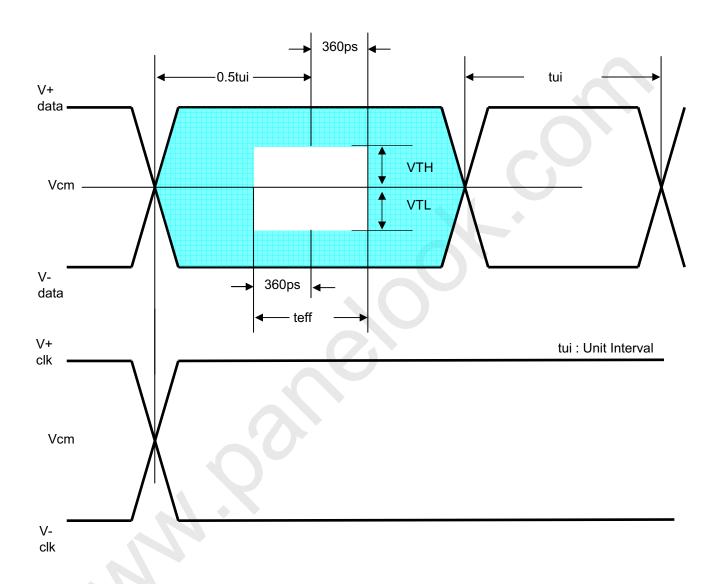
Note 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

- 2. If \mathbf{t}_{RF} isn't enough, $\mathbf{t}_{\mathrm{eff}}~$ should be meet the range.
- 3. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within \mathbf{t}_{eff}

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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (Red, Green, Blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

												Inpu	ıt Co	olor	Data	a									
					RE	D							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
	Color	MS	SB					LS	SB	MS	8B					L	SB	MS	В					L	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1 I	₹0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	В4	В3	B2	В1	во
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED (254)	1 (1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE		İ																							
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

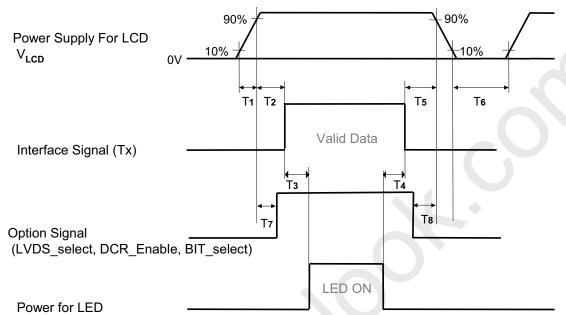


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

Demonster		Value		1.124	NI - 4
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	
T2	0.5	-	50	ms	4
Т3	200	<u>-</u>	-	ms	3
T4	200	-	-	ms	3
T5	0	-	-	ms	4
T6	2.0	-	-	S	2,5
T7	0	-	T2	ms	4
T8	0	-	-	ms	4

Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. If the on time of signals(Interface signal and Option signals) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), check the LCD logic Power(Vcc) is under 0.8V, otherwise it will be happened abnormal display.
- 5. T6 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

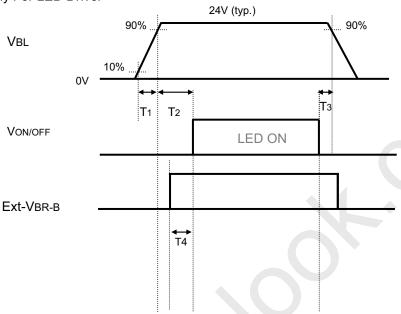
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3-6-2. Sequence for LED Driver

Power Supply For LED Driver



3-6-3. Dip condition for LED Driver

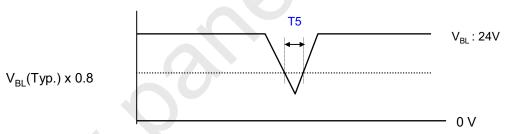


Table 9. Power Sequence for LED Driver

Parameter		Values		Units	Remarks		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Ullis	Remarks		
T1	20	-	-	ms	1		
T2	500	-	-	ms			
T3	10	-	-	ms			
T4	0	-	-	ms			
T5	-	-	10	ms	V _{BL} (Typ) x 0.8		

Notes: 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I²T spec of fuse is satisfied.

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4. Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °. FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

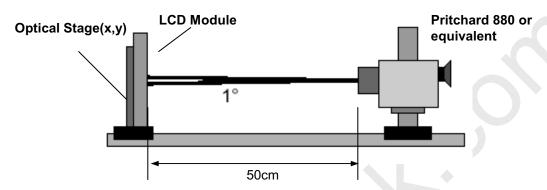


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= 25 \pm 2°C, V_{LCD}=12.0V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=72.4MHz, EXTVBR_B=100%

						_XIVB	10070
Do	rometer	Cymphol		Value		Linit	Note
Pa	rameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	1000	1400	-		1
Surface Luminance, white		L _{WH}	640	800		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Varia	tion	δ _{WHITE} 5P	-	-	1.3		3
Gray to Gray		G to G		12	15	ms	4
	RED	Rx		0.652	Тур		
Color Coordinates	KED	Ry		0.330			
	ODEEN	Gx		0.305			
	GREEN	Gy	Тур	0.604			
[CIE1931]	DILLE	Bx	-0.03	0.149	+0.03		
	BLUE	Ву		0.060	-		
	VACILITE.	Wx		0.279			
	WHITE	Wy		0.292			
Color Temperatur	e			10,000		K	
Color Gamut				72		%	
Viewing Angle (C	R>10)						
x a	kis, right(φ=0°)	θr	89	-	-		
x a	kis, left (φ=180°)	θΙ	89	-	-	dogrado	_
y ax	kis, up (φ=90°)	θυ	89	-	-	degree	5
y a	y axis, down (φ=270°)		89	-	-		
Gray Scale				-			6

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Notes: 1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance at all white pixels

Surface Luminance at all black pixels

It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface luminance is determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1Hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25±2°C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : $\delta \, \text{WHITE(5P)} = \text{Maximum}(\text{L}_{\text{on1}}, \text{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \text{Minimum}(\text{L}_{\text{on1}}, \text{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on5}})$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from any gray to white (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from any gray to black (Decay time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3.
 - * G to G Spec stands for average value of all measured points.

Photo Detector : RD-80S / Field : 2 $^{\circ}$

- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification
 Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 11.

Table 11. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)
LO	0.07
L15	0.27
L31	1.04
L47	2.49
L63	4.68
L79	7.66
L95	11.5
L111	16.1
L127	21.6
L143	28.1
L159	35.4
L175	43.7
L191	53.0
L207	63.2
L223	74.5
L239	86.7
L255	100

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Product Specification

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

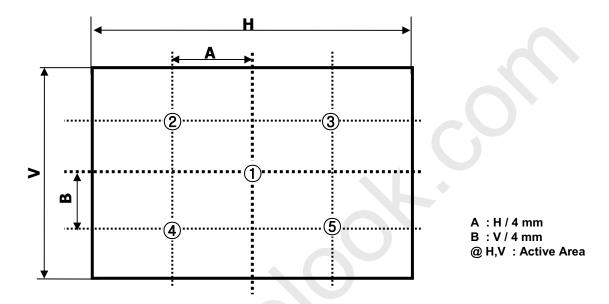


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Black or White".

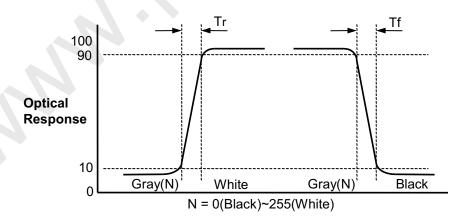


FIG. 3 Response Time

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Dimension of viewing angle range

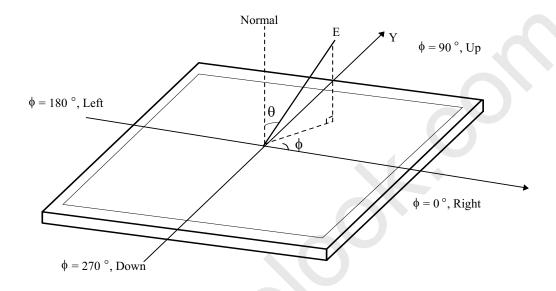


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

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5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 12 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

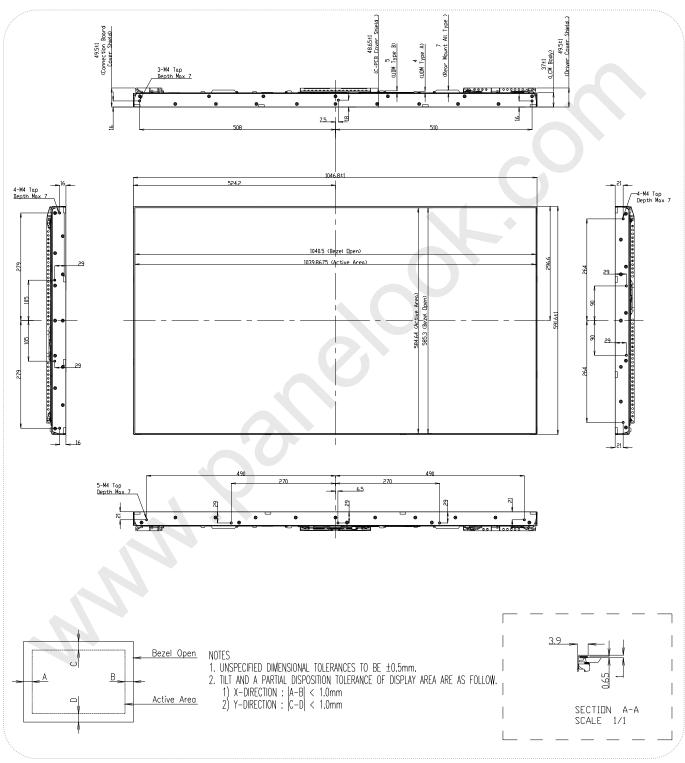
Item		Value		
	Horizontal	1046.8 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	591.6 mm		
	Depth	49.5 mm		
Down Aven	Horizontal	1040.5 mm		
Bezel Area	Vertical	585.3 mm		
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1039.8675 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	584.64 mm		
Weight	14,500 g (Typ.) , 15,500g (Max.)			

Note: 1.Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

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Product Specification

[FRONT VIEW]

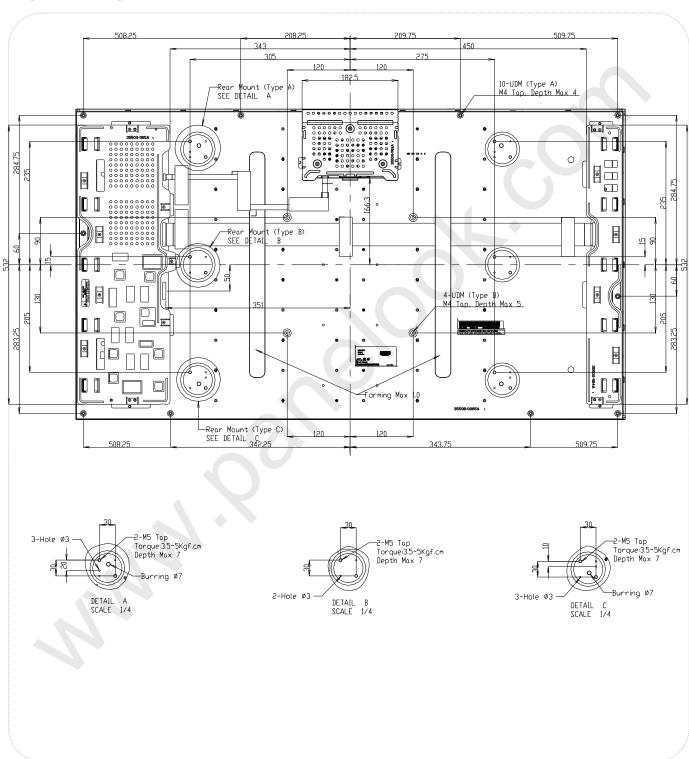


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[REAR VIEW]



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Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 0.5 Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 10min One LCM one direction					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 10 Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 15ms Direction : \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z One time each direction					
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH					
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 15,000 ft 0 - 40,000 ft					

Note: Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, Seventh Edition, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
 Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60065:03, Canadian Standards Association. Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- c) EN 60065:2002 + A11:2008, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC).
 Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- d) IEC 60065:2005 + A1:2005, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).
 Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
 (Including report of IEC60825-1:2001 clause 8 and clause 9)

Notes

1. Laser (LED Backlight) Information

Class 1M LED Product IEC60825-1: 2001 Embedded LED Power (Class 1M)

2. Caution

: LED inside.

Class 1M laser (LEDs) radiation when open. Do not open while operating.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz." American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 2003.
- b) CISPR 22 "Information technology equipment Radio disturbance characteristics Limit and methods of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2005.
- c) CISPR 13 "Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and method of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2006.

7-3. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003

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Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

E: MONTH

D : YEAR

F ~ M: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	H	7	K

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10 pcs

b) Pallet Assy Size : 1300mm(W) X 1140mm(D) X 844mm(H)

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Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer. * There is no problem of Panel crack under 5kgf / \$\phi10mm\$
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

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Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normalhexane.

9-7. Appropriate Condition for Public Display

- Generally large-sized LCD modules are designed for consumer applications (TV).
 Accordingly, a long-term display like in Public Display (PD) application, can cause uneven display including image sticking. To optimize module's lifetime and function, several operating usages are required.
- 1. Normal operating condition
 - Temperature: 0 ~ 40 °C
 - Operating Ambient Humidity: 10 ~ 90 %
 - Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)
 - Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- 2. Operating usages under abnormal condition1
- a. Ambient condition
 - Well-ventilated place is recommended to set up PD system.
- b. Power and screen save
- Periodical power-off or screen save is needed after long-term display.

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Product Specification

- 3. Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
- a. Suitable operating time: under 18 hours a day.
- b. Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- Cycling display between 5 minutes' information(static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- c. Background and character (image) color change
- Use different colors for background and character, respectively.
- Change colors themselves periodically.
- d. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- 1) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.
- 2) Black image or moving image is strongly recommended as a screen save.
- 4. Lifetime in this spec. is guaranteed only when PD is used according to operating usages.
- 5. Module should be turned clockwise based on front view when used in portrait mode.

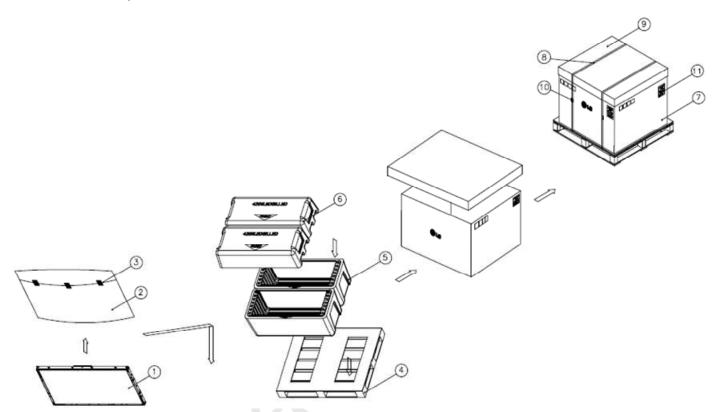
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Product Specification

APPENDIX-I

■ Pallet Ass'y



NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	AL
3	TAPE	MASKING 20mmX50mm
4	PALLET	Plywood 300X1140X120mm
5	PACKING,BOTTOM	EPS
6	PACKING,TOP	EPS
7	ANGLE,PACKING	PAPER
8	BAND	PP
9	ANGLE,COVER	PAPER
10	BAND,CLIP	STEEL or PP
11	LABEL, PALLET	YUPO 80G 100mmX70mm

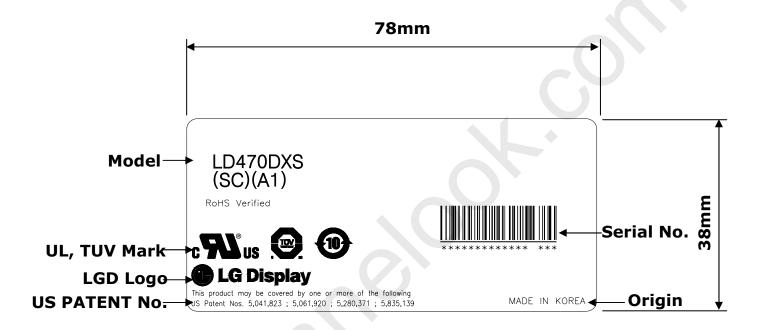
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Product Specification

APPENDIX- II-1

■ LCM Label



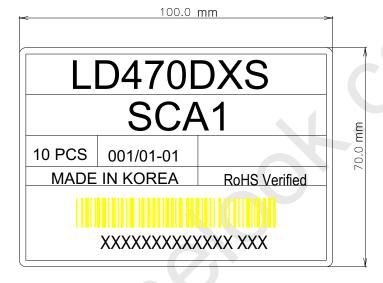
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Product Specification

APPENDIX- II-2

■ Pallet Label



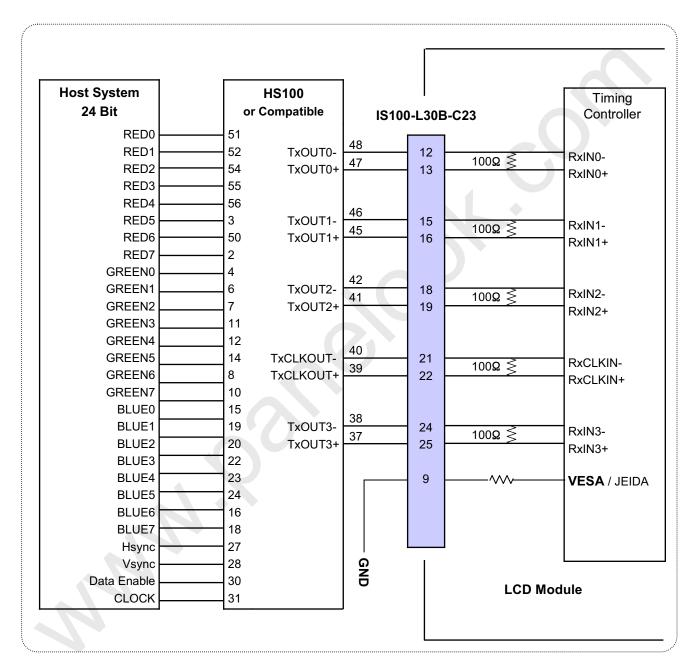
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Product Specification

APPENDIX-III-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link Transmitter(Pin9="L")



Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm($\!\Omega\!$) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

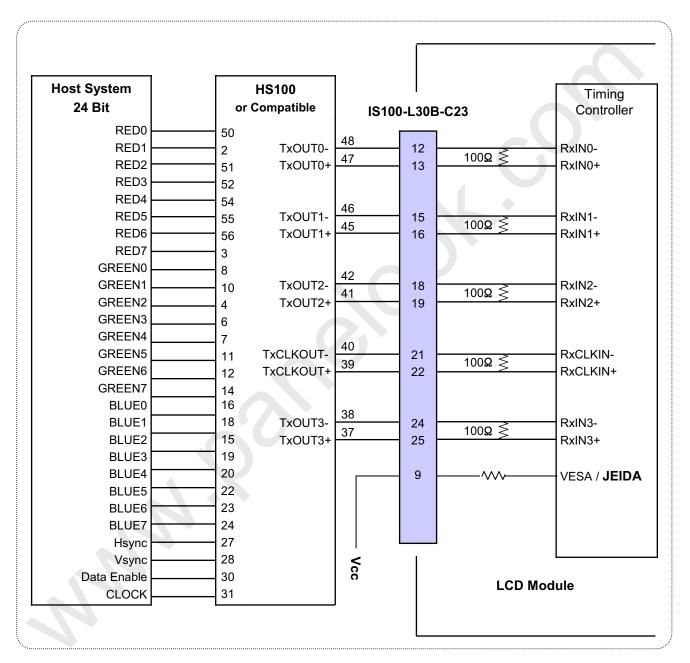
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Product Specification

APPENDIX-III-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link Transmitter(Pin9="H")



Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm($\!\Omega\!$) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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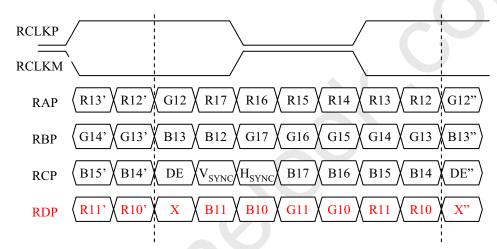


Product Specification

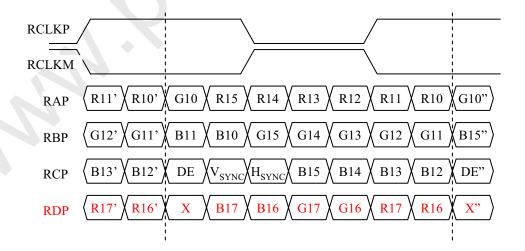
APPENDIX- IV

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (8bit)

■ LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



■ LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



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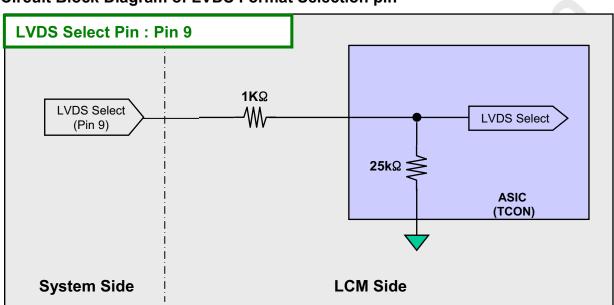


Product Specification

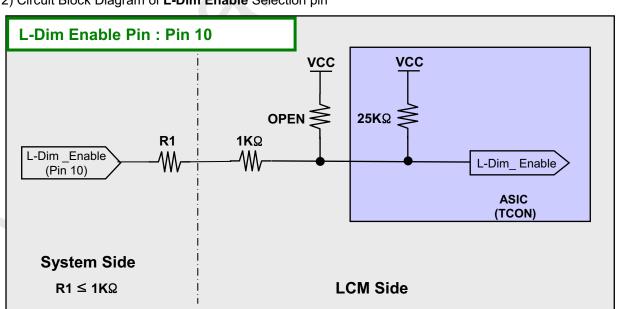
APPENDIX- V

Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



2) Circuit Block Diagram of L-Dim Enable Selection pin



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